Findings of Fact | Subdivision Rules and Regulations City of Portsmouth Planning Board

Date: <u>December 19, 2024</u> Property Address: <u>550 Sagamore Avenue</u> Application #: <u>LU-24-166</u> Decision: ____Approve _____Deny _____Approve with Conditions

Findings of Fact:

Per RSA 676:3, I: The local land use board shall issue a final written decision which either approves or disapproves an application for a local permit and make a copy of the decision available to the applicant. The decision shall include specific written findings of fact that support the decision. Failure of the board to make specific written findings of fact supporting a disapproval shall be grounds for automatic reversal and remand by the superior court upon appeal, in accordance with the time periods set forth in RSA 677:5 or RSA 677:15, unless the court determines that there are other factors warranting the disapproval. If the application is not approved, the board shall provide the applicant with written reasons for the disapproval. If the application of the all conditions, the board shall include in the written decision a detailed description of the all conditions necessary to obtain final approval.

	Subdivision Review Criteria	Finding	Supporting Information
		(Meets Standards/ Requirements)	
1	Subdivision Rules and Regulations III. D. 1 The Board shall act to deny any application which is not in compliance with Section IV or V as appropriate. SECTION IV - REQUIREMENTS FOR PRELIMINARY PLAT	Meets Does Not Meet	The project meets all the standards and requirements of Section IV, requirements for a preliminary plat.
2	SECTION V - REQUIREMENTS FOR FINAL PLAT	Meets Does Not Meet	The project meets all the standards and requirements of Section V, requirements for a final plat.
3	SECTION VI - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	Meets Does Not Meet	The application has been reviewed by the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) for conformance with the General Requirements. • The application was recommended for approval on November 5, 2024 at the Technical Advisory Committee Meeting.

	Subdivision Review Criteria	Finding	Supporting Information
		(Meets Standards/ Requirements)	
4	SECTION VII - DESIGN STANDARDS	Meets Does Not Meet	The application has been reviewed by the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) for conformance with these minimum requirements.
			• The application was recommended for approval on November 5, 2024 at the Technical Advisory Committee Meeting.
5	Other Board Findings:		

Findings of Fact | Site Plan Review City of Portsmouth Planning Board

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Site Plan Regulations Section 2.9 Evaluation Criteria - in order to grant site plan review approval, the TAC and the Planning Board shall find that the application satisfies evaluation criteria pursuant to NH State Law and listed herein. In making a finding, the TAC and the Planning Board shall consider all standards provided in Articles 3 through 11 of these regulations.

	Site Plan Review Regulations	Finding	Supporting Information
	Section 2.9 Evaluation	(Meets	
	Criteria	Standard/Criteria)	
1	Compliance with all City		Applicable standards:
	Ordinances and Codes and	Meets	The project meets all the applicable
	these regulations.	Does Not Meet	Ordinances, Codes, and Regulations with
	Applicable standards:	Does nor meer	the exception of requesting 3 waivers from
			the subdivision regulations.
2	Provision for the safe		The project has been vetted by the TAC
	development, change or		which found no unsafe elements on the
	expansion of use of the site.	Meets	design proposal.
		Does Not Meet	
3	Adequate erosion control and		The project includes provisions for
	stormwater management		adequate temporary and permanent
	practices and other mitigative	Meets	erosion control measures for use during
	measures, if needed, to	Does Not Meet	and post construction. The stormwater
	prevent adverse effects on		management areas are design to mimic
	downstream water quality and		pre-development conditions and to
	flooding of the property or		prevent adverse impacts to abutting
	that of another.		properties by way of stormwater.
4	Adequate protection for the		The project does not propose any uses

	Site Plan Review Regulations Section 2.9 Evaluation Criteria	Finding (Meets Standard/Criteria)	Supporting Information
	quality of groundwater.	Meets	with high pollutant loads that could impact the groundwater supply
		Does Not Meet	
5	Adequate and reliable water supply sources.	Meets	The project will be served with municipal water.
		Does Not Meet	
6	Adequate and reliable sewage disposal facilities, lines, and connections.	Meets Does Not Meet	The project will be connected to the municipal sanitary sewage collection system. An application will be submitted to NHDES.
7	Absence of undesirable and preventable elements of pollution such as smoke, soot, particulates, odor, wastewater, stormwater, sedimentation or any other discharge into the environment which might prove harmful to persons, structures, or adjacent	Meets Does Not Meet	The residential development will not create any undesirable and preventable elements of pollution such as smoke, soot, particulates, odor, wastewater, stormwater, sedimentation or any other discharge into the environment which might prove harmful to persons, structures, or adjacent properties.
	properties.		
8	Adequate provision for fire safety, prevention and control.	Meets Does Not Meet	As part of the TAC review, the Portsmouth Fire Department supported the project including the request to reduce the roadway width.
9	Adequate protection of natural features such as, but not limited to, wetlands.	Meets Does Not Meet	There is a small wetland pocket partially on the property. The wetland will be protected and planting will be installed to improve the perimeter.
10	Adequate protection of historical features on the site.	Meets	The project will not impact any known historical resources.
		Does Not Meet	
11	Adequate management of the volume and flow of traffic on the site and adequate traffic controls to protect public safety and prevent traffic congestion.	Meets Does Not Meet	The project will generate a minimal amount of new traffic from the addition of 2 new homes. The traffic from the existing home backs into the city street. The condition will be eliminated. All traffic will safely access the site.
12	Adequate traffic controls and traffic management measures to prevent an unacceptable increase in safety hazards and traffic congestion off-site.	Meets Does Not Meet	The traffic from the existing home backs into the city street. The condition will be eliminated. All traffic will safely access the site.
13	Adequate insulation from external noise sources.		The proposed residential development will meet all applicable codes relating to noise

	Site Plan Review Regulations Section 2.9 Evaluation Criteria	Finding (Meets Standard/Criteria)	Supporting Information
		Meets	during and post construction.
		Does Not Meet	
14	Existing municipal solid waste disposal, police, emergency medical, and other municipal services and facilities adequate to handle any new demands on infrastructure or services created by the project.	Meets Does Not Meet	The project has been reviewed and approved by TAC which found that the project will not create an unreasonable demand on City infrastructure or services.
15	Provision of usable and functional open spaces of adequate proportions, including needed recreational facilities that can reasonably be provided on the site	Meets Does Not Meet	No community open space will be provided for the 3 lot subdivision. Vegetated buffers and setbacks meeting the zoning ordinances will be provided.
16	Adequate layout and coordination of on-site accessways and sidewalks in relationship to off-site existing or planned streets, accessways, bicycle paths, and sidewalks.	Meets Does Not Meet	The project is of such a diminutive scale that it does not require a sidewalk connection to the street.
17	Demonstration that the land indicated on plans submitted with the application shall be of such character that it can be used for building purposes without danger to health.	Meets Does Not Meet	Each lot created meets all of the zoning requirements. No wetlands will be impacted. There are no wetland buffers. The development will improve stormwater quality and will not be a determinant to health.
18	Adequate quantities, type or arrangement of landscaping and open space for the provision of visual, noise and air pollution buffers.	Meets Does Not Meet	The proposed landscape design exceeds the minimum standards in the regulations. Adequate open space will be provided. No commercial noise or air pollution will be generated.
19	Compliance with applicable City approved design standards.	Meets Does Not Meet	The project meets or exceeds all applicable City design standards.
	Other Board Findings:		



Civil Site Planning Environmental Engineering 133 Court Street Portsmouth, NH 03801-4413

November 25, 2024

Peter Stith, Planning Manager City of Portsmouth Municipal Complex 1 Junkins Avenue Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801

Re: Planning Board Submission Assessor's Map 222, Lot 11 550 Sagamore Avenue Altus Project No. 5591

Dear Peter,

On behalf of Green and Company (Green), Altus Engineering, LLC (Altus), is please to submit an application for a four-lot subdivision at 550 Sagamore Avenue to the Planning Board for consideration at the December 19, 2024 public hearing.

On November 5, 2024, the Technical Advisory Committee voted to recommend approval with conditions at the October TAC meeting. The Committee requested modest changes to the plans.

Altus offers the following in support of the application:

- Included in the submission materials, the project landscape architect, Lise McNaughton, has provided a letter of explanation that demonstrates how the design meets the Site Plan Review Regulations in regard to the landscape design requirements.
- Plan notes 28 and 29 have been added to Sheet C-5 to clearly explain that the clearing limits shall be staked in the field prior to commencing clearing activities and that the City staff shall be notified. Additionally, once tree clearing is complete, the temporary erosion control measures shall be installed prior to earth moving activities. City staff shall also be notified prior to earth moving activities.
- The Homeowners Association documents will be provided post Planning Board approval review and approval by the legal department.
- Concurrent to the Planning Board approval process, Altus is filing an application with NHDES for the sewer extension approval.

- Detail Sheet D-2 has been revised to show a double sided W14-2a left and right no outlet sign.
- Note 21 on Sheet C-5 has been tweaked to specifically to follow the TAC comment.

Enclosed please find the following for consideration at the December 19th Planning Board meeting:

- Email with City regarding average speed
- LM Land Design, LLC letter dated November 4, 2024
- Wetlands Report by Joseph Noel, CWS
- Waiver requests
- Draft Declaration of Easements
- Drainage Study
- Stormwater Inspection and Maintenance Manual
- Revised Plan set
- Conceptual Subdivision Demonstration Plan (50-foot ROW and 32-foot-wide roadway)
- Building floor plans and elevations

Please feel free to call or email me directly should you have any questions or need any additional information in advance of the meeting.

Sincerely,

ALTUS ENGINEERING, LLC

Enclosures

eCopy: Michael Green Jenna Green Peter Agrodnia, LLS Easterly Surveying Lise McNaughton

wde/5591.00 11-25-24 pb cvr ltr.docx

eric weinrieb

From:	Eric B. Eby <ebeby@cityofportsmouth.com></ebeby@cityofportsmouth.com>
Sent:	Wednesday, August 14, 2024 1:26 PM
То:	eric weinrieb
Subject:	Fwd: Sagamore Ave Speeds
Attachments:	Sagamore Ave South of Sagamore Court Entrance-Speed.pdf

Eric

Attached is the speed data we collected on Sagamore Ave at the site driveway. Northbound 85th percentile speeds were recorded at 29 mph. They would be expected to increase slightly, another 1 or 2 mph, when the road is repaved. My recommendation would be to remove any trees or vegetation in or hanging over the Sagamore ROW between the driveway and the curve to maximize sight lines at the driveway. But I don't know where current trees and vegetation are located with respect to the ROW.

Eric Eby, P.E. City Engineer - Parking, Transportation and Planning Department of Public Works City of Portsmouth 603-766-1415

From: Tyler C. Reese <tcreese@cityofportsmouth.com> Sent: Tuesday, August 13, 2024 10:02:47 AM To: Eric B. Eby <ebeby@cityofportsmouth.com> Subject: Sagamore Ave Speeds

Eric,

Please see the attached Saturday and Sunday speeds for Sagamore Avenue. Let me know if there is anything else you need.

Tyler



City of Portsmouth Department of Public Works

Parking Division Traffic Engineering

Direction: SB,	1														
8/10/2024		> 3 - 6	> 6 - 9	> 9 - 12	> 12 - 15	> 15 - 18	> 18 - 21	> 21 - 24	> 24 - 27	> 27 - 30	> 30 - 33	> 33 - 36	> 36 - 39		85th
Time	0 - 3 MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	> 39 MPH	%ile
12:00 AM	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
1:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	3	2	1	1	34
2:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	36
3:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	28
4:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	30
5:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	2	0	2	0	31
6:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	6	12	7	7	4	0	34
7:00	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	5	10	29	34	14	5	0	32
8:00	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	6	32	60	48	18	7	1	31
9:00	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	24	59	78	61	27	1	1	31
10:00	0	0	0	1	1	2	8	16	50	111	84	24	4	0	30
11:00	0	0	2	4	8	7	16	30	66	106	84	21	3	1	30
12:00 PM	0	0	0	0	4	4	0	20	55	120	99	35	8	0	31
1:00	0	0	0	1	1	5	7	22	78	138	82	32	5	1	31
2:00	0	0	0	0	3	1	7	37	88	126	92	47	8	1	31
3:00	0	0	0	2	0	1	15	44	131	133	81	22	11	0	30
4:00	0	0	1	1	1	8	11	20	71	155	105	42	8	0	31
5:00	0	0	0	1	2	2	9	20	67	146	96	35	5	3	31
6:00	0	0	0	3	0	2	12	22	58	191	105	24	5	1	31
7:00	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	15	70	101	73	30	4	0	31
8:00	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	25	73	78	36	19	8	0	31
9:00	0	0	0	0	0	2	7	18	38	68	34	12	2	0	30
10:00	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	6	17	33	28	8	4	0	31
11:00	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	9	23	21	7	3	1	32
Total	0	0	3	14	26	46	111	339	982	1720	1177	427	99	11	718



City of Portsmouth Department of Public Works

Parking Division Traffic Engineering

ection: SB, 8/11/2024		> 3 - 6	> 6 - 9	> 9 - 12	> 12 - 15	> 15 - 18	> 18 - 21	> 21 - 24	> 24 - 27	> 27 - 30	> 30 - 33	> 33 - 36	> 36 - 39		85th
	0 - 3 MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	> 39 MPH	%ile
12:00 AM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	7	8	7	1	2	
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6:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
7:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
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11:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
12:00 PM	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
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3:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
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10:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
11:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	2	5	7	8	7	1	2	
Stats			Percentile	15th	50th	85th	95th								
			Speed	24	28	32	34								
	ſ	Mean Speed		29.0											
			ace Speed	25-34											
			per in Pace	4027											
			ent in Pace	81.0%											
			> 45 MPH	0											
			> 45 MPH	0.0%											
and Total	0	0	3	14	26	46	111	341	987	1727	1185	434	100	13	7



City of Portsmouth Department of Public Works Parking Division

Traffic Engineering

rection: NB,	2														
8/10/2024		> 3 - 6	> 6 - 9	> 9 - 12	> 12 - 15	> 15 - 18	> 18 - 21	> 21 - 24	> 24 - 27	> 27 - 30	> 30 - 33	> 33 - 36	> 36 - 39		85th
Time	0 - 3 MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	> 39 MPH	%ile
12:00 AM	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
1:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	4	2	1	0	34
2:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	36
3:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	28
4:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	30
5:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	2	0	0	0	31
6:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	16	14	6	1	2	0	34
7:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	14	34	29	11	4	0	0	32
8:00	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	21	62	50	17	0	0	0	31
9:00	0	0	0	0	1	10	14	52	105		15	7	0	1	31
10:00	0	0	0	0	0	5	19	59	116		34	5	1	1	30
11:00	0	0	0	2	2	5	14	47	144	134	50	5	3	0	30
12:00 PM	0	0	0	1	1	3	15	52	140	126	47	13	2	0	31
1:00	0	0	0	0	0	8	10	51	148	101	41	9	1	0	31
2:00	0	0	0	0	0	2	10	56	112	102	25	6	0	0	31
3:00	0	0	0	0	2	3	14	51	129	92	31	4	0	2	30
4:00	0	0	0	0	0	6	13	71	123		27	7	2	0	31
5:00	0	0	0	1	0	2	8	62	109		28	1	2	0	31
6:00	0	0	0	0	2	1	5	30	116		28	5	0	0	31
7:00	0	0	0	0	1	3	4	37	88		25	4	0	0	31
8:00	0	0	0	1	0	0	5	31	71	58	12	6	3	0	31
9:00	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	21	55		13	1	0	0	30
10:00	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	13	40	31	19	1	1	1	31
11:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	10		16	1	1	0	32
Total	0	0	0	5	9	52	150	681	1624	1296	452	82	19	5	718



City of Portsmouth Department of Public Works Parking Division

Traffic Engineering

ection: NB, 8/11/2024	2	> 3 - 6	> 6 - 9	> 9 - 12	> 12 - 15	> 15 - 18	> 18 - 21	> 21 - 24	> 24 - 27	> 27 - 30	> 30 - 33	> 33 - 36	> 36 - 39		85th
	0 - 3 MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	> 24 - 27 MPH	MPH	> 30 - 33 MPH	> 33 - 36 MPH	> 30 - 39 MPH	> 39 MPH	%ile
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6:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
7:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
8:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
9:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
10:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
11:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	9	7	3	0	0	
Stats			Percentile	15th	50th	85th	95th								
			Speed	23	26	29	31								
	1	Mean Speed		26.9											
			ace Speed	22-31											
			per in Pace	3761											
			ent in Pace	86.0%											
			> 45 MPH	0											
			> 45 MPH	0.0%											
rand Total	0	0	0	5	9	52	150	683	1632	1305	459	85	19	5	7



City of Portsmouth Department of Public Works Parking Division Traffic Engineering

0irection: Com 8/10/2024	nbined	> 3 - 6	> 6 - 9	> 9 - 12	> 12 - 15	> 15 - 18	> 18 - 21	> 21 - 24	> 24 - 27	> 27 - 30	> 30 - 33	> 33 - 36	> 36 - 39		85th
	0 - 3 MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	MPH	> 24 - 27 MPH	> 27 - 30 MPH	> 30 - 33 MPH	> 33 - 36 MPH	> 30 - 39 MPH	> 39 MPH	%ile
12:00 AM	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
1:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	9	7	4	2	1	34
2:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	1	1	Ó	36
3:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	28
4:00		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	0	0	30
5:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	9	4	0	2	0	31
6:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	11	22	26	13	8	6	0	34
7:00	0	0	0	0	1	2	4	19	44	58	45	18	5	0	32
8:00	0	0	0	0	1	4	8	27	94	110	65	18	7	1	31
9:00	0	0	0	0	3	14	19	76	164	144	76	34	1	2	31
10:00	0	0	0	1	1	7	27	75	166	204	118	29	5	1	30
11:00	0	0	2	6	10	12	30	77	210	240	134	26	6	1	30
12:00 PM	0	0	0	1	5	7	15	72	195	246	146	48	10	0	31
1:00	0	0	0	1	1	13	17	73	226	239	123	41	6	1	31
2:00	0	0	0	0	3	3	17	93	200	228	117	53	8	1	31
3:00	0	0	0	2	2	4	29	95	260	225	112	26	11	2	30
4:00	0	0	1	1	1	14	24	91	194	250	132	49	10	0	31
5:00	0	0	0	2	2	4	17	82	176	224	124	36	7	3	31
6:00	0	0	0	3	2	3	17	52	174	257	133	29	5	1	31
7:00	0	0	0	0	2	4	5	52	158	174	98	34	4	0	31
8:00	0	0	0	2	0	1	10	56	144	136	48	25	11	0	31
9:00	0	0	0	0	0	3	11	39	93	117	47	13	2	0	30
10:00	0	0	0	0	0	3	7	19	57	64	47	9	5	1	31
11:00	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	7	19	47	37	8	4	1	32
Total	0	0	3	19	35	98	261	1020	2606	3016	1629	509	118	16	718



City of Portsmouth Department of Public Works Parking Division Traffic Engineering

ection: Com 8/11/2024		> 3 - 6	> 6 - 9	> 9 - 12	> 12 - 15	> 15 - 18	> 18 - 21	> 21 - 24	> 24 - 27	> 27 - 30	> 30 - 33	> 33 - 36	> 36 - 39		85th
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11:00	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	4	13	16	15	10	1	2	
Stats			Percentile	15th	50th	85th	95th								
			Speed	23	27	31	33								
	Ν	/lean Speed		28.0											
		10 MPH P		24-33											
			per in Pace	7603											
			ent in Pace	81.0%											
		Number	> 45 MPH	0											
		Percent	> 45 MPH	0.0%											
rand Total	0	0	3	19	35	98	261	1024	2619	3032	1644	519	119	18	7

LM Land Design, LLC

11 South Road Brentwood, NH 03833 603.770.7728

November 4, 2024

Stefanie Casella Portsmouth Planning Department 1 Junkins Avenue Portsmouth, NH 03801

Re: 550 Sagamore Ave Staff TAC Comments

Dear Stef,

Compliance with Section 6.2.1 by providing label of existing vegetation boundary and adding utilities above and below ground on the plan.

Compliance with Section 6.3.4 by providing label of existing vegetation boundary.

Notes on L-1 sheet updated to comply with Sections 6.3.8, 6.3.9, and 6.3.14.

Compliance with Section 6.4 by adding Planting Requirements as final Note on L-1 sheet.

'Tall fescue hydroseed as most drought tolerant cool-season lawn grass' note added. Irrigation is not proposed at this site.

If you have any questions don't hesitate to contact me.

Best regards,

Lise McNaughton Principal

JOSEPH W. NOEL P.O. BOX 174 SOUTH BERWICK, MAINE 03908 (207) 384-5587

CERTIFIED SOIL SCIENTIST * WETLAND SCIENTIST * LICENSED SITE EVALUATOR

June 15, 2024

Mr. Eric D. Weinrieb, P.E. Altus Engineering 133 Court Street Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801

RE: Wetland Delineation, 550 Sagamore Avenue, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, JWN #24-58

Dear Eric:

On May 10, 2024, an on-site was made to the above-referenced property (per your request). The purpose was to determine if there were any areas on the lot that would classify as a wetland. A residential home is situated near Sagamore Avenue with the eastern side of the lot being wooded with sporadic bedrock outcrops. One small isolated basin, centrally located on the northern property line did qualify as a wetland. Six sequentially numbered pink and black striped flags (labelled EOW1 thru EOW6) were placed along the wetland-upland boundary.

To determine the wetland boundary, the methodologies in the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers document Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual (1987) along with the required Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region, (Version 2.0) were used. Wetlands were identified based on soils, vegetation, and hydrology. Except in special cases, all three factors (hydric soils, hydrophytic vegetation, and wetland hydrology) must be present for an area to classify as wetland.

The wetland area was not ponded with surface water on the day of the site visit. There was evidence of occasional surface water (i.e., water marks) along with blackened leaves and orientated pine needles on the soil surface. The lack of surface water eliminated this area, in my opinion, from being a potential vernal pool. There appears to be a limited watershed that contributes run-off to this basin. Also, there is some evidence that the abutting lot has added fill material that may have blocked the natural runoff from this basin to downslope areas. To be a viable vernal pool surface water needs to be present in the early spring and the hydroperiod needs to be long enough for the breeding amphibians to complete the early life cycle to a juvenile age. This spring there were a number of rain events that filled most vernal pools and this basin did not contain water on May 10, 2024.

This basin does classify as a wetland based on: the poorly drained soil conditions (i.e., hydric soils), evidence of soil saturation and occasional ponding (evidence of wetland hydrology), and

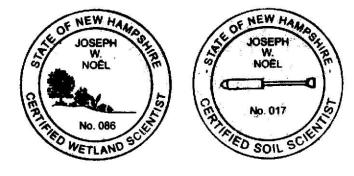
while vegetation was limited in the basin, a few red maples (*Acer* rubrum) were observed (i.e., hydrophytic vegetation).

I hope this letter is sufficient for your planning purposes. Please do not hesitate to call with any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Jorh W. Mil

Joseph W. Noel NH Certified Soil Scientist #017 NH Certified Wetland Scientist #086



June 15, 2024 JWN #24-58 Page 2 of 2



Civil Site Planning Environmental Engineering

133 Court Street Portsmouth, NH 03801-4413

WAIVER REQUESTS

September 16, 2024

Re: Assessor's Map 222, Lot 11 550 Sagamore Avenue Altus Project No. 5591

On behalf of Green and Company, Applicant, Altus Engineering, LLC respectfully requests the following waivers from the City of Portsmouth Subdivision Rules and Regulations

Section VI GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3. Streets B. Street Rights-of-Way

Requirement:

The minimum right-of-way for main thoroughfares shall be as shown on the City's Master Plan or Official Map and shall, when not indicated on such Master Plan or Official Map, be not less than sixty (60) feet; for residential streets, fifty (50) feet. These widths shall be measured from lot line to lot line.

Provided: 40-feet

3. Streets I. Cul-de-Sacs

Requirement:

Cul-de-sacs shall be provided at the closed end with a drive-around roadway having a minimum radius for the outside curbs of at least fifty (50) feet, and a street property line radius of sixty (60) feet. The maximum length of a cul-de-sac shall generally be five hundred (500) feet unless otherwise approved by the Board. The Planning Board may require the dedication of an easement of twenty (20) feet in width from the cul-de sac to the next adjoining street to provide for utilities. No water lines serving the street shall be deadended, where feasible.

Provided: Outside curb (pavement edge) 40-feet Street property line radius 50-feet

Requirement: From Exhibit Residential Street Minimum Standards (32-foot paved surface with a 5-foot wide sidewalk

Provided: 20-feet of pavement along roadway, 22-feet of pavement on cul-de-sac Sidewalk not provided

All three waivers are interconnected. The development will service only three single family homes, generating very little traffic, approximately 28 vehicle trips per day on a weekday. A 20-foot-wide roadway can adequately support the expected traffic. The roadway surface was made slightly wider at the cul-de-sac to allow for fire trucks and other emergency vehicles to safely maneuver the site. A fire truck turning template plan is included in the application package that supports the narrower widths proposed. No parking signs along the road are proposed to ensure that vehicles do not block the roadway preventing emergency vehicle access. Each lot will have a 2-car garage and a driveway large enough to park 4 additional vehicles for small gatherings at each home.

Narrower roadways reduce the carbon footprint on the development, reduce stormwater runoff and pollutant loading and reduces the heat island effect on stormwater.

There is a house on the parcel that lacks an adequate area to allow vehicles to turnaround and enter Sagamore Avenue going forward. The additional traffic is minimal and all of the traffic will be able to enter and exit the site safely.

A conceptual subdivision plan is included in the package that depicts a layout that could be constructed that does not require waivers. By granting the waivers, the roadway surface impervious area can be reduced by approximately 3,000 SF. The roadway will be privately owned and maintained. City maintenance vehicles will not need to access the site on a regular basis.

Respectfully submitted by,

ALTUS ENGINEERING, LLC

wde/5591.04 waiver.docx

DECLARATION OF EASEMENTS

THIS DECLARATION OF EASEMENT is created and established this ______ day of _______, by Frances E. Mouflouze, Ted W. Alex & Patricia Cameron, Trustees of The Frances E. Mouflouze Revocable Trust of 2015, having an address of 104 Locke Road, Rye, New Hampshire 03870 (the "Declarant") which is the fee simple owner of property situate at 550 Sagamore Avenue, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, which property is depicted as "**Proposed Lot 1**" ("Lot 1") and "**Proposed Lot 2**" ("Lot 2") and "**Proposed Lot 3**" ("Lot 3") and "**Lot 4 Area of Private ROW**" (the "ROW Lot") (collectively referred to as the "Lots") on a plan entitled "Subdivision & Easement Plan (C-1)" prepared by Altus Engineering, dated October 23, 2024, and recorded at the Rockingham County Registry of Deeds as Plan _______ (the "Plan") by virtue of a Warranty Deed from Frances E. Mouflouze, which deed is recorded at the Rockingham County Registry of Deeds at Book 5660, Page 2227.

For the purposes of assuring certain rights and obligations by and between the future owners of the Lots (the "Owners") as to certain Drainage and Utility Easements (collectively the "Easements") shown on the Plan, and to impose restrictions upon each of the Lots under a general plan of maintenance, preservation and use of the Lots for collective benefit, the Declarant hereby declares that each of the Lots shall be held, sold and conveyed subject to the following covenants, conditions, restrictions and easements which shall run with the land and shall be binding on all parties having any right, title or interest in any of the Lots and shall inure to the benefit of each individual Owner of each of said Lots.

ARTICLE I – DEFINITIONS

<u>Section 1.1 – Definitions</u>. Wherever used in this Declaration, the following terms shall have their respective meaning(s) as follows:

A. Each Lot and the Owner of that Lot subject to an easement shall be interpreted to bind and include not only such Lot and Owner, but such Owner's heirs, successors and assigns as well; and

B. Each Lot and the Owner of that Lot benefiting from an easement shall be interpreted to benefit and include not only such Lot and Owner, but such Owner's heirs, successors and assigns as well; and

C. "Easement Area" and/or "Easement" means those areas identified as "Proposed Drainage & Utility Easement" on the Plan.

D. "Successors" as applied to any Lot Owner referred to herein shall include successors by merger, consolidation, reorganization, sale of all or substantially all of such party's physical assets, or other form or manner of corporate, partnership or individual succession; and

E. "Occupant" shall mean the Owner of any Lot, their mortgagees, lessees, invitees, and any other person from time to time legally entitled to use and occupy any portion or portions one or more of the Lots under a lease or other valid rights to possession as well as their respective subtenants or licensees; and

F. "Permittee" shall mean all Occupants as defined above, as well as the officers, directors, employees, agents, contractors, sub-contractors, visitors, licensees and invitees of Occupant; and

ARTICLE II – EASEMENTS

Section 2.1 – Easements.

2.1.1. <u>Easement to Burden Lot 1</u>. Lot 1 is subject to a permanent Drainage & Utility Easement in favor of Lot 2 and Lot 3. The easement area is depicted on the Plan as "**Proposed Drainage & Utility Easement #3**". All infrastructure to which this easement is providing access is to remain privately owned. It shall be the right and responsibility of the Owners of the Lots collectively to inspect, maintain, repair and replace all infrastructure within the Easement Area so as to assure its proper functioning. The Owners of Lot 2 and Lot 3, when exercising their rights under this easement, shall be responsible for restoring the Easement Area to substantially the same condition as existed prior to the disturbance. The Easement Area is more particularly bounded and described on the Plan as follows:

Beginning at a set granite bound along the northerly sideline of the ROW Lot; Thence running in a curve to the right having a radius of 50.00 feet and an arc length of 59.36 feet to a point; Thence turning and running North 87°08'08" East a distance of 35.03 feet to a point; Thence turning and running North 02°46'06" West a distance of 31.24 feet to a point; Thence turning and running South 86°49'37" West a distance of 81.77 feet to a set granite bound at the point and place of beginning, containing 1,492 square feet, more or less.

2.1.2. <u>Easement to Burden Lot 1</u>. Lot 1 is subject to a second permanent Drainage & Utility Easement in favor of Lot 2 and Lot 3. The easement area is depicted

on the Plan as a portion only of "**Proposed Drainage & Utility Easement #2**". All infrastructure to which this easement is providing access is to remain privately owned. It shall be the right and responsibility of the Owners of the Lots collectively to inspect, maintain, repair and replace all infrastructure within the Easement Area so as to assure its proper functioning. The Owners of Lot 2 and Lot 3, when exercising their rights under this easement, shall be responsible for restoring the Easement Area to substantially the same condition as existed prior to the disturbance. The Easement Area is more particularly bounded and described on the Plan as follows:

Beginning at a set granite bound along the easterly sideline of the ROW Lot and at the boundary between Lot 1 and Lot 2; Thence running along the ROW Lot in a curve to the left having a radius of 50.00 feet and an arc length of 16.60 feet to a point; Thence turning and running North 86°47'31" East a distance of 223.68 feet to a point along land now or formerly of the Wilder Family Revocable Trust of 2013; Thence turning and running southerly along land now or formerly of said Wilder Family Revocable Trust of 2013 to the boundary between Lot 1 and Lot 2; Thence turning and running South 86°47'31' West a distance of 227.43 feet to a set granite bound along the easterly sideline of the ROW Lot and the point and place of beginning.

2.1.3 <u>Easement to Burden Lot 2</u>. Lot 2 is subject to a permanent Drainage & Utility Easement in favor of Lot 1 and Lot 3. The easement area is depicted on the Plan as a portion only of "**Proposed Drainage & Utility Easement #2**". All infrastructure to which this easement is providing access is to remain privately owned. It shall be the right and responsibility of the Owners of the Lots collectively to inspect, maintain, repair and replace all infrastructure within the Easement Area so as to assure its proper functioning. The Owners of Lot 1 and Lot 3, when exercising their rights under this easement, shall be responsible for restoring the Easement Area to substantially the same condition as existed prior to the disturbance. The Easement Area is more particularly bounded and described on the Plan as follows:

Beginning at a set granite bound along the easterly sideline of the ROW along the boundary between Lot 1 and Lot 2; Thence running along the boundary between Lot 1 and Lot 2 North 86°47'31" East a distance of 227.43 feet to a point; Thence turning and running South 11°06'15" East along land now or formerly of the Wilder Family Revocable Trust of 2013 a distance of 71.21 feet to a Drill Hole Found at the southeastern corner of Lot 2; Thence turning and running North 85°07'25" East a distance of 200.63 feet along land now or formerly of the Sweet Family Revocable Trust of 2021, and along land now or formerly of the Joan F. Christy Revocable Trust, to a point; Thence turning and running North 04°36'23" West along Lot 3 to a point; Thence turning and running North 85°07'25" East a distance of 64.63 feet to a point; Thence turning and running North 85°07'25" East a distance of 33.08 feet to a point; Thence turning and running North 22°10'36" East a distance of 46.49 feet to a point; Thence

turning and running South 86°47'31" West a distance of 154.69 feet to a point along the ROW Lot; Thence turning and running along the ROW Lot in a curve to the left having a radius of 50.00 feet to a granite bound set at the boundary of Lot 1 and Lot 2 and the point and place of beginning.

2.1.4 **Easement to Burden Lot 3**. Lot 3 is subject to a permanent Drainage & Utility Easement in favor of Lot 1 and Lot 2. The easement area is depicted on the Plan as a portion only of "**Proposed Drainage & Utility Easement #1**". All infrastructure to which this easement is providing access is to remain privately owned. It shall be the right and responsibility of the Owners of the Lots collectively to inspect, maintain, repair and replace all infrastructure within the Easement Area so as to assure its proper functioning. The Owners of Lot 1 and Lot 2, when exercising their rights under this easement, shall be responsible for restoring the Easement Area to substantially the same condition as existed prior to the disturbance. The Easement Area is more particularly bounded and described on the Plan as follows:

Beginning at an iron rod with Cap #829 at the south eastern corner of the within described easement; Thence running North 04°00'49" West a distance of 15.00 feet to a point; Thence turning and running South 85°59'11" West a distance of 165.50 feet to a point; Thene turning and running North 06°01'17" West a distance of 61.86 feet to a point; Thence turning and running North 78°25'02" East a distance of 75.60 feet to a point along the southerly sideline of the ROW Lot; Thence turning and running in a curve to the left having a radius of 50.00 feet and an arc length of 58.08 feet to a set granite bound along the southerly sideline of the ROW Lot; Thence continuing along the ROW Lot South 86°10'59" West a distance of 51.70 feet to a set granite bound; Thence turning and running in a curve to the left having a radius of 25.00 feet and an arc length of 40.23 feet to a set granite bound; Thence turning and running South 06°01'17" East along the easterly sideline of Sagamore Avenue a distance of 73.79 feet to an Iron Bar found 12" high at the southwesterly corner of the within described easement; Thence turning and running North 85°59'11" East a distance of 200.00 feet to an Iron Rod with Cap #829 at the point and place of beginning. Containing 7,024 square feet, more or less.

<u>Section 2.2 – Easement to Perform Right of Self Help</u>. The Declarant hereby grants, establishes and creates for each Lot Owner, and their Permitees, the right and easement to enter upon the Easement Areas, upon reasonable notice to the Owner of the burdened Lot, for the purposes of performing any repair work necessary to allow use of the various easements as set out in Section 2.1. Any such work shall be performed by licensed and insured contractors or companies. In the instance of emergency repair work to any of the Easement Areas, notice shall be provided to the Owner of the burdened Lot as soon as possible.

<u>Section 2.3 – Damage to Easement Area</u>. Each Owner shall refrain from causing any damage to the Easement Areas described herein and shall immediately repair any such

damage caused by Occupants or Permittees associated with an Owner, at such Owner's sole cost and expense. If an Owner fails to perform any such required repairs, the other Owners, upon ten (10) days' prior written notice to the non-performing Owner, may cause such repair work to be performed with a right of reimbursement for all sums reasonably necessary and properly expended to remedy such failure. Within ten (10) days after delivery of a statement documenting such reasonable repair costs incurred, the non-performing Owner shall reimburse the other Owners. If the non-performing Owner fails to pay any reimbursement due, the Owner(s) who incurred the repair costs shall have the immediate right to record a lien against the non-performing Owner's property benefited by this Agreement, in addition to all other rights and remedies permitted at law or in equity. The aforesaid lien shall be treated as a construction lien pursuant to New Hampshire law.

<u>Section 2.4 – Permanent Easements</u>. The covenants, conditions and easements, restrictions and agreements referred to herein shall be and are hereby deemed to be binding on the heirs, successors and assigns of the Owners of each of the Lots and to be covenants running with the land in any deed of conveyance of said lots or any part thereof to any persons, or entities and, shall run to the benefit of the new Lot Owners. The rights and easements referred to herein shall be incorporated therein by reference to this Declaration. Upon conveyance of any or all of the Lots subject to this Declaration the seller under such conveyance shall thereafter be relieved of all obligations created hereunder with respect to the land so conveyed provided that such obligations are accepted and assumed in the conveyance by the buyer therein.

<u>Section 2.5– Confirmatory Deeds</u>. The Declarant and any future Owners of any of the Lots are hereby deemed to be bound and obligated to execute any and all requested additional deeds, documents, or instruments confirming the terms, conditions and obligations contained in this Declaration. Declarant agrees to execute and record easements set forth in Article I and II upon transfer of either lot to a third-party owner.

<u>Section 2.6 – Taxes and Insurance</u>. The respective Owner(s) of each Lot shall continue to be responsible for and pay or cause to be paid all insurance and taxes, including, without limitation, real estate taxes applicable to their respective Lot, regardless of the Easements or other interests granted or created by this Agreement.

ARTICLE III – MAINTENANCE OF EASEMENT AREA

It shall be the right and responsibility of the Owner of the Lot(s) benefitted by each such easement established herein to to inspect, maintain, repair and replace all infrastructure within the Easement Area so as to assure its proper functioning. Each owner, when exercising its rights under this easement, shall be responsible for restoring the easement area to substantially the same condition as existed prior to the disturbance.

ARTICLE IV – AMENDMENTS

This Declaration may be amended only by agreement of the Owners of all the Lots, evidenced in writing and recorded at the Rockingham County Registry of Deeds, provided

that no amendment may be made that is contrary to any conditions of approval of the City of Portsmouth Planning Board, or contrary to any provisions of the City of Portsmouth Zoning Ordinance.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Frances E. Mouflouze, Ted W. Alex & Patricia Cameron, Trustees of The Frances E. Mouflouze Revocable Trust of 2015, have caused this Declaration of Reciprocal Easements to be duly executed on this day of

> The Frances E. Mouflouze Revocable Trust of 2015

Witness

By: _______ Frances E. Mouflouze, Trustee

Witness

Witness

By: <u>Patricia Cameron, Trustee</u>

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me on _____ by Frances E. Mouflouze, Trustee of The Frances E. Mouflouze Revocable Trust of 2015, as her free act and deed in said capacity.

Before me,

Notary Public My Commission Expires:

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM

Before me,

Notary Public My Commission Expires:

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me on ______ by Patricia Cameron, Trustee of The Frances E. Mouflouze Revocable Trust of 2015, as her free act and deed in said capacity.

Before me,

Notary Public My Commission Expires:

DRAINAGE ANALYSIS

FOR

Green & Company

550 Sagamore Ave Portsmouth, NH

Tax Map 222 Lot 11

September 16, 2024 Revised October 23, 2024

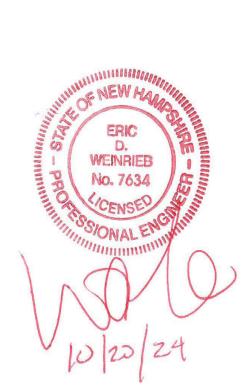
Prepared For:

Green & Company 11 Lafayette Road P.O. Box 1297 North Hampton, NH 03862

Prepared By:

ALTUS ENGINEERING

133 Court Street Portsmouth, NH 03801 Phone: (603) 433-2335



Altus Project 5591



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- Section 2 Aerial Photo USGS Location Map
- Section 3 Drainage Analysis, Pre-Development
- Section 4 Drainage Analysis, Post-Development
- Section 5 Precipitation Table
- Section 6 NRCS Soils Report
- Section 7 BMP Sizing Calculations Riprap Sizing Calculations
- Section 8 Stormwater Operations and Maintenance Plan
- Section 9 Watershed Plans Pre-Development Watershed Plan Post-Development Watershed Plan



Section 1

Narrative



PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Green & Company is proposing to construct a 4-lot residential development located at 550 Sagamore Ave Portsmouth, New Hampshire. The 1.53-acre property is identified as Tax Map 222, Lot 11 and is located in the Single Residence-Residence B District. The site is currently developed as a single-family residence. Access to the development site is via a driveway coming off Sagamore Avenue.

The proposed project will construct a new 4-lot subdivision, with 3 buildable lots, serviced by municipal water and sewer and paved roadway together with associated stormwater infrastructure. Stormwater treatment measures include 3 bioretention ponds. Pretreatment will be provided by catch basins with deep sumps and grease hoods. The proposed stormwater management system will reduce peak flows as well as treat runoff from the site's impervious areas prior to leaving the site.

Altus met with the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) on October 1, 2024, to review the site design. Revisions were made to address the committee's concerns.

- The southeast raingarden (node 6-P) was increased in size and moved west towards the proposed building in lot 2.
- The southeast raingarden relocation allowed the proposed tree line to be moved further from the abutting property to enhance the vegetative buffer.
- Proposed building finished floor elevations were raised to allow gravity perimeter drains.
- Basement slab elevations are now depicted on the plans.

Site Soils/Wetlands

Joseph W. Noel, Wetland Scientist, completed an on-site inspection on May 10, 2024, and identified a small pocket of wetland. Based off data from the USDA National Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey, the site sits on 140B Chatfield-Hollis-Canton complex and 799 Urban land-Canton complex soils. Altus recognizes these soils as HSG C except for the wetland which we categorized as HSG D based on poor infiltration capacity.

Pre-Development (Existing Conditions)

The site currently features a single-family home with a deck and paved driveway. Stormwater drains into catch basins connected to the city drainage network. The site generally slopes in a westerly direction towards Sagamore Avenue. Hydrology is characterized by four existing subcatchments as delineated on the accompanying "Pre-Development Watershed Plan". Site runoff was analyzed at four points of analysis (POA). POA #1 is in the southwest corner along Sagamore Ave, POA #2 is in the southeast corner of the property, POA #3 is the wetland located in the northern central part of the property, and POA #4 is in the northeast corner of the property.

Post-Development (Proposed Conditions)

The site plan features three homes with driveways that are connected to a private cul-de-sac.

The post-development conditions were analyzed at the same discharge point as the predevelopment conditions. The post-development watersheds are delineated on the accompanying "Post-Development Watershed Plan". Modifications to the delineated areas and associated ground cover were made to sub-catchments to account for the improvements to the property. As shown on the attached Post-Development Watershed Plan, the site was divided into nine postdevelopment subcatchment areas. The same points of analysis in the Pre-Development model were used for comparison of the Pre- and Post-development conditions.

The Post-Development Watershed Plan illustrates the proposed stormwater management system. Site topography, existing features, proposed site improvements, proposed grading, drainage and erosion control measures are shown on the accompanying plans. Recommended erosion control measures are based upon the December 2008 edition of the "*New Hampshire Stormwater Manual Volumes 1 through 3*" prepared by NHDES and Comprehensive Environmental, Inc. as amended.

CALCULATION METHODS

The drainage study was completed using the USDA SCS TR-20 Method within the HydroCAD Stormwater Modeling System. Reservoir routing was performed with the Dynamic Storage Indication method with automated calculation of tailwater conditions. A Type III 24-hour rainfall distribution was utilized in analyzing the data for the 2, 10, 25 and 50 year - 24-hour storm events using rainfall data provided by the Northeast Regional Climate Center (NRCC). A time span of 0 to 30 hours was analyzed at 0.01-hour increments. Percolation rates are from on-site measurements with significant factors of safety or based on the rate through filter media.

Disclaimer

Altus Engineering, notes that stormwater modeling is limited in its capacity to precisely predict peak rates of runoff and flood elevations. Results should not be considered to represent actual storm events due to the number of variables and assumptions involved in the modeling effort. Surface roughness coefficients (n), entrance loss coefficients (ke), velocity factors (kv) and times of concentration (Tc) are based on subjective field observations and engineering judgment using available data. For design purposes, curve numbers (Cn) describe the average conditions. However, curve numbers will vary from storm to storm depending on the antecedent runoff conditions (ARC) including saturation and frozen ground. Also, higher water elevations than predicted by modeling could occur if drainage channels, closed drain systems or culverts are not maintained and/or become blocked by debris before and/or during a storm event as this will impact flow capacity of the structures. Structures should be re-evaluated if future changes occur within relevant drainage areas in order to assess any required design modifications.

Drainage Analysis

A complete summary of the drainage model is included in the appendix of this report. The following table compares pre- and post-development peak rates at the Points of Analysis identified on the plans for the 2, 10, 25 and 50-year storm events:

	2-Yr Storm	10-Yr Storm	25-Yr Storm	50-Yr Storm
	(3.70 inch)	(5.60 inch)	(7.12 inch)	(8.51 inch)
POA #1				
Pre	0.90	1.69	2.34	2.93
Post	0.77	1.33	1.78	2.44
Change	-0.13	-0.36	-0.56	-0.49
POA #2		·		
Pre	0.55	1.23	1.83	2.39
Post	0.49	0.98	1.32	2.26
Change	-0.06	-0.25	-0.51	-0.13
POA #3		•		
Pre	0.76	1.63	2.38	3.08
Post	0.16	0.31	0.43	0.55
Change	-0.60	-1.32	-1.95	-2.53
POA #4		•		
Pre	0.06	0.13	0.19	0.25
Post	0.06	0.13	0.19	0.24
Change	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01

Stormwater Modeling Summary Peak Q (cfs) for Type III 24-Hour Storm Events

As the above table demonstrates, the proposed peak rates of runoff at the point of analysis will be decreased or unchanged from the existing conditions for all analyzed storm events.

CONCLUSION

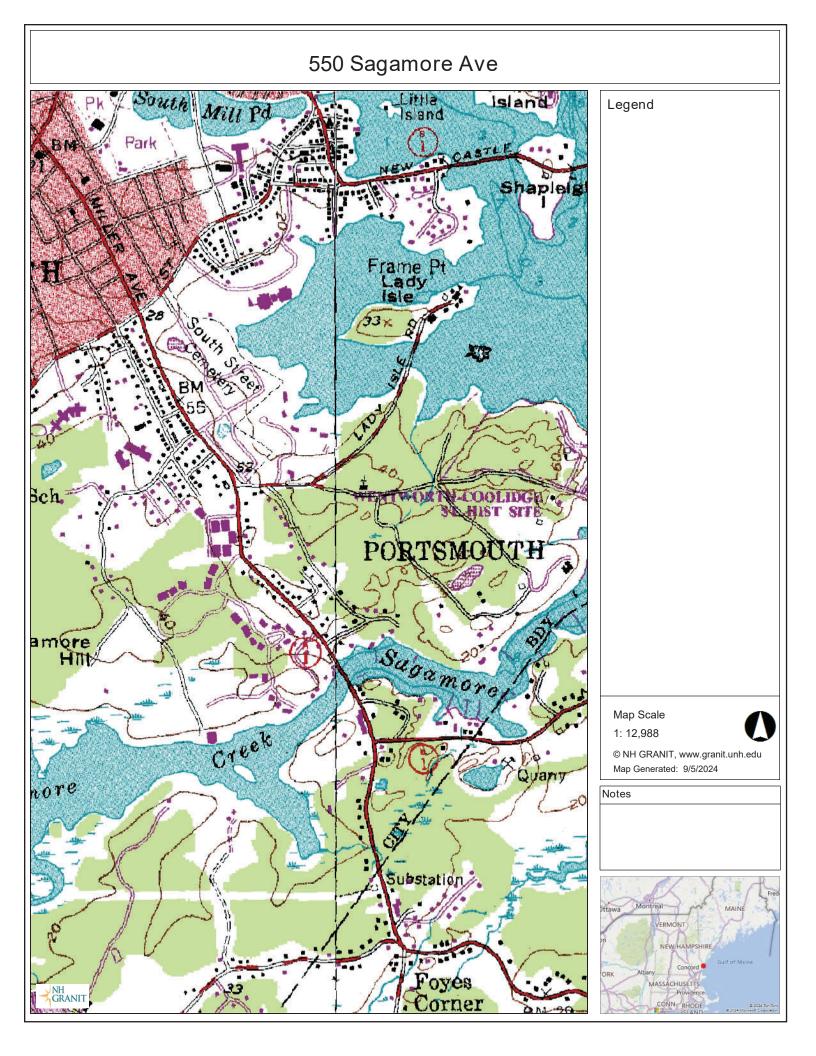
This proposed site redevelopment of property located at 550 Sagamore Avenue Portsmouth, New Hampshire will have minimal adverse effect on abutting properties and infrastructure as a result of stormwater runoff or siltation. Post-construction peak rates of runoff from the site will be lower than or the same as the existing conditions for all analyzed storm events. The new stormwater management system will also provide appropriate treatment to runoff from the proposed on-site impervious surfaces. Appropriate steps will be taken to properly mitigate erosion and sedimentation through the use of temporary and permanent Best Management Practices for sediment and erosion control, including catch basins and 3 bioretention ponds.

Section 2

Aerial Photo and USGS Map





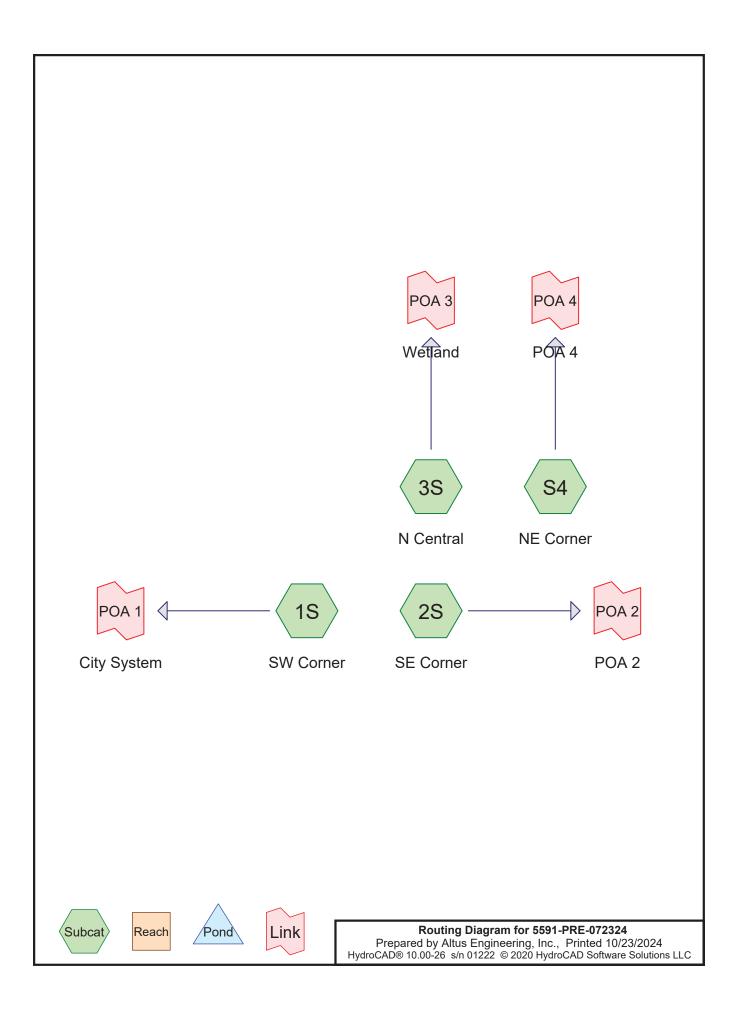


Section 3

Drainage Calculations

Pre-Development 2-Year, 24-Hour Summary 10-Year, 24-Hour Complete 25-Year, 24-Hour Summary 50-Year, 24-Hour Summary





Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.369	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (1S, 3S)
0.188	98	Paved parking, HSG C (1S, 2S, 3S, S4)
0.041	98	Roofs, HSG C (1S, 3S)
0.909	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (1S, 2S, 3S, S4)
0.018	79	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG D (3S)
1.526	75	TOTAL AREA

Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
0.000	HSG A	
0.000	HSG B	
1.508	HSG C	1S, 2S, 3S, S4
0.018	HSG D	3S
0.000	Other	
1.526		TOTAL AREA

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				(,		
HSG-A	HSG-B	HSG-C	HSG-D	Other	Total	Ground	Subcatchment
(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Cover	Numbers
0.000	0.000	0.369	0.000	0.000	0.369	>75% Grass cover, Good	1S, 3S
0.000	0.000	0.188	0.000	0.000	0.188	Paved parking	1S, 2S,
							3S, S4
0.000	0.000	0.041	0.000	0.000	0.041	Roofs	1S, 3S
0.000	0.000	0.909	0.000	0.000	0.909	Woods, Good	1S, 2S,
							3S, S4
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.018	0.000	0.018	Woods/grass comb., Good	3S
0.000	0.000	1.508	0.018	0.000	1.526	TOTAL AREA	

Ground Covers (all nodes)

5591-PRE-072324	Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"
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Subcatchment1S: SW Corner	Runoff Area=20,575 sf 31.17% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.52" Flow Length=184' Tc=10.2 min CN=81 Runoff=1.69 cfs 0.139 af
Subcatchment 2S: SE Corner	Runoff Area=19,202 sf 6.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.67" Flow Length=265' Tc=9.1 min CN=72 Runoff=1.23 cfs 0.098 af
Subcatchment 3S: N Central	Runoff Area=24,854 sf 9.30% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.85" Flow Length=160' Tc=10.6 min CN=74 Runoff=1.63 cfs 0.136 af
Subcatchment S4: NE Corner	Runoff Area=1,838 sf 4.79% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.58" Flow Length=122' Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=0.13 cfs 0.009 af
Link POA 1: City System	Inflow=1.69 cfs 0.139 af Primary=1.69 cfs 0.139 af
Link POA 2: POA 2	Inflow=1.23 cfs 0.098 af Primary=1.23 cfs 0.098 af
Link POA 3: Wetland	Inflow=1.63 cfs 0.136 af Primary=1.63 cfs 0.136 af
Link POA 4: POA 4	Inflow=0.13 cfs 0.009 af Primary=0.13 cfs 0.009 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.526 ac Runoff Volume = 0.381 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.00" 84.98% Pervious = 1.297 ac 15.02% Impervious = 0.229 ac

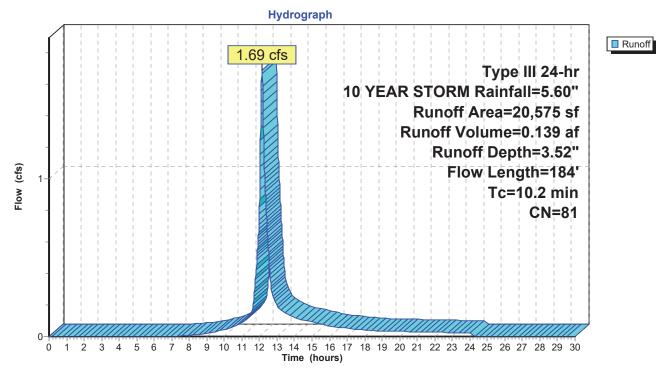
Summary for Subcatchment 1S: SW Corner

Runoff = 1.69 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.139 af, Depth= 3.52"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	737	98 F	Roofs, HSG	ЭС	
	5,677			ing, HSG C	
	3,601	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	
	10,560	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C
	20,575	81 V	Veighted A	verage	
	14,161	6	8.83% Per	vious Area	
	6,414	3	1.17% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
7.3	41	0.0488	0.09		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
2.9	143	0.0139	0.83		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
10.2	184	Total			

Subcatchment 1S: SW Corner



Summary for Subcatchment 2S: SE Corner

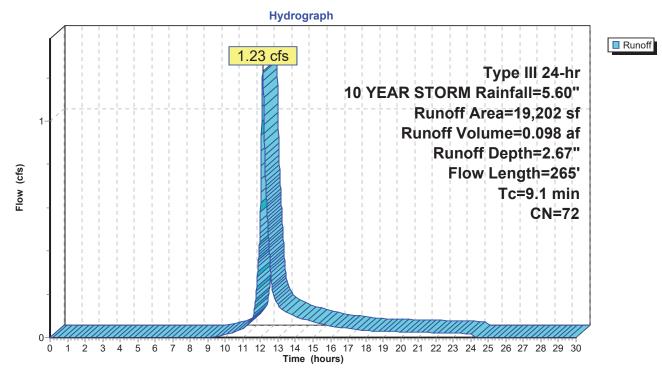
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1.23 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= Runoff 0.098 af, Depth= 2.67" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	1,168	98 P	aved park	ing, HSG C	;
	18,034	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	
	19,202	72 V	Veighted A	verage	
	18,034	9	3.92% Per	vious Area	
	1,168	6	.08% Impe	ervious Area	а
-		01		• ••	
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
0.2	18	0.1000	1.87		Sheet Flow,
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.23"
6.1	40	0.0750	0.11		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
2.8	207	0.0628	1.25		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
9.1	265	Total			

Subcatchment 2S: SE Corner



Summary for Subcatchment 3S: N Central

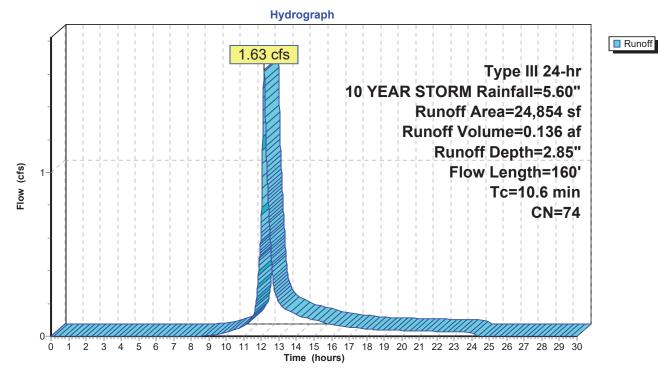
Runoff = 1.63 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.136 af, Depth= 2.85"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		1,070	98	Roofs, HSC	G C	
		1,241	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	
		781	79	Woods/gras	ss comb., G	Good, HSG D
		16,227	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
_		5,535	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C
		24,854	74	Weighted A	verage	
		22,543		90.70% Pei	rvious Area	
		2,311		9.30% Impe	ervious Are	а
	Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	9.4	97	0.0206	6 0.17		Sheet Flow,
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.23"
	1.2	63	0.0317	7 0.89		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	10.0	400	Tatal			

10.6 160 Total

Subcatchment 3S: N Central



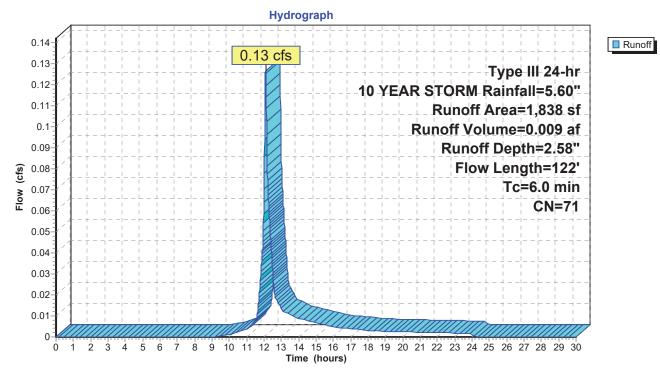
Summary for Subcatchment S4: NE Corner

Runoff = 0.13 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.009 af, Depth= 2.58"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

Α	vrea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	88	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG C)
	1,750	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	
	1,838	71 V	Veighted A	verage	
	1,750	9	5.21% Per	vious Area	
	88	4	.79% Impe	ervious Area	a
_					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
0.4	43	0.0814	2.05		Sheet Flow,
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.23"
1.0	79	0.0696	1.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.4	122	Total, I	ncreased t	o minimum	Tc = 6.0 min

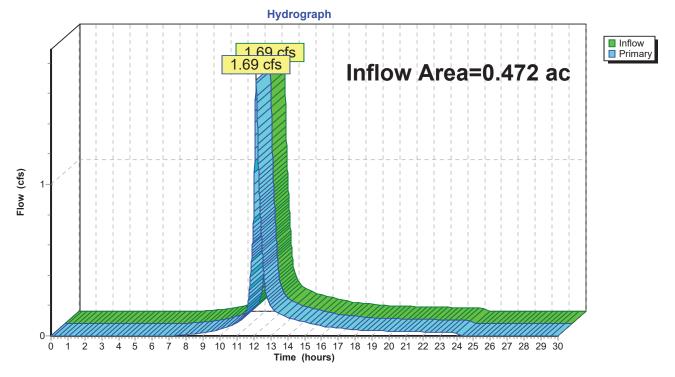
Subcatchment S4: NE Corner



Summary for Link POA 1: City System

Inflow Area	a =	0.472 ac, 31.17% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.52" for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow	=	1.69 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.139 af
Primary	=	1.69 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.139 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

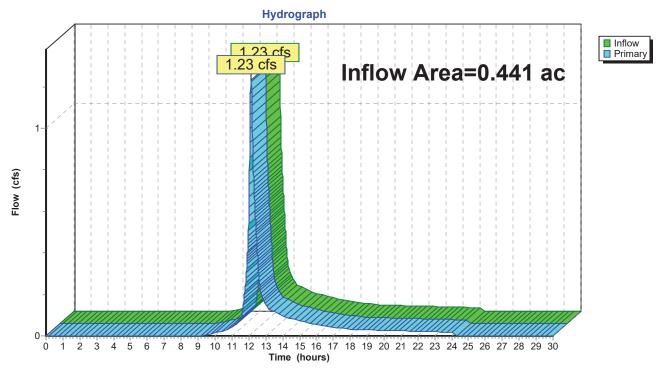


Link POA 1: City System

Summary for Link POA 2: POA 2

Inflow Area	a =	0.441 ac,	6.08% Impervious, Inflow Depth =	2.67" for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow	=	1.23 cfs @	12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.098	3 af
Primary	=	1.23 cfs @	12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.098	3 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

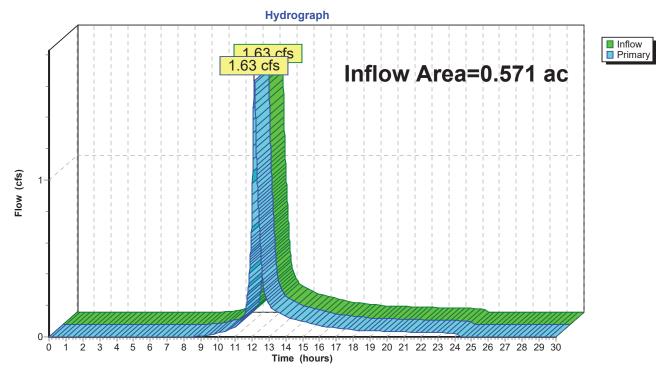


Link POA 2: POA 2

Summary for Link POA 3: Wetland

Inflow Area	=	0.571 ac,	9.30% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 2.85" for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow =	=	1.63 cfs @	12.15 hrs, Volume=	0.136 af
Primary =	=	1.63 cfs @	12.15 hrs, Volume=	0.136 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

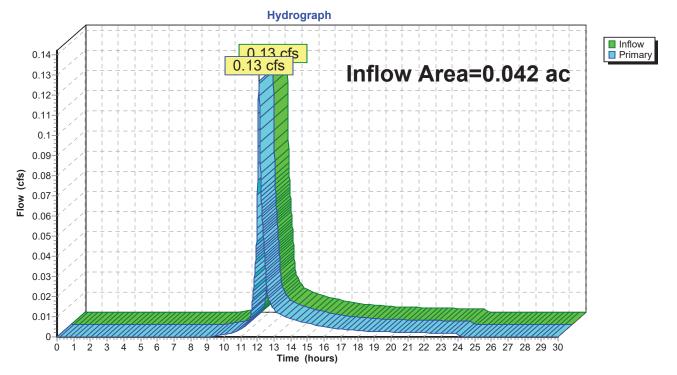


Link POA 3: Wetland

Summary for Link POA 4: POA 4

Inflow Are	a =	0.042 ac,	4.79% Impervious, Inflow Depth	i = 2.58"	for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow	=	0.13 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.0)09 af	
Primary	=	0.13 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.0	009 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Link POA 4: POA 4

5591-PRE-072324	Type III 24-hr 2 YEAR STORM Rainfall=3.70"
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Subcatchment1S: SW Corner	Runoff Area=20,575 sf 31.17% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.87" Flow Length=184' Tc=10.2 min CN=81 Runoff=0.90 cfs 0.074 af
Subcatchment 2S: SE Corner	Runoff Area=19,202 sf 6.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.25" Flow Length=265' Tc=9.1 min CN=72 Runoff=0.55 cfs 0.046 af
Subcatchment3S: N Central	Runoff Area=24,854 sf 9.30% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.38" Flow Length=160' Tc=10.6 min CN=74 Runoff=0.76 cfs 0.066 af
Subcatchment S4: NE Corner	Runoff Area=1,838 sf 4.79% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.19" Flow Length=122' Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=0.06 cfs 0.004 af
Link POA 1: City System	Inflow=0.90 cfs 0.074 af Primary=0.90 cfs 0.074 af
Link POA 2: POA 2	Inflow=0.55 cfs 0.046 af Primary=0.55 cfs 0.046 af
Link POA 3: Wetland	Inflow=0.76 cfs 0.066 af Primary=0.76 cfs 0.066 af
Link POA 4: POA 4	Inflow=0.06 cfs 0.004 af Primary=0.06 cfs 0.004 af
	an Duneff Valume - 0.400 of Augusta Duneff Death - 4.40

Total Runoff Area = 1.526 acRunoff Volume = 0.190 afAverage Runoff Depth = 1.49"84.98% Pervious = 1.297 ac15.02% Impervious = 0.229 ac

5591-PRE-072324	Type III 24-hr 25 YEAR STORM Rainfall=7.12"
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Subcatchment1S: SW Corner	Runoff Area=20,575 sf 31.17% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.92" Flow Length=184' Tc=10.2 min CN=81 Runoff=2.34 cfs 0.194 af
Subcatchment2S: SE Corner	Runoff Area=19,202 sf 6.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.93" Flow Length=265' Tc=9.1 min CN=72 Runoff=1.83 cfs 0.144 af
Subcatchment 3S: N Central	Runoff Area=24,854 sf 9.30% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.15" Flow Length=160' Tc=10.6 min CN=74 Runoff=2.38 cfs 0.197 af
Subcatchment S4: NE Corner	Runoff Area=1,838 sf 4.79% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.82" Flow Length=122' Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=0.19 cfs 0.013 af
Link POA 1: City System	Inflow=2.34 cfs 0.194 af Primary=2.34 cfs 0.194 af
Link POA 2: POA 2	Inflow=1.83 cfs 0.144 af Primary=1.83 cfs 0.144 af
Link POA 3: Wetland	Inflow=2.38 cfs 0.197 af Primary=2.38 cfs 0.197 af
Link POA 4: POA 4	Inflow=0.19 cfs 0.013 af Primary=0.19 cfs 0.013 af
Total Dunoff Area = 1 520	an Dunoff Valume = 0.540 of Auguage Dunoff Danth = 4.24

Total Runoff Area = 1.526 acRunoff Volume = 0.549 afAverage Runoff Depth = 4.31"84.98% Pervious = 1.297 ac15.02% Impervious = 0.229 ac

5591-PRE-072324	Type III 24-hr 50 YEAR STORM Rainfall=8.51"
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Subcatchment1S: SW Corner	Runoff Area=20,575 sf 31.17% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.22" Flow Length=184' Tc=10.2 min CN=81 Runoff=2.93 cfs 0.245 af
Subcatchment2S: SE Corner	Runoff Area=19,202 sf 6.08% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.14" Flow Length=265' Tc=9.1 min CN=72 Runoff=2.39 cfs 0.189 af
Subcatchment3S: N Central	Runoff Area=24,854 sf 9.30% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.38" Flow Length=160' Tc=10.6 min CN=74 Runoff=3.08 cfs 0.256 af
SubcatchmentS4: NE Corner	Runoff Area=1,838 sf 4.79% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.03" Flow Length=122' Tc=6.0 min CN=71 Runoff=0.25 cfs 0.018 af
Link POA 1: City System	Inflow=2.93 cfs 0.245 af Primary=2.93 cfs 0.245 af
Link POA 2: POA 2	Inflow=2.39 cfs 0.189 af Primary=2.39 cfs 0.189 af
Link POA 3: Wetland	Inflow=3.08 cfs 0.256 af Primary=3.08 cfs 0.256 af
Link POA 4: POA 4	Inflow=0.25 cfs 0.018 af Primary=0.25 cfs 0.018 af
Total Dun off Anna - 4 500	as Runoff Valuma = 0.700 of Auguana Runoff Ranth = 5.57

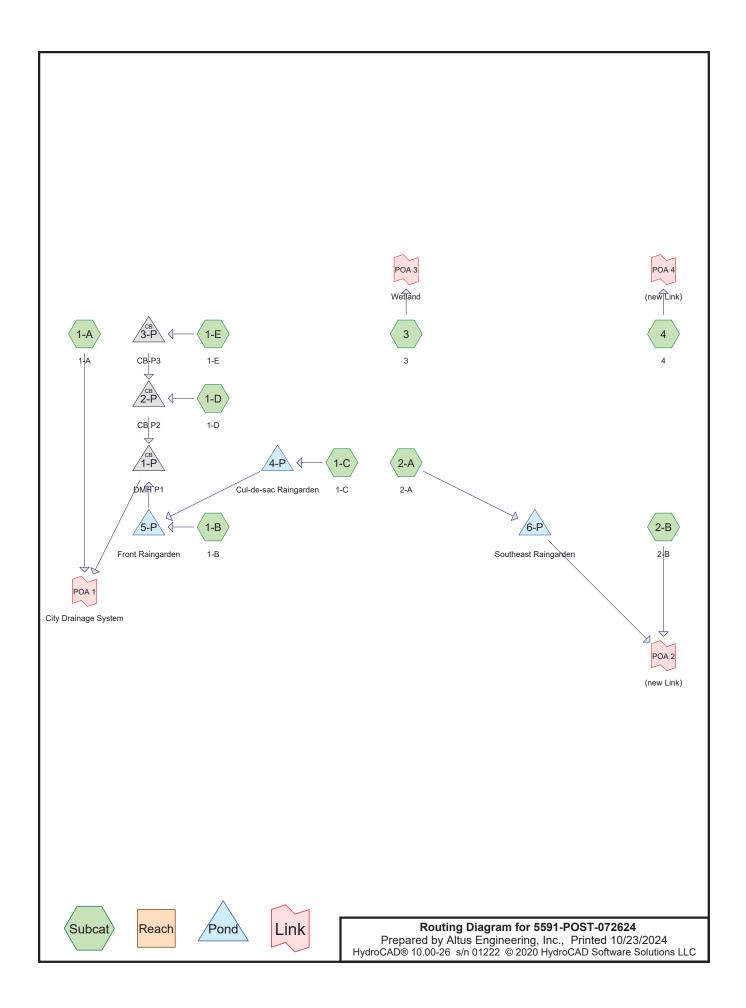
Total Runoff Area = 1.526 acRunoff Volume = 0.708 afAverage Runoff Depth = 5.57"84.98% Pervious = 1.297 ac15.02% Impervious = 0.229 ac

Section 4

Drainage Calculations

Post-Development 2-Year, 24-Hour Summary 10-Year, 24-Hour Complete 25-Year, 24-Hour Summary 50-Year, 24-Hour Summary





Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	n CN	Description
(acres))	(subcatchment-numbers)
0.902	2 74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (1-A, 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, 1-E, 2-A, 2-B, 3, 4)
0.321	98	Paved parking, HSG C (1-A, 1-C, 1-D, 1-E, 2-A, 2-B, 4)
0.162	98	Roofs, HSG C (1-B, 1-D, 2-A, 3)
0.124	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (2-A, 2-B, 3, 4)
0.018	8 79	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG D (3)
1.526	6 81	TOTAL AREA

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
0.000	HSG A	
0.000	HSG B	
1.508	HSG C	1-A, 1-B, 1-C, 1-D, 1-E, 2-A, 2-B, 3, 4
0.018	HSG D	3
0.000	Other	
1.526		TOTAL AREA

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			Orouna c		nouesj		
HSG-A	HSG-B	HSG-C	HSG-D	Other	Total	Ground	Subcatchment
(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Cover	Numbers
 0.000	0.000	0.902	0.000	0.000	0.902	>75% Grass cover, Good	1-A,
							1-B,
							1-C,
							1-D,
							1-E,
							2-A,
							2-B, 3, 4
0.000	0.000	0.321	0.000	0.000	0.321	Paved parking	1-A,
							1-C,
							1-D,
							1-E,
							2-A,
							2-B, 4
0.000	0.000	0.162	0.000	0.000	0.162	Roofs	1-B,
							1-D,
							2-A, 3
0.000	0.000	0.124	0.000	0.000	0.124	Woods, Good	2-A,
							2-B, 3, 4
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.018	0.000	0.018	Woods/grass comb., Good	3
0.000	0.000	1.508	0.018	0.000	1.526	TOTAL AREA	

Ground Covers (all nodes)

5591-POST-072624 Prepared by Altus Engineering, Inc.

Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60" Printed 10/23/2024 HydroCAD® 10.00-26 s/n 01222 © 2020 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 21

Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3001 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment1-A: 1-A	Runoff Area=4,099 sf 78.87% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.79" Tc=6.0 min CN=93 Runoff=0.49 cfs 0.038 af
Subcatchment1-B: 1-B	Runoff Area=11,993 sf 17.73% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.23" Flow Length=90' Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=1.04 cfs 0.074 af
Subcatchment1-C: 1-C	Runoff Area=11,062 sf 65.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.46" Tc=6.0 min CN=90 Runoff=1.27 cfs 0.094 af
Subcatchment1-D:1-D	Runoff Area=4,631 sf 40.44% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.82" Flow Length=135' Tc=6.0 min CN=84 Runoff=0.47 cfs 0.034 af
Subcatchment1-E: 1-E	Runoff Area=1,957 sf 48.90% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.03" Tc=6.0 min CN=86 Runoff=0.21 cfs 0.015 af
Subcatchment2-A: 2-A	Runoff Area=21,222 sf 23.11% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.32" Flow Length=188' Tc=8.1 min CN=79 Runoff=1.76 cfs 0.135 af
Subcatchment2-B: 2-B	Runoff Area=6,257 sf 0.48% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.67" Flow Length=145' Tc=6.0 min CN=72 Runoff=0.45 cfs 0.032 af
Subcatchment 3: 3	Runoff Area=3,462 sf 16.09% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.32" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.31 cfs 0.022 af
Subcatchment4: 4	Runoff Area=1,786 sf 3.02% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.76" Flow Length=122' Tc=7.2 min CN=73 Runoff=0.13 cfs 0.009 af
Pond 1-P: DMH P1	Peak Elev=53.27' Inflow=0.84 cfs 0.217 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=33.0' S=0.0052 '/' Outflow=0.84 cfs 0.217 af
Pond 2-P: CB P2	Peak Elev=53.39' Inflow=0.68 cfs 0.049 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=4.0' S=0.0050 '/' Outflow=0.68 cfs 0.049 af
Pond 3-P: CB-P3	Peak Elev=53.44' Inflow=0.21 cfs 0.015 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=23.0' S=0.0052 '/' Outflow=0.21 cfs 0.015 af
Pond 4-P: Cul-de-sac Raingar	den Peak Elev=61.65' Storage=471 cf Inflow=1.27 cfs 0.094 af Outflow=1.25 cfs 0.094 af
Pond 5-P: Front Raingarden	Peak Elev=59.54' Storage=2,847 cf Inflow=2.28 cfs 0.168 af Outflow=0.26 cfs 0.168 af
Pond 6-P: Southeast Raingard	Peak Elev=60.14' Storage=1,826 cf Inflow=1.76 cfs 0.135 af Outflow=0.70 cfs 0.129 af
Link POA 1: City Drainage Sys	Inflow=1.33 cfs 0.255 af Primary=1.33 cfs 0.255 af

5591-POST-072624	Type III 24-hr 10	YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"
Prepared by Altus Engineering, Inc.		Printed 10/23/2024
HydroCAD® 10.00-26 s/n 01222 © 2020 HydroCAD Soft	ware Solutions LLC	Page 22
Link POA 2: (new Link)		Inflow=0.98 cfs_0.161 af

Link POA 3: Wetland

Link POA 4: (new Link)

Inflow=0.98 cfs 0.161 af Primary=0.98 cfs 0.161 af

Inflow=0.31 cfs 0.022 af Primary=0.31 cfs 0.022 af

Inflow=0.13 cfs 0.009 af Primary=0.13 cfs 0.009 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.526 ac Runoff Volume = 0.453 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.56" 31.63% Impervious = 0.483 ac 68.37% Pervious = 1.043 ac

Runoff 0.49 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.038 af, Depth= 4.79" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

A	rea (sf)		Description								
	3,233 866										
	4,099 866	93 V									
	3,233			pervious Ar							
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description						
6.0					Direct Entry,						
				Subcat	chment 1-A: 1-A						
				Hydro	graph						
0.55				0.49 cfs							
0.5				0.40 013	Type III 24-hr						
0.45					10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"						
0.4					Runoff Area≑4,099 sf Runoff Volume=0.038 af						
0.35					Runoff Depth=4.79"						
(cts) 0.3 0.25 0.25					Tc=6.0 min CN=93						
0 .25											
0.2											
0.15											
0.1											
0.05											
0-	0 1 2 3		7 8 9 10) 11 12 13 14	4 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30						

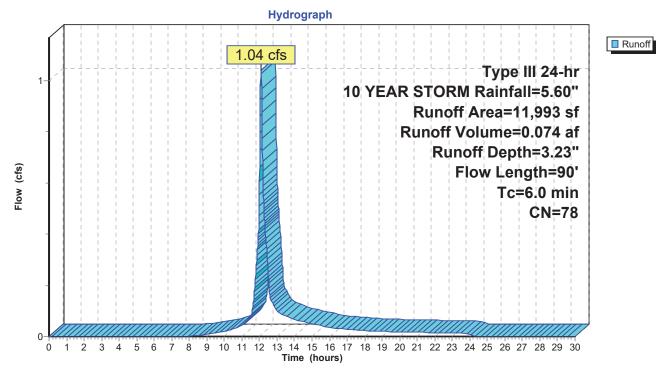
Summary for Subcatchment 1-B: 1-B

Runoff = 1.04 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.074 af, Depth= 3.23"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description					
	2,126	98 F	8 Roofs, HSG C					
	9,867	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C			
	11,993	78 V	Veighted A	verage				
	9,867	8	82.27% Pervious Area					
	2,126	1	7.73% Imp	pervious Ar	ea			
_								
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
3.6	50	0.0600	0.23		Sheet Flow,			
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.23"			
0.3	40	0.0050	2.05	16.41	Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow,			
					Bot.W=2.00' D=1.00' Z= 6.0 '/' Top.W=14.00'			
					n= 0.035 Earth, dense weeds			
2.1					Direct Entry,			
6.0	90	Total						

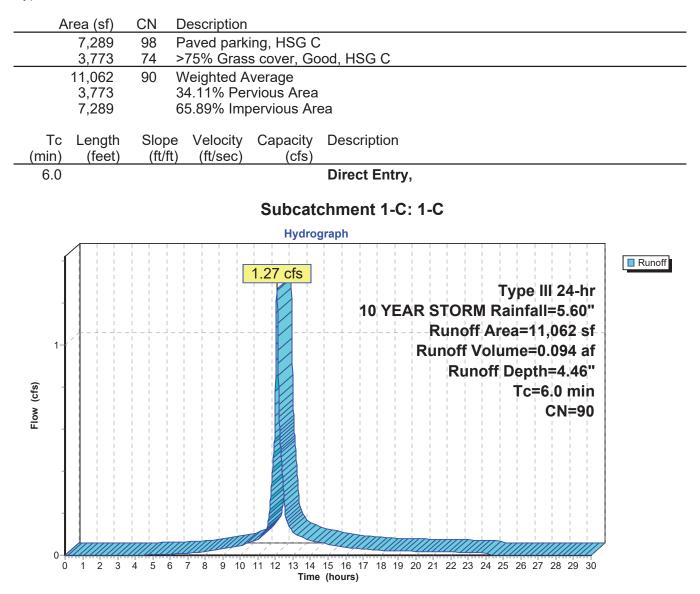
Subcatchment 1-B: 1-B



Summary for Subcatchment 1-C: 1-C

1.27 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= Runoff 0.094 af, Depth= 4.46" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"



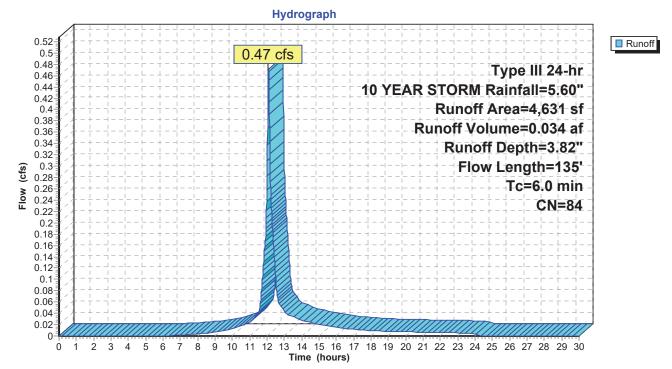
Summary for Subcatchment 1-D: 1-D

Runoff 0.47 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.034 af, Depth= 3.82" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription						
	14	98 F	98 Roofs, HSG C						
	1,859	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG C					
	2,758	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C				
	4,631	84 V	Veighted A	verage					
	2,758	5	9.56% Per	vious Area					
	1,873	4	0.44% Imp	ervious Ar	ea				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
3.6	42	0.0430	0.20		Sheet Flow,				
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.23"				
0.4	36	0.0420	1.43		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps				
0.2	57	0.0550	4.76		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
1.8					Direct Entry,				
6.0	135	Total							

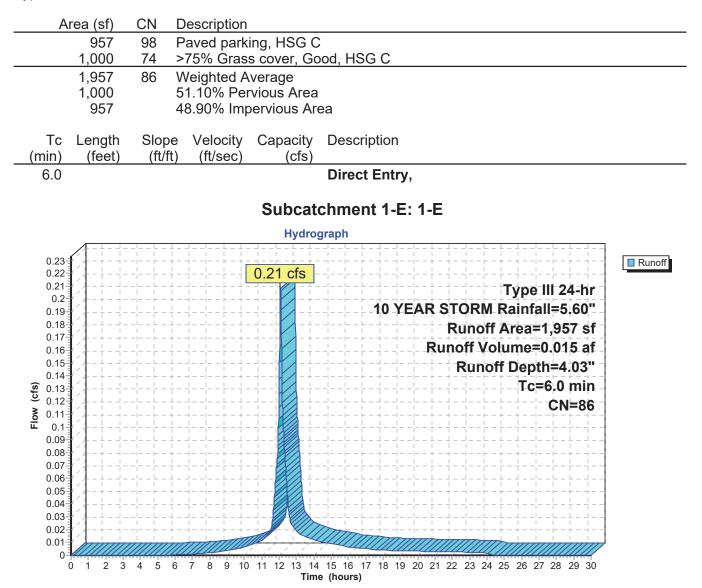
Subcatchment 1-D: 1-D



Summary for Subcatchment 1-E: 1-E

Runoff 0.21 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.015 af, Depth= 4.03" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"



Summary for Subcatchment 2-A: 2-A

Runoff 1.76 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.135 af, Depth= 3.32" =

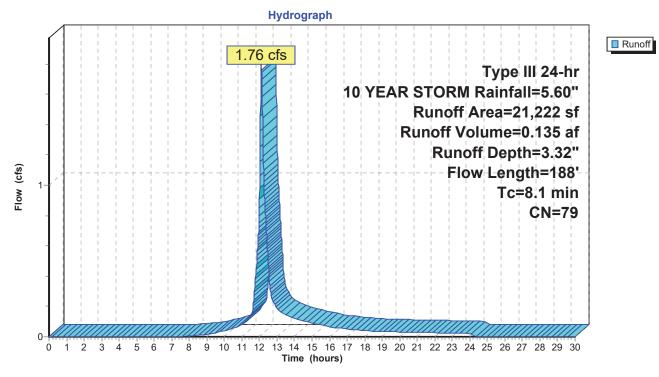
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description				
	4,354	98 F	98 Roofs, HSG C				
	551	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG C			
	510		,	od, HSG C			
	15,807	74 >	·75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C		
	21,222	79 V	Veighted A	verage			
	16,317	7	6.89% Per	vious Area			
	4,905	2	3.11% Imp	pervious Are	ea		
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description		
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
6.5	33	0.0060	0.08		Sheet Flow,		
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.23"		
1.0	38	0.0090	0.66		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps		
0.4	77	0.0130	3.21	16.07	Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow,		
					Bot.W=1.00' D=1.00' Z= 4.0 '/' Top.W=9.00'		
					n= 0.035 Earth, dense weeds		
0.2	40	0.0812	4.37	21.84	Trap/Vee/Rect Channel Flow,		
					Bot.W=2.00' D=1.00' Z= 3.0 '/' Top.W=8.00'		
					n= 0.069 Riprap, 6-inch		
8.1	188	Total					

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Subcatchment 2-A: 2-A



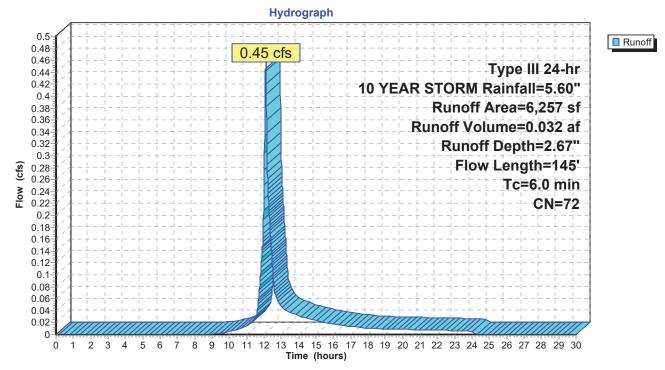
Summary for Subcatchment 2-B: 2-B

Runoff 0.45 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.032 af, Depth= 2.67" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription						
	30	98 F	98 Paved parking, HSG C						
	3,925	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C					
	2,302	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG C				
	6,257	72 V	Veighted A	verage					
	6,227	9	99.52% Pervious Area						
	30	0	.48% Impe	ervious Are	a				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
3.3	45	0.0600	0.23		Sheet Flow,				
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.23"				
1.5	100	0.0500	1.12		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
1.2					Direct Entry,				
6.0	145	Total							

Subcatchment 2-B: 2-B



Summary for Subcatchment 3: 3

Runoff 0.31 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.022 af, Depth= 3.32" =

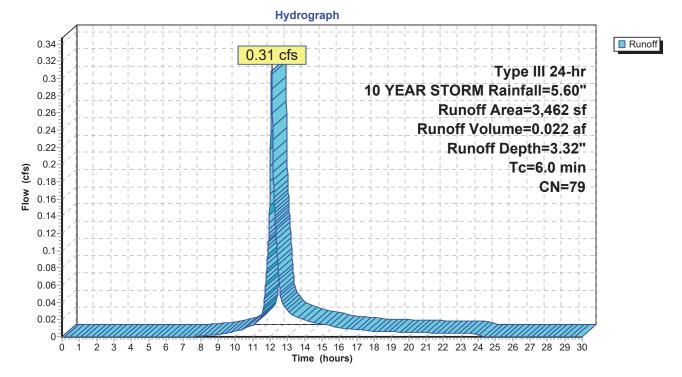
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description							
	557	98	Roofs, HSG	C						
	781	79	Woods/gras	s comb., G	Good, HSG D					
	201	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C						
	1,923	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C							
	3,462	79	Weighted Average							
	2,905		83.91% Pervious Area							
	557		16.09% Impervious Area							
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)						
6.0					Direct Entry					



Direct Entry,

Subcatchment 3: 3



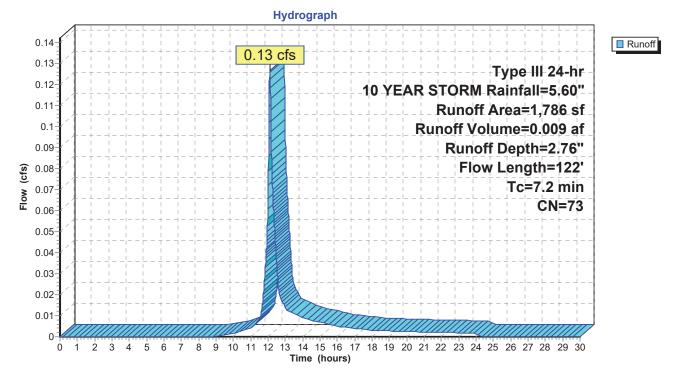
Summary for Subcatchment 4: 4

Runoff = 0.13 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.009 af, Depth= 2.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 YEAR STORM Rainfall=5.60"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
	54	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG C)
	750	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C	
	982	74 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C
	1,786	73 V	Veighted A	verage	
	1,732	9	6.98% Per	vious Area	
	54	3	.02% Impe	ervious Are	а
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
6.2	43	0.0814	0.12		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.23"
1.0	79	0.0696	1.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
7.2	122	Total			

Subcatchment 4: 4



Summary for Pond 1-P: DMH P1

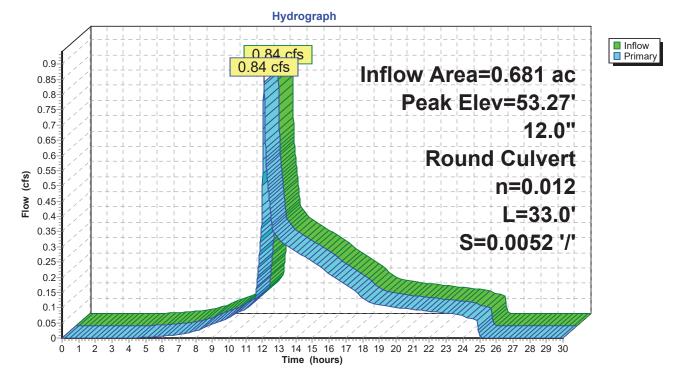
[80] Warning: Exceeded Pond 2-P by 0.02' @ 24.32 hrs (0.00 cfs 0.000 af)

Inflow Area = 0.681 ac, 41.31% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.83" for 10 YEAR STORM event Inflow = 0.84 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.217 af Outflow = 0.84 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.217 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Primary = 0.84 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.217 af Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method. Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs. dt= 0.01 hrs

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 53.27' @ 12.09 hrs Flood Elev= 58.70'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	52.72'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 33.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 52.72' / 52.55' S= 0.0052 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=0.84 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=53.27' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 0.84 cfs @ 2.78 fps)



Pond 1-P: DMH P1

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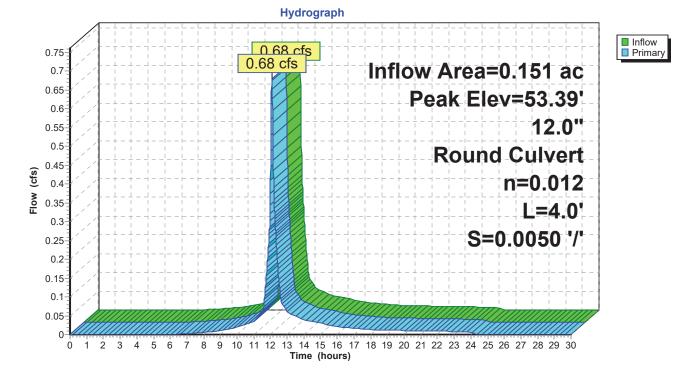
Summary for Pond 2-P: CB P2

Inflow Area =0.151 ac, 42.96% Impervious, Inflow Depth =3.89" for 10 YEAR STORM eventInflow =0.68 cfs @12.09 hrs, Volume=0.049 afOutflow =0.68 cfs @12.09 hrs, Volume=0.049 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 minPrimary =0.68 cfs @12.09 hrs, Volume=0.049 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 53.39' @ 12.09 hrs Flood Elev= 57.25'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	52.84'	12.0" Round Culvert
			L= 4.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 52.84' / 52.82' S= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.012, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=0.66 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=53.39' TW=53.26' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Outlet Controls 0.66 cfs @ 2.20 fps)





Summary for Pond 3-P: CB-P3

 Inflow Area =
 0.045 ac, 48.90% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.03" for 10 YEAR STORM event

 Inflow =
 0.21 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=
 0.015 af

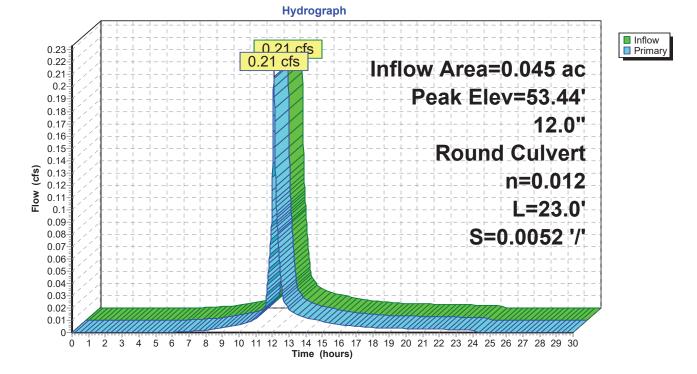
 Outflow =
 0.21 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=
 0.015 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

 Primary =
 0.21 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume=
 0.015 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 53.44' @ 12.10 hrs Flood Elev= 57.35'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	53.06'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 23.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 53.06' / 52.94' S= 0.0052 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=0.19 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=53.43' TW=53.39' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Outlet Controls 0.19 cfs @ 1.08 fps)



Pond 3-P: CB-P3

Summary for Pond 4-P: Cul-de-sac Raingarden

Inflow Area =	0.254 ac, 65.89% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 4.46" for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow =	1.27 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume=	0.094 af
Outflow =	1.25 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	0.094 af, Atten= 2%, Lag= 1.0 min
Primary =	1.25 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	0.094 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 61.65' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 699 sf Storage= 471 cf Flood Elev= 62.00' Surf.Area= 804 sf Storage= 734 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 51.2 min calculated for 0.094 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 51.2 min (838.2 - 786.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stora	age Storage Description				
#1	60.85'	1,016	6 cf Custom Stage Data (Conic)Listed below (Recalc)				
Elevatio (fee		urf.Area (sq-ft) (Inc.Store cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)		
60.8 61.0 62.0 62.3	35 00 00	486 522 804 1,084	0 76 658 282	0 76 734 1,016	486 524 820 1,102		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	8			
#1	Primary		Inlet / Outlet In	P, square edge he	adwall, Ke= 0.500 0' S= 0.0025 '/' Co	= 0.900	
#2	Device 1		24.0" Horiz. C	Prifice/Grate C= 0			
#3 #4	Device 1 Device 3		 4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 2.500 in/hr Exfiltration throguh Media over Wetted area Phase-In= 0.01' 				

Primary OutFlow Max=1.25 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=61.65' TW=58.97' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Culvert (Passes 1.25 cfs of 4.48 cfs potential flow)

-2=Orifice/Grate (Weir Controls 1.20 cfs @ 1.27 fps)

3=Orifice/Grate (Passes 0.04 cfs of 0.69 cfs potential flow) **4=Exfiltration throguh Media** (Exfiltration Controls 0.04 cfs)

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Hydrograph InflowPrimary 1.27 cfs 1.25 cfs Inflow Area=0.254 ac Peak Elev=61.65' Storage=471 cf 1 Flow (cfs) 0-0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

Time (hours)

Pond 4-P: Cul-de-sac Raingarden

Summary for Pond 5-P: Front Raingarden

Inflow Area =	0.529 ac, 40.84% Impervious, Inflow D	epth = 3.82" for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow =	2.28 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume=	0.168 af
Outflow =	0.26 cfs @ 12.81 hrs, Volume=	0.168 af, Atten= 88%, Lag= 42.6 min
Primary =	0.26 cfs @ 12.81 hrs, Volume=	0.168 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 59.54' @ 12.81 hrs Surf.Area= 2,909 sf Storage= 2,847 cf Flood Elev= 60.00' Surf.Area= 3,734 sf Storage= 4,357 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 130.4 min calculated for 0.168 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 130.3 min (961.4 - 831.1)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	age Storage Description				
#1	58.00' 5,655 cf Custom Stage Data (Conic)Listed below (Recalc)					elow (Recalc)	
Elevatio	on Su	rf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	e Wet.A	rea	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet	:) (so	<u>q-ft)</u>	
58.0	00	1,007	0	(0 1,0	007	
59.0	00	2,059	1,502	1,50	2 2,0	068	
60.0	00	3,734	2,855	4,35	7 3,	753	
60.3	33	4,133	1,297	5,65	5 4,1	159	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices				
#1	Primary	53.00'	12.0" Round (Culvert			
					e headwall, Ke		
						164 '/' Cc= 0.900	
		50.001	n= 0.012, Flow				
#2	Device 1	59.83'	24.0" Horiz. Or				
#3	Device 1	55.50'	Limited to weir 4.0" Vert. Orifi				
#3 #4	Device 3	58.00'				er Wetted area	
#4	Device 5	56.00	Phase-In= 0.0		bugn media ov	er welleu area	
#5	Device 1	58.65'	2.0" Vert. Orifi	ce/Grate C	= 0.600		

Primary OutFlow Max=0.26 cfs @ 12.81 hrs HW=59.54' TW=53.05' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.26 cfs of 9.30 cfs potential flow)

-2=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

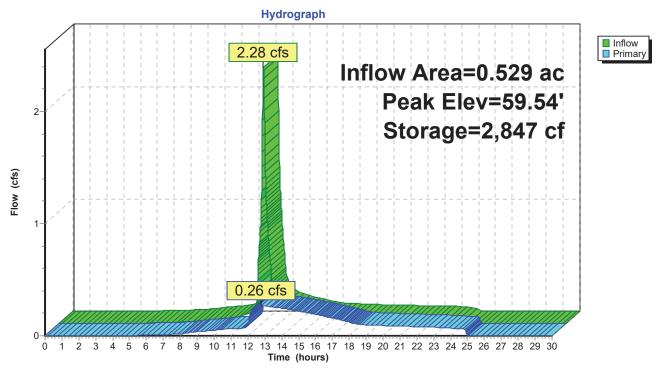
3=Orifice/Grate (Passes 0.17 cfs of 0.83 cfs potential flow) **4=Exfiltration through Media** (Exfiltration Controls 0.17 cfs)

-5=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.09 cfs @ 4.34 fps)

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Summary for Pond 6-P: Southeast Raingarden

Inflow Area =	0.487 ac, 23.11% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.32" for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow =	1.76 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume	e= 0.135 af
Outflow =	0.70 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume	e= 0.129 af, Atten= 60%, Lag= 16.9 min
Primary =	0.70 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume	e= 0.129 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Starting Elev= 58.67' Surf.Area= 809 sf Storage= 61 cf Peak Elev= 60.14' @ 12.40 hrs Surf.Area= 1,739 sf Storage= 1,826 cf (1,765 cf above start) Flood Elev= 61.00' Surf.Area= 2,787 sf Storage= 3,755 cf (3,694 cf above start)

Plug-Flow detention time= 95.0 min calculated for 0.128 af (95% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 64.1 min (885.6 - 821.5)

Volume	Inver	t Ava	il.Storage	e Storage Descri	iption	
#1	57.17	'1	3,755 c	f Custom Stage	e Data (Conic)List	ed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		Surf.Area	Voids	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(%)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	<u>(sq-ft)</u>
57.´	17	809	0.0	0	0	809
58.6	67	809	5.0	61	61	960
59.0	00	929	100.0	287	347	1,085
60.0	00	1,592	100.0	1,246	1,593	1,760
61.0		2,787	100.0	2,162	3,755	2,966
Device	Routing	In	vert O	utlet Devices		
#1	Primary	56	6.18' 12	.0" Round Culve	ert	
	2		L=	26.0' CPP, squa	are edge headwall	, Ke= 0.500
					•	= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n=	0.012, Flow Area	a= 0.79 sf	
#2	Device 1	60		.0" Horiz. Orifice		
				mited to weir flow a		
#3	Device 4	58				a over Wetted area above 58.67'
				cluded Wetted are		
#4	Device 1	56		0" Vert. Orifice/G		
#5	Device 1		-	2" Vert. Orifice/G		
<i>#</i> 0	Device 1	00				

Primary OutFlow Max=0.70 cfs @ 12.40 hrs HW=60.14' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Culvert (Passes 0.70 cfs of 7.03 cfs potential flow)

2=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

-4=Orifice/Grate (Passes 0.05 cfs of 0.82 cfs potential flow)

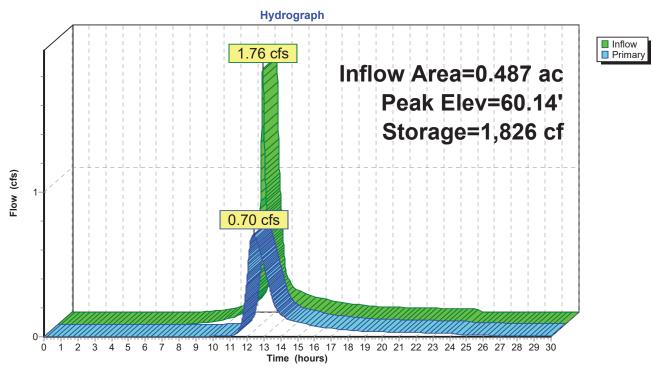
3=Exfiltration through Media (Exfiltration Controls 0.05 cfs)

-5=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.64 cfs @ 4.37 fps)

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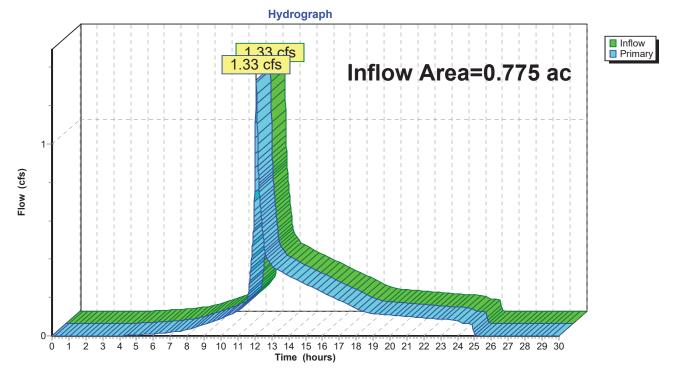


Pond 6-P: Southeast Raingarden

Summary for Link POA 1: City Drainage System

Inflow Area =	=	0.775 ac, 45.87% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.95" for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow =	=	1.33 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.255 af
Primary =	=	1.33 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.255 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

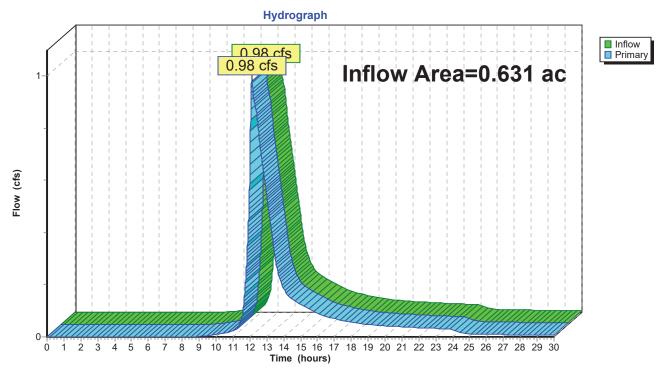


Link POA 1: City Drainage System

Summary for Link POA 2: (new Link)

Inflow Area	a =	0.631 ac, 17.96% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.07" for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow	=	0.98 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.161 af
Primary	=	0.98 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 0.161 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

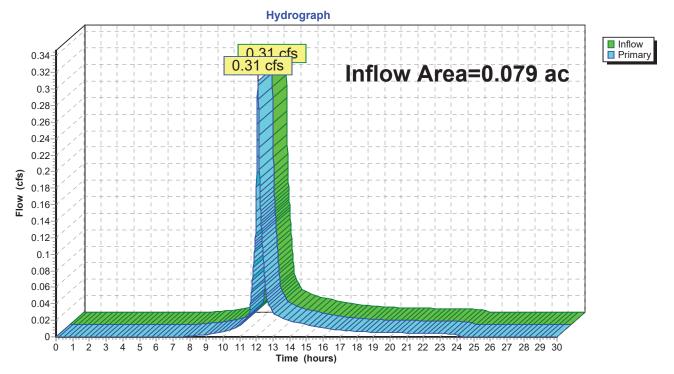


Link POA 2: (new Link)

Summary for Link POA 3: Wetland

Inflow Area	a =	0.079 ac, 16.09% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.32" for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow	=	0.31 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.022 af
Primary	=	0.31 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.022 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

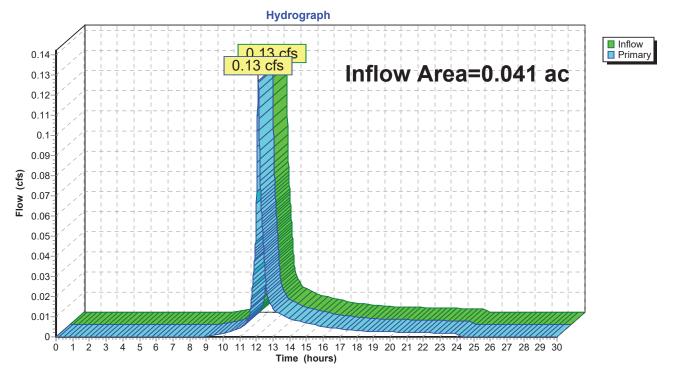


Link POA 3: Wetland

Summary for Link POA 4: (new Link)

Inflow Area	a =	0.041 ac,	3.02% Impervious, Inflow Dept	า = 2.76"	for 10 YEAR STORM event
Inflow	=	0.13 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.	009 af	
Primary	=	0.13 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.	009 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs



Link POA 4: (new Link)

5591-POST-072624Type III 24-hr2 YEAR STORM Rainfall=3.70"Prepared by Altus Engineering, Inc.Printed 10/23/2024HydroCAD® 10.00-26 s/n 01222 © 2020 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLCPage 46

Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3001 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment1-A: 1-A	Runoff Area=4,099 sf 78.87% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.93" Tc=6.0 min CN=93 Runoff=0.31 cfs 0.023 af
Subcatchment1-B:1-B	Runoff Area=11,993 sf 17.73% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.65" Flow Length=90' Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=0.53 cfs 0.038 af
Subcatchment1-C: 1-C	Runoff Area=11,062 sf 65.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.64" Tc=6.0 min CN=90 Runoff=0.77 cfs 0.056 af
Subcatchment1-D: 1-D	Runoff Area=4,631 sf 40.44% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.11" Flow Length=135' Tc=6.0 min CN=84 Runoff=0.26 cfs 0.019 af
Subcatchment1-E:1-E	Runoff Area=1,957 sf 48.90% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.28" Tc=6.0 min CN=86 Runoff=0.12 cfs 0.009 af
Subcatchment2-A: 2-A	Runoff Area=21,222 sf 23.11% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.72" Flow Length=188' Tc=8.1 min CN=79 Runoff=0.91 cfs 0.070 af
Subcatchment2-B: 2-B	Runoff Area=6,257 sf 0.48% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.25" Flow Length=145' Tc=6.0 min CN=72 Runoff=0.20 cfs 0.015 af
Subcatchment3: 3	Runoff Area=3,462 sf 16.09% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.72" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.16 cfs 0.011 af
Subcatchment4: 4	Runoff Area=1,786 sf 3.02% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.32" Flow Length=122' Tc=7.2 min CN=73 Runoff=0.06 cfs 0.004 af
Pond 1-P: DMH P1	Peak Elev=53.11' Inflow=0.46 cfs 0.121 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=33.0' S=0.0052 '/' Outflow=0.46 cfs 0.121 af
Pond 2-P: CB P2	Peak Elev=53.22' Inflow=0.38 cfs 0.027 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=4.0' S=0.0050 '/' Outflow=0.38 cfs 0.027 af
Pond 3-P: CB-P3	Peak Elev=53.30' Inflow=0.12 cfs 0.009 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=23.0' S=0.0052 '/' Outflow=0.12 cfs 0.009 af
Pond 4-P: Cul-de-sac Raingar	den Peak Elev=61.61' Storage=440 cf Inflow=0.77 cfs 0.056 af Outflow=0.74 cfs 0.056 af
Pond 5-P: Front Raingarden	Peak Elev=58.89' Storage=1,289 cf Inflow=1.26 cfs 0.094 af Outflow=0.15 cfs 0.094 af
Pond 6-P: Southeast Raingard	len Peak Elev=59.59' Storage=1,004 cf Inflow=0.91 cfs 0.070 af Outflow=0.40 cfs 0.065 af
Link POA 1: City Drainage Sys	tem Inflow=0.77 cfs 0.144 af Primary=0.77 cfs 0.144 af

5591-POST-072624	Type III 24-hr 2 YEAR STOR	M Rainfall=3.70"
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Inflow=0.49 cfs 0.080 af Primary=0.49 cfs 0.080 af

Inflow=0.16 cfs 0.011 af Primary=0.16 cfs 0.011 af

Inflow=0.06 cfs 0.004 af Primary=0.06 cfs 0.004 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.526 acRunoff Volume = 0.245 afAverage Runoff Depth = 1.92"68.37% Pervious = 1.043 ac31.63% Impervious = 0.483 ac

Link POA 2: (new Link)

Link POA 3: Wetland

Link POA 4: (new Link)

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Type III 24-hr 25 YEAR STORM Rainfall=7.12" Printed 10/23/2024 HydroCAD® 10.00-26 s/n 01222 © 2020 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 48

Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3001 points

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment1-A:1-A	Runoff Area=4,099 sf 78.87% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.29" Tc=6.0 min CN=93 Runoff=0.64 cfs 0.049 af
Subcatchment1-B: 1-B	Runoff Area=11,993 sf 17.73% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.58" Flow Length=90' Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=1.47 cfs 0.105 af
Subcatchment1-C:1-C	Runoff Area=11,062 sf 65.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.94" Tc=6.0 min CN=90 Runoff=1.67 cfs 0.126 af
Subcatchment1-D: 1-D	Runoff Area=4,631 sf 40.44% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.25" Flow Length=135' Tc=6.0 min CN=84 Runoff=0.64 cfs 0.047 af
Subcatchment1-E: 1-E	Runoff Area=1,957 sf 48.90% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.48" Tc=6.0 min CN=86 Runoff=0.28 cfs 0.021 af
Subcatchment2-A: 2-A	Runoff Area=21,222 sf 23.11% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.69" Flow Length=188' Tc=8.1 min CN=79 Runoff=2.48 cfs 0.191 af
Subcatchment2-B: 2-B	Runoff Area=6,257 sf 0.48% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.93" Flow Length=145' Tc=6.0 min CN=72 Runoff=0.66 cfs 0.047 af
Subcatchment3: 3	Runoff Area=3,462 sf 16.09% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.69" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.43 cfs 0.031 af
Subcatchment4: 4	Runoff Area=1,786 sf 3.02% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.04" Flow Length=122' Tc=7.2 min CN=73 Runoff=0.19 cfs 0.014 af
Pond 1-P: DMH P1	Peak Elev=53.37' Inflow=1.15 cfs 0.298 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=33.0' S=0.0052 '/' Outflow=1.15 cfs 0.298 af
Pond 2-P: CB P2	Peak Elev=53.51' Inflow=0.92 cfs 0.067 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=4.0' S=0.0050 '/' Outflow=0.92 cfs 0.067 af
Pond 3-P: CB-P3	Peak Elev=53.55' Inflow=0.28 cfs 0.021 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=23.0' S=0.0052 '/' Outflow=0.28 cfs 0.021 af
Pond 4-P: Cul-de-sac Raingar	den Peak Elev=61.68' Storage=493 cf Inflow=1.67 cfs 0.126 af Outflow=1.64 cfs 0.126 af
Pond 5-P: Front Raingarden	Peak Elev=59.90' Storage=3,995 cf Inflow=3.10 cfs 0.231 af Outflow=0.70 cfs 0.231 af
Pond 6-P: Southeast Raingard	Peak Elev=60.52' Storage=2,559 cf Inflow=2.48 cfs 0.191 af Outflow=0.90 cfs 0.185 af
Link POA 1: City Drainage Sys	Inflow=1.78 cfs 0.347 af Primary=1.78 cfs 0.347 af

5591-POST-072624 Prepared by Altus Engineering, Inc. HydroCAD® 10.00-26 s/n 01222 © 2020 HydroCAD Softw	Type III 24-hr 25 YEAR STORM Rainfall=7.12"Printed 10/23/2024vare Solutions LLCPage 49
Link POA 2: (new Link)	Inflow=1.32 cfs 0.232 af Primary=1.32 cfs 0.232 af
Link DOA 2: Matland	Inflow=0.43 cfs 0.031 af
Link POA 3: Wetland	Primary=0.43 cfs 0.031 af
Link POA 4: (new Link)	Inflow=0.19 cfs 0.014 af
	Primary=0.19 cfs 0.014 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.526 acRunoff Volume = 0.630 afAverage Runoff Depth = 4.95"68.37% Pervious = 1.043 ac31.63% Impervious = 0.483 ac

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Type III 24-hr 50 YEAR STORM Rainfall=8.51" Printed 10/23/2024 HydroCAD® 10.00-26 s/n 01222 © 2020 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 50

> Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 3001 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment1-A: 1-A	Runoff Area=4,099 sf 78.87% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.67" Tc=6.0 min CN=93 Runoff=0.77 cfs 0.060 af
Subcatchment1-B:1-B	Runoff Area=11,993 sf 17.73% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.86" Flow Length=90' Tc=6.0 min CN=78 Runoff=1.87 cfs 0.135 af
Subcatchment1-C:1-C	Runoff Area=11,062 sf 65.89% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.31" Tc=6.0 min CN=90 Runoff=2.03 cfs 0.155 af
Subcatchment1-D:1-D	Runoff Area=4,631 sf 40.44% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.59" Flow Length=135' Tc=6.0 min CN=84 Runoff=0.79 cfs 0.058 af
Subcatchment1-E: 1-E	Runoff Area=1,957 sf 48.90% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.83" Tc=6.0 min CN=86 Runoff=0.34 cfs 0.026 af
Subcatchment2-A: 2-A	Runoff Area=21,222 sf 23.11% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.98" Flow Length=188' Tc=8.1 min CN=79 Runoff=3.13 cfs 0.243 af
Subcatchment2-B: 2-B	Runoff Area=6,257 sf 0.48% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.14" Flow Length=145' Tc=6.0 min CN=72 Runoff=0.87 cfs 0.062 af
Subcatchment3: 3	Runoff Area=3,462 sf 16.09% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.98" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.55 cfs 0.040 af
Subcatchment4: 4	Runoff Area=1,786 sf 3.02% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.26" Flow Length=122' Tc=7.2 min CN=73 Runoff=0.24 cfs 0.018 af
Pond 1-P: DMH P1	Peak Elev=53.68' Inflow=2.11 cfs 0.373 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=33.0' S=0.0052 '/' Outflow=2.11 cfs 0.373 af
Pond 2-P: CB P2	Peak Elev=53.70' Inflow=1.14 cfs 0.084 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=4.0' S=0.0050 '/' Outflow=1.14 cfs 0.084 af
Pond 3-P: CB-P3	Peak Elev=53.71' Inflow=0.34 cfs 0.026 af 12.0" Round Culvert n=0.012 L=23.0' S=0.0052 '/' Outflow=0.34 cfs 0.026 af
Pond 4-P: Cul-de-sac Raingar	den Peak Elev=61.71' Storage=512 cf Inflow=2.03 cfs 0.155 af Outflow=2.00 cfs 0.155 af
Pond 5-P: Front Raingarden	Peak Elev=59.99' Storage=4,316 cf Inflow=3.85 cfs 0.289 af Outflow=1.64 cfs 0.289 af
Pond 6-P: Southeast Raingard	len Peak Elev=60.63' Storage=2,806 cf Inflow=3.13 cfs 0.243 af Outflow=1.83 cfs 0.237 af
Link POA 1: City Drainage Sys	tem Inflow=2.44 cfs 0.433 af Primary=2.44 cfs 0.433 af

5591-POST-072624	Type III 24-hr 50	YEAR STORM Rainfall=8.51"
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		-

Inflow=2.26 cfs 0.299 af Primary=2.26 cfs 0.299 af

Inflow=0.55 cfs 0.040 af Primary=0.55 cfs 0.040 af

Inflow=0.24 cfs 0.018 af Primary=0.24 cfs 0.018 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.526 acRunoff Volume = 0.795 afAverage Runoff Depth = 6.26"68.37% Pervious = 1.043 ac31.63% Impervious = 0.483 ac

Link POA 2: (new Link)

Link POA 3: Wetland

Link POA 4: (new Link)

Section 5

Precipitation Table



Extreme Precipitation Tables

Northeast Regional Climate Center

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

	Metadata for Point								
Smoothing	Yes								
State									
Location									
Latitude	43.059 degrees North								
Longitude	70.753 degrees West								
Elevation	10 feet								
Date/Time	Tue Jul 23 2024 09:29:50 GMT-0400 (Eastern Daylight Time)								

Extreme Precipitation Estimates

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.26	0.40	0.50	0.65	0.82	1.04	1yr	0.70	0.98	1.21	1.56	2.03	2.66	2.93	1yr	2.36	2.82	3.23	3.95	4.56	1yr
2yr	0.32	0.50	0.62	0.82	1.02	1.30	2yr	0.88	1.18	1.52	1.94	2.49	3.22	3.58	2yr	2.85	3.44	3.95	4.69	5.34	2yr
5yr	0.37	0.58	0.73	0.98	1.25	1.61	5yr	1.08	1.47	1.89	2.43	3.14	4.07	4.59	5yr	3.61	4.41	5.05	5.95	6.72	5yr
10yr	0.41	0.65	0.82	1.12	1.45	1.89	10yr	1.26	1.73	2.24	2.90	3.76	4.87	5.54	10yr	4.31	5.33	6.10	7.12	7.99	10yr
25yr	0.48	0.76	0.97	1.34	1.78	2.35	25yr	1.54	2.15	2.78	3.64	4.75	6.18	7.11	25yr	5.47	6.84	7.83	9.05	10.07	25yr
50yr	0.54	0.86	1.10	1.54	2.08	2.77	50yr	1.79	2.53	3.30	4.34	5.68	7.40	8.60	50yr	6.55	8.27	9.45	10.84	12.00	50yr
100yr	0.60	0.97	1.25	1.78	2.43	3.27	100yr	2.10	2.99	3.92	5.17	6.79	8.87	10.40	100yr	7.85	10.00	11.42	13.00	14.30	100yr
200yr	0.68	1.11	1.43	2.06	2.84	3.85	200yr	2.45	3.53	4.64	6.15	8.10	10.63	12.57	200yr	9.41	12.09	13.81	15.59	17.05	200yr
500yr	0.80	1.32	1.72	2.50	3.50	4.79	500yr	3.02	4.40	5.79	7.74	10.25	13.51	16.17	500yr	11.95	15.55	17.74	19.84	21.53	500yr

Lower Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.23	0.36	0.44	0.59	0.72	0.88	1yr	0.63	0.86	0.93	1.33	1.69	2.25	2.50	1yr	1.99	2.40	2.88	3.19	3.91	1yr
2yr	0.31	0.49	0.60	0.81	1.00	1.19	2yr	0.86	1.16	1.37	1.82	2.33	3.07	3.46	2yr	2.72	3.33	3.83	4.56	5.10	2yr
5yr	0.35	0.54	0.67	0.92	1.17	1.40	5yr	1.01	1.37	1.61	2.12	2.73	3.79	4.20	5yr	3.36	4.04	4.73	5.55	6.25	5yr
10yr	0.39	0.59	0.74	1.03	1.33	1.60	10yr	1.15	1.57	1.80	2.38	3.05	4.38	4.87	10yr	3.87	4.68	5.46	6.43	7.21	10yr
25yr	0.44	0.67	0.83	1.19	1.56	1.90	25yr	1.35	1.86	2.10	2.75	3.53	4.75	5.90	25yr	4.21	5.67	6.67	7.81	8.70	25yr
50yr	0.48	0.73	0.91	1.31	1.77	2.17	50yr	1.53	2.12	2.35	3.06	3.92	5.37	6.81	50yr	4.76	6.55	7.75	9.07	10.04	50yr
100yr	0.54	0.81	1.02	1.47	2.01	2.47	100yr	1.74	2.41	2.63	3.40	4.33	6.05	7.86	100yr	5.35	7.56	9.01	10.54	11.60	100yr
200yr	0.59	0.89	1.13	1.63	2.28	2.81	200yr	1.97	2.75	2.94	3.76	4.77	6.79	9.07	200yr	6.01	8.72	10.46	12.27	13.41	200yr
500yr	0.69	1.02	1.31	1.91	2.71	3.36	500yr	2.34	3.29	3.41	4.29	5.42	7.92	10.96	500yr	7.01	10.54	12.75	15.03	16.25	500yr

Upper Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1dav	2day	4dav	7dav	10day	
	-															v	,	, v		, v	
1yr	0.29	0.44	0.54	0.72	0.89	1.08	1yr	0.77	1.06	1.26	1.74	2.20	2.98	3.17	1yr	2.64	3.05	3.59	4.38	5.05	1yr
2yr	0.34	0.52	0.64	0.87	1.07	1.27	2yr	0.92	1.24	1.48	1.96	2.51	3.43	3.71	2yr	3.03	3.57	4.10	4.85	5.63	2yr
5yr	0.40	0.62	0.77	1.05	1.34	1.62	5yr	1.15	1.59	1.89	2.54	3.25	4.35	4.97	5yr	3.85	4.78	5.39	6.39	7.17	5yr
10yr	0.47	0.72	0.89	1.25	1.61	1.98	10yr	1.39	1.94	2.29	3.11	3.96	5.35	6.22	10yr	4.73	5.98	6.84	7.86	8.77	10yr
25yr	0.58	0.88	1.09	1.56	2.05	2.58	25yr	1.77	2.52	2.96	4.08	5.17	7.76	8.36	25yr	6.87	8.04	9.18	10.36	11.43	25yr
50yr	0.67	1.03	1.28	1.83	2.47	3.14	50yr	2.13	3.07	3.60	5.01	6.34	9.71	10.48	50yr	8.60	10.08	11.48	12.75	13.99	50yr
100yr	0.79	1.20	1.50	2.17	2.98	3.82	100yr	2.57	3.74	4.39	6.17	7.80	12.14	13.13	100yr	10.75	12.63	14.35	15.73	17.12	100yr
200yr	0.93	1.40	1.77	2.56	3.58	4.67	200yr	3.09	4.57	5.35	7.61	9.59	15.23	16.47	200yr	13.48	15.84	17.98	19.39	20.95	200yr
500yr	1.15	1.72	2.21	3.21	4.57	6.07	500yr	3.94	5.94	6.95	10.06	12.63	20.56	22.24	500yr	18.19	21.39	24.22	25.56	27.37	500yr

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Section 6

NRCS Soils Report





United States Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants Custom Soil Resource Report for **Rockingham County, New Hampshire**



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



	MAP L	EGEND)	MAP INFORMATION
Area of In	terest (AOI)		Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at
	Area of Interest (AOI)	٥	Stony Spot	1:24,000.
Soils	Soil Map Unit Polygons	0	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	\$	Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause
	Soil Map Unit Points	\triangle	Other	misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil
—	Point Features		Special Line Features	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed
అ	Blowout	Water Fea		scale.
×	Borrow Pit	\sim	Streams and Canals	
*	Clay Spot	Transport	ation Rails	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.
0	Closed Depression		Interstate Highways	
X	Gravel Pit	~	US Routes	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:
***	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)
0	Landfill		Local Roads	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator
Ă.	Lava Flow	Baakaraa		projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts
ala	Marsh or swamp	Backgrou	Aerial Photography	distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more
~ ?	Mine or Quarry			accurate calculations of distance or area are required.
Ô	Miscellaneous Water			This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as
ő	Perennial Water			of the version date(s) listed below.
v	Rock Outcrop			Out Ourse Anna Dauliantan Oursta New Universities
÷	Saline Spot			Soil Survey Area: Rockingham County, New Hampshire Survey Area Data: Version 26, Aug 22, 2023
т .•:	Sandy Spot			
	Severely Eroded Spot			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.
_	Sinkhole			-
۵ ۲	Slide or Slip			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 19, 2020—Sep 20, 2020
<u>ک</u>	·			
ø	Sodic Spot			The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
140B	Chatfield-Hollis-Canton complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes, rocky	3.1	83.6%
799	Urban land-Canton complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes	0.6	16.4%
Totals for Area of Interest		3.7	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the

development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Rockingham County, New Hampshire

140B—Chatfield-Hollis-Canton complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes, rocky

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w82m Elevation: 380 to 1,070 feet Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Chatfield, very stony, and similar soils: 35 percent Canton, very stony, and similar soils: 25 percent Hollis, very stony, and similar soils: 25 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Chatfield, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Hills, ridges Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, nose slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear, convex Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from granite, gneiss, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 1 inches: slightly decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 2 inches: fine sandy loam

Bw - 2 to 30 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

2R - 30 to 40 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 41 inches to lithic bedrock
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Canton, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Ridges, hills, moraines Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, nose slope Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Coarse-loamy over sandy melt-out till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 2 inches: slightly decomposed plant material *A - 2 to 5 inches:* fine sandy loam *Bw1 - 5 to 16 inches:* fine sandy loam *Bw2 - 16 to 22 inches:* gravelly fine sandy loam *2C - 22 to 67 inches:* gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 19 to 39 inches to strongly contrasting textural stratification
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to high (0.14 to 14.17 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Hollis, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Hills, ridges Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest, nose slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear, convex Parent material: Coarse-loamy melt-out till derived from granite, gneiss, and/or schist

Typical profile

Oi - 0 to 2 inches: slightly decomposed plant material *A - 2 to 7 inches:* gravelly fine sandy loam *Bw - 7 to 16 inches:* gravelly fine sandy loam

2R - 16 to 26 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent
Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.6 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 8 to 23 inches to lithic bedrock
Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 2.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: F144AY033MA - Shallow Dry Till Uplands Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Freetown

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Swamps, kettles, bogs, depressions, marshes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Newfields, very stony

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Moraines, hills, ground moraines Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: No

Walpole, very stony

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Outwash terraces, depressions, outwash plains, depressions, deltas Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Hydric soil rating: Yes

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Hills, ridges Hydric soil rating: Unranked

799—Urban land-Canton complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9cq0 Elevation: 0 to 1,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 42 to 46 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F Frost-free period: 120 to 160 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 55 percent *Canton and similar soils:* 20 percent *Minor components:* 25 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Canton

Setting

Parent material: Till

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 5 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam *H2 - 5 to 21 inches:* gravelly fine sandy loam *H3 - 21 to 60 inches:* loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 5.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e Hydrologic Soil Group: A Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Udorthents

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Boxford and eldridge

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Squamscott and scitico

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Marine terraces Hydric soil rating: Yes

Scituate and newfields

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Chatfield

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Walpole

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

BMP Sizing Calculations Riprap Sizing Calculations





Type/Node Name:

FILTRATION PRACTICE DESIGN CRITERIA (Env-Wq 1508.07)

Bioretention (Raingarden) HydroCAD Node 5-P

Enter the type of filtration practice (e.g., bioretention system) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

			7()
yes	-	Check if you reviewed the restrictions on unlined systems outlined in Env-Wq 1508.0	/(a).
0.53	-	A = Area draining to the practice	
0.24		A _I = Impervious area draining to the practice	
	decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form	
	unitless	$Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 \times I)$	
	ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A	
887	-	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	
222	-	25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)	
665	-	75% x WQV (check calc for surface sand filter volume)	
CE	B's	Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)	> 250/14/01/
	cf	V _{SED} = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment	<u>></u> 25%WQV
Calculate ti		if system IS NOT underdrained:	
	sf	A _{SA} = Surface area of the practice	
	iph	Ksat _{DESIGN} = Design infiltration rate ¹	
	-	If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?	
	Yes/No	(Use the calculations below)	
-	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = V / (A_{SA} * I_{DESIGN})$	<u><</u> 72-hrs
Calculate ti	me to drain	if system IS underdrained:	
58.60	ft	E _{WQV} = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)	
0.09	cfs	Q_{WQV} = Discharge at the E_{WQV} (attach stage-discharge table)	
	hours	T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = 2WQV/Q _{WQV}	<u><</u> 72-hrs
56.50	feet	E _{FC} = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material ²	
55.83	-	E_{UD} = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable	
-	feet	E_{SHWT} = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p	it)
	feet	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test	
0.67		$D_{FC \text{ to UD}}$ = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course	<u>></u> 1'
	-		≥ 1'
56.50	-	$D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course	
56.50		$D_{FC \text{ to SHWT}}$ = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course	<u>></u> 1'
59.99	-	Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)	
60.00	rt	Elevation of the top of the practice	1 1105
YES	agend filter	50 peak elevation \leq Elevation of the top of the practice	← yes
		or underground sand filter is proposed: Drainage Area check.	< 10 ac
YES	ac		< 10 ac
	_cf	V = Volume of storage ³ (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>></u> 75%WQV
	inches	D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if within GPA
Sheet		Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	
	Yes/No	Access grate provided?	← yes
-			

If a bioretention ar	If a bioretention area is proposed:						
YES ac	Drainage Area no larger than 5 ac?	← yes					
887 cf	V = Volume of storage ³ (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>></u> WQV					
inches 18.0	D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if within GPA					
Sheet D	-4 Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification						
3.0 :1	Pond side slopes	<u>> 3</u> :1					
Sheet D	-1 Note what sheet in the plan set contains the planting plans and surface cover						
If porous pavement	t is proposed:						
acres	Type of pavement proposed (Concrete? Asphalt? Pavers? Etc.) A _{SA} = Surface area of the pervious pavement						
:1	Ratio of the contributing area to the pervious surface area	≤ 5:1					
inches	D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	12", or 18" if within GPA					
Sheet	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course spec.	mod. 304.1 (see spec)					

1. Rate of the limiting layer (either the filter course or the underlying soil). Ksat_{design} includes factor of safey. See Env-Wq 1504.14 for guidance on determining the infiltration rate.

2. See lines 34, 40 and 48 for required depths of filter media.

3. Volume without depending on infiltration. The volume includes the storage above the filter (but below the invert of the outlet stucture, if any), the filter media voids, and the pretreatment area. The storage above the filter media shall not include the volume above the outlet structure, if any.

Designer's Notes:

NHDES Alteration of Terrain

Last Revised: January 2019

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 5-P: Front Raingarden

Elevation	Surface	Wetted	Storage	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	
58.00	1,007	1,007	0	
58.05	1,051	1,051	51	
58.10	1,095	1,096	105	
58.15	1,141	1,142	161	
58.20	1,188	1,189	219	
58.25	1,235	1,237	280	
58.30	1,284	1,286	343	
58.35	1,333	1,336	408	
58.40	1,383	1,386	476	
58.45	1,434	1,438	546	
58.50	1,486	1,490	619	
58.55	1,540	1,544	695	
58.60	1,594	1,598	773	
58.65	1,648	1,654	855	Ewqv= 58.65
58.70	1,704	1,710	938	
58.75	1,761	1,767	1,025 1,114	
58.80	1,819	1,826	,	
58.85 58.90	1,877	1,885	1,207 1,302	
58.95	1,937 1,998	1,945 2,006	1,302	
59.00	2,059	2,000	1,502	
59.05	2,039	2,008	1,607	
59.10	2,131	2,140	1,715	
59.15	2,279	2,289	1,827	
59.20	2,354	2,205	1,943	
59.25	2,431	2,443	2,063	
59.30	2,510	2,521	2,000	
59.35	2,589	2,601	2,314	
59.40	2,670	2,682	2,445	
59.45	2,752	2,765	2,581	
59.50	2,835	2,848	2,720	
59.55	2,919	2,933	2,864	
59.60	3,005	3,019	3,012	
59.65	3,091	3,107	3,165	
59.70	3,180	3,195	3,321	
59.75	3,269	3,285	3,483	
59.80	3,359	3,376	3,648	
59.85	3,451	3,469	3,818	
59.90	3,544	3,562	3,993	
59.95	3,638	3,657	4,173	
60.00	3,734	3,753	4,357	
60.05	3,793	3,814	4,545	
60.10	3,853	3,874	4,737	
60.15	3,913	3,935	4,931	
60.20	3,973	3,997	5,128	
60.25	4,034	4,059	5,328	
60.30	4,096	4,121	5,531	

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Stage-Discharge for Pond 5-P: Front Raingarden

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58.02 0.06 59.08 0.23 60.14 3.92 58.06 0.07 59.12 0.24 60.18 4.27 58.06 0.07 59.12 0.24 60.20 5.01 58.06 0.07 59.14 0.24 60.22 5.39 58.12 0.08 59.16 0.24 60.26 6.18 58.14 0.09 59.20 0.25 60.26 6.18 58.14 0.10 59.22 0.25 60.28 6.59 58.18 0.10 59.26 0.26 60.32 7.44 58.20 0.10 59.28 0.26 60.32 7.44 58.22 0.11 59.36 0.27 58.30 0.12 59.36 0.27 58.30 0.12 59.36 0.27 58.34 0.13 59.44 0.28 58.40 0.14 59.44 0.28 58.46 0.15 59.56 0.30 58.54 0.15 59.56 0.30 58.56 0.16 59.66 0.31 58.56	(feet)	(cfs)	(feet)	(cfs)	(feet)	(cfs)
58.04 0.06 59.10 0.23 60.16 4.27 58.06 0.07 59.12 0.24 60.18 4.64 58.08 0.07 59.14 0.24 60.22 5.39 58.10 0.08 59.18 0.25 60.24 5.78 58.14 0.09 59.20 0.25 60.26 6.18 58.14 0.09 59.22 0.25 60.28 6.59 58.18 0.10 59.22 0.25 60.30 7.02 58.20 0.10 59.22 0.26 60.32 7.44 58.20 0.10 59.22 0.26 60.32 7.44 58.20 0.11 59.36 0.27 58.32 0.13 59.40 0.28 58.32 0.13 59.42 0.28 58.38 0.14 59.44 0.28 58.44 0.15 59.52 0.29 58.44 0.15 59.52 0.29 58.45 0.16 59.56 0.30 58.52 0.16 59.52 0.29 58.54						
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59.02 0.22 60.08 2.94	58.98	0.22	60.04	2.34		
	39.04	0.23	00.10	5.20		



Type/Node Name:

FILTRATION PRACTICE DESIGN CRITERIA (Env-Wq 1508.07)

Bioretention (Raingarden #3) HydroCAD Node 6-P

Enter the type of filtration practice (e.g., bioretention system) and the node name in the drainage analysis, if applicable.

			7/)
yes	-	Check if you reviewed the restrictions on unlined systems outlined in Env-Wq 1508.0	/(a).
0.49	-	A = Area draining to the practice	
0.11	-	A _I = Impervious area draining to the practice	
	decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form	
	unitless	$Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 \times I)$	
	ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A	
435	-	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")	
109	-	25% x WQV (check calc for sediment forebay volume)	
326	cf	75% x WQV (check calc for surface sand filter volume)	
n	na	Method of Pretreatment? (not required for clean or roof runoff)	
	cf	V _{SED} = Sediment forebay volume, if used for pretreatment	<u>></u> 25%WQV
Calculate ti	me to drain	if system IS NOT underdrained:	
	sf	A _{SA} = Surface area of the practice	
	- iph	Ksat _{DESIGN} = Design infiltration rate ¹	
	-	If Ksat (prior to factor of safety) is < 0.50 iph, has an underdrain been provided?	
	Yes/No	(Use the calculations below)	
-	hours	T _{DRAIN} = Drain time = V / (A _{SA} * I _{DESIGN})	<u><</u> 72-hrs
Calculate ti	me to drain	if system IS underdrained:	
58.10	ft	E _{wqv} = Elevation of WQV (attach stage-storage table)	
0.07	cfs	Q_{WQV} = Discharge at the E_{WQV} (attach stage-discharge table)	
3.45	hours	$T_{DRAIN} = Drain time = 2WQV/Q_{WQV}$	<u><</u> 72-hrs
56.25	feet	E _{FC} = Elevation of the bottom of the filter course material ²	
55.25	feet	E _{UD} = Invert elevation of the underdrain (UD), if applicable	
-	feet	E_{SHWT} = Elevation of SHWT (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test p	it)
-	feet	E_{ROCK} = Elevation of bedrock (if none found, enter the lowest elevation of the test	
1.00	feet	D _{FC to UD} = Depth to UD from the bottom of the filter course	<u>></u> 1'
56.25	-	$D_{FC \text{ to ROCK}}$ = Depth to bedrock from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
56.25	feet	D _{FC to SHWT} = Depth to SHWT from the bottom of the filter course	<u>≥</u> 1'
59.99	ft	Peak elevation of the 50-year storm event (infiltration can be used in analysis)	
60.50	-	Elevation of the top of the practice	
YES		50 peak elevation \leq Elevation of the top of the practice	← yes
If a surface	sand filter	or underground sand filter is proposed:	
YES	ас	Drainage Area check.	< 10 ac
	cf	V = Volume of storage ³ (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>></u> 75%WQV
	- inches	D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if
		$D_{FC} = 1$ inter course thickness	within GPA
Sheet		Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification.	
	/		
	Yes/No	Access grate provided?	← yes

If a bioreter	ntion ar	ea	is proposed:	
YES	ас		Drainage Area no larger than 5 ac?	← yes
586	cf		V = Volume of storage ³ (attach a stage-storage table)	<u>></u> WQV
18.0	inches		D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	18", or 24" if within GPA
Sheet	I	D4	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course specification	
3.0	:1		Pond side slopes	<u>> 3</u> :1
Sheet	- 	D1	Note what sheet in the plan set contains the planting plans and surface cover	
If porous pa	avemen	t is	proposed:	
	acres		Type of pavement proposed (Concrete? Asphalt? Pavers? Etc.) A _{SA} = Surface area of the pervious pavement	
	:1		Ratio of the contributing area to the pervious surface area	≤ 5:1
	inches		D _{FC} = Filter course thickness	12", or 18" if within GPA
Sheet	-		Note what sheet in the plan set contains the filter course spec.	mod. 304.1 (see spec)

1. Rate of the limiting layer (either the filter course or the underlying soil). Ksat_{design} includes factor of safey. See Env-Wq 1504.14 for guidance on determining the infiltration rate.

2. See lines 34, 40 and 48 for required depths of filter media.

3. Volume without depending on infiltration. The volume includes the storage above the filter (but below the invert of the outlet stucture, if any), the filter media voids, and the pretreatment area. The storage above the filter media shall not include the volume above the outlet structure, if any.

Designer's Notes: 79cf in filter media voids included in WQV calculation.

NHDES Alteration of Terrain

Last Revised: January 2019

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 6-P: Southeast Raingarden

Elevation	Surface	Wetted	Storage	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	
57.75	1,059	1,059	0	
57.85	1,103	1,104	108	
57.95	1,147	1,150	221	
58.05	1,194	1,199	338	Europ = E9 10
58.15	1,242	1,249	459	Ewqv= 58.10
58.25	1,292	1,300	586	_
58.35	1,342	1,352	718	Lowest Outlet= 58.25'
58.45	1,394	1,405	855	Available WQV=586cf
58.55	1,446	1,459	997	
58.65	1,500	1,514	1,144	
58.75	1,554	1,570	1,297	
58.85	1,609	1,627	1,455	
58.95	1,666	1,685	1,618	
59.05	1,743	1,764	1,788	
59.15	1,842	1,864	1,968	
59.25	1,944	1,968	2,157	
59.35	2,049	2,074	2,357	
59.45	2,157	2,183	2,567	
59.55	2,267	2,294	2,788	
59.65	2,380	2,409	3,020	
59.75	2,496	2,526	3,264	
59.85	2,615	2,646	3,520	
59.95	2,736	2,769	3,787	
60.05	2,864	2,898	4,067	
60.15	2,999	3,034	4,360	
60.25	3,137	3,173	4,667	
60.35	3,278	3,316	4,988	
60.45	3,422	3,461	5,323	
60.55	3,495	3,535	5,496	
60.65	3,495	3,535	5,496	
60.75	3,495	3,535	5,496	
60.85	3,495	3,535	5,496	
60.95	3,495	3,535	5,496	
61.05	3,495	3,535	5,496	
61.15	3,495	3,535	5,496	
61.25	3,495	3,535	5,496	
61.35	3,495	3,535	5,496	
61.45	3,495	3,535	5,496	

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Stage-Discharge for Pond 6-P: Southeast Raingarden

	D :		D ·		D ·		D :	
Elevation	Primary	Elevation	Primary	Elevation	Primary	Elevation	Primary	
(feet)	(cfs)	(feet)	(cfs)	(feet)	(cfs)	(feet)	(cfs)	
57.75	0.00	58.81	0.36	59.87	0.66	60.93	7.84	
57.77 57.79	0.06	58.83	0.36	59.89	0.67	60.95 60.97	7.86	
	0.06	58.85	0.37	59.91	0.67	60.97	7.88	
57.81	0.06	58.87	0.38	59.93	0.68		7.90	
57.83	0.06	58.89	0.38	59.95	0.68	61.01	7.91	
57.85	0.06	58.91	0.39	59.97	0.69	61.03	7.93	
57.87	0.06 0.06	58.93 58.95	0.40 0.40	59.99 60.01	0.69	61.05 61.07	7.95 7.97	
57.89 57.91	0.00	58.95	0.40	60.03	0.72 0.81	61.09	7.97	
57.93	0.07	58.99	0.41	60.05	0.81	61.11	8.00	
57.95	0.07	59.01	0.42	60.07	1.09	61.13	8.02	
57.97	0.07	59.03	0.42	60.09	1.03	61.15	8.04	
57.99	0.07	59.05	0.43	60.11	1.47	61.17	8.06	
58.01	0.07	59.05	0.44	60.13	1.69	61.19	8.08	
58.03	0.07	59.09	0.45	60.15	1.92	61.21	8.09	
58.05	0.07	59.11	0.46	60.17	2.17	61.23	8.11	
58.07	0.07	59.13	0.46	60.19	2.44	61.25	8.13	
58.09	0.07	59.15	0.47	60.21	2.72	61.27	8.15	0 0 07
58.11	0.07	59.17	0.47	60.23	3.01	61.29	8.16	— Qwqv=0.07
58.13	0.07	59.19	0.48	60.25	3.32	61.31	8.18	
58.15	0.07	59.21	0.49	60.27	3.64	61.33	8.20	
58.17	0.07	59.23	0.49	60.29	3.97	61.35	8.22	
58.19	0.07	59.25	0.50	60.31	4.31	61.37	8.23	
58.21	0.07	59.27	0.50	60.33	4.67	61.39	8.25	
58.23	0.07	59.29	0.51	60.35	5.03	61.41	8.27	
58.25	0.08	59.31	0.51	60.37	5.40	61.43	8.29	
58.27	0.08	59.33	0.52	60.39	5.79	61.45	8.30	
58.29	0.08	59.35	0.53	60.41	6.18	61.47	8.32	
58.31	0.09	59.37	0.53	60.43	6.59	61.49	8.34	
58.33	0.09	59.39	0.54	60.45	7.00			
58.35	0.10	59.41	0.54	60.47	7.41			
58.37	0.11	59.43	0.55	60.49	7.43			
58.39	0.12	59.45	0.55	60.51	7.45			
58.41	0.14	59.47	0.56	60.53	7.47			
58.43	0.15	59.49	0.56	60.55	7.49			
58.45	0.16	59.51	0.57	60.57	7.51			
58.47 58.49	0.18 0.19	59.53 59.55	0.57 0.58	60.59 60.61	7.53 7.54			
58.51	0.19	59.55	0.58	60.63	7.56			
58.53	0.21	59.57	0.59	60.65	7.58			
58.55	0.22	59.61	0.60	60.67	7.60			
58.57	0.24	59.63	0.60	60.69	7.62			
58.59	0.26	59.65	0.61	60.71	7.64			
58.61	0.27	59.67	0.61	60.73	7.66			
58.63	0.28	59.69	0.62	60.75	7.68			
58.65	0.29	59.71	0.62	60.77	7.69			
58.67	0.30	59.73	0.63	60.79	7.71			
58.69	0.31	59.75	0.63	60.81	7.73			
58.71	0.32	59.77	0.64	60.83	7.75			
58.73	0.33	59.79	0.64	60.85	7.77			
58.75	0.33	59.81	0.65	60.87	7.79			
58.77	0.34	59.83	0.65	60.89	7.81			
58.79	0.35	59.85	0.66	60.91	7.82			
		I		I	I	I		

RIPRAP CALCULATIONS

Project: 5591 Date: 10/23/2024

By: JMG

Location: Pond #6P, 12" Culvert

La	Apron Length, Ft.	Calculated
Tw	Tailwater, Ft.	0.4
Q	Flow, 10 Yr Storm, CFS	0.7
D50	Median Stone Dia., Ft.	Calculated
D	Depth of Stone, In	Calculated
Do	Pipe Diameter, Ft	1.00
W1	Width @ Start, Ft.	Calculated
W2	Width @ End, Ft	Calculated
W	Width of Channel	6

W1:	3(Do)=		3 Ft.		Width @ Start:	3 Ft.
D50:	$0.02(Q)^{4/3}$	_		D50=	0.04 Ft.	
	Tw(Do)			or	0.4 In.	
					Median Stone Size:	6 In.
D:	2.25*D50				Depth of Riprap:	14 In.
La:	If Tw<= Do	o/2: La=1.8Q/Do ^{3/2} + 7Do W2=width of channel or W2=3Do+La		Do/2= Tw=	0.5 Ft. 0.35 Ft.	
	If Tw>Do/2 and	2: La= $3Q/Do^{3/2} + 7Do$ W2=width of channel				
		or			Length of Apron:	9 Ft.
		W2=3Do+0.4La			Width (a) End:	6 Ft.



Section 8

Stormwater Operations & Maintenance Plan



STORMWATER INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

Green and Company Assessor's Map 222, Lot 11 550 Sagamore Avenue Portsmouth, NH

OWNER: Green & Company 11 Lafayette Road P.O. Box 1297 North Hampton, NH 03862

Proper inspection, maintenance, and repair are key elements in maintaining a successful stormwater management program on a developed property. Routine inspections ensure permit compliance and reduce the potential for deterioration of infrastructure or reduced water quality. The following responsible parties shall be in charge of managing the stormwater facilities:

RESPONSIBLE PARTIES:

Owner:	Green & Company		603-501-8455
	Name	Company	Phone
Inspection:	Green & Company		603-501-8455
·	Name	Company	Phone
Maintenance	: Green & Company		603-501-8455
	Name	Company	Phone

<u>NOTES:</u>

Written inspection forms and maintenance logs shall be completed yearly by a qualified inspector retained the owner or assigns.

Photographs of each stormwater BMP are to be taken at each inspection and submitted with the annual inspection reports.

Inspection and maintenance responsibilities shall transfer to any future property owner(s).

This manual shall be updated as needed to reflect any changes related to any transfer of ownership and/or any delegation of inspection and maintenance responsibilities to another entity



BIORETENTION PONDS (AKA RAINGARDENS)

Function – Bioretention ponds and tree box filters provide treatment to runoff prior to directing it to stormwater systems by filtering sediment and suspended solids, trapping them in the bottom of the facility and in the filter media itself. Additional treatment is provided by the native water-tolerant vegetation which removes nutrients and other pollutants through bio-uptake. Stormwater detention and infiltration can also be provided as the filtering process slows runoff, decreases the peak rate of discharge and promotes groundwater recharge.

Bioretention ponds and tree box filters shall be managed (Per AGR 3800 and RSA 430:53) to: prevent and control the spread of invasive plant, insect, and fungal species; minimize the adverse environmental and economic effects invasive species cause to agriculture, forests, wetlands, wildlife, and other natural resources of the state; and protect the public from potential health problems attributed to certain invasive species.

Maintenance

- Inspect bi-annually and after significant rainfall events.
- If a raingarden or tree box filter does not completely drain within 72-hours following a rainfall event, then a qualified professional shall be retained to assess the condition of the facility to determine measures required to restore its filtration and/or infiltration function(s), including but not limited to removal of accumulated sediments and/or replacement or reconstruction of the filter media. Filter media shall be replaced with material matching the specification on the design drawings or the NHDES Stormwater Manual.
- Replace any riprap dislodged from spillways, inlets and outlets.
- Remove any obstructions, litter and accumulated sediment or debris as warranted but no less than once a year.
- Mowing of any grassed area in or adjacent to a raingarden or tree box filter, including any berms, shall be performed at least twice per year (when areas are not inundated) to keep the vegetation in vigorous condition. The cut grass shall be removed to prevent the decaying organic litter from clogging the filter media or choking other vegetation.
- Select vegetation should be maintained in healthy condition. This may include pruning, removal and replacement of dead or diseased vegetation.
- Remove any invasive species, Per AGR 3800 and RSA 430:53.
- Remove any hard wood growth aside from trees in tree box filters.
- Replace media in tree box filters when replacing tree.

CULVERTS AND DRAINAGE PIPES

Function – Culverts and drainage pipes convey stormwater away from buildings, walkways, and parking areas and to surface waters or closed drainage systems.

Maintenance

- Culverts and drainage pipes shall be inspected semi-annually, or more often as needed, for accumulation of debris and structural integrity. Leaves and other debris shall be removed from the inlet and outlet to insure the functionality of drainage structures. Debris shall be disposed of on site where it will not concentrate back at the drainage structures or at a solid waste disposal facility.
- Riprap Areas Culvert outlets and inlets shall be inspected during annual maintenance and operations for erosion and scour. If scour or creek erosion is identified, the outlet owner shall take appropriate means to prevent further erosion. Increased lengths of riprap may require a NHDES Permit and/or local permit.

CATCH BASINS

Function – Catch basins and field drains collect stormwater, primarily from paved surfaces and roofs. Stormwater from paved areas often contains sediment and contaminants. Sumps serve to trap sediment, trace metals, nutrients and debris. Hooded catch basins trap hydrocarbons and floating debris.

Maintenance

- Remove leaves and debris from structure grates on an as-needed basis.
- Sumps shall be inspected and cleaned annually and any removed sediment and debris shall be disposed of at a solid waste disposal facility.

RIP RAP OUTLETS, SWALES AND PLUNGE POOLS

Function – Rip rap outlets slow the velocity of runoff, minimizing erosion and maximizing the treatment capabilities of associated buffers. Vegetated buffers, either forested or meadow, slow runoff which promotes and reduces peak rates of runoff. The reduced velocities and the presence of vegetation encourage the filtration of sediment and the limited bio-uptake of nutrients.

Maintenance

- Inspect riprap, level spreaders and buffers at least annually for signs of erosion, sediment buildup, or vegetation loss.
- Inspect level for signs of condensed flows. Level spreader and rip rap shall be maintained to disperse flows evenly over level spreader.
- If a meadow buffer, provide periodic mowing as needed to maintain a healthy stand of herbaceous vegetation.
- If a forested buffer, then the buffer should be maintained in an undisturbed condition, unless erosion occurs.
- If erosion of the buffer (forested or meadow) occurs, eroded areas should be repaired and replanted with vegetation similar to the remaining buffer. Corrective action should include eliminating the source of the erosion problem and may require retrofit or reconstruction of the level spreader.
- Remove debris and accumulated sediment and dispose of properly.

LANDSCAPED AREAS - ORGANIC FERTILIZER MANAGEMENT

Function – All fertilizer used on site shall be certified organic. Organic fertilizer management involves controlling the rate, timing and method of organic fertilizer application so that the nutrients are taken up by the plants thereby reducing the chance of polluting the surface and ground waters. Organic fertilizer management can be effective in reducing the amounts of phosphorus and nitrogen in runoff from landscaped areas, particularly lawns.

Maintenance

- Have the soil tested by your landscaper or local Soil Conservation Service for nutrient requirements and follow the recommendations.
- Do not apply organic fertilizer to frozen ground.
- Clean up any organic fertilizer spills.
- Do not allow organic fertilizer to be broadcast into water bodies.
- When organically fertilizing a lawn, water thoroughly, but do not create a situation where water runs off the surface of the lawn.

LANDSCAPED AREAS - LITTER CONTROL

Function – Landscaped areas tend to filter debris and contaminates that may block drainage systems and pollute the surface and ground waters.

Maintenance

- Litter Control and lawn maintenance involves removing litter such as trash, leaves, lawn clippings, pet wastes, oil and chemicals from streets, parking lots, and lawns before materials are transported into surface waters.
- Litter control shall be implemented as part of the grounds maintenance program.

VEGETATIVE SWALES

Function – Vegetative swales filter sediment from stormwater, promote infiltration, and the uptake of contaminates. They are designed to treat runoff and dispose of it safely into the natural drainage system.

Maintenance

- Timely maintenance is important to keep a swale in good working condition. Mowing of grassed swales shall be monthly to keep the vegetation in vigorous condition. The cut vegetation shall be removed to prevent the decaying organic litter from adding pollutants to the discharge from the swale.
- Fertilizing shall be bi-annual or as recommended from soil testing.
- Inspect swales following significant rainfall events.
- Woody vegetation shall not be allowed to become established in the swales or rock riprap outlet protection and if present shall be removed.
- Accumulated debris disrupts flow and leads to clogging and erosion. Remove debris and litter as necessary.
- Inspect for eroded areas. Determine cause of erosion and correct deficiency as required. Monitor repaired areas.

CONTROL OF INVASIVE PLANTS

Function – Invasive plants are introduced, alien, or non-native plants, which have been moved by people from their native habitat to a new area. Some exotic plants are imported for human use such as landscaping, erosion control, or food crops. They also can arrive as "hitchhikers" among shipments of other plants, seeds, packing materials, or fresh produce. Some exotic plants become invasive and cause harm by:

- becoming weedy and overgrown;
- killing established shade trees;
- obstructing pipes and drainage systems;
- forming dense beds in water;
- lowering water levels in lakes, streams, and wetlands;
- destroying natural communities;
- promoting erosion on stream banks and hillsides; and
- resisting control except by hazardous chemical.

Maintenance

During maintenance activities, check for the presence of invasive plants and remove in a safe manner as described in the attached "Methods for Disposing Non-Native Invasive Plants" prepared by the UNH Cooperative Extension.

GENERAL CLEAN UP

- Upon completion of the project, the contractor shall remove all temporary stormwater structures (i.e., temporary stone check dams, silt fence, temporary diversion swales, catch basin inlet filter, etc.). Any sediment deposits remaining in place after the silt fence or filter barrier is no longer required shall be dressed to conform to the existing grade, prepared, and seeded. Remove any sediment in catch basins and clean drain pipes that may have accumulated during construction.
- Once in operation, all paved areas of the site should be swept at least once annually at the end of winter/early spring prior to significant spring rains.

SNOW MANANGEMENT

Snow should never be stored in any stormwater practice as it may affect functionality by blocking drains and reducing the storage volume available for runoff. The Owner/Applicant and any maintenance personnel should take great care to ensure that snow is stored only in areas depicted on the site plan and away from locations that could negatively impact drainage infrastructure or flow paths.

APPPENDIX

- A. Stormwater System Operations and Maintenance Report
- B. Site Grading and Drainage Plan

STORM WATER SYSTEM OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT

General Information						
Project Name						
Owner						
Inspector's Name(s)						
Inspector's Contact Information						
Date of Inspection	Start Time:	End Time:				
Type of Inspection: Annual Report Post-storm event Due to a discharge of significant amounts of sediment						
Notes:						

	General Site Questions and Discharges of Significant Amounts of Sediment					
Sub	Subject Status Notes					
	A discharge of significant amounts of sediment may be indicated by (but is not limited to) observations of the following.					
Not	e whether any are observed during this in	spection:				
		•	Notes/ Action taken:			
1	Do the current site conditions reflect	□Yes				
	the attached site plan?	□No				
2	Is the site permanently stabilized,	□Yes				
	temporary erosion and sediment	□No				
	controls are removed, and stormwater					
	discharges from construction activity					
	are eliminated?					
3	Is there evidence of the discharge of	□Yes				
	significant amounts of sediment to	□No				
	surface waters, or conveyance systems					
	leading to surface waters?					

	Permit Coverage and Plans					
#	BMP/Facility	Inspected	Corrective Action Needed and Notes	Date Corrected		
	Bioretention Ponds	□Yes □No				
	Catch Basins	□Yes □No				
	Drainage Pipes	□Yes □No				
	Riprap Aprons/Plunge Pools	□Yes □No				
	Site Vegetation	□Yes □No				
		□Yes □No				
		□Yes □No				

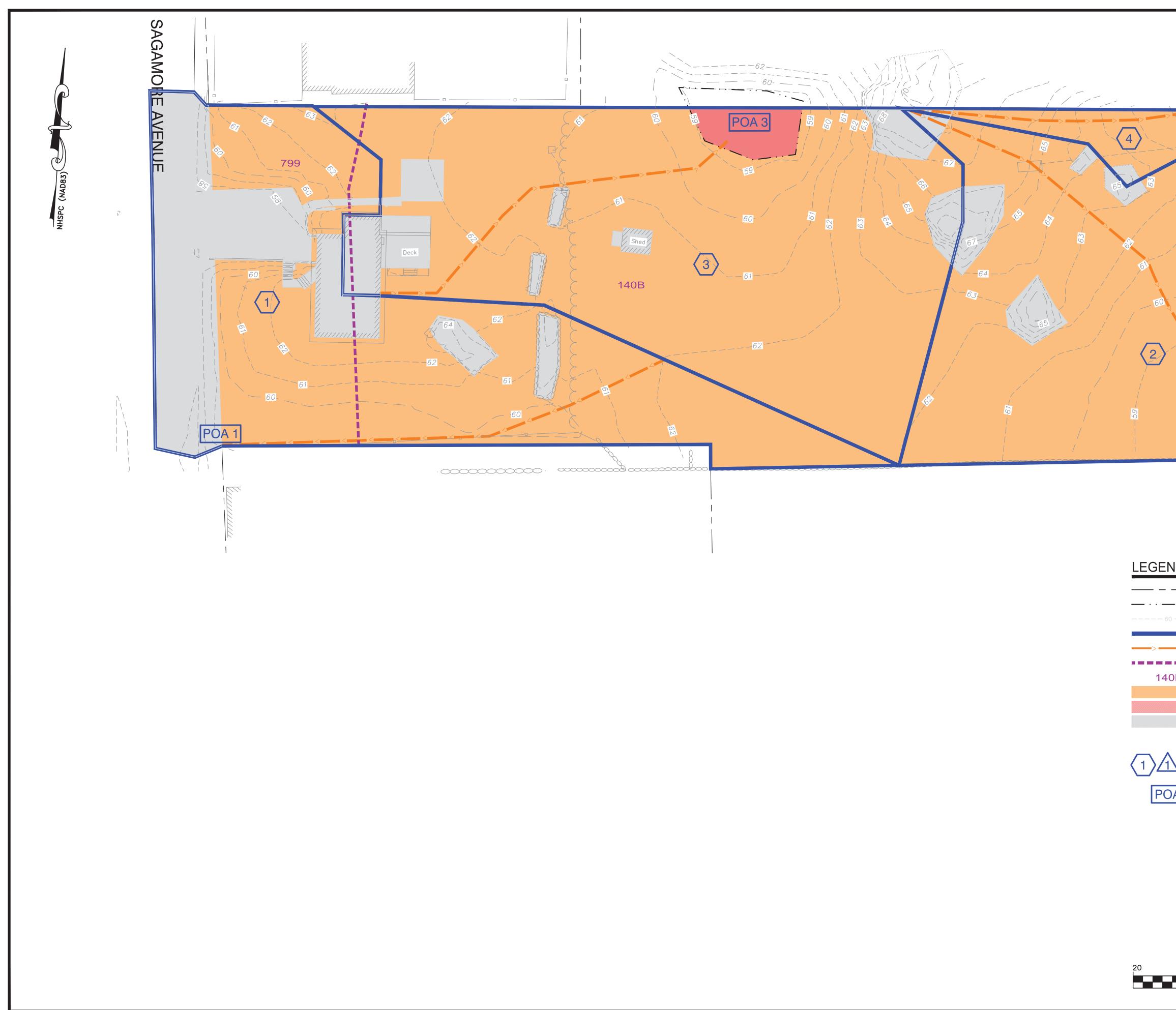
• INSPECTOR TO TAKE REPRESENTATIVE PHOTOGRAPHS OF EACH BMP INSPECTED AND INCLUDE THEM IN THE ANNUAL INPECTION REPORT.

Section 9

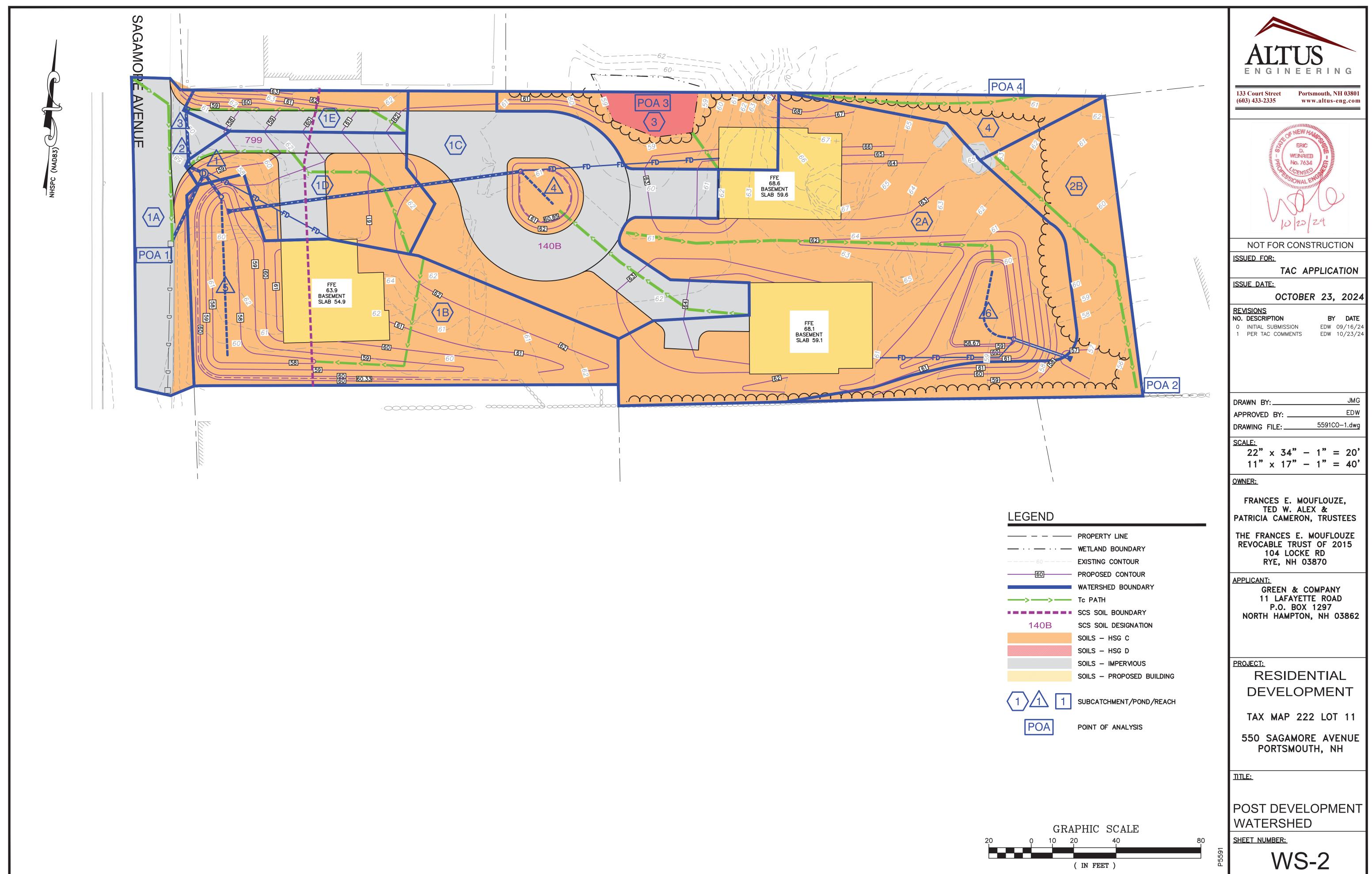
Watershed Plans

Pre-Development Drainage Plan Post-Development Drainage Plan





	ALTUS ENGINEERING
67 POA 4	133 Court Street (603) 433-2335Portsmouth, NH 03801 www.altus-eng.com
62 61 61	REINCENSED BOOM STONAL PROMISE
	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION ISSUED FOR:
60	TAC APPLICATION
- 59	SEPTEMBER 16, 2024
58-	REVISIONS NO. DESCRIPTIONBYDATE0INITIAL SUBMISSIONEDW09/16/24
B POA 2	
	DRAWN BY: JMG APPROVED BY: EDW
	DRAWING FILE:5591CO-1.dwg
	$\frac{\text{SCALE:}}{22" \times 34" - 1" = 20'} \\ 11" \times 17" - 1" = 40'$
ND	OWNER: FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE,
PROPERTY LINE	TED W. ALEX & PATRICIA CAMERON, TRUSTEES
WETLAND BOUNDARY EXISTING CONTOUR WATERSHED BOUNDARY To PATH	THE FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE REVOCABLE TRUST OF 2015 104 LOCKE RD RYE, NH 03870
SCS SOIL BOUNDARY	APPLICANT:
OB SCS SOIL DESIGNATION SOILS - HSG C	GREEN & COMPANY 11 LAFAYETTE ROAD P.O. BOX 1297
SOILS - HSG D SOILS - IMPERVIOUS	NORTH HAMPTON, NH 03862
SUBCATCHMENT/POND/REACH	PROJECT:
DA POINT OF ANALYSIS	RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT
	TAX MAP 222 LOT 11
	550 SAGAMORE AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NH
	<u>TITLE:</u>
GRAPHIC SCALE	PRE-DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED PLAN
0 10 20 40 80	SHEET NUMBER:
(IN FEET)	WS - 1



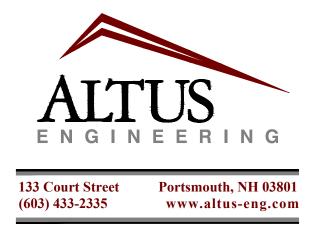
RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION

Owner: FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE, TED W. ALEX & PATRICIA CAMERON, TRUSTEES THE FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE REVOCABLE TRUST OF 2015 104 LOCKE ROAD RYE, NH 03870

Applicant:

GREEN & COMPANY C/O JENNA GREEN 11 LAFAYETTE ROAD P.O. BOX 1297 NORTH HAMPTON, NH 03862 603-501-8455

Civil Engineer:



Surveyor:

North W EASTERLY SURVEYING 1021 GOODWIN ROAD, UNIT 1 ELIOT, MAINE 03903 207-436-6333

Wetland/Soil Scientist:

Joseph W. Noel, CPSS/CS P.O. Box 174 South Berwick, ME 03908 207 384-5587

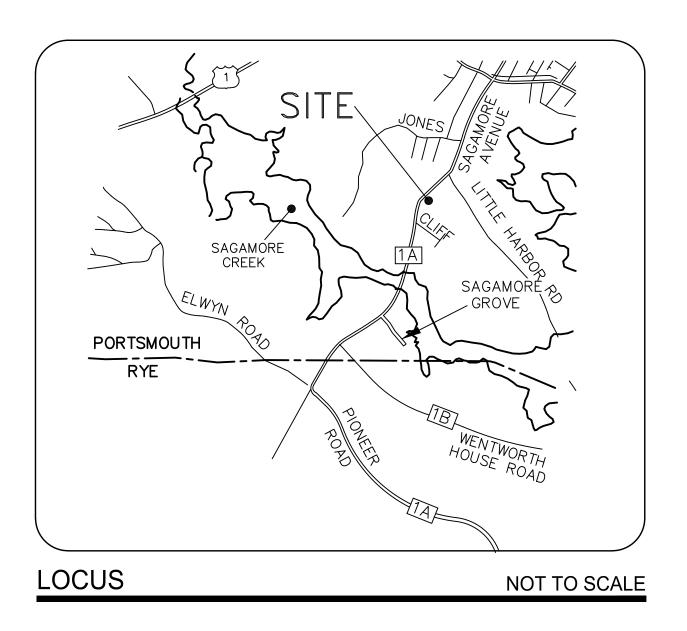
550 SAGAMORE AVENUE Portsmouth, New Hampshire

TAX MAP 222, Lot 11

ISSUED FOR PLANNING BOARD APPROVAL

Plan Issue Date:

TAC Submission TAC Resubmission Planning Board Submission SEPTEMBER 16, 2024 OCTOBER 23, 2024 NOVEMBER 27, 2024

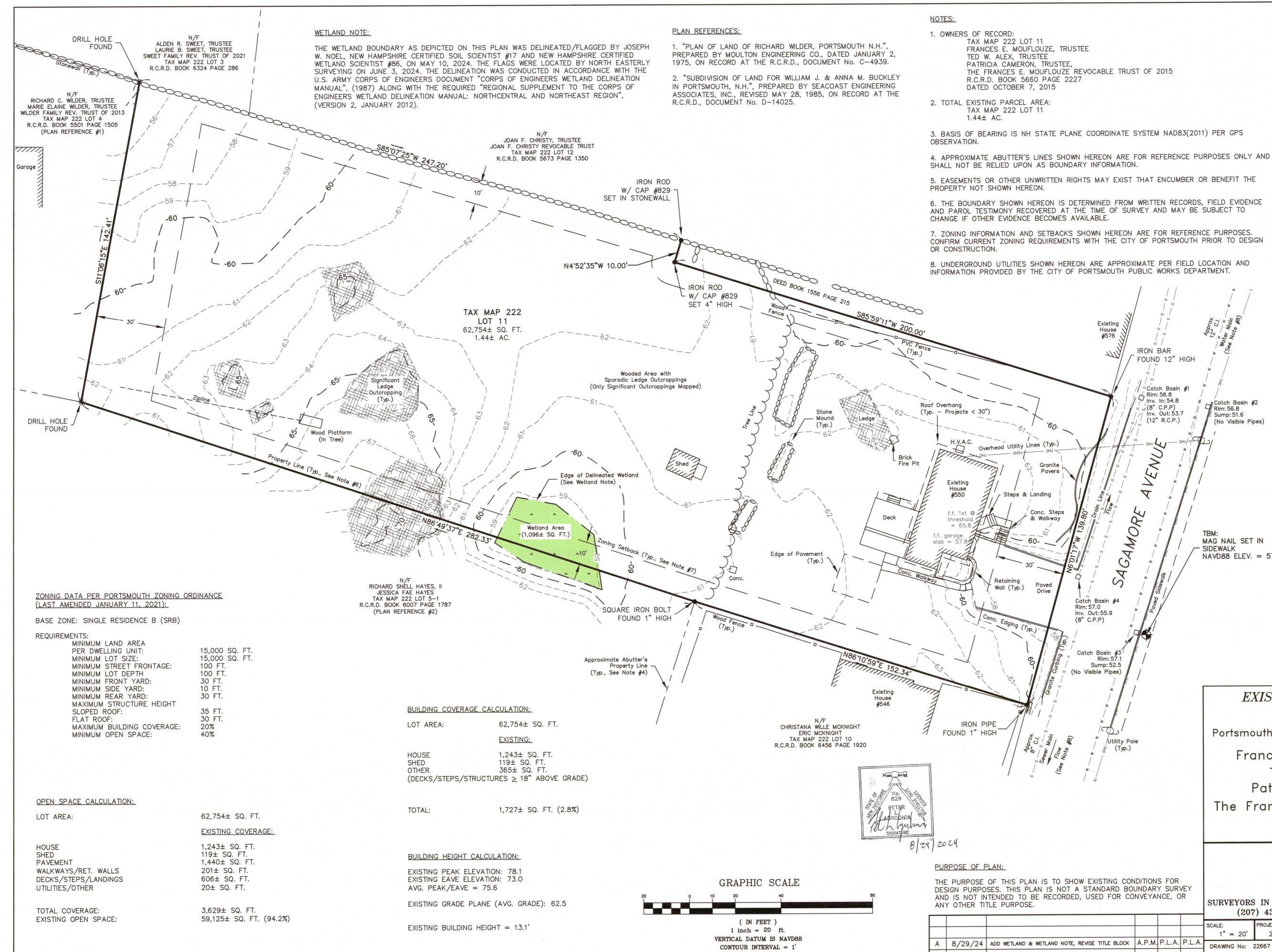


Sheet Index

Site Plan Utilities Plan

Sheet Title No.: Rev. Date 08/29/24 Existing Conditions Plan — Subdivision & Easement Plan (C-1)1 OF 1 11/27/24 2 11/27/24 C-210/23/24 C-310/23/24 Roadway Plan & Profile C-4Grading and Drainage Plan C-511/27/24 Sight Distance Plan C-609/16/24 0 Fire Truck Turning Plan C-709/16/24 0 09/16/24 Construction Details D-1 0 D-2 11/27/24 Construction Details 09/16/24 D-3 Construction Details 0 Construction Details D-409/16/24 0 Construction Details D-5 09/16/24 0 Construction Details D-6 09/16/24 0 Landscape Plan 11/04/24 L-1 Permit Summary Submitted Received 09/16/24 Portsmouth Subdivision Approval NHDES Sewer Connection EPA Notice of Intent By Contractor 14 days prior to construction Portsmouth Drain Connection Permit to be submitted

THIS DRAWING SET HAS NOT BEEN RELEASED FOR CONSTRUCTION



IRON BAR

FOUND 12" HIGH

Catch Basin #1

, Rim: 56.8

(8" C.P.P)

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6

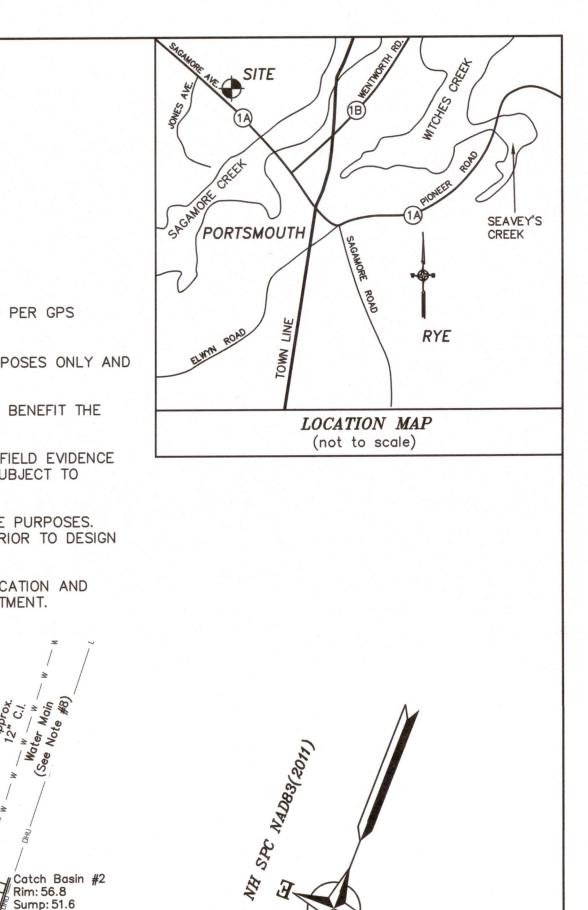
STATUS

REV. DATE

Inv. In: 54.8

Inv. Out: 53.7

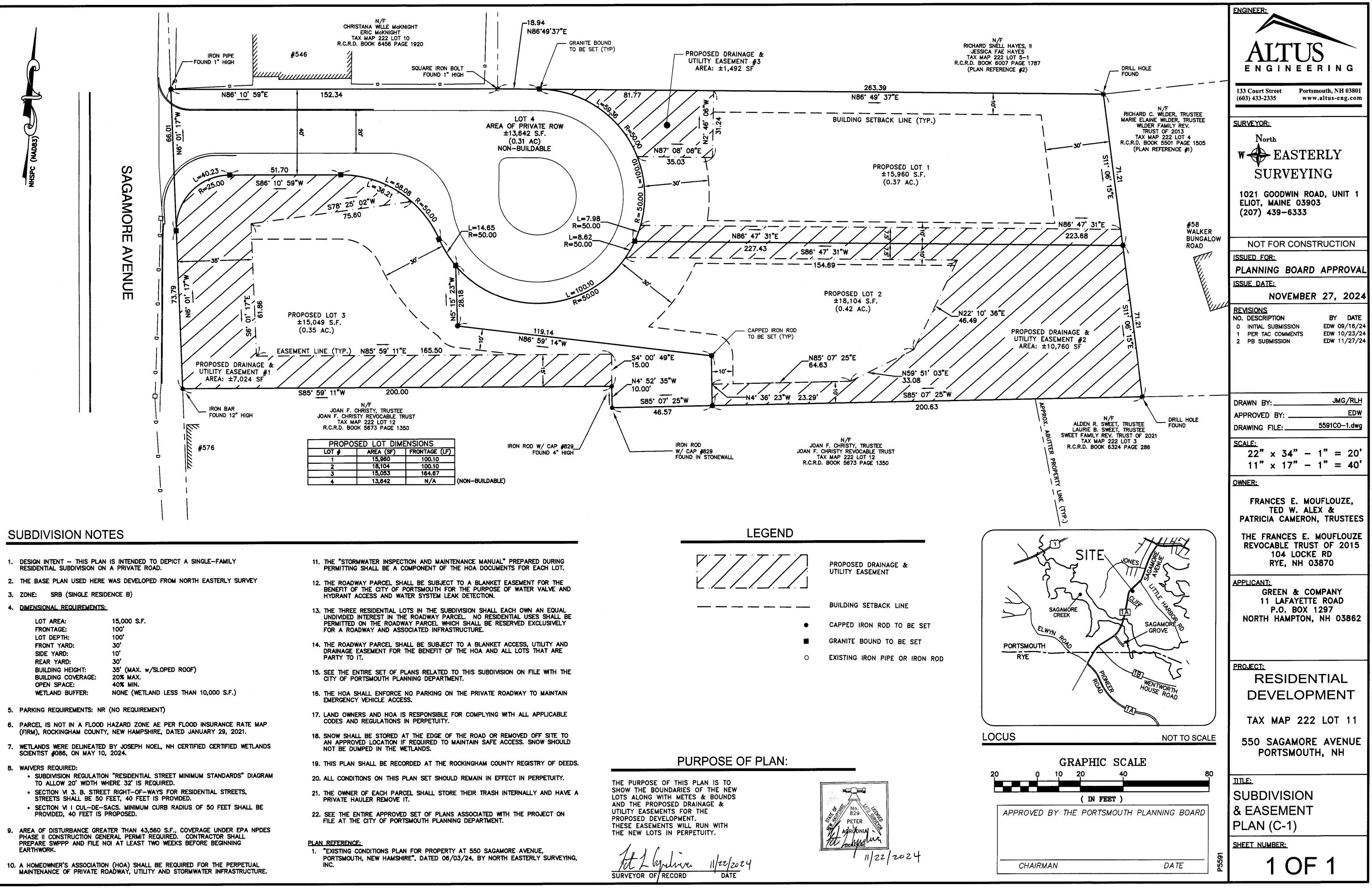
(12" R.C.P.)



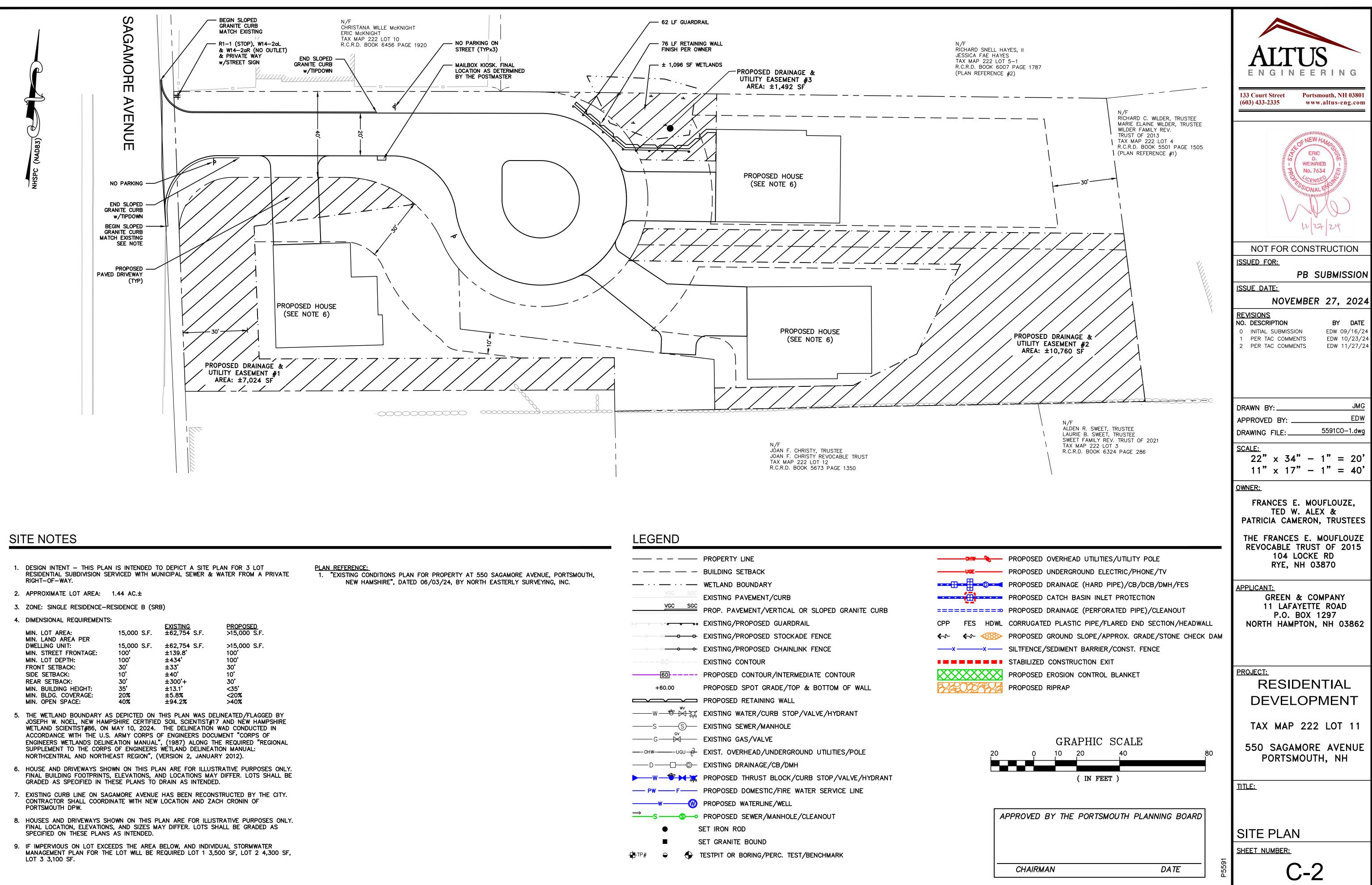
MAG NAIL SET IN - SIDEWALK NAVD88 ELEV. = 57.60

(No Visible Pipes)

in #3 n: 57.1 : 52.5 Pipes)								
			E_{2}		FOR PRO	DITION		N
Utility Pole (Typ.)				outh, Roc	kinghai	nore Aven m Co., N D BY	lew Har	
			Fro			uflouze,		ee
					-	ex, Trus		
			Patricia Cameron, Trustee					
			The F	Т	rust c	of 2015		ocable
					North	Rye, NH 038	\$70	
				w		STERLY		
ING CONDITIONS ARD BOUNDARY	SURV				SURVE	YING		
FOR CONVEYANCE, OR				5 IN N.H. 8 7) 439–633		1021 GOOD ELIOT,	WIN ROAD MAINE), UNIT #1 03903
			SCALE: 1" = 20'	PROJECT NO. 22667	DATE: 1/9/2023	SHEET: 1 OF 1	DRAWN BY: A.P.M./J.D.S.	CHECKED BY: P.L.A.
E BLOCK A.P.M. P.			DRAWING No:	22667 PROP SU		Tax Maj		
BY C	HKD	APPD.	FIELD BOOK No:	: "Portsmouth ;	# 18"	Tax maj		

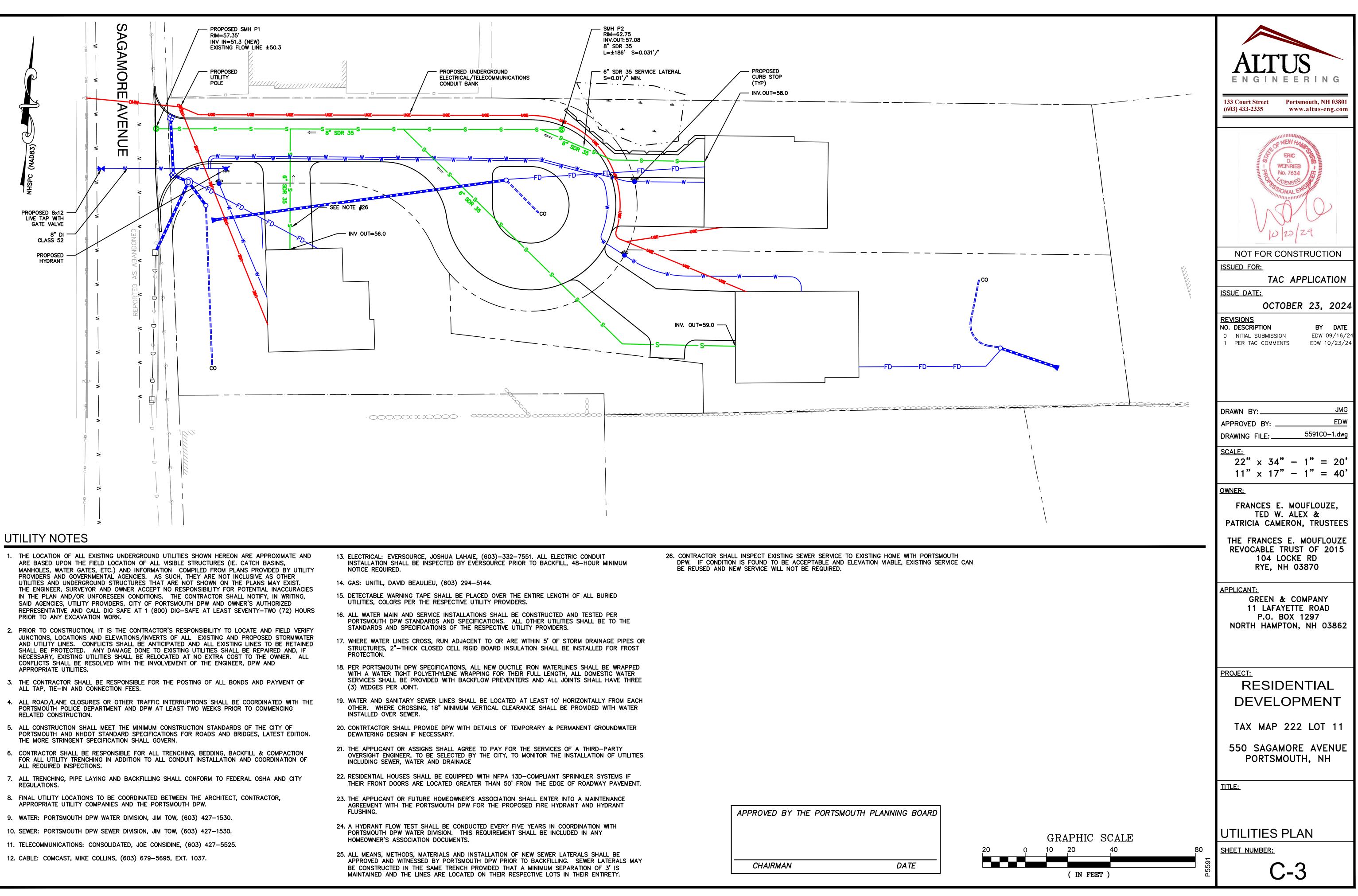


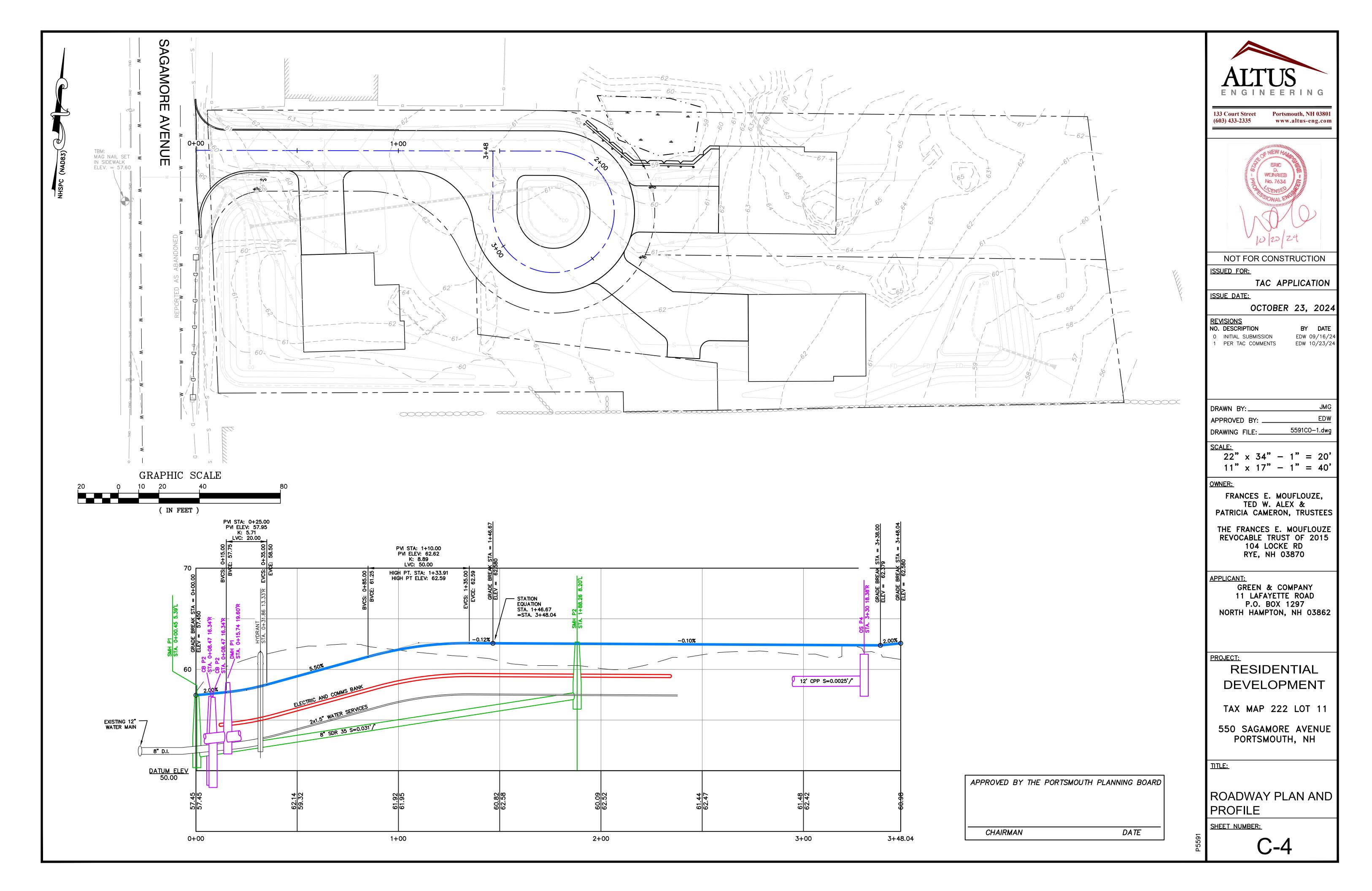
DT AREA:	15,000 S.F.
RONTAGE:	100'
DT DEPTH:	100'
RONT YARD:	30'
DE YARD:	10'
EAR YARD:	30'
JILDING HEIGHT:	35' (MAX. w/SLOPED ROOF)
JILDING COVERAGE:	20% MAX.
PEN SPACE:	40% MIN.
ETLAND BUFFER:	NONE (WETLAND LESS THAN 10,000 S.F.)

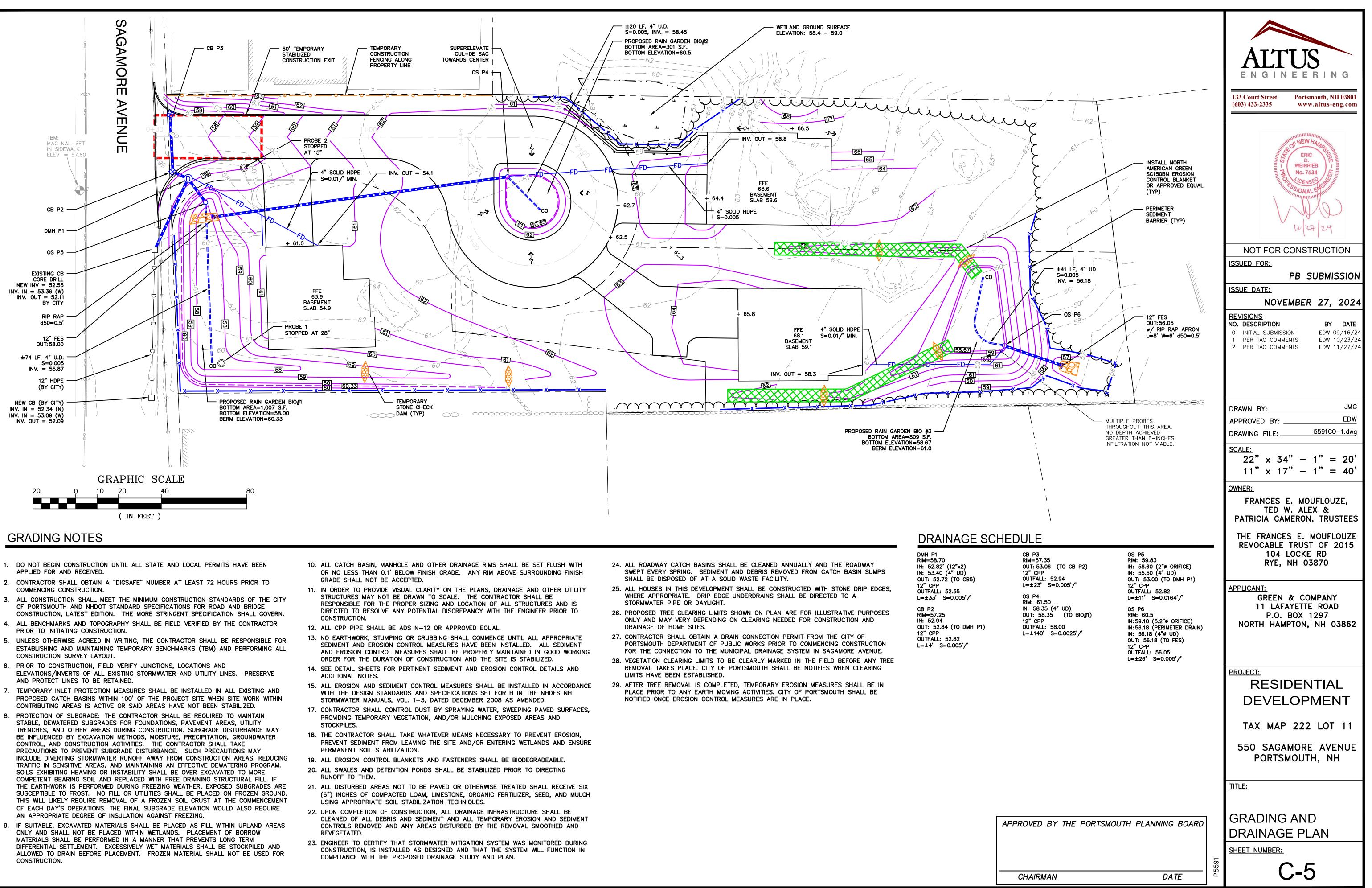


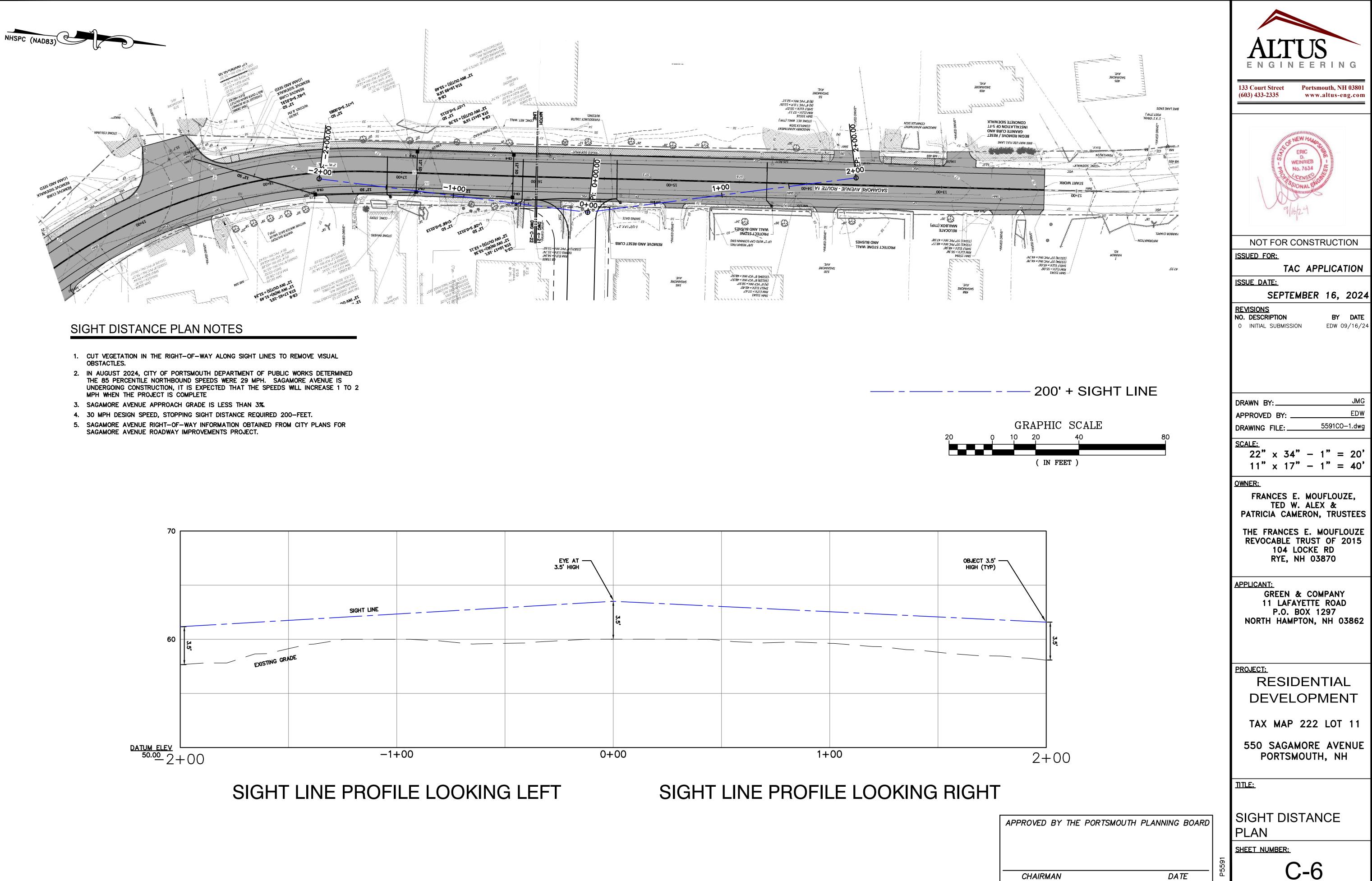
•	DIMENSIONAL INEQUINEMENTS.			
			<u>EXISTING</u>	<u>PROPOSED</u>
	MIN. LOT AREA:	15,000 S.F.	±62,754 S.F.	>15,000 S.F.
	MIN. LAND AREA PER		·	·
	DWELLING UNIT:	15,000 S.F.	±62,754 S.F.	>15,000 S.F.
	MIN. STREET FRONTAGE:	100'	±139.8'	100'
	MIN. LOT DEPTH:	100'	±434'	100'
	FRONT SETBACK:	30'	±33'	30'
	SIDE SETBACK:	10'	±40'	10'
	REAR SETBACK:	30'	±300'+	30'
	MIN. BUILDING HEIGHT:	35'	±13.1'	<35'
	MIN. BLDG. COVERAGE:	20%	±5.8%	<20%
		409	+01 29	>109

-				
	PROPERTY LINE		— онж 😵	- PROPOS
	BUILDING SETBACK			- PROPOS
<u> </u>	WETLAND BOUNDARY		} 0	PROPOS
VGC SGC	EXISTING PAVEMENT/CURB		-	PROPOS
VGC SGC	PROP. PAVEMENT/VERTICAL OR SLOPED GRANITE CURB	====	======	⇒ PROPOS
0 0 0 ° 0 0 0	EXISTING/PROPOSED GUARDRAIL	CPP	FES HDV	
OOOO-	EXISTING/PROPOSED STOCKADE FENCE	\$ ~	€ ∿- ≪∰	PROPOS
O OO	EXISTING/PROPOSED CHAINLINK FENCE	——×		- SILTFEN
60	EXISTING CONTOUR			STABILI
60	PROPOSED CONTOUR/INTERMEDIATE CONTOUR	\otimes	\times	
+60.00	PROPOSED SPOT GRADE/TOP & BOTTOM OF WALL			
	PROPOSED RETAINING WALL			
w → ₩ 💥	EXISTING WATER/CURB STOP/VALVE/HYDRANT			
SS	EXISTING SEWER/MANHOLE			
GGGGG	EXISTING GAS/VALVE			
<u> </u>	EXIST. OVERHEAD/UNDERGROUND UTILITIES/POLE		20)
D	EXISTING DRAINAGE/CB/DMH			
►W 👘 📈 💥	PROPOSED THRUST BLOCK/CURB STOP/VALVE/HYDRANT			
— PW — F—	PROPOSED DOMESTIC/FIRE WATER SERVICE LINE			
wW	PROPOSED WATERLINE/WELL		_	
⇒SS•	PROPOSED SEWER/MANHOLE/CLEANOUT			APPROVE
۲	SET IRON ROD			
	SET GRANITE BOUND			
🕂 TP# 😜 🔶	TESTPIT OR BORING/PERC. TEST/BENCHMARK			



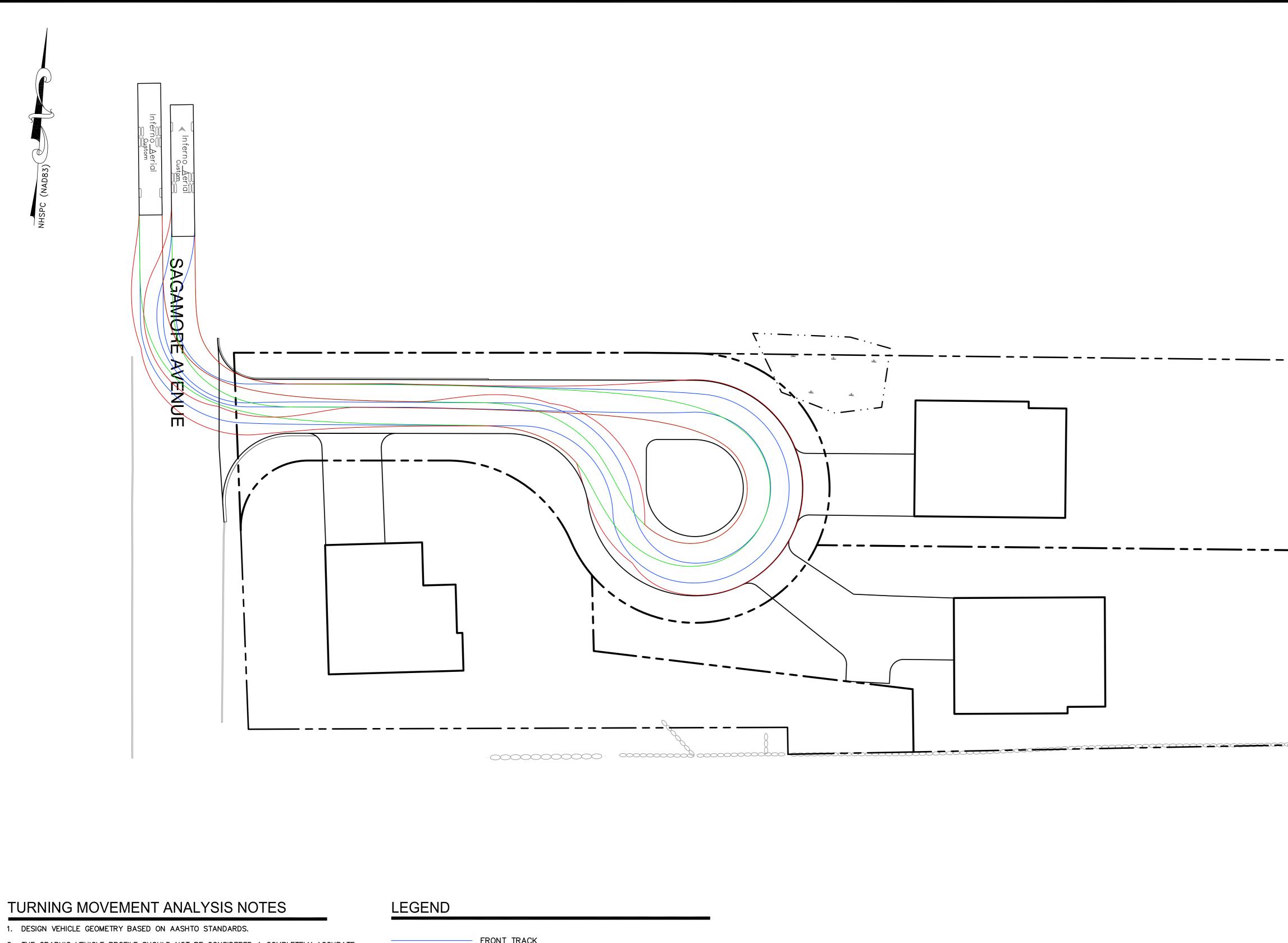






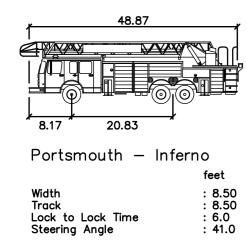
JMG

EDW



THE GRAPHIC VEHICLE PROFILE SHOULD NOT BE CONSIDERED A COMPLETELY ACCURATE VISUAL DEPICTION OF THE DESIGN VEHICLE AND IS ONLY INTENDED TO CONVEY A GENERIC REPRESENTATION OF IT'S GENERAL APPEARANCE.

3. DESIGN VEHICLE PROFILE:



- FRONT TRACK

REAR TRACK

VEHICLE BODY/OVERHANG

	ALTUS
	ENGINEERING
	133 Court Street (603) 433-2335Portsmouth, NH 03801 www.altus-eng.com
	ERIC D. WEINRIEB No. 7634
	ERIC ERIC
	ERIC D. WEINRIEB No. 7634
	SONAL ENGINE
	9/16/2-4
	1
	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
	ISSUED FOR: TAC APPLICATION
	ISSUE DATE:
	SEPTEMBER 16, 2024 REVISIONS
	NO. DESCRIPTIONBYDATE0INITIAL SUBMISSIONEDW 09/16/24
1	DRAWN BY:
	APPROVED BY:EDW
	DRAWING FILE: 5591CO-1.dwg
	$\frac{\text{SCALE:}}{22" \times 34" - 1" = 20'}$
	$11" \times 17" - 1" = 40'$
1	<u>OWNER:</u> FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE,
	TED W. ALEX & PATRICIA CAMERON, TRUSTEES
	THE FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE
1	REVOCABLE TRUST OF 2015 104 LOCKE RD RYE, NH 03870
	APPLICANT: GREEN & COMPANY
	11 LAFAYETTE ROAD P.O. BOX 1297
	NORTH HAMPTON, NH 03862
	PROJECT:
	RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT
	TAX MAP 222 LOT 11
	550 SAGAMORE AVENUE
	PORTSMOUTH, NH
	<u>TITLE:</u>
	FIRE TRUCK TURNING PLAN
GRAPHIC SCALE	SHEET NUMBER:
(IN FEET)	C-7
(IN FEET) \square	∇^{-1}

PROJECT NAME AND LOCATION

Owner:

FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE. THE FRANCES E. MOFLOUZE REVOCABLE TRUST OF 2015

TED W. ALEX & PATRICIA CAMERON, TRUSTEES 104 LOCKE ROAD, RYE, NH 03870

DESCRIPTION

The project consists of the redevelopment of a residential property on Sagamore Road. The existing building will be demolished and replaced with 3 modern single family homes. Stormwater will be managed and treated with rain gardens. Site improvements include underground utilities, landscaping and associated site improvements.

DISTURBED AREA

The total area to be disturbed on the parcel and for the building, driveway, drainage, and utility construction is approximately 48,000 SF±. The combined disturbed area exceeds 43,560 SF (1 acre), thus a SWPPP will be required for compliance with the USEPA-NPDES Construction General Permit. All local requirements for stormwater and erosion control during construction are still required.

NPDES CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT

Contractor shall is required to prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and file an NOI (Notice of Intent) in accordance with federal storm water permit requirements under the USEPA-NPDES Construction General Permit.

SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES

- 1. Prepare and file a Notice of Intent and a SWPPP with the US EPA.
- 2. Hold a pre-construction meeting with City & stake holders.
- 3. Install temporary erosion control measures, including drain inlet protection, silt fences, and stabilized construction exit/entrance.
- 4. Remove existing bulding, disconnect and remove utilities.
- 5. Clear and Grub vegetated areas per plan; Strip and stockpile loam. Stockpiles shall be temporarily stabilized 1. Seedbed Preparation with hay bales, mulch and surrounded by a hay bale or silt fence barrier until material is removed and final Apply fertilizer at the rate of 600 pounds per acre of 10-10-10. Apply limestone (equivalent to 50 grading is complete. Remove debris. Remove pavement and structures intended to be removed within the initial work limits.
- 6. Construct utility infrastructure. Rough grade lot to prepare for site development. Stabilize swales and stormwater management systems prior to directing flow to them.
- 7 Construct roadway infrastrucutre and foundations.
- 8. Construct buildings.
- 9. Loam and seed remaining disturbed areas.
- 10. When all construction activity is complete and site is stabilized, remove all silt fences and temporary structures and sediment that has been trapped by these devices.

NAME OF RECEIVING WATER

The site drainage discharges into a municipal closed drainage system outletting to the Little Harbor. TEMPORARY EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL AND STABILIZATION PRACTICES

All work shall be in accordance with state and local permits. Work shall conform to the practices described in the "New Hampshire Stormwater Manual, Volumes 1 - 3", issued December 2008, as amended. As indicated in the sequence of Major Activities, the silt fences shall be installed prior to commencing any clearing or grading of the site. Structural controls shall be installed concurrently with the applicable activity. Once construction activity ceases permanently in an area, silt fences and any earth/dikes will be removed once permanent measures are established.

During construction, runoff will be diverted around the site with stabilized channels where possible. Sheet runoff from the site shall be filtered through hay bale barriers, stone check dams, and silt fences. All storm drain inlets shall be provided with hay bale filters or stone check dams. Stone rip rap shall be provided at the outlets of drain pipes and culverts where shown on the drawings.

Stabilize all ditches, swales, stormwater ponds, level spreaders and their contributing areas prior to directing flow to them.

Temporary and permanent vegetation and mulching is an integral component of the erosion and sedimentation control plan. All areas shall be inspected and maintained until vegetative cover is established. These control measures are essential to erosion prevention and also reduce costly rework of araded and shaped areas.

Temporary vegetation shall be maintained in these areas until permanent seeding is applied. Additionally, erosion and sediment control measures shall be maintained until permanent vegetation is established.

INSTALLATION. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES FOR TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

A. GENERAL

These are general inspection and maintenance practices that shall be used to implement the plan:

- 1. The smallest practical portion of the site shall be denuded at one time, but in no case shall it
- exceed 5 acres at one time. 2. All control measures shall be inspected at least once each week and following any storm event of
- 0.25 inches or areater. 3. All measures shall be maintained in good working order; if a repair is necessary, it will be initiated
- within 24 hours. 4. Built-up sediment shall be removed from silt fence or other barriers when it has reached one-third the height of the fence or bale, or when "bulges" occur.
- 5. All diversion dikes shall be inspected and any breaches promptly repaired.
- 6. Temporary seeding and planting shall be inspected for bare spots, washouts, and unhealthy growth. 7. The owner's authorized engineer shall inspect the site on a periodic basis to review compliance with the Plans.
- 8. All roadways and parking lots shall be stabilized within 72 hours of achieving finished grade
- 9. All cut and fill slopes shall be seeded/loamed within 72 hours of achieving finished grade.
- 10. An area shall be considered stable if one of the following has occurred:
 - a. Base coarse gravels have been installed in areas to be paved; b. A minimum of 85% vegetated growth as been established;
- c. A minimum of 3 inches of non-erosive material such as stone of riprap has been installed: – or
- d. Erosion control blankets have been properly installed.

11. The length of time of exposure of area disturbed during construction shall not exceed 45 days.

- B. MULCHING
 - Mulch shall be used on highly erodible soils, on critically eroding areas, on areas where conservation of moisture will facilitate plant establishment, and where shown on the plans.
- 1. Timing In order for mulch to be effective, it must be in place prior to major storm
- events. There are two (2) types of standards which shall be used to assure this: a. Apply mulch prior to any storm event. This is applicable when working within 100 feet of wetlands. It will be necessary to closely monitor weather predictions, usually by contacting the National Weather Service in Concord, to have adequate warning of significant storms.
 - b. Required Mulching within a specified time period. The time period can range from 21 to 28 days of inactivity on a area, the length of time varying with site conditions. Professional judgment shall be used to evaluate the interaction of site conditions (soil erodibility, season of year, extent of disturbance, proximity to sensitive resources, etc.) and the potential impact of erosion on adjacent areas to choose an appropriate time restriction.

INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION PROCEDURES FOR TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES (CON'T)

2. Guidelines for Winter Mulch Application -

	••
<u>Type</u> Hay or Straw	<u>Rate per 1.000 s.f.</u> 70 to 90 lbs. from with planting
Wood Chips or Bark Mulch	460 to 920 lbs.
Jute and Fibrous Matting (Erosion Blanket	As per manufacturer Specifications
Crushed Stone 1/4" to 1-1/2" dia.	Spread more than 1/2" thick
Erosion Control Mix	2" thick (min)

- for rill erosion. If less than 90% of the soil surface is covered by mulch, additional mulch shall be immediately applied.
- C. TEMPORARY GRASS COVER
 - percent calcium plus magnesium oxide) at a rate of three (3) tons per acre.
- 2. Seeding -
 - 1. Utilize annual rye grass at a rate of 40 lbs/acre.
 - two (2) inches before applying fertilizer, lime and seed.

 - fertilizer). Hydroseedings, which include mulch, may be left on soil surface. Seeding rates must be increased 10% when hydroseeding.

3. Maintenance Temporary seedings shall be periodically inspected. At a minimum, 95% of the soil surface should be covered by vegetation. If any evidence of erosion or sedimentation is apparent, repairs shall be made and other temporary measures used in the interim (mulch, filter barriers, check dams, etc.).

D. FILTERS

- 1. Tubular Sediment Barrier a. See detail.
 - b. Install per manufacturer's requirements.
- 2. Silt Fence (if used) a. Synthetic filter fabric shall be a pervious sheet of propylene, nylon, polyester or ethylene

Physical Property	Test
Filtering Efficiency	VTM-51
Tensile Strength at	VTM-52

Flow Rate

Synthetic filter fabric shall contain ultraviolet ray inhibitors and stabilizer to provide a minimum of six (6) months of expected usable construction life at a temperature range of 0 degrees F to 120° F.

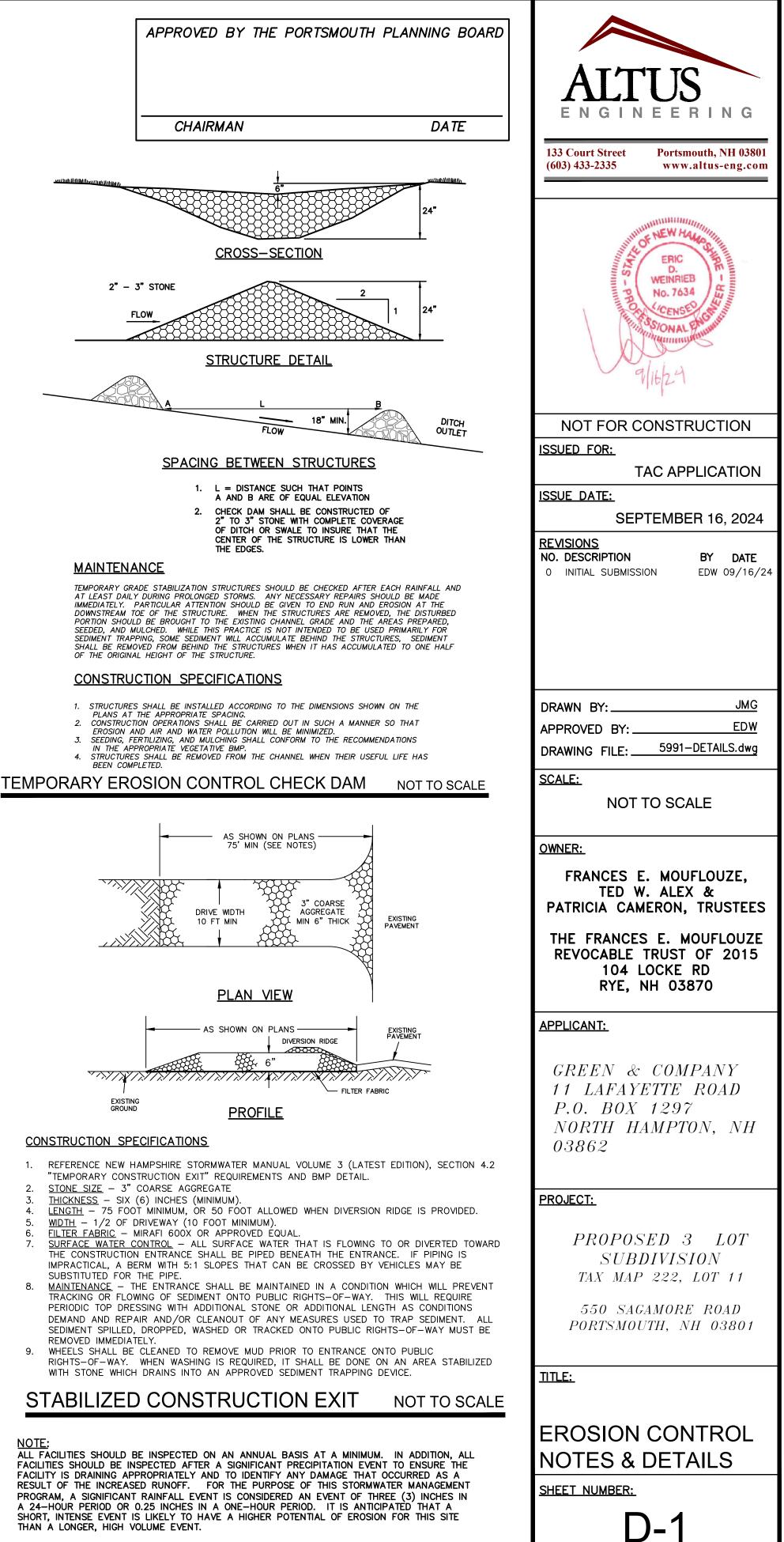
- inches).
- along the line of posts and upslope from the barrier.
- d. When standard strength filter fabric is used, a wire mesh support fence shall be fastened the original ground surfaces.
- e. The "standard strenath" filter fabric shall be stapled or wired to the fence, and eight (8) existing trees.
- f. When extra strength filter fabric and closer post spacing are used, the wire mesh support the posts with all other provisions of item (g) applying.

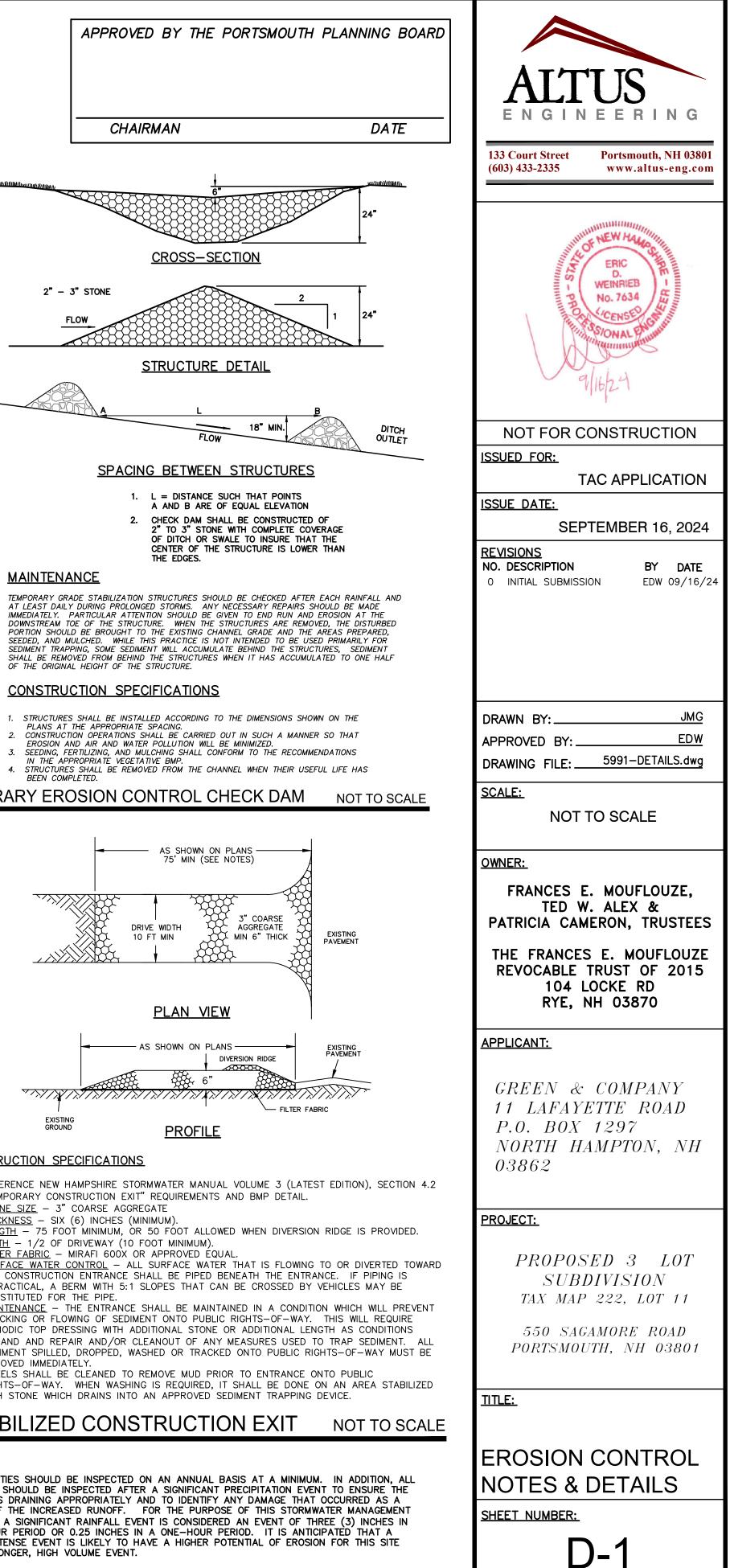
- the upslope areas has been permanently stabilized.

3. Sequence of Installation -Sediment barriers shall be installed prior to any soil disturbance of the contributing upslope drainaae area

- 4. Maintenance -
- a. Silt fence barriers shall be inspected immediately after each rainfall and at least daily during prolonged rainfall. They shall be repaired if there are any signs of erosion or sedimentation below them. Any required repairs shall be made immediately. If there are signs of undercutting at the center or the edges, or impounding of large volumes of water, the sediment barriers shall be replaced with a temporary stone check dam.
- b. Should the fabric on a silt fence or filter barrier decompose or become ineffective prior to the end of the expected usable life and the barrier still is necessary, the fabric shall be replaced promptly.
- c. Sediment deposits must be removed when deposits reach approximately one-third (1/3)the height of the barrier.
- required shall be removed. The area shall be prepared and seeded.

- reauirements:
- 20% Maximum Elonaation*





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1		
EXISTING GROUND		

THAN A LONGER, HIGH VOLUME EVENT.

<u>Use and Comments</u> Must be dry and free mold. May be used

Used mostly with trees and shrub plantings.

Used in slope areas, water courses and other Control areas.

Effective in controlling wind and water erosion.

* The organic matter content is between 80 and 100%, dry weight basis.

* Particle size by weight is 100% passing a 6"screen and a minimum of 70 %.

maximum of 85%, passing a 0.75" screen. * The organic portion needs to be fibrous and elongated

* Large portions of silts, clays or fine sands are not acceptable in the mix. Soluble salts content is less than 4.0

mmhos/cm. * The pH should fall between 5.0 and 8.0.

3. Maintenance — All mulches must be inspected periodically, in particular after rainstorms, to check

b. Where the soil has been compacted by construction operations, loosen soil to a depth o c. Apply seed uniformly by hand, cyclone seeder, or hydroseeder (slurry including seed and

yarn and shall be certified by the manufacturer or supplier as conforming to the following

### <u>Requirements</u> 75% minimum

Extra Strenath 50 lb/lin in (min) Standard Strength 30 lb/lin in (min)

VTM-51 0.3 gal/sf/min (min)

* Requirements reduced by 50 percent after six (6) months of installation.

b. Posts shall be spaced a maximum of ten (10) feet apart at the barrier location or as recommended by the manufacturer and driven securely into the around (minimum of 16

c. A trench shall be excavated approximately six (6) inches wide and eight (8) inches deep

securely to the upslope side of the posts using heavy duty wire staples at least one (1) inch long, tie wires or hog rings. The wire shall extend no more than 36 inches above

inches of the fabric shall be extended into the trench. The fabric shall not extend more than 36 inches above the original ground surface. Filter fabric shall not be stapled to

fence may be eliminated. In such a case, the filter fabric is stapled or wired directly to

g. The trench shall be backfilled and the soil compacted over the filter fabric.

h. Silt fences shall be removed when they have served their useful purpose but not before

d. Any sediment deposits remaining in place after the silt fence or other barrier is no longer

e. Additional stone may have to be added to the construction entrance, rock barrier and riprop lined swales, etc., periodically to maintain proper function of the erosion control structure.

E. PERMANENT SEEDING

3.2.

- 1. Bedding stones larger than  $1\frac{1}{2}$ ", trash, roots, and other debris that will interfere with seeding and future maintenance of the area should be removed. Where feasible, the soil should be tilled to a depth of 5" to prepare a seedbed and mix fertilizer into the soil.
- 2. Fertilizer lime and fertilizer should be applied evenly over the area prior to or at the time of seeding and incorporated into the soil. Kinds and amounts of lime and fertilizer should be based on an evaluation of soil tests. When a soil test is not available, the following minimum amounts should be applied:

Agricultural Limestone @ 100 lbs. per 1.000 s.f. 10-20-20 fertilizer @ 12 lbs. per 1,000 s.f.

3. Seed Mixture (See Landscape Drawings for additional information):

3.1. Lawn seed mix shall be a fresh, clean new seed crop. The Contractor shall furnish a dealer's guaranteed statement of the composition of the mixture and the percentage of purity and aermination of each variety.

- Seed mixture shall consist o
- a. 1/3 Kentucky blue, b. 1/3 perennial rye, and
- c. 1/3 fine fescue. 3.1. Turf type tall fescue is unacceptable.
- 4. Sodding sodding is done where it is desirable to rapidly establish cover on a disturbed area. Sodding an area may be substituted for permanent seeding procedures anywhere on site. Bed preparation, fertilizing, and placement of sod shall be performed according to the S.C.S. Handbook. Sodding is recommended for steep sloped areas, areas immediately adjacent to sensitive water courses, easily erodible soils (fine sand/silt), etc.

### WINTER CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. All proposed vegetated areas which do not exhibit a minimum of 85% vegetative growth by October 15th, or which are disturbed after October 15th, shall be stabilized by seeding and installing erosion
- 2. Al

season shall be protected with a minimum of 3 inches of crushed gravel per NHDOT Item 304.3.

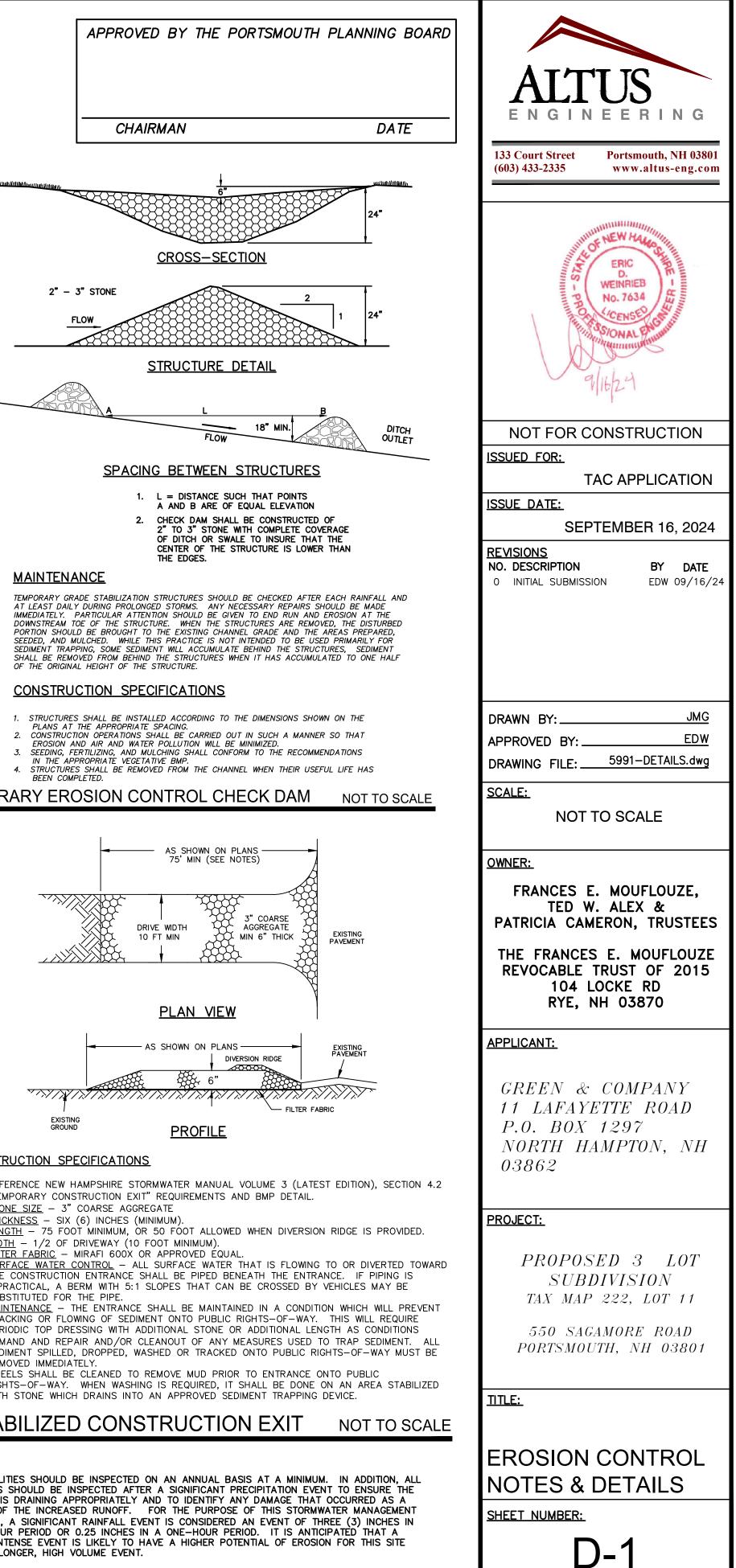
WINTER CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. All proposed vegetated areas which do not exhibit a minimum of 85% vegetative growth by October 15th, or which are disturbed after October 15th, shall be stabilized by seeding and installing erosion control blankets on slopes greater than 3:1, and elsewhere seeding and placing 3 to 4 tons of mulch per acre, secured with anchored netting. The installation of erosion control blankets or mulch and netting shall not occur over accumulated snow or on frozen around and shall be completed in advance of thaw or spring melt events;
- 2. All ditches or swales which do not exhibit a minimum of 85% vegetative growth by October 15th, or which are disturbed after October 15th, shall be stabilized temporarily with stone or erosion control blankets appropriate for the design flow conditions; and
- 3. After November 15th, incomplete road or parking surfaces where work has stopped for the winter season shall be protected with a minimum of 3 inches of crushed aravel per NHDOT Item 304.3.

	Spring	Fall or Yearly	After Major Storm	Every 2-5 Vears
Vegetated Areas				-
Inspect all slopes and embankments	x		x	
Replant bare areas or areas with sparse growth	x		X	
Armor areas with rill erosion with an appropriate	х		x	
lining or divert the erosive flows to on-site areas				
able to withstand concentrated flows.			]	
Stormwater Channels				
Inspect ditches, swales and other open stormwater channels	x	x	x	
Remove any obstructions and accumulated sediments or debris	x	x		
Control vegetated growth and woody vegetation		x		
Repair any erosion of the ditch lining		x		
Mow vegetated ditches		x		
Remove woody vegetation growing through riprap		х		
Repair any slumping side slopes		x		
Replace riprap where underlying filter fabric or underdrain gravel is exposed or where stones have been dislodged		x		
Culverts				
Remove accumulated sediments and debris at inlet, outlet and within the conduit	x	x	x	
Repair any erosion damage at the culvert's inlet and outlet	x	x	x	
Remove woody vegetation growing through riprap		x		
Roadways and Parking Surfaces			·	-
Remove accumulated winter sand along roadways	х			
Sweep pavement to remove sediment	x			
Grade road shoulders and remove excess sand	x			
either manually or by a front-end loader				
Grade gravel roads and gravel shoulders	x			
Clean out sediment contained in water bars or open-top culverts	x			
Ensure that stormwater is not impeded by accumulations of material or false ditches in the roadway shoulder	x			
Runoff Infiltration Facilities				
Remove dead vegetation and any accumulated sediment (normally at the entrance to the garden)	x			
to allow for new growth Weed; add additional hardwood mulch to suppress	x	x		
weeds				
Mow turf three (3) times a growing season				
Aerate area with deep tines, if water ponds on the surface for more than 24 hours during the first year		x		
or for a length of 72 hours		l	J	I
Vegetative Swale	-		1	-
Mow grass swales monthly				+
Inspect swale following significant rainfall event	x	X	X	+
Control vegetated growth and woody vegetation	X	X		
Repair any erosion of the ditch	X	X		

control blankets on slopes greater than 3:1, and elsewhere seeding and placing 3 to 4 tons of nulch per acre, secured with anchored netting. The installation of erosion control blankets or mulch and netting shall not occur over accumulated snow or on frozen ground and shall be completed in advance of thaw or spring melt events;
All ditches or swales which do not exhibit a minimum of 85% vegetative growth by October 15th, or which are disturbed after October 15th, shall be stabilized temporarily with stone or erosion control plankets appropriate for the design flow conditions; and
After November 15th, incomplete road or parking surfaces where work has stopped for the winter

3. Af

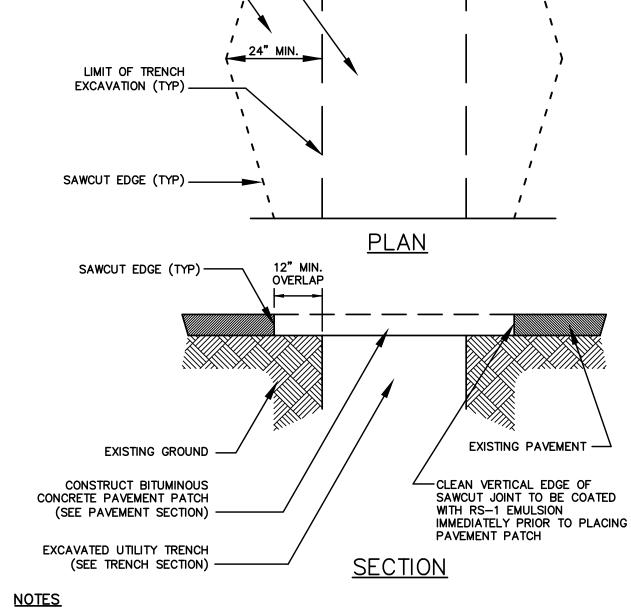


# **TYPICAL TRENCH PATCH**

# NOT TO SCALE

# PATCHES SHALL MEET NHDOT REQUIREMENTS.

- 2. ALL TEMPORARY, DAMAGED OR DEFECTIVE PAVEMENT SHALL BE REMOVED PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF
- 3. DIAMOND PATCHES, SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR ALL TRENCHES CROSSING ROADWAY. DIAMOND
- 1. MACHINE CUT EXISTING PAVEMENT.
- PERMANENT TRENCH REPAIRS.



LIFTING STRAP

STANDARD FABRIC

DUMPING STRAP

REMOVAL OF

CONTENTS

INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE:

INSTALLATION: REMOVE THE GRATE FROM CATCH BASIN. IF USING OPTIONAL OIL ABSORBENTS; PLACE ABSORBENT PILLOW IN UNIT. STAND GRATE ON END. MOVE THE

TOP LIFTING STRAPS OUT OF THE WAY AND PLACE THE GRATE INTO CATCH BASIN

HOLDING THE LIFTING DEVICES, INSERT THE GRATE INTO THE INLET.

UNACCEPTABLE INLET PROTECTION METHOD:

STORM DRAIN

EXCAVATED UTILITY TRENCH

EXISTING GRAVEL BEYOND

TRENCH SHALL BE LEFT

(SEE TRENCH SECTION) -

INSERT SO THE GRATE IS BELOW THE TOP STRAPS AND ABOVE THE LOWER STRAPS.

MAINTENANCE: REMOVE ALL ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS FROM VICINITY OF THE UNIT AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. AFTER EACH STORM EVENT AND AT REGULAR

INTERVALS, LOOK INTO THE CATCH BASIN INSERT. IF THE CONTAINMENT AREA IS MORE

THAN 1/3 FULL OF SEDIMENT, THE UNIT MUST BE EMPTIED. TO EMPTY THE UNIT, LIFT

THE UNIT OUT OF THE INLET USING THE LIFTING STRAPS AND REMOVE THE GRATE. IF

INLET PROTECTION NOT TO SCALE

12" (MIN)

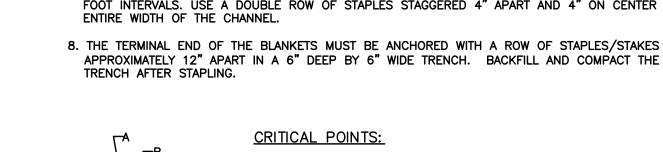
USING OPTIONAL ABSORBENTS; REPLACE ABSORBENT WHEN NEAR SATURATION.

A SIMPLE SHEET OF GEOTEXTILE UNDER THE GRATE IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

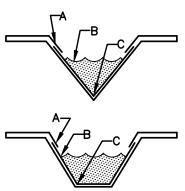
ALLOWS FOR EASY

OF ORANGE WOVEN MONOFILAMENT

DANDY BAG II OR APPROVED EQUAL



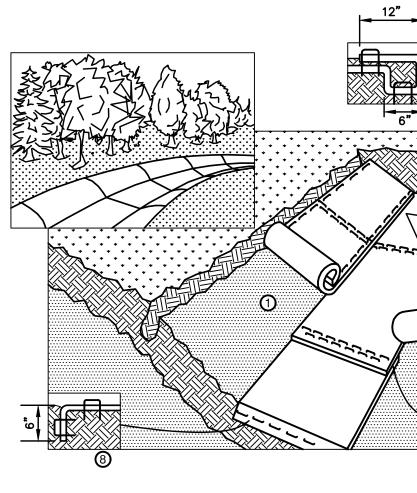
BLANKET BEING OVERLAPPED.



CRITICAL POINTS: . OVERLAPS AND SEAMS

- B. PROJECTED WATER LINE C. CHANNEL BOTTOM/SIDE SLOPE VERTICES
- NOTES:
- SURFACE.
- GREATER THAN 6" MAY BE NECESSARY TO PROPERLY ANCHOR THE BLANKETS.

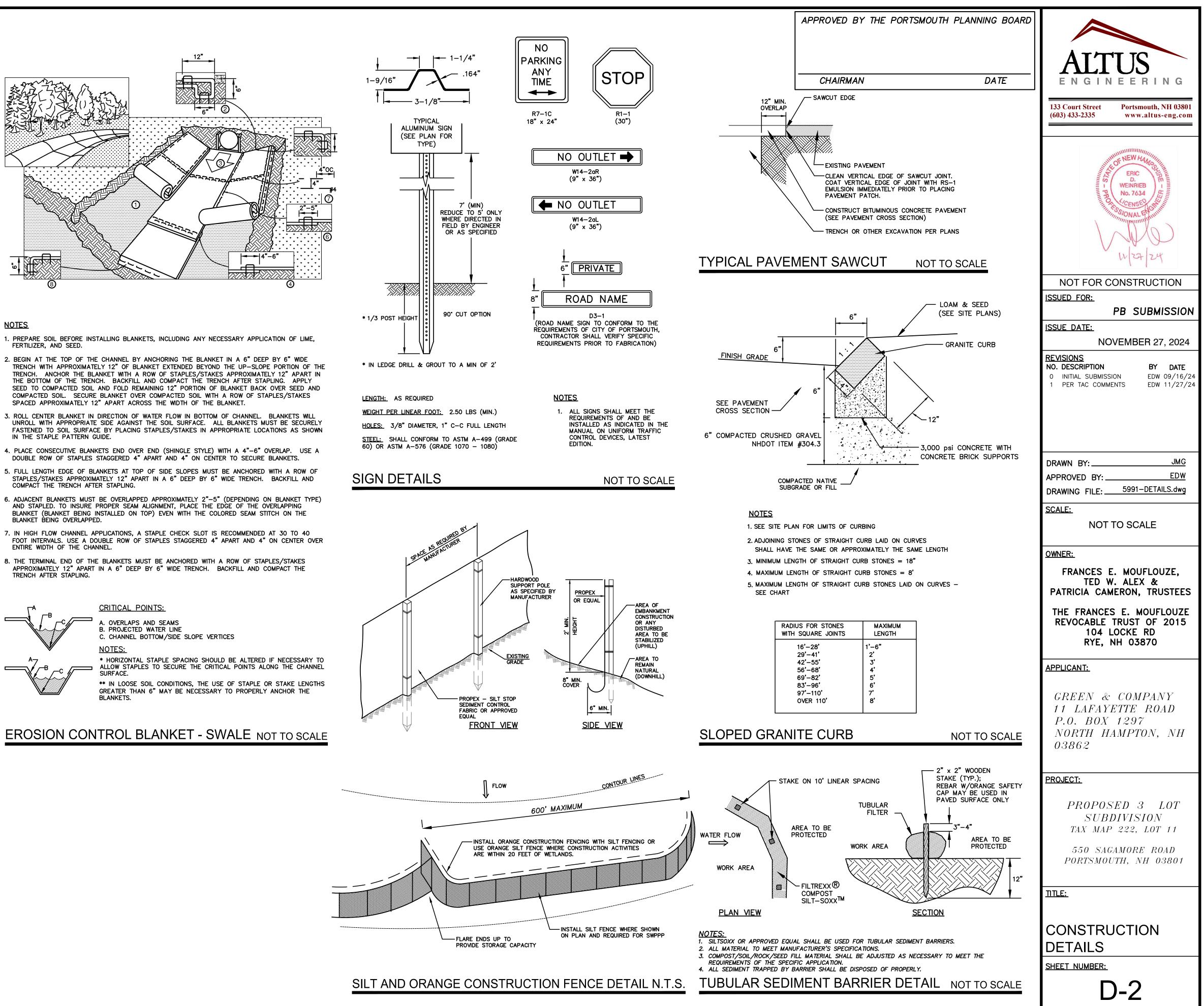
# **EROSION CONTROL BLANKET - SWALE NOT TO SCALE**



**NOTES** 

- 1. PREPARE SOIL BEFORE INSTALLING BLANKETS, INCLUDING ANY NECESSARY APPLICATION OF LIME, FERTILIZER, AND SEED.
- 2. BEGIN AT THE TOP OF THE CHANNEL BY ANCHORING THE BLANKET IN A 6" DEEP BY 6" WIDE TRENCH WITH APPROXIMATELY 12" OF BLANKET EXTENDED BEYOND THE UP-SLOPE PORTION OF THE TRENCH. ANCHOR THE BLANKET WITH A ROW OF STAPLES/STAKES APPROXIMATELY 12" APART IN THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE TRENCH AFTER STAPLING. APPLY SEED TO COMPACTED SOIL AND FOLD REMAINING 12" PORTION OF BLANKET BACK OVER SEED AND
- COMPACTED SOIL. SECURE BLANKET OVER COMPACTED SOIL WITH A ROW OF STAPLES/STAKES SPACED APPROXIMATELY 12" APART ACROSS THE WIDTH OF THE BLANKET.
- 3. ROLL CENTER BLANKET IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW IN BOTTOM OF CHANNEL. BLANKETS WILL UNROLL WITH APPROPRIATE SIDE AGAINST THE SOIL SURFACE. ALL BLANKETS MUST BE SECURELY FASTENED TO SOIL SURFACE BY PLACING STAPLES/STAKES IN APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS AS SHOWN IN THE STAPLE PATTERN GUIDE.
- 4. PLACE CONSECUTIVE BLANKETS END OVER END (SHINGLE STYLE) WITH A 4"-6" OVERLAP. USE A
- COMPACT THE TRENCH AFTER STAPLING. 6. ADJACENT BLANKETS MUST BE OVERLAPPED APPROXIMATELY 2"-5" (DEPENDING ON BLANKET TYPE)
- DOUBLE ROW OF STAPLES STAGGERED 4" APART AND 4" ON CENTER TO SECURE BLANKETS. 5. FULL LENGTH EDGE OF BLANKETS AT TOP OF SIDE SLOPES MUST BE ANCHORED WITH A ROW OF
- STAPLES/STAKES APPROXIMATELY 12" APART IN A 6" DEEP BY 6" WIDE TRENCH. BACKFILL AND

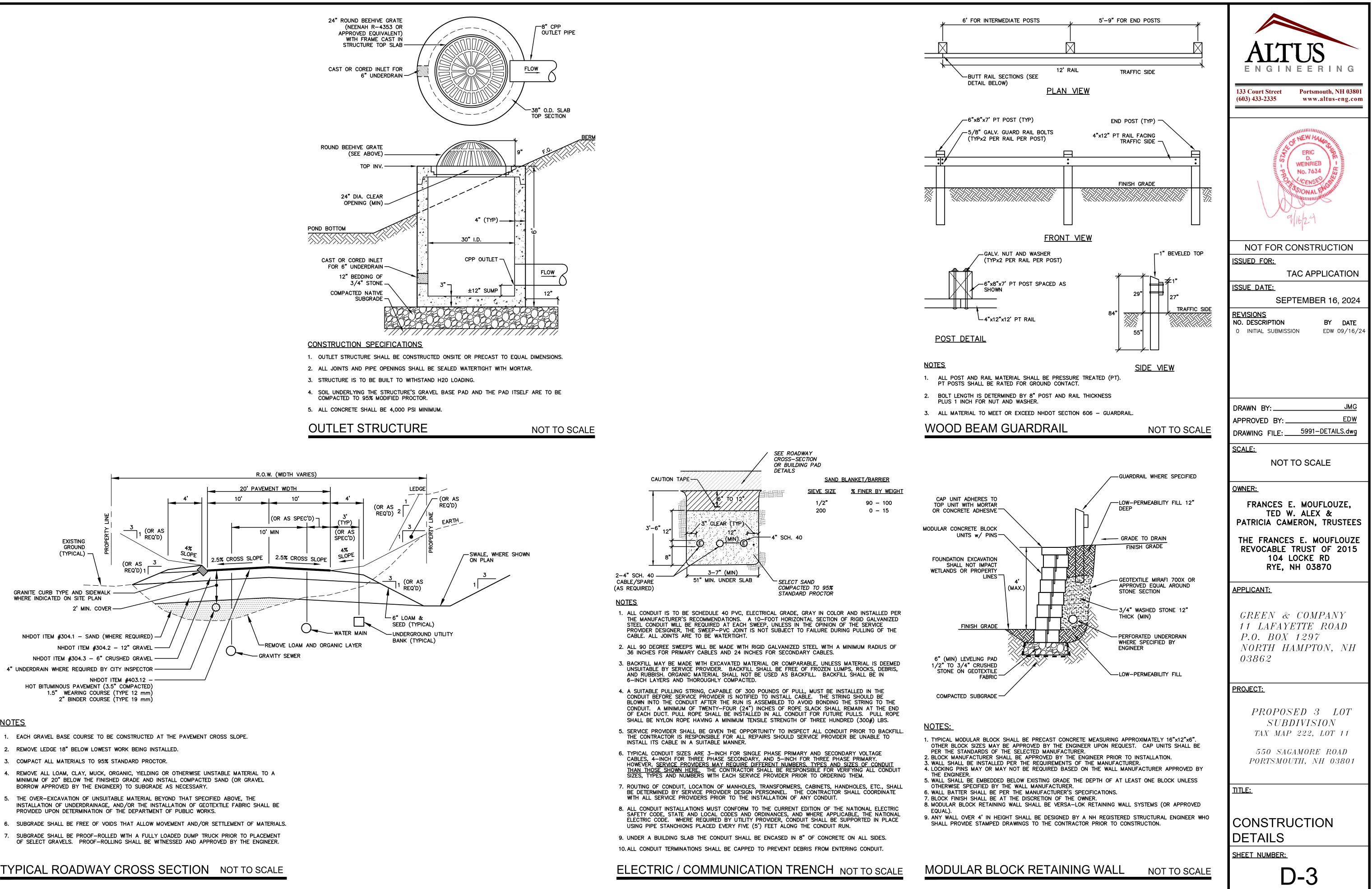
# AND STAPLED. TO INSURE PROPER SEAM ALIGNMENT, PLACE THE EDGE OF THE OVERLAPPING BLANKET (BLANKET BEING INSTALLED ON TOP) EVEN WITH THE COLORED SEAM STITCH ON THE

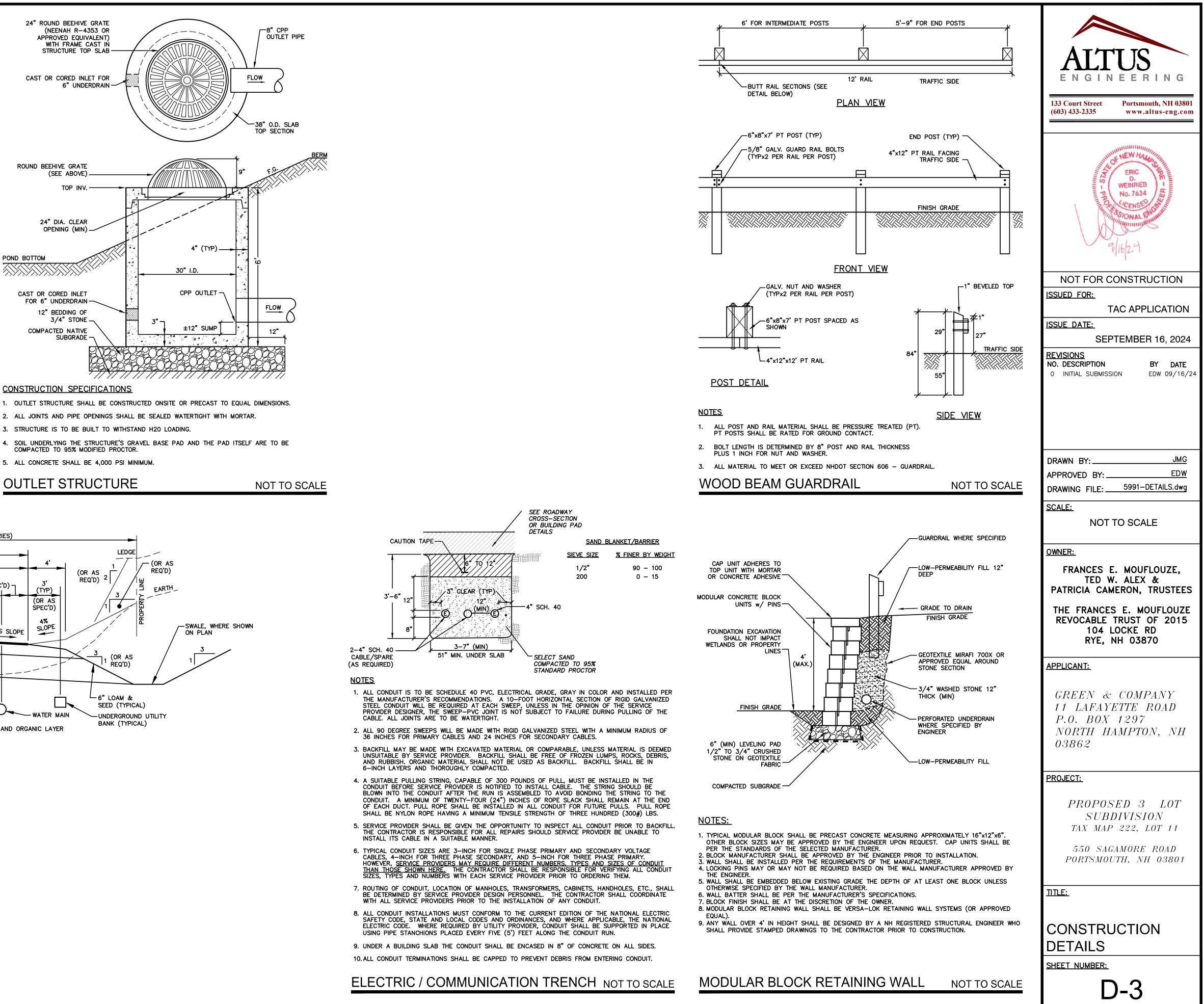


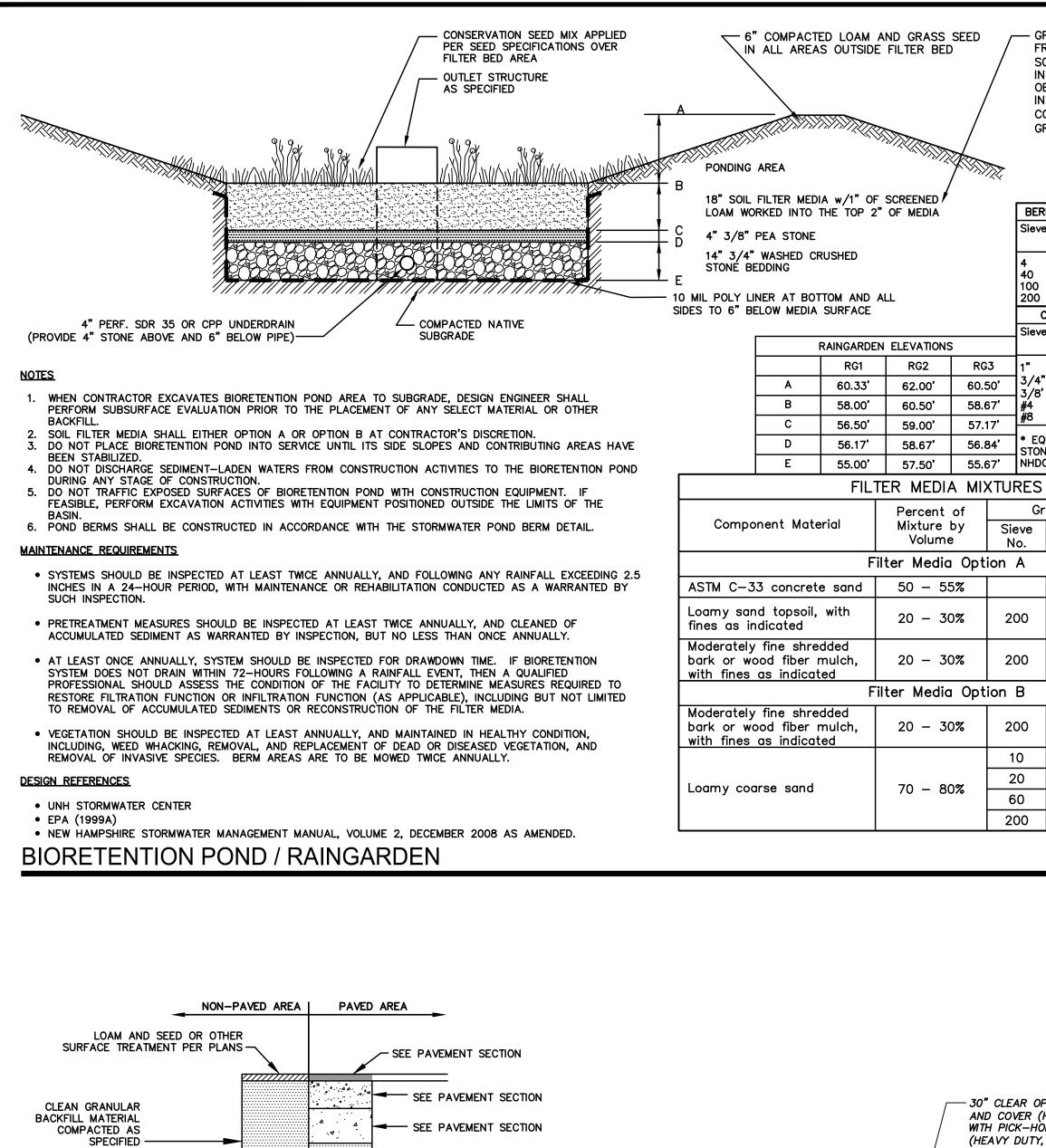
# TYPICAL ROADWAY CROSS SECTION NOT TO SCALE

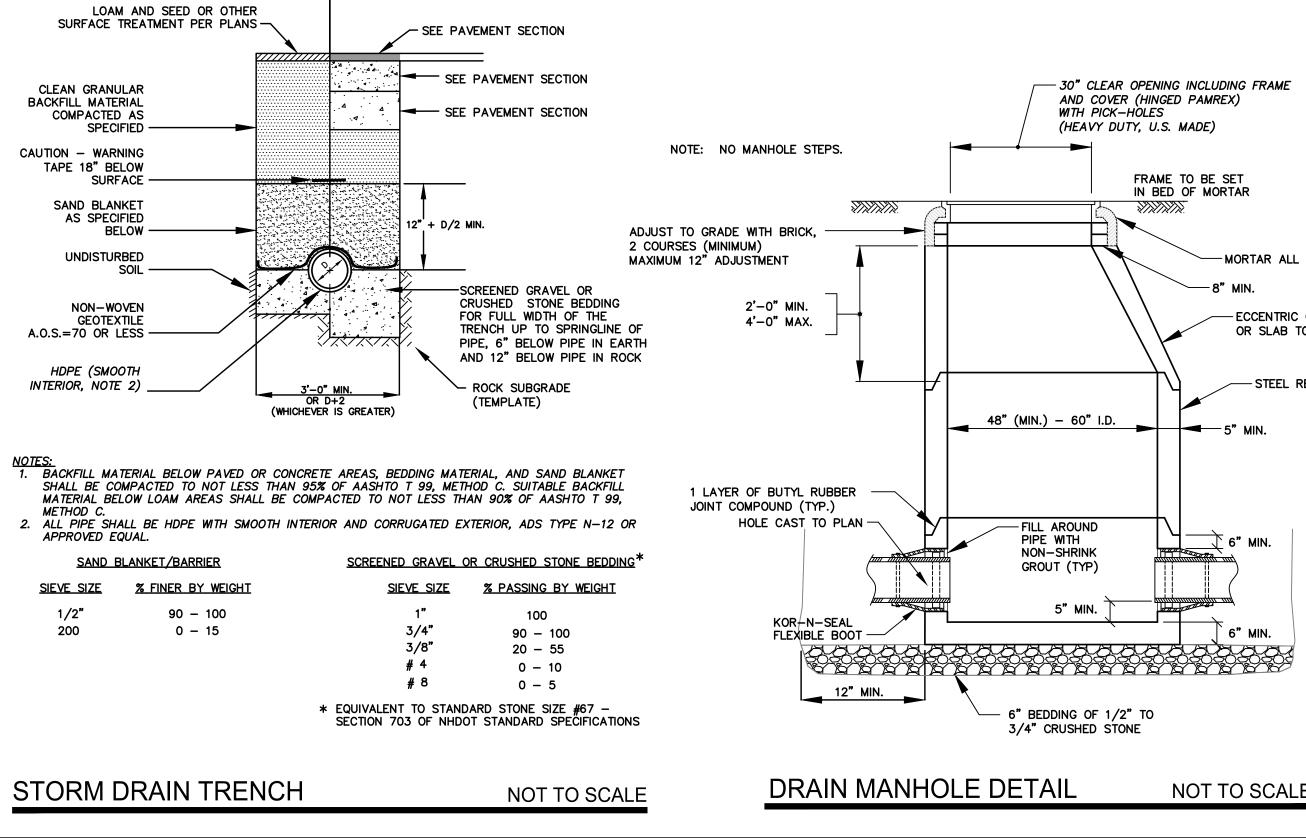
- 7. SUBGRADE SHALL BE PROOF-ROLLED WITH A FULLY LOADED DUMP TRUCK PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF SELECT GRAVELS. PROOF-ROLLING SHALL BE WITNESSED AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- THE OVER-EXCAVATION OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL BEYOND THAT SPECIFIED ABOVE, THE 5. INSTALLATION OF UNDERDRAINAGE, AND/OR THE INSTALLATION OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHALL BE
- 4. REMOVE ALL LOAM, CLAY, MUCK, ORGANIC, YIELDING OR OTHERWISE UNSTABLE MATERIAL TO A MINIMUM OF 20" BELOW THE FINISHED GRADE AND INSTALL COMPACTED SAND (OR GRAVEL

# NOTES







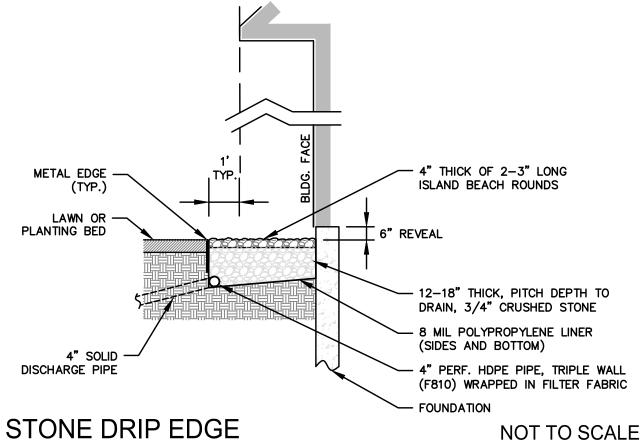


# NOT TO SCALE



-MORTAR ALL AROUND - ECCENTRIC CONE OR SLAB TOP - STEEL REINFORCED

200 < 5% 10 85 - 100% 20 70 - 100% 60 15 - 40% 200 8 - 15% NOT TO SCALE



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SECTION A-A

<u>PLAN</u>

<u>5 1/8" C.C. _</u>

19"

22 1/4"

SECTION B-B

- ALTERNATE

-7/16

NHDOT GRAY CAS

NEENAH R-3433,

IRON FRAME & GRATE

R-3570, R-3570-A OR APPROVED EQUIVALENT

STRUCTURES.

- CAST IRON FRAME (3 OR

4 FLANGE DEPENDING ON

⁻ SQUARE

BLOCKS

FRAME

LOCATION)

CONCRETE

BLOCKS

NOTE: INSTALL "CATCH BASIN LINER",

MODEL #68896 BY EJ PRESCOTT OR

APPROVED EQUAL WITH CAST IRON

GRATE TYPE B (US MADE) ON ALL

### BERM GRANULAR FILL GRADATION Sieve size | Embankment Material % Passing sieve 90 - 100% 50 - 80% 29 - 43% 15 - 30% CRUSHED STONE BEDDING * Sieve size **%** Passing by weight 90 - 100% 20 - 55% 0 - 10% 0 - 5% EQUIVALENT TO STANDARD STONE SIZE #67 - SECTION 703 55.67' NHDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

Gradation of material

Percent by Weight

15 to 25%

< 5%

Passing Standard Sieve

WALL 2 1/8"± → ==== 1 LAYER OF -BUTYL RUBBER -2 1/8"± JOINT COMPOUND (TYP.) DETAIL A (TONGUE & GROOVE JOINT)

# <u>NOTES</u>

FLOW LINE

3/8" MORTAR

GRATE & FRAME DETAIL

ALL SECTIONS SHALL BE CONCRETE CLASS AA (4000 PSI). CIRCUMFERENTIAL REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE 0.12 SQ.IN. PER LINEAR FT. IN ALL SECTIONS AND SHALL BE PLACED IN THE CENTER THIRD OF THE WALL. THE TONGUE OR GROOVE OF THE JOINT SHALL CONTAIN ONE LINE OF

PRECAST

CIRCULAR

CIRCUMFERENTIAL REINFORCEMENT EQUAL TO 0.12 SQ. IN. PER LINEAR FT.

RISERS OF 1', 2', 3' & 4' CAN BE USED TO REACH DESIRED DEPTH. THE STRUCTURES SHALL BE DESIGNED FOR H20 LOADING.

6. USE H20 LOADING SLAB TOP SECTION IN LIEU OF ECCENTRIC TOP WHERE

PRODUCT SELECTED OR EQUIVALENT APRROVED BY THE ENGINEER.

PIPE INVERT IS WITHIN 4' OF FINISH GRADE. FRAME AND GRATE DIMENSIONS ARE TYPICAL BUT MAY VARY BASED ON

DEEP SUMP CATCH BASIN

ADJUSTING TOP RING FITTING FRAME TO GRADE MAY ALSO

BE DONE WITH CLAY BRICKS.

ECCENTRIC TOP (CONCENTRIC

OR SLAB TOPS MAY BE USED

WITH APPROVAL OF ENGINEER)

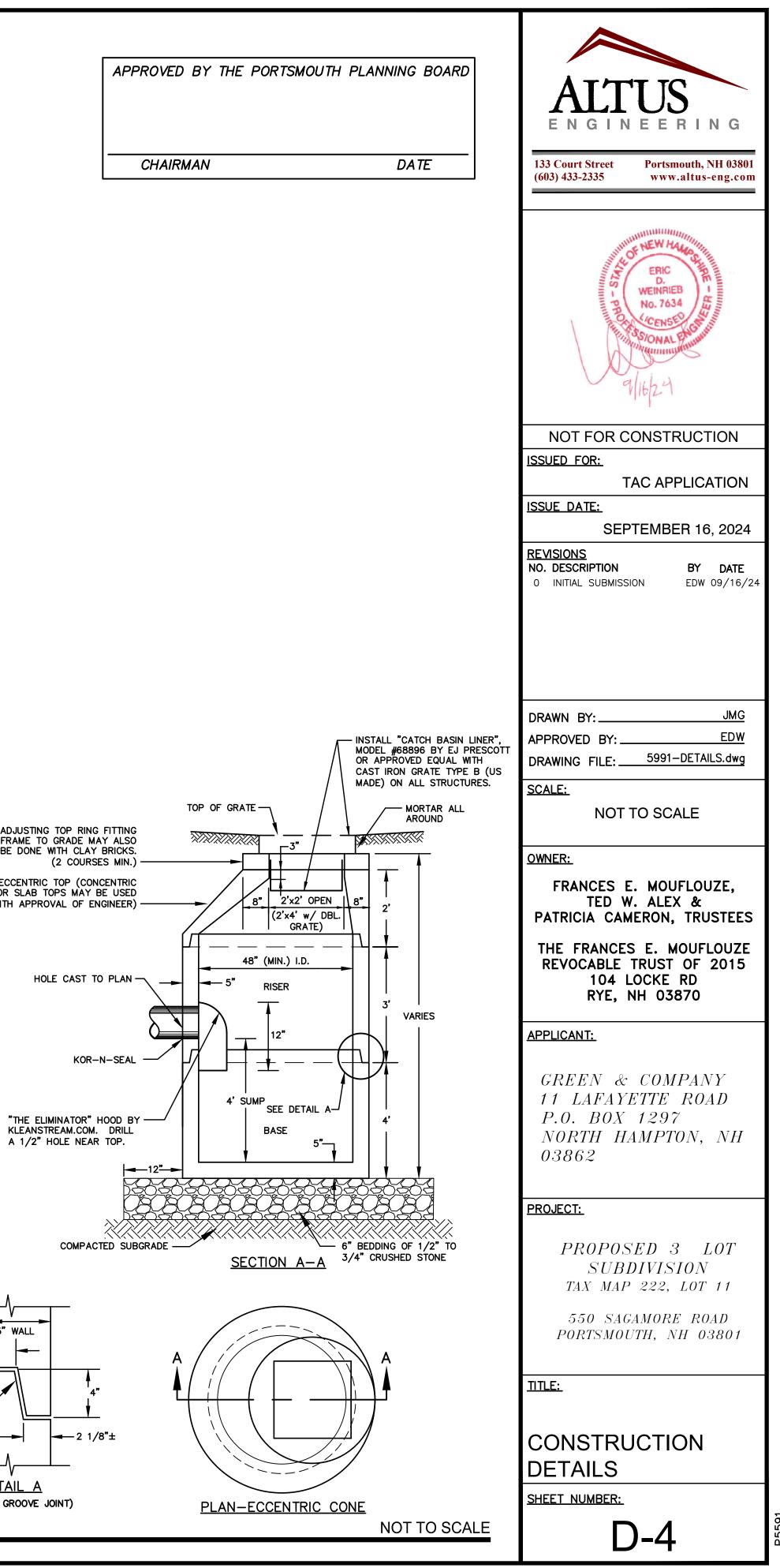
A 1/2" HOLE NEAR TOP.

(2 COURSES MIN.)

HOLE CAST TO PLAN -

KOR-N-SEAL

- GRANULAR FILL MATERIAL. FREE OF SOD, ROOTS, FROZEN SOIL. STONES MORE THAN 4" IN DIAMETER, AND OTHER **OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL** INSTALLED IN CONTINUOUS COMPACTED 8" LIFTS (SEE GRADATION)

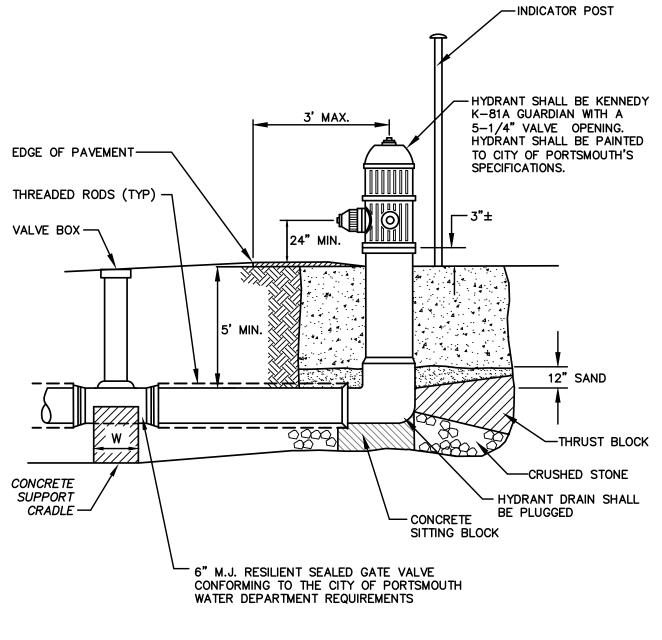


# **FIRE HYDRANT**

# 2. GATE VALVES & HYDRANTS TO OPEN RIGHT (CLOCKWISE).

- THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH WATER & FIRE DEPARTMENTS.
- HYDRANT INSTALLATION AND OPERATION TO CONFORM TO REGULATIONS OF

- 6" M.J. RESILIENT SEALED GATE VALVE CONFORMING TO THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH WATER DEPARTMENT REQUIREMENTS D (IN) | (IN) 4 5 6 5 NOTES 8 9



# NOT TO SCALE

w

CONTRACT LIMIT

6" COMPACTED LOAM

AND SEED OR OTHER SURFACE TREATMENT

PER PLANS-

5' COVER (MIN)

(7' COVER MAX) -

EXCAVATED BACKFILL

OR CLEAN GRANULAR

BACKFILL MATERIAL

COMPACTED AS

SPECIFIED

6" NOMINAL (12" IN LEDGE)

WATER MAIN TRENCH

-MARINE PLYWOOD 

<u>NOTES</u>

METHOD C.

ЩĘ.

7/2

C OR D-

<u>NOTES</u>

3"

AS SPECIFIED

NON-PAVED AREA |

12

3' (MIN)

CORI

757

EDGE OF

PAVEMENT

CAP & WITNESS

AT OR BEYOND

CONTRACT LIMIT

AS SHOWN ON

THE PLANS.----

TYPE "K" SOFT COPPER

SERVICE (SIZE DEPENDENT ON

BUILDING LOCATION AND USE)

GOOSENECK

NOT TO SCALE

(TYPICAL)

' MIN.

WATER MAIN

1'-0" MIN.

└_CORP. STOP (FORD OR

-1.5" (TYP.) TYPE "K"

VALVE BOX (TYP.)

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

- WATER MAIN

WATER SERVICE CONNECTION

SERVICE TAP-

COPPER SERVICE LINE

CURB STOP W/2-1/2" C.I.

(FORD OR APPROVED EQUAL) -

NOTE: ALL CURB AND CORP. STOPS TO

NOTE: ALL MATERIALS AND SPECIFICATIONS SHALL CONFORM TO

CITY OF PORTSMOUTH WATER DEPARTMENT STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS. VERIFY PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY

CORPORATION STOP AS

APPROVED BY CITY OF PORTSMOUTH

BE COMPRESSION-JOINT TYPE.

APPROVED EQUAL)

# THRUST BLOCKING

- 5. PRECAST THRUST BLOCKS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER AND LOCAL WATER DEPARTMENT.
- 4. PLACE BOARD IN FRONT OF ALL PLUGS BEFORE POURING THRUST BLOCKS. WHERE M.J. PIPE IS

- USED, M.J. PLUG WITH RETAINER GLAND MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR END BLOCKINGS.
- 3. ON BENDS AND TEES, EXTEND THRUST BLOCKS FULL LENGTH OF FITTING.
- AROUND FITTINGS PRIOR TO CONCRETE PLACEMENT.

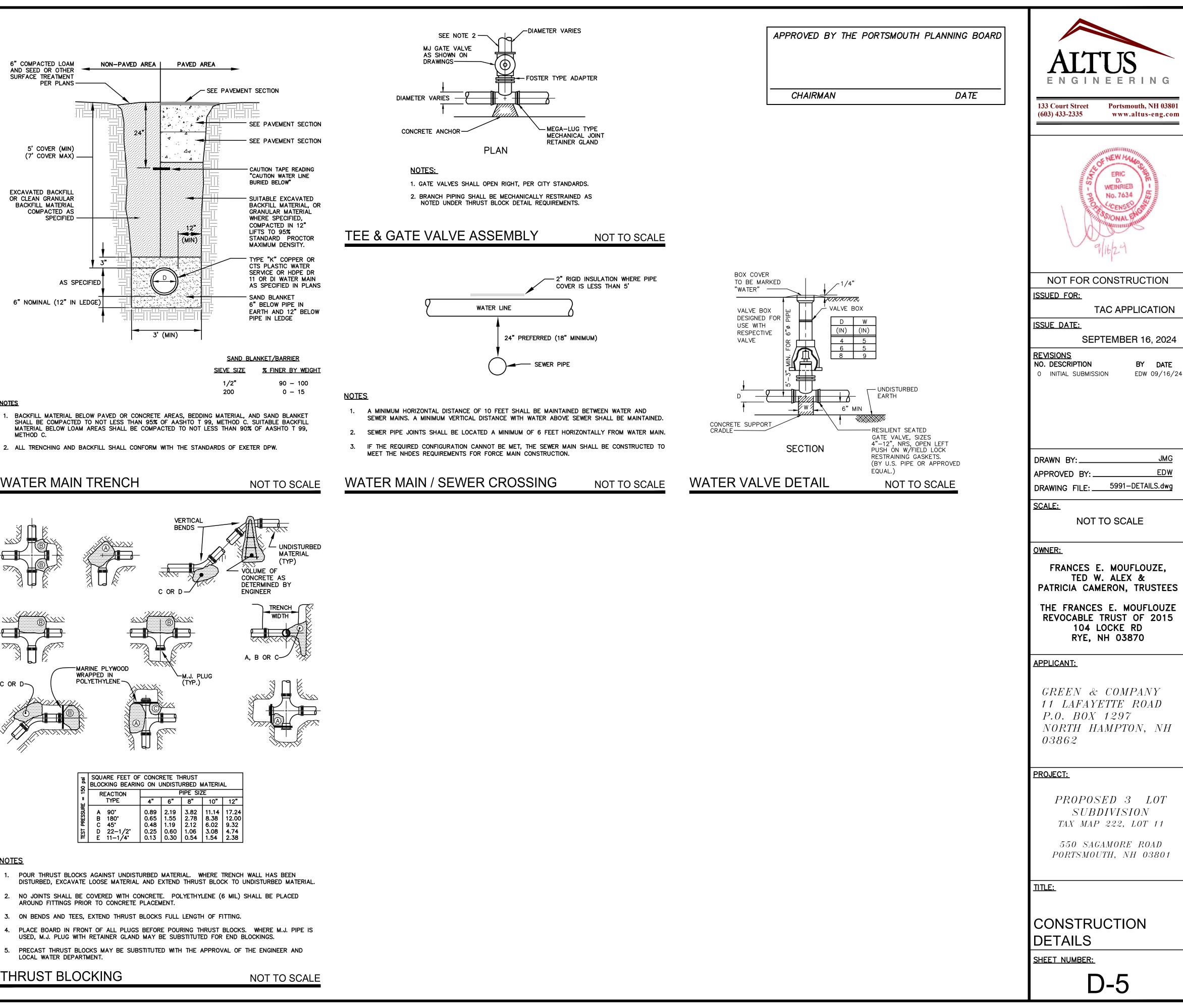
REACTION

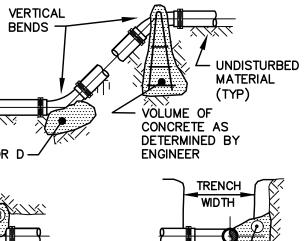
TYPE

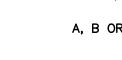
D 22-1/2*

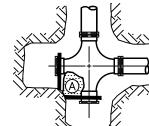
A 90°

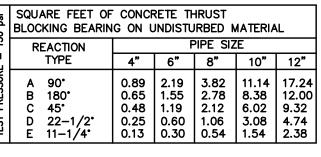
B 180° C 45°



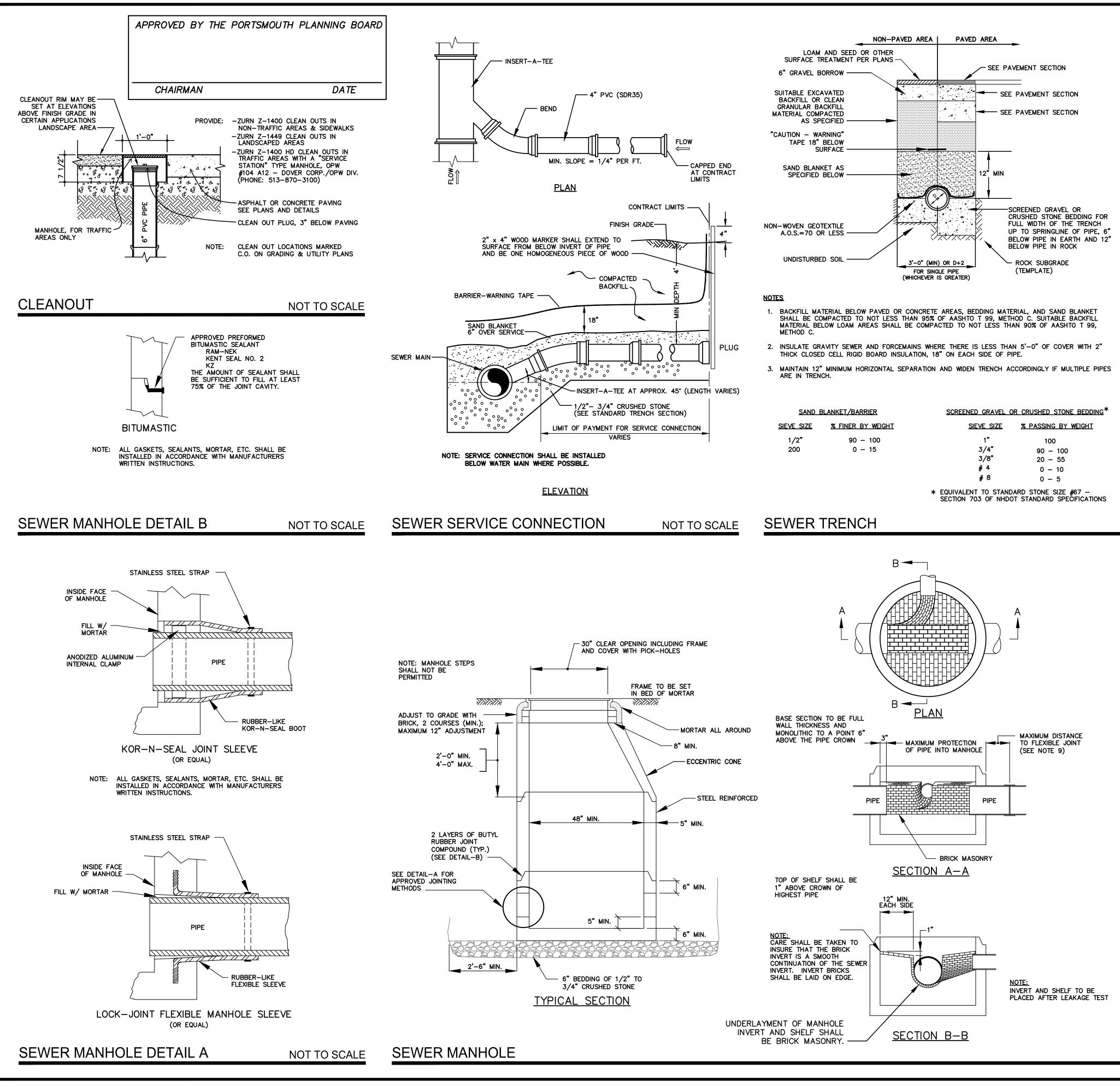


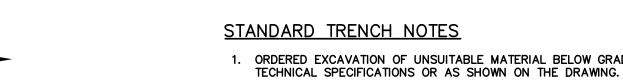






1. POUR THRUST BLOCKS AGAINST UNDISTURBED MATERIAL. WHERE TRENCH WALL HAS BEEN





- BE USED.
- CONTACT WITH THE PIPE AND THE GEOTEXTILE IS RELOCATED ACCORDINGLY.
- WILL BE PRESERVED.
- ORDERED EXCAVATION BELOW GRADE.
- HEIGHT OF 6 INCHES ABOVE THE ORIGINAL GROUND SURFACE.
- AS FOLLOWS: CEMENT: 6.0 BAGS PER CUBIC YARD
- WATER: 5.75 GALLONS PER BAG CEMENT MAXIMUM SIZE OF AGGREGATE: 1 INCH CONCRETE ENCASEMENT IS NOT ALLOWED FOR PVC PIPE.

- 704.06

# MANHOLE NOTES:

- OF 25 YEARS IS TO BE UNDERSTOOD IN BOTH CASES.
- 2. BARRELS AND CONE SECTIONS SHALL BE PRECAST REINFORCED.
- AND WITH NHDES Env-Wg 704.17.

- COVER.
- AND MEETING ASTM C33. 100% PASSING 1 INCH SCREEN
  - 90-100% PASSING 3/4 INCH SCREEN

20- 55% PASSING 3/8 INCH SCREEN WHERE ORDERED BY THE ENGINEER TO STABILIZE THE BASE, SCREENED GRAVEL OR CRUSHED STONE 1-1/2" TO 1/2" SHALL BE USED.

- AS FOLLOWS: CEMENT 6.0 BAGS PER CUBIC YARD
  - WATER 5.75 GALLONS PER BAG CEMENT MAXIMUM SIZE OF AGGREGATE 1 INCH 9.
- PVC PIPE 60" RCP & CI PIPE - ALL SIZES - 48"
  - AC & VC PIPE UP THROUGH 12" DIAMETER 18"
  - AC & VC PIPE LARGER THAN 12" DIAMETER 36"
- CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING H-20 LOADS.

1. ORDERED EXCAVATION OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL BELOW GRADE: BACKFILL AS STATED IN THE

2. BEDDING: SCREENED GRAVEL AND/OR CRUSHED STONE FREE FROM CLAY, LOAM, ORGANIC MATTER AND MEETING THE GRADATION SHOWN IN THE TRENCH DETAIL. WHERE ORDERED BY THE ENGINEER TO STABILIZE THE BASE, SCREENED GRAVEL OR CRUSHED STONE 1-1/2 INCH TO 1/2 INCH SHALL

3. SAND BLANKET: CLEAN SAND FREE FROM ORGANIC MATTER MEETING THE GRADATION SHOWN IN THE TRENCH DETAIL. BLANKET MAY BE REPLACED WITH BEDDING MATERIAL FOR CAST-IRON, DUCTILE IRON, AND REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE PROVIDED THAT NO STONE LARGER THAN 2" IS IN

4. SUITABLE MATERIAL: IN ROADS, ROAD SHOULDERS, WALKWAYS AND TRAVELED WAYS, SUITABLE MATERIAL FOR TRENCH BACKFILL SHALL BE THE NATURAL MATERIAL EXCAVATED DURING THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION, BUT SHALL EXCLUDE DEBRIS, PIECES OF PAVEMENT, ORGANIC MATTER, TOP SOIL, ALL WET OR SOFT MUCK, PEAT, OR CLAY, ALL EXCAVATED LEDGE MATERIAL, ALL ROCKS OVER 6 INCHES IN LARGEST DIMENSION, AND ANY MATERIAL WHICH, AS DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER, WILL NOT PROVIDE SUFFICIENT SUPPORT OR MAINTAIN THE COMPLETED CONSTRUCTION IN A STABLE CONDITION. IN CROSS COUNTRY CONSTRUCTION, SUITABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE AS DESCRIBED ABOVE, EXCEPT THAT THE ENGINEER MAY PERMIT THE USE OF TOP SOIL, LOAM, MUCK, OR PEAT ONLY IF SATISFIED THAT THE COMPLETED CONSTRUCTION WILL BE ENTIRELY STABLE AND PROVIDED THAT EASY ACCESS TO THE SEWER FOR MAINTENANCE AND POSSIBLE RECONSTRUCTION

5. BASE COURSE AND PAVEMENT SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION'S LATEST EDITION OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES - DIVISIONS 300 AND 400 RESPECTIVELY.

6. W = MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE TRENCH WIDTH TO A PLANE 12 INCHES ABOVE THE PIPE. FOR PIPES 15 INCHES NOMINAL DIAMETER OR LESS, W SHALL BE NO MORE THAN 36 INCHES. FOR PIPES GREATER THAN 15 INCHES IN NOMINAL DIAMETER, W SHALL BE 24 INCHES PLUS PIPE OUTSIDE DIAMETER (O.D.) ALSO, W SHALL BE THE PAYMENT WIDTH FOR LEDGE EXCAVATION AND FOR

7. FOR CROSS COUNTRY CONSTRUCTION, BACKFILL, FILL AND/OR LOAM SHALL BE MOUNDED TO A

8. CONCRETE FOR ENCASEMENT SHALL CONFORM TO THE NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND HIGHWAYS STANDARD SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR CLASS A (3000#) CONCRETE

9. CONCRETE FULL ENCASEMENT: IF FULL ENCASEMENT IS UTILIZED, DEPTH OF CONCRETE BELOW PIPE SHALL BE 1/4 I.D. (4" MINIMUM). BLOCK SUPPORT SHALL BE SOLID CONCRETE BLOCKS.

10. NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DESIGN STANDARDS REQUIRE TEN FEET (10') SEPARATION BETWEEN WATER AND SEWER. REFER TO TOWN'S STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR METHODS OF PROTECTION IN AREAS THAT CANNOT MEET THESE REQUIREMENTS.

11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL TRENCH DAMS IN ACCORDANCE WITH NHDES REGULATIONS.

12. ALL GRAVITY SEWER INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NHDES ENV-WQ

# NOT TO SCALE

1. IT IS THE INTENTION OF THE NHDES THAT THE MANHOLE, INCLUDING ALL COMPONENT PARTS, HAVE ADEQUATE SPACE, STRENGTH AND LEAKPROOF QUALITIES CONSIDERED NECESSARY BY THE COMMISSION FOR THE INTENDED SERVICE. SPACE REQUIREMENTS AND CONFIGURATIONS, SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. MANHOLES MAY BE AN ASSEMBLY OF PRECAST SECTIONS, WITH OR WITHOUT STEEL REINFORCEMENT, WITH ADEQUATE JOINTING, OR CONCRETE CAST MONOLITHICALLY IN PLACE WITH OR WITHOUT REINFORCEMENT IN ANY APPROVED MANHOLE. THE COMPLETE STRUCTURE SHALL BE OF SUCH MATERIAL AND QUALITY AS TO WITHSTAND LOADS OF 8 TONS (H-20 LOADING) WITHOUT FAILURE AND PREVENT LEAKAGE IN EXCESS OF ONE GALLON PER DAY PER VERTICAL FOOT OF MAN-HOLE CONTINUOUSLY FOR THE LIFE OF THE STRUCTURE, A PERIOD GENERALLY IN EXCESS

3. PRECAST CONCRETE BARREL SECTIONS, CONES AND BASES SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C478.

4. LEAKAGE TEST SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TOWN'S STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

5. INVERTS AND SHELVES MANHOLES SHALL HAVE A BRICK PAVED SHELF AND INVERT CONSTRUCTED TO CONFORM TO THE SIZE OF PIPE AND FLOW AT CHANGES IN DIRECTION. THE INVERTS SHALL BE LAID OUT IN CURVES, OF THE LONGEST RADIUS POSSIBLE TANGENT TO THE CENTER LINE OF THE SEWER PIPES. SHELVES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO THE ELEVATION OF THE HIGHEST PIPE CROWN AND SLOPE TO DRAIN TOWARD THE FLOWING THROUGH CHANNEL. UNDERLAYMENT OF INVERT AND SHELF SHALL CONSIST OF BRICK MASONRY. BRICK MASONRY SHALL CONFORM WITH ASTM C32.

6. MORTAR MORTAR USED FOR MANHOLE CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM WITH NHDES Env-Wg 704.13.

7. FRAMES AND COVERS MANHOLE FRAMES AND COVERS SHALL CONFORM WITH ASTM A48/48M, BE OF HEAVY DUTY DESIGN AND PROVIDE A 30-INCH CLEAR OPENING. A 3-INCH (MINIMUM HEIGHT) LETTER "S" FOR SEWERS OR "D" FOR DRAINS SHALL BE PLAINLY CAST INTO THE CENTER OF EACH

8. BEDDING SCREENED GRAVEL AND/OR CRUSHED STONE FREE FROM CLAY, LOAM, ORGANIC MATTER

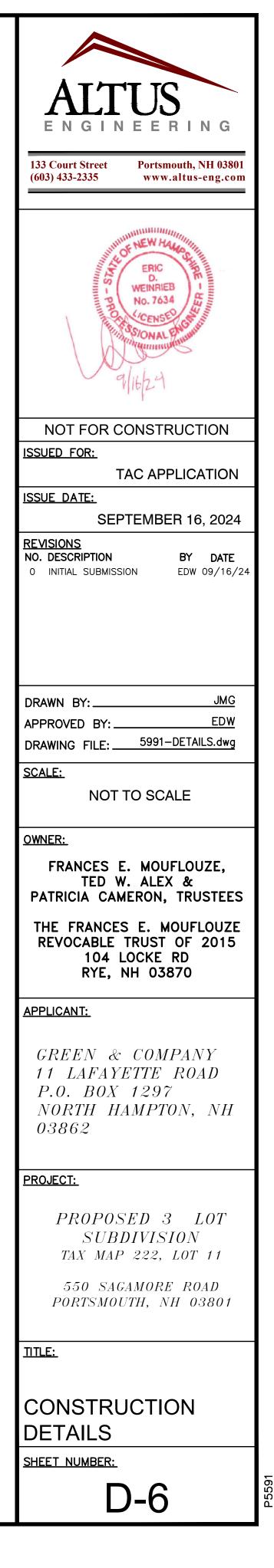
0-10% PASSING #4 SIEVE 0-5% PASSING #8 SIEVE

9. CONCRETE FOR DROP SUPPORT SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENT FOR CLASS A (3000 LBS.) CONCRETE OF THE NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

10. FLEXIBLE JOINT A FLEXIBLE JOINT SHALL BE PROVIDED WITHIN THE FOLLOWING DISTANCES:

11. SHALLOW MANHOLE IN LIEU OF A CONE SECTION, WHEN MANHOLE DEPTH IS LESS THAN 6 FEET, A REINFORCED CONCRETE SLAB COVER MAY BE USED HAVING AN ECCENTRIC ENTRANCE OPENING AND

NOT TO SCALE





THE LANDSCAPE INSTALLATION CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE AND VERIFY ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO STARTING WORK.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFORM TO THE GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED BY THE CURRENT AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK PUBLISHED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN.

THE DEVELOPER SHALL PLANT A MINIMUM OF THE AMOUNT OF SHRUBS AND TREES SHOWN ON THE PLANT LIST, BUT EXACT SPECIES MAY VARY BASED ON PLANT AVAILABILITY.

ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE WATERED THOROUGHLY DURING THE FIRST 24 HOUR PERIOD AFTER PLANTED. PLANTS SHALL BE WATERED WEEKLY OR MORE AS NECESSARY DURING THE FIRST GROWING YEAR.

ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE GUARANTEED BY THE CONTRACTOR FOR ONE FULL YEAR FROM THE TIME OF OWNER ACCEPTANCE.

ALL TREES, SHRUBS AND PERENNIALS SHALL BE PLANTED IN MULCH BEDS EXCEPT WHERE SPECIFIED ON THE PLAN.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE WEEDS, ROCKS, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIE, ETC. FROM ANY LANDSCAPE AREA UNLESS DESIGNATED TO REMAIN.

ALL MULCH AREAS SHALL RECEIVE A 3 INCH LAYER OF NATURAL BARK MULCH OVER A CONSTRUCTION GRADE WEED MAT BARRIER.

THE HOUSE FOUNDATION WILL HAVE STONE MULCH BORDER EXTENDING OUT 15 INCHES FROM FOUNDATION AS DRIP EDGE. THE STONE MULCH SHALL BE 3 INCH DEPTH OVER A CONSTRUCTION GRADE WEED MAT BARRIER.

THIS PLAN SHEET IS INTENDED FOR LANDSCAPING PURPOSES ONLY. REFER TO CIVIL AND SITE SHEETS FOR ALL OTHER SITE CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION.

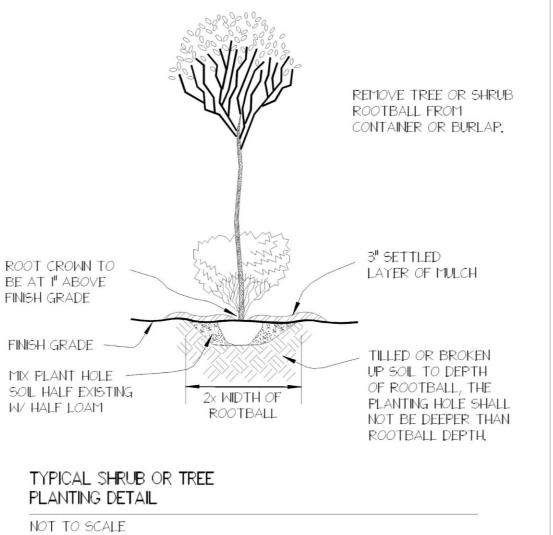
LEDGE SHALL BE REMOVED MINIMUM OF 3 FEET BELOW ALL PLANTINGS FOR PLANT SURVIVABILITY.

ROOT CROWN TO BE AT I" ABOVE FINISH GRADE

FINISH GRADE MIX PLANT HOLE SOIL HALF EXISTING

PLANTING DETAIL

GRAPHIC SCALE



-/		
Quantity	Botanical Name	Common Name
2	Acer rubrum 'October Glory'	OCTOBER GLORY RED MAPLE
2	Amelanchier x grandiflora 'Robin Hill'	ROBIN HILL SERVICEBERRY
2	Buxus 'Green Velvet'	GREEN VELVET BOXWOOD
1	Buxus microphylla 'Franklins Gem'	FRANKLINS GEM BOXWOOD
2	Chamaecyparis pisifera 'Mop'	MOP GOLD THREAD CYPRESS
10	Clethra alnifolia	SUMMER SWEET
1	Deutzia gracilis 'Nikko'	NIKKO SLENDER DEUTZIA
5	Geranium sanguineum 'NH Purple'	NH PURPLE CRANESBILL
1	Hydrangea arborescens 'Abetwo'	INCREDIBALL HYDRANGEA
2	Hydrangea macrophylla 'SMHMTAU'	LET'S DANCE BLUE HYDRANGEA
1	Ilex crenata 'Soft Touch'	SOFT TOUCH HOLLY
4	llex glabra 'Shamrock'	SHAMROCK INKBERRY HOLLY
2	Itea virginica 'Sprich Little Henry'	LITTLE HENRY SWEETSPIRE
2	Juniperus horizontalis 'Wiltonii'	WILTONII CREEPING JUNIPER
4	Juniperus scopulorum 'Wichita Blue'	WICHITA BLUE MT JUNIPER
3	Juniperus virginiana	EASTERN RED CEDAR
2	Liriodendron tulipifera	TULIP TREE
8	Miscanthus sinensis 'Morning Light'	MORNING LIGHT MAIDEN GRASS
1	Nepeta x faassenii 'Blue Wonder'	BLUE WONDER CATMINT
2	Panicum virgatum 'Heavy Metal'	HEAVY METAL SWITCH GRASS
2	Pennisetum orientale 'Karley Rose'	KARLEY ROSE FOUNTAIN GRASS
1	Physocarpus opulifolius 'Seward'	SUMMER WINE NINEBARK
2	Pieris japonica 'Cavatine'	CAVATINE JAPANESE PIERIS
9	Pinus strobus	EASTERN WHITE PINE
6	Rosa 'Pink Drift'	PINK DRIFT ROSE
5	Sedum 'Pink Bomb'	PINK BOMB SEDUM
2	Syringa reticulata 'Ivory Silk'	IVORY SILK TREE LILAC
1	Syringa vulgaris 'Sensation'	SENSATION COMMON LILAC
6	Thuja occidentalis 'Nigra'	DARK AMERICAN ARBORVITAE
6	Tsuga canadensis	CANADIAN HEMLOCK
3	Viburnum plicatum f. tom. 'Shasta'	SHASTA DOUBLEFILE VIBURNUM
2	Weigela florida 'Alexandra'	WINE & ROSES WEIGELA

** Denotes plants that are tolerant of urban conditions including road salt, soil compaction, drought, heat, and air pollution. + Denotes plants that are native to the New England region.

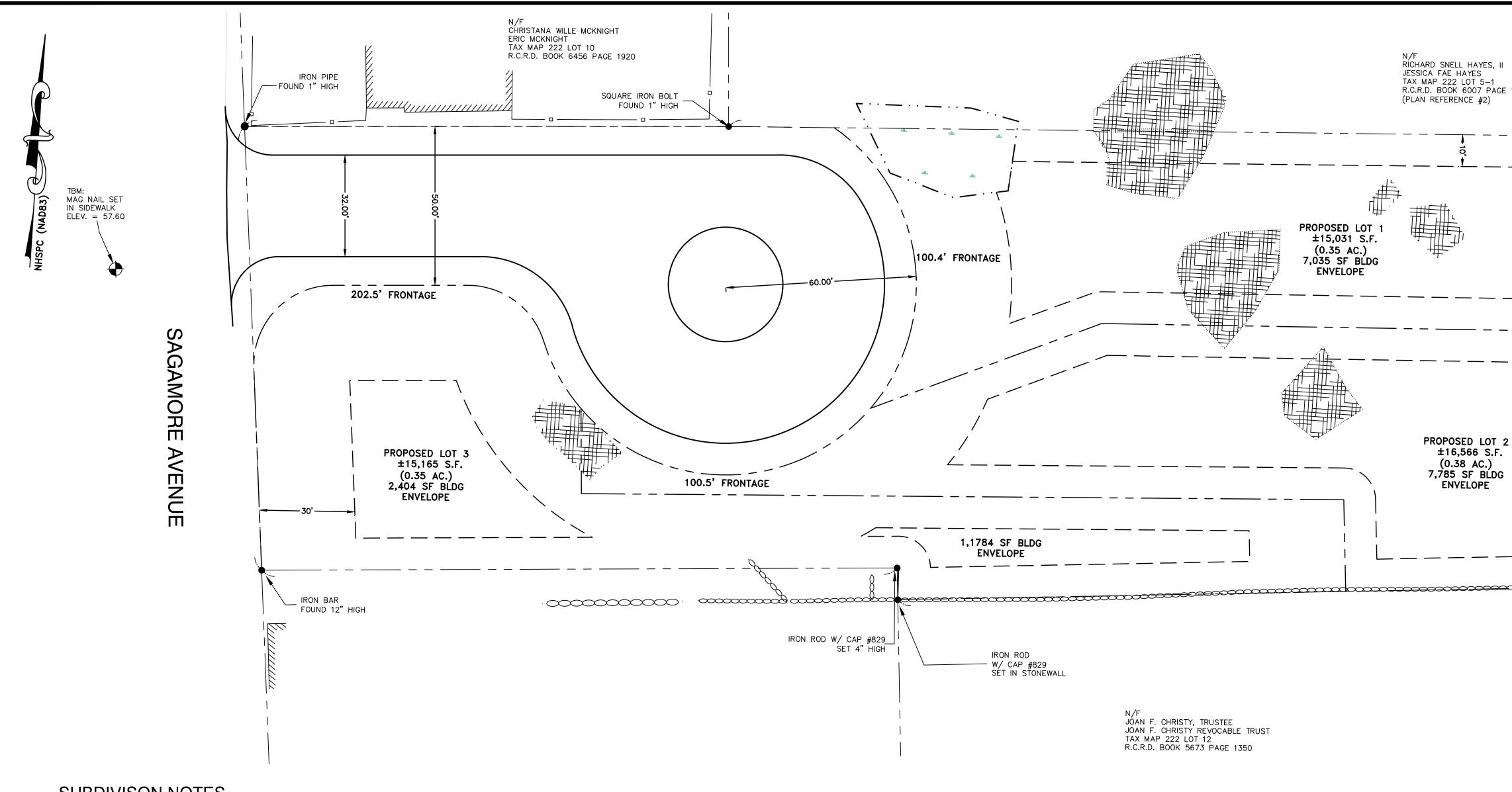
Note: All planting shall adhere to the General Requirements outlined in section 6.3 of the Portsmouth Site All planting shall follow the ANSI A300 Part 6 Standard Practices for Planting and Transplanting (as Additionally, all planting shall follow the Planting Requirements outlined in section 6.4 of the Portsmo

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS	Land Design, LLC Land Design, LLC	APPROVED BY THE PORTSMOU	UTH PLANNING BOARL
	E IANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS		

	Size	Growth Habits			
** +	3" Caliper	60'x40' upright tree			
** +	15 Gallon	20'x15' spreading tree			
	5 Gallon	3'x4' evergreen shrub			
	3 Gallon	3'x3' evergreen shrub			
**	5 Gallon	4'x4' conifer shrub			
+	5 Gallon	8'x6' flowering shrub			
**	3 Gallon	3'x4' flowering shrub			
	1 Gallon	18" summer color perennial			
	5 Gallon	4'x4' flowering shrub			
**	3 Gallon	3'x4' flowering shrub			
	3 Gallon	3'x3' evergreen shrub			
** +	5 Gallon	5'x4' evergreen shrub			
**	3 Gallon	3'x4' flowering shrub			
** +	3 Gallon	1'x6' spreading conifer shrub			
**	6-7 Ft. Ht.	18'x6' conifer tree			
** +	6-7 Ft. Ht.	30'x15' conifer tree			
+	3" Caliper	50'x35' upright tree			
**	2 Gallon	4' tall fountain grass			
**	1 Gallon	18" summer color perennial			
** +	2 Gallon	5' tall narrow grass			
	2 Gallon	3' tall fountain grass			
** +	5 Gallon	6'x5' flowering shrub			
	5 Gallon	5'x4' evergreen flowering shrub			
** +	8-9 Ft. Ht.	60'x30' conifer tree			
	3 Gallon	2'x3' flowering shrub			
**	1 Gallon	18" fall color perennial			
	2.5" Caliper	30'x20' upright flowering tree			
**	5 Gallon	8'x5' flowering shrub			
+	6-7 Ft. Ht.	20'x10' conifer tree			
+	8-9 Ft. Ht.	60'x30' conifer tree			
**	5 Gallon	8'x6' flowering shrub			
	5 Gallon	4'x4' flowering shrub			

Plan Review Regulations.	
amended).	
outh Site Plan Review Regulations.	

ALTUS
133 Court Street (603) 433-2335Portsmouth, NH 03801 www.altus-eng.com
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
ISSUED FOR: TAC APPLICATION
ISSUE DATE: OCTOBER 23, 2024
REVISIONS NO. DESCRIPTION BY DATE O INITIAL SUBMISSION EDW 09/16/24 I PER TAC COMMENTS EDW 10/23/24
DRAWN BY: LMM APPROVED BY: EDW DRAWING FILE: 5591CO-1.dwg
scale: $22^{II} \times 34^{II} - 1^{II} = 20^{I}$ $11^{II} \times 17^{II} - 1^{II} = 40^{I}$
OWNER: FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE, TED W. ALEX & PATRICIA CAMERON, TRUSTEES THE FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE REVOCABLE TRUST OF 2015 104 LOCKE RD RYE, NH 03870
APPLICANT: GREEN & COMPANY II LAFAYETTE ROAD P.O. BOX 1297 NORTH HAMPTON, NH 03862
PROJECT: RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT TAX MAP 222 LOT II 550 SAGAMORE AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NH
TITLE:
SHEET NUMBER:



# SUBDIVISON NOTES

- 1. DESIGN INTENT THIS PLAN IS INTENDED TO DEPICT A SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION ON A PRIVATE ROAD.
- 2. ZONE: SRB (SINGLE RESIDENCE B)
- 3. DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

LOT AREA:	15,00	00 SF
LOT FRONTAGE:	100'	
LOT DEPTH:		100'
FRONT YARD:		30'
SIDE YARD:		10'
REAR YARD:		30'
BUILDING COVERAGE:	20%	
OPEN SPACE:	40%	
WETLAND BUFFER:		NONE - WETLAND LESS THAN 10,000 SF

4. PARCEL IS NOT IN A FLOOD HAZARD ZONE AE PER FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM), ROCKINGHAM COUNTY, NEW HAMPSHIRE, DATED JANUARY 29, 2021.

5. WETLANDS WERE DELINEATED BY JOSEPH NOEL, NH CERTIFIED CERTIFIED

# <u>PLAN REFERENCE:</u>

1. "EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN FOR PROPERTY AT 550 SAGAMORE AVENUE, PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMSHIRE", DATED 06/03/24, BY NORTH EASTERLY SURVEYING, INC. PLAN NOTE:

THIIS CONCEPTUAL PLAN IS PROVIDED TO DEMOSTRATE THAT THE PARCERL CAN BE SUBDIVIDED INTO 3 RESIDENTIAL HOUSE LOTS WITHOUT OBTAINING WAIVERS FOR THE RIGHT-OF-WAY WIDTH AND PAVEMENT WIDTH.

THE APPLICANT WISHES TO DEVELOP THE LAND WITH A PRIVATE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND 20-FOOT WIDE PAVED SURFACE TO REDUCE THE IMPACTS TO THE NEIGHBORHOOD AND TO THE SITE.

IELL HAYES, II E HAYES 22 LOT 5–1 DK 6007 PAGE 1787 RENCE #2) DRILL HOLE FOUND	ALTUS ENGINEERING
N/F RICHARD C. WILDER, TRUSTEE MARIE ELAINE WILDER, TRUSTEE WILDER FAMILY REV. TRUST OF 2013 TAX MAP 222 LOT 4 R.C.R.D. BOOK 5501 PAGE 1505 (PLAN REFERENCE #1)	133 Court Street (603) 433-2335Portsmouth, NH 03801 www.altus-eng.com
OSED LOT 2 6,566 S.F.	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION ISSUED FOR: TAC APPLICATION ISSUE DATE: SEPTEMBER 16, 2024 REVISIONS
D.38 AC.) S5 SF BLDG NVELOPE	NO. DESCRIPTION       BY DATE         0 INITIAL SUBMISSION       EDW 06/04/24         DRAWN BY:       EDW         APPROVED BY:       EDW         DRAWING FILE:       5591–50–ROW.dwg         SCALE:       EDW
N/F ALDEN R. SWEET, TRUSTEE LAURIE B. SWEET, TRUST OF 2021 SWEET FAMILY REV. TRUST OF 2021 TAX MAP 222 LOT 3 R.C.R.D. BOOK 6324 PAGE 286	$22" \times 34" - 1" = 20'$ $11" \times 17" - 1" = 40'$ $OWNER:$ FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE, TED W. ALEX & PATRICIA CAMERON, TRUSTEES THE FRANCES E. MOUFLOUZE REVOCABLE TRUST OF 2015 104 LOCKE RD RYE, NH 03870
	APPLICANT: GREEN & COMPANY 11 LAFAYETTE ROAD P.O. BOX 1297 NORTH HAMPTON, NH 03862 PROJECT:
	RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT TAX MAP 222 LOT 11 550 SAGAMORE AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NH
GRAPHIC SCALE	ITTLE: 50' - ROW, 32' - WIDE ROADWAY CONCEPTUAL SUBDIVISION PLAN SHEET NUMBER: 1 of 1
( IN FEET )	1 of 1



Art Form Architecture, LLC

# SHERLOCK 387.124.v14 GL

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<b>Width</b> 48.00 ^{FT}		<b>Depth</b> 36.00 ^{FT}		Height 33.16 FT	
LIVING AREA	3321 ^{FT}	BEDROOMS	6	BATHROOMS	3
Main	2540 FT	Main	3	Main	3
Future	781 ^{FT}	Future	3	Future	0
2 nd Unit	0 ^{FT}	2 nd Unit	0	2 nd Unit	0

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# SHERLOCK - FRONT ELEVATION 387.124.v14 GL

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# Sir Zach 845.125 GL (8/23/2022)

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# Artform Home Plans

### 603-431-9559

### Dear Builders and Home Buyers,

In addition to our Terms and Conditions (the "Terms", available on ArtformHomePlans.com), please be aware of the following:

As defined in the Terms, this is a Design Drawing and may not yet have Construction Drawings (CDs) or the CDs may not reflect design changes. During the conversion of a Design Drawing to Construction Drawings, changes may be necessary including, but not limited to, dimensional changes or changes to the framing and structural supports.

We require that our designs be built substantially as shown in the Drawings. Markups agreed to by Builder and Home Buyer must still be approved by Artform, and may require additional changes, such as structural updates. While we attempt to accommodate requested changes where possible and reasonable, including considerations of design integrity, any and all changes to Drawings must be approved in writing by Artform. It is recommended that you have your Design Drawings updated by Artform prior to attaching any Drawing to any builder agreement. Artform shall not be responsible for the misuse of or unauthorized alterations to any of its Drawings.

- To maintain design integrity, we pay particular attention to features on the front facade, including but not limited to door surrounds, window casings, finished porch column sizes, and roof friezes. While we may allow builders to add their own flare to aesthetic elements, we don't allow our designs to be stripped of critical details. Any such alterations require the express written consent of Artform.
- Increasing or decreasing ceiling heights requires adjustments to window sizes and other exterior elements.

We are not responsible for typographical errors. Home Buyer shall give thoughtful consideration to all drawings and documents provided to them and shall be solely responsible for ensuring that they understand features in the home that are important to them.



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603-431-9559



# Front Elevation Scale: 1/8" = 1'-0"



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603-431-9559



**Rear Elevation** Scale: 1/8" = 1'-0"



## HARPER WITH SUN 872.125 GL

Reverse plan available.

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In addition to our Terms and Conditions (the "Terms"), please be aware of the following:

Art Form Architecture, LLC ("Artform") requires that our Drawings be built substantially as designed. Artform will not be obligated by or liable for use of this design with markups as part of any builder agreement. While we attempt to accommodate where possible and reasonable, and where the changes do not denigrate our design, any and all changes to Drawings must be approved in writing by Artform. It is recommended that you have your Drawing updated by Artform prior to attaching any Drawing to any builder agreement. Artform shall not be responsible for the misuse of or unauthorized alterations to any of its Drawings.



<b>Width</b> 43.00 ^{FT}		<b>Depth</b> 56.25 ^{FT}		Height 31.33 ^{FT}	
LIVING AREA	2799 ^{FT}	BEDROOMS	4	BATHROOMS	2.5
Main	2799 ^{FT}	Main	3	Main	2.5
Future	0 ^{FT}	Future	1	Future	0
2 nd Unit	0 ^{FT}	2 nd Unit	0	2 nd Unit	0

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# HARPER WITH SUN - FRONT ELEVATION 872.125 GL

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Some features shown are optional. Your Purchase & Sale Agreement governs, whether items are labeled "optional" in this document or not.

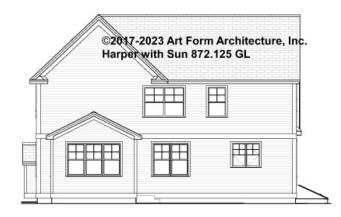




# HARPER WITH SUN - REAR ELEVATION 872.125 GL

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