REGULAR MEETING CONSERVATION COMMISSION

1 JUNKINS AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE EILEEN DONDERO FOLEY COUNCIL CHAMBERS

Members of the public also have the option to join the meeting over Zoom (See below for more details)*

3:30 P.M.

June 08, 2022

AGENDA

I. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

1. May 11, 2022

II. WETLAND CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS (NEW BUSINESS)

- 1. 2255 Lafayette Road Mastoran Restaurants, Inc., Owner Map 272, Lot 3 (LU-22-13)
- 2. 70 Pleasant Point Drive Katara, LLC, Owner Map 207, Lot 15 (LU-22-112)
- 81 Taft Road Thomas J. and Angela M. Mita, Owners Map 247, Lot 87 (LU-22-98)
- 4. 11 Fletcher Street Lancen and Sophie Lachance, Owners Map 233, Lot 76-1 (LU-20-42)
- 230 Commerce Way
 230 Commerce Way, LLC, Owner
 Map 216, Lot 1-5
 (LU-22-14)

III. OTHER BUSINESS

IV. LAND MANAGEMENT OUTREACH

V. ADJOURNMENT

*Members of the public also have the option to join this meeting over Zoom, a unique meeting ID and password will be provided once you register. To register, click on the link below or copy and paste this into your web browser:

https://us06web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN_Tjkc8HwXStWYgcgBzkSrNQ

MINUTES CONSERVATION COMMISSION

1 JUNKINS AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE EILEEN DONDERO FOLEY COUNCIL CHAMBERS

3:30 P.M.

May 11, 2022

MEMBERS PRESENT:	Chair Barbara McMillan; Vice Chair Samantha Collins; Members; Allison Tanner, Andrew Samonas and Thaddeus Jankowski, Lynn Vaccaro, Abigail Gindele, Alternate and Mika Court, Alternate
MEMBERS ABSENT:	Jessica Blasko
ALSO PRESENT:	Peter Britz, Environmental Planner/Sustainability Coordinator

I. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

1. April 13, 2022

Chairman McMillan noted that they had a new member, Lynn Vaccaro, joining the Conservation Commission. Also, Henry Mellynchuk has resigned from the Commission due to scheduling conflicts. Ms. Vaccaro, Mr. Jankowski and Vice Chairman Collins were all attending via Zoom.

Mr. Jankowski moved to approve the minutes from the April 13, 2022, Conservation Commission Meeting, as amended, seconded by Ms. Gindele.

Mr. Jankowski noted that the second paragraph on page 8 should say "for the protection of natural and water resources" instead of "to protect City water."

The motion passed by a 5-0-2 vote. Ms. Tanner and Ms. Vaccaro abstained.

Chairman McMillan clarified that Ms. Vaccaro would not be voting today because it was her first meeting. That meant that both Alternate Members would be voting.

II. WETLAND CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS (OLD BUSINESS)

1. 333 Borthwick Avenue

HCA Health Services of NH, Inc. dba Portsmouth Regional Hospital, Owner Assessor Map 240, Lot 2-1

Chris Acres, Matt Larkin, and Chris Dumont spoke to the application. The proposal is for a radiation oncology addition at Portsmouth Regional Hospital. It's a one-story

addition located on the southeast corner of the hospital. The addition will be in the 100foot buffer and slightly encroaching in the wetlands themselves. The building is an irregular shape to avoid the Eversource easement. The disturbance includes a few slivers of the buildings and there will also be temporary impacts for construction. They will expand the pond to provide more wetland. The permanent impact is 200 sf. The temporary impact is 4,400 sf. They will be adding 1,150 sf of wetland area. They are adding in the pond to mitigate the impact. Staff recommended approval with two conditions. The first was to provide plantings, which can be added. They will coordinate with Gove Environmental on what plantings to add. The other condition was to add a maintenance plan, which they will include. There will be an erosion control plan to protect the area during construction.

Ms. Tanner questioned what time of year the construction would take place. Mr. Acres responded that they would like to start this summer. Ms. Tanner commented that there was a mallard nesting regularly in that area. It would be good to start after the babies are born.

Ms. Gindele questioned why they didn't add a floor to the recent addition. They could have built up instead of out. Mr. Acres responded that this addition will be next to the imaging center and the addition is for the radiation oncology center. It has an expensive piece of equipment that has to be located on the first floor. Mr. Larkin added that the foundation required for the radiation room is a large cement slab. The weight would not be able to be supported on an upper floor.

Ms. Court commented that the demolition plan shows shrubs and trees being removed. Ms. Court questioned what was going on post construction. Mr. Acres responded that was one of Staff's conditions. They will draft a plan to show plantings that will be added. Mr. Acres spoke with Gove Environmental, and they offered native planting suggestions. Mr. Dumont commented that when they designed the other addition, they had to add support to the first floor so they could add another story. It is not possible to add a third floor.

Ms. Gindele questioned why the fire hydrant was so far back from the sidewalk. Mr. Acres responded that the hydrant was in that location prior to the last addition. They are not proposing to modify anything along there. Mr. Britz commented that the location may have something to do with other utilities in the road.

Ms. Gindele requested clarification on where the wetland impact was. Mr. Acres responded that the only true permanent disturbance was the two slivers of the building.

Ms. Gindele questioned if the wetland stopped right at the wall of the building. Mr. Acres responded that the building would function as a retaining wall. The finished floor is at 27.8, so there will be a 5-foot retaining wall along there. They coordinated with structural engineers on that.

Vice Chairman Collins questioned if the foundation of the proposed expansion would be

able to support upper stories. Mr. Dumont responded that the front portion has been designed to take on additional floors. The area where the radiation equipment is located is not designed to take on additional floors.

Ms. Tanner questioned if they would be including a maintenance plan for the pond. Mr. Acres confirmed they would.

Ms. Court commented that a note on the plan says the value of the wetland is primarily for storm water retention, but it has other significant aspects too. Ms. Court questioned if this was the ideal spot for an expanding hospital. Mr. Acres responded that the red line is edge of the Eversource easement. It takes all the frontage away for buildable land. This corner is the only place to do the addition.

Chairman McMillan questioned if they would expand into the parking lot. Mr. Acres responded that the parking lot was in the easement, so they cannot put a building on the parking lot. Chairman McMillan questioned if they knew what plantings they would be adding. Mr. Acres responded that Gove Environmental had suggested some high bush blueberries and dogwood. Chairman McMillan questioned if they would have those details for the Planning Board. Mr. Acres confirmed that was correct. Chairman McMillan questioned what synthetic hay bales were. Mr. Acres responded that they were an erosion control measure. It has different material wrapped in filter fabric. They don't disintegrate as fast as hay. Mr. Britz questioned if they contained plastic or other harmful materials. Mr. Acres responded that he was not sure of the exact make and material but would follow up. Ms. Court commented that it was probably safe to assume that if they were designed for erosion control, then they were designed to protect the environment. Mr. Acres agreed but noted that he would verify.

Vice Chairman Collins questioned if the Staff stipulations were something that the applicants would work with Mr. Britz on. Mr. Britz confirmed that they would coordinate with him, but the Commission could provide direct input.

Ms. Vaccaro questioned if they still had trouble with flooding in that area. Mr. Larkin responded that they have not had any flooding in that area of the campus at all. Ms. Vaccaro questioned if they had flooding with any part of the campus. Mr. Larkin responded that they did not anymore.

Mr. Jankowski requested to add NOFA standards to the stipulations. They should use organic land management to maintain the property.

Ms. Tanner commented that she was concerned about what synthetic hay bales. Mr. Britz responded that they can add a stipulation that the hay bales should be natural material not synthetic. Mr. Jankowski questioned if they should just require hay bales. Mr. Britz noted that hay bales were not always the best option.

Vice Chairman Collins commented that the edge of the pond looked very manicured and questioned if it could be a more natural area that wasn't mowed with native shrubs.

Chairman McMillan commented that they can relay that to City Staff.

Ms. Gindele commented that there as quite a bit of litter around the pond, and they should add a stipulation to maintain the ponds to prevent that.

Ms. Tanner moved to recommend **approval** of the Wetland Conditional Use Permit to the Planning Board, seconded by Ms. Gindele with the following **stipulations:**

- 1. The applicant shall include a planting plan (to be approved by the Planning Department).
- 2. The applicant shall include a maintenance plan (to be approved by the Planning Department).
- 3. NOFA standards shall be followed and included in the maintenance plan.
- 4. All erosion control measures shall be made of natural materials.

Vice Chairman Collins commented that they may need to consider moving away from the main campus for future development at the hospital. It's surrounded by the easement and wetlands.

The motion passed by a 6-0-1 vote. Ms. Vaccaro abstained.

III. WETLAND CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS (NEW BUSINESS)

1. 329 Heritage Avenue City of Portsmouth, Owner Assessor Map 284, Lot 5

Tyler Reese and Zach Cronin from DPW and Mike Theriault and Jake Shactmen from Wright and Pearce spoke to the application. Mr. Shactmen commented that they were contracted by the City to complete the work for the pump station. There will be some impacts to the buffer. The pump station is on Heritage Ave., and it is necessary to convey the sewage in the system. The existing station is outdated and in need of replacement. The site currently has the pump station, generator, and a shed. Demolition is part of this project. There will not be any direct impacts to the prime wetland. They will be removing 220 sf of impervious surface. The pipe insulation and construction access will be temporary impacts. There will be a permanent impact with a new electrical control cabinet, a new pump station, generator, and driveway. There is also grading necessary for the project. They are proposing to put in wetland plantings where the existing station is to mitigate the impact. There will be a wetland seed mix and native shrubs along the fence line. They are shifting the new pump station over slightly. There will be some storm water improvements with crushed stone and a grass swale. That will help promote infiltration before runoff gets to the wetlands. The fence will shift 10-12 feet to left of the original site.

Ms. Tanner questioned if they were shifting everything further from the wetland. Mr. Shactmen confirmed that was correct.

Vice Chairman Collins questioned if there would be any tree removal. Mr. Shactmen responded that they would mostly be removing brush. There may some small trees but nothing of significance.

Chairman McMillan questioned if they had any invasive species out there. Mr. Theriault responded that an invasive species survey was not conducted as part of the wetland's delineation. Chairman McMillan questioned if they had seen any out there themselves. Mr. Cronin responded that they had not. Chairman McMillan questioned if this site was next to PULA land. Ms. Tanner confirmed it was.

Ms. Court questioned if the new structure was going to look significantly bigger. Mr. Cronin responded that the shed was being removed. There will only be an electrical control panel on a post with a roof.

Mr. Britz confirmed the Mark Jacobs from Gove Environmental did not mention invasive plants in his reports. Chairman McMillan questioned if there was a maintenance plan for the plantings. Mr. Cronin responded that there would be a 1-year maintenance plan to ensure the plants are established.

Ms. Tanner moved to recommend approval of the Wetland Conditional Use Permit to the Planning Board as presented, seconded by Ms. Gindele.

Ms. Tanner commented that she hoped if they found any invasive plants, then they would be removed appropriately.

The motion passed by a 6-0-1 vote. Ms. Vaccaro abstained.

 460 F.W Hartford Drive Joan S. Rice Revocable Trust, Joan S. Rice Trustee, Owner Assessor 249, Lot 17

John Rice spoke to the application. Mr. Rice adopted a rescue puppy last June and the puppy has already demonstrated that he can blast through an electric fence. The proposal is to put up a physical split rail fence with vinyl mesh in between, so the puppy can run around and remain contained. The wetland buffer runs through the house. Mr. Rice was here 2 years ago for an expansion of their deck. The Commission stipulated plantings with that approval and those are still growing.

Ms. Tanner questioned if a 4-foot fence would be tall enough. Mr. Rice responded that it should be.

Ms. Tanner commented that they should put up signage at the edge of buffer to let people know it's a wetland area. Mr. Britz confirmed he would coordinate with Mr. Rice on that.

Vice Chairman Collins questioned where the gates in the fence would be. Mr. Rice responded that there would be one on either side of the house and one at the back.

Chairman McMillan commented that the application said the fence is 3 feet from the actual wetland. Mr. Rice responded that was a guess because it was hard to determine the edge of the wetland. The fence is hugging the lawn. It should be at least 3 feet away from the edge of the wet.

Chairman McMillan questioned what the access at the back of the fence was for. Chairman McMillan questioned if they could move the fence a little further away from the wetland. Mr. Rice responded that they aligned the fence around a tree in the back and followed the lawn. Mr. Britz confirmed it was hard to tell where edge of the wet was. Chairman McMillan questioned what they would be doing on the other side of the fence. Mr. Rice responded that sometimes they go out to walk around woods, but they are not planning to use that area. Chairman McMillan questioned if there was enough room between the fence and wetland for a lawn mower to get in there. Mr. Rice responded that they aligned the fence the way it is to be able to cut the lawn. Beyond the fence there are ferns.

Ms. Court commented that the fence may provide more of a buffer than not adding one. It will keep the dog out of the wetland. Mr. Rice agreed.

Ms. Gindele moved to recommend approval of the Wetland Conditional Use Permit to the Planning Board as presented, seconded by Ms. Court.

The motion passed by a 6-0-1 vote. Ms. Vaccaro abstained.

IV. OTHER BUSINESS

1. Amendment to Conservation Commission Rules and Procedures: Section B. 2. Commission Membership and Officers

Chairman McMillan questioned if Mr. Jankowski wanted to provide more background. Mr. Jankowski commented that he would give more background after the motion.

Mr. Britz commented this change was proposed because when the Commission voted for Chairman and Vice Chairman it was brought to their attention that the rules say it should be conducted by a secret ballot. City Attorney Sullivan noted that was in violation with the right to know law. The proposal is to remove this from the Commission's Rules and Procedures. The only change proposed today is to remove that one section. The rules say that the Rules and Procedures may be amended by a majority vote after the change is publicly notice. They can talk about other changes, but it would need to be noticed before the Commission votes on them.

Ms. Court questioned if the Rules and Procedures document was on their iPad. Mr. Britz responded that it should be on the City's web site.

Chairman McMillan commented that there has been discussion about going through the whole document at some point.

Mr. Jankowski commented that the Commission should look at Chapter 9 1A Access to Government Records and Meetings. The first two sentences of the second paragraph is the whole point of this discussion. In 2021 when they elected the chairperson they specifically discussed if it should be a secret ballot or not. The Commission decided not to do one. This year the election was rushed through. Mr. Jankowski questioned City Attorney Sullivan on his interpretation of the rule. RSA 91A2 says no vote in open session may be taken in a secret ballot period except for town meetings, school district meetings, and elections. City Attorney Sullivan interpreted the elections to be for City Council level. Mr. Jankowski responded that he went to municipal lawyers and a city judge with this question. They explained election is open for interpretation. Mr. Jankowski did not think they had to change anything. They just need to discuss if they are going have a secret ballot or not next January. City Attorney Sullivan's interpretation is wrong.

Ms. Tanner commented that they have always had an open vote and should continue that. There is no reason to change it now. They should delete the line in the rules.

Ms. Court commented that she did not entirely understand the problem and questioned if the only thing they were discussing was the secret ballot issue. Ms. Court commented that it seemed like there was some contention around the election and she may be missing some history with the situation. Chairman McMillan commented that they have never held a secret ballot and the rule was not brought to their attention until after the election. Ms. Court questioned if the proposal was to change it. Chairman McMillan confirmed that the proposal was to remove the sentence referencing the secret ballot at the recommendation of the City Attorney. Chairman McMillan also talked to the Association Conservation Commission District's Director, and she made the recommendation to remove it as well. The public should know who is voting for who. There should be full disclosure.

Vice Chairman Collins agreed with removing it so there would not be any ambiguity around what the Commission was doing year to year. When it is time to elect officers, they should go through the procedure to make the steps clear before going straight to the motions and voting. They only do it once a year so it would be good to refresh everyone's memory.

Ms. Court questioned if there had ever been a secret ballot. Ms. Tanner responded that she had been on the Commission for 30 years. There has never been a secret ballot.

Mr. Jankowski commented that Ms. Court was not invited to the January meeting but was appointed as a member of the Conservation Commission in December. She should have been there. Mr. Britz responded that Ms. Court had not signed the book to be a member at that time. Ms. Tanner added that when a member is approved, they get a note in the mail telling them to come in and sign the book.

Ms. Gindele commented that she was proactive, so she could go to the December and January Ms. Gindele did not get a letter in the mail. Ms. Court noted that it seemed like they were talking about two different questions. Ms. Court did receive a letter, but could not comment on the timing. That is a separate question from the proposed edit.

Ms. Tanner commented that it may be an issue for new members to have a vote on officers. They have no idea what the Commission does or how it conducts business. Ms. Gindele commented that she abstained from every vote in the December meeting. Ms. Gindele did not have a strong opinion on the secret ballot edit. The election in January would have been clearer if they had all the choices presented and then decided. A motion was made immediately and then they voted. It was very fast, and Ms. Gindele felt blindsided. Ms. Tanner commented that this was the first time there have been people vying for the same position. Chairman McMillan added that she did not know there was additional interest until the night before.

Chairman McMillan commented that City Attorney Sullivan came in for a review and confirmed they did follow the procedure. There was a motion, and in the discussion, they talked about Mr. Jankowski's interest. Then the Commission voted. If that motion had failed, then another motion could have been made.

Ms. Court questioned if new members always joined in January. Ms. Tanner responded that was not the case. This year was a coincidence that there were new members and the election around the same time. Several members on the Commission renew their membership in April. It depends on when people leave and join. Mr. Britz commented that the rules say the election is in January.

Vice Chairman Collins questioned if the election happened annually. Mr. Britz confirmed that was correct.

Chairman McMillan commented that they should make a motion and then continue discussion

Ms. Court commented that she supported the change. A lack of transparency can create more of an opportunity for corruption.

Ms. Court moved to eliminate the language regarding secret ballots at the time of electing officers, seconded by Ms. Tanner.

The motion passed by a 5-1-1 vote. Ms. Vaccaro abstained, and Mr. Jankowski opposed.

Mr. Britz commented that he would send around the new flier from public works. It follows the information from Providence's lawn campaign.

Ms. Tanner commented that they have talked about putting up a sign at Home Depot and other places that sell pesticides and herbicides. There are towns that have instituted policies about not selling those products and retailers have been advertising that they don't sell products harmful to the environment.

Mr. Jankowski commented that one of the reasons he got on the Conservation Commission was to push an organic lawn care education program. City Council passed an initiative to do organic lawn care and asked the Commission to make a recommendation. Mr. Jankowski has been following up with Mr. Goetz this. They have not done enough to educate the public on the

dangers of this. They need to encourage people to use organic lawn care. Chairman McMillan commented that they emailed the draft of the flier. Mr. Jankowski commented that the successful part of the Providence program was for people to pledge following an organic land program and display a sign on their lawn. That pressures people to talk about it and start a movement. It would be good to educate people to hire landscapers who are accredited through NOFA. There are a number of accredited landscapers out there. Ms. Court agreed it would be good to educate people on land care management. Towns that take a leadership role in organic land management set a good example. Ms. Court was in a regenerative gardening group and they work to educate each other.

Mr. Britz commented that the Providence program was a grant program. They will send out the DPW flier that has the information from that program in it. They can look at a grant program, but after talking to Providence they found only a few people actually put signs up. They need neighborhoods to talk with each other. It is not fair to say the City is not doing its job. The City can't make people do organic land care unless they pass a law. They can only do so much as a City government. It is important to have groups in the community like the regenerative gardening group and other groups for people to participate in as a way to get things going. There needs to be meaningful work to encourage people to do things. It is important to look at ways to build support instead of pointing fingers of who is not doing enough. The Commission works to mitigate impacts and adapt to changes in the law and environment. They need to do a lot of work there.

Ms. Court commented that they should be working with the schools on education and programming. Ms. Tanner commented that the High School had an Eco Club she could connect with. Ms. Tanner was also part of the Portsmouth Climate Solutions Group and they meet every Wednesday at 7 p.m. If people were looking at other ways to get involved, then she could send them the meeting link. Ms. Gindele agreed connecting with the schools was a good idea. Mr. Britz commented that there were a lot of different efforts at the school already. Ms. Court would have to talk to the teachers and principals there to find out what they were doing.

Ms. Tanner commented that this all fell under the umbrella of how to build support on climate issues, and how to get people involved. Chairman McMillan commented that they could work further on this in a subcommittee. Mr. Britz noted that it doesn't' just have to be the City setting this up. Ms. Tanner agreed that it did not have to be only the Conservation Commission. There are plenty of other groups in the City as well. Chairman McMillan commented that Mr. Jankowski should check in with Mr. Goetz again and they can figure out a subcommittee or two.

Chairman McMillan commented that she and Mr. Britz were contacted by the UNH Cooperative Extension and CAWS. They are looking for towns to participate in a coastal flood risk guidance program. It's a grant project, and Chairman McMillan noted she would bring more information back to the Commission at a future meeting.

V. ADJOURNMENT

MINUTES, Conservation Commission Meeting May 11, 2022 10

Ms. Tanner moved to adjourn at 5:39 p.m., seconded by Ms. Gindele. The motion passed unanimously.

Respectfully submitted,

Becky Frey, Secretary for the Conservation Commission





February 14, 2022

Portsmouth Conservation Commission 1 Junkins Ave Portsmouth, NH 03801

SUBJECT: Wetland Buffer Conditional Use Request Granite State Convenience Proposed Retail Motor Fuel Outlet 2255 Lafayette Road Map 272 Lot 3

Dear Members of the Portsmouth Conservation Commission:

On behalf of Granite State Convenience **Greenman-Pedersen**, **Inc. (GPI)** is hereby requesting a Wetland Buffer Conditional Use Permit from the Portsmouth Conservation Commission for the following:

• Article 10.1016 to allow development within the wetland buffer zone

The project site consists of one parcel identified as Map 272 Lot 3 which totals approximately 2.571 acres. The site is bordered by Lafayette Road (Route 1) to the northwest, commercial properties to the northeast and southwest and wooded areas containing wetlands to the south and southeast. The site is previously developed and contains a Burger King restaurant with drive-thru, which is currently not in use, and associated paved parking lot and driveways to Lafayette Road. The majority of the lot is paved and on-site drainage structures are limited to a single catch basin in the landscaped area northwest of the existing building which had no visible pipe outlet at the time of survey. Granite State Convenience is proposing to raze the existing restaurant and construct a retail motor fuel outlet consisting of a 5,555 sf convenience store/sandwich shop with drive-through service and a fueling canopy with 5 retail fuel dispenser islands (10 fueling locations), and associated paved driveways and parking.

This request is made in accordance with the provisions contained in Article 10.1017.50 of the City of Portsmouth Zoning Ordinance. GPI is providing the following information in support of the criteria listed in that Section:

Any proposed development, other than installation of utilities within a right-of-way, shall comply with all of the following criteria:

(1) The land is reasonably suited to the use, activity or alteration.

The land has previously been disturbed for a similar use.

The proposed development will consist of razing the existing fast food restaurant and removing 59,940 sf of impervious pavement and concrete, and constructing a development with a smaller development footprint. In addition, approximately 9,000 sf of current impervious area will be restored to its natural state with the proposed development.

The majority of the wetland buffer disturbance area is within the buffer to a swale between the site and the neighboring property to the east. This swale conveys water from the NH DOT drainage system.

(2) There is no alternative location outside the wetland buffer that is feasible and reasonable for the proposed use, activity or alteration.

The site has been designed in a way that minimizes activity in the wetland buffer area. The total impervious area within the wetland buffer will be decreased by over 9,000 sf between the existing and proposed use. The distance between the developed area will increase from 10 ft to the dumpster and 14 ft to paved surfaces in the existing condition to 25 ft in the proposed condition.

(3) There will be no adverse impact on the wetland functional values of the site or surrounding properties;

As stated in criterion 3, the proposed development will decrease impervious cover within the wetland buffer area and increase wetland buffer widths. The proposed development also includes a comprehensive stormwater management system which will decrease the pollutant load to the wetland by installing deep sump catch basins with "Eliminator" oil hoods, first defense hydrodynamic separator unit, and an oil/water separator tank.

(4) Alteration of the natural vegetative state or managed woodland will occur only to the extent necessary to achieve construction goals; and

There will be no alteration to natural vegetative state in the wetland buffer as all work will occur in previously disturbed areas.

(5) The proposal is the alternative with the least adverse impact to areas and environments under the jurisdiction of this Section.

The proposed site work has been designed to have the least adverse impact to the wetland buffer. Per Conservation Commission comments on the Preliminary Site Plan, the underground storage tanks have been shifted to the west side of the lot furthest away from the wetland and outside the wetland buffer, the loading zone has been relocated to the westerly side of the property so the southern edge of the development can shift further out of the wetland buffer, and parking spaces have been eliminated on the eastern side of the development. In addition, as recommended by the Conservation Commission, a depressed area has been created along the northeast of the site to collect and filter snowmelt from snow storage to snowmelt from directly entering the wetland.

(6) Any area within the vegetated buffer strip will be returned to a natural state to extent feasible.

A portion of the previously disturbed area within the wetland buffer will be restored to a natural state as a part of this project.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please feel free to contact me directly at 603-374-7906 or by email at nduquette@gpinet.com

Sincerely,

Nicole Duquette

Nicole Duquette, LEED AP Project Manager

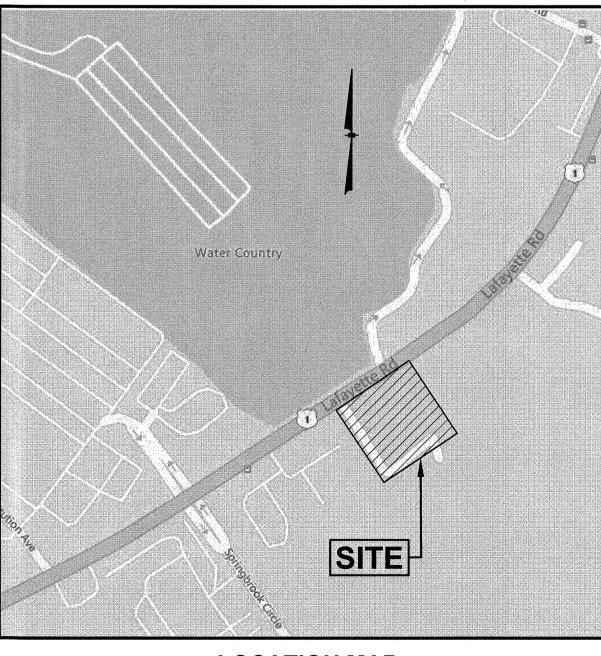
enclosure(s)

cc: Brad Pernaw, Granite State Convenience

PROPOSED RETAIL MOTOR FUEL OUTLET SITE REDEVELOPMENT PLANS for

ASSESSORS MAP 272 LOT 3 2255 LAFAYETTE ROAD PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE Prepared for:

GRANITE STATE CONVENIENCE, LLC 25 SPRINGER ROAD HOOKSETT, NH 03106



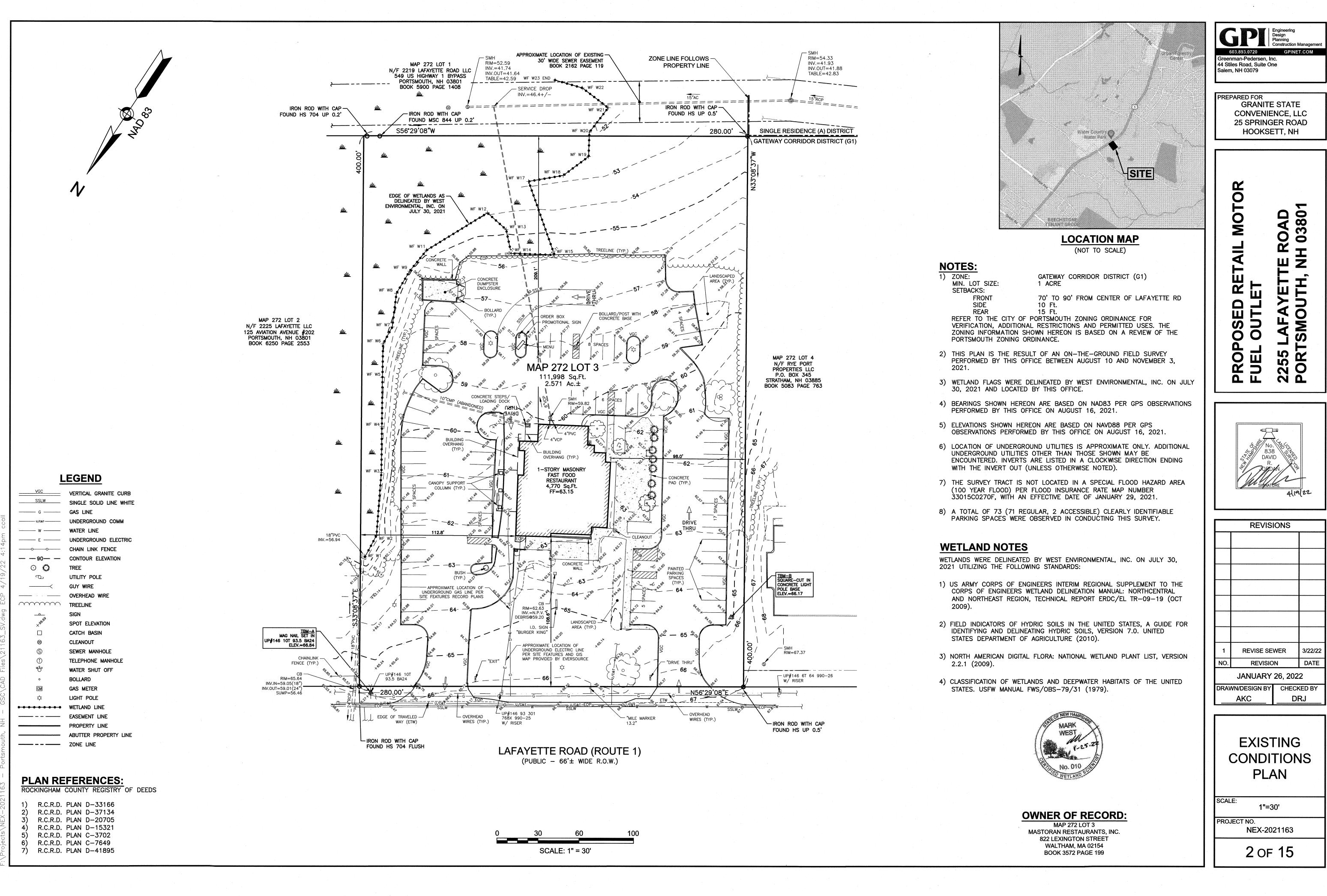
LOCATION MAP (NOT TO SCALE)

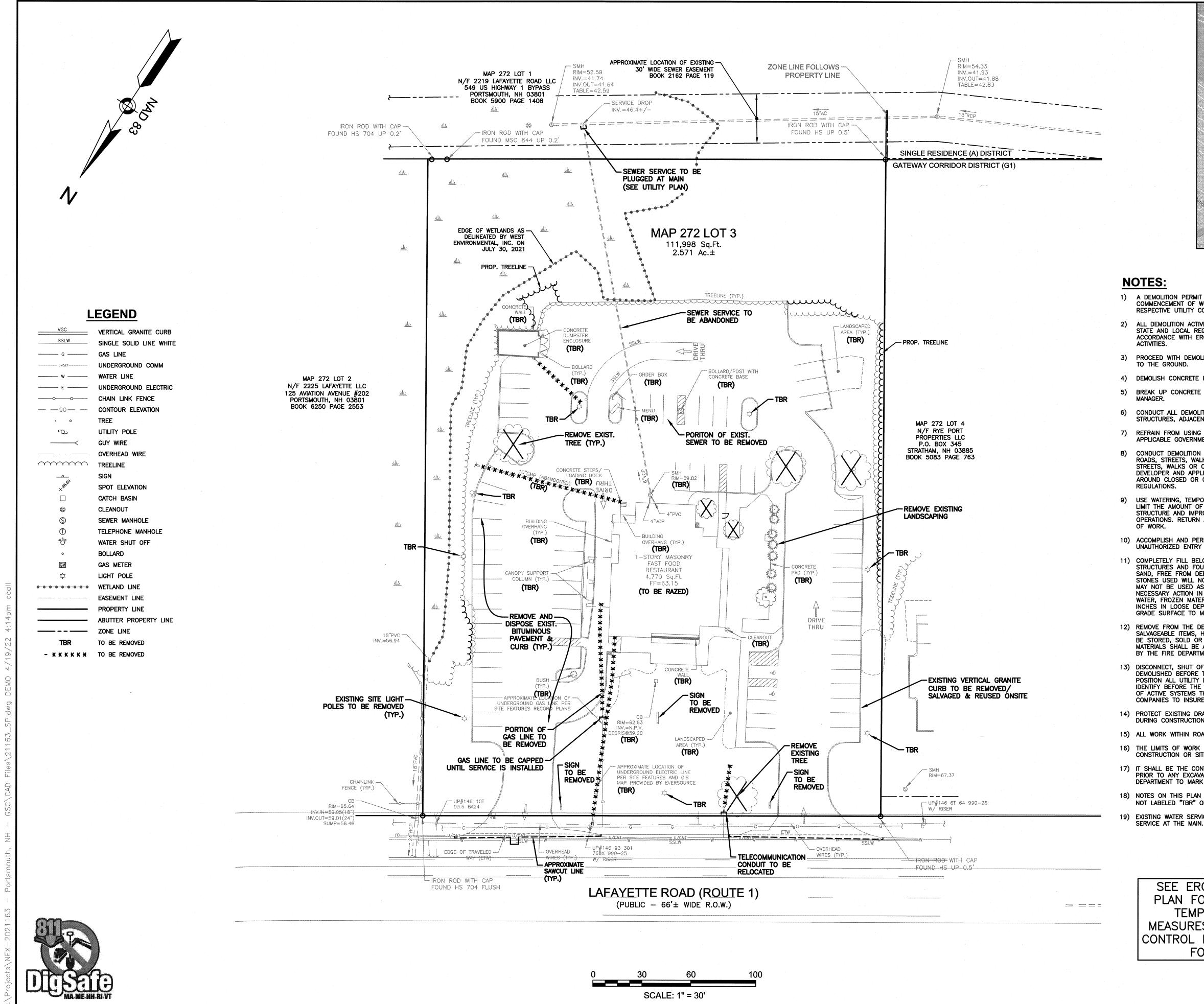
INDEX TO DRAWINGS

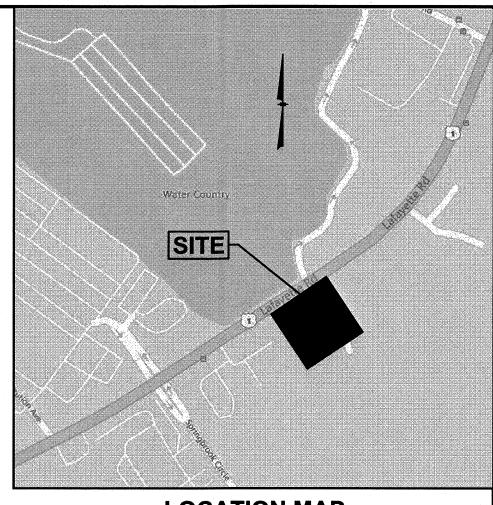
- TITLE SHEET
- **EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN** 2.
- DEMOLITION PLAN 3.
- SITE PLAN 4.
- **GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN** 5.
- UTILITY PLAN 6.
- 7. **EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN**
- LANDSCAPE PLAN 8.
- **DETAIL SHEET** 9.
- 10. **DETAIL SHEET**
- DETAIL SHEET 11. 12. DETAIL SHEET
- 13. DETAIL SHEET
- **DETAIL SHEET** 14.
- 15. SIGN & GRAPHICS PLAN
- 1 OF 1. TRUCK TURN PLAN
- 1 OF 2. LIGHTING PLAN (RL-7838-S1)
- 2 OF 2. LIGHTING DETAILS (RL-7838-S1)
- **1 OF 2. EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS (P201)**
- 2 OF 2. EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS (P202)
- 1 OF 1. PROPOSED CANOPY ELEVATIONS

enman-Pedersen. In 44 Stiles Road, Suite One PREPARED FOR **GRANITE STATE** CONVENIENCE 110 MOTOR 380 **A** R REVISIONS **REV. SHEETS 4-8. TT** /10/22 REV. SHEETS 4-8, 12, 14, TT, ADD SHEET 13 REV. SHEETS 2-9, 11, 3/22/22 TT **REV. SHEET 4** 2/9/22 NO. DATE REVISION **JANUARY 26, 2022** DRAWN/DESIGN BY CHECKED BY CCC/NID DRJ TITLE SHEET

SCALE: NOT TO SCALE PROJECT NO. NEX-2021163 1 OF 15







LOCATION MAP (NOT TO SCALE)

1) A DEMOLITION PERMIT MUST BE OBTAINED FROM THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. ALL EXISTING UTILITY DISCONNECTIONS MUST BE COORDINATED WITH **RESPECTIVE UTILITY COMPANIES.**

2) ALL DEMOLITION ACTIVITIES ARE TO BE PERFORMED IN STRICT ADHERENCE TO ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN PRIOR TO BEGINNING DEMOLITION

3) PROCEED WITH DEMOLITION IN A SYSTEMATIC MANNER, FROM THE TOP OF THE STRUCTURE(S)

4) DEMOLISH CONCRETE IN ALL SECTIONS

5) BREAK UP CONCRETE SLABS-ON-GRADE, UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE CONSTRUCTION

6) CONDUCT ALL DEMOLITION OPERATIONS IN A MANNER THAT WILL PREVENT INJURY, DAMAGE TO STRUCTURES, ADJACENT BUILDINGS AND ALL PERSONS.

7) REFRAIN FROM USING EXPLOSIVES WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE DEVELOPER AND APPLICABLE GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES.

8) CONDUCT DEMOLITION SERVICES IN SUCH A MANNER TO INSURE MINIMUM INTERFERENCE WITH ROADS, STREETS, WALKS AND OTHER ADJACENT FACILITIES. DO NOT CLOSE OR OBSTRUCT STREETS, WALKS OR OTHER OCCUPIED FACILITIES WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN PERMISSION OF THE DEVELOPER AND APPLICABLE GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITIES. PROVIDE ALTERNATIVE ROUTES AROUND CLOSED OR OBSTRUCTED TRAFFIC WAYS IF REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE GOVERNMENTAL

9) USE WATERING, TEMPORARY ENCLOSURES AND OTHER SUITABLE METHODS, AS NECESSARY TO LIMIT THE AMOUNT OF DUST AND DIRT RISING AND SCATTERING IN THE AIR. CLEAN ADJACENT STRUCTURE AND IMPROVEMENTS OF ALL DUST AND DEBRIS CAUSED BY THE DEMOLITION OPERATIONS. RETURN ALL ADJACENT AREAS TO THE CONDITIONS EXISTING PRIOR TO THE START

10) ACCOMPLISH AND PERFORM THE DEMOLITION IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO PREVENT THE UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY OF PERSONS AT ANY TIME.

11) COMPLETELY FILL BELOW GRADE AREAS AND VOIDS RESULTING FROM THE DEMOLITION OF STRUCTURES AND FOUNDATIONS WITH SOIL MATERIALS CONSISTING OF STONE, GRAVEL AND SAND, FREE FROM DEBRIS, TRASH, FROZEN MATERIALS, ROOTS AND OTHER ORGANIC MATTER. STONES USED WILL NOT BE LARGER THAT 6 INCHES IN DIMENSION. MATERIAL FROM DEMOLITION MAY NOT BE USED AS FILL. PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF FILL MATERIALS, UNDERTAKE ALL NECESSARY ACTION IN ORDER TO INSURE THAT AREAS TO BE FILLED ARE FREE OF STANDING WATER, FROZEN MATERIAL, TRASH, DEBRIS. PLACE FILL MATERIALS LAYERS NOT EXCEEDING 6 INCHES IN LOOSE DEPTH AND COMPACT EACH LAYER AT PLACEMENT TO 95% OPTIMUM DENSITY, GRADE SURFACE TO MEET ADJACENT CONTOURS AND TO PROVIDE SURFACE DRAINAGE.

12) REMOVE FROM THE DESIGNATED SITE, AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE TIME, ALL DEBRIS RUBBISH, SALVAGEABLE ITEMS, HAZARDOUS AND COMBUSTIBLE SERVICES. REMOVED MATERIALS MAY NOT BE STORED, SOLD OR BURNED ON SITE. REMOVAL OF HAZARDOUS AND COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURES AS AUTHORIZED BY THE FIRE DEPARTMENT OR OTHER APPROPRIATE REGULATORY AGENCIES AND DEPARTMENTS.

13) DISCONNECT, SHUT OFF AND SEAL ALL UTILITIES SERVING THE STRUCTURE(S) TO BE DEMOLISHED BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE DESIGNATED DEMOLITION. MARK FOR POSITION ALL UTILITY DRAINAGE AND SANITARY LINES AND PROTECT ALL ACTIVE LINES. CLEARLY IDENTIFY BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF DEMOLITION SERVICES THE REQUIRED INTERRUPTION OF ACTIVE SYSTEMS THAT MAY AFFECT OTHER PARTIES, AND NOTIFY ALL APPLICABLE UTILITY COMPANIES TO INSURE THE CONTINUATION OF SERVICE.

14) PROTECT EXISTING DRAINAGE SYSTEM(S) AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM ENTERING DURING CONSTRUCTION. SEE DETAIL SHEETS FOR EROSION CONTROL DEVICES.

15) ALL WORK WITHIN ROADWAY RIGHT-OF-WAYS TO CONFORM TO CITY STANDARDS.

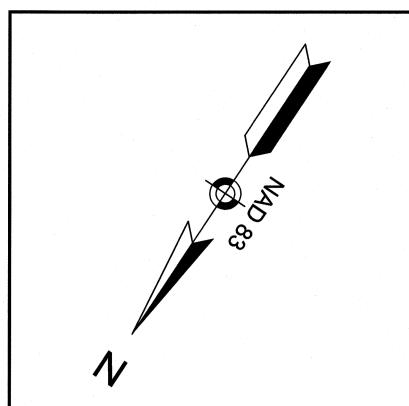
16) THE LIMITS OF WORK SHALL BE CLEARLY MARKED IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION OR SITE CLEARING.

17) IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO NOTIFY DIG SAFE (DIAL 811) 72 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION ON THIS SITE. CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO NOTIFY LOCAL WATER DEPARTMENT TO MARK OUT THEIR UTILITIES.

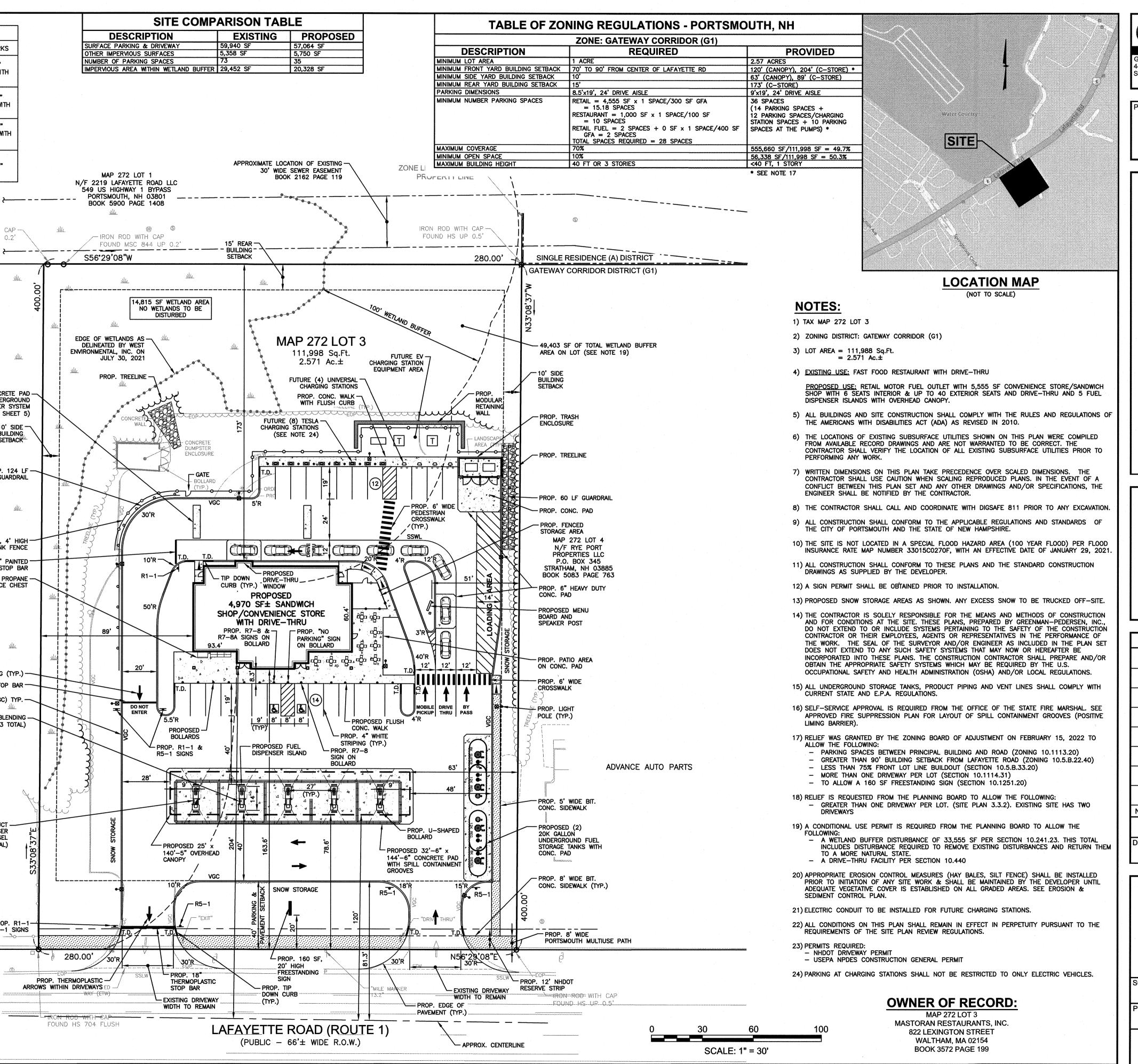
18) NOTES ON THIS PLAN THAT READ "TBR" REPRESENT FEATURES TO BE REMOVED. ANY FEATURES NOT LABELED "TBR" OR "TO BE REMOVED" SHALL BE CONSIDERED EXISTING TO REMAIN. 19) EXISTING WATER SERVICE LOCATION IS UNKNOWN. CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE AND DISCONTINUE

SEE EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN FOR CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE, TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, AND LOCATION OF EROSION CONTROL DEVICES. SEE LANDSCAPE PLAN FOR LIMITS OF CLEARING.

603.893.0720 Greenman-Pedersen, H 44 Stiles Road, Suite C Salem, NH 03079	Inc.	Management T.COM
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	SIGN KEY					
SIGN I.D. NUMBER	TEXT/COLOR	SIZE/REMARKS				
R1-1	STOP R/W	30" × 30" NEW SIGN WITH POST				
R5-1	DO NOT ENTER R/W	30" × 30" NEW SIGN WITH POST				
R7–8	RESERVED PARKING C/B/W	12" x 18" NEW SIGN WITH POST				
R7-8A	ACCESSIBLE G/W	6" X 12"				



VGC

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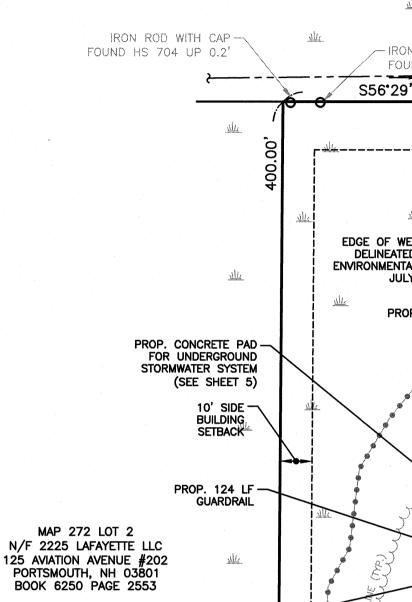
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VERTICAL GRANITE CURB SINGLE SOLID LINE WHITE GAS LINE UNDERGROUND COMM WATER LINE UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC CHAIN LINK FENCE CONTOUR ELEVATION TREE UTILITY POLE GUY WIRE OVERHEAD WIRE TREELINE SIGN SPOT ELEVATION CATCH BASIN CLEANOUT SEWER MANHOLE TELEPHONE MANHOLE WATER SHUT OFF BOLLARD GAS METER LIGHT POLE • • • • • • • • • WETLAND LINE EASEMENT LINE PROPERTY LINE ABUTTER PROPERTY LINE ZONE LINE NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES



CHAIN LINK FENCE PROP. 12" PAINTED -STOP BAR PROPOSED PROPANE CAGE AND ICE CHEST

PROP. 270 LF, 4' HIGH-

PROP. PAVEMENT MARKING (TYP.) -PROP. 12" PAINTED STOP BAR -PROP. VERTICAL GRANITE CURB (VGC) TYP. -PROP. MULTI-PRODUCT BLENDING -DISPENSER (3 TOTAL)

CUSTOM POOLS LOU'S CUSTOM EXHAUST

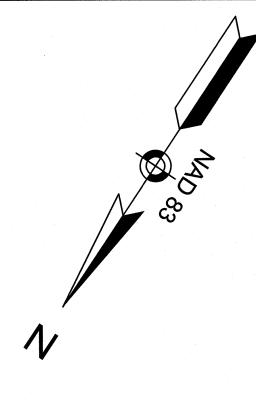
> PROP. MULTI-PRODUCT -BLENDING DISPENSER WITH DIESEL (2 TOTAL)

> > CHAINLINK FENCE (TYF ' PROP. R1-1-& R5-1 SIGNS

> > > FOUND HS 704 FLUSH

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GAS LINE

WATER LINE

UTILITY POLE

OVERHEAD WIRE

SPOT ELEVATION

SEWER MANHOLE

WATER SHUT OFF

TELEPHONE MANHOLE

CATCH BASIN

CLEANOUT

BOLLARD

GAS METER

LIGHT POLE

EASEMENT LINE

PROPERTY LINE

PROP. CLEANOUT

PROP. CATCH BASIN

PROP. DRAIN MANHOLE

PROP. SPOT ELEVATION

MEET EXISTING GRADE

TOP OF WALL ELEV.

BOTTOM OF WALL ELEV.

ZONE LINE

PROP. CONTOUR ELEVATION

GRADE BREAK

TEST PIT

ABUTTER PROPERTY LINE

GUY WIRE

TREELINE

SIGN

TREE

VERTICAL GRANITE CURB

UNDERGROUND COMM

CHAIN LINK FENCE

CONTOUR ELEVATION

UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC

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VGC

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GM

C.O.

CB-1 🔘

DMH-1 (0)

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BW=

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MEG

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	DRAIN	AGE PII	PE SCH	F.DIII.F.	
E <u>ROM:</u> STRUCTURE NUMBER	PIPE SIZE (INCHES)	TYPE OF PIPE	APPROX. PIPE LENGTH (FEET)	SLOPE OF PIPE (FT./FT.)	TO: STRUCTURE NUMBE
CB-1	12	HDPE	51	0.011	DMH-1
CB-2	12	HDPE	139	0.005	CB-6
CB-3(FD)	12	HDPE	29	0.063	DET IN-1
CB-4(FD)	18	HDPE	81	0.005	DMH-2
CB-5	18	HDPE	70	0.005	CB-4(FD)
CB-6	15	HDPE	93	0.005	CB-5
DET OUT	24	HDPE	7	0.000	0CS-1
DMH-1	12	HDPE	66	0.014	CB-6
DMH-2	. 6	HDPE	10	0.010	OWS-IN
DMH-2	18	HDPE	29	0.032	DET IN-2
DMH-3	12	HDPE	30	0.010	CB-3(FD)
JELLYFISH OUT	18	HDPE	12	0.012	FES-1
0CS-1	18	HDPE	3	0.029	JELLYFISH IN
OWS-OUT	6	HDPE	7	0.013	DET IN-3

DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

CB-1 RIM=64.55 INV.OUT=61.05

CB-2 RIM=63.70

INV.OUT=60.10

CB-3(FD) RIM=62.80

INV.IN=58.90(DMH-3) INV.OUT=58.80 CB-4(FD)(DG) RIM=61.70

INV.IN=58.05(CB-5) INV.OUT=57.95

RIM=63.05 INV.IN=58.65(CB-6) INV.OUT=58.40

CB-6 RIM=63.90 INV.IN=59.40(CB-2) INV.IN=59.50(DMH-1) INV.OUT=59.15

DMH-1 RIM=65.30 INV.IN=60.50(CB-1) INV.OUT=60.40

RIM=63.30 INV.IN=57.55(CB-4(FD)) INV.OUT=57.95(18" BYPASS) INV.OUT=57.45 (6" LOW FLOW)

DMH-3 RIM=64.00 INV.IN=59.25(RD) INV.OUT=59.20

FES-1 INV.=56.25 (OWS-1) RIM=63.75± INV.IN=57.35 INV.OUT=57.10 UNDERGROUND DETENTION SYSTEM (UG DET)

4,000 GAL OIL/WATER SEPARATOR-1

36"ø SOLID (WT) PIPES 4 ROWS + 2 HEADERS 67.00'L x 19.25'W S=0.000 FT/FT INV.PIPE=57.00 INV'S.IN=57.00 INV.OUT=57.00 (SEE DETAIL)

OUTLET CONTROL STRUCTURE (OCS-1) RIM=63.70 INV.IN=57.00 INV.OUT=57.00 (SEE DETAIL)

JELLYFISH FILTER (CONTECH JFPD0806 OR APPROVED EQUAL) RIM=62.00

INV.IN=56.90 INV.OUT=56.40 (SEE DETAIL)

(FD) DENOTES FIRST DEFENSE FD-4HC HYRODYNAMIC PARTICLE SEPARATOR OR APPROVED EQUAL.

(WT) DENOTES WATERTIGHT PIPE JOINTS (DG) DENOTES DOUBLE CATCH BASIN

18"PVC -INV.=56.94 PROP. SNOW -COLLECTION AREA MAG NAIL SET IN UP#146 10T 93.5 BA24 ELEV.=66.84 CHAINLINK FENCE (TYP. RIM=65.64 <u>v=59.05(18</u>

WITH CAP-

<u>sili</u>

CLEANOUT & RISER -

COVERS SHALL BE HEAVY DUTY CAST

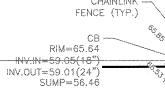
IRON COVERS SET IN

MIN. 8" THICK, 4.25'

WIDE CONCRETE

PADS (TYP)

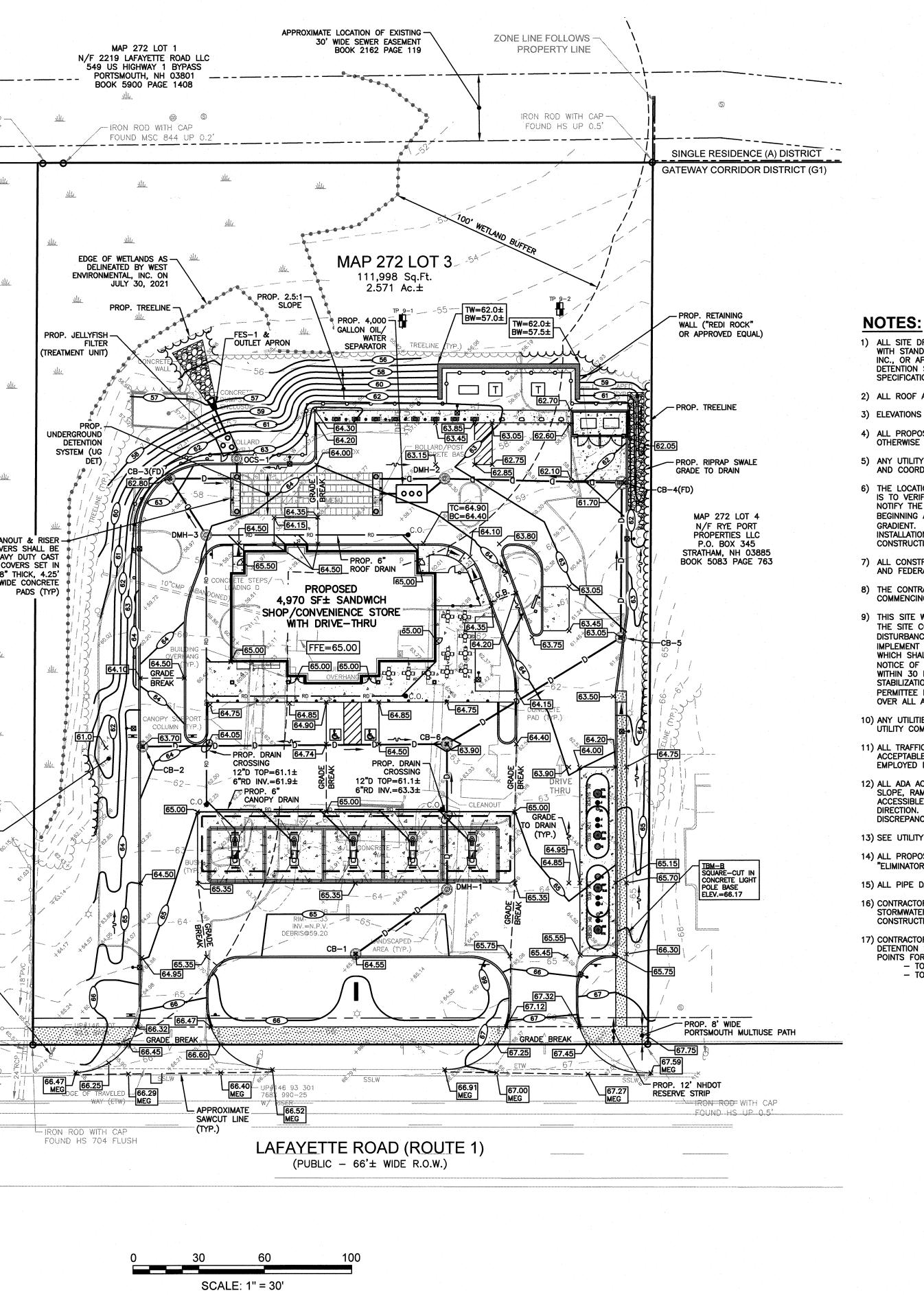
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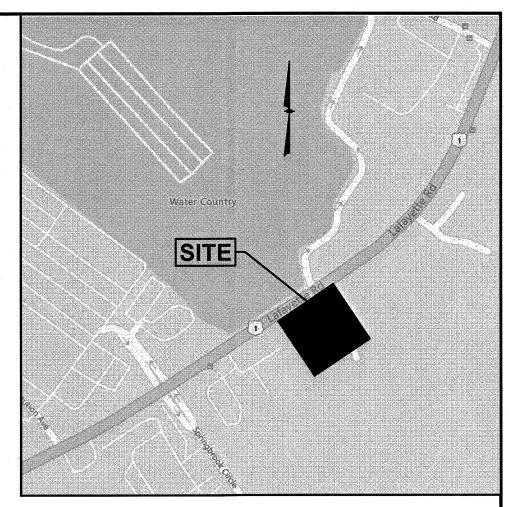












LOCATION MAP (NOT TO SCALE)

1) ALL SITE DRAINAGE PIPE SHALL BE CORRUGATED HIGH-DENSITY POLYETHYLENE PIPE WITH STANDARD JOINTS, DUAL-WALL, SMOOTH INTERIOR, AS MANUFACTURED BY ADS, INC., OR APPROVED EQUAL, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON PLAN. THE UNDERGROUND DETENTION SYSTEM SHALL HAVE WATER TIGHT JOINTS MEETING ASTM D3212 SPECIFICATIONS.

2) ALL ROOF AND CANOPY DRAIN PIPE SHALL BE 6" PVC (SDR-35).

3) ELEVATIONS ARE BASED ON NAVD88 DATUM.

4) ALL PROPOSED ELEVATIONS AS SHOWN ARE BOTTOM OF CURB ELEVATIONS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

5) ANY UTILITY FIELD ADJUSTMENTS SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD AND COORDINATED WITH THE APPROPRIATE LOCAL UTILITY COMPANY.

6) THE LOCATIONS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO VERIFY EXACT LOCATION PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO NOTIFY THE DESIGN ENGINEER OF ANY DISCREPANCIES. CONSTRUCTION SHALL COMMENCE BEGINNING AT THE LOWEST INVERT (POINT OF CONNECTION) AND PROGRESS UP GRADIENT. PROPOSED INTERFACE POINTS (CROSSINGS) WITH EXISTING UNDERGROUND INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED BY TEST PIT PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION.

7) ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO MUNICIPAL DPW AND ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL STANDARDS.

8) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL AND COORDINATE WITH DIG-SAFE (DIAL 811) PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY EXCAVATION.

9) THIS SITE WILL REQUIRE A USEPA NPDES PERMIT FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGE FOR THE SITE CONSTRUCTION SINCE THE DISTURBANCE EXCEEDS ONE ACRE (ACTUAL DISTURBANCE = 75,000 SF±). THE CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATOR SHALL DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT A CONSTRUCTION STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP) WHICH SHALL REMAIN ON SITE AND MADE ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC. A COMPLETED NOTICE OF TERMINATION (NOT) SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO NPDES PERMITTING AUTHORITY WITHIN 30 DAYS AFTER EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS HAVE BEEN MET: FINAL STABILIZATION HAS BEEN ACHIEVED ON ALL PORTIONS OF THE SITE FOR WHICH THE PERMITTEE IS RESPONSIBLE; OR ANOTHER OPERATOR/PERMITTEE HAS ASSUMED CONTROL OVER ALL AREAS OF THE SITE THAT HAVE NOT BEEN FINALLY STABILIZED.

10) ANY UTILITIES TO BE TAKEN OUT OF SERVICE SHALL BE DISCONNECTED AS DIRECTED UTILITY COMPANY AND LOCAL DPW.

11) ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION SIGNAGE ARRANGEMENTS, ACCEPTABLE TO NHDOT AND THE CITY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, SHALL BE EMPLOYED DURING OPERATIONS WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.

12) ALL ADA ACCESSIBLE WALKWAYS CANNOT EXCEED 5% RUNNING SLOPE AND 2% CROSS SLOPE, RAMPS CANNOT EXCEED 8.33% RUNNING SLOPE AND 2% CROSS SLOPE, AND ACCESSIBLE PARKING STALLS AND ACCESS AISLES CANNOT EXCEED 2% SLOPE IN ANY DIRECTION. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ENGINEER OF ANY DISCREPANCIES.

13) SEE UTILITY PLAN FOR DETAILED UTILITY LAYOUT.

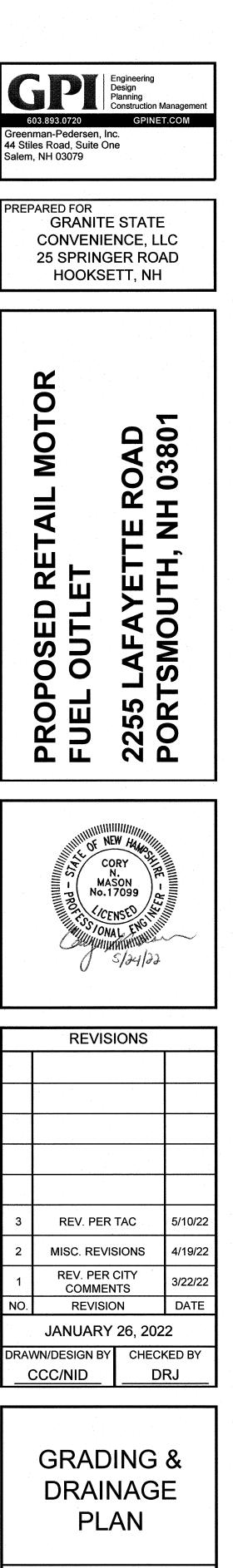
14) ALL PROPOSED CATCH BASINS SHALL HAVE 4' SUMPS AND OUTLETS EQUIPPED WITH "ELIMINATOR" OIL HOODS OR APPROVED EQUAL.

15) ALL PIPE DATA IS CALCULATED TO CENTER OF STRUCTURE, TYP.

16) CONTRACTOR TO REFER TO THE INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE (I&M) MANUAL FOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS & SITE MAINTENANCE DURING AND AFTER CONSTRUCTION.

17) CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL RISER STRUCTURES AT EACH CORNER OF UNDERGROUND DETENTION SYSTEMS AND CLEANOUTS AT EACH END OF EACH ROW TO PROVIDE ACCESS POINTS FOR CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE. - TOTAL RISERS PROPOSED = 4

- TOTAL CLEANOUTS PROPOSED = 4



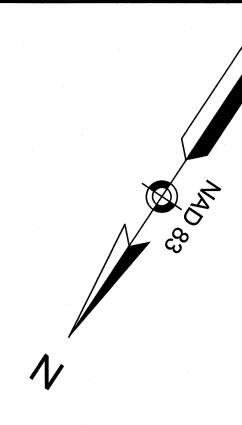
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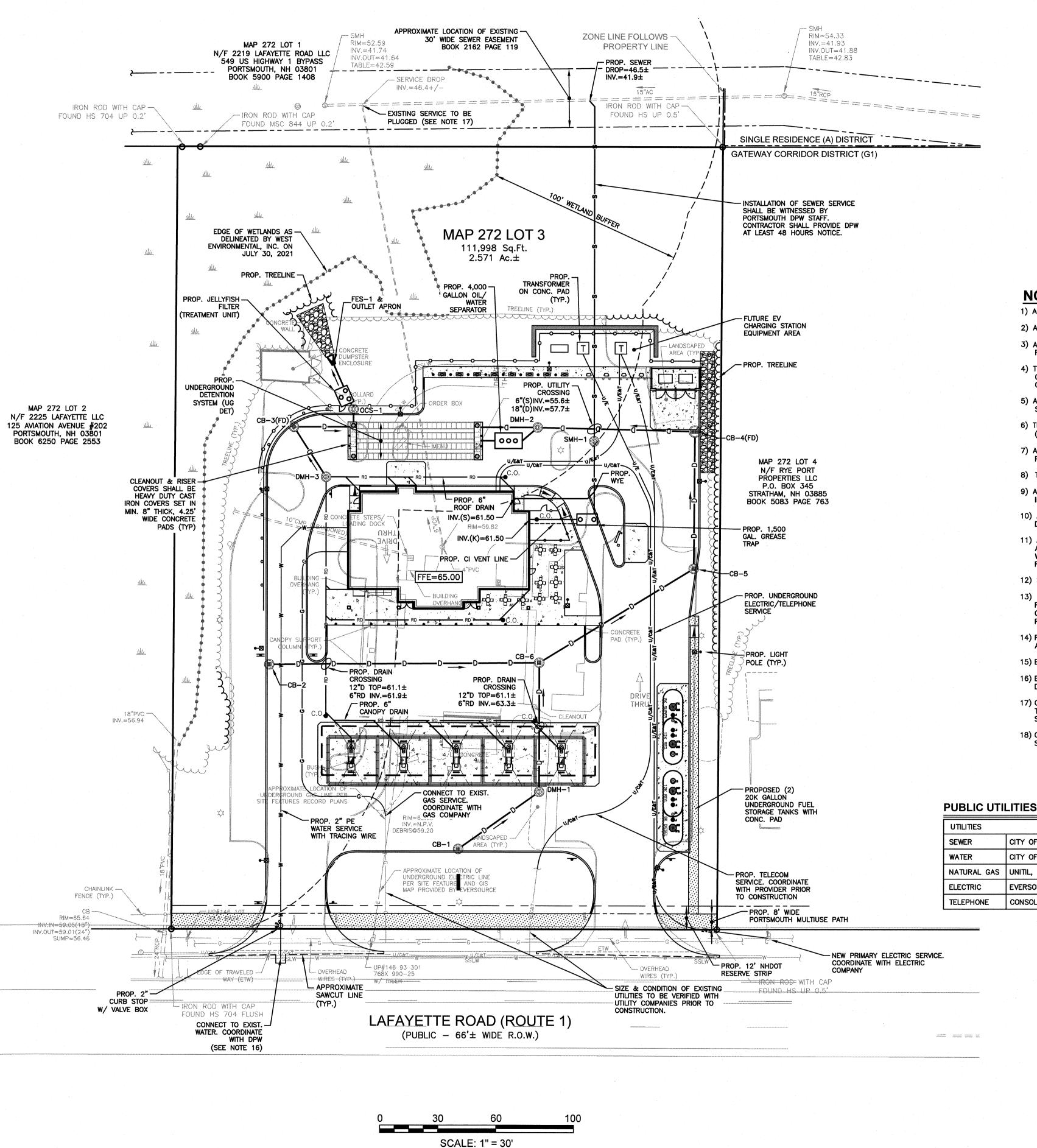
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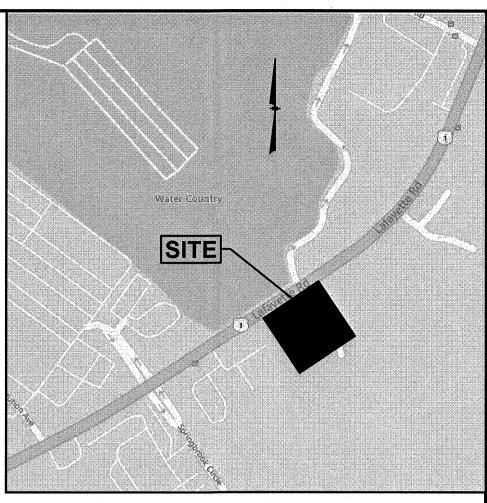
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VGC	VERTICAL GRANITE CURB
SSLW	SINGLE SOLID LINE WHIT
G	GAS LINE
	UNDERGROUND COMM
W	WATER LINE
E	UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC
	CHAIN LINK FENCE
	CONTOUR ELEVATION
« Ø	TREE
L D	UTILITY POLE
<	GUY WIRE
· · · ·	OVERHEAD WIRE
	TREELINE
	SIGN
×*****	SPOT ELEVATION
	CATCH BASIN
0	CLEANOUT
S	SEWER MANHOLE
(\mathbf{T})	TELEPHONE MANHOLE
* <u></u>	WATER SHUT OFF
0	BOLLARD
GM	GAS METER
\$	LIGHT POLE
<u></u>	WETLAND LINE
	EASEMENT LINE
	PROPERTY LINE
	ABUTTER PROPERTY LINE
	ZONE LINE
C.O.	PROP. CLEANOUT
CB-1 🗐	PROP. CATCH BASIN
DMH-1 🔘	PROP. DRAIN MANHOLE
SMH-1 🔘	PROP. SEWER MANHOLE
	PROP. GATE VALVE







LOCATION MAP (NOT TO SCALE)

NOTES:

- 1) ALL SANITARY SEWER PIPE SHALL BE PVC (SDR-35), UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 2) ALL WATER PIPE SHALL BE POLYETHYLENE, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 3) ANY UTILITY FIELD ADJUSTMENTS SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD AND COORDINATED WITH THE APPROPRIATE LOCAL UTILITY COMPANY.
- 4) THE LOCATIONS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO VERIFY EXACT LOCATION PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS TO NOTIFY THE DESIGN ENGINEER OF ANY DISCREPANCIES.
- 5) ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO MUNICIPAL DPW AND ALL APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL STANDARDS.
- 6) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CALL AND COORDINATE WITH DIG-SAFE (1-888-344-7233) PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY EXCAVATION.
- 7) ALL WATER AND SEWER CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS SPECIFICATIONS.
- 8) THIS SITE IS SERVED BY MUNICIPAL SEWER AND WATER.
- 9) ALL ELECTRIC, TELEPHONE AND CABLE TV LINES ARE TO BE UNDERGROUND AND INSTALLED IN CONFORMANCE WITH APPLICABLE UTILITY CO. SPECIFICATIONS.
- 10) ANY UTILITIES TO BE TAKEN OUT OF SERVICE SHALL BE DISCONNECTED AS DIRECTED BY UTILITY COMPANY AND LOCAL DPW.
- 11) ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL AND TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION SIGNAGE ARRANGEMENTS, ACCEPTABLE TO NHDOT AND CITY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, SHALL BE EMPLOYED DURING OPERATIONS WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- 12) SEE GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN FOR DETAILED DRAINAGE INFORMATION.
- 13) ELECTRICAL CONDUIT WITHIN 20' OF TANKS OR DISPENSERS MAY NEED TO BE RIGID METAL CONDUIT WITH CONCRETE ENCASEMENT. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH UTILITY COMPANY AND/OR TOWN ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR AS REQUIRED.
- 14) REFER TO DETAIL SHEETS FOR ALL UTILITY AND DRAINAGE STRUCTURE DETAILS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 15) ELECTRIC CONDUIT TO BE PROVIDED FOR FUTURE EV CHARGING STATIONS. 16) EXISTING WATER SERVICE LOCATION IS UNKNOWN. CONTRACTOR TO LOCATE AND DISCONTINUE SERVICE AT THE MAIN.
- 17) CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT EASTERN PIPE SERVICES TO PLUG THE SERVICE FROM THE MAIN WITHOUT DISTURBING THE WETLAND. AFTER PLUGGED, CONTRACTOR SHALL FILL THE EXISTING SERVICE WITH FLOWABLE FILL.
- 18) CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT PORTSMOUTH DPW AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO SEWER CONSTRUCTION TO WITNESS SEWER SERVICE INSTALLATION.

	AVAILABLE
Y OF PORTSMOUTH PUBLIC WORKS DEPT., PETER RICE 603-427-1530	YES
Y OF PORTSMOUTH PUBLIC WORKS DEPT., PETER RICE 603-427-1530	YES
TIL, DAVE MACLEAN 603-294-5261	YES
RSOURCE, CASEY MCDONALD 603-519-0924	YES
SOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS	YES

		· · · ·			
SEWER PIPE SCHEDULE					
<u>FROM:</u> STRUCTURE NUMBER	PIPE SIZE (inches)	type of Pipe	APPROX. PIPE LENGTH (feet)	SLOPE OF PIPE (ft./ft.)	<u>to:</u> Structure Number
BLDG.	6	CI	20	0.056	GR. TRAP
GR. TRAP	6	PVC	35	0.081	SMH-1
BLDG.	6	PVC	41	0.062	WYE
SMH-1	6	PVC	178	0.052	SEWER MAIN

SEWER STRUCTURES 1,500 GAL. GREASE TRAP

RIM=64.10 INV.IN=60.10 INV.OUT=59.85 SMH-1 (DROP) RIM=63.00 INV.IN=57.00

INV.OUT=55.70 PROP. WYE INV.=58.95±

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	PROPOSED RETAIL MOTOR FUEL OUTLET	TTEF	PORISMOUTH, NH U3801
	MA No.1 PROFESSION	EW HAND DRY N. SON 7099 HILL KNOULLIN ALL ENGUILLIN S/24/22	
	REVI	SIONS	······································
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3	REV. PEI		5/10/22
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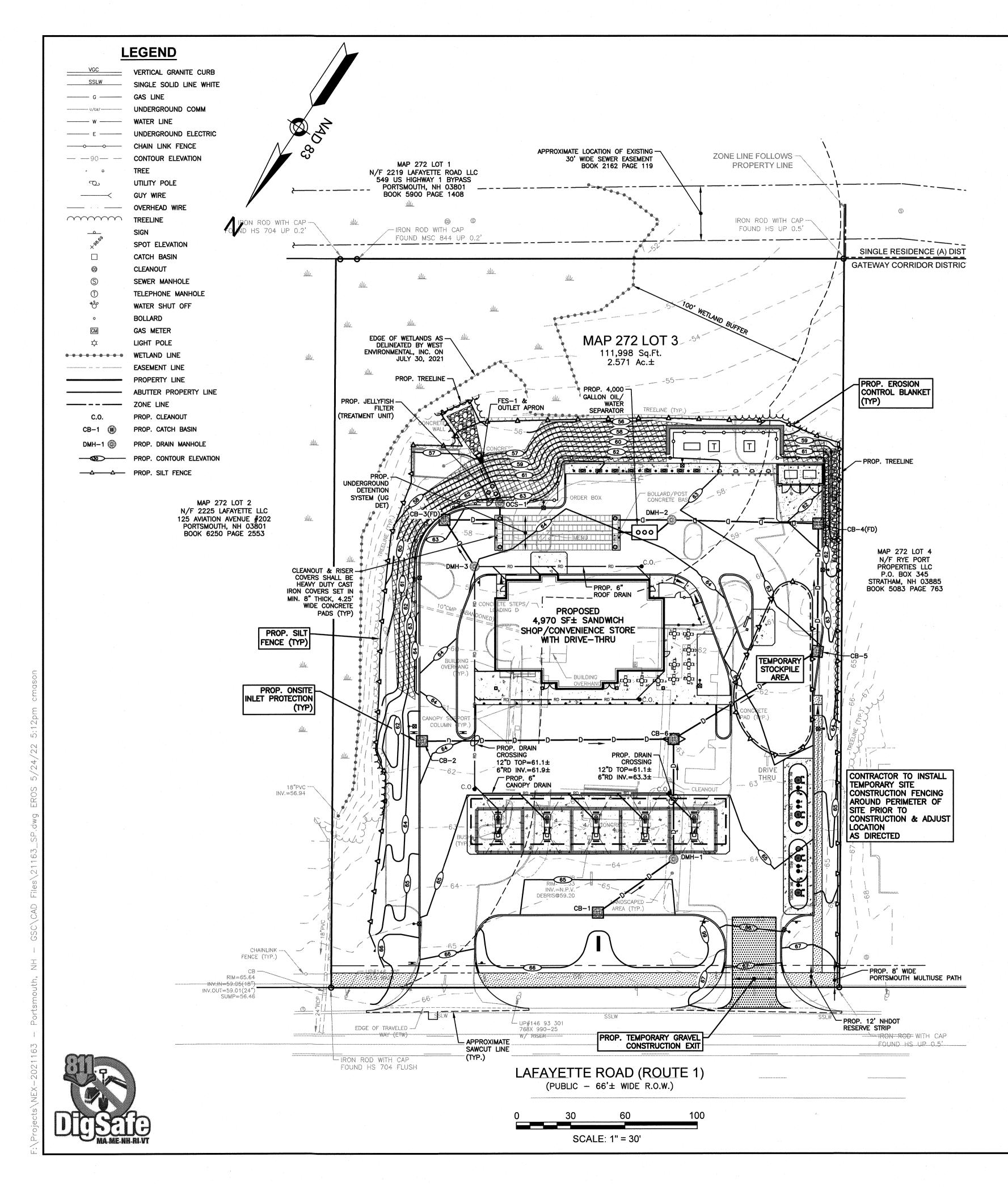
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CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:

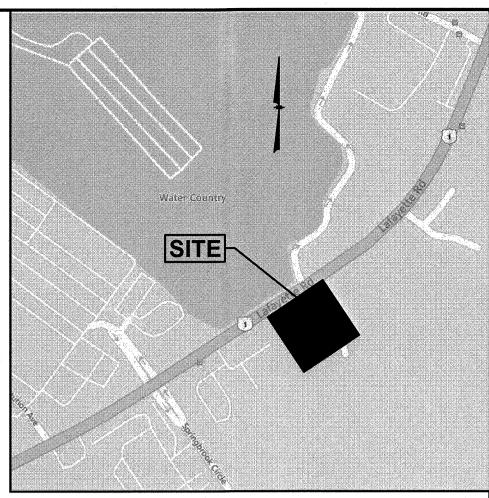
- 1) SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY ON-SITE CONSTRUCTION AS SHOWN. ADDITIONAL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SOON AS PRACTICAL.
- 2) REMOVE AND STOCKPILE SOIL AS REQUIRED. STOCKPILE SHALL BE SURROUNDED WITH HAYBALES TO PREVENT EROSION.
- 3) CONSTRUCT DRIVEWAYS AND PERFORM SITE GRADING.
- 4) INSTALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES & DRAINAGE.
- 5) BEGIN TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING AND MULCHING. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE SEEDED OR MULCHED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THEIR CONSTRUCTION.
- 6) DAILY, OR AS REQUIRED, CONSTRUCT, INSPECT, AND IF NECESSARY, RECONSTRUCT TEMPORARY BERMS, DRAINS, DITCHES, SILT FENCES, HAYBALES AND SEDIMENT TRAPS INCLUDING MULCHING AND SEEDING.
- 7) BEGIN EXCAVATION FOR AND CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS.
- 8) FINISH PAVING ALL DRIVES AND PARKING AREAS. CLEAN ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.
- 9) COMPLETE PERMANENT SEEDING AND LANDSCAPING.
- 10) AFTER GRASS HAS BEEN FULLY GERMINATED IN ALL SEEDED AREAS, REMOVE ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.

WINTER STABILIZATION NOTES:

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS: MAINTENANCE MEASURES SHOULD CONTINUE AS NEEDED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION, INCLUDING THE OVER-WINTER PERIOD. AFTER EACH RAINFALL, SNOWSTORM, OR PERIOD OF THAWING AND RUNOFF, THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHOULD CONDUCT AN INSPECTION OF ALL INSTALLED EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND PERFORM REPAIRS AS NEEDED TO INSURE THEIR CONTINUING FUNCTION. FOR ANY AREA STABILIZED BY TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT SEEDING PRIOR TO THE ONSET OF THE WINTER SEASON, THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD CONDUCT AN INSPECTION IN THE SPRING TO ASCERTAIN THE CONDITION OF VEGETATION COVER, AND REPAIR ANY DAMAGE AREAS OR BARE SPOTS AND RESEED AS REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE AN ESTABLISHED VEGETATIVE COVER (AT LEAST 85% OF AREA VEGETATED WITH HEALTHY, VIGOROUS GROWTH). SPECIFICATIONS:

TO ADEQUATELY PROTECT WATER QUALITY DURING COLD WEATHER AND DURING SPRING RUNOFF, THE FOLLOWING STABILIZATION TECHNIQUES SHOULD BE EMPLOYED DURING THE PERIOD FROM OCTOBER 15TH THROUGH MAY 15TH.

- 1) THE AREA OF EXPOSED, UNSTABILIZED SOIL SHOULD BE LIMITED TO ONE ACRE AND SHOULD BE PROTECTED AGAINST EROSION BY THE METHODS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION PRIOR TO ANY THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENT. SUBJECT TO APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, THE ALLOWABLE AREA OF EXPOSED SOIL MAY BE INCREASED IF ACTIVITIES ARE CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO A WINTER CONSTRUCTION PLAN, DEVELOPED BY A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER LICENSED TO PRACTICE IN THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE OR A CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL IN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AS CERTIFIED BY THE CSPESC COUNCIL OF ENVIROCERT INTERNATIONAL, INC.
- 2) STABILIZATION AS FOLLOWS SHOULD BE COMPLETED WITHIN A DAY OF ESTABLISHING THE GRADE THAT IS FINAL OR THAT OTHERWISE WILL EXIST FOR MORE THAN 5 DAYS:
- A. ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREAS HAVING A SLOPE OF LESS THAN 15% WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHOULD BE SEEDED AND COVERED WITH 3 TO 4 TONS OF HAY OR STRAW MULCH PER ACRE SECURED WITH ANCHORED NETTING, OR 2 INCHES OF EROSION CONTROL MIX (SEE
- DESCRIPTION OF EROSION CONTROL MIX BERMS FOR MATERIAL SPECIFICATION). B. ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREAS HAVING A SLOPE OF GREATER OOTHAN 15% WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHOULD BE SEEDED AND COVERED WITH A PROPERLY INSTALLED AND ANCHORED EROSION CONTROL BLANKET OR WITH A MINIMUM 4 INCH THICKNESS OF EROSION CONTROL MIX, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER. NOTE THAT COMPOST BLANKETS SHOULD NOT EXCEED 2 INCHES IN THICKNESS OR THEY MAY OVERHEAT.
- ALL STONE-COVERED SLOPES MUST BE CONSTRUCTED AND STABILIZED BY OCTOBER 15.
- 4) INSTALLATION OF ANCHORED HAY MULCH OR EROSION CONTROL MIX SHOULD NOT OCCUR OVER SNOW OF GREATER THAN ONE INCH IN DEPTH.
- 5) ALL MULCH APPLIED DURING WINTER SHOULD BE ANCHORED (E.G., BY NETTING, TRACKING, WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER).
- 6) STOCKPILES OF SOIL MATERIALS SHOULD BE MULCHED FOR OVER WINTER PROTECTION WITH HAY OR STRAW AT TWICE THE NORMAL RATE OR WITH A FOUR-INCH LAYER OF EROSION CONTROL MIX. MULCHING SHOULD BE DONE WITHIN 24 HOURS OF STOCKING, AND RE-ESTABLISHED PRIOR TO ANY RAINFALL OR SNOWFALL. NO SOIL STOCKPILE SHOULD BE PLACED (EVEN COVERED WITH MULCH) WITHIN 100 FEET FROM ANY WETLAND OR OTHER WATER RESOURCE AREA.
- 7) FROZEN MATERIALS, (E.G., FROST LAYER THAT IS REMOVED DURING WINTER CONSTRUCTION), SHOULD BE STOCKPILED SEPARATELY AND IN A LOCATION THAT IS AWAY FROM ANY AREA NEEDING TO BE PROTECTED. STOCKPILES OF FROZEN MATERIAL CAN MELT IN THE SPRING AND BECOME UNWORKABLE AND DIFFICULT TO TRANSPORT DUE TO THE HIGH MOISTURE CONTENT IN THE SOIL.
- 8) INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS SHOULD NOT OCCUR OVER SNOW OF GREATER THAN ONE INCH IN DEPTH OR ON FROZEN GROUND.
- 9) ALL GRASS-LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED AND STABILIZED BY SEPTEMBER 1. ALL DITCHES OR SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHOULD BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILY WITH STONE OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS APPROPRIATE FOR THE DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS, AS DETERMINED BY A QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER OR A CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL IN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AS CERTIFIED BY THE CSPESC COUNCIL OF ENVIROCERT INTERNATIONAL, INC. IF A STONE LINING IS NECESSARY, THE CONTRACTOR MAY NEED TO RE-GRADE THE DITCH AS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE CROSS-SECTION AFTER ALLOWING FOR PLACEMENT OF THE STONE.
- 10) ALL STONE-LINED DITCHES AND CHANNELS MUST BE CONSTRUCTED AND STABILIZED BY OCTOBER 15.
 11) AFTER OCTOBER 15, INCOMPLETE ROAD OR PARKING SURFACES, WHERE WORK
- HAS STOPPED FOR THE WINTER SEASON, SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES OF CRUSHED GRAVEL PER NHDOT ITEM 304.3.
 12) SEDIMENT BARRIERS THAT ARE INSTALLED DURING FROZEN CONDITIONS
- SHOULD CONSIST OF EROSION CONTROL MIX BERMS, OR CONTINUOUS CONTAINED BERMS. SILT FENCES AND HAY BALES SHOULD NOT BE INSTALLED WHEN FROZEN CONDITIONS PREVENT PROPER EMBEDMENT OF THESE BARRIERS.



(NOT TO SCALE)

EROSION CONTROL NOTES:

- 1) THE EROSION CONTROL PROCEDURES SHALL CONFORM TO THE NH STORMWATER MANUAL, VOLUME 3, EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROLS DURING CONSTRUCTION, DECEMBER 2008, OR LATEST EDITION.
- 2) DURING CONSTRUCTION AND THEREAFTER, EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE TO BE IMPLEMENTED AS NOTED: THE SMALLEST PRACTICAL AREA OF LAND SHOULD BE EXPOSED AT ANY ONE TIME DURING DEVELOPMENT. WHEN LAND IS EXPOSED DURING DEVELOPMENT, THE EXPOSURE SHOULD BE KEPT TO THE SHORTEST PRACTICAL PERIOD OF TIME AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. LAND SHOULD NOT BE LEFT EXPOSED DURING THE WINTER MONTHS.
- 3) LIMIT OF MAXIMUM AREA OF EXPOSED SOIL AT ANY ONE TIME TO LESS THAN 5 ACRES. THE EXPOSED AREA THAT IS BEING ACTIVELY WORKED DURING WINTER IS TO BE LESS THAN 3 ACRES DURING THE WINTER SEASON.
- 4) ALL PERMANENT STORM WATER STRUCTURES SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO DIRECTING FLOW INTO THEM. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STABLE IF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING HAS OCCURED:
 A) BASE COURSE GRAVELS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED.
 B) A MINIMUM OF 85 PERCENT VEGETATED GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED.
 C) A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE OR RIP-RAP HAS BEEN INSTALLED.
- D) OR, EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED.
 5) SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED DURING AND AFTER DEVELOPMENT TO REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM RUNOFF WATER AND FROM LAND UNDERGOING DEVELOPMENT. WHERE POSSIBLE, NATURAL DRAINAGE WAYS SHOULD BE UTILIZED AND LEFT OPEN TO REMOVE EXCESS SURFACE WATER. SILT FENCE TO BE MAINTAINED AND CLEANED UNTIL ALL SLOPES HAVE A HEALTHY STAND OF GRASS.
- 6) ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND SIDE SLOPES WHICH ARE FINISHED GRADED, WITH NO FURTHER CONSTRUCTION TO TAKE PLACE, SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED WITHIN 72 HOURS AFTER FINAL GRADING. A MINIMUM OF 4" OF LOAM SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH NOT LESS THAN ONE POUND OF SEED PER 50 SQUARE YARDS OF AREA. THE SEED MIX SHALL BE AS DESIGNATED BELOW.
- 7) ANY DISTURBED AREAS WHICH ARE TO BE LEFT TEMPORARILY, AND WHICH WILL BE REGRADED LATER DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE MACHINE HAY MULCHED AND SEEDED WITH RYE GRASS TO PREVENT EROSION. THE MAXIMUM LENGTH OF TIME FOR THE EXPOSURE OF DISTURBED SOILS SHALL BE 45 DAYS. HAY OR STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL FRESHLY SEEDED AREAS AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE. BALES SHALL BE UNSPOILED, AIR DRIED, AND FREE FROM WEED, SEEDS AND ANY COARSE MATERIAL.
- 8) DURING GRADING OPERATIONS INSTALL HAY BALE BARRIERS ALONG TOE OF SLOPE OF FILL AREAS WHERE SHOWN. BARRIERS ARE TO BE MAINTAINED UNTIL DISTURBED AREAS ARE PAVED OR GRASSED.
- 9) THE FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE OF APPROVED SOIL TYPE FREE FROM STUMPS, ROOTS, WOOD, ETC. TO BE PLACED IN 12" LIFTS OR AS SPECIFIED. BULLDOZERS, TRUCKS, TRACTORS, OR ROLLERS MAY BE USED FOR COMPACTION BY ROUTING THE EQUIPMENT TO ALL AREAS OR EACH LAYER.
- 10) AVOID THE USE OF FUTURE OPEN SPACES (LOAM & SEED) WHEREVER POSSIBLE DURING CONSTRUCTION. CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC SHALL USE THE ROADBEDS OF FUTURE ROADS.

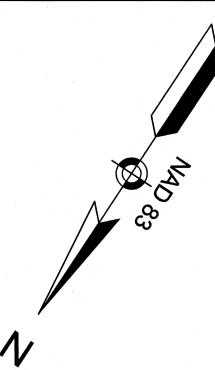
TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES:

- 1) THE SMALLEST PRACTICAL AREA OF LAND SHALL BE EXPOSED AT ANY ONE TIME.
- 2) HAY BALE BARRIERS AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED AS REQUIRED. BARRIERS AND FENCE ARE TO BE MAINTAINED AND CLEANED UNTIL ALL SLOPES HAVE A HEALTHY STAND OF GRASS.
- 3) BALED HAY AND MULCH SHALL BE MOWINGS OF ACCEPTABLE HERBACEOUS GROWTH, FREE FROM NOXIOUS WEEDS OR WOODY STEMS, AND SHALL BE DRY. NO SALT HAY SHALL BE USED.
- 4) FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE FREE FROM STUMPS, WOOD, ROOTS, ETC.
- 5) STOCKPILED MATERIALS SHALL BE PLACED ONLY IN AREAS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. STOCKPILES SHALL BE PROTECTED BY HAY BALE BARRIERS AND SEEDED TO PREVENT EROSION. THESE MEASURES SHALL REMAIN UNTIL ALL MATERIAL HAS BEEN PLACED OR DISPOSED OFF SITE.
- 6) ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED. A MINIMUM OF 4 INCHES OF LOAM SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH NOT LESS THAN ONE POUND OF SEED PER 50 SQUARE YARDS OF AREA.
- 7) SEED MIX SHALL BE EQUAL PARTS OF RED FESCUE (CREEPING), KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS, REDTOP, PERENNIAL RYEGRASS.
- 8) AFTER ALL DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED, THE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE TO BE REMOVED.
- 9) PAVED ROADWAYS MUST BE KEPT CLEAN AT ALL TIMES.
- 10) ALL CATCH BASIN INLETS WILL BE PROTECTED WITH INLET PROTECTION.
- 11) ALL STORM DRAINAGE OUTLETS WILL BE STABILIZED AND CLEANED AS REQUIRED, BEFORE THE DISCHARGE POINTS BECOME OPERATIONAL.
- 12) ALL DEWATERING OPERATIONS MUST DISCHARGE DIRECTLY INTO A SEDIMENT FILTER AREA.

13) TO PREVENT TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO THE EXISTING ROADS, ALL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC CAN ONLY EXIT THE SITE OVER THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN.

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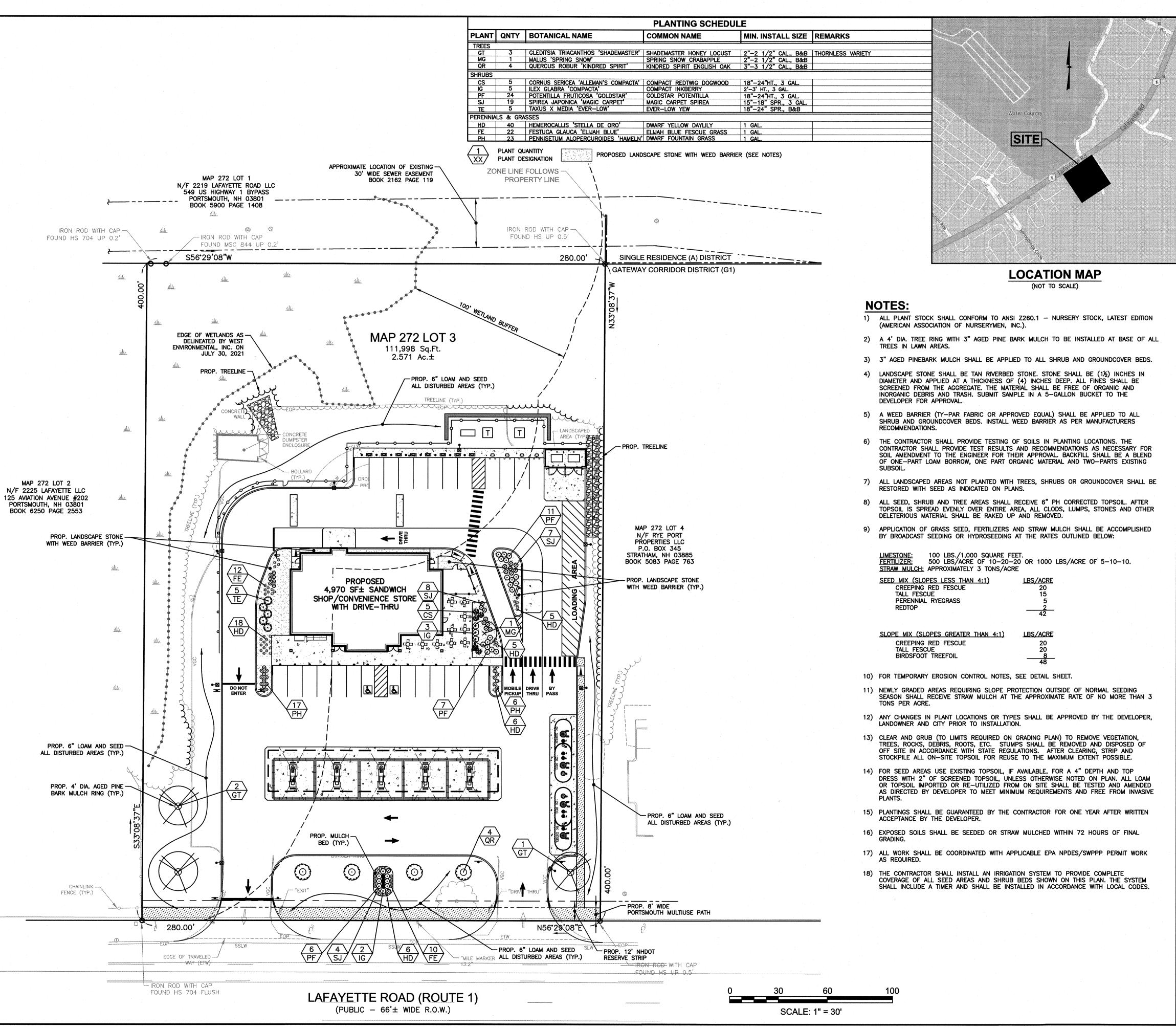
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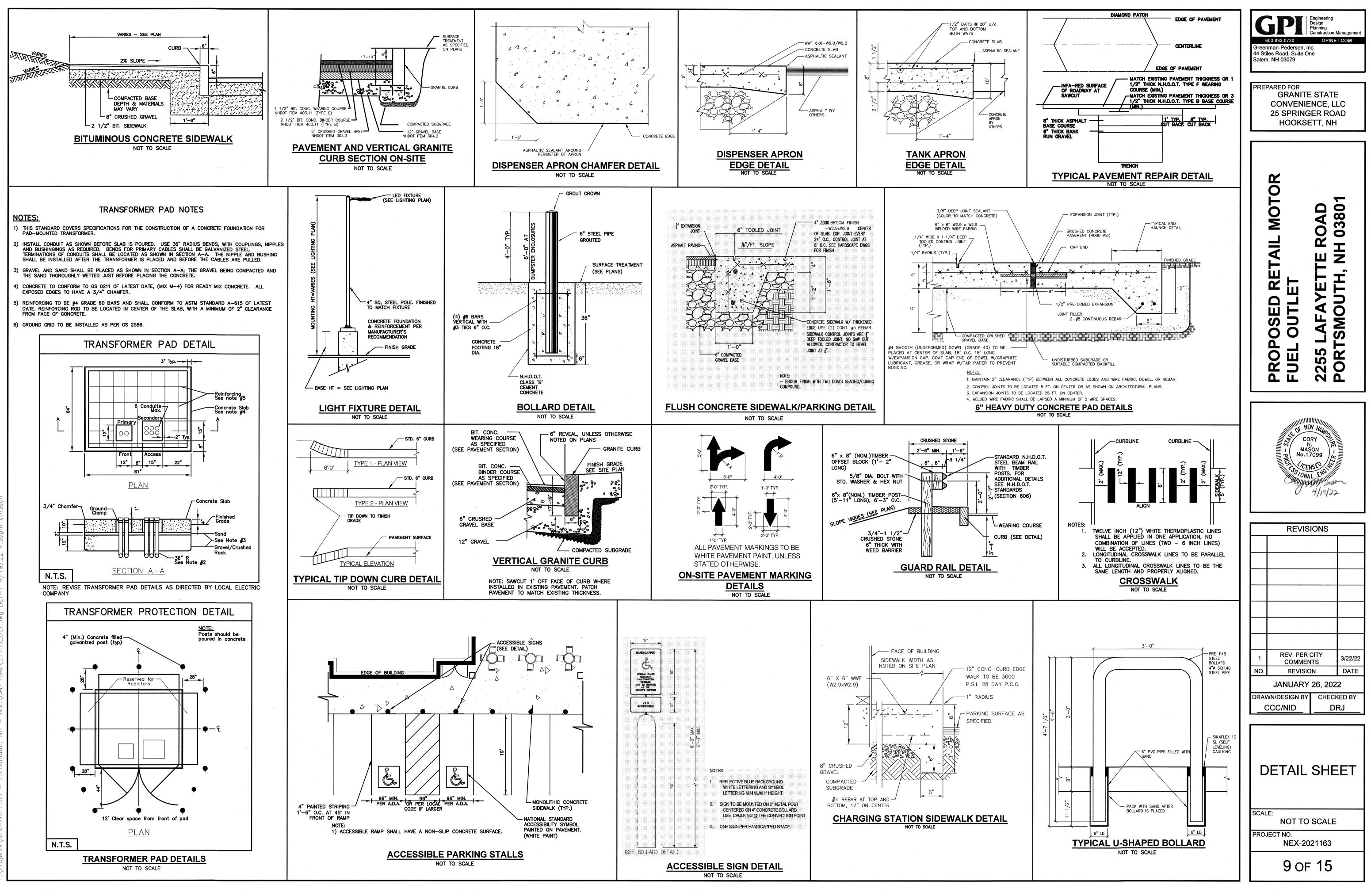
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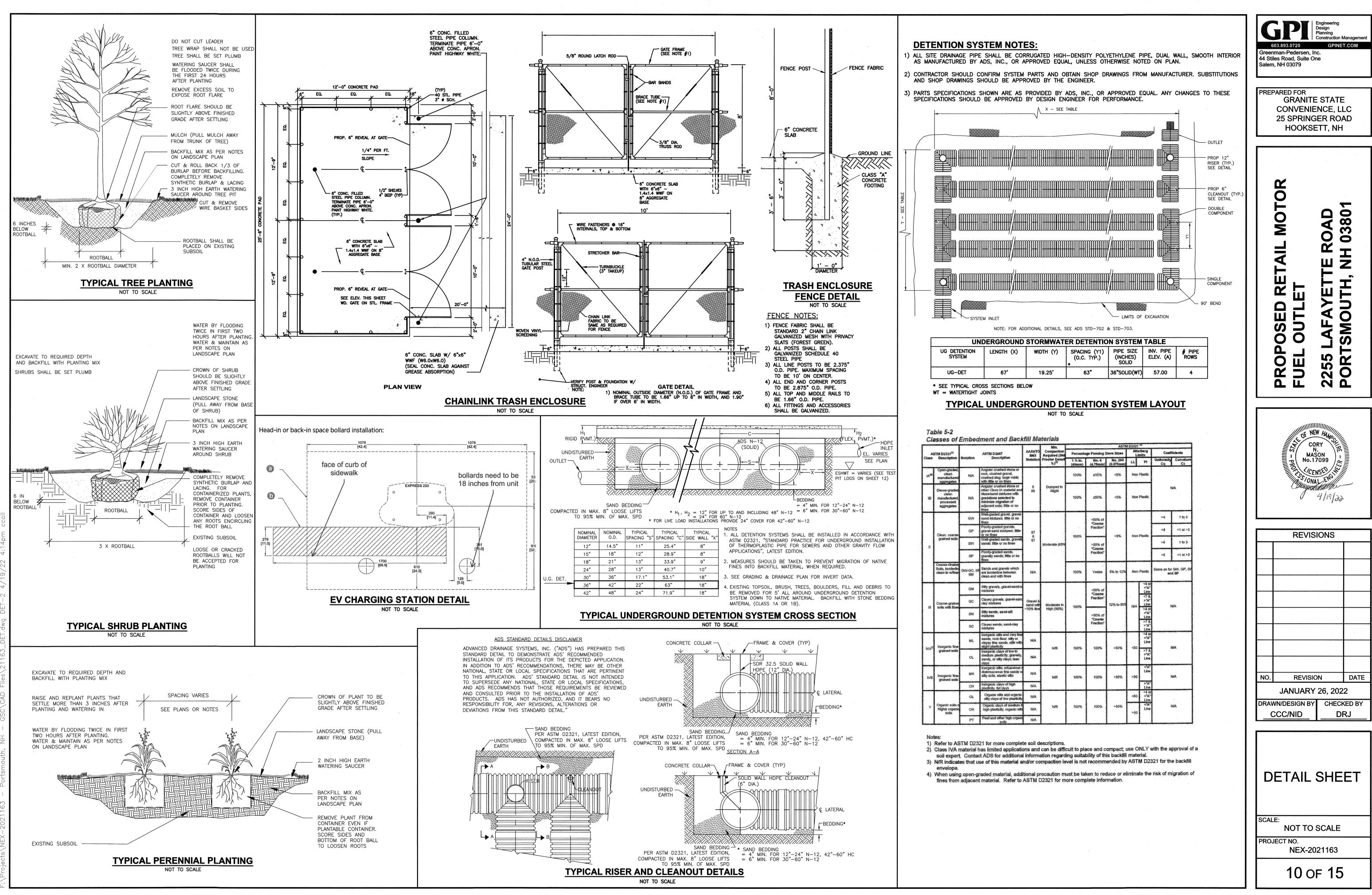


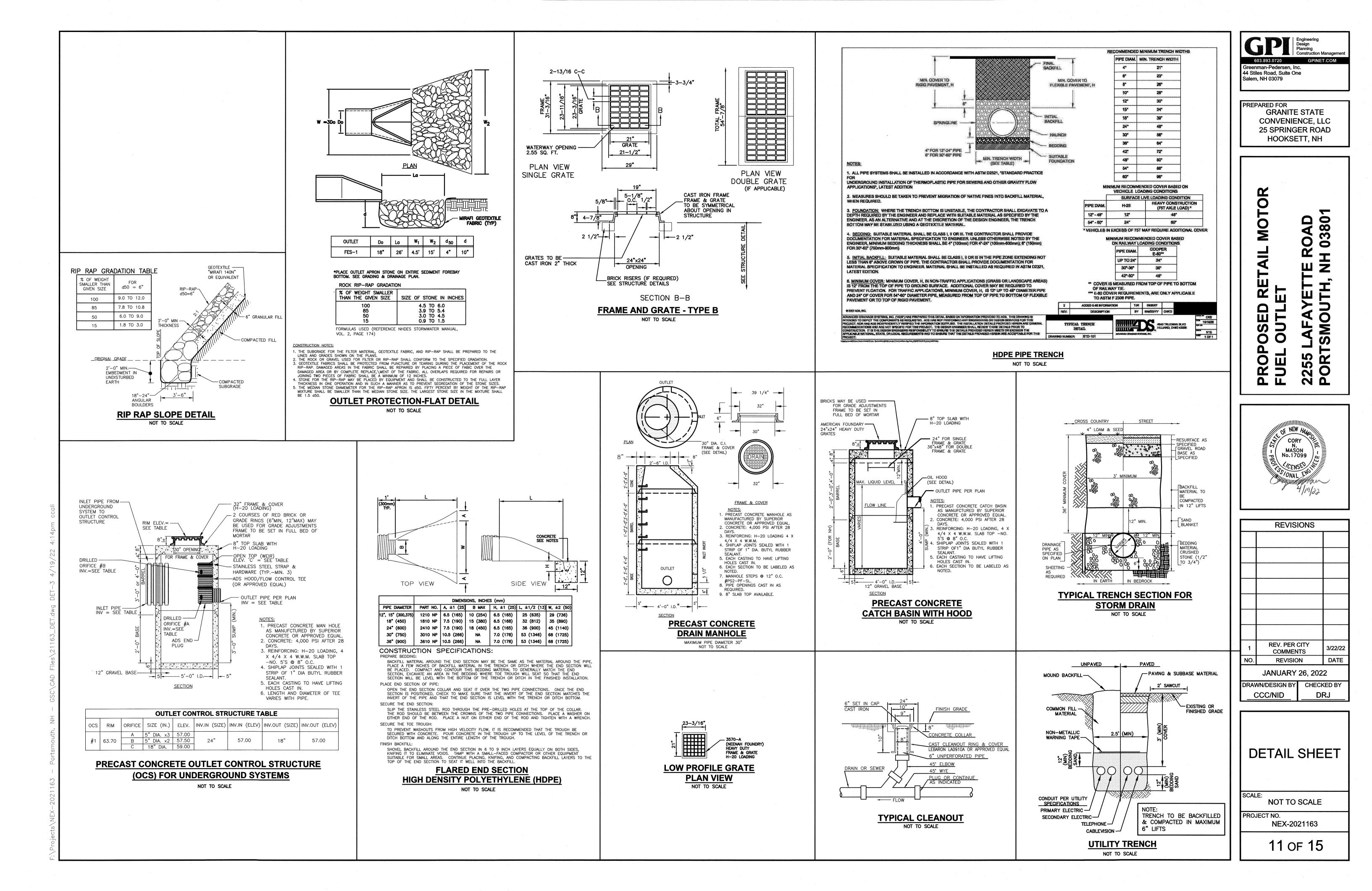


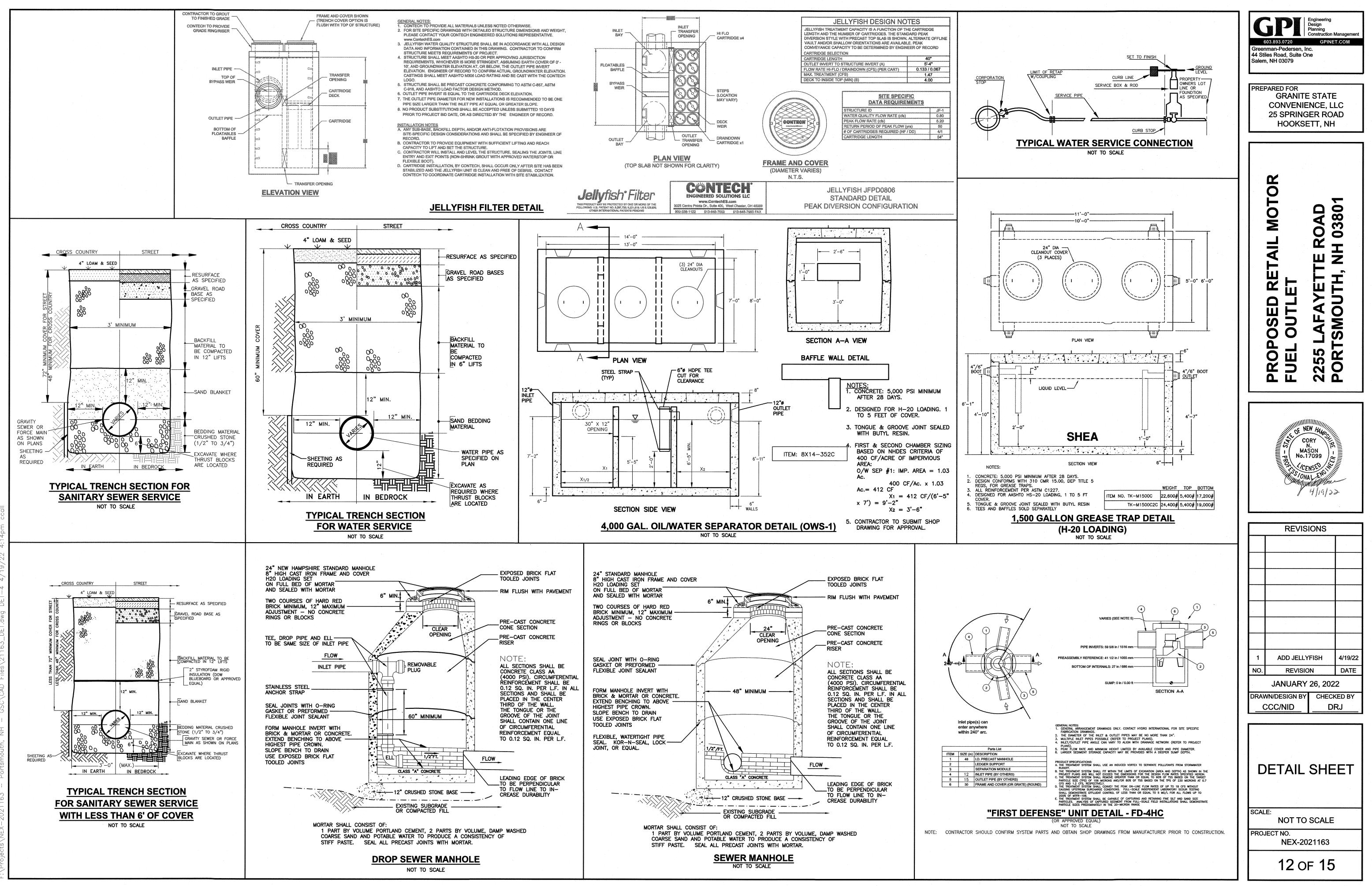
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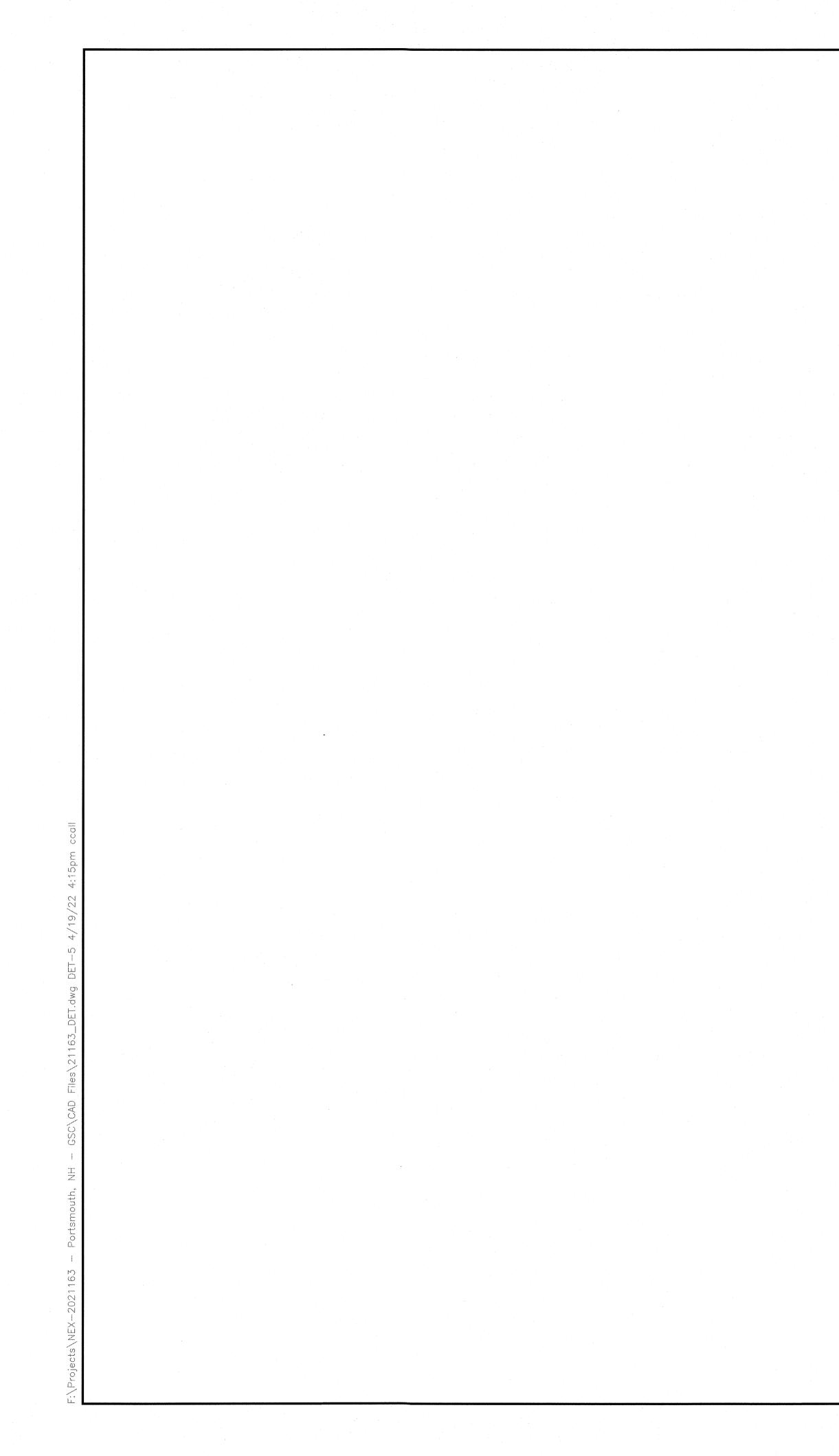
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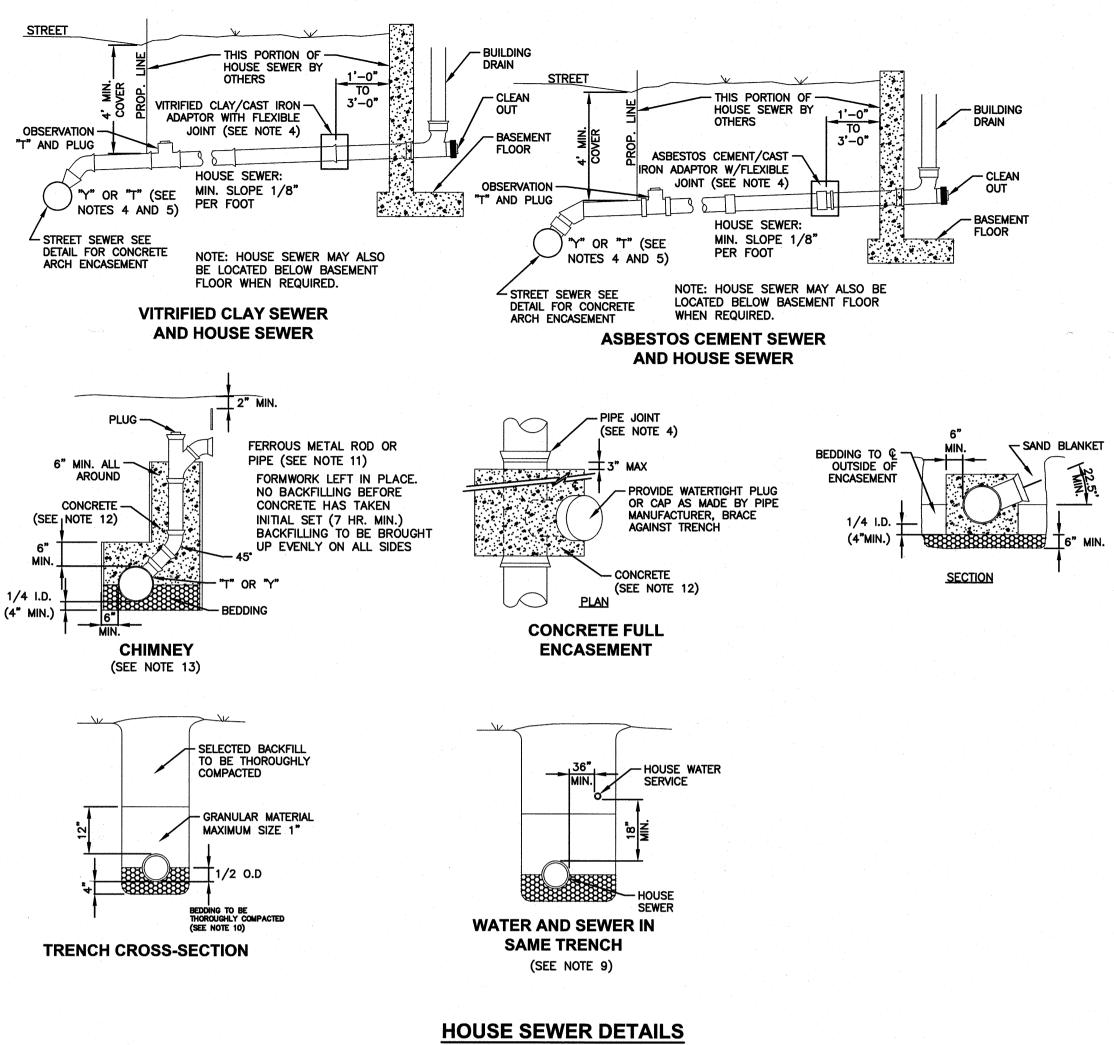




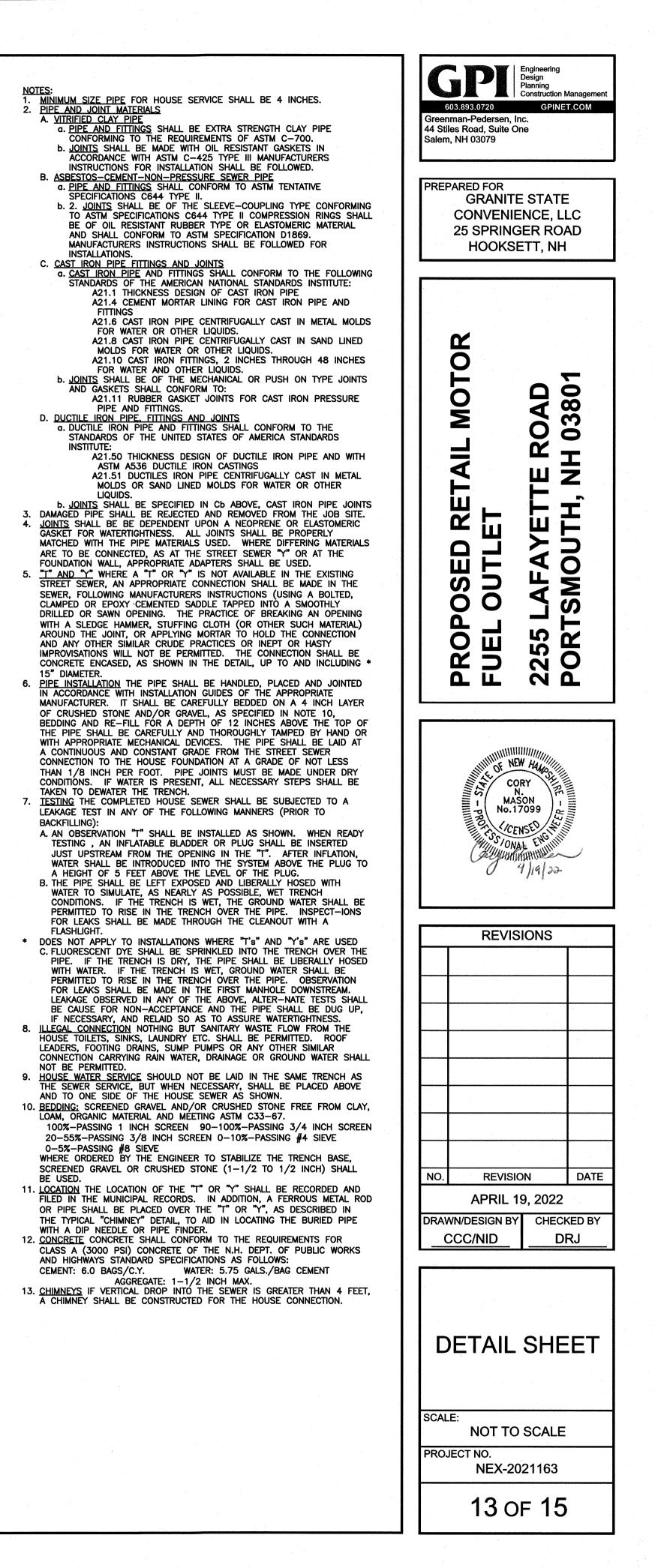


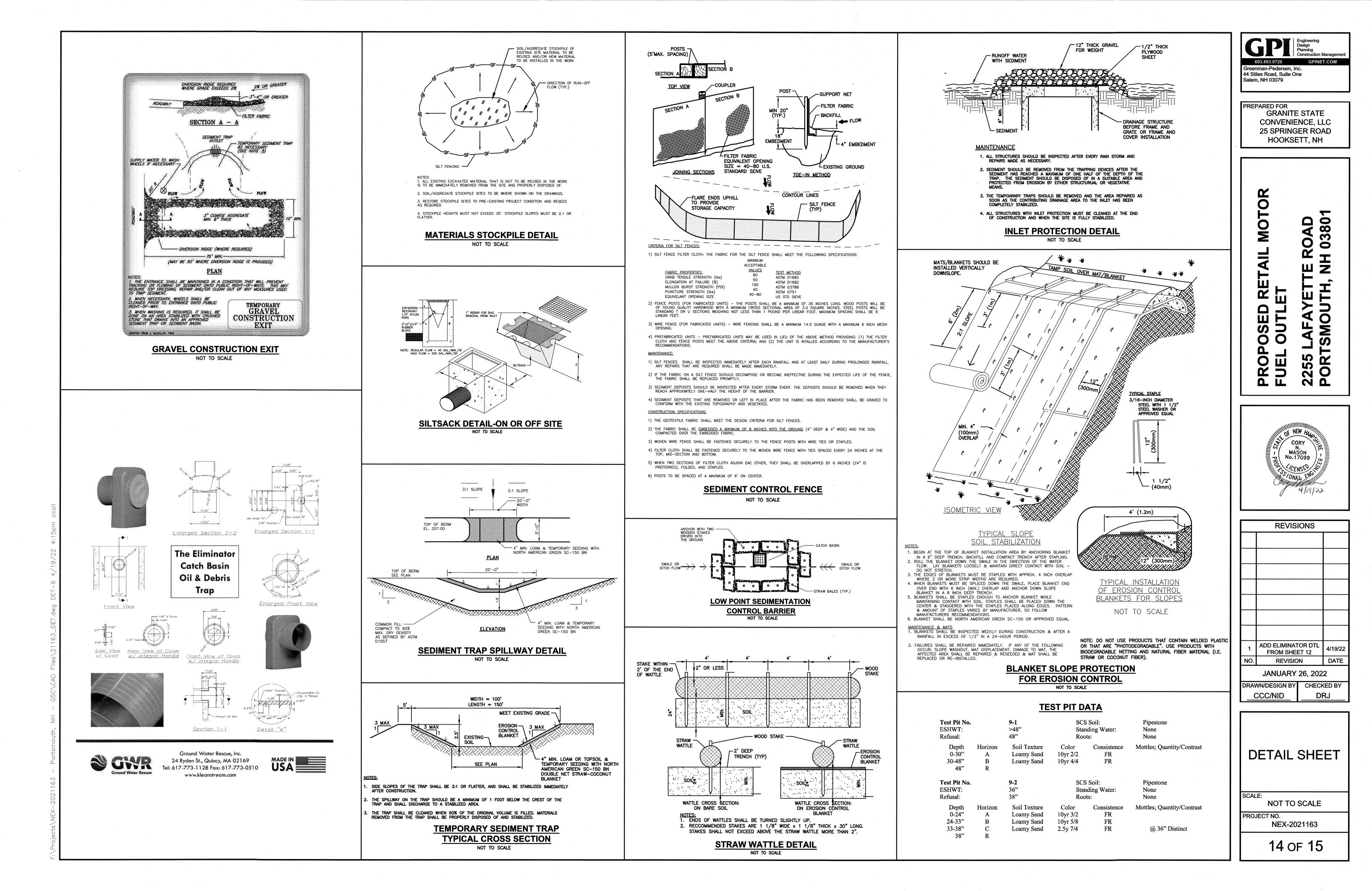


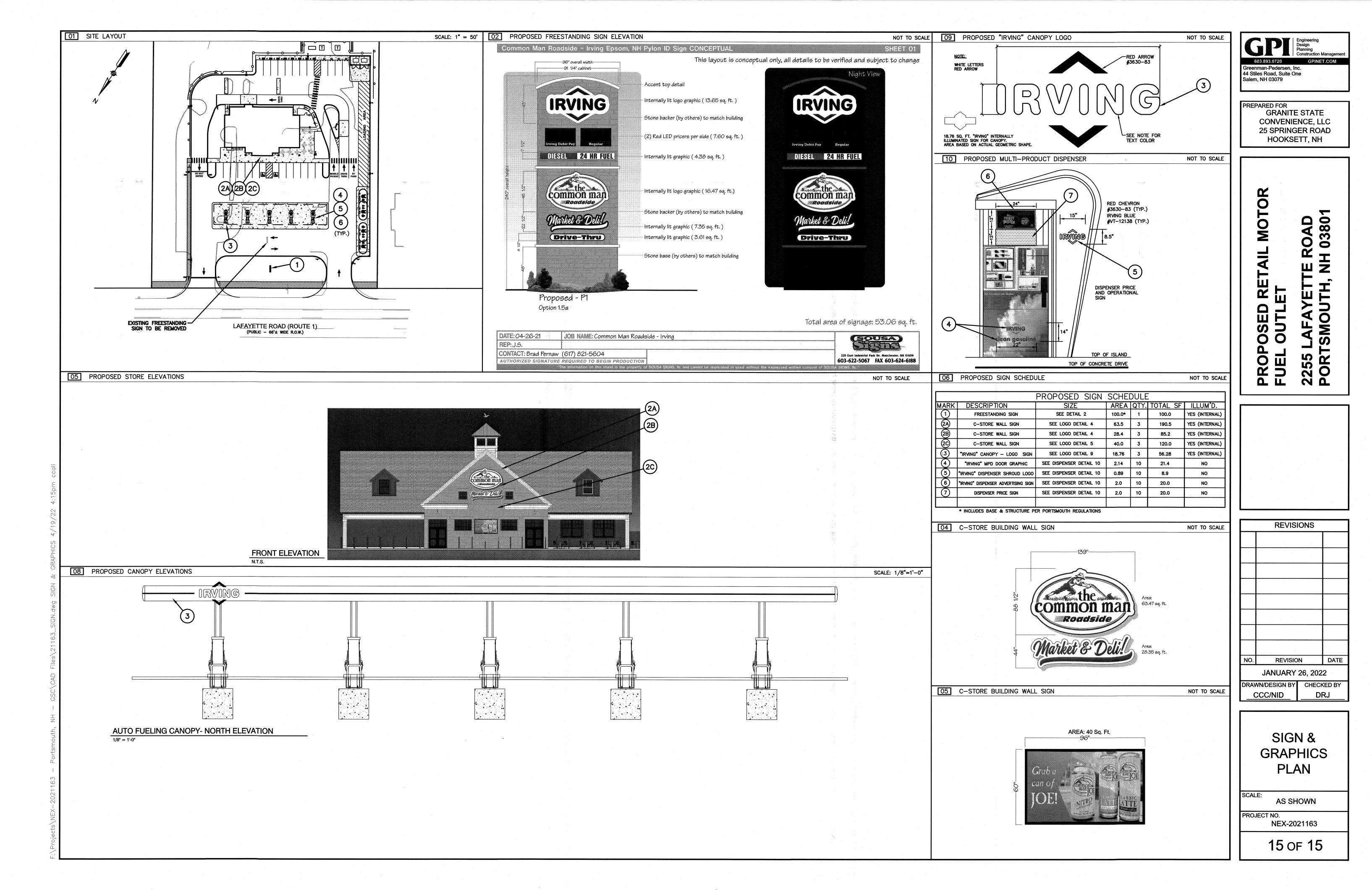


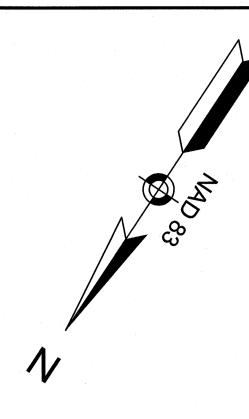


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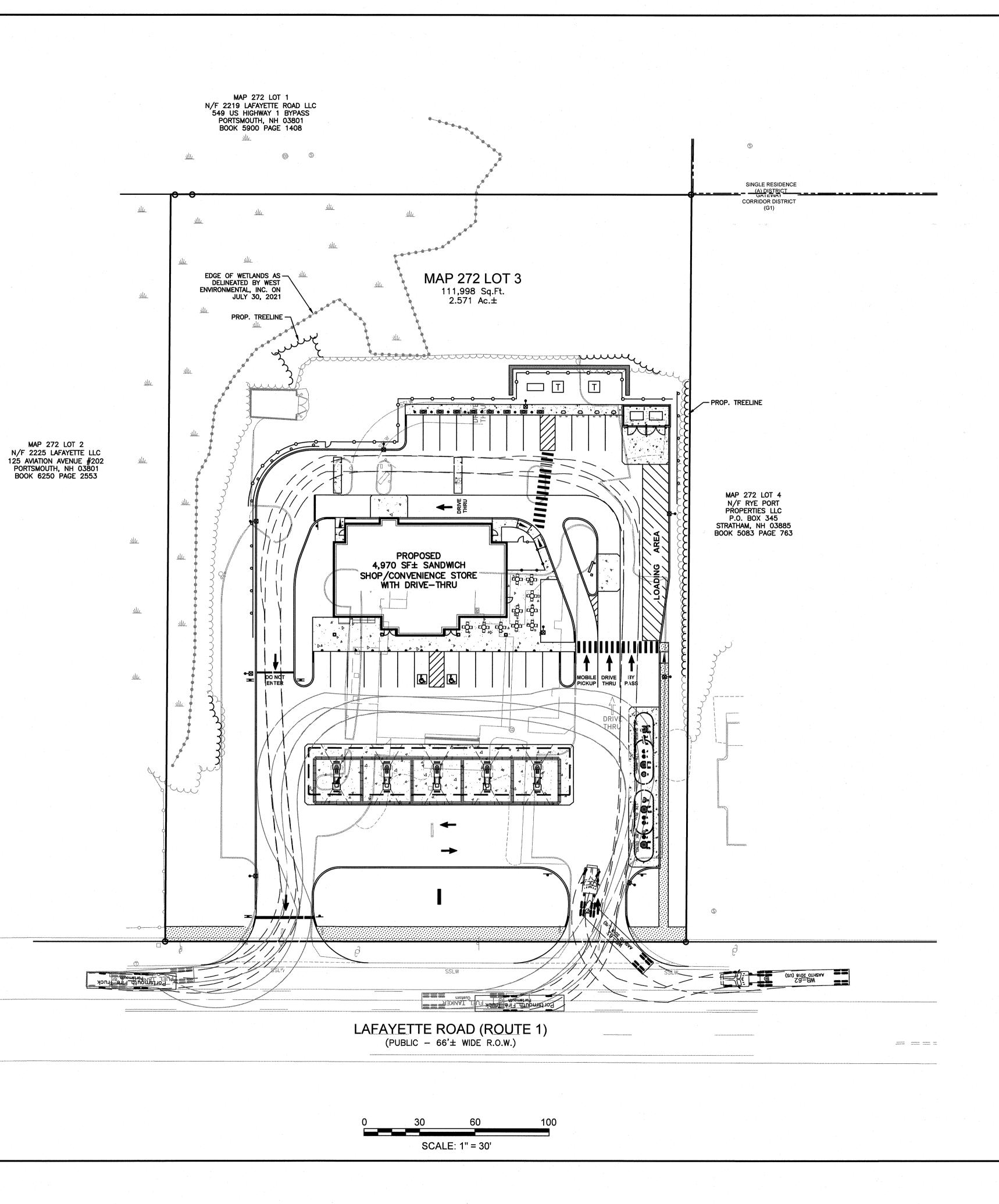


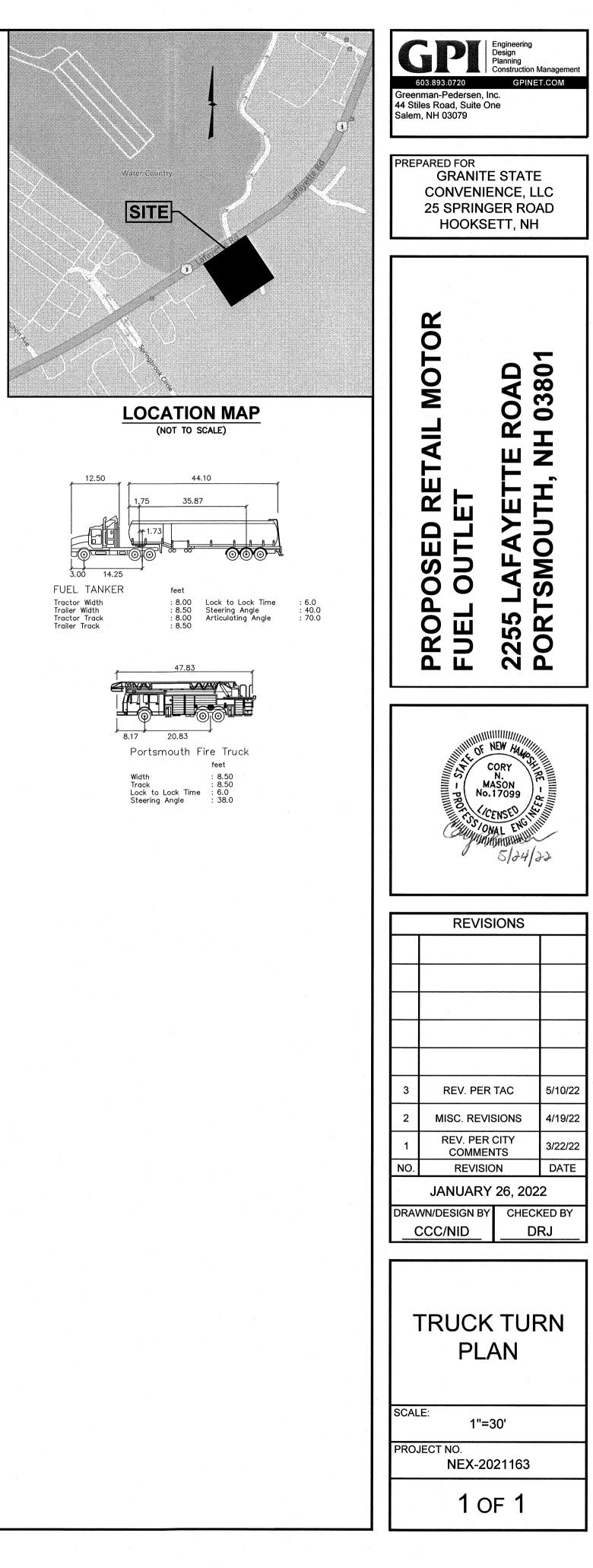


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			0.0	0.0	ð.1	0.2	Ö.7	2.9	7.3	6.2	3.8	3.1	4.8	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.7		A N N N N N	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.7	1.5		1.8		3.2	6 .7	5.4	4.3	Ö.8	0 .2	Ö.1	0.1	ō.o	ō.0	0.0
		ō.o	ō.o	Ō.0	0.1	0.2	1.0	5.d	12.3 27	6.6	4.1	2.9	2.9	2.5	[‡] 2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	1.6	1.0	[.] 0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.8		3.4		7.0	- 5.3	1 .3	0.3	Ö.1	ō.o	ò.o	ō.o	Ò. 0
		0.0	ō.o	0.0	0.1	0.3	1.0		D 11.2		4.0	2.1	0.6									0:6	0.7	0.7	9.0	1.6		3.2	Ìù	ι		1.0			0.1	ð.o	0.0	ö.o
		0.0	0.0	0.0			0.9	3.5	8.4	6.4	3.8	1.7										⁻ 0.5	0 .6	0.5	0.8	1.3 /7•		3.9	6.5 ⁰		5.1		0 .2	Ö.1	[†] 0.1	ō.0	0.0	Ö.0
		0.0	0.0		0.1			2.2	4.5		3.1	1.5										0.7 	- <u>+</u> 0	1.1	1.1	1.2/ ©		3.6	3.3	<u> </u>	3.1			0.1	ò.o	0.0	ō.o	0.0
		0.0	0.0		0.1				3.1		2.2	1.4										2:0 ¤©a ¤	a _{3.2}		2.7	8	1.7	2.1	2.0	3	1.4				ð.o	ō.0	ō.0	Ö.0
		0.0	0.0		0.1			1.7	2.3		2.4	2.0										3.7	4.2	4.9	\$7	3.1		2.1			1.3		0.1	0.1	0.0	ō.o	0.0	ō.o
		0.0	ō.o		0.1				3.4		3.7	<u>Þ.8</u>			h	-			<u>Ба</u> ра 0.8	ц. 1.5		6.5 D		3.2 В	5.2	5.4		2.9	4.3		1.8				ō.o	ō.0	ō.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1		1.1	5.4	5.3	6.5	3.7	2.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5		1.5	3.5	1000			6.0	5.7	Å	4.0	6.0		2.4	0.6		÷	ō.0	ō.0	ō.0	ō.o
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.8 1	5.2	7.6∛	5.2	3.0	2.5	1.5	09	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	15	3.2	6.9	6 .7	5.9		45 ,4	3.4	4.4		l.	4.3	0.8			Ö.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	ō.o	0.2	0.4	ž.3 A		7.1	4.7	3.3	2.8	1.8	12	1.0	0.9	0.9.	·	<u>6</u> 1.	18	3.8	4.7	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.8		4.3		9.7 2 D	5				0.0	0.0	ō.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	1.4	4.7	5.8	6.5	3.4	3.0 *	2.3	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.5	3.4	3.4			2.9	2.9		4.7					0.2		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0		Ö.1		1.1 +		5.2	5.6	5.1 +	4.1 +	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.3 ±	4.3	4.4		4.1	3.0	2.1					2.1		Ö.1		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0 +	0.0		Ō.1				[‡] 2.6		8.8 1	6 13.7 2	16.9 ₁₎ C	7 16.8 ₁₈ 2 C	17.5	17,7 19 	17.0 20 	17.1	17.4 21	6 e	~~~	2Gi	2			3 .5					1,5		0.1		0.0	0.0		0.0
		0.0 +	0.0		[†] 0.1				· 1.7		25 27	33 42 43	44 39 56 48	44 40 47 47	44 48 49	43 41 49 47	44 43	48 45	40 45 48 48	C2 40 45 48 50	47 42	44 40 46 46		42 ³ 2	21	5.2							0.1		0.0 +	0.0 +		0.0
		0.0	0.0				0.4		1.5 + _		27 24	46 52 39 39	56 54 44 53	45 52 39 50	58 48	57 49 49 44	47 57		54 46 52 38	54 68	46 56 42 49	46 48 41 44	56 47	50 38 39 37	16	5.3 +							0.1 +		0.0 +	0.0 +		0.0
		0.0	'37"E	0.0			0.3		1.7	3.7	<u>15</u>	~_ <u>31</u> 44~ 7 C1	*	³ 26 34 6 9 C1 C	1	- 44 ₩29 0 C	11 1 C1		C1/	713 C1	<u>≕45 44</u>	C1 C	9 21	<u>39 ⁽³23</u> 14 € C1	·······	3.8 +					0.4 +		0,1		0.0 +	0.0		0.0
		0.0	33°08'3	0.0			0.4		2.7	3.7	5.3	31.2				[*] 33.5		1	25.9				34.2 ↓	· .	5.1	2.0	[*] 2.4	3.0 +	1.9 +		0.4		0.1	<i></i> .	0.0 +	0.0 +	<i>.</i>	0.0
			18		0.1				3.5	5.0	4.5	9.0	10.9	°6.7		9.7 •	⁷ .4	11.8	7.8				10.3	9.3	3.0	2.2	3.6 [†] 3.6	4.4	3.0 */ 0		0.4	0.1			0.0	0.0		0,0
		0,0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	ō.7	2.9	7.3 12.4	6.2	4.0	2.5	2.1	2.0	[*] 2.0	² .1	2.1	2.0	AL.	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.7	2.6	6.2	6.6	4.0						0.0	0.0		0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0 č.o			0.9 2 1	5.0 26 D		6.5	3.8 3.5						0.8								1.4	⁻ 3.3			49			4 0			0.0	0.0 . t.a		0.0 t.o
		ŏ.0	0.0	ò.0	Ö.1		1.0 0.8	5.7		6.7	3.5 3.4		0.7 0.5		0.4	ō.4	0.4	ō.4 Д	Ö.4	Ö.4				ð.7	¥.7	[‡] 4.4		9.9 28 D				Ö.1	0.0	,	ō.0	0.0		0.0
		Ö.0	0.0	ō.o	ð.1	ð.2		3.4	8.2 4.1	6.1			0.5 0.3	0.3	ð.2	0.2	ð.2	öly å (0.2	ð.2	0.2	ð.2		ð.7							0.0	0.1	ō.o		0.0	0.0		ō.o
		0.0	0.0 \	0.0	0.1 * • •	ð.1 .	0.5	24	÷	÷		0.9	0.3	0.2	ð.1	ð.1	Ö.1	ð.1	Ö.1	ð.1	ð.1	ð.2	0.3	ō.7	1.9	⁺ 4.4			1.5 5 .	0.3	Ö.1	0.1	0.0	. i .	Ö.0	0.0 t.a		0.0
		0.0 to 0	0.0 Y	0.0 	0.0		280,0		2.6	3.2	1.7		0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	5.4	v.1		0.2	0.3	6.7	1.6	2.6		1.0	0.4 			'08"E	1		0.0	-0.0		ō.o.
		0.0	0.0	0.0		<u>0.0</u>	0.2 	0.6	1.1 0.5		. /	5	0.2	<u>Q.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	0.1	0.1	<u>0,2</u>	-0.5 	0.6	1.0 	1.1 	1.1 	Ö.6	0.2 ×			0.0	0.0	0.0 -	0.0	·		Ö.0
		0.0	0.0 t.o	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	ō.1	0.3 0.1	0.5 0.2	ð.7	0.4		ō.2	ð.1	0.1 t	0.0	Ö.0	0.0 t	0.1	0.1	0.1 t.	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0- 5	0.0	0.0 5 -	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
			0.0	0.0	0.0	1	0.1 0.0	0.1 0.1		0.3 0.2				0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 Star	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	U.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 5.0	0.0 5 a	0.0 too	0.0 5.0		0.0 5.0	
			0.0	0.0		0.0			0.1		0.2	0.2					P'E Nige								0.1	0.1		0.0	0.0 too	0.0 5.0	0.0	0.0 5.0	0.0 5.0	٥.o	0.0 5.0		0.0	
			0.0 0.0	0.0 [†] 0.0	0.0 †0.0	0.0 10.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.1 0.0	0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1	0.1	0,1 V	0.1	. 0,0 ×	• •0:0 • •0:0	0,0	v.ơ **	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1 0.0	0.1	0.1 0.0	0.1		0.0 0.0	0.0 ň.o	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 ō.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	
			0,0	0,0		0.0	0.0	0.0 [†] 0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1 0.0	0.1 Ö.0	0.1	0,1	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 Ö.0	0.0	0.0 Ö.0	0.0 [†] 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 ⁺ 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0		0.0 Ō.0	0.0 [*] 0.0	0.0 Ō.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 NOT	E:				,
HAI	RP F				€ —		/	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 [†] 0.0	0.0				0.0		-		L ARE				ı⊨W 1
		(SE	E DE	ETAIL	.)					5.0	5.0			0.0 Ö.0	0.0	0.0 10	0.0 [*] 0.0	0.0	0.0 [†] 0.0	0.0 0.0	ō.0	0.0			0.0	0.0 0.0				0.0					E SC	HEDI		
														0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		wid	0.0			0.0							SYM	BOL			QT	۲



				_			
		_		31	⁺ 31	30	⁺ 28
F	-32 -	+ <u>32</u> -+	+ 	+ 	+ 	⁺ 32	⁺ 30
	-34	-34	35	35	* -34	34	⁺ 32
	40	39	38	⁺ 37	⁺ 35	34	⁺ 33
	+ 41		⁺ 39			⁺ 35	34
	⁺ 41		39		·	34	33
	39	3 8	37	36		34	⁺ 33
	⁺ 37	- 36	36	35		⁺ 34	⁺ 33/
	35	⁺ 35	⁺ 34	⁺ 33		33	32
	⁺ 34	⁺ 33	⁺ 33	⁺ 32		[*] 31	[*] 31
	33	33	32	31	⁺ 30	30	30
	-	- 32	32	- ` 31-	3 0	30	

HARP FACE VERTICAL LIGHTING DETAIL SCALE: $\frac{1}{2}$ " = 1 '

LIGHTING IS REGULATED BY LOCAL ORDINANCES

LABEL	AVG	MAX	MIN	AVG/MIN	MAX/MIN
RVING HARP FACE (VERTICAL)	33.88	41	28	1.21	1.46
PAVED AREA	4.78	36.4	0.5	9.56	72.80
UNDEFINED	0.35	7.1	0.0	N.A.	N.A.
UNDER CANOPY	42.73	58	12	3.56	4.83

NOTE: - ALL AREA LIGHTS ON NEW 17 FT. POLE MOUNTED ON 2-1/2 FT. CONCRETE BASE

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b.2 b.1 b.1 b.0 b.0 b.0 b.0

b.3 b.1 b.0 b.0 b.0 b.0 b.0

ð.3 ð.1 ð.1 ð.0 ð.0 ð.0 ð.0

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ð.1 ð.1 ð.0 ð.0 ð.0 ð.0 ð.0

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LUMINAIRE SCHED	JLE									
SYMBOL	QTY	LABEL	ARRANGEMENT	LUMENS	LLF	BUG RATING	WATTS/LUMINAIRE	TOTAL WATTS	MANUFACTURER	CATALOG LOGIC
	2	Α	SINGLE	16998	1.030	B2-U0-G3	132	264	Cree Inc	OSQ-ML-B-DA-XX + OSQL-B-22L-57K7-4M-UL-NMXX + OSQ-BLSLF
	3	В	SINGLE	22098	1.030	B3-U0-G3	132	396	Cree Inc	OSQ-ML-B-DA-XX + OSQL-B-22L-57K7-4M-UL-NM-XX
	10	C1	SINGLE	12862	1.030	B2-U1-G1	141	1410	RUUD LIGHTING, INC., A CREE COMPANY	CAN-304-AF-RS-06-E-UL-WH-700-57K
	10	C2	SINGLE	13251	1.030	B3-U0-G1	134	1340	CREE, INC.	CAN-304-SL-RS-06-E-UL-XX-700-57K
	4	D	Single	17499	1.030	B2-U0-G3	132	528	Cree Inc	OSQ-ML-B-DA-XX + OSQL-B-22L-57K7-3M-UL-NM-XX + OSQ-BLSLF

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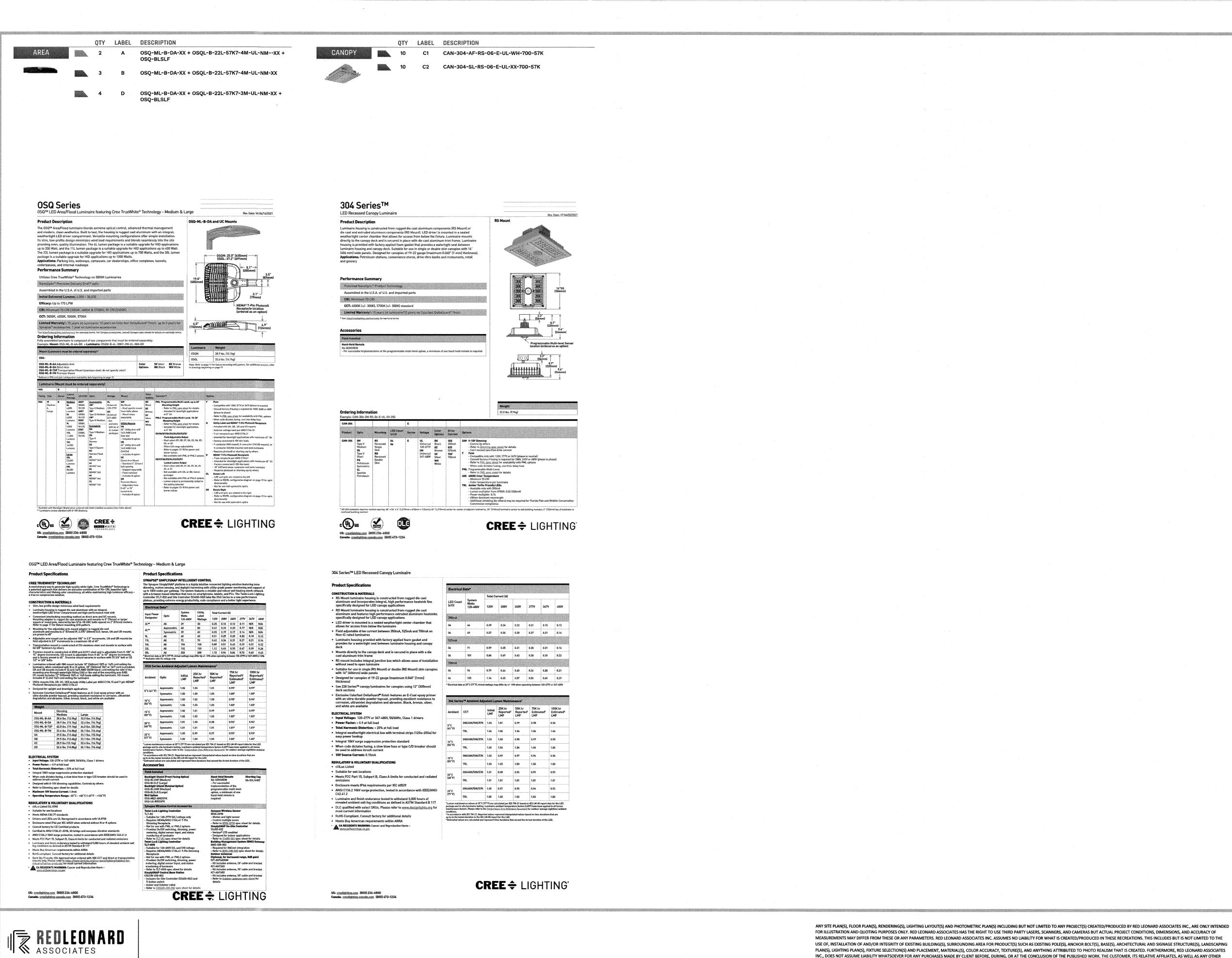
LUMINAIRE LOCA	TION SUMMARY	
LUM NO.	LABEL	MTG. HT.
1	Α	19.5
2	Α	19.5
3	В	19.5
4	В	19.5
5	В	19.5
6	C1	14.5
7	C1	14.5
8	C1	14.5
9	C1	14.5
10	C1	14.5
11	C1	14.5
12	C1	14.5
13	C1	14.5
14	C1	14.5
15	C1	14.5
16	C2	14.5
17	C2	14.5
18	C2	14.5
19	C2	14.5
20	C2	14.5
21	C2	14.5
22	C2	14.5
23	C2	14.5
24	C2	14.5
25	C2	14.5
26	D	19.5
27	D	19.5
28	D	19.5
29	D	19.5

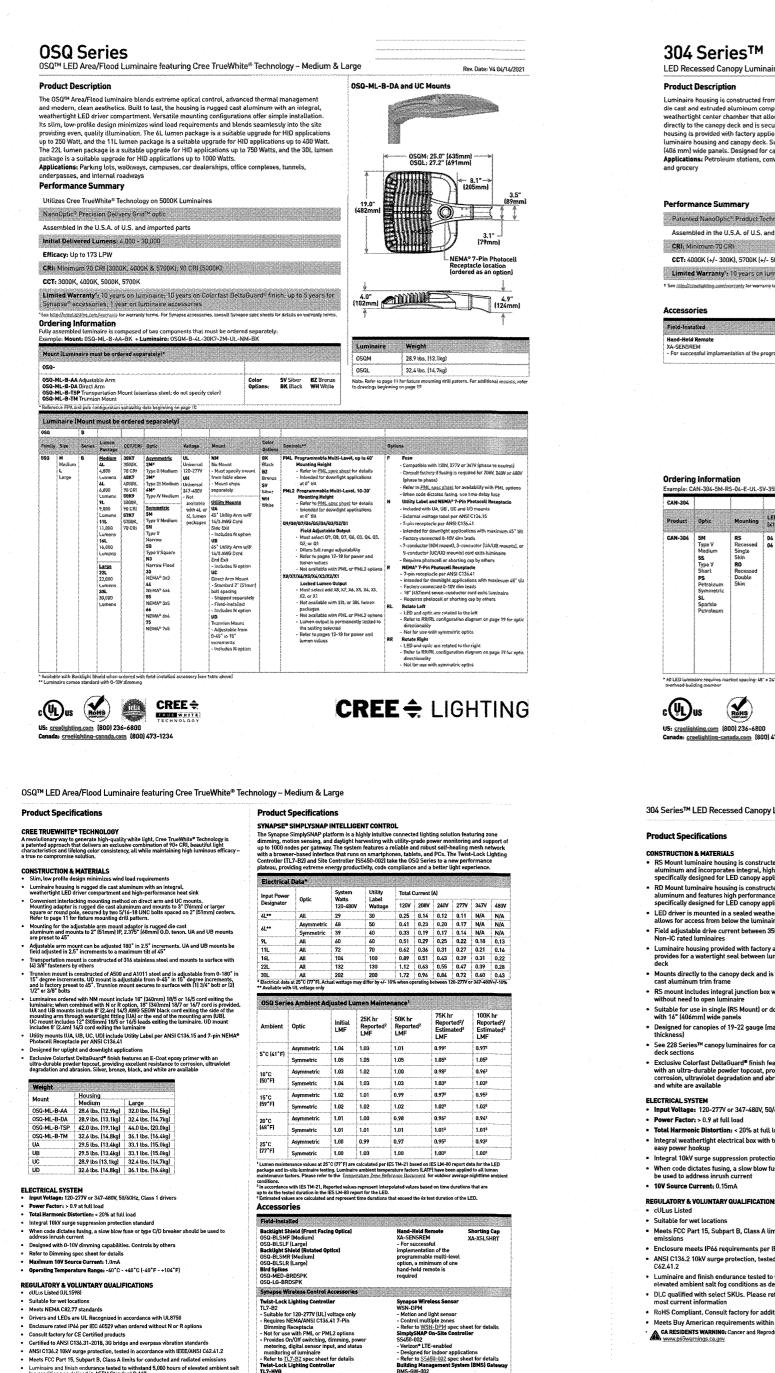
THIS SITE IS LOCATED IN A REGION WHERE

SCALE: LAYOUT BY: 1" = 30' JSG DWG SIZE: DATE: 1/10/22 D

IRVING OIL GRANITE STATE C-STORE DRAWING NUMBER: RL-7838-S1







1340 Kemper Meadow Dr, Forest Park, OH 45240

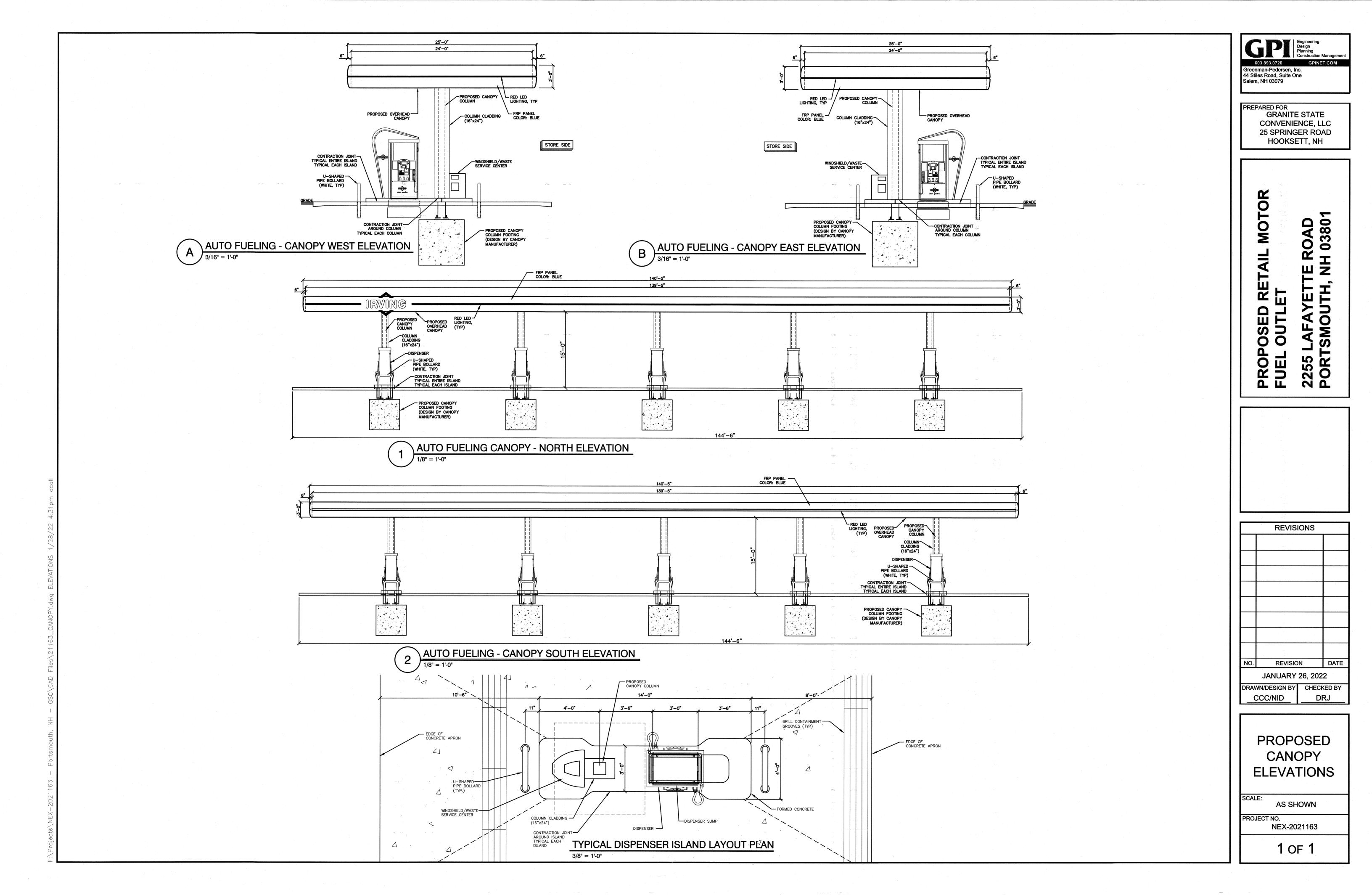
513-574-9500 | redleonard.com

USE OF, INSTALLATION OF AND/OR INTEGRITY OF EXISTING BUILDING(S), SURROUNDING AREA FOR PRODUCT(S) SUCH AS EXISTING POLE(S), ANCHOR BOLT(S), BASE(S), ARCHITECTURAL AND SIGNAGE STRUCTURE(S), LANDSCAPING PLAN(S), LIGHTING PLAN(S), FIXTURE SELECTION(S) AND PLACEMENT, MATERIAL(S), COLOR ACCURACY, TEXTURE(S), AND ANYTHING ATTRIBUTED TO PHOTO REALISM THAT IS CREATED. FURTHERMORE, RED LEONARD ASSOCIATES INC., DOES NOT ASSUME LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR ANY PURCHASES MADE BY CLIENT BEFORE, DURING, OR AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE PUBLISHED WORK. THE CUSTOMER, ITS RELATIVE AFFILIATES, AS WELL AS ANY OTHER PERSON(S) IN VIEWING OF THIS PRODUCT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING COMPLIANCE WITH ANY BUT NOT LIMITED TO ALL CODES, PERMITS, RESTRICTIONS, INSTRUCTIONS, PURCHASES, AND INSTALLATIONS OF OBJECTS VIEWED WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT(S) OR PROJECT(S). SYMBOLS ARE NOT DRAWN TO SCALE. SIZE IS FOR CLARITY PURPOSES ONLY. SIZES AND DIMENSIONS ARE APPROXIMATE, ACTUAL MEASUREMENTS MAY VARY. DRAWINGS ARE NOT INTENDED FOR ENGINEERING OR CONSTRUCTION USE. THIS DOCUMENT, ANY RED LEONARD DRAWING(S), OR PROJECT(S) IS NOT TO BE USED AND/OR INTENDED FOR ENGINEERING OR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, BUT FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY. ANY USE OF THIS DOCUMENTATION AND/OR OTHER ARTICLES PRODUCED BY RED LEONARD WITHOUT WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM JAYME J. LEONARD IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED.

IRVING OIL GRANITE STATE C-STORE DRAWING NUMBER: RL-7838-S1

PROJECT NAME:







Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Traffic Engineers Land Surveyors Landscape Architects Scientists



May 25, 2022

Rick Chellman, Chair Portsmouth Planning Board 1 Junkins Ave, 3rd Floor Portsmouth, NH 03801

RE: 70 Pleasant Point Drive – Submittal Rev 1 70 Pleasant Point Drive – Katara, LLC – Tax Map 207 Lot 15 Project #47307.01

Dear Mr. Chellman,

On behalf of our client, Katara, LLC, please find a Wetland Conditional Use Permit submission relative to the above-referenced project. The following materials are included in this submission:

- Check for Wetland Conditional Use Permit Paid to "City of Portsmouth" (\$1,000);
- Invasive Removal Report, prepared by Terrain Planning & Design LLC;
- Drainage Analysis (1 copy); and
- Site Development Plans entitled "Site Development Plans, Tax Map 207 Lot 15, Site Renovation Plans, 70 Pleasant Point Drive, Portsmouth, New Hampshire", prepared by TFMoran, Inc., dated May 25, 2022, (1 copy at 22"x34").

Project Description

The project includes the development of a two-story, 2,343 SF, single family dwelling at 70 Pleasant Point Drive. The existing Tax Map 207 Lot 15 is approximately .642 acres and currently contains a single-story residence with a shed and water access. The site is within the Single Residence B (SRB) Zone, partially located within the extended flood hazard area, and is adjacent to the Piscataqua River.

The proposed project is to construct a two-story residential dwelling. Associated improvements include but are not limited to access, grading, utilities, stormwater management system, and landscaping. The project proposes a 2,605 SF building footprint and total 3,546 SF of impervious area upon the property and approximately 19,907 SF of disturbance to facilitate the development.

The development is proposed outside the Wetland but within the 100' Wetland Buffer located south of the development. The project will be undergoing additional review by Portsmouth Conservation Commission, and the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services, for both Wetland and Shoreland Impacts.





70 Pleasant Point Drive – Submittal Rev 1 70 Pleasant Point Drive – Katara, LLC – Tax Map 207 Lot 15 Project #47307.01

May 25, 2022

We appreciate your consideration of these matters and look forward to presenting this project to you in the near future.

We respectfully request that we be placed on the upcoming agenda for the Conservation Commission on June 8, 2022

If you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Respectfully, **TFMoran, Inc.**

Jason Cook Civil Project Engineer

JKC/jcc

cc: Rebecca Rowe, Katara, LLC (via rebecca.rowe@unh.edu)
 Joshua Butkus, Maugel Destefano Architects (via <u>ibutkus@maugel.com</u>)
 Marcos Cintra, Auger Building Company (via <u>marcos@augerbuildingcompany.com</u>)
 Eric Buck, Terrain Planning & Design (via <u>eric@terrainplanning.com</u>)



Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Traffic Engineers Land Surveyors Landscape Architects Scientists



Letter of Authorization

I, Rebecca Rowe, of Katara, LLC, 274 Miller Avenue, Portsmouth, NH, hereby authorize TFMoran, Inc., 170 Commerce Way, Suite 102, Portsmouth, NH, to act on my behalf concerning property owned by Katara, LLC, located on 70 Pleasant Point Drive, Portsmouth, NH, known as Tax Map 207, Lot 15.

I hereby appoint TFMoran, Inc. as my agent to act on my behalf in the review process, to include any required signatures.

Rebecco J. Kowe

Client Name

5/24/2022

Date

Witness

Date



22508

DATE	INVOICE NO.	COMMENT	AMOUNT	NETAMOUNT					
05/24/2022	Ck Rq 5/24/22	Ck Rq JKC - 5/24/2022 - ghb		1,000.0					
				1,000.0					
DATE 05/24	/22	VENDOR CITY OF PORTSMOUTH	PORTSMOUTH TOTAL						

22508

One Thousand and no/100

05/24/22 \$1,000.00 22508

CITY OF PORTSMOUTH 1 JUNKINS AVENUE PORTSMOUTH NH 03801

FILE COPY

DATE 05/24	/22	VENDOR CITY OF PORTSMOUTH	TOTAL	1,000.00
	Ck Rq 5/24/22	Ck Rq JKC - 5/24/2022 - ghb		1,000.00
DATE	INVOICE NO.	COMMENT	AMOUNT	22508



May 19, 2022

Peter Britz Environmental Planner/Sustainability Coordinator City of Portsmouth NH

Re: 70 Pleasant Point Drive Portsmouth NH

Dear Peter:

This letter is intended to address recommendations for invasive species removal and native plant restoration along the shorefront of 70 Pleasant Point Drive. The site is .65 acres with an existing, non-conforming, single family residence that is planned to be torn down and rebuilt. Accompanying the house construction project is the conversion of existing impervious driveway and hardscape surfaces into new permeable driveway and outdoor patio spaces. The project also includes introduction of native plantings along the shoreline and around the home, as well as the transition of a large lawn area into a native, low maintenance grass and ground cover mix mix.

The property sits on the Piscataqua River with almost 336 feet of frontage. A majority of the site is a level plateau that perches above the shoreline. A majority of the site sits within the 100ft buffer and the 250ft NH DES Shoreland protection zone. There is a drastic slope along the southerly shore frontage from the relatively flat part of the site to the tide line. This slope is covered in a mix of ornamental, native and invasive plantings.

Acting as good stewards the owners have asked that we put together an invasive species analysis and plan for removal and replacement. Enclosed is an outline of our findings as well as recommendations for new native plants to be installed.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ein R. Bund

Eric R. Buck, PLA, ASLA Owner/ Landscape Architect Terrain Planning & Design LLC

Our list of existing invasive plant species can be found below. We propose removing invasive species by lowimpact manual hand pulling methods whenever possible. During our inventory a majority of the invasives we found had stems less than 1" in diameter. This means they likely have minimal root mass in the slope. However, should larger plants be discovered during the removal process, we recommend a cut & dab herbicide application by licensed applicators. This method of removal for larger specimens will greatly reduce the chance of erosion along the shoreline. All existing erosion shall be stabilized and any soil disturbed during planting will be seeded with native conservation/ wetlands mix.

Likely Invasive species identified:

- Celastrus orbiculatus, Asiatic Bittersweet
- *Fallopia japonica,* Japanese Knotweed
- Rosa multiflora, Multiflora Rose
- Deutzia scabra, Fuzzy Deutzia

Recommended Native Plantings:

- *Amelanchier laevis* Shadblow Serviceberry
- Clethra alnifolia Summersweet
- Cornus amonum Silky Dogwood
- Cornus racemosa Gray Dogwood
- Ilex vertilicillata Winterberry
- Rosa virginiana Virginia Rose

Whenever possible native plantings should be installed via a live staking method, rather than as field grown plant material with a root ball. This will avoid added erosion on the slope caused by excavation of the soil to place the plants. Should the existing slope not have sufficient soil for live staking method to take place, erosion control tubes filled with growing medium are to be staked to the slope and live staking should be placed into the soil socks. Enclosed are specifications for recommended soil medium and erosion sock type and method.

Below are images of the area that was inventoried.











GREENLOXX® VEGETATED WALL & SLOPE SYSTEMS



DESIGNED FOR STRENGTH. ROOTED IN SUSTAINABILITY.





GreenLoxx[®] vegetated systems allow for the restoration of eroded or damaged slopes, riparian waterways, shoreline banks, and more.

Create attractive, naturally vegetated landscapes without the use of hard concrete materials on your restoration projects.

GREENLOXX SYSTEM COMPARISON

System Name	MSE	Slope Degree	Anchors	FLW Geogrid	GroSoxx® Size	Purpose
GreenLoxx VSF Vegetated Slope Facing	No	up to 60°	Yes	Yes	8″x3′	Protect slope surface from erosion
GreenLoxx MSE Mechanically Stabilized Earth	Yes	70° - 90°	No	Yes	12″x2′	Gain back land
GreenLoxx MSE - RSS Reinforced Soil Slope	Yes	50° - 70°	No	Yes	12″x2′	Gain back land

GREENLOXX COMPONENTS

GroSoxx: Durable mesh is filled with Certified GrowingMedia[™] as the basis to quickly establish vegetation.

FLW Geogrid: Used to wrap layers of GroSoxx. Biaxial pattern provides strength and features a 2"x2" opening to eliminate cutting the grid for planting.

Soil Anchors: Used in GreenLoxx VSF to secure layers of geogrid and GroSoxx.

Vegetation: Options include pre-seeded GroSoxx, live staking, broadcast seeding, or plugs.



GroSoxx is the basis of GreenLoxx systems for quickly establishing vegetation on shorelines, banks, walls, and slopes. GroSoxx uses Durable mesh, filled with certified, composted GrowingMedia[™] to provide a stable and fertile environment for plant growth. The use of GroSoxx for wall infill speeds construction, eliminates waste, prevents weeds from taking root, and offers a safer installation process. Available pre-seeded throughout, or plant after construction is complete. GroSoxx provides the highest amount of facial growing material in each application, maximizing environmental benefits.

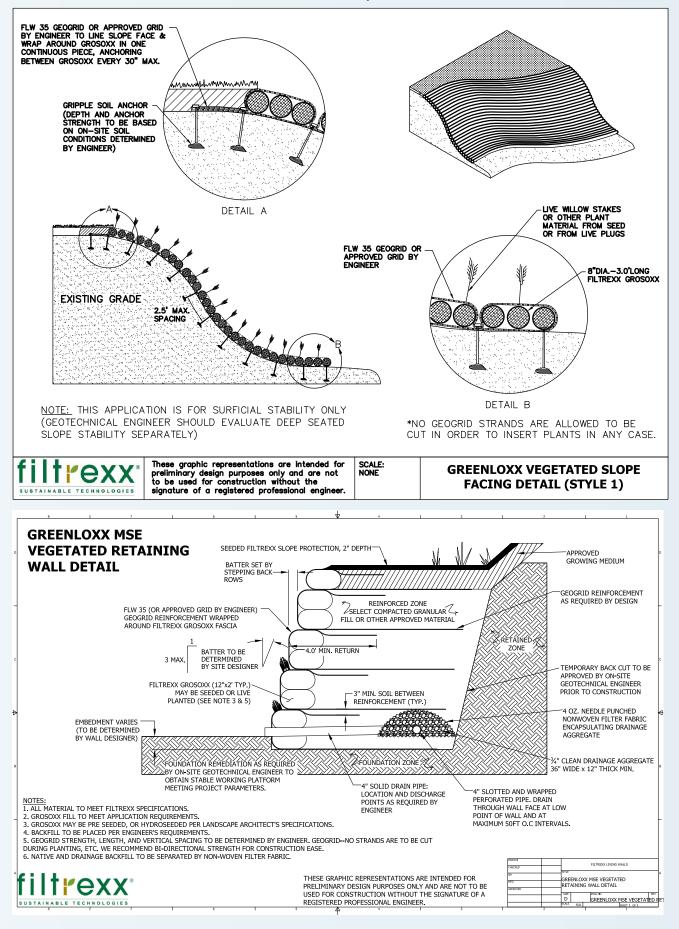


Vegetation Options

- Grasses, including natives
- · Vines and ground cover
- Wildflowers
- Perennials and annuals
- Woody vegetation from live stakes or pots (2" diameter or less so that grids are not cut in planting)

DESIGN DRAWINGS

Refer to Design Specifications and CADs for complete application, design, installation, and maintenance documentation at www.filtrexx.com/specs



GREENLOXX VEGETATED SLOPE FACING (VSF)



GreenLoxx VSF is typically used to protect the face of the slope or bank from erosion. Requires minimal base preparation/excavation, and no backfill. FLW Geogrid is wrapped over the GroSoxx and secured with soil anchors.

- Lightweight components
- Immediate protection from toe cutting & sloughing
- Establish and reinforce vegetation under intense hydraulic pressure
- Drains freely, less hydrostatic pressure

Project location: Lake Erie shoreline, Rocky River, OH



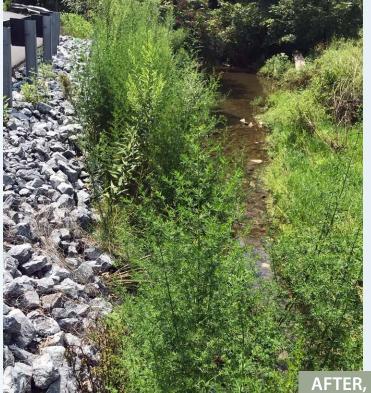




GREENLOXX MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH (MSE)







GreenLoxx MSE is typically used to build a more vertical, structural wall. GroSoxx are stacked in courses wrapped in FLW Geogrid and tied back into the compacted fill behind the face of the wall.

Note: For slopes from 50° - 70°, the GreenLoxx MSE Vegetated Retaining Wall - Reinforced Soil Slope (RSS) alternate design is used.

- Lightweight components
- Withstands high flow velocities—ideal for sensitive riparian areas
- Safer & more flexible installation than block walls

Project location: Roadway along Spring Creek, Harrisburg, PA



SUSTAINABILITY BENEFITS

Our compost-based GreenLoxx systems are designed for environmental benefits and can have a significant impact on your project's sustainability.



Vegetated Wall & Slope Benefits¹

- Reduction of the Urban Heat Island Effect
- Improved Exterior Air Quality
- Noise Reduction
- Increased Green Space, Biodiversity and Habitat
- Forage for Native Pollinators
- Urban Agriculture
- On-Site Wastewater Treatment
- Improved Health and Well-Being
- Aesthetic Improvements
- Local Job Creation



Carbon Footprint Reduction²

There are three key ways in which compost-based GreenLoxx systems can significantly lower a site's carbon footprint:

- Methane avoidance resulting from diverting organics from landfills
- Carbon sequestration by permanent vegetation
- Carbon sequestration by storing carbon in the soil

This GreenLoxx MSE project on the Chattahoochee River has the following impact:

- 656,000 lbs of Organics Diverted from Landfills
- 1,148,000 lbs of CO₂e Methane Avoidance
- 205 lbs of CO₂ Sequestered in Vegetation
- 110,700 lbs of CO_2 Sequestered in Soil

This is the equivalent of offsetting the greenhouse gas emissions of 121 passenger vehicles driven for one year.²



Treating Stormwater Runoff²

With approximately 50% organic matter, a high porosity, and high relative surface area, compost has the ability to absorb significant volumes of water.

This GreenLoxx MSE project, restoring a bluff on Lake Michigan, not only provides habitat and beauty, it can also absorb significant amounts of stormwater. Each linear ft of 12-in GroSoxx (1 square foot) can absorb up to 4 gallons of water. Utilizing 2,000 ft of 12-in GroSoxx, this wall has the potential to absorb up to 8,000 gallons of rainfall per event.²

In other applications, replacing a traditional concrete block wall with a permeable GreenLoxx system on a site with a stormwater retention basin or bioretention system, may allow engineering and construction of a smaller stormwater retention basin or bioretention system, and/or increased absorption of area rainfall, and may also contribute to LEED Green Building Credits.

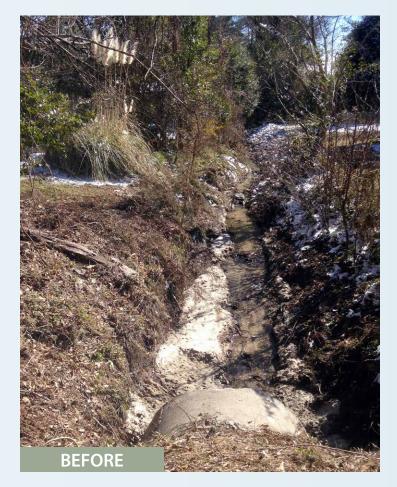
Filtrexx Environmental Sustainability Benefits

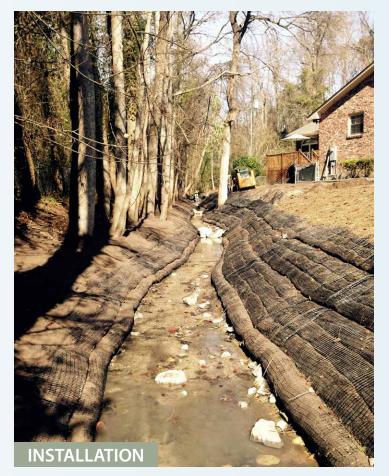
Filtrexx GroSoxx[®] uses **locally recycled organic materials** inside of photodegradable or biodegradable mesh. Diverting these organic materials from landfills and applying them to the soil means a reduction in greenhouse gas emissions. For every 1,000' of 12" GroSoxx used, 160,000 lbs of organic materials are diverted and your carbon footprint is reduced by 307,000 lbs CO₂e. This is the equivalent of offsetting the greenhouse gas emissions of 29 passenger vehicles driven for one year. In addition, the potential water absorption equals up to 4,000 gallons, per rainfall event.²

PROJECT PROFILE: STREAMBANK RESTORATION

Columbia, SC

A Richland County stream had heavily eroded banks, and residents had begun voicing concerns to the County about the loss of land. Richland County took on the project in order to restore the lost real estate. The engineer originally proposed using turf reinforcement mats, but that would have meant taking away even more land to create the necessary slope angle. "The County was looking for a design that would allow for the streambanks to be built back up quickly, almost vertically in some locations, and a design that would also look very natural," said Allison Steele, Stormwater Engineer for Richland County. "The whole point of the project was to give them their yards back." Engineering firm CDM Smith decided to use the GreenLoxx system, not only for its verticality, but also for its ease of installation in a forested environment. The GroSoxx used in the GreenLoxx system mold to fit around trees, eliminating the need to clear cut. Filtrexx® CertifiedSM Installers Eco-FX, Inc. (Charlotte, NC) and Coogler Construction, Inc. (Ballentine, SC) teamed up for the custom installation. Together they installed approximately 600 feet of streambank, and the work was completed in about two weeks. GreenLoxx can be installed with or without mechanical reinforcement—this project used both. The GroSoxx were pre-seeded with an annual cover crop. The team returned in spring to plant several hundred native plants for permanent stabilization.



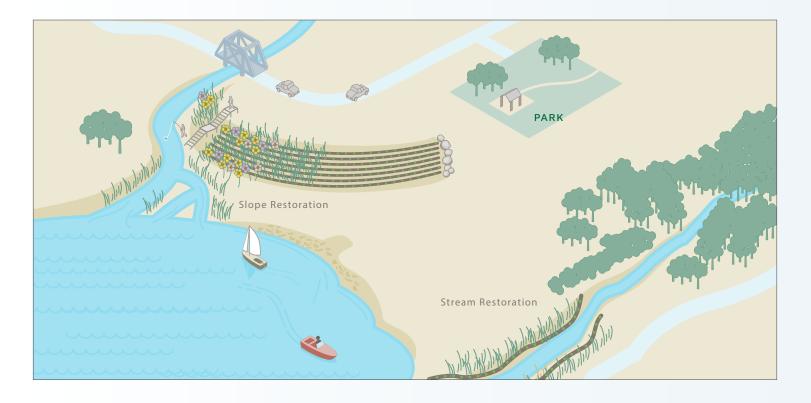




Use GreenLoxx Systems for a variety of applications and industries



PROMOTES GROWTH



APPLICATIONS

- STREAMBANKS
- STEEP SLOPES
- SHORELINES
- RETAINING WALLS
- ROADSIDE SLOPES

INDUSTRIES

- MUNICIPALITIES
- RESIDENTIAL/HOA
- LANDSCAPING
- CONSERVATION DISTRICTS

Contact Filtrexx for availability and system packages.



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DESIGN SPECIFICATION

5.2 GrowingMedia™



PURPOSE & DESCRIPTION

Composted products used for Filtrexx **GrowingMedia[™]** shall be weed free and derived from a well-decomposed source of organic matter. The composted products shall be produced using an aerobic composting process meeting USEPA CFR 503 regulations (In Canada: M.O.E. 101, C.C.M.E. Type "A" and Type "AA" regulations), including time and temperature data indicating effective weed seed, pathogen and insect larvae kill. The composted products shall be free of any refuse, contaminants or other materials toxic to plant growth. Non-composted products will not be accepted. Test methods for the items below should follow USCC TMECC guidelines for laboratory procedures:

Section

A. PH – 5.0-8.0 in accordance with TMECC 04.11-A, "Electrometric pH Determinations for Compost"

B. Moisture content of less than 60% in accordance with standardized test methods for moisture determination.

C. GrowingMedia to be used with Filtrexx® Soxx[™] where seeding and/or live stakes are specified; on low grade slopes where vegetation establishment is the priority; or where rainwater absorption, water holding capacity, runoff reduction and infiltration are the priority shall meet the following particle size distribution. Examples include Soxx for Runoff Diversion, Channel Protection, Bank Stabilization, Severe Slope Stabilization, Vegetated Retaining Walls, Vegetated Gabion, Filtration System, Compost Vegetated Cover, Compost Erosion Control Blanket[™], Compost Storm Water Blanket[™], Compost Engineered Soil, Compost Bioretention System, Green Roof GrowingMedia.

Particle Sizes - 100% passing a 2 in (50mm) sieve, 99% passing a 1 in (25mm) sieve, minimum of 60% passing a ½ in (12.5mm) sieve in accordance with TMECC 02.02-B, "Sample Sieving for Aggregate Size Classification".

D. Material shall be relatively free (<1% by dry weight) of inert or foreign man made materials.

E. Material feedstocks shall not contain wood materials that have been treated or painted, contain preservatives or adhesives, or are composed of engineered wood products.

F. A sample shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to being used and must comply with all local, state and federal regulations.

Option A: Erosion Control

For vegetated non Soxx applications where slope grades are greater than 3:1, where sheet runoff rate or velocity may be high, or rainfall rate/intensity may be high.

Substitution for Section C. Particle Size of GrowingMedia shall use the following particle size distribution specification: 99% passing a 1 in (25mm) sieve, maximum of 50% passing a 1/2 in (12.5mm) sieve.

Option B: Non-vegetated Temporary Erosion Control

For non-vegetated non Soxx applications where slope grades are greater than 3:1, where sheet runoff rate or velocity may be high, or rainfall rate/intensity may be high.

Substitution for Section C. Particle Size of GrowingMedia shall use the following particle size distribution specification: 99% passing a 3 in (75mm) sieve and a maximum of 30% passing a 1/2 in (12.5mm) sieve.

Rationale for Options: Research conducted at The University of Georgia and Auburn University (Faucette et al, 2006; Faucette, 2006) to evaluate the performance of particle sizes in compost erosion control blankets found that distributions with predominantly small particles absorbed more rainfall, reduced a greater volume of runoff, increased the delay of runoff commencement, and exhibited greater vegetation growth, relative to compost erosion control blankets with large particle sizes. However, compost erosion control blankets with distributions of predominantly large particles slowed runoff rate and reduced soil loss prior to vegetation establishment over compost erosion control blankets with smaller particles sizes.

FIELD APPLICATION PHOTO REFERENCES



GrowingMedia Sample

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For other references on this topic, including additional research reports and trade magazine and press coverage, visit the Filtrexx website at filtrexx.com

Filtrexx International, Technical Support 877-542-7699 | www.filtrexx.com | info@filtrexx.com Call for complete list of international installers and distributors.

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DRAINAGE ANALYSIS REPORT

FOR

Site Renovation Plans

70 Pleasant Point Drive Portsmouth, New Hampshire Rockingham County

Tax Map 207, Lot 15

Owned by and Prepared for Katara, LLC

May 25, 2022

Prepared By:



Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Traffic Engineers Land Surveyors Landscape Architects Scientists (This Page Is Intentionally Blank)

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1.0 - SUMMARY & PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project includes the development of a single-family residential house on 70 Pleasant Point Drive. The existing lot is approximately 0.642 acres and currently contains a single-family residence. The site is within the Single Residence B Zone and Flood Plain Overlay District and is adjacent to the Piscatagua River on both the southeast and southwest side.

The project proposes to remove the existing dwelling and replace with a new modern 2-story dwelling. Associated improvements include, but are not limited to access, grading, utilities, stormwater management system, lighting, and landscaping. The project proposes a 2,605 SF building footprint and total of 3,546 SF of impervious area within the property lines and approximately 19,907 SF of disturbance to facilitate the development.

This analysis has been completed to verify the project will not pose adverse stormwater effects on-site and off-site. Compared to the pre-development conditions, the post-development stormwater management system has been designed to reduce peak runoff rates, reduce runoff volume, reduce the risk of erosion and sedimentation, and improve stormwater runoff quality. In addition, Best Management Practices are employed to formulate a plan that assures stormwater quality both during and after construction. The following summarizes the findings from the study.

2.0 - CALCULATION METHODS

The design storms analyzed in this study are the 2-year, 10-year, 25 year, and 50-year 24hour storm events. The software program, HydroCAD version 10.00¹ was utilized to calculate the peak runoff rates from these storm events. The program estimates the peak rates using the TR-20 method. A Type III storm pattern was used in the model. Rainfall frequencies for the analyzed region were also incorporated into the model. Rainfall frequencies from the higher of the Extreme Precipitation Rates from Cornell University's Northeast Regional Climate Center (see Appendix A, Table 1). Due to the project's location within the Coastal/Great Bay Region community, the design rainfall increases the Cornell rates by 15% to address projected storm surge, sea level rise, and precipitation events per Env-Wg 1503.08(l). Design standards were taken from the New Hampshire Stormwater Manual, December 2008².

	24-HOUR RAINFALL RATES											
Storm-Event	Northeast Regional Climate Center	Design										
(year)	Extreme Precipitation	Rainfall										
	(in)	(in)										
2	3.21	3.69										
10	4.86	5.59										
25	6.17	7.10										
50	7.38	8.49										
	Table 1 – 24-Hour Rainfall Rates											

Table 1 – 24-Hour Rainfall Rates

Time of Concentration is the time it takes for water to flow from the hydraulically most remote point in the watershed (with the longest travel time) to the watershed outlet. This time is

¹ HydroCAD version 10.00, HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC, Chocorua, NH, 2013.

² New Hampshire Stormwater Manual: Volume One - Stormwater and Antidegradation, December 2008; Volume Two - Post-Construction Best Management Practices Selection and Design, December 2008; Volume Three -Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction, December 2008.

determined by calculating the time it takes runoff to travel this route under one of three hydrologic conditions: sheet flow, shallow concentrated flow, or channel flow. Because the Intensity-Duration-Frequency (IDF) curve is steep with short TC's, estimating the actual intensity is subject to error and overestimates actual runoff. Due to this, the TC's are adjusted to a minimum of 6 minutes.

3.0 – EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

The soils within the proposed area of disturbance are identified per the NRCS Web Soil (see Appendix B for detail and soil locations). The soils are composed of Urban land – canton complex (HSG A). These soils are classified as well-drained.

Three test pits and infiltration tests were conducted. In nearly all test pit locations, loam was discovered. Infiltration tests were determined per Ksat testing using a Compact Constant Head Permeameter (Amoozemeter) per Env-Wq 1504.14(d). The highest Estimated Seasonal High-Water Table (ESWT) observed was at: elevation 10.17' at the location of the proposed bioretention system.

4.0 - PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

The pre-development condition is characterized by four subcatchments composing two watersheds, which flows towards the Piscataqua River. Pre-development subcatchment areas are depicted on the attached plan entitled "Pre-Development Drainage Map," Sheet DRAIN-01 in Appendix H.

Stormwater runoff from the site primarily infiltrates into the well-drained soils on-site. The remaining stormwater runoff discharges primarily towards the Piscataqua River (EPR) while the remaining runoff is directed to the neighboring properties to the north of the site (POI-1).

In the pre-development condition, the total impervious area is 3,642 SF over a total drainage analysis area of 27,965 SF.

5.0 - POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS

The post-development condition is characterized by two watersheds divided into many subcatchment areas. Post-development subcatchment areas are depicted on the attached plan entitled "Post-Development Drainage Map," sheet DRAIN-02 in Appendix I.

In the post-development condition, the total impervious area is 3,561 SF over a total drainage analysis area of 27,965 SF. The total impervious area decreases from the existing amount. Impervious area from the project consists of a 2,605 SF footprint residential building and associated improvements. One rain garden is proposed to treat and mitigate the stormwater runoff from the impact of the new impervious area from the proposed development.

Table 2 summarizes the pre- and post-development peak runoff rates for the 2-year, 10-year, 25 year, and 50-year 24-hour Type III storm events for all discharge. Table 3 summarizes the pre- and post-development peak runoff volumes for the 2-year 24-hour Type III storm events for all discharge.

47307.01 Drainage Analysis Report.docx

Page 2

	TABLE 2 – SURFACE WATER PEAK RUNOFF RATE COMPARISON (CFS)													
POINT OF			DESIG	ESIGN STORM										
INTEREST		2-year	10-year	25-year	50-year									
	Pre	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3									
POI-1	Post	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2									
Piscataqua	Pre	0.3	1.1	1.8	2.5									
River	Post	0.3	0.9	1.6	2.3									

Table 2 - Pre- and Post- Development Peak Runoff Rate Comparison

	TABLE 3 – SURFACE WATER PEAK RUNOFF VOLUME COMPARISON (CF)												
	POINT OF		DESIGN STORM										
	INTEREST		2-year										
		Pre	87										
	POI-1	Post	87										
	Piscataqua	Pre	1,437										
	River	Post	1,220										
able	3 - Pre- and F	Post- Deve	elopment Peak Runoff Volume Compa	ris									

The proposed project reduces peak rates of runoff compared to existing conditions for all storm events, in accordance with AoT regulations and Portsmouth stormwater regulations. Additionally, per NHDES, the 2-year 24-hour storm does not result in an increased peak flow rate and reduces volume within the limits of Env-Wq 1507.05(b)(1) from the pre-development to post-development condition. There will be no adverse effects on the abutting properties from the proposed stormwater management system.

Appendices D and F summarize all 24-hour storm events for pre- and post-development drainage calculations using HydroCAD analysis. Appendices E and G provide a full summary of the 10-year, 24-hour storm for the pre- and post-development drainage calculations using HydroCAD analysis.

There were three warning messages for the 10-year storm event related to the proposed rain garden:

- [87] Warning: Pond ST Oscillations may require smaller dt or Finer Routing (severity=114)
- [87] Warning: Pond ST2 Oscillations may require smaller dt or Finer Routing (severity=88)
- [87] Warning: Pond ST3: Oscillations may require smaller dt or Finer Routing (severity=156)

There was one warning message for the 10-year storm event related to the proposed pervious patio and:

• [87] Warning: Pond PVP Oscillations may require smaller dt or Finer Routing (severity=282)

Warning 87 is related to the dt and fine routing were adjusted to minimize the severity of this occurrence. The oscillation occurs as the water drains down to the surface of the subsurface

infiltration basins (See Figure 1). Oscillation warnings less than 100 are considered minor. All oscillation errors occur outside of the peak runoff and therefore are not a significant factor in the calculations.

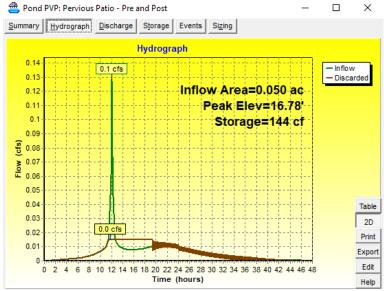


Figure 1: View of the Hydrographs with Oscillation Warning

6.0 - REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

The project meets the stricter of the stormwater standards identified in the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (DES) Env-Wq 1500 Alteration of Terrain Regulations and Portsmouth stormwater management regulations.

6.1 – PORTSMOUTH STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

The following regulatory requirements are provided to show project conformance to the applicable criteria of Portsmouth Stormwater Management Performance Standards defined in the Portsmouth Zoning Ordinance Section 10.1018.10. All regulations are met.

All construction activities and uses of buildings, structures, and land within wetlands and wetland buffers shall be carried out so as to minimize the volume and rate of stormwater runoff, the amount of erosion, and the export of sediment from the site. All such activities shall be conducted in accordance with Best Management Practices for stormwater management including but not limited to:

- 1. New Hampshire Stormwater Manual, NHDES, current version.
- 2. Best Management Practices to Control Non-point Source Pollution: A Guide for Citizens and City Officials, NHDES, January 2004.

7.0 – BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

47307.01 Drainage Analysis Report.docx

Best Management Practices will be developed in accordance with the New Hampshire Stormwater Manual, Volumes Two and Three, December 2008³ to formulate a plan that assures stormwater quality both during and after construction. The intent of the outlined measures is to minimize erosion and sedimentation during construction, stabilize and protect the site from erosion after construction is complete and mitigate any adverse impacts to stormwater quality resulting from development. Best Management Practices for this project include:

- Temporary practices to be implemented during construction.
- Permanent practices to be implemented after construction.

7.1 – TEMPORARY PRACTICES

- 1. Erosion, sediment, and stormwater detention measures must be installed as directed by the engineer.
- 2. All disturbed areas, as well as loam stockpiles, shall be seeded and contained by a silt barrier.
- 3. Silt barriers must be installed prior to any construction commencing. All erosion control devices including silt barriers and storm drain inlet filters shall be inspected at least once per week and following any rainfall. All necessary maintenance shall be completed within twenty-four (24) hours.
- 4. Any silt barriers found to be failing must be replaced immediately. Sediment is to be removed from behind the silt barrier if found to be one-third the height of the silt barrier or greater.
- 5. Any area of the site, which has been disturbed and where construction activity will not occur for more than twenty-one (21) days, shall be temporarily stabilized by mulching and seeding.
- 6. No construction materials shall be buried on-site.
- 7. After all areas have been stabilized, temporary practices are to be removed, and the area they are removed from must be smoothed and revegetated.
- 8. Areas must be temporarily stabilized within 14 days of disturbance or seeded and mulched within 3 days of final stabilization.
- 9. After November 15th, incomplete driveways or parking areas must be protected with a minimum of 3" of crushed gravel, meeting the standards of NHDOT item 304.3.
- 10. An area shall be considered stable if one of the following has occurred:
 - a) Base course gravels are installed in areas to be paved.
 - b) A minimum of 85% vegetated growth has been established.
 - c) A minimum of 3" of non-erosive material such as stone or rip rap has been installed.
 - d) Erosion control blankets have been properly installed.

³ New Hampshire Stormwater Manual: Volume One - Stormwater and Antidegradation, December 2008; Volume Two - Post-Construction Best Management Practices Selection and Design, December 2008; Volume Three - Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction, December 2008.

7.2 – PERMANENT PRACTICES

The objectives for developing permanent Best Management Practices for this site include the following:

- 1. Maintain existing runoff flow characteristics.
 - a) Drainage is structured to minimize any offsite increase in runoff
- 2. Treatment BMP's are established to ensure the water quality.
- 3. Maintenance schedules are set to safeguard the long-term working of the stormwater BMP's.

7.3 – BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE EFFICIENCIES

Appendix E of Volume 2 of the New Hampshire Stormwater ⁴ lists the pollutant removal efficiencies of various BMP's. All proposed BMP's meet all state and Portsmouth requirements for total suspended solids (TSS) and pollutant removal, Total Nitrogen (TN), and Total Phosphorous (TP).

Bioretention Systems have a 90% TSS removal efficiency, 65% TN removal efficiency, and 65% TP efficiency.

8.0 – GENERAL CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING

To minimize erosion and sedimentation due to construction, construction shall follow this general construction sequence.

Modifications to the sequence necessary due to the contractor's schedule shall include appropriate temporary and permanent erosion and sedimentation control measures.

The contractor shall schedule work such that any construction area is stabilized within 45 days of initial disturbance except as noted below. No more than 5 acres of disturbed land shall be unstabilized at any one time.

The project shall be managed so that it meets the requirements and intent of RSA 430:53 and chapter ARG 3800 relative to invasive species.

Do not traffic exposed soil surface of infiltration systems with construction equipment. If feasible, perform excavations with equipment positioned outside the limits of the infiltration components of the system.

Do not discharge sediment-laden waters from construction activities (runoff, water from excavations) to stormwater bmp's. Stormwater runoff must be directed to temporary practices until stormwater bmp's are stabilized.

Do not place stormwater bmp's into service until the contributing areas have been fully stabilized.

⁴ New Hampshire Stormwater Manual: Volume One - Stormwater and Antidegradation, December 2008; Volume Two - Post-Construction Best Management Practices Selection and Design, December 2008; Volume Three - Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction, December 2008.

After the infiltration system is excavated to the final design elevation, the floor should be deeply tilled with a rotary tiller or disc harrow to restore the infiltration rates, followed by a pass with a leveling drag.

1. Notify easement owners prior to commencement of work.

2. Install all perimeter erosion protection measures as indicated on the plans prior to the commencement of construction.

3. Stormwater treatment ponds and swales shall be installed before rough grading the site.

4. During construction every effort shall be made to manage surface runoff quality.

5. Daily, or as required, construct temporary berms, drains, ditches, silt barriers, sediment traps, etc. Mulch and seed as required. (temporary seed mixture of winter rye applied at a rate of 2.5 lbs/1000 sf shall be used).

6. Conduct major earthwork, including clearing and grubbing, within the limits of work. All cut and fill slopes shall be seeded within 72 hours after grading.

7. All stripped topsoil and other earth materials shall be stockpiled outside the immediate work and 100' buffer. A silt barrier shall be constructed around these piles in a manner to provide access and avoid sediment outside of the work area.

8. Construct building pad and commence new building construction.

9. Construct temporary diversions as required.

10. Begin permanent and temporary installation of seed and mulch.

11. Perform earthwork necessary to establish rough grading around driveway. Manage exposed soil surfaces to avoid transporting sediments into wetlands.

12. Install subsurface utilities (water, sewer, gas, electric, communications, drainage, drainage facilities, etc.).

Construct proposed driveway, rain gardens, gravel wetlands and drainage swales. All ditches, swales, and gravel wetlands shall be fully stabilized prior to directing flow to them.
 Complete building and all off-site improvements.

15. Complete seeding and mulching. Seed to be applied with broadcast spreader or by hydroseeding, then rolled, raked, or dragged to assure seed/soil contact.

16. Remove temporary erosion control measures after seeded areas have become firmly established and site improvements are complete.

17. During the course of the work and upon completion, the contractor shall remove all sediment deposits, either on or off site, including catch basins, and sumps, drain pipes and ditches, curb lines, along silt barriers, etc. Resulting from soil and/or construction operations.18. See winter construction sequence for work conducted after October 15th.

9.0 - CONCLUSION

The proposed stormwater management system will treat, infiltrate, and mitigate the runoff generated from the proposed development and provide protection of groundwater and surface waters as required through the Alteration of Terrain Bureau and Portsmouth stormwater management regulations. Further, the surface water peak runoff rate is reduced in the 2-year, 10-year, 25-year, and 50-year storm. The project has been designed in accordance with NHDES and Portsmouth regulations. There is little change in the flow characteristics of the site. The proposed project has been designed to pose no adverse effects on surrounding properties.

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Respectfully, **TFMoran, Inc. Seacoast Division**

Jason Cook Civil Project Engineer

JKC/jcc

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<u>APPENDIX A – EXTREME PRECIPITATION</u> <u>RATES</u>

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Extreme Precipitation Tables

Northeast Regional Climate Center

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

Smoothing	Yes
State	
Location	
Longitude	70.746 degrees West
Latitude	43.068 degrees North
Elevation	0 feet
Date/Time	Mon, 18 Apr 2022 11:32:07 -0400

Extreme Precipitation Estimates

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.26	0.40	0.50	0.65	0.81	1.04	1yr	0.70	0.98	1.21	1.56	2.03	2.66	2.92	1yr	2.35	2.81	3.22	3.94	4.55	1yr
2yr	0.32	0.50	0.62	0.81	1.02	1.30	2yr	0.88	1.18	1.52	1.94	2.49	<mark>3.21</mark>	3.57	2yr	2.84	3.43	3.94	4.68	5.33	2yr
5yr	0.37	0.58	0.73	0.98	1.25	1.61	5yr	1.08	1.47	1.89	2.43	3.14	4.07	4.58	5yr	3.60	4.40	5.04	5.94	6.70	5yr
10yr	0.41	0.65	0.82	1.12	1.45	1.89	10yr	1.25	1.73	2.23	2.90	3.75	<mark>4.86</mark>	5.53	10yr	4.30	5.32	6.09	7.11	7.98	10yr
25yr	0.48	0.76	0.97	1.34	1.78	2.34	25yr	1.54	2.15	2.78	3.64	4.74	<mark>6.17</mark>	7.10	25yr	5.46	6.83	7.81	9.02	10.05	25yr
50yr	0.54	0.86	1.10	1.54	2.08	2.77	50yr	1.79	2.53	3.30	4.33	5.67	<mark>7.38</mark>	8.58	50yr	6.54	8.25	9.43	10.81	11.97	50yr
100yr	0.60	0.97	1.25	1.78	2.43	3.27	100yr	2.09	2.99	3.92	5.17	6.77	<mark>8.85</mark>	10.37	100yr	7.83	9.98	11.39	12.96	14.26	100yr
200yr	0.68	1.11	1.43	2.05	2.84	3.85	200yr	2.45	3.53	4.63	6.14	8.09	10.60	12.54	200yr	9.38	12.06	13.76	15.54	17.00	200yr
500yr	0.80	1.32	1.72	2.50	3.50	4.79	500yr	3.02	4.40	5.79	7.72	10.23	13.47	16.13	500yr	11.92	15.51	17.68	19.77	21.47	500yr

Lower Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.23	0.36	0.44	0.59	0.72	0.88	1yr	0.62	0.86	0.93	1.33	1.69	2.25	2.48	1yr	1.99	2.38	2.87	3.20	3.91	1yr
2yr	0.31	0.49	0.60	0.81	1.00	1.19	2yr	0.86	1.16	1.37	1.82	2.33	3.06	3.45	2yr	2.71	3.32	3.82	4.55	5.09	2yr
5yr	0.35	0.54	0.67	0.92	1.17	1.40	5yr	1.01	1.37	1.61	2.11	2.73	3.78	4.18	5yr	3.35	4.02	4.72	5.53	6.23	5yr
10yr	0.39	0.59	0.73	1.03	1.33	1.60	10yr	1.14	1.56	1.80	2.38	3.05	4.36	4.85	10yr	3.86	4.66	5.43	6.40	7.18	10yr
25yr	0.44	0.67	0.83	1.19	1.56	1.90	25yr	1.35	1.86	2.10	2.75	3.52	4.74	5.87	25yr	4.20	5.64	6.62	7.77	8.66	25yr
50yr	0.48	0.73	0.91	1.31	1.76	2.16	50yr	1.52	2.12	2.34	3.06	3.91	5.36	6.76	50yr	4.75	6.50	7.69	9.01	9.99	50yr
100yr	0.53	0.81	1.01	1.46	2.01	2.46	100yr	1.73	2.41	2.62	3.40	4.32	6.03	7.80	100yr	5.34	7.50	8.92	10.47	11.53	100yr
200yr	0.59	0.89	1.13	1.63	2.27	2.81	200yr	1.96	2.75	2.93	3.76	4.76	6.77	8.99	200yr	5.99	8.64	10.34	12.17	13.33	200yr
500yr	0.68	1.02	1.31	1.90	2.70	3.36	500yr	2.33	3.28	3.41	4.28	5.40	7.89	10.84	500yr	6.99	10.43	12.56	14.89	16.15	500yr

Upper Confidence Limits

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.29	0.44	0.54	0.72	0.89	1.09	1yr	0.77	1.06	1.26	1.74	2.20	2.97	3.17	1yr	2.63	3.05	3.58	4.37	5.04	1yr
2yr	0.34	0.52	0.64	0.87	1.07	1.27	2yr	0.92	1.24	1.48	1.96	2.52	3.42	3.71	2yr	3.03	3.57	4.10	4.84	5.62	2yr
5yr	0.40	0.62	0.77	1.05	1.34	1.62	5yr	1.15	1.59	1.89	2.54	3.26	4.34	4.97	5yr	3.84	4.78	5.38	6.39	7.17	5yr
10yr	0.47	0.72	0.89	1.25	1.61	1.98	10yr	1.39	1.94	2.29	3.11	3.97	5.34	6.22	10yr	4.72	5.98	6.84	7.86	8.77	10yr
25yr	0.58	0.88	1.09	1.56	2.05	2.58	25yr	1.77	2.52	2.96	4.08	5.17	7.74	8.37	25yr	6.85	8.05	9.20	10.36	11.43	25yr
50yr	0.67	1.03	1.28	1.84	2.47	3.14	50yr	2.13	3.07	3.61	5.02	6.35	9.69	10.50	50yr	8.57	10.10	11.51	12.76	13.99	50yr
100yr	0.79	1.20	1.50	2.17	2.98	3.83	100yr	2.57	3.74	4.39	6.18	7.81	12.11	13.17	100yr	10.72	12.66	14.41	15.74	17.13	100yr
200yr	0.93	1.40	1.77	2.57	3.58	4.68	200yr	3.09	4.57	5.36	7.61	9.61	15.19	16.53	200yr	13.44	15.89	18.08	19.41	20.97	200yr
500yr	1.16	1.72	2.21	3.21	4.57	6.07	500yr	3.94	5.94	6.96	10.07	12.67	20.50	22.33	500yr	18.14	21.48	24.39	25.60	27.40	500yr



<u>APPENDIX B – SITE-SPECIFIC SOIL SURVEY &</u> <u>NRCS WEB SOIL REPORT</u>

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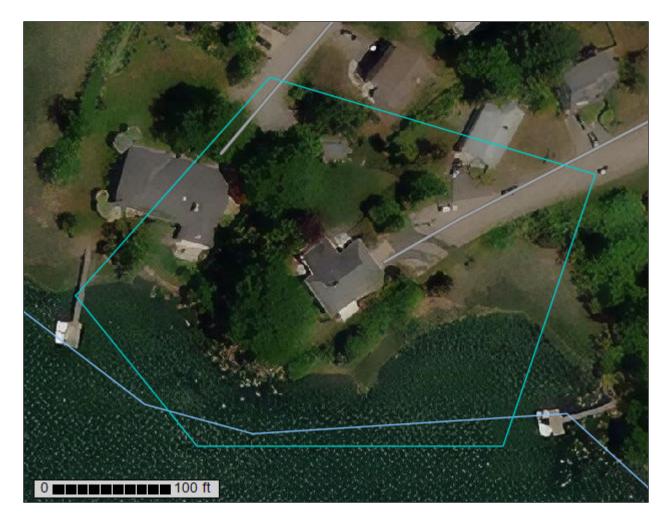


United States Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation

Service

A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants Custom Soil Resource Report for Rockingham County, New Hampshire



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

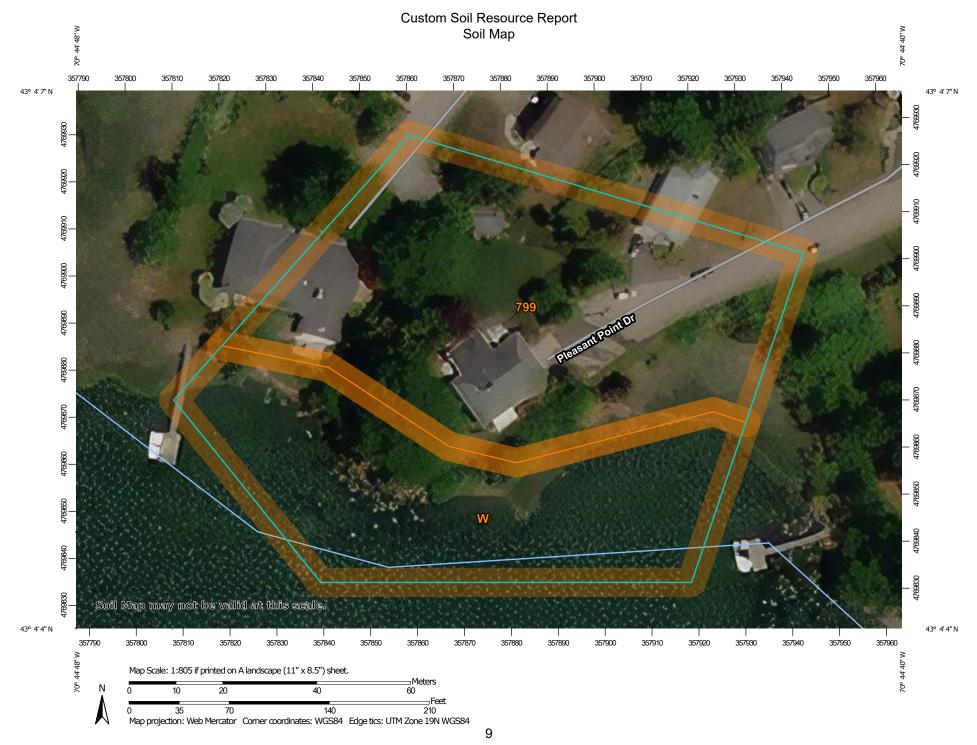
Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



2

	MAP L	EGEND		MAP INFORMATION
Area of In	terest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI)	80	Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.
Soils		۵	Stony Spot	
	Soil Map Unit Polygons	0	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	\$	Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause
	Soil Map Unit Points	\triangle	Other	misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil
_	Point Features	·**	Special Line Features	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed
అ	Blowout	Water Fea		scale.
	Borrow Pit	~	Streams and Canals	
*	Clay Spot	Transport	ation Rails	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.
\diamond	Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways	
X	Gravel Pit	2	US Routes	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:
000	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)
0	Landfill	~	Local Roads	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator
٨.	Lava Flow	Backgrou		projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts
علا	Marsh or swamp	Buokgrou	Aerial Photography	distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more
~	Mine or Quarry			accurate calculations of distance or area are required.
0	Miscellaneous Water			This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as
õ	Perennial Water			of the version date(s) listed below.
v	Rock Outcrop			Soil Survey Area: Rockingham County, New Hampshire
+	Saline Spot			Survey Area Data: Version 24, Aug 31, 2021
°*°	Sandy Spot			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales
-	Severely Eroded Spot			1:50,000 or larger.
ô	Sinkhole			Data(s) agrial images were photographed. Dec 21, 2000 him
*	Slide or Slip			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Jun 14, 2017
ø	Sodic Spot			The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result some minor
ja B				14, 2017 The orthophoto or other base map on which the

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
799	Urban land-Canton complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes	1.3	59.0%
W	Water	0.9	41.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		2.2	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Rockingham County, New Hampshire

799—Urban land-Canton complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9cq0 Elevation: 0 to 1,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 42 to 46 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F Frost-free period: 120 to 160 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 55 percent *Canton and similar soils:* 20 percent *Minor components:* 25 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

Description of Canton

Setting

Parent material: Till

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 5 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam *H2 - 5 to 21 inches:* gravelly fine sandy loam *H3 - 21 to 60 inches:* loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 5.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e Hydrologic Soil Group: A Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Udorthents

Percent of map unit: 5 percent *Hydric soil rating:* No

Squamscott and scitico

Percent of map unit: 4 percent *Landform:* Marine terraces

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Walpole

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

Chatfield

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Scituate and newfields

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Boxford and eldridge

Percent of map unit: 4 percent *Hydric soil rating:* No

W-Water

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9cq3 Elevation: 200 to 2,610 feet Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Water: 100 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.*

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<u>APPENDIX C – TEST PIT LOGS & INFILTRATION</u> <u>TEST DATA</u>

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Test Pit Report

For

70 Pleasant Point Drive,

Portsmouth, NH

Prepared For

Katara, LLC

47307.01

PREPARED BY

TFMoran, Inc.

48 Constitution Drive

Bedford, NH 03110

April 6th, 2022

Test Pit # 1 April 6th, 2022

0 – 8 10YR 3/4 Dark Yellowish Brown, Loam, High Organic Concentration, Blocky, Friable,

8 – 21 10YR 5/8 Yellowish Brown, Silt Loam, > 15% Angular Rock Fragments, Friable, Homogeneous, Granular

21 – 28 10YR 6/8 Brownish Yellow, Sandy Loam, > 15% Rounded Cobbles, Friable, Blocky

28 – 37 10YR 6/4 Light Yellowish Brown, Fine Sand, Single Grained, Homogenous

37 - 4810YR 7/3 Very Pale Brown, Very Fine Sand, Single Grained,Homogenous

48 – 61 2.5Y 5/4 Light Olive Brown, Sandy Clay Loam, > 50% Angular Rock Fragments, Decaying Bedrock

REDOX OBS: 57 – 61 10R 4/8 Red (Oxidization of Iron)

Soil Series: Canton

OBSWT: > 61" Below Grade

ESHWT: 57" Below Grade

Roots: 0 – 23" Below Grade

Ledge: 33" Below Grade & 61" below Grade



Test Pit # 2 April 6th, 2022

0 – 9 10YR 3/3 Dark Brown, Loam, Organic Horizon, Friable, Blocky

9 – 19 2.5Y 4/3 Olive Brown, Loamy Sand, Friable, Common Gravels, Granular

19 – 36 10YR 5/6 Yellowish Brown, Loamy Sand, Common Gravels, Heterogeneous, Massive

36 – 58 2.5Y 6/4 Light Yellowish Brown, Sandy Loam, Blocky, Medium Grain Size, Few Cobbles

58 – 68 10YR 7/6 Yellow, Medium Sand, Heterogeneous, loose, Single Grained

REDOX OBS: 43" Below Grade 7.5YR 5/8 Strong Brown

Soil Series: Canton

OBSWT: > 68" Below Grade

ESHWT: 43" Below Grade

Roots: 8 – 26" Below Grade

Ledge: 50" Below Grade & 68" below Grade



Test Pit # 3 April 6th, 2022

0 – 8 10YR 3/2 Very Dark Grayish Brown, Loam, Organic Horizon, Friable, Blocky

8 – 24 2.5Y 5/6 Light Olive Brown, Sandy Loam, Massive,

24 – 40 2.5Y 7/4 Pale Brown, Loamy Sand, Friable, Granular, Homogenous, Very Few Cobbles

40 – 88 10YR 5/4 Yellowish Brown, Loamy Sand, > 15% Angular Rock Fragments, Homogenous Soils, Platy, Decaying Bedrock

REDOX OBS: 70" Below Grade 2.5YR 4/8 Red

Soil Series: Canton

OBSWT: > 88" Below Grade

ESHWT: 70" Below Grade

Roots: 20 – 24" Below Grade

Ledge: 62" Below Grade



face			ulic _{at})	<u> </u>		0	2	2	0	6	0	0	6		1.215	
und Su		:2H	Hydraı vity (K _s	in/hr		1.220	1.342	1.342	1.220	1.189	1.250	1.220	1.189		1.	
(From Ground Surface		if s<2H	Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat}) Conductivity (K _{sat})	cm/hr		3.099	3.408	3.408	3.099	3.021	3.176	3.099	3.021			
	ion	2H	Hydraulic /ity (K _{sat})	in/hr		1.894	2.084	2.084	1.894	1.847	1.942	1.894	1.847		1.886	
56 in	Glover Solution	if s>2H	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	cm/hr		4.811	5.293	5.293	4.811	4.691	4.932	4.811	4.691			
e e	9		B1			0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003			
cm ² cm 48.0 142.2 0			A1			0.000501	0.000501	0.000501	0.000501	0.000501	0.000501	0.000501	0.000501			
			S	cm		94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2			
of Auger Hole = 19.6 Radius of Hole = 2.5 Depth of Auger Hole = rvious Layer or ESHWT =	e Glover	on	lydraulic ity (K _{sat})	in/hr		1.895	2.085	2.085	1.895	1.848	1.943	1.895	1.848		1.887	
A of Auger Hole = 19.6 Radius of Hole = 2.5 Depth of Auger Hole = Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT =	Approximate Glover	Solution	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	cm/hr		4.813926	5.295318	5.295318	4.813926	4.693577	4.934274	4.813926	4.693577			
Depth to Ir			Outflow	cm³/hr		9600	10560	10560	9600	9360	9840	9600	9360			
			Conv. Factor (Area)	cm ³		20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20			
			# On Azm	c		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Auger			Elapsed Time	hrs		0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008		gs 2-7	
For 5 cm Auger			Δ	cIJ		4.0	4.4	4.4	4.0	3.9	4.1	4.0	3.9		on reading	
			Reading	cm	36	32	27.6	23.2	19.2	15.3	11.2	7.2	3.3		Average Ksat based on readings 2-7	
	= 26		Coefficient A	l/cm		0.00050145	0.00050145	0.00050145	0.00050145	0.00050145	0.00050145	0.00050145	0.00050145		Average	
	H= D-d = 48-22 = 26		Ξ	cIJ		26 C										
	H= D-d		Time Interval	min	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4			
			Reading #		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6			

Date: 4/6/2022 Location: TP-1

Project No: 47307.01 Project Name: Katara -70 Pleasant Point Drive - Portsmouth, NH

NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water D-d)

Coefficient A from CCHP Manual - Approximate for Glover Solution Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s) ь А В1 A s1 A

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)

Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

d Surface		т	ydraulic :y (K _{sat})	in/hr		0.648	0.596	0.570	0.544	0.492	0.544	0.492		0.518	
(From Ground Surface		if s<2H	Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	cm/hr		1.645	1.514	1.448	1.382	1.250	1.382	1.250			
	on	μ	Hydraulic ity (K _{sat})	in/hr		0.9439	0.8684	0.8307	0.793	0.717	0.793	0.717		0.755	
56 in	Glover Solution	if s>2H	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	cm/hr		2.398	2.206	2.110	2.014	1.822	2.014	1.822			
cm	Ð		B1			0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003			
<mark>3.0</mark> 42.2			A1			0.000400	0.000400	0.000400	0.000400	0.000400	0.000400	0.000400			
			S	cm	ī	99.2	99.2	99.2	99.2	99.2	99.2	99.2			
A of Auger Hole = 19.6 Radius of Hole = 2.5 Depth of Auger Hole = ervious Layer or ESHWT =	ite Glover	tion	Hydraulic /ity (K _{sat})	in/hr		0.9444	0.8689	0.8311	0.7933	0.7177	0.7933	0.7177		0.7555	
A of Auger Hole = 19.6 Radius of Hole = 2.5 Depth of Auger Hole = Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT =	Approximate Glover	Solution	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	cm/hr		2.398782	2.206879	2.110928	2.014977	1.823074	2.014977	1.823074			
Depth to I			Outflow	cm³/hr		6000	5520	5280	5040	4560	5040	4560			
			Conv. Factor (Area)	cm³		20	20	20	20	20	20	20			
			# On Azm	cm		ц,	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Auger			Elapsed Time	hrs	-	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008		ss 2,4-8	
For 5 cm Auger			Δ	cm		2.5	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.1	1.9		on reading	
			Reading	cm	37	34.5	32.2	30	27.9	26	23.9	22		Average Ksat based on readings 2,4-8	
	= 30		Coefficient A	l/cm		0.0003998	0.0003998	0.0003998	0.0003998	0.0003998	0.0003998	0.0003998		Average	
	H= D-d = 43-13 = 30		н	cm		30	30	30	30	30	30	30			
	H= D-d		Time Interval	min	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5			
			Reading #		Ļ	2	3	4	5	9	7	8			

Date: 4/6/2022 Location: TP-1

Project No: 45407.12 Project Name: 437 Lafatette Road - Portsmouth, NH

NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water

Coefficient A from CCHP Manual - Approximate for Glover Solution

Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H) А А d В1 s

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)

Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

For 5 cm Auger

cm² g

19.6 2.5

A of Auger Hole = Radius of Hole =

Date: 4/6/2022 Location: TP-1

									Dept	Depth of Auger Hole =	Hole =	34.0	cm				
								_	mpervious Layer or ESHWT =	Layer or ES	SHWT =	142.2	cm	56 in		(From Ground Surface	nd Surface
H= D-d = 34-12 = 22									Approximate Glover	ate Glover			9	Glover Solution	ion		
									Solution	tion				if s>2H	2H	if s<2H	H
т	Ŭ	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	Hydraulic vity (K _{sat})	S	A1	B1	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	Hydraulic /ity (K _{sat})	Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	łydraulic ity (K _{sat})
cm		l/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm³	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
	_		38.0		•			-	•		ı						
22	_	0.000651	34.6	3.4	0.008	1	20	8160	5.31216	2.091	108.2	0.000651	0.0003	5.308	2.090	2.727	1.074
22		0.000651	32.3	2.3	0.008	1	20	5520	3.59352	1.415	108.2	0.000651	0.0003	3.591	1.414	1.845	0.726
22		0.000651	27.8	4.5	0.017	1	20	5400	3.5154	1.384	108.2	0.000651	0.0003	3.513	1.383	1.805	0.710
22		0.000651	25.8	2.0	0.008	1	20	4800	3.1248	1.230	108.2	0.000651	0.0003	3.123	1.229	1.604	0.632
22		0.000651	23.9	1.9	0.008	1	20	4560	2.96856	1.169	108.2	0.000651	0.0003	2.966	1.168	1.524	0.600
22		0.000651	22.0	1.9	0.008	1	20	4560	2.96856	1.169	108.2	0.000651	0.0003	2.966	1.168	1.524	0.600
22		0.000651	20.2	1.8	0.008	1	20	4320	2.81232	1.107	108.2	0.000651	0.0003	2.810	1.106	1.444	0.568
22		0.000651	18.5	1.7	0.008	1	20	4080	2.65608	1.046	108.2	0.000651	0.0003	2.654	1.045	1.363	0.537
										1.123					1.122		1.123
	-																

- NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read
 - Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water т
 - Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
 - Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
 - Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s) Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

1.9	0.8	1.1	1.3	
Hole #1	Hole #2	Hole #3	Average	

For 5 cm Auger

cm² 2.5 19.6

A of Auger Hole = Radius of Hole =

Date: 4/6/2022 Location: TP-2

										Dept	Depth of Auger Hole =	Hole =	93.4 C	cm 2	3." Down in	- the hole	23" Down in the hole = $35+23*2.54$	4
									Depth to I	mpervious	Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT =	HWT =	243.8 c	cm	96 in		(From Ground Surface	id Surface
H= D	H= D-d = 35-15=20	5=20								Approximate Glover	ate Glover			9	Glover Solution	uo		
										Solu	Solution				if s>2H	рн	if s<2H	т
Reading #	Time Interval	Н	Coefficient A	Reading	ν	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	Hydraulic vity (K _{sat})	S	A1	B1	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	Hydraulic ity (K _{sat})	Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	ydraulic ty (K _{sat})
	min	cm	I/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm³	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
Ч	0	•	-	34.0		•			•		•	•						
2	0.5	20	0.000753	30.5	3.5	0.008	1	20	8400	6.3252	2.4902	150.4 (0.000753	0.0003	6.329	2.492	2.311	0.910
Э	1	20	0.000753	26.5	4.0	0.008	1	20	0096	7.2288	2.8460	150.4 (0.000753	0.0003	7.233	2.848	2.641	1.040
4	1.5	20	0.000753	23.0	3.5	0.008	1	20	8400	6.3252	2.4902	150.4 (0.000753	0.0003	6.329	2.492	2.311	0.910
5	2	20	0.000753	19.8	3.2	0.008	1	20	7680	5.78304	2.2768	150.4 (0.000753	0.0003	5.787	2.278	2.113	0.832
9	2.5	20	0.000753	16.4	3.4	0.008	1	20	8160	6.14448	2.4191	150.4 (0.000753	0.0003	6.148	2.421	2.245	0.884
7	3	20	0.000753	13.2	3.2	0.008	1	20	7680	5.78304	2.2768	150.4 (0.000753	0.0003	5.787	2.278	2.113	0.832
8	3.5	20	0.000753	10.0	3.2	0.008	1	20	7680	5.78304	2.2768	150.4 (0.000753	0.0003	5.787	2.278	2.113	0.832
			Average	e Ksat base	Average Ksat based on readings 1-6	gs 1-6					2.3717					2.373		0.867

NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water н Аd 81

Coefficient A from CCHP Manual - Approximate for Glover Solution Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)

Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

Project Name: Katara -70 Pleasant Point Drive - Portsmouth, NH 47307.01 Project No:

For 5 cm Auger

23" Down in the hole = 40+23*2.54

98.4

Depth of Auger Hole =

cm² g

19.6 2.5

A of Auger Hole = Radius of Hole =

4/6/2022

Date: Location:

TP-2

(From Ground Surface 0.769 Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K_{sat}) 0.909 0.749 0.749 0.882 0.829 0.668 0.829 0.749 in/hr if s<2H 2.241 2.105 2.309 1.698 2.105 1.902 1.902 1.902 cm/hr Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K_{sat}) 2.349 1.993 1.7802.207 2.047 in/hr 2.207 2.421 1.993 1.993 Solution 96 in if s>2H 5.606 5.063 5.063 6.148 5.063 5.968 4.521 5.606 cm/hr Glover 0.0003 0.0003 0.0003 0.0003 0.0003 0.0003 0.0003 0.0003 5 5 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 243.8 Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT = 145.4 145.4 145.4 145.4 145.4 145.4 145.4 145.4 Saturated Hydraulic Approximate Glover 1.9922 2.0456 Conductivity (K_{sat}) 2.3479 2.4191 1.9922 1.9922 2.2056 1.7787 2.2056 in/hr Solution 5.06016 6.14448 5.06016 5.96376 5.60232 5.60232 5.06016 4.518 cm/hr Outflow cm³/hr 7920 8160 6000 7440 6720 7440 6720 6720 Factor (Area) Conv. 20 20 20 20 20 20 # Ou ---0.008 0.008 0.008 0.008 0.008 0.008 0.008 Time 0.008 Average Ksat based on readings 1-3 3.3 2.8 2.8 3.4 2.5 3.1 2.8 3.1 Reading 33.6 30.2 24.6 21.8 36.7 27.7 16.2 19 40 0.000753 Coefficient 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 0.000753 H= D-d = 40-20 = 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 Interval Time 0.5 1.5 2.5 3.5 e 4 0 -2 Reading # 4 ە ∞ б m ഗ 2

NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water ь А В 1 А 1 А 1 А 1 А 1 А 1 А 1 А 1 А 1 А

Coefficient A from CCHP Manual - Approximate for Glover Solution

Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)

Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer (ESHW - Depth of Auger Hole in cm)

For 5 cm Auger

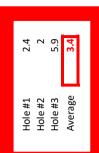
cm² СIJ 2.5 19.6

A of Auger Hole = Radius of Hole =

Date: 4/6/2022 Location: TP-2

										Depti	Depth of Auger Hole =	Hole =	84.4 C	cm 2	23" Down in the hole = 26+23*2.54	the hole =	= 26+23*2.5	4
									_	mpervious Layer or ESHWT =	Layer or ES	HWT =	243.8 c	cm	96 in		(From Ground Surface	nd Surface
	H= D	H= D-d = 26-13 = 13	3 = 13							Approximate Glover	ite Glover			0	Glover Solution	on		
										Solution	tion				if s>2H	ΕH	if s<2H	H
Reading #	Time Interval	н	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	Hydraulic vity (K _{sat})	s	A1	B1	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	Hydraulic ity (K _{sat})	Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	łydraulic ity (K _{sat})
	min	cm	l/cm	C	cm	hrs	cm	cm³	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
1	0	•	'	32.0		•						1						
2	0.5	13	0.001436	28.0	4.0	0.008	1	20	0096	13.7856	5.427	159.4	0.001436	0.0003	13.786	5.428	3.249	1.279
3	1	13	0.001436	23.4	4.6	0.008	1	20	11040	15.85344	6.242	159.4	0.001436	0.0003	15.854	6.242	3.736	1.471
4	1.5	13	0.001436	19.1	4.3	0.008	1	20	10320	14.81952	5.834	159.4	0.001436	0.0003	14.820	5.835	3.493	1.375
5	2	13	0.001436	14.8	4.3	0.008	1	20	10320	14.81952	5.834	159.4	0.001436	0.0003	14.820	5.835	3.493	1.375
9	2.5	13	0.001436	10.4	4.4	0.008	1	20	10560	15.16416	5.970	159.4	0.001436	0.0003	15.165	5.970	3.574	1.407
7	£	13	0.001436	5.8	4.6	0.008	1	20	11040	15.85344	6.242	159.4	0.001436	0.0003	15.854	6.242	3.736	1.471
			Averag	Average Ksat based on readings 3-6	d on readin	gs 3-6					5.880					5.880		1.386

- NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read *
 - Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water
 - Coefficient A from CCHP Manual Approximate for Glover Solution
 - Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)
 - Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)
- Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)
- Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer



For 5 cm Auger

cm²

19.6 2.5

A of Auger Hole = Radius of Hole =

Date: 4/6/2022 Location: TP-3

									Dept	Depth of Auger Hole =	Hole =	88.3	cm cm	.9" Down ir	n the hole	19" Down in the hole = $40+19*2.54$	4
								Depth to	Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT =	Layer or ES	HWT =	243.8 c	cm	96 in	L	(From Ground Surface	id Surface
H= D-d = 40-8=32									Approximate Glover	ite Glover			G	Glover Solution	uo		
									Solu ⁻	Solution				if s>2H	2H	if s<2H	т
С Н	S	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	Hydraulic vity (K _{sat})	s	A1	B1	Saturated H Conductiv	Hydraulic ity (K _{sat})	Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	ydraulic ty (K _{sat})
cm		l/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm³	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm		<u> </u>	cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
			18.0					-	-		ı						
32 0.	0	0.00036064	14.8	3.2	0.008	1	20	7680	2.769736	1.0904	155.6	0.000360	0.0002	2.768	1.090	1.435	0.565
32 0	0	0.00036064	11.5	3.3	0.008	1	20	7920	2.856291	1.1245	155.6	0.000360	0.0002	2.855	1.124	1.480	0.583
32 C	0	0.00036064	8.2	3.3	0.008	1	20	7920	2.856291	1.1245	155.6	0.000360	0.0002	2.855	1.124	1.480	0.583
32 (_	0.00036064	4.8	3.4	0.008	1	20	8160	2.942845	1.1586	155.6	0.000360	0.0002	2.941	1.158	1.525	0.600
32 (-	0.00036064	0.6	4.2	0.008	1	20	10080	3.635279	1.4312	155.6	0.000360	0.0002	3.633	1.430	1.883	0.742
		Average	Average Ksat based on readings 1-6	l on reading	gs 1-6					1.1245					1.124		0.583

NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water н Аd 81

Coefficient A from CCHP Manual - Approximate for Glover Solution Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)

Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer

For 5 cm Auger

Radius of Hole = 2.5

cm² СIJ

19.6

A of Auger Hole =

Date: 4/6/2022 Location: TP-3

	Ψ	_					_									_
54	ind Surfac		2H	Hydraulic ⁄ity (K _{sat})	in/hr		0.536	0.583	0.560	0.653	0.536	0.583	0.560		1.530	
= 31+19*2.	(From Ground Surface		if s<2H	Saturated Hydrauli Conductivity (K _{sat})	cm/hr		1.362	1.481	1.421	1.658	1.362	1.481	1.421			
the hole -	L	on	2H	Hydraulic ity (K _{sat})	in/hr		1.519	1.651	1.585	1.849	1.519	1.651	1.585		1.598	
19" Down in the hole = $31+19*2.54$	96 in	Glover Solution	if s>2H	Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	cm/hr		3.859	4.194	4.026	4.697	3.859	4.194	4.026			
cu	cm	Ð		B1	<u> </u>		0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002			
79.3	243.8 (A1			0.000699	0.000699	0.000699	0.000699	0.000699	0.000699	0.000699			
Hole =	HWT =			s*	cm	ı	164.6	164.6	164.6	164.6	164.6	164.6	164.6			
Depth of Auger Hole =	Layer or ES	te Glover	ion	Hydraulic ⁄ity (K _{sat})	in/hr		1.4539	1.5803	1.5171	1.7700	1.4539	1.5803	1.5171		1.5297	
Deptl	Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT =	Approximate Glover	Solution	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	cm/hr		3.69288	4.014	3.85344	4.49568	3.69288	4.014	3.85344			
	Depth to I			Outflow	cm³/hr	ı	5520	6000	5760	6720	5520	6000	5760			
				Conv. Factor (Area)	cm³		20	20	20	20	20	20	20			
				# On Azm	cm		1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
				Elapsed Time	hrs	-	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008		gs 1-3	
				Δ	cm		2.3	2.5	2.4	2.8	2.3	2.5	2.4		l on readin	
				Reading	cm	38	35.7	33.2	30.8	28	25.7	23.2	20.8		Average Ksat based on readings 1-3	
)=21		Coefficient A	l/cm		0.000669	0.000669	0.000669	0.000669	0.000669	0.000669	0.000669		Average	
		H= D-d = 31-10=21		т	cm		21	21	21	21	21	21	21			
		H= D-		Time Interval	min	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	£	3.5			
				Reading #		1	2	е	4	5	9	7	8			

NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water

Coefficient A from CCHP Manual - Approximate for Glover Solution

Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H) A d d A1 s A1

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s)

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)

Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer (ESHW - Depth of Auger Hole in cm)

For 5 cm Auger

Date: 4/6/2022 Location: TP-3

A of Auger Hole = 19.6 cm^2 Radius of Hole = 2.5 cm

ទួទ 243.8 Depth of Auger Hole = 77.3 Depth to Impervious Layer or ESHWT =

(From Ground Surface 19" Down in the hole = 29+19*2.54 96 in

									עראני נס		הכלווו נט וווולכו זוטמי במלכו טו בטווזע ו		0.014				לו ומוו מוממים מווממי	וומ סמוומרי
	U =H	H= D-d = 29-12 =17	2 = 17							Approxim	Approximate Glover				Glover Solution	ion		
										Solu	Solution				if s>2H	2H	if s<2H	2H
Reading #	Time Interval	Н	Coefficient A	Reading	Δ	Elapsed Time	# On Azm	Conv. Factor (Area)	Outflow	Saturated Hydrauli Conductivity (K _{sat})	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	s*	A1	B1	Saturated Hydraulic Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat}) Conductivity (K _{sat})	saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (K _{sat})	Saturated Hydrauli Conductivity (K _{sat})	Hydraulic ity (K _{sat})
	min	cm	l/cm	cm	cm	hrs	cm	cm³	cm³/hr	cm/hr	in/hr	cm			cm/hr	in/hr	cm/hr	in/hr
Ļ	0	•	1	35		•			-	-	•							
2	0.5	20	0.000753	32.4	2.6	0.008	1	20	6240	4.69872	1.8499	166.6	0.000753	0.0003	4.702	1.851	1.576	0.620
£	1	20	0.000753	29.9	2.5	0.008	1	20	6000	4.518	1.7787	166.6	166.6 0.000753	0.0003	4.521	1.780	1.515	0.597
4	1.5	20	0.000753	27.2	2.7	0.008	1	20	6480	4.87944	1.9210	166.6	166.6 0.000753	0.0003	4.883	1.922	1.636	0.644
5	2	20	0.000753	24.9	2.3	0.008	1	20	5520	4.15656	1.6364	166.6	166.6 0.000753	0.0003	4.159	1.637	1.394	0.549
9	2.5	20	0.000753	22.6	2.3	0.008	1	20	5520	4.15656	1.6364	166.6	0.000753	0.0003	4.159	1.637	1.394	0.549
7	3	20	0.000753	20.4	2.2	0.008	1	20	5280	3.97584	1.5653	166.6	0.000753	0.0003	3.978	1.566	1.333	0.525
8	3.5	20	0.000753	18.1	2.3	0.008	1	20	5520	4.15656	1.6364	166.6	0.000753	0.0003	4.159	1.637	1.394	0.549
			Averag	Average Ksat based on readings 1-3	d on readir	ıgs 1-3					1.6187					1.620		1.619

NOTE: Could not keep a steady H reading in the Hole - Infiltrating beyond equipment ability to read

Steady Head (amount of water in auger hole from bottom of the hole to the surface of the water

Coefficient A from CCHP Manual - Approximate for Glover Solution

Distinance from top of water to outflow of CCHP (D-H)

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H>2s) A A d A A B1 S

Calculated Coefficient A for Glover Solution (H<2s)

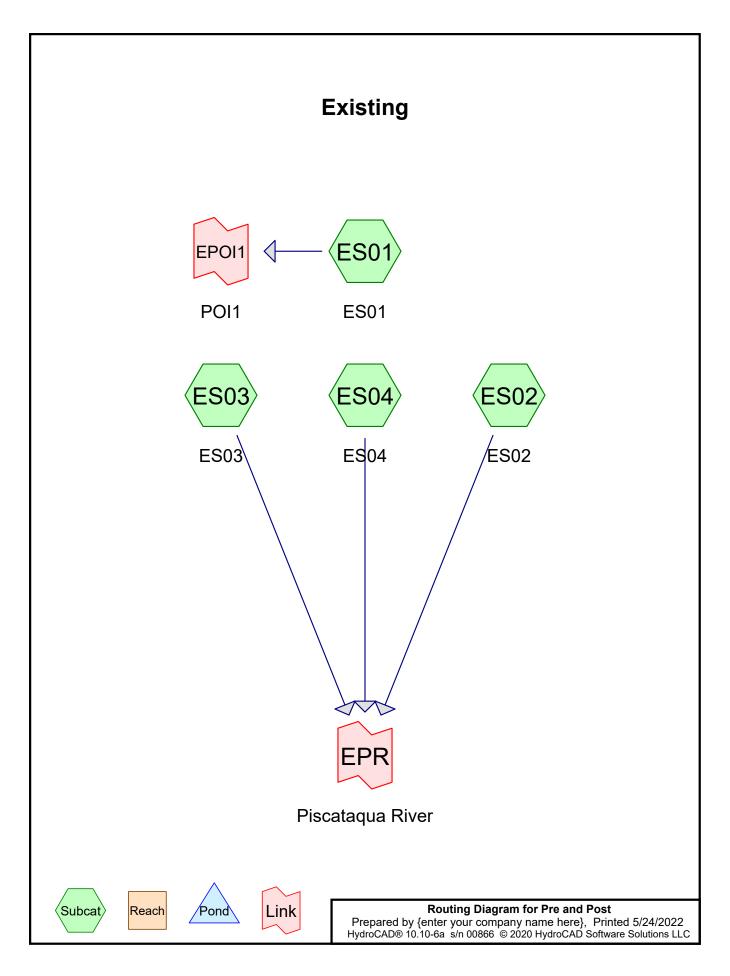
Distance from bottom of auger hole to impereable layer (ESHW - Depth of Auger Hole in cm)

	1.1	1.5	1.6	1.4	
	Hole #1	Hole #2	Hole #3	Average	

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<u>APPENDIX D – PRE-DEVELOPMENT</u> <u>CALCULATIONS</u>

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Event#	Event Name	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration (hours)	B/B	Depth (inches)	AMC
1	2 yr	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	3.69	2
2	10 yr	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	5.59	2
3	25 yr	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	7.10	2
4	50 yr	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	8.49	2

Rainfall Events Listing (selected events)

Area Listing (selected nodes)

Are	ea CN	Description
(acre	s)	(subcatchment-numbers)
0.14	2 35	Brush, Fair, HSG A (ES02, ES03, ES04)
0.43	35 49	Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A (ES01, ES02, ES03, ES04)
0.12	20 98	Paved parking, HSG A (ES02, ES03, ES04)
0.05	57 98	Roofs, HSG A (ES01, ES03, ES04)
0.00)5 43	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG A (ES01)
0.7	59 58	TOTAL AREA

Soil Listing (selected nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
0.759	HSG A	ES01, ES02, ES03, ES04
0.000	HSG B	
0.000	HSG C	
0.000	HSG D	
0.000	Other	
0.759		TOTAL AREA

HSG-A	HSG-B	HSG-C	HSG-D	Other	Total	Ground	Subcatchment
 (acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Cover	Numbers
0.142	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.142	Brush, Fair	ES0
							2,
							ES0
							3,
							ES0
							4
0.435	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.435	Pasture/grassland/range, Fair	ES0
							1,
							ES0
							2,
							ES0
							3,
							ES0
							4
0.120	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.120	Paved parking	ES0
							2,
							ES0
							3,
							ES0
							4
0.057	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.057	Roofs	ES0
							1,
							ES0
							3,
							ES0
							4
0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	Woods/grass comb., Fair	ES0
							1
0.759	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.759	TOTAL AREA	

Ground Covers (selected nodes)

Pre and Post	Type III 24-hr 2 yr Rainfall=3.69"
Prepared by {enter your company name here}	Printed 5/24/2022
HydroCAD® 10.10-6a s/n 00866 © 2020 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC	Page 6

SubcatchmentES01: ES01	Flow Length=85	Runoff Area=4,670 sf 3.55% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.24" ' Slope=0.0235 '/' Tc=8.1 min CN=50 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.002 af
SubcatchmentES02: ES02		Runoff Area=10,846 sf 38.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.96" Flow Length=120' Tc=6.0 min CN=67 Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.020 af
SubcatchmentES03: ES03		Runoff Area=13,313 sf 17.35% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.31" Flow Length=141' Tc=8.5 min CN=52 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.008 af
SubcatchmentES04: ES04		Runoff Area=4,216 sf 26.54% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.66" Flow Length=93' Tc=6.0 min CN=61 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.005 af
Link EPOI1: POI1		Inflow=0.0 cfs 0.002 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.002 af
Link EPR: Piscataqua River	r	Inflow=0.3 cfs 0.033 af Primary=0.3 cfs 0.033 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.759 ac Runoff Volume = 0.035 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.56" 76.65% Pervious = 0.581 ac 23.35% Impervious = 0.177 ac

Pre and Post	Type III 24-hr	10 yr Rainfall=5.59"
Prepared by {enter your company name here}		Printed 5/24/2022
HydroCAD® 10.10-6a s/n 00866 © 2020 HydroCAD Software Solutions LI	LC	Page 7

SubcatchmentES01: ES01	Flow Length=85	Runoff Area=4,670 sf 3.55% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.95" Slope=0.0235 '/' Tc=8.1 min CN=50 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.008 af
SubcatchmentES02: ES02		Runoff Area=10,846 sf 38.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.23" Flow Length=120' Tc=6.0 min CN=67 Runoff=0.6 cfs 0.046 af
SubcatchmentES03: ES03		Runoff Area=13,313 sf 17.35% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.08" Flow Length=141' Tc=8.5 min CN=52 Runoff=0.3 cfs 0.028 af
SubcatchmentES04: ES04		Runoff Area=4,216 sf 26.54% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.74" Flow Length=93' Tc=6.0 min CN=61 Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.014 af
Link EPOI1: POI1		Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.008 af Primary=0.1 cfs 0.008 af
Link EPR: Piscataqua River	r	Inflow=1.1 cfs 0.088 af Primary=1.1 cfs 0.088 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.759 ac Runoff Volume = 0.096 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.52" 76.65% Pervious = 0.581 ac 23.35% Impervious = 0.177 ac

Pre and Post	Type III 24-hr	25 yr Rainfall=7.10"
Prepared by {enter your company name here}		Printed 5/24/2022
HydroCAD® 10.10-6a s/n 00866 © 2020 HydroCAD Software Solutions L	LC	Page 8
		Page o

SubcatchmentES01: ES01	Flow Length=85	Runoff Area=4,670 sf 3.55% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.72" ' Slope=0.0235 '/' Tc=8.1 min CN=50 Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.015 af
SubcatchmentES02: ES02		Runoff Area=10,846 sf 38.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.39" Flow Length=120' Tc=6.0 min CN=67 Runoff=1.0 cfs 0.070 af
SubcatchmentES03: ES03		Runoff Area=13,313 sf 17.35% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.91" Flow Length=141' Tc=8.5 min CN=52 Runoff=0.6 cfs 0.049 af
SubcatchmentES04: ES04		Runoff Area=4,216 sf 26.54% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.77" Flow Length=93' Tc=6.0 min CN=61 Runoff=0.3 cfs 0.022 af
Link EPOI1: POI1		Inflow=0.2 cfs 0.015 af Primary=0.2 cfs 0.015 af
Link EPR: Piscataqua Rive	r	Inflow=1.8 cfs_0.141 af Primary=1.8 cfs_0.141 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.759 ac Runoff Volume = 0.157 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.48" 76.65% Pervious = 0.581 ac 23.35% Impervious = 0.177 ac

Pre and Post	Type III 24-hr	50 yr Rainfall=8.49"
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SubcatchmentES01: ES01	Flow Length=85'	,	•	s Runoff Depth=2.55" unoff=0.3 cfs 0.023 af
SubcatchmentES02: ES02		,	•	s Runoff Depth=4.53" unoff=1.3 cfs 0.094 af
SubcatchmentES03: ES03			•	s Runoff Depth=2.78" unoff=0.8 cfs 0.071 af
SubcatchmentES04: ES04		,	•	s Runoff Depth=3.82" unoff=0.4 cfs 0.031 af
Link EPOI1: POI1				Inflow=0.3 cfs
Link EPR: Piscataqua Rive				Inflow=2.5 cfs 0.196 af imary=2.5 cfs 0.196 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.759 ac Runoff Volume = 0.218 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.46" 76.65% Pervious = 0.581 ac 23.35% Impervious = 0.177 ac

<u>APPENDIX E – PRE-DEVELOPMENT</u> CALCULATIONS (10-YEAR STORM EVENT)

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							, ,	
Event#	Event Name	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration (hours)		Depth (inches)	AMC
1	10 yr	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	5.59	2

Rainfall Events Listing (selected events)

Summary for Subcatchment ES01: ES01

Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.008 af, Depth= 0.95" Routed to Link EPOI1 : POI1

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description					
	166	98	Roofs, HSG A					
	225	43	Woods/grass comb., Fair, HSG A					
	4,279	49	Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A					
	4,670	50	Weighted Average					
	4,504	9	96.45% Pervious Area					
	166	;	3.55% Impervious Area					
Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
8.1	85	0.0235	0.18		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 1			
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.21"			

Summary for Subcatchment ES02: ES02

Runoff	=	0.6 cfs @	12.10 hrs,	Volume=				
Routed to Link EPR : Piscatagua River								

0.046 af, Depth= 2.23"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription					
	4,121	98 Paved parking, HSG A						
	738	35 B	rush, Fair,	HSG A				
	5,987	49 P	asture/gra	ssland/ran	ge, Fair, HSG A			
	10,846	67 V	Veighted A	verage				
	6,725	6	2.00% Per	vious Area	L			
	4,121	3	8.00% Imp	ervious Ar	ea			
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
2.6	48	0.1250	0.31		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 1			
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.21"			
0.4	51	0.0660	1.94		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 2			
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.21"			
0.2	21	0.1900	2.18		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated 1			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
2.8					Direct Entry, Direct Entry			
6.0	120	Total						

Summary for Subcatchment ES03: ES03

Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.028 af, Depth= 1.08" Routed to Link EPR : Piscataqua River

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description							
	650	98 F	98 Paved parking, HSG A							
	1,660	98 F	Roofs, HSG	S A						
	5,154	35 E	Brush, Fair,	, HSG A						
	5,849	49 F	Pasture/gra	ssland/rang	ge, Fair, HSG A					
	13,313	52 V	Veighted A	verage						
	11,003	8	32.65% Pei	rvious Area						
	2,310	1	7.35% Imp	pervious Ar	ea					
Тс	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description					
	•	•			Description Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 1					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)							
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 1					
<u>(min)</u> 8.3	(feet) 100	(ft/ft) 0.0300	(ft/sec) 0.20		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 1 Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.21"					

Summary for Subcatchment ES04: ES04

Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= Routed to Link EPR : Piscataqua River 0.014 af, Depth= 1.74"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
463	98	Paved parking, HSG A
656	98	Roofs, HSG A
283	35	Brush, Fair, HSG A
2,814	49	Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A
4,216	61	Weighted Average
3,097		73.46% Pervious Area
1,119		26.54% Impervious Area

Pre and Post

 Type III 24-hr
 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
0.1	19	0.1500	2.21		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 1
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.21"
0.1	26	0.0100	2.99	0.30	Channel Flow, Channel 1
					Area= 0.1 sf Perim= 1.3' r= 0.08'
					n= 0.009 PVC, smooth interior
0.2	48	0.2900	3.77		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated 1
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
 5.6					Direct Entry, Direct Entry
6.0	93	Total			

Summary for Link EPOI1: POI1

Inflow Area =	0.107 ac,	3.55% Impervious, Inflow	Depth = 0.95" for 10 yr event
Inflow =	0.1 cfs @	12.15 hrs, Volume=	0.008 af
Primary =	0.1 cfs @	12.15 hrs, Volume=	0.008 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

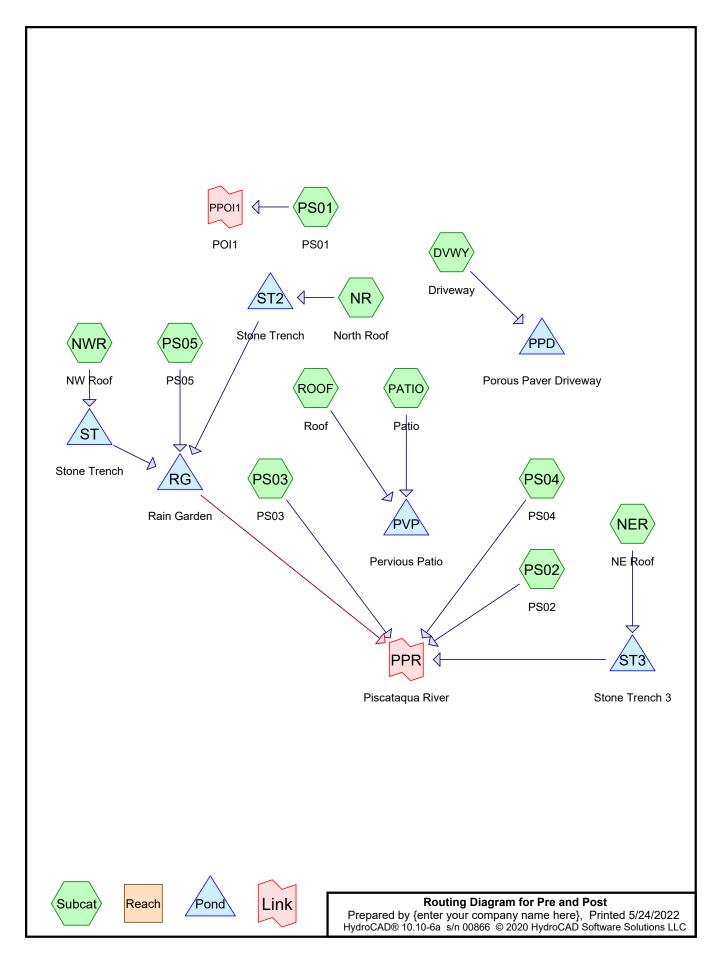
Summary for Link EPR: Piscataqua River

Inflow Area =	0.651 ac,	26.61% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.62"	for 10 yr event
Inflow =	1.1 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	• 0.088 af	
Primary =	1.1 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	e 0.088 af, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

<u>APPENDIX F – POST-DEVELOPMENT</u> <u>CALCULATIONS</u>

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	Event#	Event	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration	B/B	Depth	AMC
_		Name				(hours)		(inches)	
	1	2 yr	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	3.69	2
	2	10 yr	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	5.59	2
	3	25 yr	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	7.10	2
	4	50 yr	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	8.49	2

Rainfall Events Listing (selected events)

Area Listing (selected nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.513	49	Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A (PS01, PS02, PS03, PS04, PS05)
0.138	98	Paved parking, HSG A (DVWY, PS01, PS02)
0.026	98	Pervious Patio, HSG A (PATIO)
0.013	98	Retaining Wall & Steps, HSG A (PS03)
0.005	98	Retaining Wall & Walkway, HSG A (PS05)
0.004	98	Retaining Wall and Steps, HSG A, (PS04)
0.059	98	Roofs, HSG A (NER, NR, NWR, ROOF)
0.759	65	TOTAL AREA

Soil Listing (selected nodes)

	Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
	0.759	HSG A	DVWY, NER, NR, NWR, PATIO, PS01, PS02, PS03, PS04, PS05, ROOF
	0.000	HSG B	
	0.000	HSG C	
	0.000	HSG D	
	0.000	Other	
	0.759		TOTAL AREA

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HSG-A	HSG-B	HSG-C	HSG-D	Other	Total	Ground	Subcatchment
(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Cover	Numbers
 0.513	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.513	Pasture/grassland/range, Fair	PS0
							1,
							PS0
							2,
							PS0
							3,
							PS0
							4,
							PS0
							5
0.138	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.138	Paved parking	DV
							WY,
							PS0
							1,
							PS0
							2
0.026	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.026	Pervious Patio	PAT
							IO
0.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.013	Retaining Wall & Steps	PS0
							3
0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	Retaining Wall & Walkway	PS0
							5
0.004	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.004	Retaining Wall and Steps	PS0
							4
0.059	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.059	Roofs	NER
							, ND
							NR,
							NW
							R,
							RO
0 750	0 000	0 000	0 000	0.000	0 750		OF
0.759	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.759	TOTAL AREA	

Ground Covers (selected nodes)

SubcatchmentDVWY: Drive	eway	Runoff Area=2,397 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.44" Tc=790.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.016 af
SubcatchmentNER: NE Roo	of	Runoff Area=871 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.46" Tc=0.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.006 af
SubcatchmentNR: North Ro	oof	Runoff Area=288 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.46" Tc=0.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.002 af
SubcatchmentNWR: NW Ro	oof	Runoff Area=359 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.46" Tc=0.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.002 af
SubcatchmentPATIO: Patio)	Runoff Area=1,136 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.44" Tc=790.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.007 af
SubcatchmentPS01: PS01	Flow Length=63	Runoff Area=3,398 sf 3.91% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.27" 3' Slope=0.0630 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=51 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.002 af
SubcatchmentPS02: PS02		Runoff Area=11,262 sf 30.98% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.80" Flow Length=145' Tc=6.0 min CN=64 Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.017 af
SubcatchmentPS03: PS03	Flow Length=71	Runoff Area=7,487 sf 7.71% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.34" I' Slope=0.0600 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=53 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.005 af
SubcatchmentPS04: PS04	Flow Length=68	Runoff Area=2,723 sf 6.17% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.31" 3' Slope=0.1760 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=52 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.002 af
SubcatchmentPS05: PS05	Flow Length=35	Runoff Area=2,083 sf 10.66% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.38" 5' Slope=0.1070 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=54 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.001 af
SubcatchmentROOF: Roof		Runoff Area=1,041 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.46" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.007 af
Pond PPD: Porous Paver Dr	riveway	Peak Elev=9.70' Storage=0 cf Inflow=0.0 cfs 0.016 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.016 af
Pond PVP: Pervious Patio		Peak Elev=16.61' Storage=75 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.014 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.014 af
Pond RG: Rain Garden Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.003 af	Primary=0.0 cfs	Peak Elev=14.02' Storage=88 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.003 af 0.000 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.003 af
Pond ST: Stone Trench	Discarded=0.0	Peak Elev=14.71' Storage=0.000 af Inflow=0.0 cfs 0.002 af cfs 0.001 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.001 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.002 af
Pond ST2: Stone Trench	Discarded=0.0	Peak Elev=18.23' Storage=0.000 af Inflow=0.0 cfs 0.002 af cfs 0.001 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.001 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.002 af

Pond ST3: Stone Trench 3Peak Elev=19.01' Storage=42 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.006 af
Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.002 af Primary=0.1 cfs 0.004 af Outflow=0.1 cfs 0.006 af

Link PPOI1: POI1

Inflow=0.0 cfs 0.002 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.002 af

Link PPR: Piscataqua River

Inflow=0.3 cfs 0.028 af Primary=0.3 cfs 0.028 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.759 ac Runoff Volume = 0.067 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.06" 67.68% Pervious = 0.513 ac 32.32% Impervious = 0.245 ac

SubcatchmentDVWY: Drive	eway	Runoff Area=2,397 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.32" Tc=790.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.024 af
SubcatchmentNER: NE Roo	of	Runoff Area=871 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.35" Tc=0.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.009 af
SubcatchmentNR: North Ro	oof	Runoff Area=288 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.35" Tc=0.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.003 af
SubcatchmentNWR: NW Ro	oof	Runoff Area=359 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.35" Tc=0.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.004 af
SubcatchmentPATIO: Patio		Runoff Area=1,136 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.32" Tc=790.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.012 af
SubcatchmentPS01: PS01	Flow Length=63'	Runoff Area=3,398 sf 3.91% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.01" S' Slope=0.0630 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=51 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.007 af
SubcatchmentPS02: PS02		Runoff Area=11,262 sf 30.98% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.98" Flow Length=145' Tc=6.0 min CN=64 Runoff=0.6 cfs 0.043 af
SubcatchmentPS03: PS03	Flow Length=71'	Runoff Area=7,487 sf 7.71% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.15" ' Slope=0.0600 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=53 Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.016 af
SubcatchmentPS04: PS04	Flow Length=68'	Runoff Area=2,723 sf 6.17% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.08" S' Slope=0.1760 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=52 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.006 af
SubcatchmentPS05: PS05	Flow Length=35'	Runoff Area=2,083 sf 10.66% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.22" 5' Slope=0.1070 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=54 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.005 af
SubcatchmentROOF: Roof		Runoff Area=1,041 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.35" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.011 af
Pond PPD: Porous Paver Dr	iveway	Peak Elev=9.70' Storage=0 cf Inflow=0.0 cfs 0.024 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.024 af
Pond PVP: Pervious Patio		Peak Elev=16.78' Storage=144 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.022 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.022 af
Pond RG: Rain Garden Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.005 af	Primary=0.0 cfs	Peak Elev=14.38' Storage=153 cf Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.008 af 0.004 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.008 af
Pond ST: Stone Trench	Discarded=0.0	Peak Elev=14.71' Storage=0.000 af Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.004 af cfs 0.002 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.002 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.004 af
Pond ST2: Stone Trench	Discarded=0.0	Peak Elev=18.23' Storage=0.000 af Inflow=0.0 cfs 0.003 af cfs 0.001 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.001 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.003 af

Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59" Printed 5/24/2022 ons LLC Page 9

Pond ST3: Stone Trench 3Peak Elev=19.02' Storage=42 cfInflow=0.1 cfs0.009 afDiscarded=0.0 cfs0.002 afPrimary=0.1 cfs0.007 afOutflow=0.1 cfs0.009 af

Link PPOI1: POI1

Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.007 af Primary=0.1 cfs 0.007 af

Link PPR: Piscataqua River

Inflow=0.9 cfs 0.076 af Primary=0.9 cfs 0.076 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.759 ac Runoff Volume = 0.138 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.19" 67.68% Pervious = 0.513 ac 32.32% Impervious = 0.245 ac

SubcatchmentDVWY: Drive	eway	Runoff Area=2,397 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>6.82" Tc=790.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.031 af
SubcatchmentNER: NE Roo	of	Runoff Area=871 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.86" Tc=0.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.011 af
SubcatchmentNR: North Ro	oof	Runoff Area=288 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.86" Tc=0.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.004 af
SubcatchmentNWR: NW Ro	oof	Runoff Area=359 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.86" Tc=0.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.005 af
SubcatchmentPATIO: Patio		Runoff Area=1,136 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>6.82" Tc=790.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0.015 af
SubcatchmentPS01: PS01	Flow Length=63	Runoff Area=3,398 sf 3.91% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.81" 3' Slope=0.0630 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=51 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.012 af
SubcatchmentPS02: PS02		Runoff Area=11,262 sf 30.98% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.08" Flow Length=145' Tc=6.0 min CN=64 Runoff=0.9 cfs 0.066 af
SubcatchmentPS03: PS03	Flow Length=71	Runoff Area=7,487 sf 7.71% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.00" ' Slope=0.0600 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=53 Runoff=0.4 cfs 0.029 af
SubcatchmentPS04: PS04	Flow Length=68	Runoff Area=2,723 sf 6.17% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.91" 3' Slope=0.1760 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=52 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.010 af
SubcatchmentPS05: PS05	Flow Length=35	Runoff Area=2,083 sf 10.66% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.09" 5' Slope=0.1070 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=54 Runoff=0.1 cfs 0.008 af
SubcatchmentROOF: Roof		Runoff Area=1,041 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.86" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.2 cfs 0.014 af
Pond PPD: Porous Paver Dr	iveway	Peak Elev=9.70' Storage=0 cf Inflow=0.0 cfs 0.031 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.031 af
Pond PVP: Pervious Patio		Peak Elev=16.94' Storage=207 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 0.028 af Outflow=0.0 cfs 0.029 af
Pond RG: Rain Garden Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.005 af	Primary=0.2 cfs	Peak Elev=14.43' Storage=166 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 0.014 af 0.009 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.2 cfs 0.014 af
Pond ST: Stone Trench	Discarded=0.0	Peak Elev=14.71' Storage=0.000 af Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.005 af cfs 0.002 af Primary=0.1 cfs 0.003 af Outflow=0.1 cfs 0.005 af
Pond ST2: Stone Trench	Discarded=0.0	Peak Elev=18.23' Storage=0.000 af Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.004 af cfs 0.002 af Primary=0.0 cfs 0.002 af Outflow=0.1 cfs 0.004 af

Pond ST3: Stone Trench 3Peak Elev=19.02' Storage=42 cfInflow=0.2 cfs0.011 afDiscarded=0.0 cfs0.002 afPrimary=0.2 cfs0.009 afOutflow=0.2 cfs0.011 af

Link PPOI1: POI1

Inflow=0.1 cfs 0.012 af Primary=0.1 cfs 0.012 af

Link PPR: Piscataqua River

Inflow=1.6 cfs 0.123 af Primary=1.6 cfs 0.123 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.759 ac Runoff Volume = 0.205 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.24" 67.68% Pervious = 0.513 ac 32.32% Impervious = 0.245 ac

Type III 24-hr 25 yr Rainfall=7.10" Printed 5/24/2022 LC Page 11

SubcatchmentDVWY: Drive	eway	Runoff Area=2,397 Tc	sf 100.00% =790.0 min			
SubcatchmentNER: NE Roo	of	Runoff Area=871	sf 100.00% Tc=0.0 min			
SubcatchmentNR: North Ro	oof	Runoff Area=288	sf 100.00% Tc=0.0 min			
SubcatchmentNWR: NW Ro	oof	Runoff Area=359	sf 100.00% Tc=0.0 min			
SubcatchmentPATIO: Patio)	Runoff Area=1,136 Tc	sf 100.00% =790.0 min			
SubcatchmentPS01: PS01	Flow Length=63'	Runoff Area=3,39 Slope=0.0630 '/'				
SubcatchmentPS02: PS02		Runoff Area=11,262 Flow Length=145'				
SubcatchmentPS03: PS03	Flow Length=71'	Runoff Area=7,48 Slope=0.0600 '/'				
SubcatchmentPS04: PS04	Flow Length=68'	Runoff Area=2,72 Slope=0.1760 '/'				
SubcatchmentPS05: PS05	Flow Length=35'	Runoff Area=2,083 Slope=0.1070 '/'				
SubcatchmentROOF: Roof		Runoff Area=1,041	sf 100.00% Tc=6.0 min			
Pond PPD: Porous Paver Dr	riveway	Peak Elev	/=9.70' Stora		flow=0.0 cfs flow=0.0 cfs	
Pond PVP: Pervious Patio		Peak Elev=17	7.10' Storage	-	flow=0.2 cfs flow=0.0 cfs	
Pond RG: Rain Garden Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.005 af	Primary=0.3 cfs	Peak Elev=14 0.014 af Secondar				
Pond ST: Stone Trench	Discarded=0.0	Peak Elev=14.7 cfs 0.002 af Primar				
Pond ST2: Stone Trench	Discarded=0.0	Peak Elev=18.2 cfs 0.002 af Primar				

Pond ST3: Stone Trench 3 Peak Elev=19.03' Storage=42 cf Inflow=0.2 cfs 0.014 af Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.002 af Primary=0.2 cfs 0.012 af Outflow=0.2 cfs 0.014 af

Link PPOI1: POI1

Inflow=0.2 cfs 0.017 af Primary=0.2 cfs 0.017 af

Link PPR: Piscataqua River

Inflow=2.3 cfs 0.172 af Primary=2.3 cfs 0.172 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.759 ac Runoff Volume = 0.271 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.29" 67.68% Pervious = 0.513 ac 32.32% Impervious = 0.245 ac

Type III 24-hr 50 yr Rainfall=8.49" Printed 5/24/2022 LLC Page 13

<u>APPENDIX G – POST-DEVELOPMENT</u> CALCULATIONS (10-YEAR STORM EVENT)

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							, ,		
Event#	Event Name	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration (hours)	B/B	Depth (inches)	AMC	
1	10 yr	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	5.59	2	

Rainfall Events Listing (selected events)

Summary for Subcatchment DVWY: Driveway

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 21.94 hrs, Volume= 0.024 af, Depth> 5.32" Routed to Pond PPD : Porous Paver Driveway

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	2,397	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	N
	2,397		100.00% In	npervious A	vrea
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
790.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Summary for Subcatchment NER: NE Roof

0.009 af, Depth= 5.35"

Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= Routed to Pond ST3 : Stone Trench 3

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

Are	a (sf)	CN	Description
	871	98	Roofs, HSG A
	871		100.00% Impervious Area

Summary for Subcatchment NR: North Roof

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af, Depth= 5.35" Routed to Pond ST2 : Stone Trench

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
 288	98	Roofs, HSG A
 288		100.00% Impervious Area

Summary for Subcatchment NWR: NW Roof

Runoff	=	0.1 cfs @	12.00 hrs,	Volume=	0.004 af,	Depth= 5.35"
Routed	to Pond	d ST : Stone	Trench			

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

Area (sf) CN Description							
359 98 Roofs, HSG A							
359 100.00% Impervious Area							
Summary for Subcatchment PATIO: Patio							
Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 21.94 hrs, Volume= 0.012 af, Depth> 5.32" Routed to Pond PVP : Pervious Patio							
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"							
Area (sf) CN Description							
* 1,136 98 Pervious Patio, HSG A							
1,136 100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)							
790.0 Direct Entry, Direct Entry							
Summary for Subcatchment PS01: PS01							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01"							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59" <u>Area (sf) CN Description</u> 133 98 Paved parking, HSG A 0 98 Roofs, HSG A							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59" <u>Area (sf) CN Description</u> 133 98 Paved parking, HSG A 0 98 Roofs, HSG A 3,265 49 Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59" Area (sf) CN Description 133 98 Paved parking, HSG A 0 98 Roofs, HSG A 3,265 49 Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A 3,398 51 Weighted Average							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59" Area (sf) CN Description 133 98 Paved parking, HSG A 0 98 Roofs, HSG A 3,265 49 Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A 3,398 51 Weighted Average 3,265 96.09% Pervious Area							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59" Area (sf) CN Description 133 98 Paved parking, HSG A 0 98 Roofs, HSG A 3,265 49 Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A 3,398 51 Weighted Average							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59" Area (sf) CN Description 133 98 Paved parking, HSG A 0 98 Roofs, HSG A 3,265 49 Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A 3,398 51 Weighted Average 3,265 96.09% Pervious Area 133 3.91% Impervious Area							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59" Area (sf) CN Description 133 98 Paved parking, HSG A 0 98 Roofs, HSG A 3,265 49 Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A 3,398 51 Weighted Average 3,265 96.09% Pervious Area							
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 1.01" Routed to Link PPOI1 : POI1 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59" <u>Area (sf) CN Description</u> 133 98 Paved parking, HSG A 0 98 Roofs, HSG A 3,265 49 Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A 3,398 51 Weighted Average 3,265 96.09% Pervious Area 133 3.91% Impervious Area Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description							

Summary for Subcatchment PS02: PS02

Runoff 0.6 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= = Routed to Link PPR : Piscataqua River

63 Total

1.7

6.0

0.043 af, Depth= 1.98"

Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	3,489	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A	N
	0	98 F	Roofs, HSC	δĂ.	
	7,773	49 F	Pasture/gra	ssland/ran	ge, Fair, HSG A
	0	35 E	Brush, Fair,	HSG A	
	11,262	64 V	Veighted A	verage	
	7,773	6	9.02% Per	vious Area	
	3,489	3	30.98% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
4.7	78	0.0770	0.28		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 1
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.21"
0.3	22	0.0450	1.41		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 2
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.21"
0.1	18	0.0555	4.78		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated 1
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	27	0.1850	2.15		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Shallow Concentrated 2
07					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.7					Direct Entry, Direct Entry
6.0	145	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment PS03: PS03

Runoff	=	0.2 cfs @	12.11 hrs,	Volume=
Routed	l to Lin	k PPR : Pisca	itaqua Rivei	r

0.016 af, Depth= 1.15"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN Description						
*		577	98 F	98 Retaining Wall & Steps, HSG A					
		6,910	49 F	Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A					
		7,487	53 V	53 Weighted Average					
		6,910	g	2.29% Per	rvious Area				
		577	7	.71% Impe	ervious Are	a			
	т.	1	0	Mala aite e	0	Description			
	Tc (min)	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	4.8	71	0.0600	0.25		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 1			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.21"			
	1.2					Direct Entry, Direct Entry			
	6.0	71	Total						

Summary for Subcatchment PS04: PS04

Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 0.006 af, Depth= 1.08" Routed to Link PPR : Piscataqua River

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

	A	rea (sf)	CN	N Description					
*		168	98	98 Retaining Wall and Steps, HSG A,					
		0	98	Roofs, HSG A					
		2,555	49	Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A					
		0	35	Brush, Fair, HSG A					
		2,723	52	Neighted A	verage				
		2,555		93.83% Pervious Area					
		168		6.17% Impe	ervious Are	а			
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(r	min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	4.4	68	0.1760	0.26		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow 1			
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.21"			
	1.6					Direct Entry, Direct Entry			
	6.0	68	Total						

Summary for Subcatchment PS05: PS05

Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= Routed to Pond RG : Rain Garden 0.005 af, Depth= 1.22"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

	A	rea (sf)	CN [Description					
*		222	98 F	8 Retaining Wall & Walkway, HSG A					
_		1,861	49 F	Pasture/grassland/range, Fair, HSG A					
		2,083	54 \	4 Weighted Average					
		1,861	8	89.34% Pervious Area					
		222		0.66% Imp	ea				
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	2.2	35	0.1070	0.27		Sheet Flow, Sheet Flow			
						Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.21"			
_	3.8					Direct Entry, Direct Entry			
	6.0	35	Total						

Summary for Subcatchment ROOF: Roof

Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= Routed to Pond PVP : Pervious Patio 0.011 af, Depth= 5.35"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description				
	1,041	98 I	Roofs, HSG	βA			
	1,041		100.00% Impervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
6.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry		

Summary for Pond PPD: Porous Paver Driveway

Inflow Area =	0.055 ac,100.00% Impervious, Inflov	v Depth > 5.32" for 10 yr event
Inflow =	0.0 cfs @ 21.94 hrs, Volume=	0.024 af
Outflow =	0.0 cfs @ 21.94 hrs, Volume=	0.024 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.0 cfs @ 21.94 hrs, Volume=	0.024 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 9.70' @ 21.94 hrs Surf.Area= 2,099 sf Storage= 0 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 0.0 min (1,455.9 - 1,455.9)

Volume	Invert /	Avail.Storage	Storage Descripti	on			
#1	10.95'	210 cf		Subbase (Irregular) Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious 2,099 cf Overall x 10.0% Voids			
#2	10.70'	210 cf		ular)Listed below	(Recalc) -Impervious		
#3	9.70'	840 cf		(Irregular)Listed	pelow (Recalc)		
		1,259 cf	Total Available S	torage			
Elevation	Surf.Ar	ea Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area		
(feet)	(sq	-ft) (feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)		
10.95	2,0	99 257.0	0	0	2,099		
11.95	2,0	99 257.0	2,099	2,099	2,356		
Elevation	Surf.Ar		Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area		
(feet)	(sq	-ft) (feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	<u>(sq-ft)</u>		
10.70	2,0	99 257.0	0	0	2,099		
10.95	2,0	99 257.0	525	525	2,163		

Inflow Area Inflow Outflow Discarded	= 0.1 = 0.0	050 ac,100.00% l l cfs @ 12.09 hr) cfs @ 11.85 hr) cfs @ 11.85 hr	s, Volume= 0.022 af, Atten= 88%, Lag= 0.0 min
			Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 rea= 1,000 sf Storage= 144 cf
	- 10.70 @		
v		me= (not calculate me= 36.4 min (1,	ed: outflow precedes inflow)
Center-or-	viass uet. III	me- 30.4 mm (1,	131.9 - 1,113.0)
Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	19.00'	100 cf	Subbase (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious
			1,000 cf Overall x 10.0% Voids
#2	18.75'	100 cf	Pea Stone (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious
			250 cf Overall x 40.0% Voids
#2	16 40	022 of	Back Bacameric (Innersular) istad balaw (Bacala)

Pre	and	Po	st
D		Ia	C

Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59" Printed 5/24/2022

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Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Perim. (feet)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	Wet.Area (sq-ft)
9.70	2,099	257.0	0	0	2,099
10.70	2,099	257.0	2,099	2,099	2,356
Device Routing	ı İnv	ert Outlet	Devices		

#1	Discarded	9.70'	0.650 in/hr E	Exfiltration	over Horizontal area
Discard	ed OutFlow Max	=0.0 cfs	@ 21.94 hrs	HW=9.70'	(Free Discharge)

1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Summary for Pond PVP: Pervious Patio

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	19.00'	100 cf	Subbase (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc) - Impervious
			1,000 cf Overall x 10.0% Voids
#2	18.75'	100 cf	Pea Stone (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc) -Impervious
			250 cf Overall x 40.0% Voids
#3	16.42'	932 cf	Rock Reservoir (Irregular)Listed below (Recalc)
			2,330 cf Overall x 40.0% Voids
		1 100 5	

1,132 cf Total Available Storage

Elevation	Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
19.00	1,000	212.1	0	0	1,000	
20.00	1.000	212.1	1,000	1,000	1,212	
Elevation	Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
18.75	1,000	212.1	0	0	1,000	
19.00	1,000	212.1	250	250	1,053	
Elevation	Surf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
16.42	1,000	212.1	0	0	1,000	
18.75	1,000	212.1	2,330	2,330	1,494	
Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices						

#1	Discarded	

Outlet Devices

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 11.85 hrs HW=16.46' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Summary for Pond RG: Rain Garden

Inflow Area =	0.063 ac,	31.83% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.62" for 10 yr event			
Inflow =	0.1 cfs @	12.04 hrs, Volume=	0.008 af			
Outflow =	0.0 cfs @	12.46 hrs, Volume=	0.008 af, Atten= 71%, Lag= 25.3 min			
Discarded =	0.0 cfs @	11.45 hrs, Volume=	0.005 af			
Primary =	0.0 cfs @	12.46 hrs, Volume=	0.004 af			
Routed to Link PPR : Piscataqua River						
Secondary =	0.0 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af			
Routed to Link	PPR : Pisca	ataqua River				

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 14.38' @ 12.46 hrs Surf.Area= 115 sf Storage= 153 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 390.0 min calculated for 0.008 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 390.9 min (1,217.7 - 826.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail	.Storage	Storage Descripti	on		
#1	14.00'		99 cf	Custom Stage D	ata (Irregular)List	ted below (Recalc)	-Impervious
#2	12.25'		40 cf			w (Recalc) -Imperv	ious
				201 cf Overall x			
#3	11.25'		46 cf		Irregular)Listed b	elow (Recalc)	
				115 cf Overall x			
			185 cf	Total Available St	torage		
Elevatio	n Sı	urf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(feet	t)	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
14.0	0	115	44.1	0	0	115	
14.5	0	296	64.2	99	99	290	
Elevatio		urf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(feet	/	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
12.2		115	44.1	0	0	115	
14.0	0	115	44.1	201	201	192	
Flovetic			Derim	In a Chara	Curra Chana	\A/at Area	
Elevatio		urf.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(feet	1	(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	<u>(sq-ft)</u>	
11.2 12.2		115 115	44.1 44.1	0 115	0 115	115 159	
12.2	5	115	44.1	115	115	109	
Device	Routing	Inv	vert Outle	et Devices			
#1	Primary	12	.00' 6.0"	Round Culvert			
				2.0' CPP, square			
).0244 '/' Cc= 0.9	
				0		r, Flow Area= 0.20) sf
#2	Discarded			0 in/hr Exfiltratio			
#3	Secondary	15.	.10' 20.0	' long x 5.0' brea	dth Broad-Creste	ed Rectangular W	eir

Pre and Post	Type III 24-hr 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"
Prepared by {enter your company name here}	Printed 5/24/2022
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			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
			Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65
			2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88
#4	Device 1	14.40'	24.0" Horiz. Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads
#5	Device 1	14.20'	2.0" Vert. Orifice C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 11.45 hrs HW=11.29' (Free Discharge) **2=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.46 hrs HW=14.38' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Passes 0.0 cfs of 1.1 cfs potential flow) 4=Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs) 5=Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.0 cfs @ 1.50 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=11.25' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir(Controls 0.0 cfs)

Summary for Pond ST: Stone Trench

Inflow Area =	0.008 ac,100.00% Impervious, In	Iflow Depth = 5.35" for 10 yr event
Inflow =	0.1 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume=	0.004 af
Outflow =	0.0 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume=	0.004 af, Atten= 5%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.0 cfs @ 7.00 hrs, Volume=	0.002 af
Primary =	0.0 cfs @ 12.00 hrs, Volume=	0.002 af
Routed to Pond	d RG : Rain Garden	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 14.71' @ 12.00 hrs Surf.Area= 0.001 ac Storage= 0.000 af

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 105.7 min (846.4 - 740.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	13.70'	0.000 af	3.00'W x 14.70'L x 1.00'H Prismatoid
#2	14.70'	0.000 af	0.001 af Overall x 40.0% Voids 3.00'W x 14.70'L x 0.20'H Prismatoid Impervious 0.000 af Overall x 0.0% Voids
		0.000 af	Total Available Storage
Device #1 #2	Routing Discarded Primary	13.70' 0. ' 14.70' 16 He	utlet Devices 700 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area 6.0' long x 14.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir ead (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.20 1.40 1.60 beef. (English) 2.64 2.65 2.63 2.63 2.65 2.63

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 7.00 hrs HW=13.71' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.00 hrs HW=14.71' TW=13.02' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.0 cfs @ 0.28 fps)

Summary for Pond ST2: Stone Trench

Outflow = Discarded = Primary =	0.0 cfs @ 12 0.0 cfs @ 12 0.0 cfs @ 7	.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.35" for 10 yr event .00 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af .00 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af, Atten= 7%, Lag= 0.0 min .80 hrs, Volume= 0.001 af .00 hrs, Volume= 0.001 af		
		Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Surf.Area= 0.001 ac Storage= 0.000 af		
		lculated: outflow precedes inflow) min(857.6-740.7)		
Volume	Invert Avail.Stor	age Storage Description		
#1	17.22' 0.00	0 af 3.00'W x 14.70'L x 1.00'H Prismatoid	_	
		0.001 af Overall x 40.0% Voids		
#2	18.22' 0.00	0 af 3.00'W x 14.70'L x 0.20'H Prismatoid Impervious 0.000 af Overall x 0.0% Voids		
	0.00	0 af Total Available Storage	_	
Device Rout	ing Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1 Disc	arded 17.22'	0.700 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area	_	
#2 Prim	ary 18.22'	16.0' long x 14.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir		
		Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60		
		Coef. (English) 2.64 2.67 2.70 2.65 2.64 2.65 2.65 2.63		
	Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 7.80 hrs HW=17.23' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)			

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 12.00 hrs HW=18.23' TW=13.02' (Dynamic Tailwater) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.0 cfs @ 0.25 fps)

Summary for Pond ST3: Stone Trench 3

Inflow Area =	0.020 ac,1	00.00% Impervious, In	flow Depth = 5.35" for 10 yr event
Inflow =	0.1 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume=	0.009 af
Outflow =	0.1 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume=	0.009 af, Atten= 1%, Lag= 0.0 min
Discarded =	0.0 cfs @	3.05 hrs, Volume=	0.002 af
Primary =	0.1 cfs @	12.00 hrs, Volume=	0.007 af
Routed to Link	PPR : Pisca	itaqua River	

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 19.02' @ 12.00 hrs Surf.Area= 33 sf Storage= 42 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 172.2 min calculated for 0.009 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 173.3 min (914.0 - 740.7)

Pre and Post

 Type III 24-hr
 10 yr Rainfall=5.59"

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 5/24/2022

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 Page 11

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Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage	Storage Description
#1	17.75'	۷	2 cf	2.00'W x 16.60'L x 1.25'H Prismatoid
#2	19.00'		0 cf	2.00'W x 16.65'L x 0.20'H Prismatoid Impervious
				7 cf Overall x 0.0% Voids
		4	l2 cf	Total Available Storage
Device	Routing	Invert	Outl	et Devices
#1	Discarded	17.75'	0.70	0 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	19.00'	20.0	' long x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
	·		Hea	d (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50	3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
			Coe	f. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65
			2.65	5 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88
Discord	ad OutFlow N	lov-0 0 ofo	@ 2	$05 \text{ bro} = H(M=17.77)^2$ (Erec Discharge)

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 3.05 hrs HW=17.77' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 12.00 hrs HW=19.02' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 0.1 cfs @ 0.32 fps)

Summary for Link PPOI1: POI1

Inflow Are	a =	0.078 ac,	3.91% Impervious, Inflow	Depth = 1.01" for 10 yr event
Inflow	=	0.1 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.007 af
Primary	=	0.1 cfs @	12.11 hrs, Volume=	0.007 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

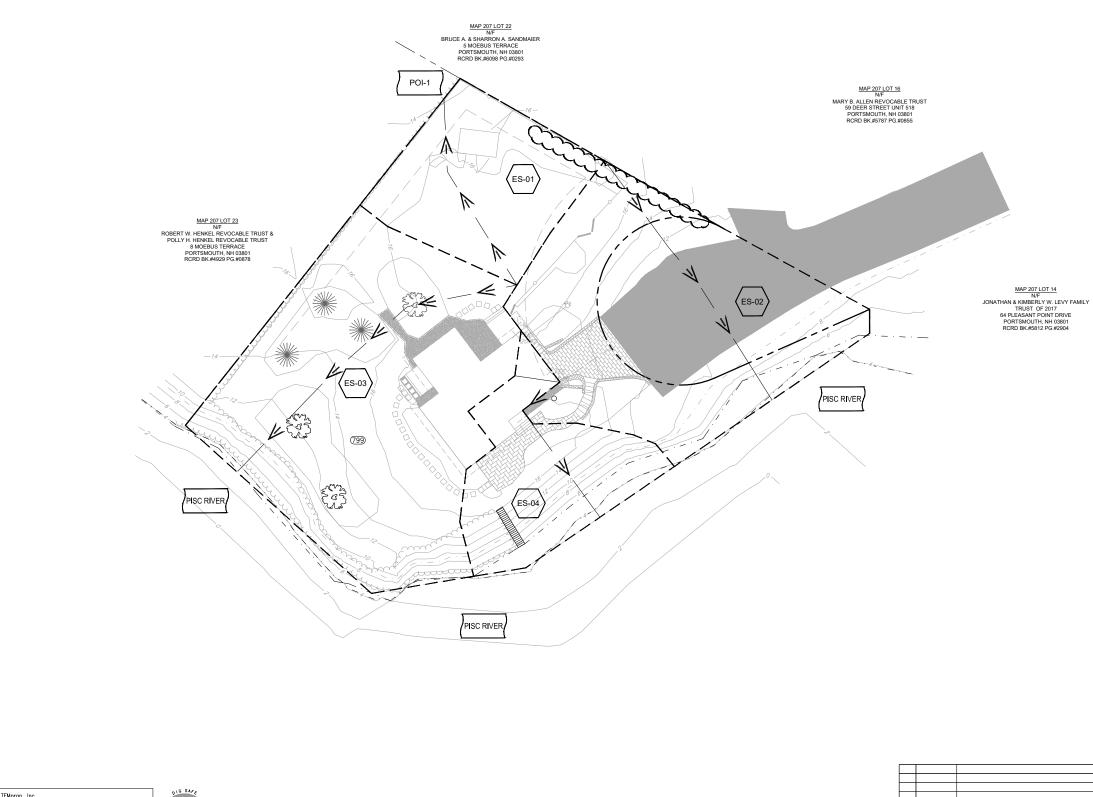
Summary for Link PPR: Piscataqua River

Inflow Are	a =	0.576 ac, 23.83% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.57" for 10 yr even	nt
Inflow	=	0.9 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.076 af	
Primary	=	0.9 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.076 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0	.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

<u>APPENDIX H – PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE</u> <u>MAP</u>

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HORIZONTAL SCALE 1"=20'

REV DATE

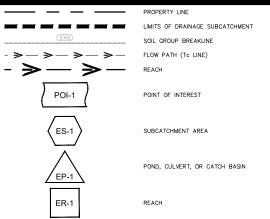
DESCRIPTION

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LEGEND

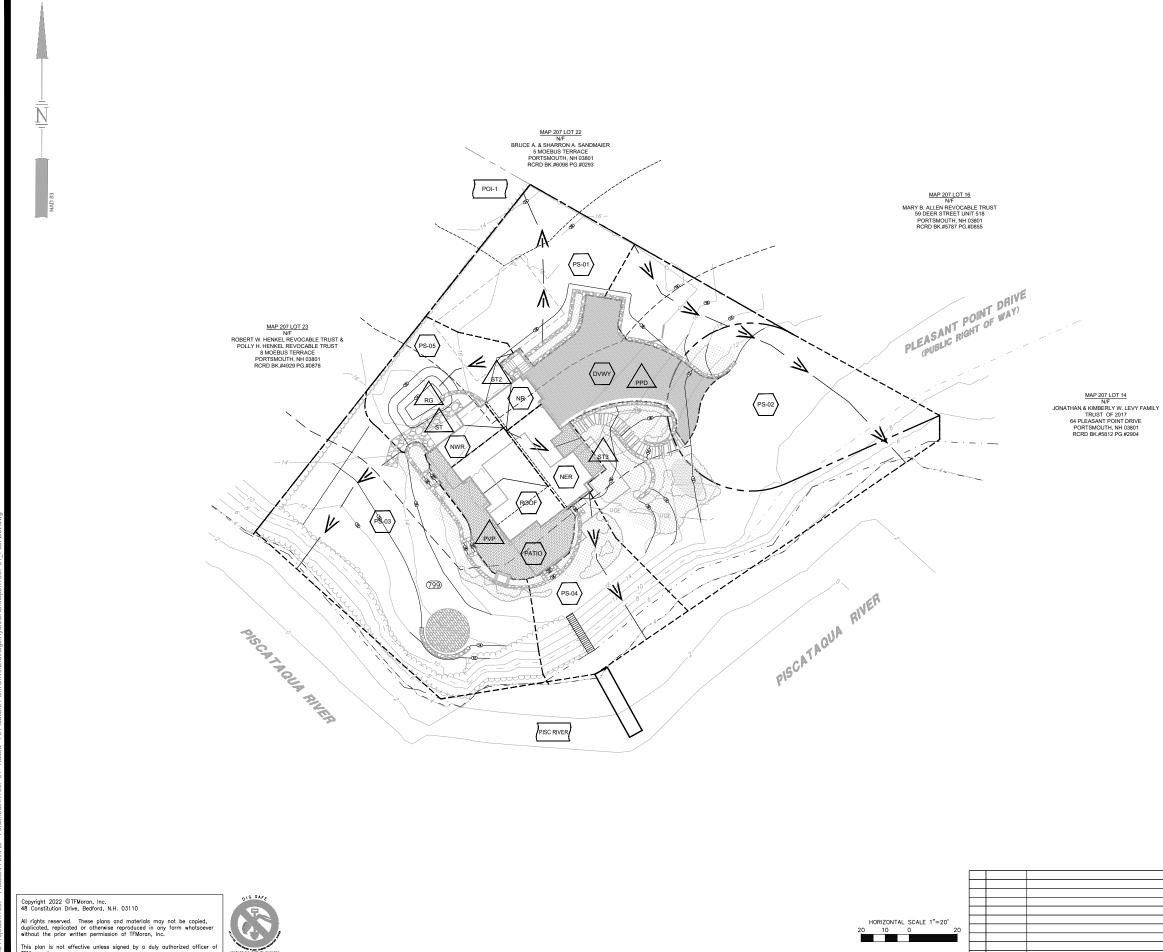


SOIL LEGEND (PER USDA NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY)			
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP	
799	URBAN LAND-CANTON COMPLEX, 3 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES	A	



<u>APPENDIX I – POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE</u> <u>MAP</u>

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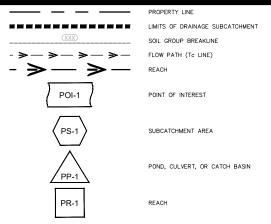
CONTACT DIG SAFE 72 BUSINESS HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION

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REV DATE

DESCRIPTION

LEGEND



SOIL LEGEND (PER USDA NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY)			
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP	
799	URBAN LAND-CANTON COMPLEX, 3 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES	A	



GENERAL INFORMATION

OWNER/APPLICANT MAP 207 LOT 15 KATARA, LLC BECCA ROWE

274 MILLER AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801

RESOURCE LIST

PLANNING DEPARTMENT 1 JUNKINS AVENUE, 3RD FLOOR PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 (603) 610-7216 BEVERLY MESA-ZENDT, PLANNING DIRECTOR

CONSERVATION COMMISSION JUNKINS AVENUE, 3RD FLOOR PORTSMOUTH NH, 03801 (603) 610-7216 ÈARÉARA McMILLAN, CHAIR

POLICE DEPARTMENT 3 JUNKINS AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 (603) 427-1500 MARK NEWPORT, CHIEF OF POLICE

FIRE DEPARTMENT 170 COURT STREET PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 (603) 427-1515 TODD GERMAIN, FIRE CHIEF

ASSOCIATED PROFESSIONALS

ARCHITECT DESTEFANO MAUGEL ARCHITECTS 22 LADD STREET PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 (603) 431-8701 JOSHUA BUTKUS, PROJECT ARCHITECT

STRUCTURAL CONSULTANT JSN ASSOCIATES 1 AUTUMN STREET PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 (603) 766-4898 SARÁH DESIDERIO, STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT TERRAIN PLANNING & DESIGN, LLC 311 KAST HILL ROAD HOPKINTON, NH 03229 (603) 491–2322 ERIC BUCK, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

CIVIL ENGINEERING/SURVEYOR TFMORAN, INC. 170 COMMERCE WAY, SUITE 102 PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 (603) 431-2222

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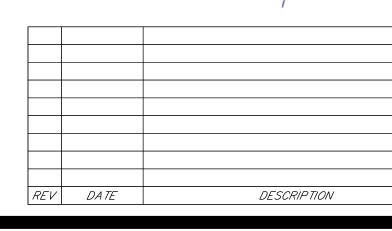
SITE RENOVATION PLANS

70 PLEASANT POINT DRIVE PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

MAY 25, 2022

VICINITY PLAN





DR CK

THESE PLANS ARE PERMIT DRAWINGS ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN DETAILED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR BIDDING.

	INDEX OF SHEETS	
SHEET	SHEET TITLE	
C-00	COVER	
C-01	NOTES & LEGEND	
S-01	EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN	
C-02	SITE PREPARATION & DEMOLITION	
C-03	SITE PLAN	
C-04	GRADING & DRAINAGE	
C-05	DETAILS	
REFERENCE PLANS	BY ASSOCIATED PROFESSIONALS	
-	ARCHITECTURAL ELEVATION PLAN	
-	LANDSCAPING PLAN – TERRAIN PLANNING & DESIGN	

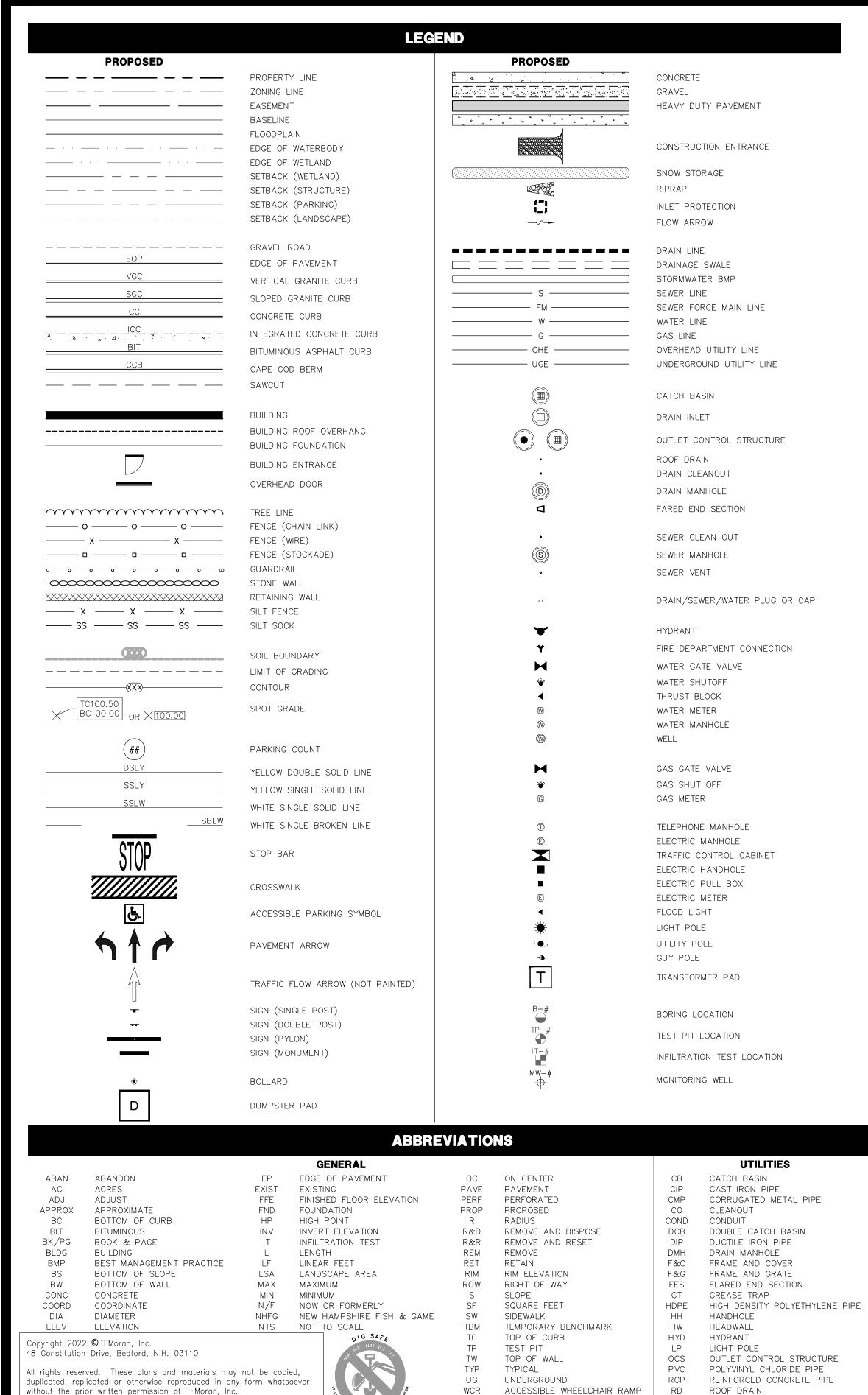
PERMITS/APPROVALS

	NUMBER	APPROVED	EXPIRES
PORTSMOUTH PLANNING BOARD WETLAND CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT	_	_	-
NHDES WETLAND DREDGE AND FILL PERMIT	-	_	_
NHDES SHORELAND WATER QUALITY PROTECTION ACT PERMIT	-	-	-

APPROV	VED BY THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH PLANNIN	IG BOARD
ON		
BOARD MEMBER		AND
BOARD MEMBER		

TAX MAP 207 LOT 15 COVER 70 PLEASANT POINT DRIVE PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE OWNED BY KATARA, LLC SCALE: NTS MAY 25, 2022 | 48 Constitution Drive Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Bedford, NH 03110 Traffic Engineers Phone (603) 472-4488 _and Surveyors Fax (603) 472-9747 andscape Architects www.tfmoran.com cientists 47307.01 DR JKC FB C - 00

47307-01_COVER



W/

CONTACT DIG SAFE 72 BUSINESS HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION

WITH

FMoran, Inc.

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GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THESE PLANS ARE PERMIT DRAWINGS ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN DETAILED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR BIDDING.
- 2. THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. TFMORAN, INC. ASSUMES NO LIABILITY AS A RESULT OF ANY CHANGES OR NON-CONFORMANCE WITH THESE PLANS EXCEPT UPON THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- 3. ALL IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THE SITE PLAN SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN BY THE PROPERTY OWNER AND ALL FUTURE PROPERTY OWNERS. NO CHANGES SHALL BE MADE TO THIS SITE PLAN WITHOUT THE EXPRESS APPROVAL OF THE PORTSMOUTH PLANNING BOARD.
- 4. ALL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO THE APPLICABLE REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS OF THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, AND SHALL BE BUILT IN A WORKMANLIKE MANNER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. ALL WORK TO CONFORM TO CITY OF PORTSMOUTH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. ALL WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OF THE CITY AND/OR STATE SHALL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE STANDARDS. COORDINATE ALL WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY WITH APPROPRIATE CITY, COUNTY, AND/OR STATE AGENCY.
- 5. THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL WORK IS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF ENV-WQ 1500. THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IN ADVANCE OF CONSTRUCTION OF EACH STORMWATER FACILITY TO COORDINATE REQUIRED INSPECTIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE PROGRESS PHOTOS DURING CONSTRUCTION OF ALL STORMWATER DRAINAGE COMPONENTS AND SEND TO THE ENGINEER.
- 6. SEE EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN FOR THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATUM.
- 7. SEE EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN FOR BENCHMARK INFORMATION. VERIFY TBM ELEVATIONS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 8. CONTACT EASEMENT OWNERS PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY WORK WITHIN THE EASEMENTS. 9. PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY SITE WORK, ALL LIMITS OF WORK SHALL BE CLEARLY MARKED
- IN THE FIELD. 10. SITE WORK SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED FROM A COMPLETE SET OF PLANS, NOT ALL FEATURES
- ARE DETAILED ON EVERY PLAN. THE ENGINEER IS TO BE NOTIFIED OF ANY CONFLICT WITHIN THIS PLAN SET.
- 11. TFMORAN, INC. ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR WORK PERFORMED WITHOUT AN ACCEPTABLE PROGRAM OF TESTING AND INSPECTION AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- 12. TEMPORARY FENCING SHALL BE PROVIDED AND COVERED WITH A FABRIC MATERIAL TO CONTROL DUST MITIGATION.
- 13. ALL DEMOLITION SHALL INSURE MINIMUM INTERFERENCE WITH ROADS, STREETS, WALKWAYS, AND ANY OTHER ADJACENT OPERATING FACILITIES. PRIOR WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM THE OWNER/DEVELOPER AND LOCAL PERMITTING AUTHORITY IS REQUIRED IF CLOSURE/OBSTRUCTIONS TO ROADS, STREET, WALKWAYS, AND OTHERS IS DEEMED NECESSARY. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ALTERNATE ROUTES AROUND CLOSURES/OBSTRUCTIONS PER LOCAL/STATE/FEDERAL REGULATIONS
- 14. REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR LAYOUT OF BUILDING FOUNDATIONS AND CONCRETE ELEMENTS WHICH ABUT THE BUILDING SUCH AS STAIRS, SIDEWALKS, LOADING DOCK RAMPS, PADS, AND COMPACTOR PADS. DO NOT USE SITE PLANS FOR LAYOUT OF FOUNDATIONS.
- 15. IN THE EVENT OF A CONFLICT BETWEEN PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND DETAILS, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY FOR CLARIFICATION.
- 16. IF CONDITIONS AT THE SITE ARE DIFFERENT THAN SHOWN ON THE PLANS, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH THE AFFECTED WORK.
- 17. CONTRACTOR'S GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES:
- A. BID AND PERFORM THE WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE, AND NATIONAL CODES, SPECIFICATIONS, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS AND CONDITIONS OF ALL PROJECT-SPECIFIC PERMITS AND APPROVALS AS LISTED ON THE COVER SHEET TO THESE PLANS OR OTHERWISE REQUIRED.
- B. NOTIFY ENGINEER IN WRITING OF ANY DISCREPANCIES OF PROPOSED LAYOUT AND/OR EXISTING FEATURES.
- C. EMPLOY A LICENSED SURVEYOR TO DETERMINE ALL LINES AND GRADES AND LAYOUT OF SITE ELEMENTS AND BUILDINGS.
- D. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO BECOME FAMILIAR WITH THE SITE AND ALL SURROUNDING CONDITIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ADVISE THE APPROPRIATE AUTHORITY OF INTENTIONS AT LEAST 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE.
- E. TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO REDUCE, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT POSSIBLE, NOISE DUST, AND UNSIGHTLY DEBRIS. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL BE CARRIED OUT BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 7 AM AND 6 PM, MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE MUNICIPAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS OF THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE.
- F. MAINTAIN EMERGENCY ACCESS TO ALL AREAS AFFECTED BY WORK AT ALL TIMES.
- G. IN ACCORDANCE WITH RSA 430:53 AND AGR 3800, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT TRANSPORT INVASIVE SPECIES OFF THE PROPERTY, AND SHALL DISPOSE OF INVASIVE SPECIES ON-SITE IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- H. COORDINATE WITH ALL UTILITY COMPANIES AND CONTACT DIGSAFE (811 OR 888-344-7233) AT LEAST 72 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION.
- PROTECT NEW AND EXISTING BURIED UTILITIES DURING INSTALLATION OF ALL SITE ELEMENTS. DAMAGED UTILITIES SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE OWNER.
- J. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MEANS AND METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION AND FOR CONDITIONS AT THE SITE. THESE PLANS, PREPARED BY TFMORAN, INC., DO NOT EXTEND TO OR INCLUDE SYSTEMS PERTAINING TO THE SAFETY OF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR OR THEIR EMPLOYEES, AGENTS, OR REPRESENTATIVES IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. THE SEAL OF THE SURVEYOR OR ENGINEER HEREON DOES NOT EXTEND TO ANY SUCH SAFETY SYSTEMS THAT MAY NOW OR HEREAFTER BE INCORPORATED INTO THESE PLANS. THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE OR OBTAIN THE APPROPRIATE SAFETY SYSTEMS WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE US OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA) AND/OR LOCAL REGULATIONS.
- WRITTEN DIMENSIONS HAVE PRECEDENCE OVER SCALED DIMENSIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE CAUTION WHEN SCALING REPRODUCED PLANS. IN CASE OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THIS PLAN SET AND ANY OTHER DRAWING AND/OR SPECIFICATION, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY FOR CLARIFICATIONS.
- L. VERIFY LAYOUT OF PROPOSED BUILDING FOUNDATIONS WITH ARCHITECT AND THAT PROPOSED FOUNDATION MEETS PROPERTY LINE AND/OR WETLAND SETBACKS PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY FOUNDATION CONSTRUCTION.
- M. AN AS-BUILT PLAN WILL BE REQUIRED AT THE COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT TO THE PLANNING DIRECTOR AND PER CITY REGULATIONS.
- N. IF ANY DEVIATIONS FROM THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE. THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS STAMPED BY A LICENSED SURVEYOR OR QUALIFIED ENGINEER ALONG WITH A LETTER STAMPED BY A QUALIFIED ENGINEER DESCRIBING ALL SUCH DEVIATIONS, AND BEAR ALL COSTS FOR PREPARING AND FILING ANY NEW PERMITS OR PERMIT AMENDMENTS THAT MAY BE REQUIRED.
- O. AT COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A LETTER CERTIFYING THAT THE PROJECT WAS COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, AND A LETTER STAMPED BY A QUALIFIED ENGINEER THAT THEY HAVE OBSERVED ALL UNDERGROUND DETENTION SYSTEMS, INFILTRATION SYSTEMS, OR FILTERING SYSTEMS PRIOR TO BACKFILL, AND THAT SUCH SYSTEMS CONFORM TO THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

GRADING & DRAINAGE NOTES

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL WORK IS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF NHDES ENV-WQ 1500 AS APPLICABLE.
- 2. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO CHECK THE ACCURACY OF THE TOPOGRAPHY AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO ANY EARTHWORK BEING PERFORMED ON THE SITE. NO CLAIM FOR EXTRA WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR PAYMENT AFTER EARTHWORK HAS COMMENCED.
- 3. COORDINATE WITH STRUCTURAL PLANS FOR SITE PREPARATION AND OTHER BUILDING INFORMATION.
- 4. COORDINATE WITH ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR DETAILED GRADING AT BUILDING, AND SIZE AND LOCATION OF ALL BUILDING SERVICES.
- 5. COORDINATE WITH MECHANICAL AND PLUMBING PLANS FOR ROOF DRAIN INFORMATION.
- 6. LIMITS OF WORK ARE SHOWN AS APPROXIMATE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL WORK TO PROVIDE SMOOTH TRANSITIONS. THIS INCLUDES GRADING, PAVEMENT, CURBING, SIDEWALKS, AND ALIGNMENTS.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A FINISH PAVEMENT SURFACE FREE OF LOW SPOTS AND PONDING AREAS. CRITICAL AREAS INCLUDE BUILDING ENTRANCE, RAMPS, AND LOADING ARFAS.
- 8. THE SITE SHALL BE GRADED SO ALL FINISHED PAVEMENT HAS POSITIVE DRAINAGE AND SHALL NOT POND WATER DEEPER THAN 1/4" FOR A PERIOD OF MORE THAN 15 MINUTES AFTER FLOODING.
- 9. ADJUST ALL MANHOLES, CATCH BASINS, CURB BOXES, ETC. WITHIN LIMITS OF WORK TO FINISH GRADE PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF FINISHED SURFACE.
- 10. ROAD AND DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND SHALL MEET LOCAL STANDARDS AND THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LATEST NHDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION AND THE NHDOT STANDARD STRUCTURE DRAWINGS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 11. STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO LINE AND GRADE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. CONSTRUCTION METHODS SHALL CONFORM TO NHDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 603.
- 12. NO FILL SHALL BE PLACED IN ANY WETLAND AREA OR OTHER AREAS THAN SHOWN ON THE GRADING PLAN.
- 13. ALL EXCAVATIONS SHALL BE THOROUGHLY SECURED ON A DAILY BASIS BY THE CONTRACTOR AT THE COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA.
- 14. ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT TO BE PAVED OR OTHERWISE TREATED SHALL RECEIVE 6" LOAM, SEED, FERTILIZER, AND MULCH.
- 15. DENSITY REQUIREMENTS: MINIMUM DENSITY*

95%

- LOCATION BELOW PAVED OR CONCRETE AREAS
- 95% TRENCH BEDDING MATERIAL AND SAND BLANKET BACKFILL 90% BELOW LOAM AND SEED AREAS *ALL PERCENTAGES OF COMPACTION SHALL BE OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AT THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT AS DETERMINED AND CONTROLLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1557, METHOD C. FIELD DENSITY TESTS SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1556 OR ASTM D-6938.



REV	DA TE	DESCRIP TION

SEDIMENT OIL SEPARATOR TAPPING SLEEVE, VALVE, AND BOX

SMH

SOS

TSV

SEWER MANHOLE

UTILITY POLF

1. LENGTH OF PIPE IS FOR CONVENIENCE ONLY. ACTUAL PIPE LENGTH SHALL BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.

UTILITY NOTES

- 2. ALL PROPOSED UTILITY WORK, INCLUDING MATERIAL, INSTALLATION, TERMINATION, EXCAVATION, BEDDING, BACKFILL, COMPACTION, TESTING, CONNECTIONS, AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH AND COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROPRIATE REQUIREMENTS, CODES, AND STANDARDS OF ALL CORRESPONDING UTILITY ENTITIES AND SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING AND DETERMINING THE LOCATION, SIZE, AND ELEVATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, SHOWN OR NOT SHOWN ON THESE PLANS, PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION. THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IN WRITING OF ANY UTILITIES FOUND INTERFERING WITH THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION AND APPROPRIATE REMEDIAL ACTION BE AGREED TO BY THE ENGINEER BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO CONTACT "DIGSAFE" (811) AT LEAST 72 HOURS BEFORE DIGGING.
- 4. COORDINATE ALL WORK ADJACENT TO PROPOSED BUILDINGS WITH ARCHITECTURAL BUILDING DRAWINGS. CONFIRM UTILITY PENETRATIONS AND INVERT ELEVATIONS ARE COORDINATED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT ALL UTILITY COMPANIES OWNING UTILITIES, EITHER OVERHEAD OR UNDERGROUND, WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA AND SHALL COORDINATE AS NECESSARY WITH THE UTILITY COMPANIES OF SAID UTILITIES. THE PROTECTION OR RELOCATION OF UTILITIES IS ULTIMATELY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 6. THE EXACT LOCATION OF NEW UTILITY CONNECTIONS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN COORDINATION WITH UTILITY COMPANY, COUNTY AGENCY, AND/OR PRIVATE UTILITY COMPANY
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND INSTALL ALL MANHOLES. BOXES, FITTINGS, CONNECTORS, COVER PLATES, AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS NOT NECESSARILY DETAILED ON THESE DRAWINGS TO RENDER THE UTILITY INSTALLATION COMPLETE AND OPERATIONAL
- 8. ALL UTILITY COMPANIES REQUIRE INDIVIDUAL CONDUITS. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH TELEPHONE, CABLE, AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES REGARDING NUMBER, SIZE, AND TYPE OF CONDUITS REQUIRED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF ANY CONDUIT.
- 9. SANITARY SEWER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS. ALL SEWER MAINS AND FITTINGS SHALL BE PVC AND SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM F 679 (SDR 35 MINIMUM). FORCE MAINS AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO NH CODE OF ADMINISTRATIVE RULES ENV-WQ 700. ALL SEWER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NH CODE OF ADMINISTRATIVE RULES ENV-WQ 700. SANITARY MANHOLES SHALL CONFORM TO NHDES WATER DIVISION WASTEWATER ENGINEERING BUREAU STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SHOWN HEREON.
- 10. ON-SITE WATER DISTRIBUTION SHALL BE TO CITY OF PORTSMOUTH STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. WATER MAINS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 5.5' COVER. WHERE WATER PIPES CROSS SEWER LINES A MINIMUM OF 18" VERTICAL SEPARATION BETWEEN THE TWO OUTSIDE PIPE WALLS SHALL BE OBSERVED. HORIZONTAL SEPARATION BETWEEN WATER AND SEWER SHALL BE 10' MINIMUM. WHERE A SANITARY LINE CROSSES A WATER LINE, SEWER LINE MUST BE CONSTRUCTED OF FORCE MAIN MATERIALS (PER ENV-WQ 704.08) FROM BUILDING OR MANHOLE TO MANHOLE, OR SUBSTITUTE RUBBER-GASKETED PRESSURE PIPE FOR THE SAME DISTANCE. WHEN SANITARY LINES PASS BELOW WATER LINES, LAY PIPE SO THAT NO JOINT IN THE SANITARY LINE WILL BE CLOSER THAN 6' HORIZONTALLY TO THE WATER LINE.
- 11. THRUST BLOCKS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL LOCATIONS WHERE WATER LINE CHANGES DIRECTIONS OR CONNECTS TO ANOTHER WATER LINE.
- 12. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONDUIT AND WIRING TO ALL SIGNS AND LIGHTS. CONDUIT TO BE A MINIMUM OF 24" BELOW FINISH GRADE.
- 13. ALL PROPOSED UTILITIES SHALL BE UNDERGROUND. ALL UNDERGROUND CONDUITS SHALL HAVE NYLON PULL ROPES.
- 14. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ARRANGE AND PAY FOR ALL INSPECTIONS. TESTING, AND RELATED SERVICES AND SUBMIT COPIES OF ACCEPTANCE TO THE OWNER, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
- 15. PROVIDE PERMANENT PAVEMENT REPAIR FOR ALL UTILITY TRENCHES IN EXISTING ROAD OR PAVEMENT TO REMAIN. SAW CUT TRENCH, PAVEMENT, AND GRANULAR BASE THICKNESS TO MATCH EXISTING PAVEMENT. OBTAIN ALL PERMITS REQUIRED FOR TRENCHING.
- 16. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, ALL UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES, PIPES, CHAMBERS, ETC. SHALL BE COVERED WITH A MINIMUM OF 18" OF COMPACTED SOIL BEFORE EXPOSURE TO VEHICLE LOADS.

17. THE PROPERTY WILL BE SERVICED BY THE FOLLOWING: DRAINAGE PRIVATE

SEWER
WATER
GAS
ELECTRIC
TELEPHONE
CABLE

CITY SEWEF CITY WATER NOT AVAILABLE EVERSOURCE CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS COMCAST

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

TAX MAP 207 LOT 15 **NOTES & LEGEND** 70 PLEASANT POINT DRIVE PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE OWNED BY

KATARA, LLC

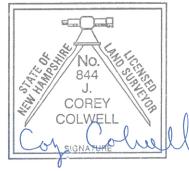
SCALE: NTS

MAY 25, 2022

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LEGEND:

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BK/PG CH	BOOK & PAGE CHORD			
DI	DUCTILE IRON PIPE			
EL. <i>EM</i> ©	ELEVATION ELECTRIC METER			
EP	EDGE OF PAVEMENT			
FFE L	FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION LENGTH			
NET	NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE			
PSNH N/F	PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NEW HAMPSH NOW OR FORMERLY	IRE		
R	RADIUS			
RCRD S.F.	ROCKINGHAM COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS SQUARE FEET			
SMH	SEWER MANHOLE			
TBM Δ	TEMPORARY BENCH MARK CENTRAL ANGLE			
MAP 47 LOT 11	ASSESSOR'S MAP NUMBER/ LOT			
	NUMBER			
	PROPERTY LINE EXISTING CONTOUR			
□	POST & RAIL FENCE			
0	CHAINLINK FENCE TREE LINE			
S	SEWER LINE			l l
FM	FORCE MAIN		11-15-	
	WATER LINE OVERHEAD UTILITIES		NOOD A	NATIRAL MARKEN
	UNDERGROUND UTILITIES			BURNE /
E CON	DECIDUOUS TREE			
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				A the start
S	EVERGREEN TREE	<u>MAP 207 LOT 23</u> N/F		C VARD SE BACK (MAR
(S) س	SEWER MANHOLE UTILITY POLE	ROBERT W. HENKEL REVOCAE POLLY H. HENKEL REVOCAE		
THYD	HYDRANT	8 MOEBUS TERRAC PORTSMOUTH, NH 03		NAF
	WATER SHUTOFF	RCRD BK.#4929 PG.#0	878	SOF MAP
	BRICK DRIVEWAY		10 Ak.	(0.6
	SLATE PATIO			
	LANDSCAPED AREA		130.	6
	CRUSHED STONE		COBBLE	
	PAVED AREA			
	STONE RETAINING WALL COBBLE EDGE			
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SURVEYORS. I FURTHER CERTIFY THAT THIS SU	IRVEY IS CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY PROF	ESSIONAL		
KNOWLEDGE, AND THE FIELD TRAN	ERSE SURVEY EXCEEDS A PRECISION OF 1:15	,000.		

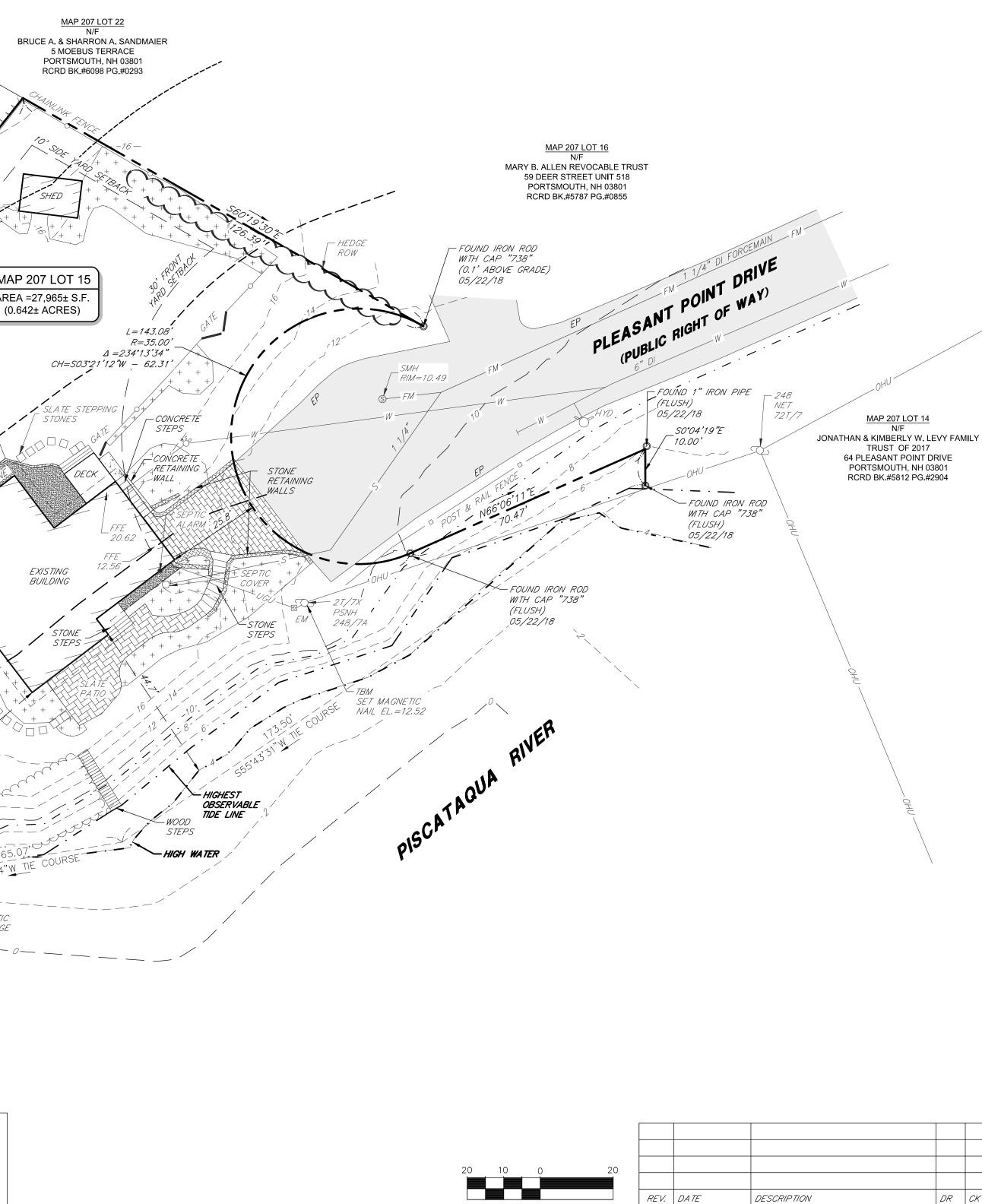


LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR

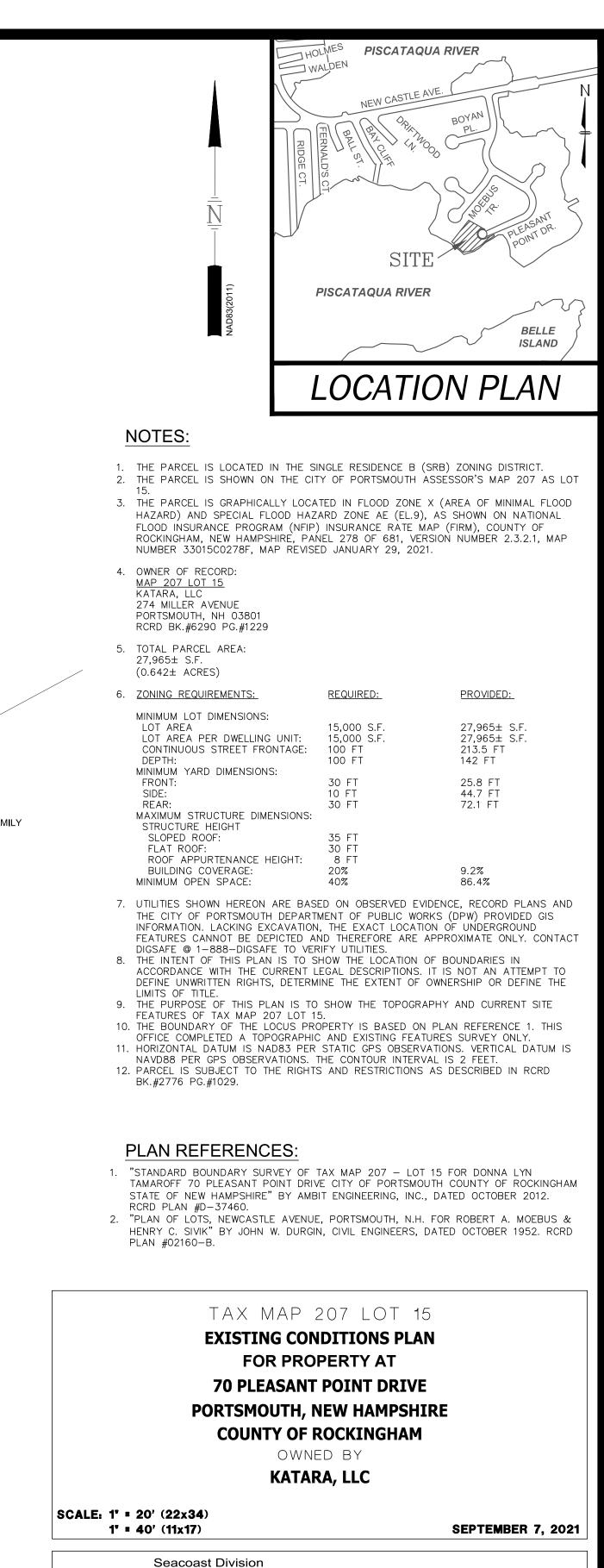
2022-05-23 DATE

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This plan is not effective unless signed by a duly authorized officer of Thomas F. Moran, Inc.



Graphic Scale in Feet



DR IID FB

CK JCC CADFILE

Scientists

DR CK 47307.01

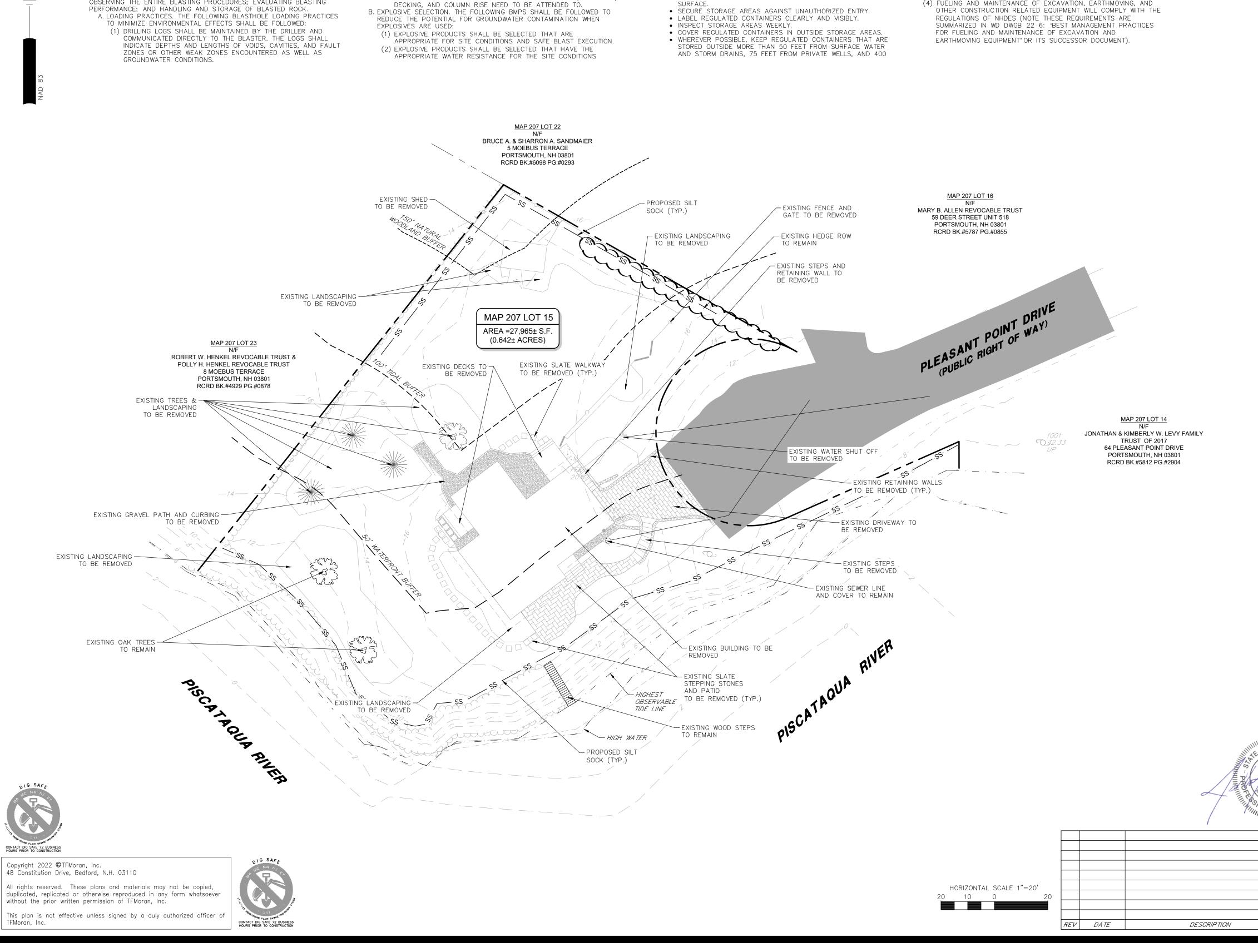
| 170 Commerce Way, Suite 102 Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Portsmouth, NH 03801 Traffic Engineers Phone (603) 431-2222 Land Surveyors Fax (603) 431-0910 Landscape Architects www.tfmoran.com 549

S-1

## **ROCK BLASTING AND WATER** QUALITY NOTES

- IDENTIFY DRINKING WATER WELLS LOCATED WITHIN 2000 FEET OF THE PROPOSED BLASTING ACTIVITIES. DEVELOP A GROUNDWATER QUALITY SAMPLING PROGRAM TO MONITOR FOR NITRATE AND NITRITE EITHER IN THE DRINKING WATER SUPPLY WELLS OR IN OTHER WELLS THAT ARE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DRINKING WATER SUPPLY WELLS IN THE AREA. THE PLAN MUST INCLUDE PRE AND POST BLAST WATER QUALITY MONITORING AND BE APPROVED BY NHDES PRIOR TO INITIATING BLASTING. THE GROUNDWATER SAMPLING PROGRAM MUST BE IMPLEMENTED ONCE APPROVED BY NHDES
- 2. ALL ACTIVITIES RELATED TO BLASTING SHALL FOLLOW BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS) TO PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF GROUNDWATER INCLUDING PREPARING, REVIEWING, AND FOLLOWING AN APPROVED BLASTING PLAN: PROPER DRILLING, EXPLOSIVE HANDING AND LOADING PROCEDURES: OBSERVING THE ENTIRE BLASTING PROCEDURES; EVALUATING BLASTING PERFORMANCE; AND HANDLING AND STORAGE OF BLASTED ROCK.
  - TO MINIMIZE ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS SHALL BE FOLLOWED: (1) DRILLING LOGS SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE DRILLER AND COMMUNICATED DIRECTLY TO THE BLASTER. THE LOGS SHALL

- (2) EXPLOSIVE PRODUCTS SHALL BE MANAGED ON SITE SO THAT THEY ARE EITHER USED IN THE BOREHOLE, RETURNED TO THE DELIVERY VEHICLE, OR PLACED IN SECURE CONTAINERS FOR OFF-SITE DISPOSAL
- (3) SPILLAGE AROUND THE BOREHOLE SHALL EITHER BE PLACED IN THE BOREHOLE OR CLEANED UP AND RETURNED TO AN APPROPRIATE VEHICLE FOR HANDLING OR PLACEMENT IN SECURED CONTAINERS FOR OFF SITE DISPOSA
- (4) LOADED EXPLOSIVES SHALL BE DETONATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND SHALL NOT BE LEFT IN THE BLASTHOLES OVERNIGHT, UNLESS WEATHER OR OTHER SAFETY CONCERNS REASONABLY DICTATE THAT DETONATION SHOULD BE POSTPONED.
- (5) LOADING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE CLEANED IN AN AREA WHERE WASTEWATER CAN BE PROPERLY CONTAINED AND HANDLED IN A MANNER THAT PREVENTS RELEASE OF CONTAMINANTS TO THE ENVIRONMENT.
- (6) EXPLOSIVES SHALL BE LOADED TO MAINTAIN GOOD CONTINUITY IN THE COLUMN LOAD TO PROMOTE COMPLETE DETONATION. INDUSTRY ACCEPTED LOADING PRACTICES FOR PRIMING. STEMMING. DECKING, AND COLUMN RISE NEED TO BE ATTENDED TO.
- EXPLOSIVES ARE USED: (1) EXPLOSIVE PRODUCTS SHALL BE SELECTED THAT ARE



C. PREVENTION OF MISFIRES. APPROPRIATE PRACTICES SHALL BE DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED TO PREVENT MISFIRES. D. MUCK PILE MANAGEMENT. MUCK PILES (THE BLASTED PIECES OF ROCK) AND ROCK PILES SHALL BE MANAGED IN A MANNER TO REDUCE THE POTENTIAL FOR CONTAMINATION BY IMPLEMENTING THE FOLLOWING MEASURES: (1) REMOVE THE MUCK PILE FROM THE BLAST AREA AS SOON AS

THE PRODUCT UPON GROUNDWATER.

PRESENT TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR HAZARDOUS EFFECT OF

- REASONABLY POSSIBLE. (2) MANAGE THE INTERACTION OF BLASTED ROCK PILES AND STORMWATER TO PREVENT CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPPLY
- WELLS OR SURFACE WATER. E. SPILL PREVENTION MEASURES AND SPILL MITIGATION. SPILL PREVENTION AND SPILL MITIGATION MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED TO PREVENT
- THE RELEASE OF FUEL AND OTHER RELATED SUBSTANCES TO THE ENVIRONMENT. THE MEASURES SHALL INCLUDE AT A MINIMUM: (1) THE FUEL STORAGE REQUIREMENTS SHALL INCLUDE:
  - STORAGE OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES ON AN IMPERVIOUS

- FEET FROM PUBLIC WELLS.
- CONTAINING REGULATED SUBSTANCES STORED OUTSIDE, EXCEPT FOR ON PREMISE USE HEATING FUEL TANKS. OR ABOVEGROUND OR UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS OTHERWISE REGULATED
- (2) THE FUEL HANDLING REQUIREMENTS SHALL INCLUDE: • EXCEPT WHEN IN USE, KEEP CONTAINERS CONTAINING
- REGULATED SUBSTANCES CLOSED AND SEALED.
- PLACE DRIP PANS UNDER SPIGOTS, VALVES, AND PUMPS. • HAVE SPILL CONTROL AND CONTAINMENT EQUIPMENT READILY
- AVAILABLE IN ALL WORK AREAS. • USE FUNNELS AND DRIP PANS WHEN TRANSFERRING
- REGULATED SUBSTANCES. PERFORM TRANSFERS OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES OVER AN
- IMPERVIOUS SURFACE. (3) THE TRAINING OF ONSITE EMPLOYEES AND THE ON SITE POSTING OF RELEASE RESPONSE INFORMATION DESCRIBING WHAT TO DO IN
- THE EVENT OF A SPILL OF REGULATED SUBSTANCES. (4) FUELING AND MAINTENANCE OF EXCAVATION, EARTHMOVING, AND
- SECONDARY CONTAINMENT IS REQUIRED FOR CONTAINERS

## NOTES

- 1. SEE NOTES ON SHEET C-01.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING AND DETERMINING THE LOCATIONS, SIZE, AND ELEVATIONS OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, SHOWN OR NOT SHOWN ON THESE PLANS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY DEMOLITION. THE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS ARE NOT GUARANTEED BY THE OWNER OR THE ENGINEER. THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IN WRITING OF ANY UTILITIES INTERFERING WITH THE PROPOSED DEMOLITION TO DETERMINE APPROPRIATE ACTION TO BE TAKEN BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. IT IS ALSO THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ANTICIPATE CONFLICTS AND REPAIR EXISTING UTILITIES AS NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE WORK AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE OWNER.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN EMERGENCY ACCESS TO ALL AREAS AFFECTED BY WORK AT ALL
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL SURVEY INFORMATION IN THE FIELD AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. EXISTING UTILITY SERVICES TO BE DISCONTINUED ARE TO BE CAPPED AS REQUIRED BY THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY COMPANIES.
- 6. CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS AND INVASIVE SPECIES SHALL BE REMOVED FROM SITE AND DISPOSED OF IN A LEGAL MANNER. 7. PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCING
- AROUND EACH TREE TO BE RETAINED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. NO STOCKPILES OF MATERIAL ARE PERMITTED WITHIN THE DRIP LINE OF THE TREES TO BE SAVED.
- 8. CONTACT THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT IMMEDIATELY IF ANY TREES ARE DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

## **CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE NOTES**

TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION DUE TO CONSTRUCTION, CONSTRUCTION SHALL FOLLOW THIS GENERAL CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE.

MODIFICATIONS TO THE SEQUENCE NECESSARY DUE TO THE CONTRACTOR'S SCHEDULE SHALL INCLUDE APPROPRIATE TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SCHEDULE WORK SUCH THAT ANY CONSTRUCTION AREA IS STABILIZED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE EXCEPT AS NOTED BELOW. NO MORE THAN 5 ACRES OF DISTURBED LAND SHALL BE UNSTABILIZED AT ANY ONE TIME

THE PROJECT SHALL BE MANAGED SO THAT IT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF RSA 430:53 AND CHAPTER ARG 3800 RELATIVE TO INVASIVE SPECIES.

DO NOT TRAFFIC EXPOSED SOIL SURFACE OF INFILTRATION SYSTEMS WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. IF FEASIBLE, PERFORM EXCAVATIONS WITH EQUIPMENT POSITIONED OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF THE INFILTRATION COMPONENTS OF THE SYSTEM.

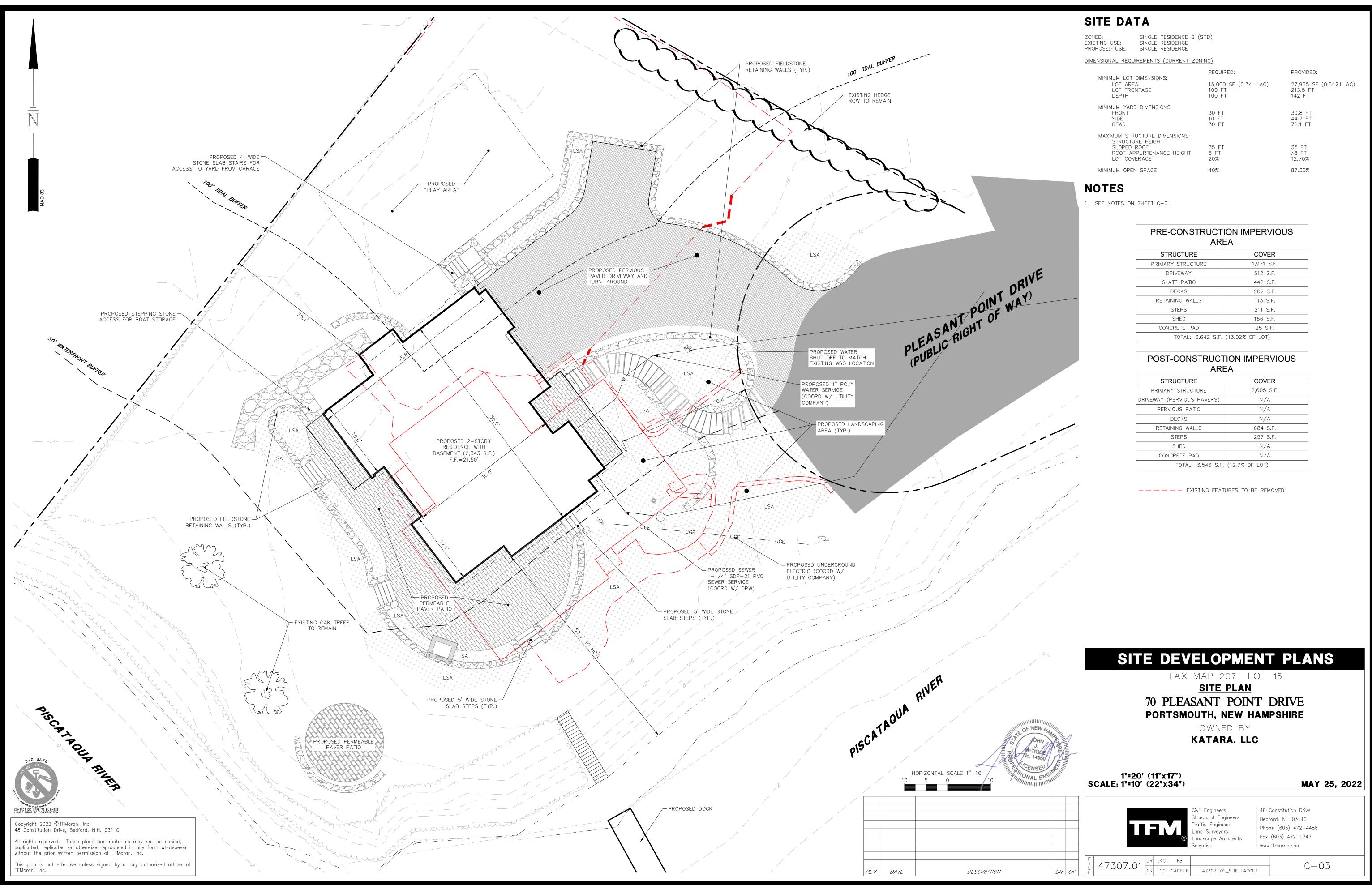
DO NOT DISCHARGE SEDIMENT-LADEN WATERS FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (RUNOFF, WATER FROM EXCAVATIONS) TO STORMWATER BMP'S. STORMWATER RUNOFF MUST BE DIRECTED TO TEMPORARY PRACTICES UNTIL STORMWATER BMP'S ARE STABILIZED.

DO NOT PLACE STORMWATER BMP'S INTO SERVICE UNTIL THE CONTRIBUTING AREAS HAVE BEEN FULLY STABILIZED.

AFTER THE INFILTRATION SYSTEM IS EXCAVATED TO THE FINAL DESIGN ELEVATION, THE FLOOR SHOULD BE DEEPLY TILLED WITH A ROTARY TILLER OR DISC HARROW TO RESTORE THE INFILTRATION RATES, FOLLOWED BY A PASS WITH A LEVELING DRAG.

- NOTIFY EASEMENT OWNERS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.
- 2. INSTALL ALL PERIMETER EROSION PROTECTION MEASURES AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION. STORMWATER TREATMENT PONDS AND SWALES SHALL BE INSTALLED BEFORE ROUGH GRADING THE SIT
- 4. DURING CONSTRUCTION EVERY EFFORT SHALL BE MADE TO MANAGE SURFACE RUNOFF QUALITY. 5. DAILY, OR AS REQUIRED, CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY BERMS, DRAINS, DITCHES, SILT BARRIERS, SEDIMENT TRAPS, ETC. MULCH AND SEED AS REQUIRED. (TEMPORARY SEED MIXTURE OF WINTER RYE APPLIED A
- A RATE OF 2.5 LBS/1000 SF SHALL BE USED) 6. CONDUCT MAJOR EARTHWORK, INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRUBBING, WITHIN THE LIMITS OF WORK. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE SEEDED WITHIN 72 HOURS AFTER GRADING. 7. ALL STRIPPED TOPSOIL AND OTHER EARTH MATERIALS SHALL BE STOCKPILED OUTSIDE THE IMMEDIATE
- WORK AND 100' BUFFER. A SILT BARRIER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AROUND THESE PILES IN A MANNER TO PROVIDE ACCESS AND AVOID SEDIMENT OUTSIDE OF THE WORK AREA. CONSTRUCT BUILDING PAD AND COMMENCE NEW BUILDING CONSTRUCTION.
- CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY DIVERSIONS AS REQUIRED 10. BEGIN PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY INSTALLATION OF SEED AND MULCH.
- 11. PERFORM EARTHWORK NECESSARY TO ESTABLISH ROUGH GRADING AROUND DRIVEWAY. MANAGE EXPOSED SOIL SURFACES TO AVOID TRANSPORTING SEDIMENTS INTO WETLANDS
- 12. INSTALL SUBSURFACE UTILITIES (WATER, SEWER, GAS, ELECTRIC, COMMUNICATIONS, DRAINAGE,
- DRAINAGE FACILITIES, ETC.).
- 13. CONSTRUCT PROPOSED DRIVEWAY, RAIN GARDENS, GRAVEL WETLANDS AND DRAINAGE SWALES. ALL DITCHES, SWALES, AND GRAVEL WETLANDS SHALL BE FULLY STABILIZED PRIOR TO DIRECTING FLOW TO THEM.
- 14. COMPLETE BUILDING AND ALL OFF-SITE IMPROVEMENTS 15. COMPLETE SEEDING AND MULCHING. SEED TO BE APPLIED WITH BROADCAST SPREADER OR BY HYDRO-SEEDING, THEN ROLLED, RAKED, OR DRAGGED TO ASSURE SEED/SOIL CONTACT.
- 16. REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AFTER SEEDED AREAS HAVE BECOME FIRMLY ESTABLISHED AND SITE IMPROVEMENTS ARE COMPLETE. 17. DURING THE COURSE OF THE WORK AND UPON COMPLETION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL
- SEDIMENT DEPOSITS, EITHER ON OR OFF SITE, INCLUDING CATCH BASINS, AND SUMPS, DRAIN PIPES AND DITCHES, CURB LINES, ALONG SILT BARRIERS, ETC. RESULTING FROM SOIL AND/OR CONSTRUCTION
- OPERATIONS 18. SEE WINTER CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE FOR WORK CONDUCTED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH.

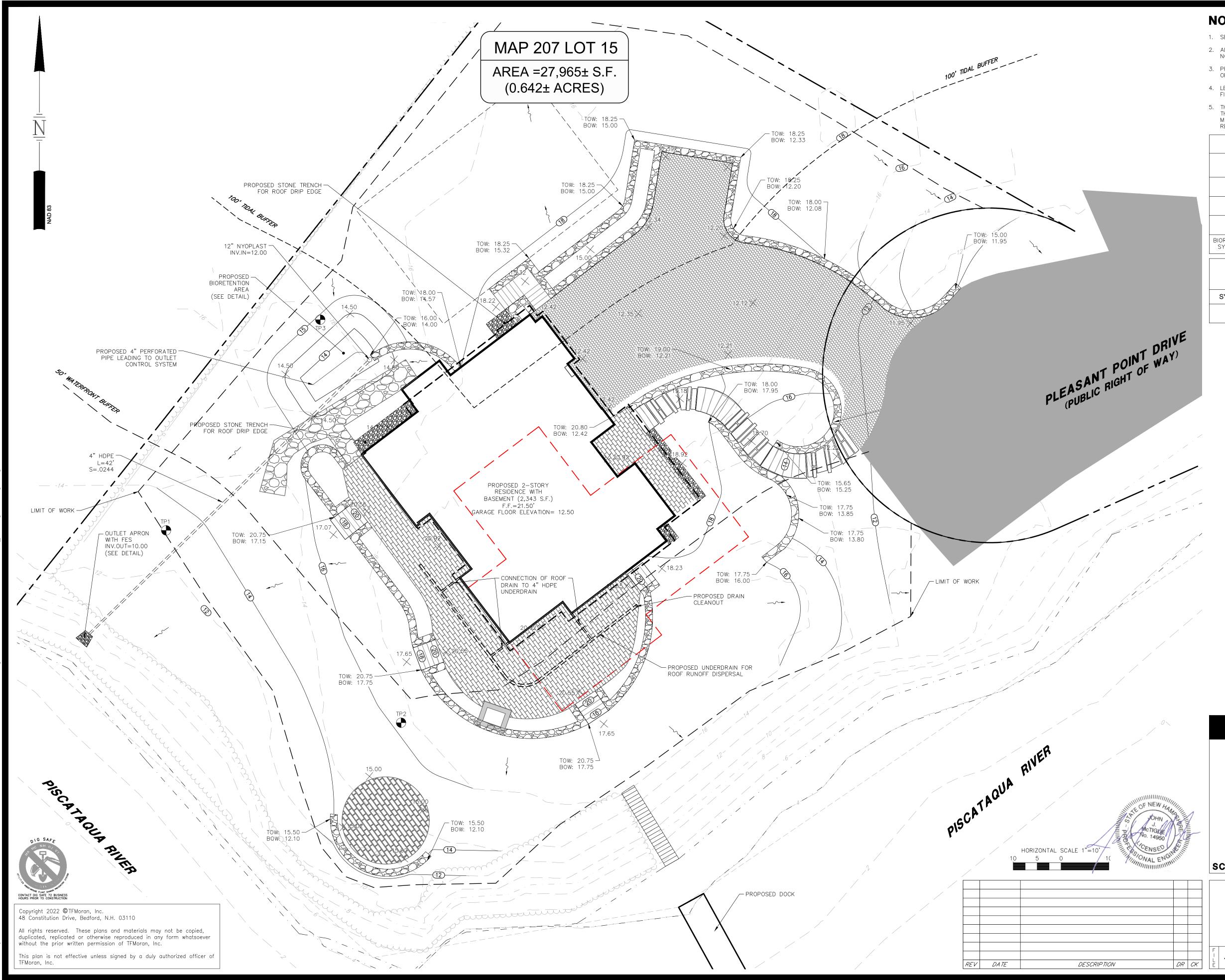
NIWO.	TAX MAP 207 L SITE PREPARATION & 70 PLEASANT POIN PORTSMOUTH, NEW P	DT 15 DEMOLITION NT DRIVE
NEW HAAD	OWNED BY KATARA, LL 1"=20' (11"x17") SCALE: 1"=10' (22"x34")	
	Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Traffic Engineers Land Surveyors Landscape Architects Scientists	48 Constitution Drive Bedford, NH 03110 Phone (603) 472-4488 Fax (603) 472-9747 www.tfmoran.com



MINIMUM LOT DIMENSIONS:	REQUIRED:	PROVIDED:
LOT AREA LOT FRONTAGE DEPTH	15,000 SF (0.34± AC) 100 FT 100 FT	27,965 SF (0.642± AC) 213.5 FT 142 FT
MINIMUM YARD DIMENSIONS: FRONT SIDE REAR	30 FT 10 FT 30 FT	30.8 FT 44.7 FT 72.1 FT
MAXIMUM STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS: STRUCTURE HEIGHT SLOPED ROOF ROOF APPURTENANCE HEIGHT LOT COVERAGE	35 FT 8 FT 20%	35 FT >8 FT 12.70%
MINIMUM OPEN SPACE	40%	87.30%

PRE-CONSTRUCTION IMPERVIOUS AREA				
STRUCTURE	COVER			
PRIMARY STRUCTURE	1,971 S.F.			
DRIVEWAY	512 S.F.			
SLATE PATIO	442 S.F.			
DECKS	202 S.F.			
RETAINING WALLS	113 S.F.			
STEPS	211 S.F.			
SHED	166 S.F.			
CONCRETE PAD	25 S.F.			
TOTAL: 3,642 S.F. (13.02% OF LOT)				

POST-CONSTRUCTION IMPERVIOUS AREA					
STRUCTURE	COVER				
PRIMARY STRUCTURE	2,605 S.F.				
DRIVEWAY (PERVIOUS PAVERS)	N/A				
PERVIOUS PATIO	N/A				
DECKS	N/A				
RETAINING WALLS	684 S.F.				
STEPS	257 S.F.				
SHED	N/A				
CONCRETE PAD	N/A				
TOTAL: 3,546 S.F. (12.7% OF LOT)					



## NOTES

- 1. SEE NOTES ON SHEET C-01.
- 2. ALL DOORS AND GARAGE ENTRANCES SHALL BE AT FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 3. PROPOSED SPOT GRADES ARE PROVIDED TO THE NEAREST 0.05. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE FINISHED GRADES.
- 4. LENGTH OF PIPE IS FOR CONVENIENCE ONLY. ACTUAL PIPE LENGTH SHALL BE DETERMINED IN THE FIELD.

5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO THE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR SUBDRAINAGE SYSTEMS FOR THE BUILDING FOUNDATION. SUBDRAINAGE MUST DAYLIGHT OR TIE INTO THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM. COORDINATE SUBDRAINAGE SYSMTEM DESIGN WITH THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.

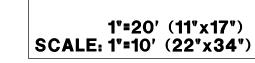
TEST PIT & INFILTRATION TEST							
BMP	TEST PIT #APPROX GROUNDBOTTOM BOTTOM OF PONDINFILTRATION TEST						ST IT
		ELEV	ELEV	ELEV	DEPTH (IN)	ELEV	DEPTH (MIN)
	1	13.1	_	13.1	16.4	13.1	61"
	2	15.8	_	12.8	36.2	15.8	68"
BIORETENTION SYSTEM #1	3	16.1	13.0	14.1	32.1	16.1	62"

SOIL LEGEND (PER USDA NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY)					
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP			
799	URBAN LAND-CANTON COMPLEX, 3 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES	A			



## TAX MAP 207 LOT 15 **GRADING & DRAINAGE** 70 PLEASANT POINT DRIVE PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE OWNED BY

KATARA, LLC



MAY 25, 2022

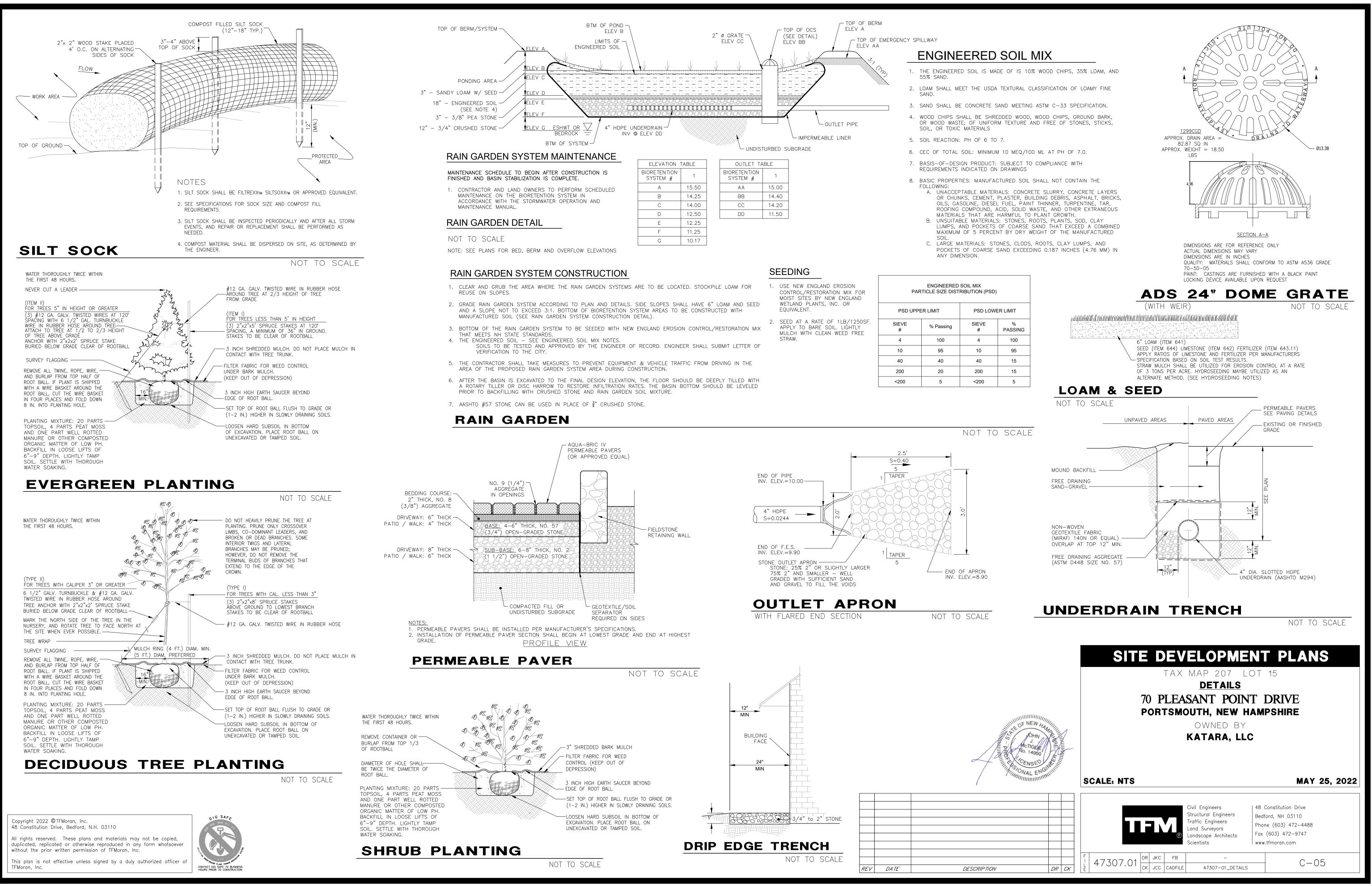
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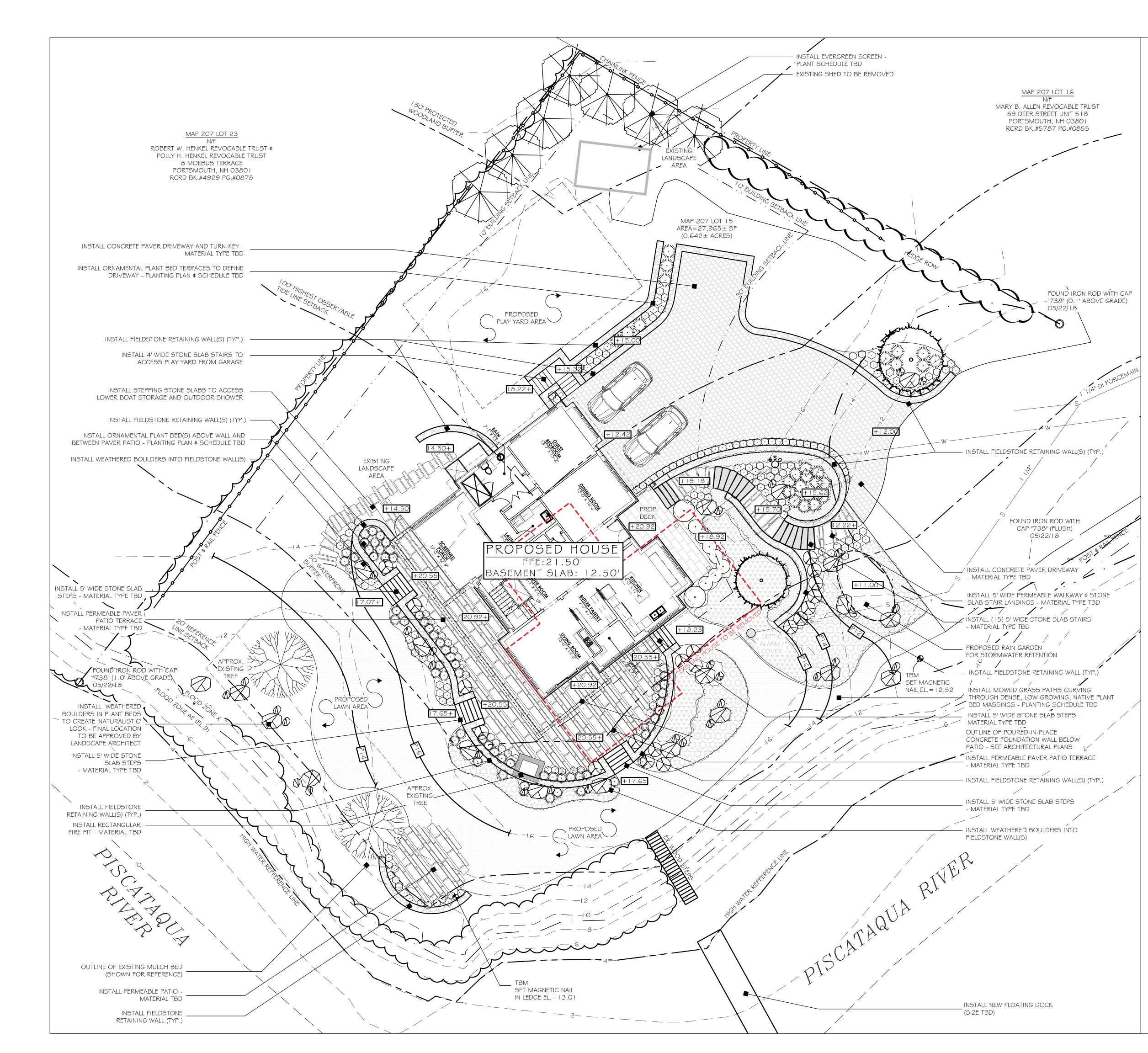
Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Traffic Engineers Land Surveyors Landscape Architects Scientists

47307.01 DR JKC FB -

| 48 Constitution Drive Bedford, NH 03110 Phone (603) 472-4488 Fax (603) 472-9747 www.tfmoran.com

C-04





#### EROSION CONTROL NOTES

. EXPOSED EARTHWORK SHALL BE CONFINED TO AS LIMITED AN AREA AS IS PRACTICAL AT ANY GIVEN TIME THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE. LIMIT OF WORK IS NOTED ON THIS SHEET. CONTRACTOR TO WORK WITHIN THESE LIMITS AS SHOWN. NO AREA OF THE SITE SHALL BE LEFT IN AN UNSTABILIZED CONDITION FOR A PERIOD OF TIME EXCEEDING FIVE CALENDAR DAYS.

2. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH PROJECT PANS. IN ADDITION SIMILAR MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED WHERE AND WHEN THE FIELD CONDITION, OR FIELD OPERATION OF THE INDIVIDUAL SITE CONTRACTOR MAY WARRANT. ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES USED SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER 0.5" OF RAINFALL OR MORE. THEY SHALL BE CLEANED AND MAINTAINED AND OTHERWISE KEPT IN AN EFFECTIVE OPERATING MANNER THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD.

3. ALL DISTURBED AREAS DESIGNATED TO BE TURF SHALL RECEIVE A MINIMUM OF 4" LOAM (COMPACTED THICKNESS), PRIOR TO SEEDING AND MULCHING.

4. ALL SWALES AND DITCH LINES SHALL BE PERIODICALLY CLEANED OF DEPOSITED SEDIMENT SO AS TO MAINTAIN AND EFFECTIVE GRADE AND CROSS SECTION. ALL SWALES AND DITCH LINES SHALL BE FULLY STABILIZED PRIOR TO HAVING STORMWATER DIRECTED TOWARDS THEM.

5. IN THE EVENT THAT, DURING CONSTRUCTION OF ANY PORTION OF THIS PROJECT, A WINTER SHUTDOWN IS NECESSARY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STABILIZE ALL INCOMPLETE WORK AND PROVIDE FOR SUITABLE METHODS OF DIVERTING RUNOFF IN ORDER TO ELIMINATE SHEET FLOW ACROSS FROZEN SURFACES.

6. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STABILIZE IF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING HAS OCCURRED:

- A. BASE COURSE OF GRADES ARE INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED;
- B. A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED; C. A MINIMUM OF 3" OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIALS, SUCH AS STONE OR
- RIP-RAP HAS BEEN INSTALLED; AND/OR D. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED.

7. DUST SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY THE USE OF WATER AS NECESSARY THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD.

8. IN NO WAY ARE THE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES INDICATED ON THESE PLANS CONSIDERED ALL INCLUSIVE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE JUDGMENT IN INSTALLING SUPPLEMENTARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WHERE AND WHEN SPECIFIC SITE CONDITIONS AND/OR CONSTRUCTION METHODOLOGIES MAY WARRANT.

9. ALL EROSION CONTROL METHODS TO BE INSTALLED AS PER MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS AS WELL AS INDICATED IN THE NEW HAMPSHIRE STORMWATER MANUAL "EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DURING CONSTRUCTION."

IO. ALL ROADS, PATHS, DRIVEWAYS, PATIOS AND POOL DECKS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISH GRADE.

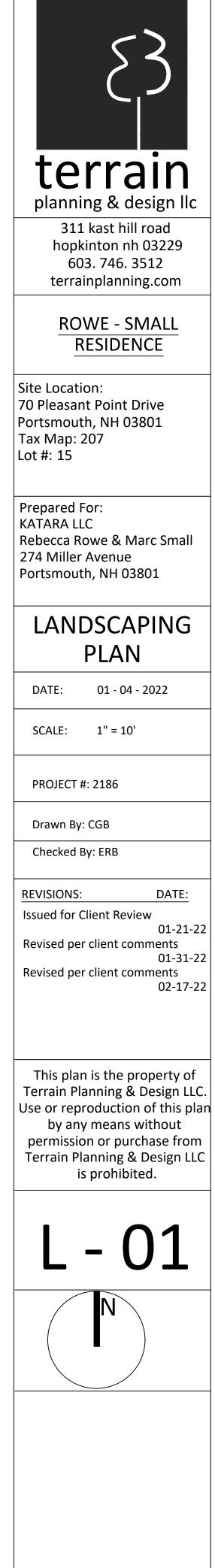
I I. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 48 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISH GRADE.



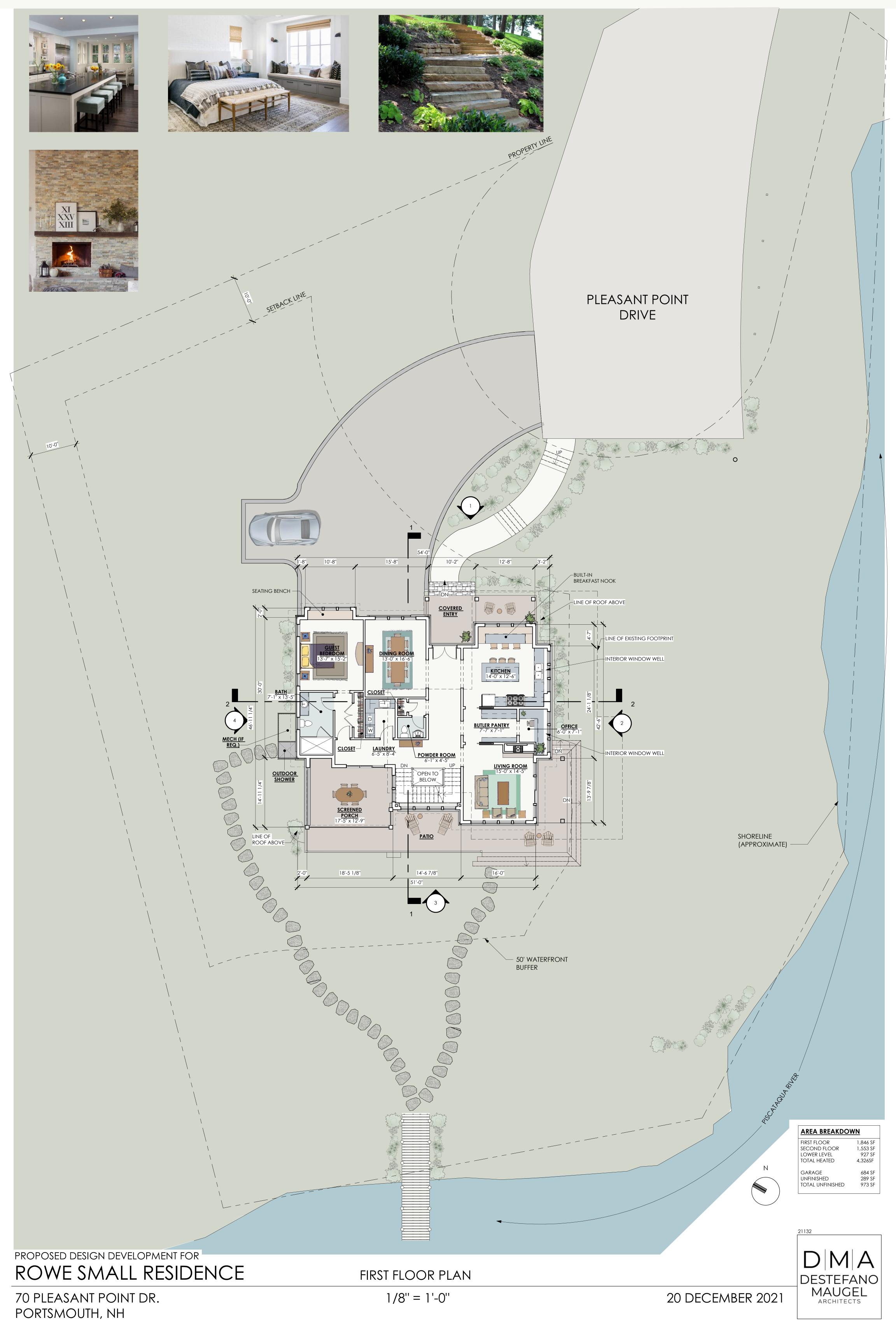
PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS CALCULATIONS							
HOUSE DRIVEWAY DECK SHED WALKWAY / PAVER STAIRS PATIO RETAINING WALL	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	2,948 SF 1,754 SF 0 SF 0 SF 0 SF 205 SF 0 SF 683 SF					
TOTAL IMPERVIOUS	:	5,590 SF					
TOTAL LOT WITHIN 250'	:	27,965 SF					
19.99% IMPERVIOUS	5						



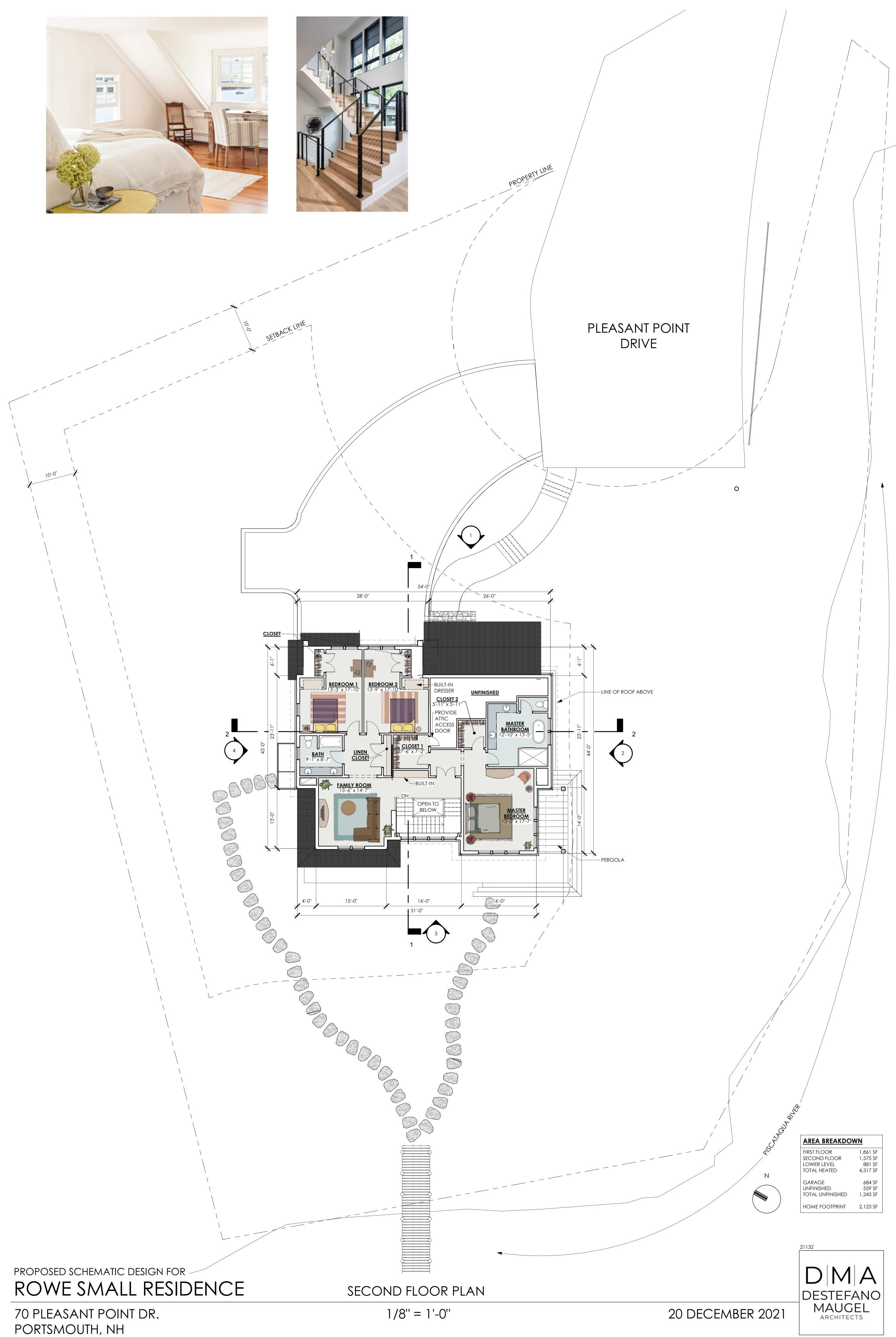
LINETYPE LEGEND				
x x x	EROSION CONTROL			
·	PROPERTY LINE			
· · · ·	PROPERTY SETBACKS			
	REFERENCE LINE			
	REFERENCE LINE SETBACKS			
	TOPOGRAPHY MIN			
	TOPOGRAPHY MAJ			
	VEGETATION QUAD			
ooo	MESH FENCING / PARAMETERS OF WORK			
	UNALTERED AREA			
	TEMPORARY IMPACT AREA			



_						00
PROGRESS	PRINT	NOT	FOR	CONST	RUCT	101







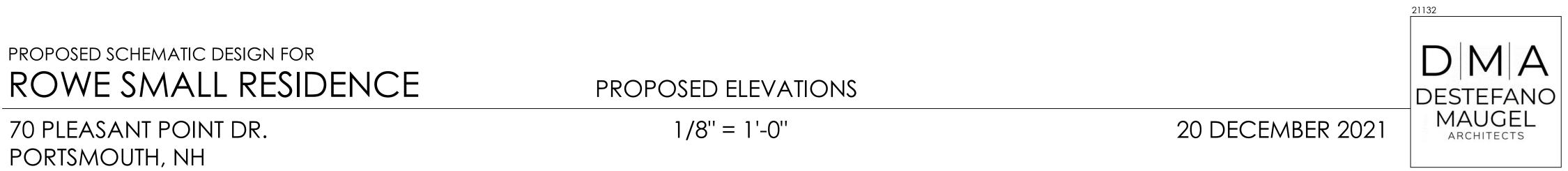






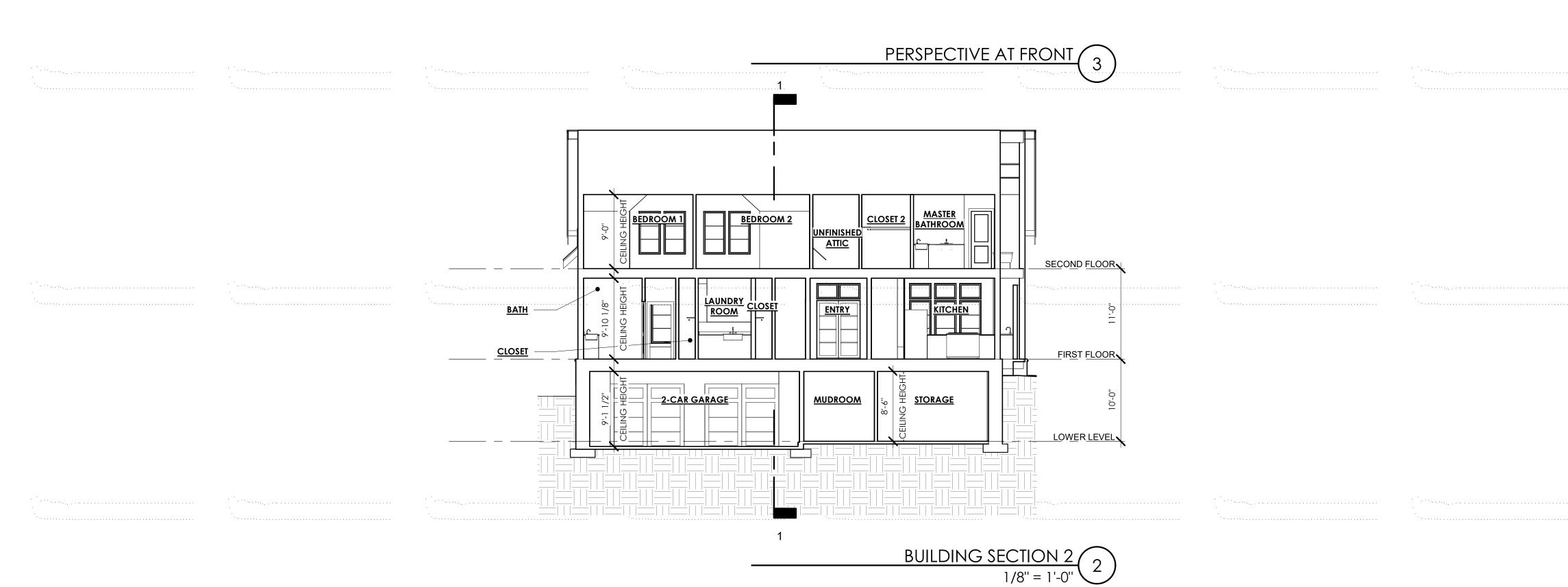


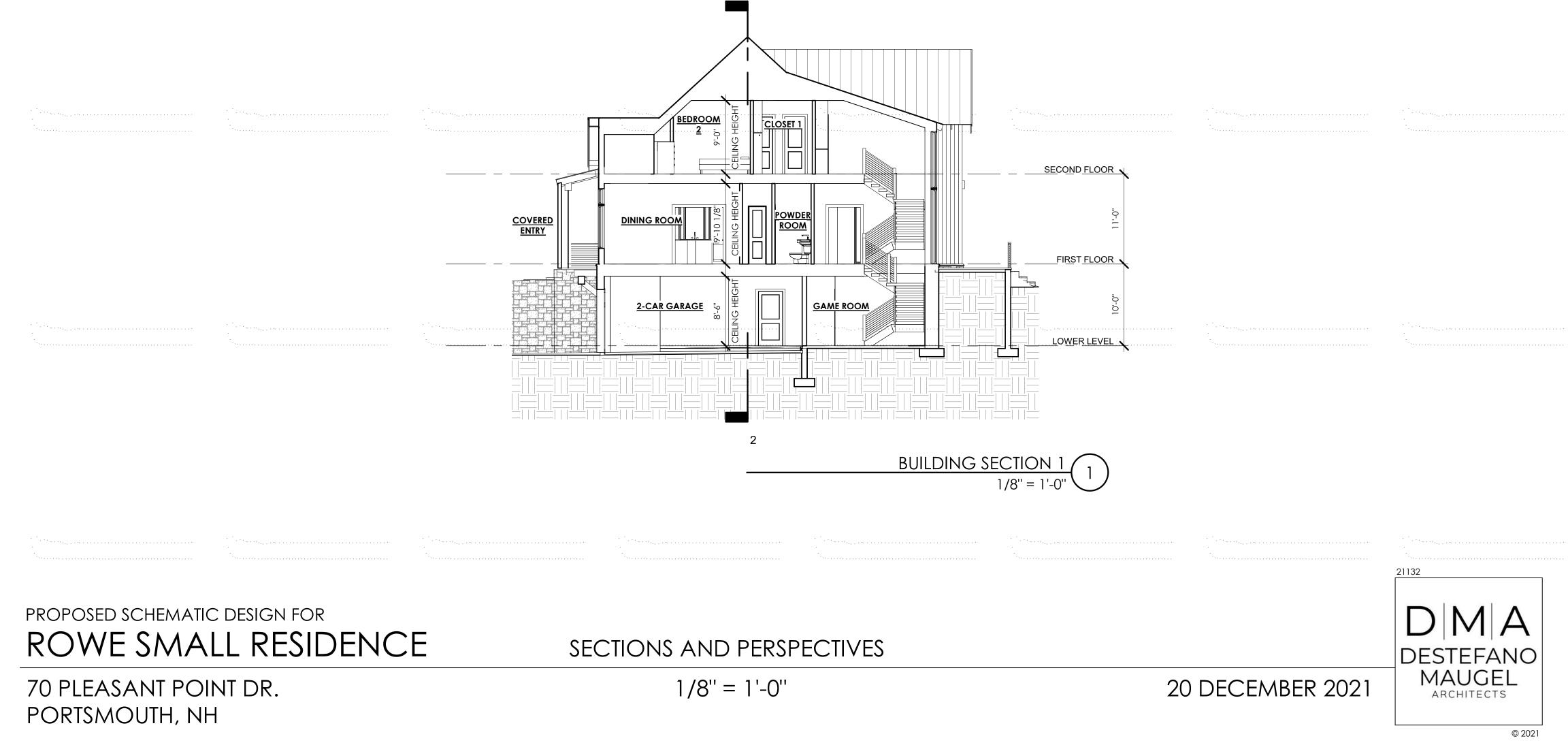
PROPOSED NORTH ELEVATION 1/8" = 1'-0"













April 27, 2022

Peter Stith, Principal Planner Portsmouth Zoning Board of Adjustment 1 Junkins Ave Portsmouth, NH 03801

Re: 81 Taft Rd – Variance Application Dimensional Relief – Single Residence B

Dear Mr. Stith and Zoning Board Members,

Yankee Construction LLC is submitting the following Variance Application requesting dimensional relief as an authorized agent behalf of Tom and Angela Mita (the Owners) of 81 Taft Rd (the Home). The primary area of concern requiring dimensional relief is secondary frontage to the adjacent Elwyn Rd (north side).

The following statement has been prepared in accordance with Portsmouth Zoning Ordinance Section 10.233.20.

#### 10.233.21 - The variance will not be contrary to the public interest

The proposed addition will not be contrary to public interest. The overall addition footprint of 235 sqft is small in size and will be constructed in manner architecturally similar to the Home. The neighborhood is generally comprised of single residential dwellings, many of which have similarly sized additions.

#### <u>10.233.22 – The spirit of the ordinance will be observed</u>

The existing home currently faces Taft Rd and the northern side yard of the property well exceeds the standard 10 ft setback for Single Residence B (SRB) homes. Due to the existing Home being a corner lot, there is secondary frontage to Elwyn Rd. The proposed addition will be approximately 20 ft from Elwyn Rd at its nearest point. Further, an existing privacy stockade fence that is approximately 10 ft from Elwyn Rd at it's nearest point will be reconfigured creating more visual space between Elwyn Rd and the Home.



#### 10.233.23 - Substantial justice will be done

The proposed addition does not infringe upon any neighboring properties or homeowners. The proposed addition does not negatively affect the general public. There would be no foreseeable gain to the general public by denying this variance and alteration to the plan would result unnecessary costs to the Owners.

#### 10.233.24 - The values of the surrounding properties will not be diminished

The proposed addition will be constructed in an aesthetically pleasing manner that would not dimmish the values of neighboring properties. The addition would be expected to add value to the Home thereby having a positive influence on the surrounding properties.

# <u>10.233.25</u> – Literal enforcement of the provisions of the Ordinance would result in an unnecessary hardship

The proposed addition will be utilized as a master bedroom and has been situated on the property to offer both aesthetic value and function as to how it is tied into the existing structure. Altering he location of the addition would require it to be larger in size or impact more of the existing home. Both instances would result in unnecessary costs to the homeowner while offering no benefit in either aesthetic of function.

#### Key project notes:

- There is currently 1,936 sqft of wetland buffer extending across the northeast corner of the lot. The proposed addition will disturb 17 sqft (0.88%) of the wetland buffer on the lot. A Wetland Conditional Use Permit application has been submitted in parallel.
- Lot and Impervious Surface Data
  - Lot size: 8,765 sqft (2021 professional survey)
  - Existing home size: 1,560 sqft
  - Proposed addition footprint: 235 sqft
  - Driveway coverage: 404 sqft
  - Other impervious coverage: 204 sqft (small concrete patio)
  - Lot topography is generally flat or mildly sloped (3 15% slopes)
  - Primary ground cover is lawn, vegetated, landscape beds
  - Area soils are well drained, generally gravelly fine sandy loam over loamy sand (source USDA / NRCS Soil Survey)



#### Existing Conditions photos:



Rear of home and area of proposed addition, west side, Elwyn to left (north)





North side of home, facing Taft Rd (east) and Elwyn Rd on left (north)





Area of stockade fence to be removed.

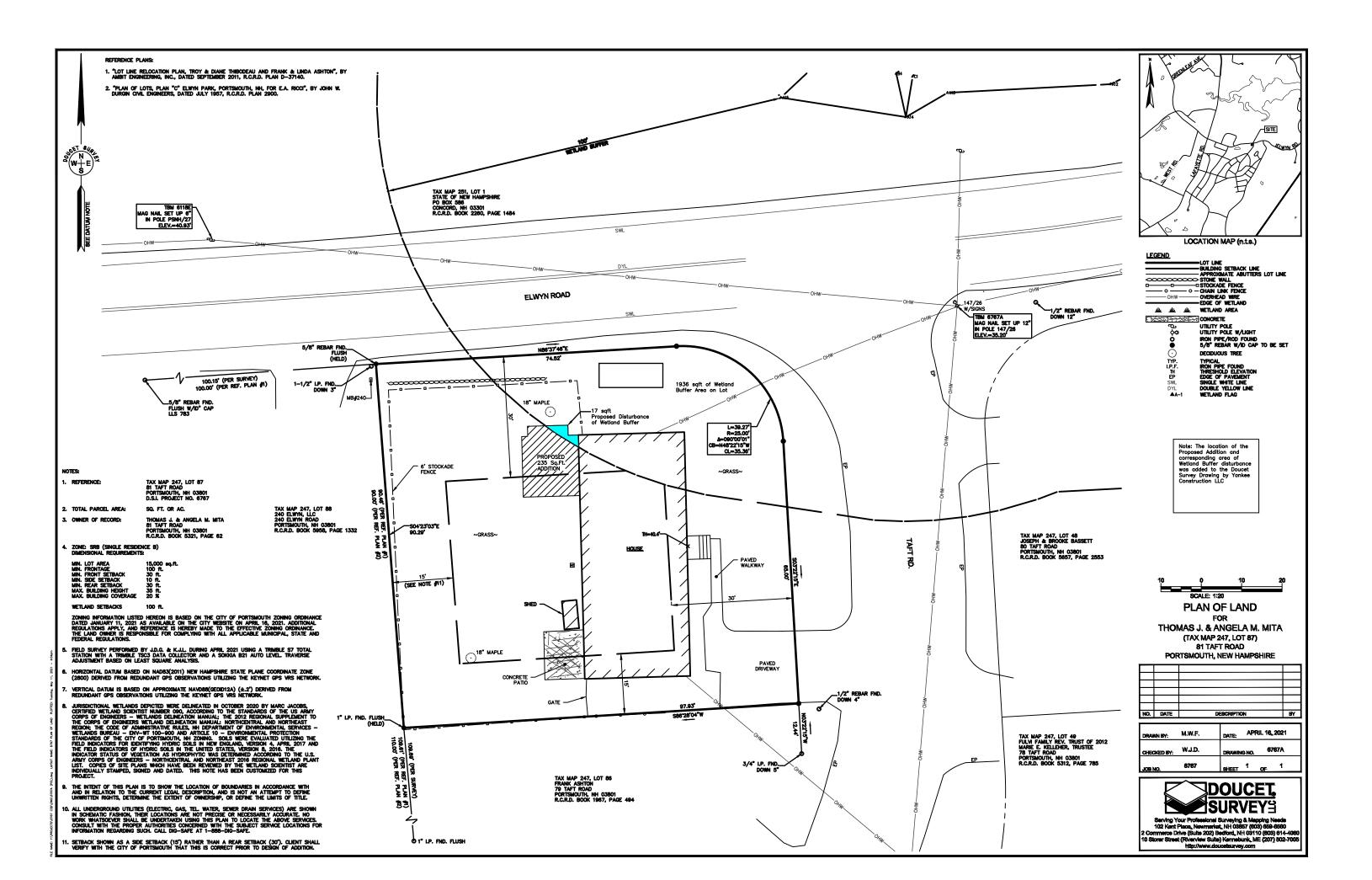


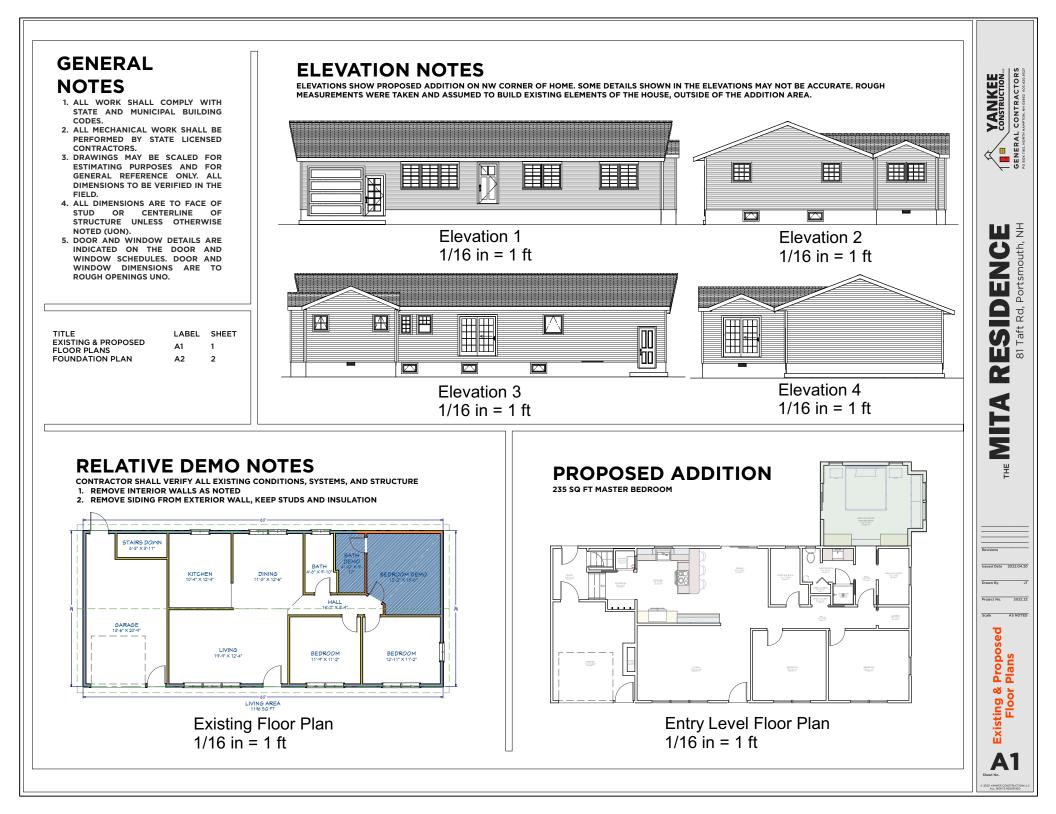
Additional attachments with this package:

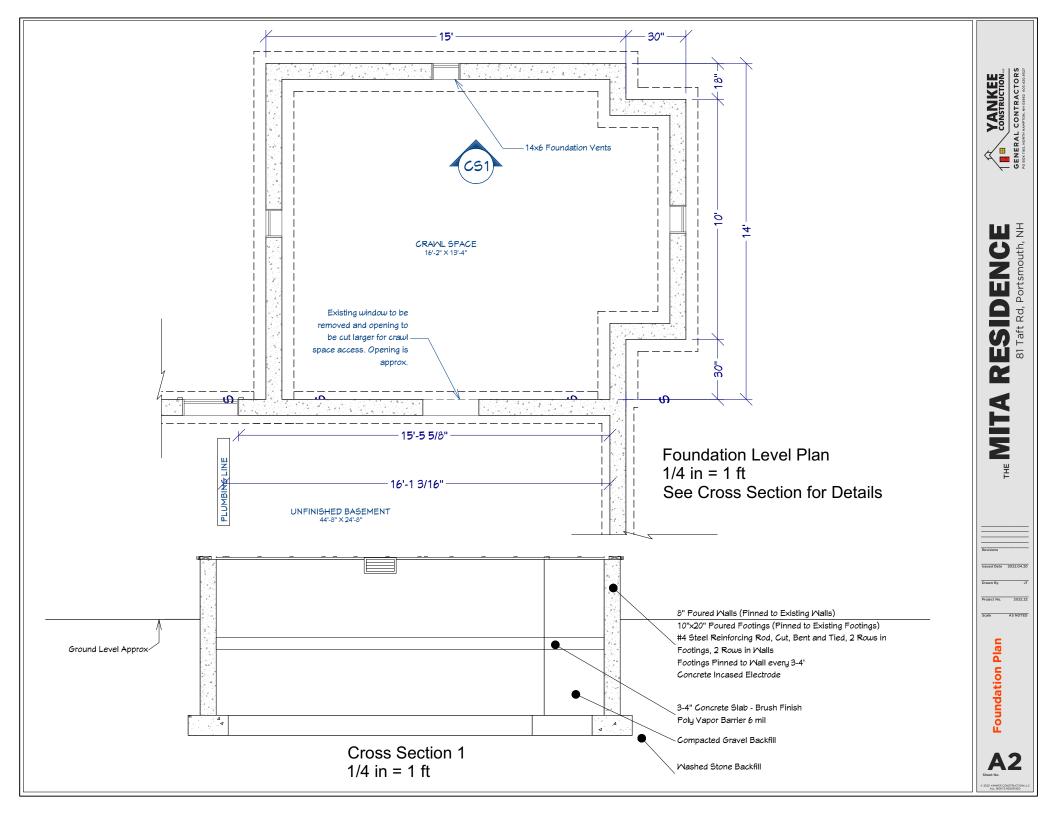
- Doucet Survey LLC "Plan of Land for Thomas J. & Angela M. Mita", dated April 16, 2021, as annotated for this application package by Yankee Construction LLC, April 27, 2022.
- A1 Mita Residence Existing & Proposed Floor Plans with elevations, Yankee Construction LLC, April 20, 2022
- A2 Mita Residence Foundation Plan

Respectfully submitted,

David A. Ciccalone, PG Co-Owner Yankee Construction LLC







#### **Ross Engineering** Civil/Structural Engineering & Surveying

909 Islington Street Portsmouth, NH 03801 603-433-7560 alexross@comcast.net

May 25, 2022 Portsmouth Planning Department 1 Junkins Ave Portsmouth, NH 03801

#### **11 Fletcher Street** <u>CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT</u>

RE: Lancen & Sophie LaChance 11 Fletcher St Portsmouth, NH 03801 Tax Map 233, Lot 76-1

This project involves construction of a house on an existing vacant lot. The house, attached garage, porch, and deck will all be outside the 100' wetland buffer. A conditional use permit is required because the proposed stormwater drain outlet will be in the wetland buffer. The department of public works recommends that the drain outlet be located in the lower lot corner as shown. The drain outlet will provide a direct route to the wetland area and avoid a flowpath towards Lot 73 which is in a low-lying area.

#### Proposed site improvements include:

- 1. Pervious paver driveway to collect runoff from the driveway and the northern garage roof.
- 2. Infiltration trenches along the perimeter of the building collecting runoff from the roofs.
- 3. A stone area beneath the deck to collect runoff from the roofs, as well as stormwater from the pervious pavers and infiltration trenches. Water is stored in this area, before being slowly released to the outlet protection in the southwest through a 4" pipe. Wetland buffer plantings will be installed surrounding the outlet.
- 4. Sewer and water trenches are proposed to connect to existing lines on Sims Ave.

A drainage study has been prepared and after the improvements are installed the stormwater runoff rate will be lower than currently exists.

Sincerely,

Alex Ross, PE, LLS

#### 909 Islington Street Portsmouth, NH 03801

603-433-7560 alexross@comcast.net

## **List of Abutters**

Dated 5-25-2022

To: City of Portsmouth 1 Junkins Ave Portsmouth, NH 03801

> Applicant & Land Owner's Name: Lancen & Sophie Lachance 281 Dennett St Portsmouth, NH 03801

> > Location of Land: 11 Fletcher St Portsmouth, NH 03801 Tax Map 233, Lot 76-1

Abutters: Judith B. Pope Revocable Trust of 2011 66 Benson St Portsmouth, NH 03801 Tax Map 233, Lot 73

Stephanie J. Long Revocable Trust of 2008 80 Sims Ave Portsmouth, NH 03801 Tax Map 233, Lot 74

Eric R. Hutchins Revocable Trust of 2015 74 Sims Ave Portsmouth, NH 03801 Tax Map 233, Lot 75

Mark G. Broderick & Emily Spencer 70 Sims Ave Portsmouth, NH 03801 Tax Map 233, Lot 76

Riverbrook at Portsmouth Condominium Multiple Owners Portsmouth, NH 03801 Tax Map 232-121

#### **Civil Engineer & Surveyor**

Alex Ross Ross Engineering Certified Professional Engineer Licensed Land Surveyor 909 Islington Street Portsmouth, NH 03801

909 Islington Street Portsmouth, NH 03801 603-433-7560 alexross@comcast.net



1. Aerial of neighborhood, before lot clearing



2. Aerial of Site, before lot clearing

909 Islington Street Portsmouth, NH 03801

603-433-7560 alexross@comcast.net



## 3. Looking upslope North East



4. View towards south east corner

909 Islington Street Portsmouth, NH 03801

603-433-7560 alexross@comcast.net



5. Looking south west towards woodland wetland buffer.

#### **Ross Engineering, LLC**

909 Islington Street Portsmouth, NH 03801 603-433-7560 alexross@comcast.net

May 24, 2022

Planning Department City of Portsmouth Portsmouth, NH 03801

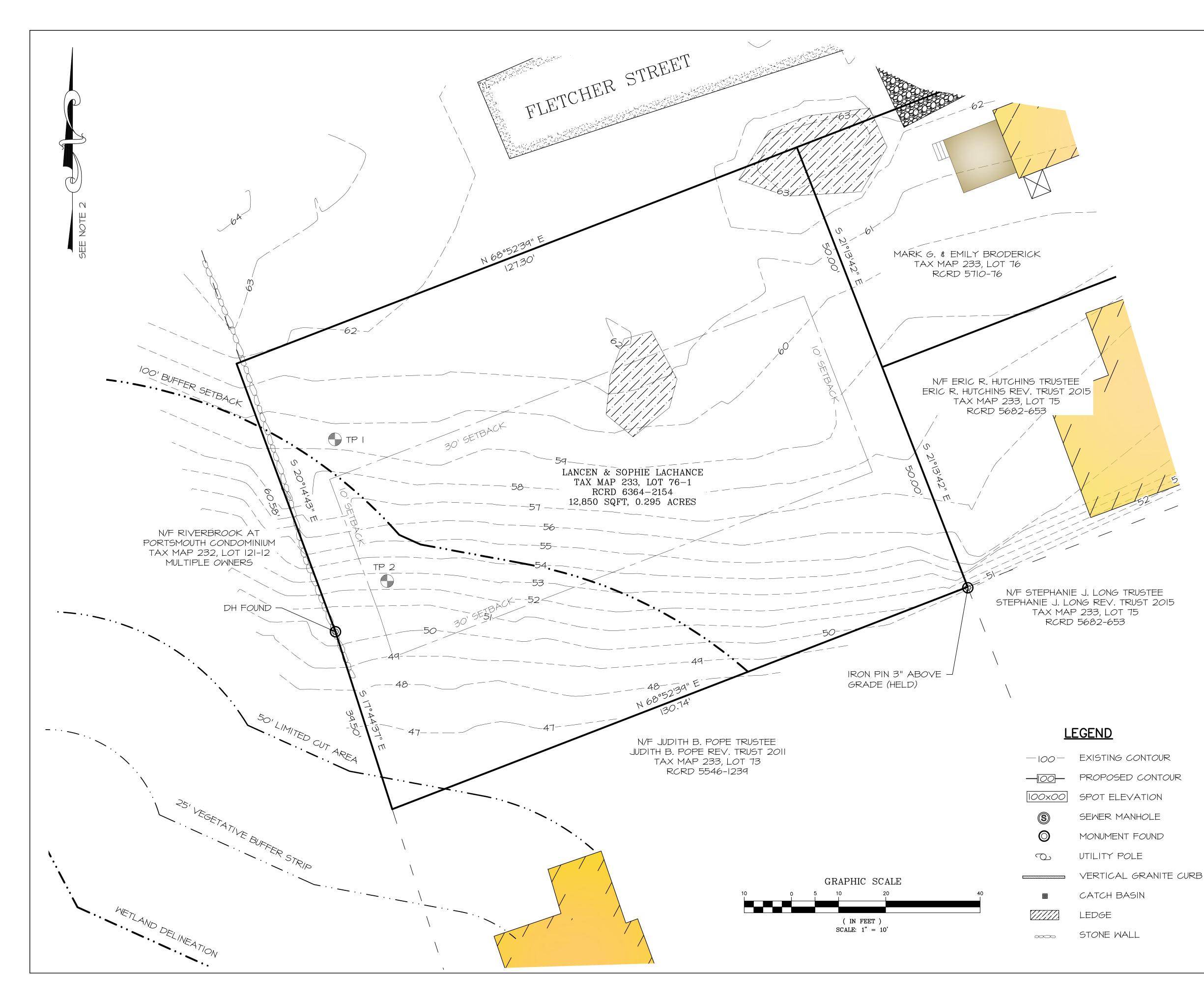
RE: 11 Fletcher St Tax Map 233, Lot 76-1 Portsmouth, NH 03801

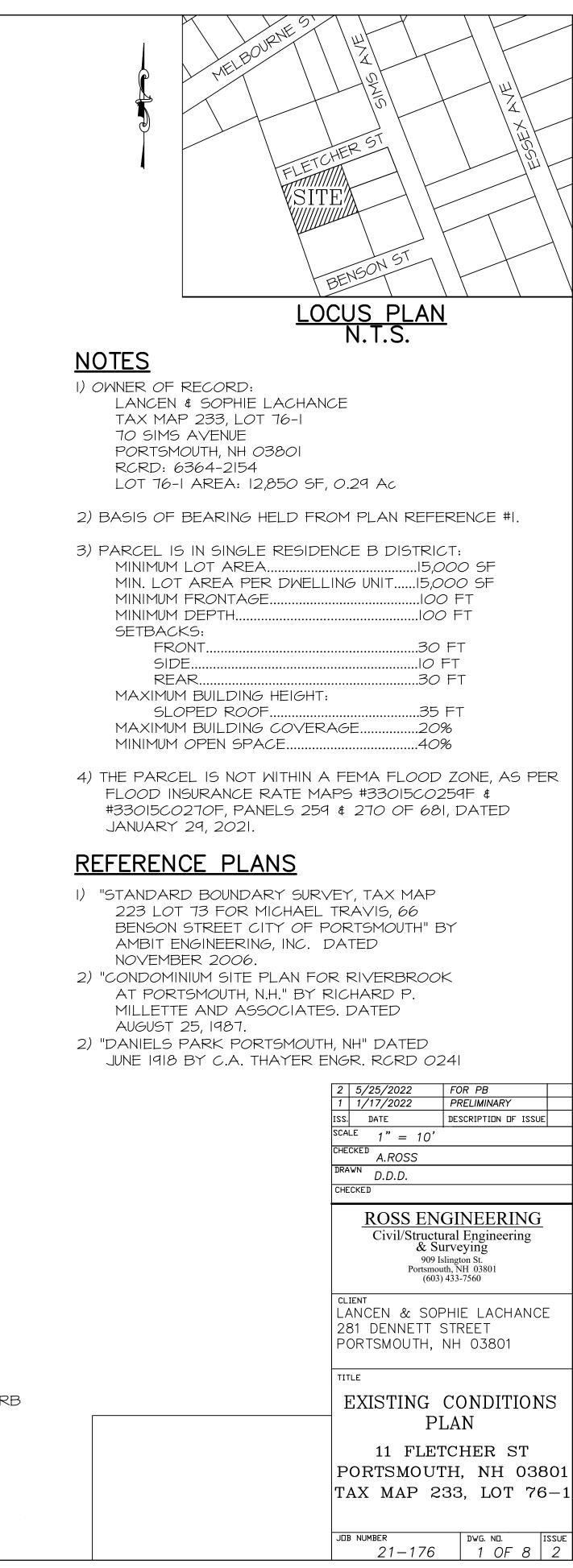
Owner: Lancen & Sophie LaChance 281 Dennett St Portsmouth, NH 03801

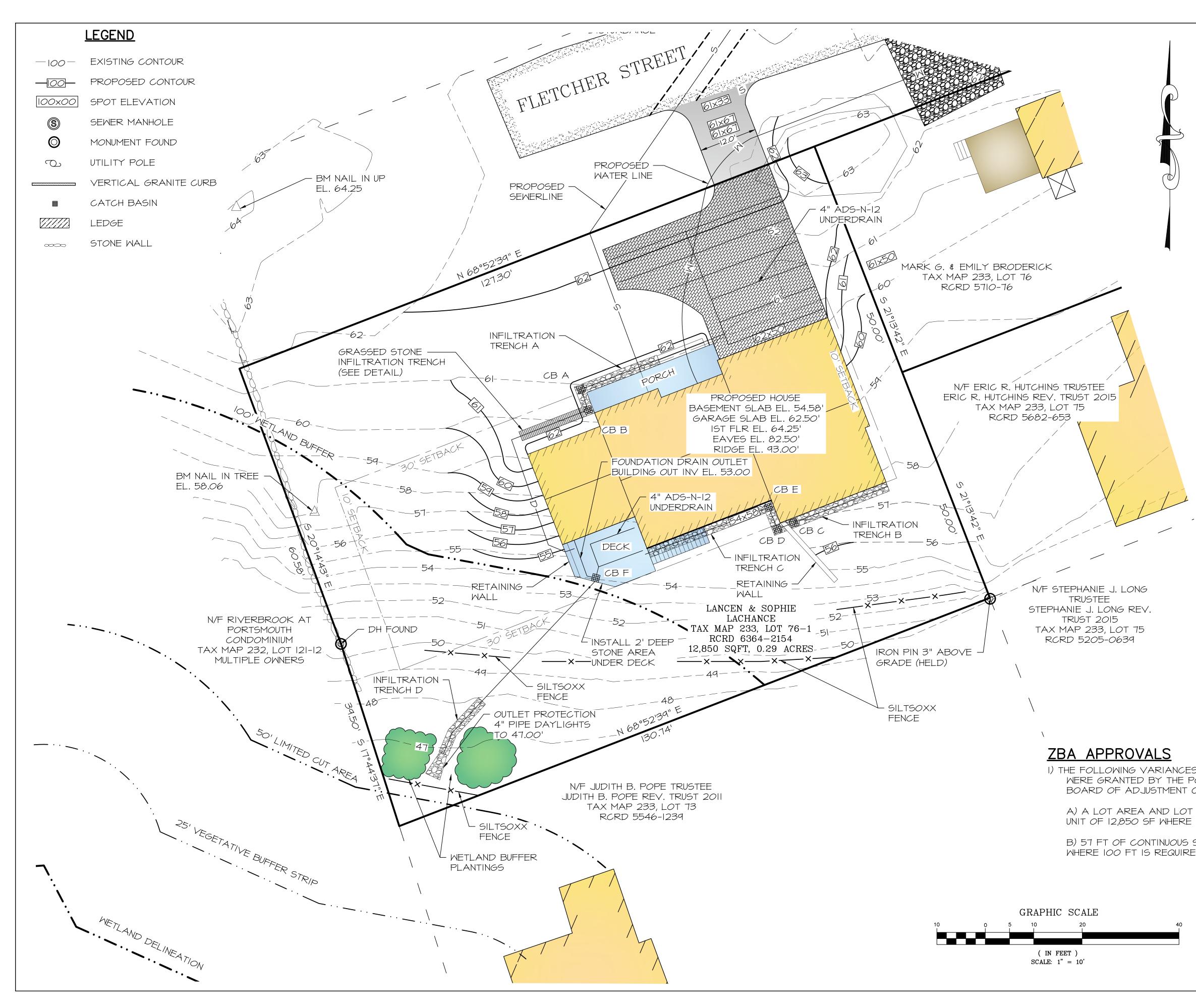
Please be advised that Alex Ross of Ross Engineering is authorized to be our agent for the above application process. Should you have any questions, please contact us.

Sincerely, Jophie JaChance

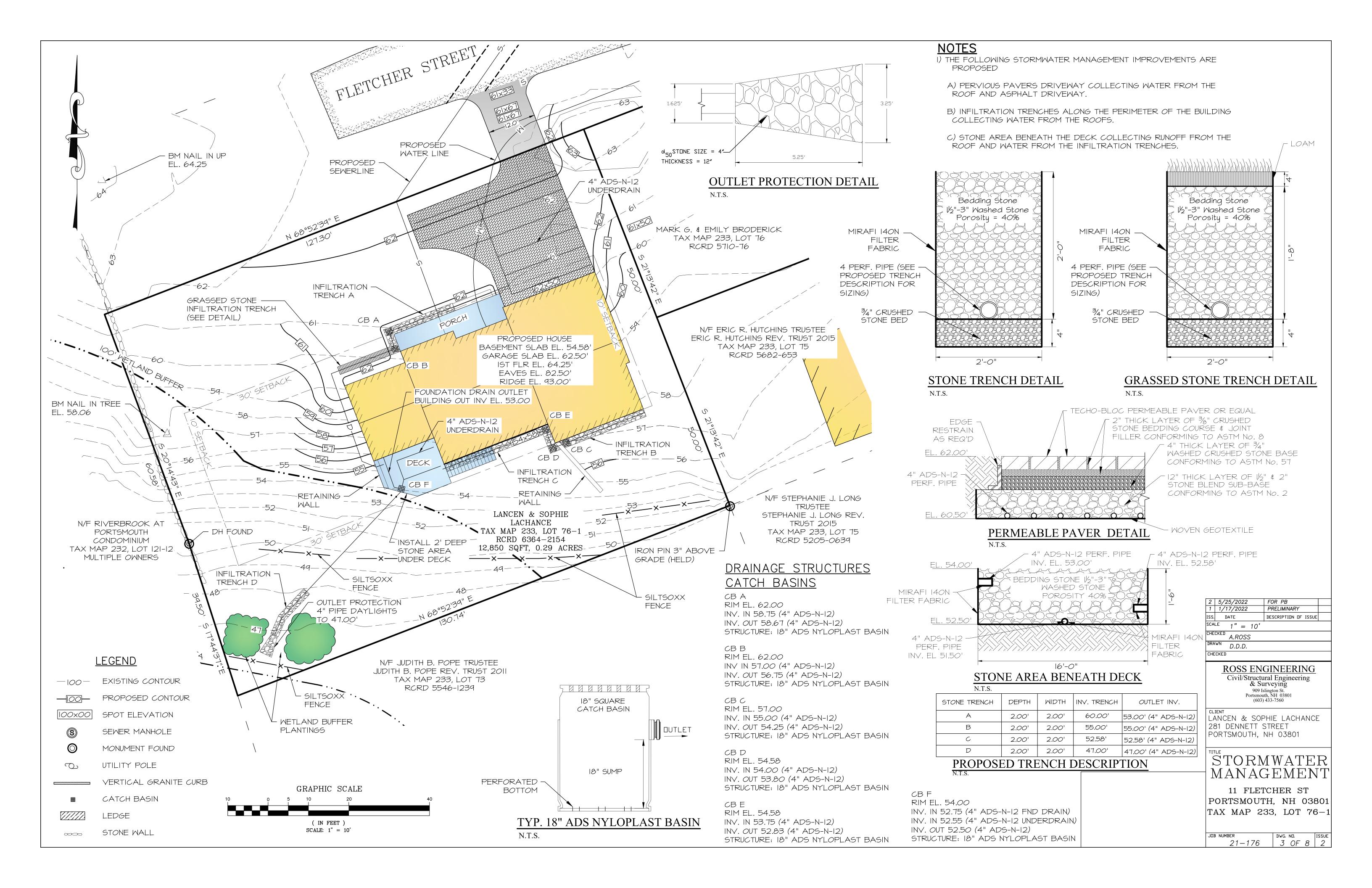
Lancen & Sophie LaChance 281 Dennett St Portsmouth, NH 03801

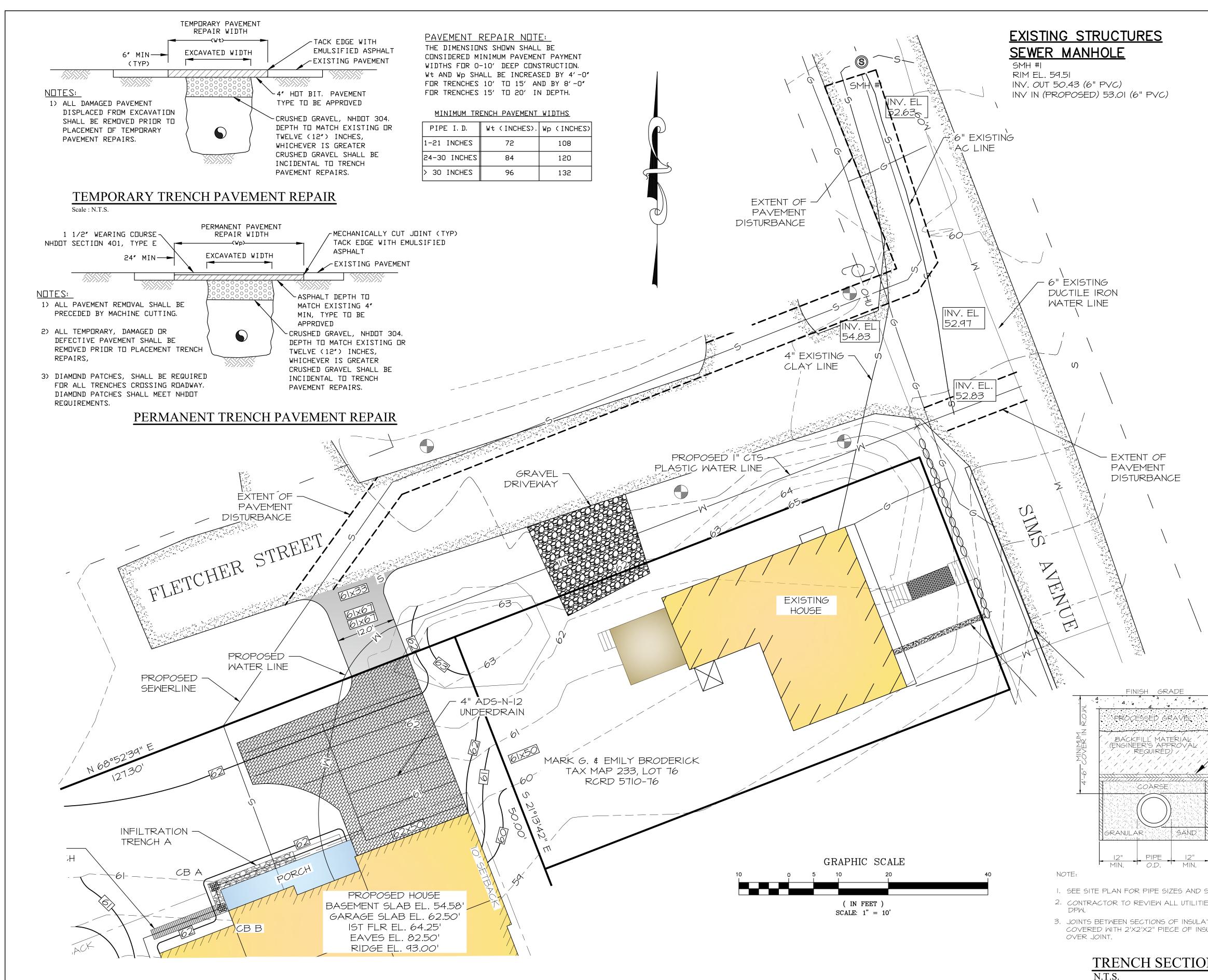






NOTES	
I) OWNER OF RECORD:	
LANCEN & SOPHIE LACHA TAX MAP 233, LOT 76-I	ANCE
70 SIMS AVENUE PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801	
RCRD 6364-2154 Lot 76-1 Area: 12,850 s	SE 0.29 AC
2) PARCEL IS IN SINGLE RESI MINIMUM LOT AREA	
MIN. LOT AREA PER DWE MINIMUM FRONTAGE	•
MINIMUM DEPTH SETBACKS:	
FRONT	
REAR	IO FT 30 FT
MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGH SLOPED ROOF	+Τ: 35 FT
MAXIMUM BUILDING COVE MINIMUM OPEN SPACE	
3) COVERAGES	
BUILDING COVERAGE	
EXISTING COVERAGE :	= 0 5F
PROPOSED COVERAGI HOUSE	E 1987 SF
PORCH & DECK	<u> </u>
LOT COVERAGE EXISTING COVERAGE :	= 0 SF
PROPOSED COVERAGE	E
	<u>OSF</u> AGE 2358 SF
PROPOSED OPEN SF	PACE 10,492 SF
PROPOSED OPEN SF	
4) GRADE PLANE IS DEFINED PLANE OF THE AVERAGE	
ADJOINING THE BUILDING , OR THE AVERAGE GROUNI	
AWAY FROM THE BUILDING	WHEN THE GROUND
LEVEL SLOPES AWAY FRO THE GRADE PLANE WAS D	
5) BUILDING HEIGHT IS DEFIN	ED AS THE VERTICAL
MEASUREMENT BETWEEN T THE FIRST BEING DEFINED	
ABOVE. THE SECOND BEIN BETWEEN THE EAVES AND	IG THE MIDWAY POINT
PITCHED ROOF.	THE RIDGE ON A
GRADE PLANE EL. = 57.75	5
EAVES EL. = 82.50' RIDGE EL. = 93.00'	
ROOF MIDWAY EL. = 82.50	0 + 93.00 / 2 = 87.75'
BUILDING HEIGHT = 87.75'	- 57.75' = 30.00' < 35'
	2 5/25/2022 FOR PB 1 1/17/2022 PRELIMINARY
	ISS. DATE DESCRIPTION OF ISSUE
	CHECKED A.ROSS
	CHECKED
5 FROM SECTION 10.521 PORTSMOUTH ZONING	ROSS ENGINEERING
ON APRIL 21, 2020.	Civil/Structural Engineering & Surveying
AREA PER DWELLING	909 Islington St. Portsmouth, NH 03801 (603) 433-7560
15,000 SF IS REQUIRED.	client LANCEN & SOPHIE LACHANCE
STREET FRONTAGE ED.	281 DENNETT STREET
- <del></del> -	PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801
	TITLE
	SITE PLAN
	11 FLETCHER ST
	PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801
	TAX MAP 233, LOT 76-1
	JDB NUMBER DWG. ND. ISSUE
	21-176 2 OF 8 2





# UTILITIES:

WATER: PORTSMOUTH DPW:	
SEWER: PORTSMOUTH DPW:	603-427-1530

## PROPOSED UTILITIES:

I. WATER:

DOMESTIC: A NEW I" LINE WILL BE INSTALLED TO THE BUILDING FROM THE EXISTING 6" DUCTILE IRON LINE ON SIMS AVE.

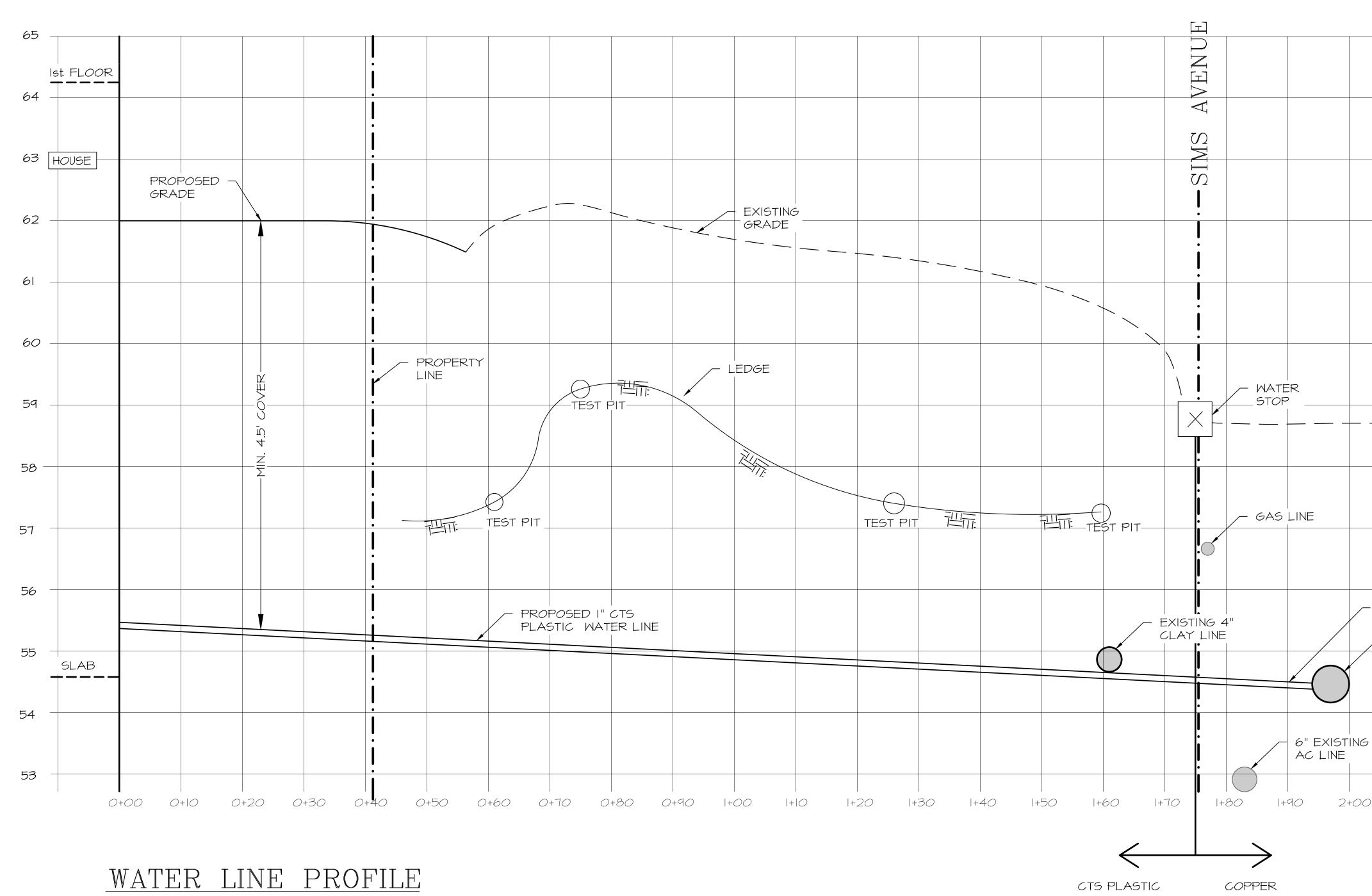
2. SEWER:

A NEW PVC SEWER LATERAL SHALL BE CONNECTED TO THE EXISTING SEWER MANHOLE (SMH #I) IN SIMS AVE. INVERT ELEVATION AT BUILDING SHALL BE 56.1'. SEE CROSS SECTION.

THE SEWER CONNECTION SHALL BE WITNESSED AND APPROVED BY THE PORTSMOUTH WATER DIVISION AND SOLID COUPLINGS WILL BE USED TO CUT IN THE SERVICE TO THE MAIN.

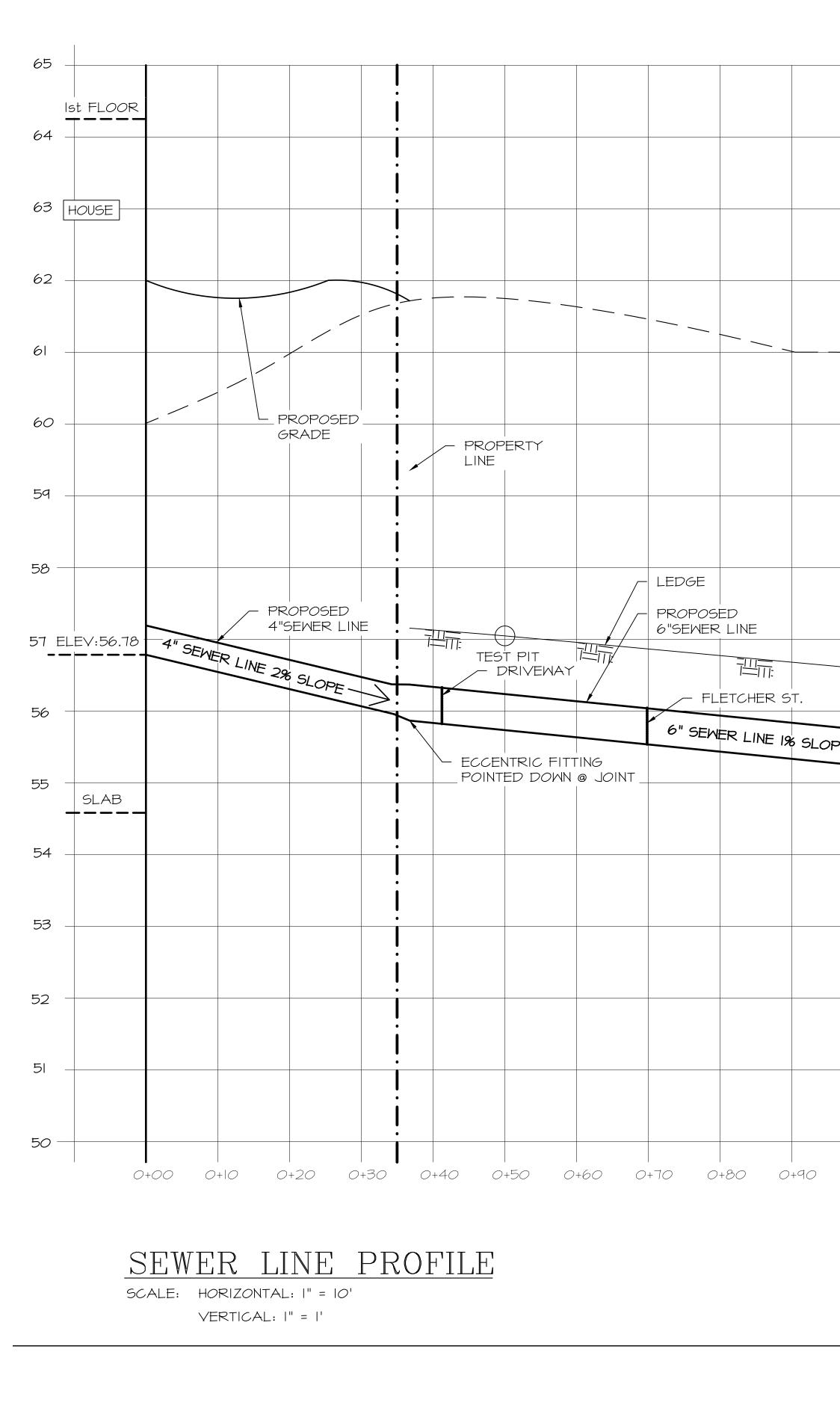
	<u>LEGEND</u>
-100-	EXISTING CONTOUR
-00-	PROPOSED CONTOUR
100×00	SPOT ELEVATION
S	SEWER MANHOLE
$\bigcirc$	MONUMENT FOUND
С)	UTILITY POLE
v	VERTICAL GRANITE CURB
	CATCH BASIN
	LEDGE
	STONE WALL
	TEST PIT
INV. EL 52.97	CITY TRACE ELEVATION OF UTILITY

	2 5/25/2022	FOR PB
	1 1/17/2022	PRELIMINARY
	ISS. DATE	DESCRIPTION OF ISSUE
1 2 THICK, 2X0 RIGID INSULATION	SCALE $1'' = 10'$	
2 LAYERS ON TOP, I LAYER ON SIDES. JOINTS BETWEEN SECTIONS TO BE COVERED WITH 2" THICK 2'X2' SECTION	CHECKED A.ROSS	
COVERED WITH 2" THICK 2'X2' SECTION CENTERED OVER JOINT.	DRAWN D.D.D.	
	CHECKED	
8" MIN. 6" MIN.	Civil/Structu & Su 909 Is Portsmou	GINEERING tral Engineering tryeying Jington St. th, NH 03801 433-7560
	CLIENT LANCEN & SOF 281 DENNETT S PORTSMOUTH, I	STREET
SERVICES.	TITLE	
ES WITH PORTSMOUTH		
ATION TO BE	UTILIT	Y PLAN
GULATION CENTERED	11 FLET	CHER ST
		TH, NH 03801
		,
<u>N</u>	IAA MAP 23	33, LOT 76–1
	JDB NUMBER	DWG. ND. ISSUE
	21-176	4 OF 8 2

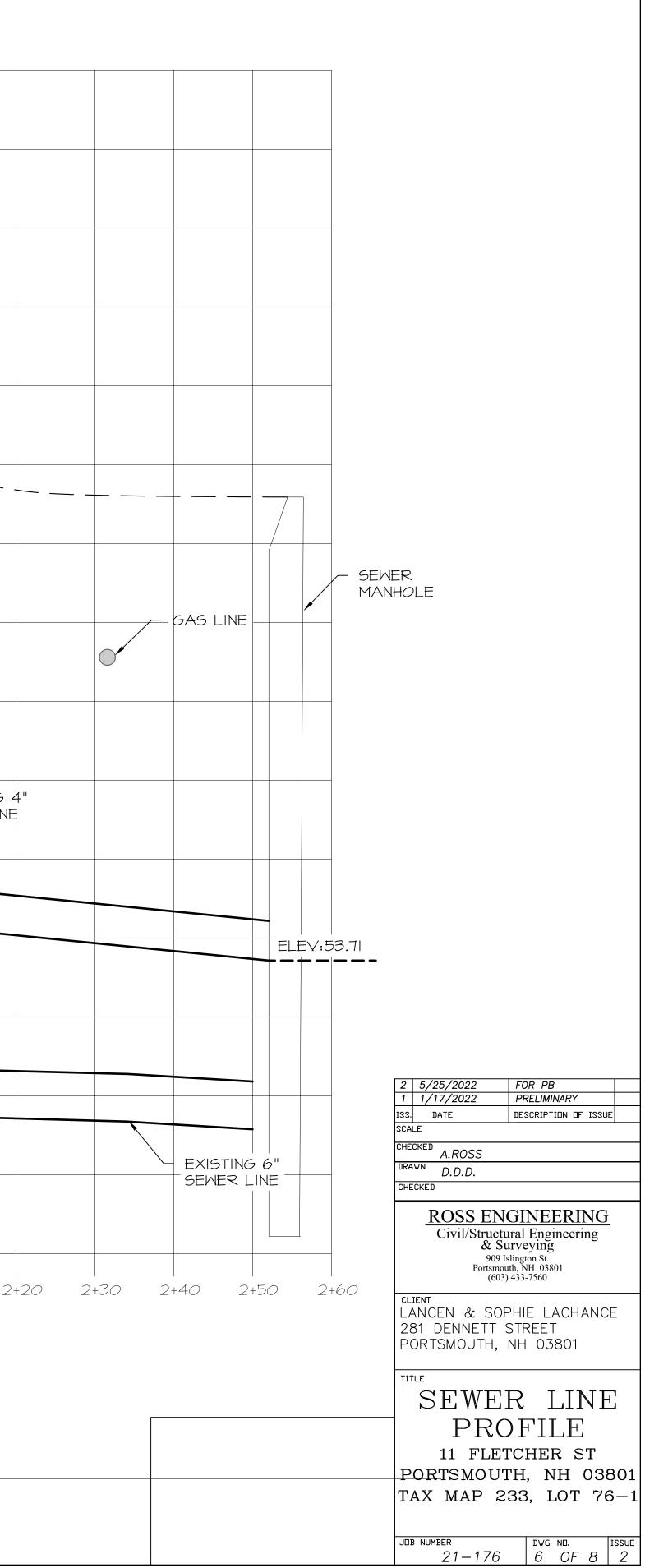


SCALE: HORIZONTAL: |" = 10' VERTICAL: |" = |'

- I" COPPER	
6" EXISTING DUCTILE IRON	
WATER LINE. ELEVATION TBD	
3	
0 2+10 2+20 2+	+30
	25/25/2022FOR PB11/17/2022PRELIMINARYISS.DATEDESCRIPTION OF ISSUESCALE
	CHECKED A.ROSS DRAWN D.D.D. CHECKED
	ROSS ENGINEERING Civil/Structural Engineering & Surveying 909 Islington St. Portsmouth, NH 03801 (00) 422 75 (0)
	(603) 433-7560 CLIENT LANCEN & SOPHIE LACHANCE 281 DENNETT STREET PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801
	WATER LINE PROFILE
	11 FLETCHER ST PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 TAX MAP 233, LOT 76–1
	JOB NUMBER DWG. NO. ISSUE 21-176 5 OF 8 2



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				EXISTING BRADE								
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	₩											
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				6" SEWER (55.87' - 53 4" SEWER (56.78' - 5	3.71' = 2.17 LINE RUNS	1') 2.16' / 2 • 37' LONG	15' = <i>0.0</i> 1 AT 2%					



# SEWER LINES

1) MINIMUM SIZE PIPE FOR HOUSE SERVICE SHALL BE FOUR INCHES. 2) PIPE AND JOINT MATERIALS:

A. PLASTIC SEWER PIPE

1. PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING ASTM STANDARDS

ASTM <u>STANDARI</u>		RIC PIPE RIAL	SIZ APP	ES <u>ROVED</u>			
D3034	*PVC	(SOLID WALL)	8″	THROUGH	15″	(SDR	35)
F679	PVC	(SOLID WALL)	18″	THROUGH	27″	< T-1	& T-2>
F789	PVC	(SOLID WALL)	4″	THROUGH	18″	< T-1	TO T-3)
F794	PVC	(RIBBED WALL)	8″	THROUGH	36″		
D2680	*ABS	(COMPOSITES WAL	L) 8″	THROUGH	15″		
*PVC:	POLY VINYL	CHLORIDE					
*ABS:	ACRYLONITR	ILE-BUTADIENE-ST	YRENE				

2. - JOINTS SEALS FOR PVC PIPE SHALL BE OIL RESISTANT COMPRESSION RINGS OF ELASTOMERIC MATERIAL CONFORMING TO ASTM D-3212 AND SHALL BE PUSH-ON, BELL AND SPIGDT TYPE.

-PLASTIC SEWER PIPE SHALL HAVE A PIPE STIFFNESS RATING DF AT LEAST 46 POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH AT 5% PIPE DIAMETER DEFLECTION, AS MEASURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D2412 DURING MANUFACTURE. -PVC PIPE USED FOR FORCE MAINS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM D2241

OR ATM D1784. -FORCE MAINS SHALL BE DESIGNED TO WITHSTAND HYDROSTATIC PRESSURES OF AT LEAST 2 1/2 TIMES THE DESIGN TOTAL DYNAMIC HEAD.

B. DUCTILE-IRON PIPE, FITTINGS AND JOINTS.

1. DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:

- -AWWA C151 FOR DUCTILE IRON PIPE, CENTRIFUGALLY CAST IN METAL OR SAND LINED MOLDS, FOR WATER OR OTHER LIQUIDS. -AWWA C150 FOR THICKNESS DESIGN OF DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND
- WITH ASTM A 536 DUCTILE IRON CASTINGS.
- -JDINTS SHALL BE MECHANICAL TYPE, PUSH-DN TYPE,

DR BALL-AND-SOCKET TYPE. 3) DAMAGED PIPE SHALL BE REJECTED AND REMOVED FROM THE JOB SITE.

- 4) JOINTS SHALL BE DEPENDENT UPON A NEOPRENE OR ELASTOMERIC GASKET FOR WATER-TIGHTNESS. ALL JOINTS SHALL BE PROPERLY MATCHED WITH THE PIPE MATERIALS USED. WHERE DIFFERING MATERIALS ARE TO BE CONNECTED, AS AT THE STREET SEWER WYE OR AT THE FOUNDATION WALL, APPROPRITATE MANUFACTURED ADAPTERS SHALL BE USED.
- 5) TEES AND WYES: WHERE A TEE OR WYE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN THE EXISTING STREET SEWER, AN APPROPRIATE CONNECTION SHALL BE MADE, FOLLOWING MANUFACTURERS' INSTRUCTIONS USING A BOLTED, CLAMPED OR EPOXY-CEMENTED SADDLE TAPPED INTO A SMOOTHLY DRILLED OR SAWN OPENING IN THE SEWER. THE PRACTICE OF BREAKING AN DPENING WITH A SLEDGE HAMMER, STUFFING CLOTH DR DTHER SUCH MATERIAL ARDUND THE JOINT, OR APPLYING MORTAR TO HOLD THE CONNECTION, AND ANY OTHER SIMILAR CRUDE PRACTICES OR INEPT OR HASTY IMPROVISATIONS WILL NOT BE PREMITTED. THE CONNECTION SHALL BE CONCRETE ENCASED AS SHOWN IN THE DETAIL UP TO AND INCLUDING 15" DIAMETER, AS SPECIFIED IN NOTE 10. BEDDING AND RE-FILL FOR DEPTH OF 12 INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE PIPE SHALL BE CAREFULLY AND THOROUGHLY TAMPED BY HAND OR WITH APPROPRIATE MECHANICAL DEVICES.
- 6) HOUSE SEWER INSTALLATION: THE PIPE SHALL BE HANDLED, PLACED AND JOINTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTALLATION GUIDES OF THE APPROPRIATE MANUFACTURER. IT SHALL BE CAREFULLY BEDDED ON A 4 INCH LAYER OF CRUSHED STONE AND/OR GRAVEL THE PIPE SHALL BE LAID AT A CONTINUOUS AND CONSTANT GRADE FROM THE STREET SEWER CONNECTION TO THE FOUNDATION AT A GRADE OF NOT LESS THAN 1/4 INCH PER FOOT. PIPE JOINTS MUST BE MADE UNDER DRY CONDITIONS. IF WATER IS PRESENT, ALL NECESSARY STEPS SHALL BE TAKEN TO DEWATER THE TRENCH.

7) -ALL NEW SEWERS, MANHOLES, AND FORCE MAINS SHALL BE TESTED FOR WATER TIGHTNESS BY THE USE OF EITHER WATER OR LOW-PRESSURE AIR TESTS. -LOW PRESSURE AIR TESTING SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH ASTM C828. -THE RATE OF INFILTRATION OR EXFILTRACTION SHALL BE NOT GREATER THAN 100 GALLONS PER DAY PER INCH OF PIPE DIAMETER PER MILE OF PIPE FOR SIZES TO 48", AND NOT GREATER THAN 200 GALLONS PER DAY PER INCH OF PIPE DIAMETER PER MILE FOR SIZES OVER 48". -FORCE MAINS SHALL BE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 4 OF AWWA C600 "INSTALLATION OF CAST IRON WATER MAINS". AT A PRESSURE FQUAL TO 150%

OF THE DESIGN OPERATING TOTAL DYNAMIC HEAD. -MANHOLES SHALL BE TESTED FOR LEAKAGE USING EITHER A WATER EXILTRATION TEST DR A VACUUM TEST.

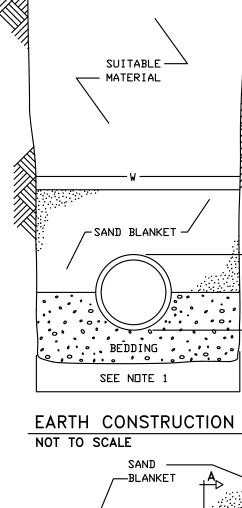
-THE MANHOLE VACUUM TEST SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING: *NOT LESS THAN 2 MINUTES FOR MANHOLES LESS THAN 10 FT. IN DEPTH. *NOT LESS THAN 2 1/2 MINUTES FOR MANHOLES 10-15 FT. DEEP. *NOT LESS THAN 3 MINUTES FOR MANHOLES MORE THAN 15 FT. DEEP.

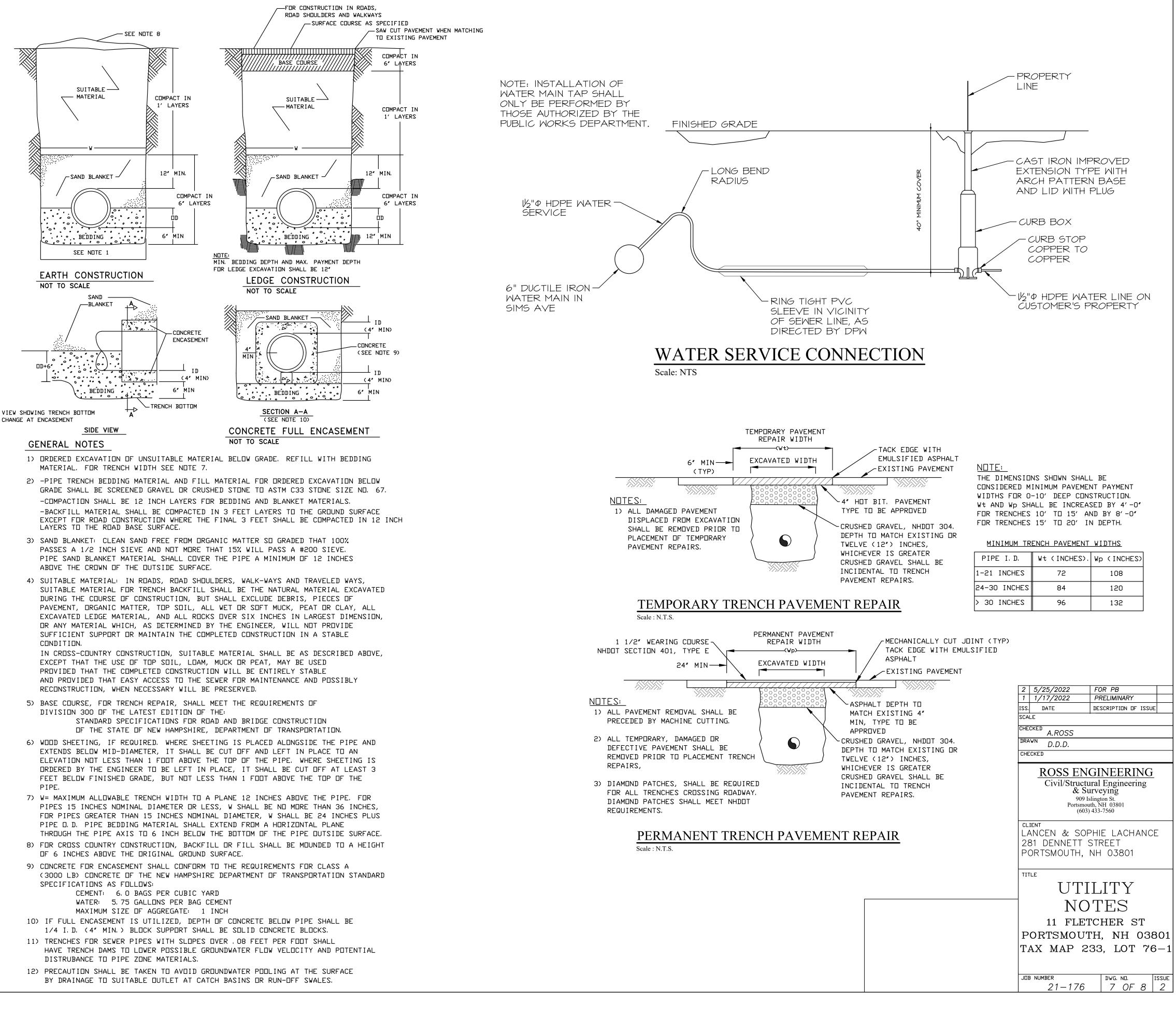
-LEAKAGE DBSERVED IN ANY DNE DF THE ABDVE ALTERNATE TESTS SHALL BE CAUSE FOR NON-ACCEPTANCE AND THE PIPE SHALL BE DUG-UP IF NECESSARY AND RE-LAID SO AS TO ASSURE WATER TIGHTNESS.

- -A WATERTIGHT HATCH IS REQUIRED TO PREVENT STORM SURGE INTRUSION.
- 8) ILLEGAL CONNECTIONS: NOTHING BUT SANITARY WASTE FLOW FROM HOUSE TOILETS, SINKS, LAUNDRY ETC. SHALL BE PREMITTED. ROOF LEADERS, FOOTING DRAINS, SUMP PUMPS DR DTHER SIMILAR CONNECTIONS CARRING RAIN WATER, DRAINAGE DR GROUND WATER SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED.
- 9) HOUSE WATER SERVICE SHALL NOT BE LAID IN SAME TRENCH AS SEWER SERVICE.
- 10) LOCATION: THE LOCATION OF THE TEE OR WYE SHALL BE RECORDED AND FILED IN THE MUNICIPAL RECORDS. IN ADDITION, A FERROUS METAL ROD OR PIPE SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE TEE OR WYE AS DESCRIBED IN THE TYPICAL "CHIMNEY" DETAIL, TO AID IN LOCATING THE BURIED PIPE WITH A DIP NEEDLE OR PIPEFINDER.

11) CONCRETE: CONCRETE SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS FOR CLASS A (3000 PSI) CONCRETE OF THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARDS SPECIFICATIONS AS FOLLOWS:

- CEMENT: 6. 0 BAGS PER CUBIC YARD
- WATER: 5.75 GALLONS PER BAG CEMENT
- MAXIMUM SIZE DF AGGREGATE: 1 INCH
- 12) CHIMNEYS: IF VERTICAL DROP INTO SEWER IS GREATER THAN 4 FEET, A CHIMNEY SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED FOR THE HOUSE CONNECTION, CHIMNEY INSTALLATION AS RECOMMENDED BY THE PIPE MANUFACTURER MAY BE USED IF APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.





CHANGE AT ENCASEMENT

SEE "EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL GENERAL NOTES" WHICH ARE TO BE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS PROCESS. 2. INSTALL SILTSOXX FENCING AS PER DETAILS AND AT SEDIMENT MIGRATION.

- 3. CONSTRUCT TREATMENT SWALES , LEVEL SPREADERS AND DETENTION STRUCTURES AS DEPICTED ON DRAWINGS.
- 4. STRIP AND STOCKPILE TOPSOIL. STABILIZE PILES OF SOIL CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL & COVER WHERE PRACTICABLE.
- 5. MINIMIZE DUST THROUGH APPROPRIATE APPLICATION OF WATER OR OTHER DUST SUPPRESSION TECHNIQUES ON SITE.
- 6. ROUGH GRADE SITE. INSTALL CULVERTS AND ROAD DITCHES.
- FINISH GRADE AND COMPACT SITE. 8. RE-SPREAD AND ADD TOPSOIL TO ALL ROADSIDE SLOPES. TOTAL TOPSOIL THICKNESS TO BE A MINIMUM OF FOUR TO SIX INCHES.
- 9. STABILIZE ALL AREAS OF BARE SOIL WITH MULCH AND SEEDING.
- 10. RE-SEED PER EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL GENERAL NOTES.
- II. SILT SOXX FENCING TO REMAIN AND BE MAINTAINED FOR TWENTY FOUR MONTHS AFTER CONSTRUCTION TO ENSURE ESTABLISHMENT OF ADEQUATE SOIL
- STABILIZATION AND VEGETATIVE COVER. ALL SILT SOXX FENCING ARE THEN TO BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE AND PROPERLY DISPOSED OF. 12. PERIMETER CONTROLS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO EARTH MOVING
- OPERATIONS. 13. ALL TEMPORARY WATER DIVERSION (SWALES, BASINS, ETC. MUST BE USED AS NECESSARY UNTIL AREAS ARE STABILIZED.
- 14. PONDS AND SWALES SHALL BE INSTALLED EARLY ON IN THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE - BEFORE ROUGH GRADING THE SITE.
- 15. ALL DITCHES AND SWALES SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO DIRECTING RUNOFF TO THEM 16. ALL ROADWAYS AND PARKING LOTS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 72 HOURS
- OF ACHIEVING FINISHED GRADE. 17. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE SEEDED/LOAMED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF
- ACHIEVING FINISH GRADE. 18. ALL EROSION CONTROLS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EVERY
- HALF-INCH OF RAINFALL. 19. THE SMALLEST PRACTICAL AREA SHALL BE DISTURBED DURING
- CONSTRUCTION, BUT IN NO CASE SHALL EXCEED 5 ACRES AT ANY ONE TIME BEFORE DISTURBED AREAS ARE STABILIZED.
- 20. LOT DISTURBANCE, OTHER THAN THAT SHOWN ON THE APPROVED PLANS, SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL AFTER THE ROADWAY HAS THE BASE COURSE TO DESIGN ELEVATION AND THE ASSOCIATED DRAINAGE IS COMPLETE AND STABLE.

### PLANTING NOTES:

ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE FIRST QUALITY NURSERY GROWN STOCK. 2. ALL PLANTS SHALL BE PLANTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEW HAMPSHIRE LANDSCAPE ASSOCIATION STANDARDS AND GUARANTEED FOR ONE YEAR BY THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR.

3. ALL TREES AND SHRUBS SHALL HAVE WATER SAUCERS BUILT AROUND THEIR BASES AND THESE SHALL BE MULCHED WITH 4" OF DARK BROWN AGED BARK MULCH. MULCH MUST BE KEPT 2" AWAY FROM THEIR TRUNKS. 4. ALL TREES AND SHRUBS SHALL BE PLANTED AND MULCHED BEFORE LAWN IS

SEEDED.

#### MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS:

ALL TREES, SHRUBS, AND PERENNIALS WILL NEED TO BE WATERED THROUGH THANKSGIVING DURING THE FIRST SEASON IN WHICH THEY ARE INSTALLED. 2. AN UNDERGROUND DRIP IRRIGATION SYSTEM IS RECOMMENDED. IF AN UNDERGROUND DRIP IRRIGATION SYSTEM IS NOT INSTALLED, SOAKER HOSES WOUND THROUGHOUT PLANTING BEDS ARE ACCEPTABLE. ALTHOUGH OVERHEAD SPRINKLERS ARE RECOMMENDED FOR LAWN AREAS, THEY ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE FOR IRRIGATING TREES AND SHRUBS.

#### SEEDING AND STABILIZATION FOR LOAMED SITE: FOR TEMPORARY & LONG TERM SEEDINGS USE AGWAY'S SOIL CONSERVATION GRASS SEED OR EQUAL

COMPONENTS: ANNUAL RYE GRASS, PERENNIAL RYE GRASS, WHITE CLOVER, 2 FESCUES, SEED AT A RATE OF 100 POUNDS PER ACRE,

FERTILIZER & LIME: NITROGEN (N) 50 LBS/ACRE, PHOSPHATE (P205) 100 LBS/ACRE, POTASH (K20) 100 LBS/ACRE, LIME 2000 LBS/ACRE

MULCH:

# HAY OR STRAW 1.5-2 TONS/ACRE

#### A) GRADING AND SHAPING

I) SLOPES SHALL NOT BE STEEPER THAN 2:1; 3:1 SLOPES OR FLATTER ARE PREFERRED. WHERE MOWING WILL BE DONE, 3:1 SLOPES OR FLATTER ARE RECOMMENDED.

#### B) SEED BED PREPARATION

SPECIFICATIONS

REQUIREMENTS

I) SURFACE AND SEEPAGE WATER SHOULD BE DRAINED OR DIVERTED FROM THE SITE TO PREVENT DROWNING OR WINTER KILLING OF THE PLANTS. 2) STONES LARGER THAN 4 INCHES AND TRASH SHOULD BE REMOVED BECAUSE THEY INTERFERE WITH SEEDING AND FUTURE MAINTENANCE OF THE AREA. WHERE FEASIBLE, THE SOIL SHOULD BE TILLED TO A DEPTH OF ABOUT 4 INCHES TO PREPARE A SEEDBED AND MIX FERTILIZER AND LIME INTO THE SOIL. THE SEEDBED SHOULD BE LEFT IN A REASONABLY FIRM AND SMOOTH CONDITION. THE LAST TILLAGE OPERATION SHOULD BE PERFORMED ACROSS THE SLOPE WHEREVER PRACTICAL.

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL GEI NOTES

I. CONDUCT ALL CONSTRUCTION IN A MANNER AND SEQUENCE THAT CAUSES THE LEAST PRACTICAL DISTURBANCE OF THE PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT, BUT IN NO CASE SHALL EXCEED 2 ACRES AT ANY ONE TIME BEFORE DISTURBED AREAS ARE STABILIZED.

2. ALL AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE.

3. ALL DITCHES, SWALES AND PONDS MUST BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO DIRECTING FLOW TO THEM.

4. ALL GROUND AREAS OPENED UP FOR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF EARTH-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES BEING CEASED, AND WILL BE FULLY STABILIZED NO LONGER THAN 14 DAYS AFTER INITIATION, (SEE NOTE II FOR DEFINITION OF STABLE). ALL SOILS FINISH GRADED MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN SEVENTY TWO HOURS OF DISTURBANCE. ALL TEMPORARY OR LONG TERM SEEDING MUST BE APPLIED TO COMPLY WITH "WINTER CONSTRUCTION NOTES" (SEE WINTER CONSTRUCTION NOTES). EMPLOY TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DEVICES AS DETAILED ON THIS PLAN AS NECESSARY UNTIL ADEQUATE STABILIZATION HAS BEEN ASSURED (SEE NOTE II FOR DEFINITION OF STABLE).

5. TEMPORARY & LONG TERM SEEDING: USE SEED MIXTURES, FERTILIZER, LIME AND MULCHING AS RECOMMENDED (SEE SEEDING AND STABILIZATION NOTES). 6. SILTSOXX FENCING TO BE SECURELY EMBEDDED AND STAKED AS DETAILED.

WHEREVER POSSIBLE A VEGETATED STRIP OF AT LEAST TWENTY FIVE FEET IS TO BE KEPT BETWEEN SILTSOXX AND ANY EDGE OF WET AREA. 7. SEEDED AREAS WILL BE FERTILIZED AND RE-SEEDED AS NECESSARY TO ENSURE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT.

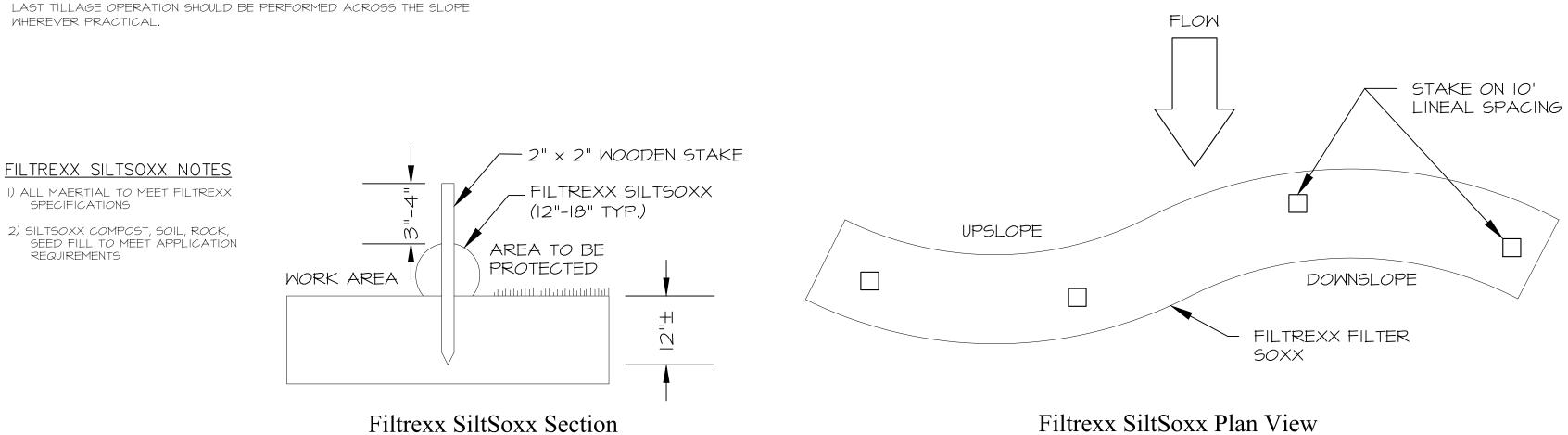
8. SEDIMENT BASIN(S), IF REQUIRED, TO BE CHECKED AFTER EACH SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL AND CLEANED AS NEEDED TO RETAIN DESIGN CAPACITY. 9. SILTSOXX FENCING WILL BE CHECKED REGULARLY AND AFTER EACH SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL. NECESSARY REPAIRS WILL BE MADE TO CORRECT UNDERMINING OR DETERIORATION OF THE BARRIER AS WELL AS CLEANING, REMOVAL AND PROPER DISPOSAL OF TRAPPED SEDIMENT.

10. TREATMENT SWALES WILL BE CHECKED WEEKLY AND REPAIRED WHEN NECESSARY UNTIL ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE COVER HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED. II. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED FULLY STABLE IF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING HAS OCCURRED:

- BASE COURSE GRAVELS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED • A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATED GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED • A MINIMUM OF 3" OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE OR RIP RAP
- HAS BEEN INSTALLED.

 EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED. II. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES IN THE PLAN SHALL MEET THE DESIGN BASED ON STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SET FORTH IN THE STORM WATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL HANDBOOK FOR URBAN AND DEVELOPING AREAS IN NEW HAMPSHIRE (DECEMBER 2008 OR LATEST) PREPARED BY ROCKINGHAM COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT, N.H. DES AND NRCS.

WINTER CONSTRUCTION NOTES ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREAS WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING AND INSTALLING EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, AND SEEDING AND PLACING 3 TO 4 TONS OF MULCH PER ACRE, SECURED WITH ANCHORED NETTING, ELSEWHERE. THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR MULCH AND NETTING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER ACCUMULATED SNOW OR ON FROZEN GROUND AND SHALL BE COMPETED IN ADVANCE OF THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENT .; 2. ALL DITCHES OR SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHALL BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILY WITH STONE OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS APPROPRIATE FOR THE DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS; 3. AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, INCOMPLETE ROAD OR PARKING SURFACES, WHERE WORK HAS STOPPED FOR THE WINTER SEASON, SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES OF CRUSHED GRAVEL PER NHDOT ITEM 304.3.



NEKAL
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LONG TERM SEEDING *WELL TO MODERATELY WELL DRAINED SOILS

FOR CUT AND FILL AREA AND FOR WATERWAYS AND CHANNELS CEEDING MIVTURE C

SEEDING MIXTURE C		
	Ib/ACRE	<u>16/10005F</u>
TALL FESCUE	20	0.45
CREEPING RED FESCUE	20	0.45
RED CLOVER (ALSIKE)	<u>20</u>	<u>0.45</u>

TOTAL 1.35 LIME: AT 2 TONS PER ACRE OR 100 LBS PER 1,000 S.F. FERTILIZER: 10 20 20 (NITROGEN, PHOSPHATE, POTASH AT 500# PER ACRE.

MULCH: HAY OR CLEAN STRAW; 2 TONS/ACRE OR 2 BALES/1000 S.F.

GRADING AND SHAPING: SLOPES SHALL NOT BE STEEPER THAN 2 TO I. 3 TO I OR FLATTER SLOPES ARE PREFERRED.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: SURFACE AND SEEPAGE WATER SHOULD BE DRAINED OR DIVERTED FROM THE SITE TO PREVENT DROWNING OR WINTER KILLING OF THE PLANTS.

STONES LARGER THAN FOUR INCHES AND TRASH SHOULD BE REMOVED. SOD SHOULD BE TILLED TO A DEPTH OF FOUR INCHES TO PREPARE SEEDBED. FERTILIZER & LIME SHOULD BE MIXED INTO THE SOIL. THE SEEDBED SHOULD BE LEFT IN A REASONABLY FIRM AND SMOOTH CONDITION. THE LAST TILLAGE OPERATION SHOULD BE PERFORMED ACROSS THE SLOPE WHEREVER PRACTICAL.

* FROM: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL HANDBOOK FOR URBAN AND DEVELOPING AREAS IN NEW HAMPSHIRE, DECEMBER 2008.

SHORT TERM SEEDING

*WELL TO MODERATELY WELL DRAINED SOILS

FOR CUT AND FILL AREA AND FOR WATERWAYS AND CHANNELS

SEEDING MIXTURE C		
	<u>#/ACRE</u>	<u>#/10005E</u>
FOR APRIL I - AUGUST 15		
ANNUAL RYE GRASS	40	I
FOR FALL SEEDING		
WINTER RYE	112	2.5

LIME: AT I TON PER ACRE OR IOO LBS PER 1,000 S.F. FERTILIZER: 10 10 (NITROGEN, PHOSPHATE, POTASH AT 500# PER ACRE. MULCH: HAY OR CLEAN STRAW; 2 TONS/ACRE OR 2 BALES/1000 S.F.

GRADING AND SHAPING:

SLOPES SHALL NOT BE STEEPER THAN 2 TO I. 3 TO I OR FLATTER SLOPES ARE PREFERRED.

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* FROM: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL HANDBOOK FOR URBAN AND DEVELOPING AREAS IN NEW HAMPSHIRE, DECEMBER 2008.

WHEN PROPOSED FOR ALTERATION DURING CONSTRUCTION AS BEING INFESTED WITH INVASIVE SPECIES SHALL BE MANAGED APPROPRIATELY USING THE DISPOSAL PRACTICES IDENTIFIED IN "NHDOT - BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR ROADSIDE INVASIVE PLANTS -2008" AND "METHODS FOR DISPOSING NON-NATIVE INVASIVE PLANTS - UNH COOPERATIVE EXTENSION - 2010"

SEED MIXES SHALL NOT CONTAIN ANY SPECIES IDENTIFIED BY THE NEW HAMPSHIRE PROHIBITED INVASIVE PLANT SPECIES LIST.

# Filtrexx SiltSoxx Plan View N.T.S.

# **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF FACILITIE** PROPERTY

## A. MAINTENANCE OF COMMON FACILITIES OR PROPERTY

1. FUTURE OWNERS OR ASSIGNS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTE STORMWATER INFRASTRUCTURE ASSOCIATED WITH THE FACIL PROPERTY. THIS INCLUDES THE ROOF DRAINAGE SYSTEM, STONI BEDS, GRAVEL AREAS, AND THE PERVIOUS PAVEMENT.

**B.** GENERAL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

1. PERMANENT STORMWATER AND SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL BE MAINTAINED ON THE SITE INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO TH

- a. ROOF DRAINAGE SYSTEM
- b. CRUSHED STONE INFILTRATION BEDS
- c. DRAIN LINES d. PERVIOUS PAVEMENT
- 2. MAINTENANCE OF PERMANENT MEASURES SHALL FOLLOW T SCHEDULE:
- a. DRIVEWAY, PARKING LOT INSPECTION AT THE END OF EVERY W THE START OF THE SPRING RAIN SEASON. SAND/DEBRIS THAT OFF THE DRIVEWAY AND PARKING LOT SHOULD BE REMOVE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY.
- b. ANNUAL INSPECTION OF THE SITE FOR EROSION, DESTABILIZA AND SLOUGHING. ANY NEEDED REPAIRS ARE TO B IMMEDIATELY.
- c. ANNUAL INSPECTION OF SITE'S VEGETATION AND LANDSCAPI THAT ARE BARE SHALL BE RESEEDED AND MULCHED WITH CASE IS EXTREME, LOAMED AND SEEDED OR SODDED TO ENS VEGETATIVE COVER. LANDSCAPE SPECIMENS SHALL BE REPLA THEY ARE FOUND TO BE DEAD OR DYING.
- d. THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS WILL HELP ASSURE ' DRAINAGE SYSTEM IS MAINTAINED TO PRESERVE ITS EFFECTIVI
- INITIALLY, PRIOR TO A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY FOR T UNITS, IT SHOULD BE TESTED BY INSERTING A GARDEN HOSE AND ALLOWING THE WATER TO RUN AT FULL STRENGTH FOR ONE HOUR. THE WATER SHOULD STAY UNDERGROUND WITHIN WATER COMES OUT OF THE OVERFLOW, THE SYSTEM SHOUL INSPECTED AND POSSIBLY REPLACED. THIS PROCEDUR PERFORMED EVERY YEAR DURING THE ANNUAL INSPECTION.
- ii. IN THE SPRING AND FALL, VISUALLY INSPECT THE AREA AROU AND REPAIR ANY EROSION. USE SMALL STONES TO STABILIZE DRAINAGE PATHS. RE-MULCH ANY VOID AREAS BY HAND AS INSPECT THE ROOF COLLECTION AND PIPING AND CLEAN NECESSARY.

iii. DO NOT PLANT DEEP ROOTED TREES AND SHRUBS WITHIN 5' OF

iv. KEEP HEAVY VEHICLES FROM DRIVING OR PARKING OVER THE SYSTEM.

ACTIVITY	DATE OF INSPECTION	WHO INSPECTED	SATISFACTORY: YES, NO, N/A	MAINTENANCE NEEDED	IMPLEMENTED DATE OF CORRECTIVE ACTION	FINDINGS OF INSPECTOR
PARKING LOT SWEEPING						
PARKING LOT SWEEPING PERVIOUS PAVEMENT						
ROOF DRAINAGE SYSTEM						
STONE INFILTRATION						
RAIN GARDEN						
CULVERTS						

ES AND	e. THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS WILL HELP ASSURE THAT THE PERVIOUS PAVEMENT SYSTEM IS MAINTAINED TO PRESERVE ITS EFFECTIVENESS:
ENANCE OF ALL CILITY AND THE NE INFILTRATION	i. INSPECTION OF SITE SHALL OCCUR MONTHLY FOR THE FIRST FEW MONTHS AFTER CONSTRUCTION. THEN INSPECTIONS CAN OCCUR ON AN ANNUAL BASIS, PREFERABLY AFTER RAIN EVENTS WHEN CLOGGING CAN OCCUR AND BE OBVIOUS. PERMEABLE PAVEMENT REQUIRES MINIMAL MAINTENANCE; HOWEVER MAINTENANCE IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY TO ENSURE A PROPER WORKING SYSTEM.
	ii. ASPHALT SEAL COATING IS ABSOLUTELY FORBIDDEN. SURFACE SEAL COATING IS NOT REVERSIBLE.
OL FACILITIES TO HE FOLLOWING:	iii. STREET SWEEPERS WITH VACUUMS, WATER, AND BRUSHES CAN BE USED TO RESTORE PERMEABILITY. FOLLOW SWEEPING WITH HIGH-PRESSURE HOSING OF THE SURFACE PORES. SURFACE SHOULD BE VACUUMED 4 TIMES PER YEAR, AND AT ANY ADDITIONAL TIMES SEDIMENT IS SPILLED, ERODED, OR TRACKED ONTO THE SURFACE.
THE FOLLOWING	iv. PLANTED AREAS ADJACENT TO PERVIOUS PAVEMENT SHOULD BE WELL MAINTAINED TO PREVENT SOIL WASHOUT ONTO THE PAVEMENT. IF ANY BARE SPOTS OR ERODED AREAS ARE OBSERVED WITHIN THE PLANTED AREAS, THEY SHOULD BE REPLANTED AND/OR STABILIZED AT ONCE.
WINTER, PRIOR TO THAS COLLECTED ED OFF-SITE AND	v. IMMEDIATELY CLEAN ANY SOIL DEPOSITED ON PAVEMENT. SUPERFICIAL DIRT DOES NOT NECESSARILY CLOG THE VOIDS. HOWEVER, DIRT THAT IS GROUND IN REPEATEDLY BY TIRES CAN LEAD TO CLOGGING. THEREFORE, TRUCKS OR OTHER HEAVY VEHICLES SHOULD BE PREVENTED FROM TRACKING OR SPILLING DIRT ONTO THE PAVEMENT.
ATION, SETTLING, BE CONDUCTED	vi. DO NOT ALLOW CONSTRUCTION STAGING, SOIL/MULCH STORAGE, ETC. ON UNPROTECTED PAVEMENT SURFACE.
PING. ANY AREAS	vii. NO WINTER SANDING. MECHANICAL SNOW AND ICE REMOVAL PREFERRED.
HAY OR, IF THE SURE ADEQUATE ACED IN-KIND, IF	viii. DEICING IS PERMITTED ON PERVIOUS PAVEMENT IN THE WINTER. MINIMIZE APPLICATION OF SALT BY REDUCING THE APPLICATION BY 50% OVER TRADITIONAL PAVEMENT.
THAT THE ROOF /ENESS:	viii. WRITTEN AND VERBAL COMMUNICATION TO THE POROUS PAVEMENT'S FUTURE OWNER SHOULD MAKE CLEAR THE SPECIAL PURPOSE AND SPECIAL MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS SUCH AS THOSE LISTED HERE.
THE RESIDENTIAL E INTO THE INLET R A MINIMUM OF N THE GRAVEL. IF	f. THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS WILL HELP ASSURE THAT THE STONE INFILTRATION SYSTEM IS MAINTAINED TO PRESERVE ITS EFFECTIVENESS:
ULD BE FURTHER RE SHOULD BE	i. INSPECTED AT LEAST TWICE ANNUALLY AND FOLLOWING ANY RAINFALL EVENT EXCEEDING 2.5 INCHES IN A 24 HOUR PERIOD.
UND THE SYSTEM E EROSION ALONG S NEEDED. ALSO, AND REPAIR AS	ii. IF SYSTEM DOES NOT DRAIN WITHIN 72 HOURS FOLLOWING A RAINFALL EVENT, THEN A QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER SHOULD ASSESS THE CONDITION OF THE STONE TRENCH TO DETERMINE MEASURES REQUIRED TO RESTORE INFILTRATION FUNCTION. INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, REMOVAL OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENTS OR RECONSTRUCTION OF THE INFILTRATION TRENCH.
THE SYSTEM. SYSTEM.	g. OWNERS SHALL PROVIDE A REPORT ON ACTIVITIES PERFORMED THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. REPORT SHALL INCLUDE DOCUMENTATION THAT PAVEMENT CLEANING IS ACCOMPLISHED PER THIS DOCUMENT AND A CERTIFICATION THAT THE SYSTEM CONTINUES TO FUNCTION AS DESIGNED.

1       1/17/2022       PRELIMINARY         ISS       DATE       DESCRIPTION OF ISSUE         SCALE       AS NOTED         CHECKED       A.ROSS         DRAWN       M.G.P.         CHECKED       CHECKED         ROSS ENGINEERING Civil/Structural Engineering & Surveying 909 Islington St. Portsmouth, NH 03801 (603) 433-7560         CLIENT LANCEN & SOPHIE LACHANCE 281 DENNETT STREET PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801         TITLE       EROSION CONTROL PLAN         TITLE       EROSION CONTROL PLAN         11       FLETCHER ST PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801         TAX MAP 233, LOT 76-1       JOB NUMBER 21-176       DWG. ND. 8 OF 8 2		2	5/25/2022	FOR PB			
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# Tighe&Bond

K0076-038 May 24, 2022

Ms. Beverly M. Zendt, Planning Director City of Portsmouth Planning Department 1 Junkins Avenue Portsmouth, New Hampshire 03801

#### Re: Site Plan Review & Wetlands Conditional Use Permit Applications Proposed 2-story Building, 230 Commerce Way, Portsmouth, NH

Dear Beverly:

On behalf of 230 Commerce Way, LLC (owner/applicant), we are pleased to submit via the City of Portsmouth online permitting system the following information to support a request for a Site Plan Review and Wetland Conditional Use Permit for the above referenced project:

- One (1) full size & one (1) half size copy of the Site Plan Set last, dated May 24, 2022;
- Site Review Checklist dated, May 24, 2022;
- Drainage Analysis Memorandum, dated May 24, 2022;
- Long-Term Operation & Maintenance Plan, dated May 24, 2022;
- Fire Truck Turning Exhibit dated, May 24, 2022;
- Trip Generation Analysis Memorandum, dated May 24, 2022;
- Eversource Will Service Letter dated, May 24, 2022;
- Unitil Will Service Letter dated, May 12, 2022;
- 100' Wetland Buffer Impact Exhibit dated May 24, 2022;
- Green Building Statement, dated May 24, 2022;
- Application fee calculation form for the Site Review and Wetland Conditional Use Permit application fees;
- Cheek in the amount of \$6,240.00 for the Site Plan Review & Wetland Conditional Use Permit application fee

The proposed project is located at 230 Commerce Way on the corner of Portsmouth Boulevard and Commerce way, on property identified as Map 216 Lot 1-5 on the City of Portsmouth Tax Maps. The existing site currently consists of a 3-story office building with a large associated parking lot. The proposed project consists of a new 2-story building for veterinary care uses within the limits of the existing parking lot, modifications to the parking lot, and associated site improvements. The associated site improvements include the site lighting, underground utilities, stormwater treatment/management system, and wetland buffer enhancements.

#### Land Use Permit Applications

#### **Site Plan Review Permit**

The project will require a Site Plan Review Permit for the site improvements described above in the project summary. The project has previously been before the Planning Board for Conceptual Consultation, and Conservation Commission and the Technical Advisory Committee for work sessions.

#### Wetland Conditional Use Permit

A portion of the proposed work is located in the 100-foot wetland buffer thus requiring a Conditional Use Permit per Section 10.1017 of the Zoning Ordinance. As a result of the project there is going to be a reduction of existing impervious area within the wetland buffer of approximately 5,070 SF. The project is also proposing 9,250 SF of buffer enhancement area.

#### **Conditional Use Permit Criteria**

Based on the above described and enclosed materials, the following addresses how the proposed project warrants the granting of a Wetland Conditional Use Permit by satisfying the following six (6) criteria for approval in Section 10.1017.50 of the Zoning Ordinance:

#### (1) The land is reasonably suited to the use, activity or alteration.

The land is currently a previously disturbed site which consists of an office building and parking lot and is suited for enhancement. The proposed project site lies partially within a previously wetland buffer area. The proposed project will result in impervious surface reduction in the buffer and buffer enhancement. Advanced stormwater treatment is also part of the proposed project which will improve the quality of the runoff to the wetland from the project site.

# (2) There is no alternative location outside the wetland buffer that is feasible and reasonable for the proposed use, activity or alteration.

The placement of the proposed building is limited by the 75-foot side yard setbacks that are required in the Office Research (OR) zone. The proposed project design reduces the impervious surface within the 100' buffer and proposes to replace existing pavement and lawn areas with wetland buffer seed mix and plant native shrubs and trees.

# (3) There will be no adverse impact on the wetland functional values of the site or surrounding properties;

There will be no adverse impact on the wetland functional values of the site as the existing condition is previously disturbed and consists of building, parking area and no existing stormwater treatment. The proposed project designs site and landscape plans enhance the previously disturbed buffer area given the existing condition and provide treatment of stormwater runoff where none currently exists.

#### (4) Alteration of the natural vegetative state or managed woodland will occur only to the extent necessary to achieve construction goals; and

The proposed project design proposes no alteration to any natural woodland or wetlands area. The area impacted consists of mainly of impervious surfaces. Any temporary disturbances of the wetland buffer for construction of the stormwater outlet and removal of existing pavement will be restored following construction.

# (5) The proposal is the alternative with the least adverse impact to areas and environments under the jurisdiction of this Section.

The proposed project design is not an adverse impact to the site as it would enhance the buffer by reducing overall impervious surface on the site and improve water quality through stormwater treatment. Impervious surfaces have been reduced from the existing condition. The proposed project will reduce the impervious area within the 100-foot wetland buffer.

# (6) Any area within the vegetated buffer strip will be returned to a natural state to the extent feasible.

The proposed project design within the vegetated buffer strip is limited to construction of the stormwater outlet from the stormwater collection and treatment system. The existing property has no stormwater treatment measures. The proposed project will collect and treat the onsite impervious surfaces prior to discharging to the on-site wetland. Implementing these treatment measures will help improve the water quality runoff discharging to the wetland. In order for this system to work, disturbances with the buffer strip are necessary. Areas temporarily disturbed for the construction of the outlet will be restored following construction. The landscape plan proposes restoring the disturbed areas within the foot wetland buffer with a wetland buffer seed mix, and the addition of several native trees and shrubs.

We respectfully request to be placed on the TAC meeting agenda for June 7, 2022. If you have any questions or need any additional information, please contact Neil Hansen by phone at (603) 294-9213 or by email at <a href="mailto:nahansen@tighebond.com">nahansen@tighebond.com</a>.

Sincerely,

#### TIGHE & BOND, INC.

Neil A. Hansen, PE Project Manager

Patrick M. Crimmins, PE Vice President

CC: 230 Commerce Way, LLC Nelson Architecture & Interior, Inc. City of Portsmouth Technical Advisory Committee City of Portsmouth Conservation Commission

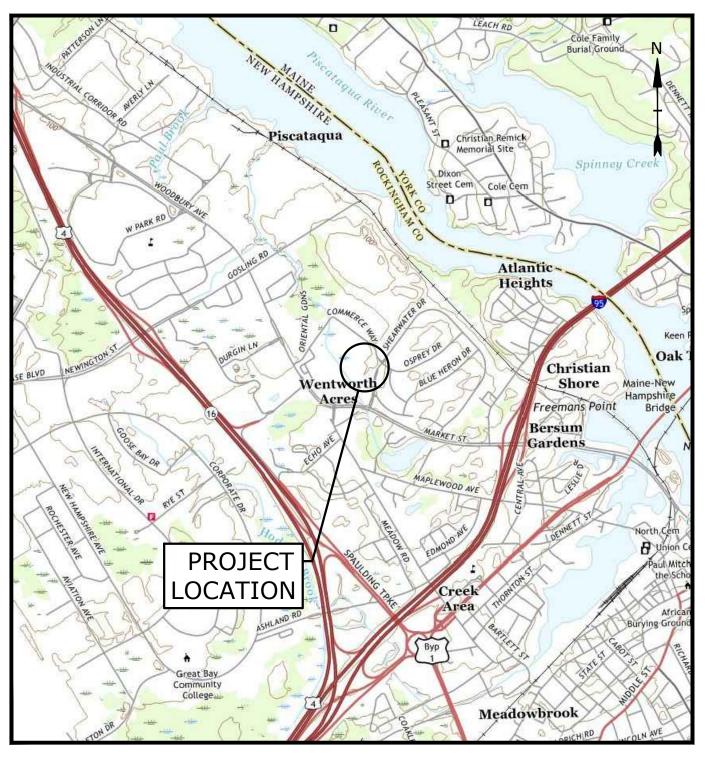
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# **PROPOSED 2-STORY BUILDING** 230 COMMERCE WAY PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE MAY 24, 2022

	LIST OF DRAWINGS				
SHEET NO.	SHEET TITLE	LAST REVISED			
	COVER SHEET	05/24/2022			
1 OF 5	TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN	04/19/2022			
2 OF 5	TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN	04/19/2022			
3 OF 5	TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN	04/19/2022			
4 OF 5	TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN	04/19/2022			
5 OF 5	TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN	04/19/2022			
C-101	DEMOLITION PLAN	05/24/2022			
C-102	SITE PLAN	05/24/2022			
C-103	GRADING, DRAINAGE & EROSION CONTROL PLAN	05/24/2022			
C-104	UTILITY PLAN	05/24/2022			
C-105 LANDSCAPE PLAN 05/24		05/24/2022			
C-501	EROSION CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS SHEET	05/24/2022			
C-502	DETAILS SHEET	05/24/2022			
C-503	DETAILS SHEET	05/24/2022			
C-504	DETAILS SHEET	05/24/2022			
C-505	DETAILS SHEET	05/24/2022			
C-506	DETAILS SHEET	05/24/2022			
C-701	PHOTOMETRICS PLAN	05/24/2022			
A-200	A-200 ELEVATIONS 05/23/2022				
A-201	ELEVATIONS	05/23/2022			

LIST OF PERMITS				
FEDERAL	STATUS	DATE		
CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT	PENDING			
LOCAL		•		
SITE PLAN REVIEW PERMIT	PENDING			





LOCATION MAP SCALE: 1" = 2,000'

CONSTRUCTION NOTES THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT RELY ON SCALED DIMENSIONS AND SHALL CONTACT THE

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL THE SAFET OF THE CONTRACTOR, THEIR EMPLOYEES, AGENTS OR REPRESENTATIVES IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING AND IMPLEMENTING SAFETY PROCEDURES AND SYSTEMS AS REQUIRED BY THE UNITED STATES OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA), AND ANY STATE OR LOCAL SAFETY REGULATIONS.
- . TIGHE & BOND. ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY ISSUES LEGAL OR OTHERWISE RESULTING FROM CHANGES MADE TO THESE DRAWINGS WITHOUT WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION OF TIGHE & BOND.

**PREPARED BY:** 

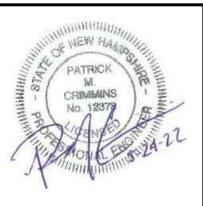


APPLICANT / OWNER: 230 Commerce Way, LLC 210 Commerce Way, Suite 300 Portsmouth, NH 03801 603.559.9666

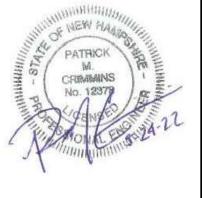
ARCHITECT (OWNER): Nelson Worldwide, LLC 99 Chauncy St 10th Floor Boston, MA 02111 617.751.5886

# ARCHITECT (TENANT):

Capone Architecture 18 Shipyard Dr #2a Hingham, MA 02043 617.875.0786









102 Kent Place, Newmarket, NH 03857 (603) 659-6560 2 Commerce Drive (Suite 202) Bedford, NH 03110 (603) 614-4060 10 Storer Street (Riverview Suite) Kennebunk, ME (207) 502-7005 http://www.doucetsurvev.com

WETLAND CONSULTANT: Gove Environmental Services, INC 8 Continental Dr Bldg 2 Unit H Exeter, NH 03833 603.778.0644

# TAC SUBMISSION SET **COMPLETE SET 20 SHEETS**

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	REFERENCE:	TAX MAP 216, LOT 1-4 210 COMMERCE WAY LLC 210 COMMERCE WAY, SUIT PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 R.C.R.D. BOOK 5418, PAGE D.S. PROJECT NO. 5864	2 E 300 2 P	AX MAP 216, LOT 1-5 30 COMMERCE WAY LLC 10 COMMERCE WAY, SUITE 3 ORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 C.R.D. BOOK 5418, PAGE 1	
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<u>ABUTTERS</u> TAX MAP 216, LOT 1-2 COMMERCE CENTER AT PORTMSOUTH 273 CORPORATE DRIVE, SUITE 150 PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 R.C.R.D. BOOK 3507, PAGE 2405

TAX MAP 216, LOT 1-8 195 COMMERCE WAY LLC 210 COMMERCE WAY, SUITE 300 PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 R.C.R.D. BOOK 5418, PAGE 1358

TAX MAP 216, LOT 1-8A BEACON HARBOR TRUST LLC 210 COMMERCE WAY, SUITE 300 PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 R.C.R.D. BOOK 5877, PAGE 2905

TAX MAP 216, LOT 3 BROMLEY PORTSMOUTH LLC C/O QUINCY & CO. INC. 57 DEDHAM AVENUE NEEDHAM, MA 02492 R.C.R.D. BOOK 4486, PAGE 2167

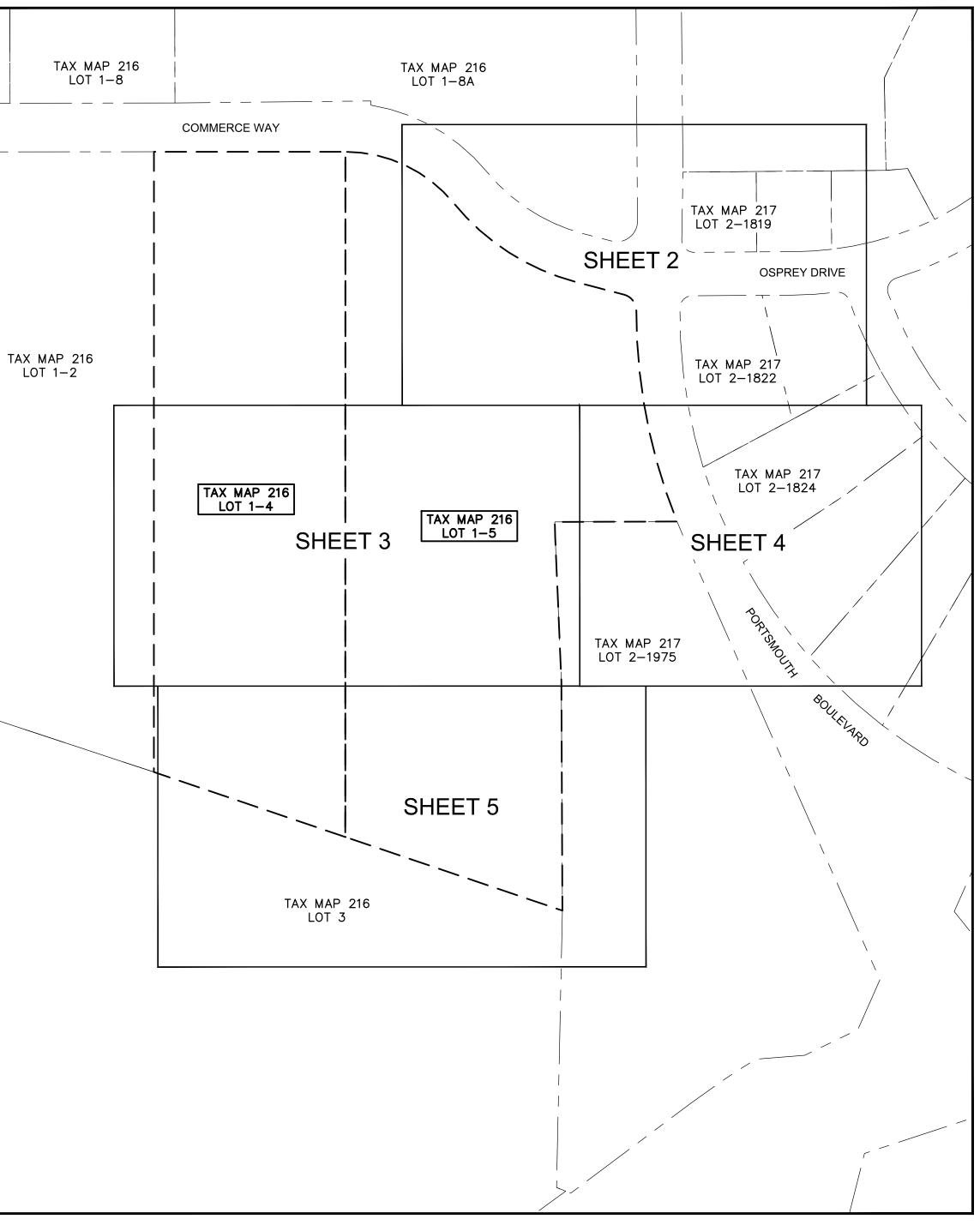
TAX MAP 217, LOT 2-1819 BRORA LLC

210 COMMERCE WAY, SUITE 300 PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 R.C.R.D. BOOK 3474, PAGE 866

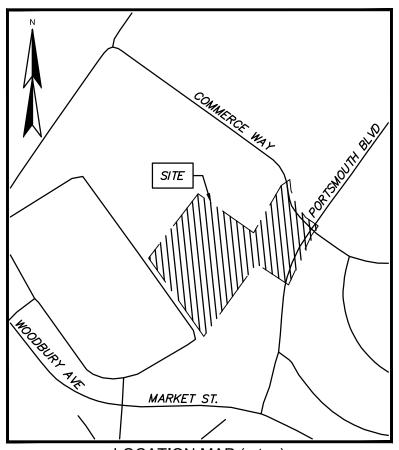
TAX MAP 217, LOT 2-1822 MARTIN A. TORRES REV. TRUST MARTIN A. TORRES, TRUSTEE 2 OSPREY DRIVE PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 R.C.R.D. BOOK 3543, PAGE 89

TAX MAP 217, LOT 2-1824 JAMES J. MCGOVERN IRREVOCABLE TRUST 19 SANDERLING WAY PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 R.C.R.D. BOOK 4895, PAGE 2707

TAX MAP 217, LOT 2-1975 BRORA LLC 210 COMMERCE WAY, SUITE 300 PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801 R.C.R.D. BOOK 3507, PAGE 118



KEY MAP



LOCATION MAP (n.t.s.)

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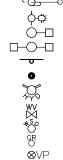
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WATER GATE VALVE WATER SHUTOFF VALVE GAS REGULATOR VENT PIPE

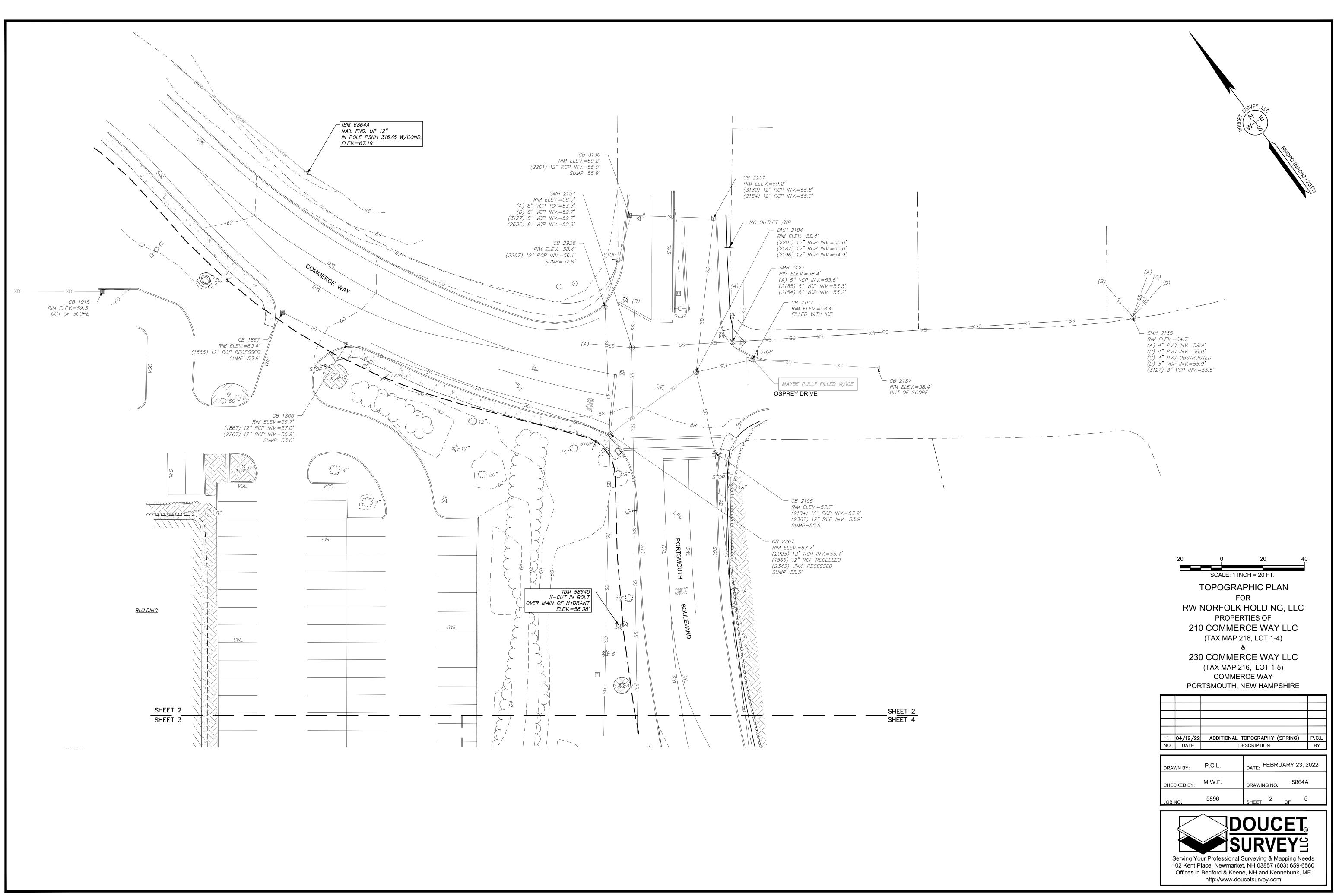
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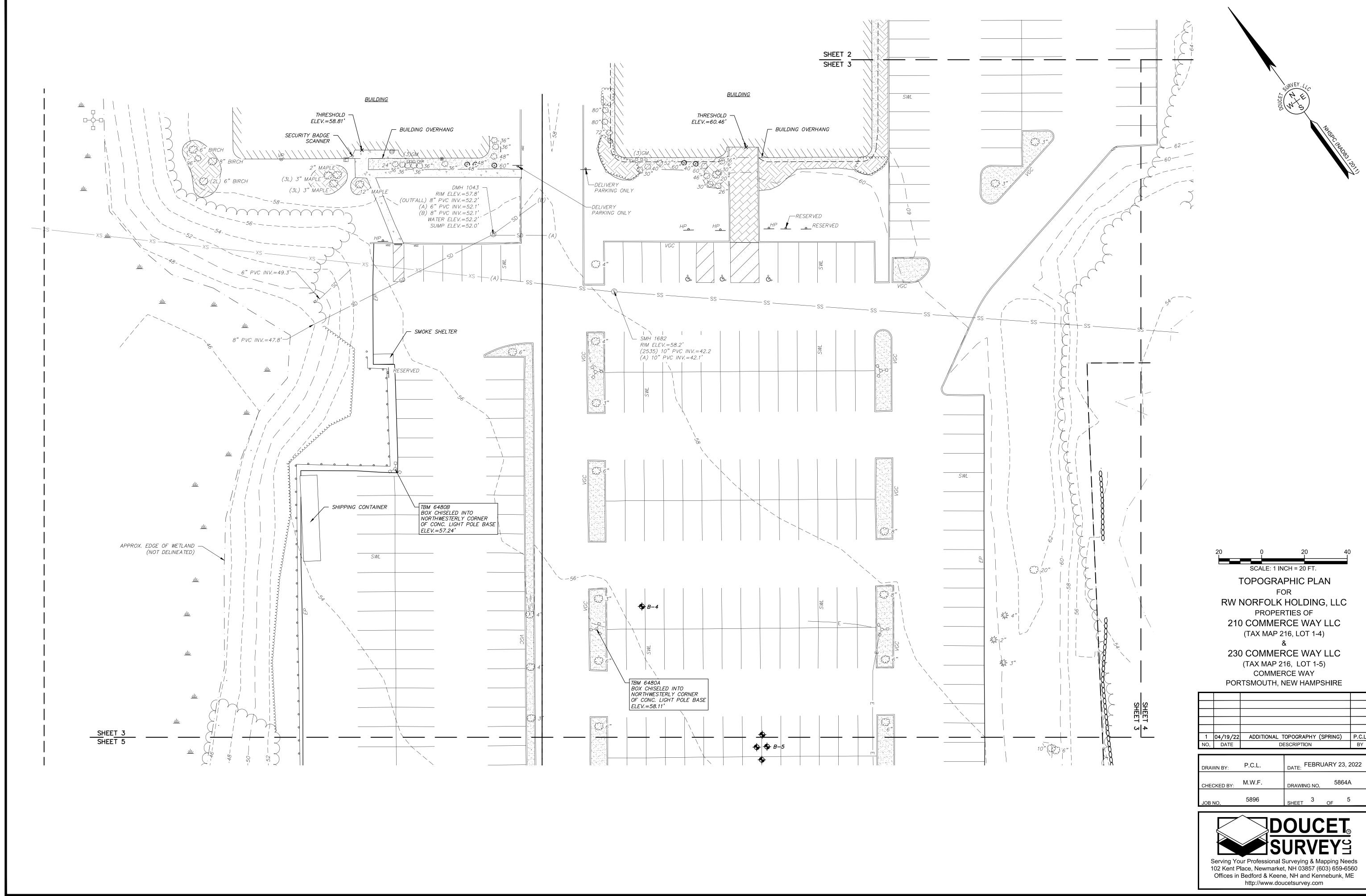
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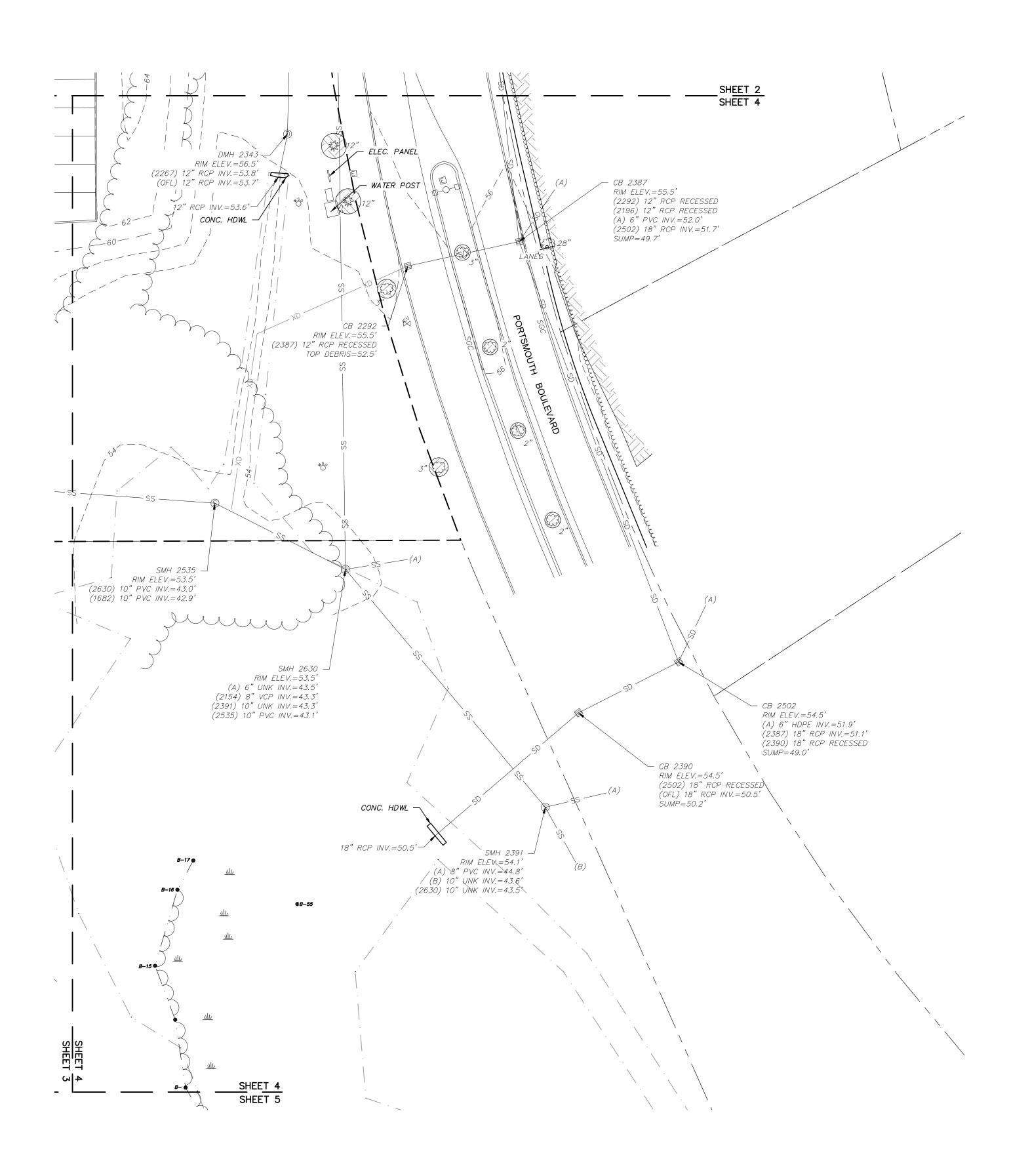
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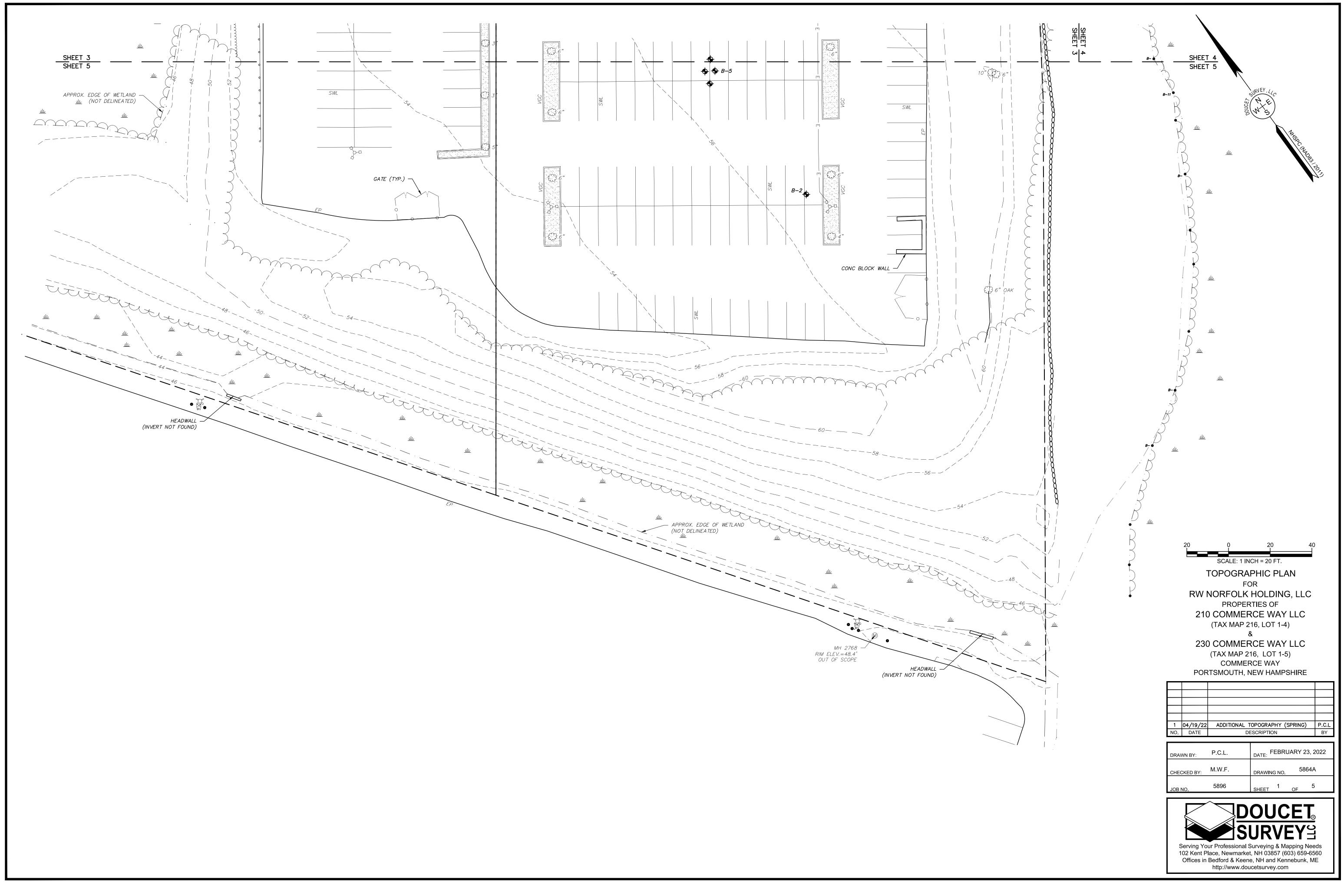
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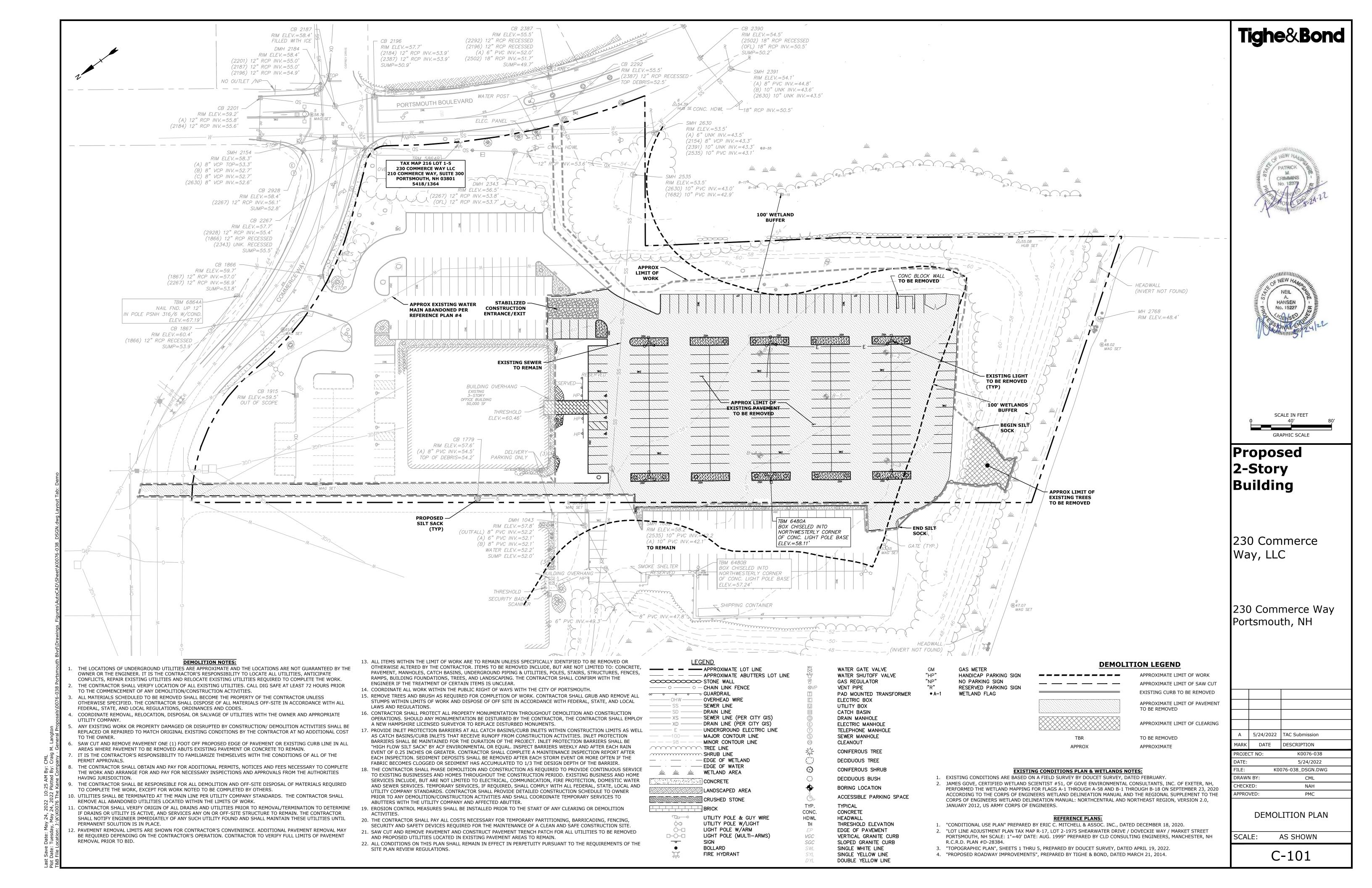


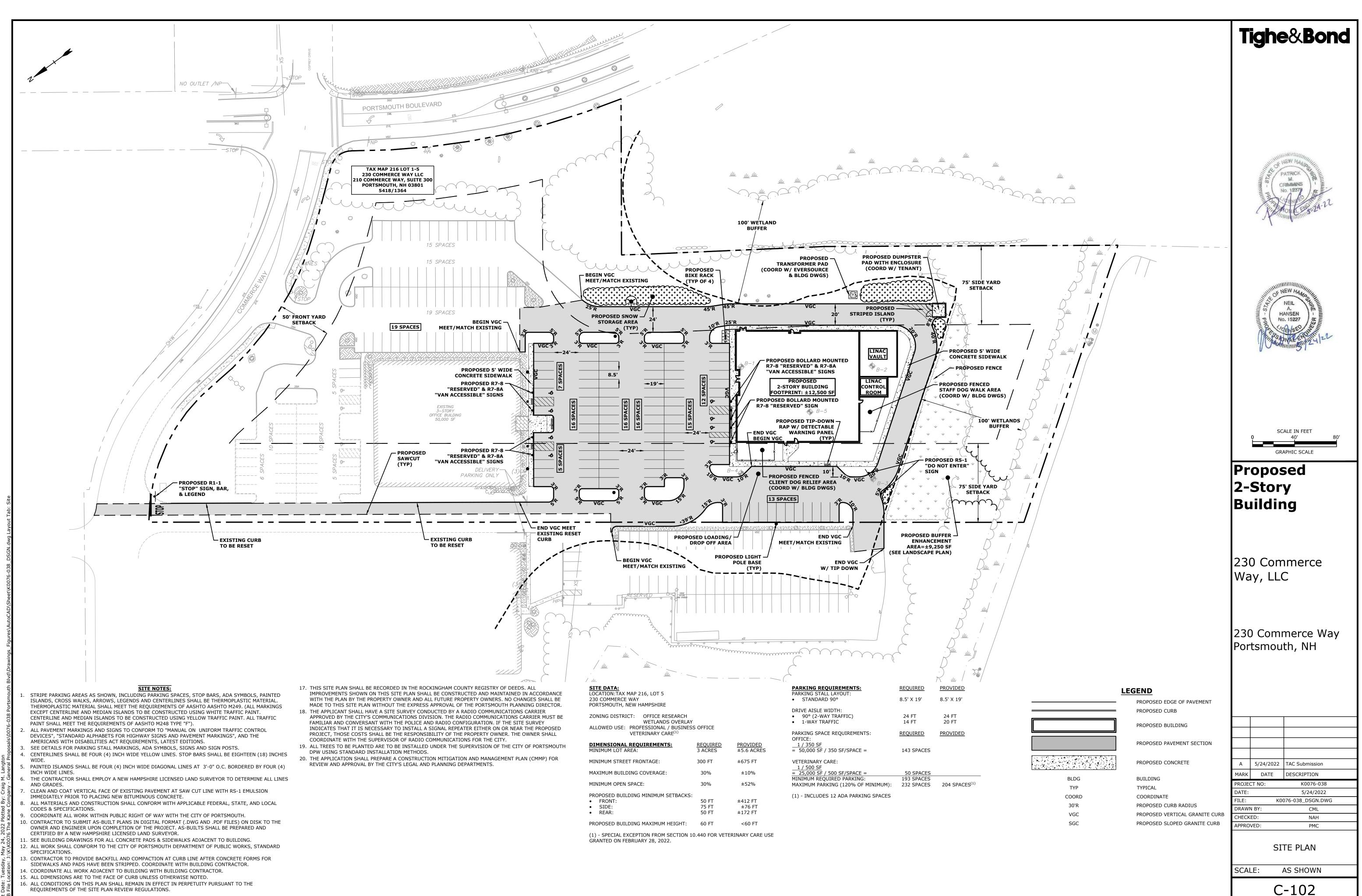
20 0 20 40 SCALE: 1 INCH = 20 FT. TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN FOR RW NORFOLK HOLDING, LLC PROPERTIES OF 210 COMMERCE WAY LLC (TAX MAP 216, LOT 1-4) & 230 COMMERCE WAY LLC (TAX MAP 216, LOT 1-5) COMMERCE WAY PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

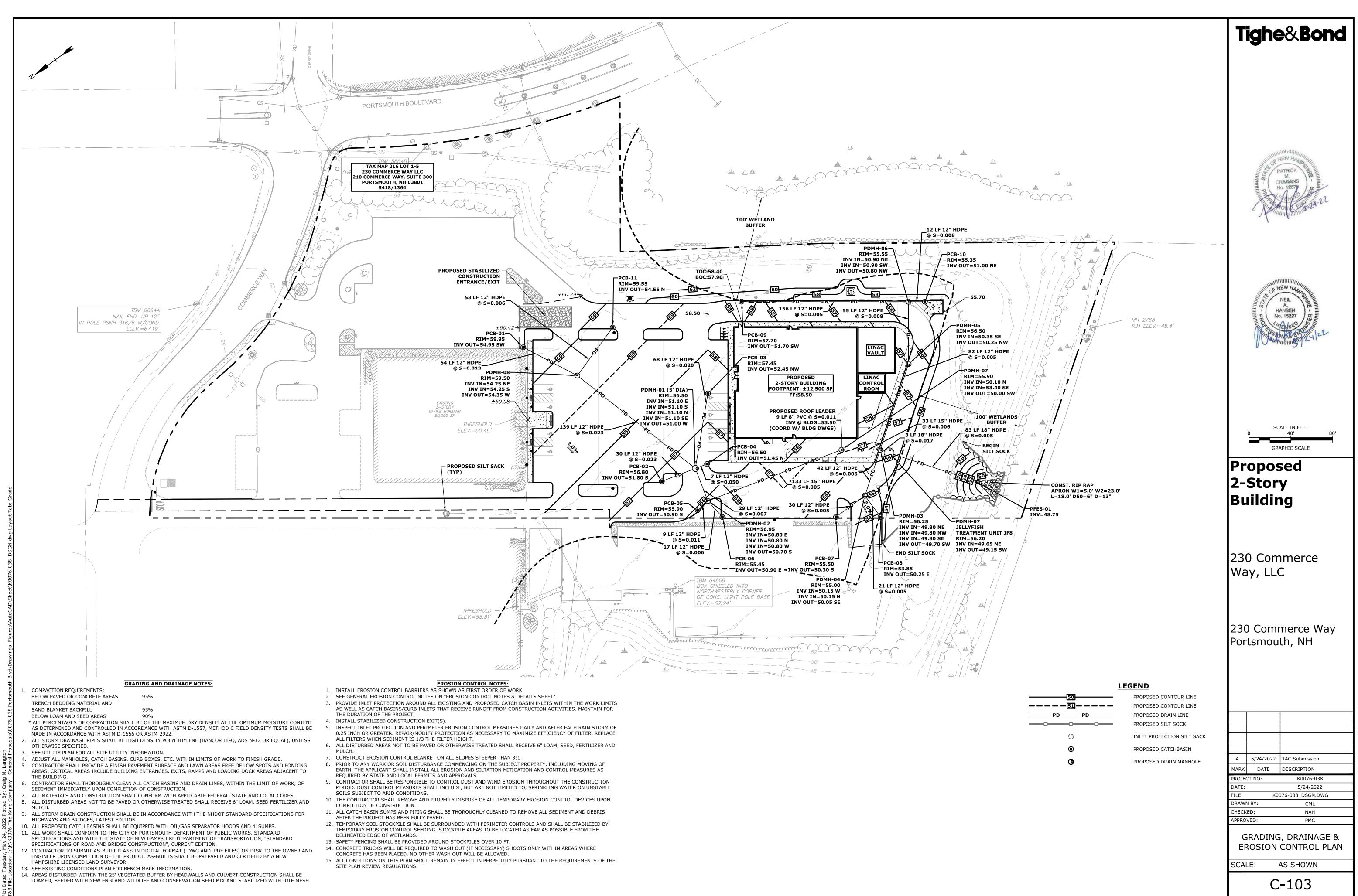
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DOUCET® DOUCET® SURVEYS Serving Your Professional Surveying & Mapping Needs 102 Kent Place, Newmarket, NH 03857 (603) 659-6560 Offices in Bedford & Keene, NH and Kennebunk, ME http://www.doucetsurvey.com					

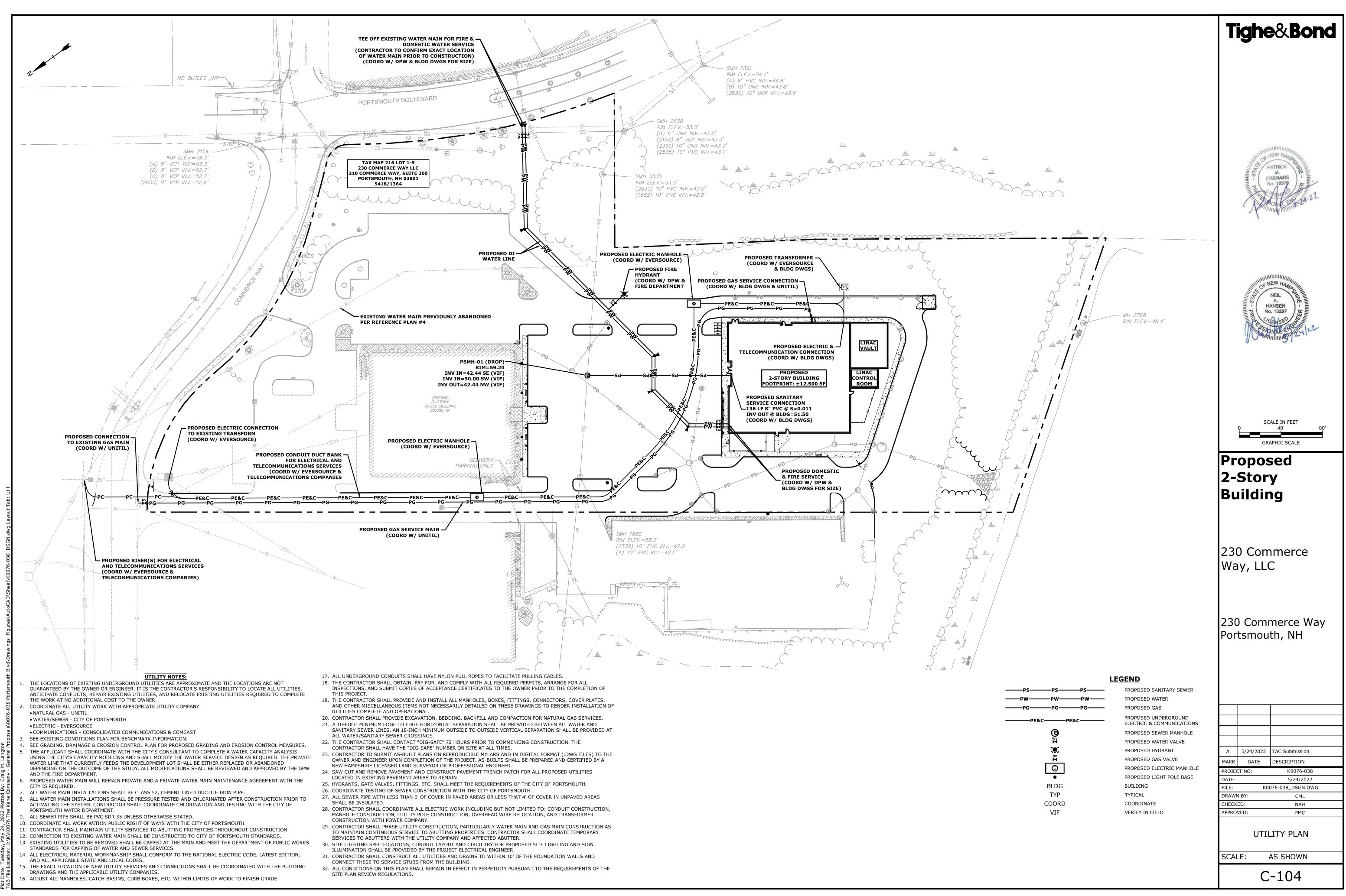


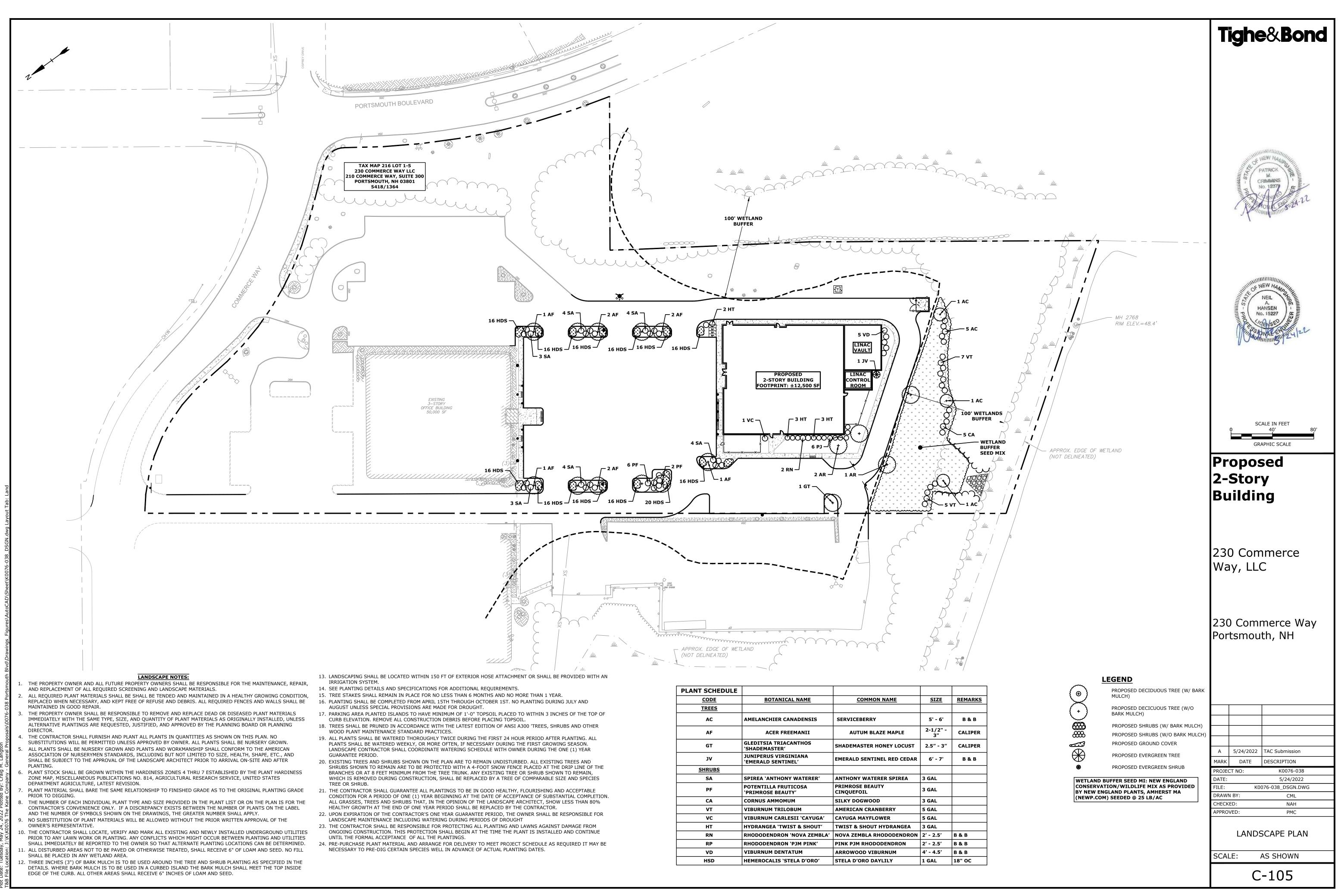
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PLANT SCHEDULE				
CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	<u>REMARKS</u>
TREES				
AC	AMELANCHIER CANADENSIS	SERVICEBERRY	5' - 6'	B & B
AF	ACER FREEMANII	AUTUM BLAZE MAPLE	2-1/2" - 3"	CALIPER
GT	GLEDITSIA TRIACANTHOS `SHADEMASTER'	SHADEMASTER HONEY LOCUST	2.5″ - 3″	CALIPER
Vť	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA 'EMERALD SENTINEL'	EMERALD SENTINEL RED CEDAR	6′ - 7'	B & B
<u>SHRUBS</u>				
SA	SPIREA 'ANTHONY WATERER'	ANTHONY WATERER SPIREA	3 GAL	
PF	POTENTILLA FRUTICOSA 'PRIMROSE BEAUTY'	PRIMROSE BEAUTY CINQUEFOIL	3 GAL	
CA	CORNUS AMMOMUM	SILKY DOGWOOD	3 GAL	
VT	VIBURNUM TRILOBUM	AMERICAN CRANBERRY	5 GAL	
VC	VIBURNUM CARLESII 'CAYUGA'	CAYUGA MAYFLOWER	5 GAL	
HT	HYDRANGEA 'TWIST & SHOUT'	TWIST & SHOUT HYDRANGEA	3 GAL	
RN	RHODODENDRON 'NOVA ZEMBLA'	NOVA ZEMBLA RHODODENDRON	2′ - 2.5′	B & B
RP	RHODODENDRON 'PJM PINK'	PINK PJM RHODODENDRON	2′ - 2.5′	B & B
VD	VIBURNUM DENTATUM	ARROWOOD VIBURNUM	4′ - 4.5′	B & B
HSD	HEMEROCALIS 'STELA D'ORO'	STELA D'ORO DAYLILY	1 GAL	18" OC

GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION PROJECT OWNER: 230 COMMERCE WAY, LLC	3. DUST CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE UTILIZED SO A FROM THE SITE TO ABUTTING AREAS.
210 COMMERCE WAY PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03801 PROJECT NAME: PROPOSED 2-STORY BUILDING	STOCKPILES: 1. LOCATE STOCKPILES A MINIMUM OF 50 FEET AWAY F
PROJECT ADDRESS: 230 COMMERCE WAY PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03801	CULVERTS. 2. ALL STOCKPILES SHOULD BE SURROUNDED WITH TE
PROJECT LATITUDE: 43°-08'-14"N PROJECT LONGITUDE: 70°-56'-22"W	PRIOR TO THE ONSET OF PRECIPITATION. 3. PERIMETER BARRIERS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED AT A ACCOMMODATE THE DELIVERY AND REMOVAL OF MA
PROJECT DESCRIPTION THE PROJECT CONSISTS OF 2 STORY BUILDING WITH ASSOCIATED SITE IMPROVEMENTS THE WORK IS ANTICIPATED TO START IN FALL OF 2022, AND BE COMPLETED BY SUMMER OF 2024.	<ul> <li>INTEGRITY OF THE BARRIER SHOULD BE INSPECTED</li> <li>PROTECT ALL STOCKPILES FROM STORMWATER RUN MEASURES SUCH AS BERMS, SILT SOCK, OR OTHER MIGRATION OF MATERIAL BEYOND THE IMMEDIATE</li> </ul>
DISTURBED AREA THE TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED IS APPROXIMATELY 2.25 ACRES. SOIL CHARACTERISTICS	OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING: 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT STABILIZED ( EXCAVATION ACTIVITIES.
BASED ON THE NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY FOR THE SOILS ON SITE CONSIST OF CHATFIELD-HOLLIS-CANTON COMPLEX AND URBAN LAND SOILS WHICH ARE MODERATELY DRAINED SOILS.	VEGETATION: 1. TEMPORARY GRASS COVER: A. SEEDBED PREPARATION:
NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS THE STORM WATER RUNOFF WILL ULTIMATELY DISCHARGE INTO AN UNNAMED WETLAND. PRIOR TO DISCHARGING TO THE WETLAND, STORMWATER RUNOFF WILL BE COLLECTED AND TREATED BY VARIOUS TREATMENT SWALES, SEDIMENTATION BASINS AND A GRAVEL WETLAND.	<ul> <li>a. APPLY FERTILIZER AT THE RATE OF 600 POUNE (EQUIVALENT TO 50 PERCENT CALCIUM PLUS N TONS PER ACRE;</li> <li>B. SEEDING:</li> </ul>
CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES: 1. CUT AND CLEAR TREES.	<ul> <li>a. UTILIZE ANNUAL RYE GRASS AT A RATE OF 40</li> <li>b. WHERE THE SOIL HAS BEEN COMPACTED BY CO A DEPTH OF TWO (2) INCHES BEFORE APPLYIN</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEDIMENT, EROSION AND DETENTION CONTROL</li> <li>FACILITIES. EROSION, SEDIMENT AND DETENTION MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY EARTH MOVING OPERATIONS THAT WILL INFLUENCE STORMWATER RUNOFF SUCH AS:</li> <li>CONTROL OF DUST</li> </ul>	c. APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY BY HAND, CYCLONE S INCLUDING SEED AND FERTILIZER). HYDROSE LEFT ON SOIL SURFACE. SEEDING RATES MUST
<ul> <li>NEARNESS OF CONSTRUCTION SITE TO RECEIVING WATERS</li> <li>CONSTRUCTION DURING LATE WINTER AND EARLY SPRING</li> <li>CLEAR AND DISPOSE OF DEBRIS.</li> </ul>	C. MAINTENANCE: a. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE PERIODICALLY SOIL SURFACE SHOULD BE COVERED BY VEGE SEDIMENTATION IS APPARENT, REPAIRS SHAL
<ol> <li>CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY CULVERTS AND DIVERSION CHANNELS AS REQUIRED.</li> <li>ALL PERMANENT DITCHES, SWALES, DETENTION, RETENTION AND SEDIMENTATION BASINS TO BE STABILIZED USING THE VEGETATIVE AND NON-STRUCTURAL BMPS PRIOR TO DIRECTING RUNOFF</li> </ol>	MEASURES USED IN THE INTERIM (MULCH, FIL 2. VEGETATIVE PRACTICE: A. FOR PERMANENT MEASURES AND PLANTINGS:
TO THEM. 4. GRADE AND GRAVEL ROADWAYS AND PARKING AREAS - ALL ROADS AND PARKING AREA SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISHED GRADE.	<ul> <li>a. LIMESTONE SHALL BE THOROUGHLY INCORPOR THREE (3) TONS PER ACRE IN ORDER TO PROV</li> <li>b. FERTILIZER SHALL BE SPREAD ON THE TOP LAY</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>BEGIN PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE SEEDED AND MULCHED WITHIN 72 HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISHED GRADE.</li> <li>DAILY, OR AS REQUIRED, CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY BERMS, DRAINS, DITCHES, PERIMETER</li> </ol>	SURFACE. FERTILIZER APPLICATION RATE SHA FERTILIZER; c. SOIL CONDITIONERS AND FERTILIZER SHALL E
EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, SEDIMENT TRAPS, ETC., MULCH AND SEED AS REQUIRED. 7. FINISH PAVING ALL ROADWAYS AND PARKING LOTS. 8. INSPECT AND MAINTAIN ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.	AND SHALL BE THOROUGHLY WORKED INTO TH SURFACE IS FINELY PULVERIZED, SMOOTH AND SURFACE CONFORMING TO THE REQUIRED LIN
<ol> <li>COMPLETE PERMANENT SEEDING AND LANDSCAPING.</li> <li>REMOVE TRAPPED SEDIMENTS FROM COLLECTOR DEVICES AS APPROPRIATE AND THEN REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>WEIGHING BETWEEN 4-1/2 POUNDS AND 5-1/2</li> <li>d. SEED SHALL BE SOWN AT THE RATE SHOWN B DRY DAY, PREFERABLY BY MACHINE, BUT IF B IMMEDIATELY BEFORE SEEDING, THE SOIL SHA</li> </ul>
SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES:1. THE CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE MUST LIMIT THE DURATION AND AREA OF DISTURBANCE.2. THE PROJECT IS TO BE MANAGED IN A MANNER THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS AND INTENT OF	SHALL BE SOWN IN ONE DIRECTION AND THE ORIGINAL DIRECTION. IT SHALL BE LIGHTLY R 1/4 INCH AND ROLLED WITH A HAND ROLLER V
RSA 430:53 AND CHAPTER AGR 3800 RELATIVE TO INVASIVE SPECIES.	LINEAR FOOT OF WIDTH; e. HAY MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY A f. THE SURFACE SHALL BE WATERED AND KEPT N
<u>ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND PRACTICES SHALL CONFORM TO THE "NEW HAMPSHIRE</u> <u>STORMWATER MANUAL VOLUME 3: EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS DURING CONSTRUCTION"</u> <u>PREPARED BY THE NHDES.</u>	WITHOUT WASHING AWAY THE SOIL, UNTIL TH WHICH ARE NOT SATISFACTORILY COVERED W NOXIOUS WEEDS REMOVED;
<ol> <li>PRIOR TO ANY WORK OR SOIL DISTURBANCE, CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT SHOP DRAWINGS FOR EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS REQUIRED IN THE PROJECT MANUAL.</li> <li>CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL BARRIERS, INCLUDING HAY BALES, SILT FENCES, MULCH BERMS, SILT SACKS AND SILT SOCKS AS SHOWN IN THESE DRAWINGS AS</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>g. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT AND MAIN</li> <li>h. A GRASS SEED MIXTURE CONTAINING THE FO APPLIED AT THE INDICATED RATE: SEED MIX APPLICATIO</li> </ul>
THE FIRST ORDER OF WORK. I. SILT SACK INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ALL EXISTING AND PROPOSED CATCH BASIN INLETS WITHIN THE WORK LIMITS AND BE MAINTAINED FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.	CREEPING RED FESCUE 50 LBS/ACF KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS 100 LBS/ACF PERENNIAL RY GRASS 50 LBS/ACF
<ol> <li>PERIMETER CONTROLS INCLUDING SILT FENCES, MULCH BERM, SILT SOCK, AND/OR HAY BALE BARRIERS SHALL BE MAINTAINED FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT UNTIL NON-PAVED AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED.</li> </ol>	IN NO CASE SHALL THE WEED CONTENT EXCENSION SHALL COMPLY WITH STATE AND FEDERAL SEE THAN SEPTEMBER 15. IN NO CASE SHALL SEE 3. DORMANT SEEDING (SEPTEMBER 15 TO FIRST SNOW
<ol> <li>THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE AND PROPERLY DISPOSE OF ALL TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL DEVICES UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION.</li> <li>ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE BEING TREATED SHALL RECEIVE 6" LOAM, SEED AND FERTILIZER.</li> </ol>	A. FOLLOW PERMANENT MEASURES SLOPE, LIME, FE APPLY SEED MIXTURE AT TWICE THE INDICATED PERMANENT MEASURES.
3. INSPECT ALL INLET PROTECTION AND PERIMETER CONTROLS WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAIN STORM OF 0.25 INCH OR GREATER. REPAIR/MODIFY PROTECTION AS NECESSARY TO MAXIMIZE EFFICIENCY OF FILTER. REPLACE ALL FILTERS WHEN SEDIMENT IS 1/3 THE FILTER HEIGHT.	CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA: 1. THE FOLLOWING ARE THE ONLY NON-STORMWATER NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES ARE PROHIBITED (
9. CONSTRUCT EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1. <b>STABILIZATION:</b>	<ul> <li>A. THE CONCRETE DELIVERY TRUCKS SHALL, WHENI AT THEIR OWN PLANT OR DISPATCH FACILITY;</li> <li>B. IF IT IS NECESSARY, SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL D</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STABLE WHEN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING HAS OCCURRED:</li> <li>A. BASE COURSE GRAVELS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED;</li> <li>B. A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATED GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED;</li> <li>C. A MINIMUM OF 3" OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE OR RIPRAP HAS BEEN</li> </ul>	DESIGN FACILITIES TO HANDLE ANTICIPATED WA C. CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE WASHOUT AREAS A DRAINS, SWALES AND SURFACE WATERS OR DEL
INSTALLED; D. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED.;	D. INSPECT WASHOUT FACILITIES DAILY TO DETECT MATERIALS NEED TO BE REMOVED.
E. IN AREAS TO BE PAVED, "STABLE" MEANS THAT BASE COURSE GRAVELS MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF NHDOT STANDARD FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, 2016, ITEM 304.2 HAVE BEEN INSTALLED.	ALLOWABLE NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES: 1. FIRE-FIGHTING ACTIVITIES; 2. FIRE HYDRANT FLUSHING;
<ol> <li>WINTER STABILIZATION PRACTICES:</li> <li>A. ALL PROPOSED VEGETATED AREAS THAT DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85 PERCENT VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15, SHALL</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>WATERS USED TO WASH VEHICLES WHERE DETERG</li> <li>WATER USED TO CONTROL DUST;</li> <li>POTABLE WATER INCLUDING UNCONTAMINATED WA</li> </ol>
BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING AND INSTALLING EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, AND SEEDING AND PLACING 3 TO 4 TONS OF MULCH PER ACRE, SECURED	<ol> <li>ROUTINE EXTERNAL BUILDING WASH DOWN WHERE</li> <li>PAVEMENT WASH WATERS WHERE DETERGENTS ARI</li> </ol>
WITH ANCHORED NETTING, ELSEWHERE. THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR MULCH AND NETTING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER ACCUMULATED SNOW OR ON FROZEN GROUND AND SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ADVANCE OF THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENTS;	<ol> <li>UNCONTAMINATED AIR CONDITIONING/COMPRESSO</li> <li>UNCONTAMINATED GROUND WATER OR SPRING WA</li> <li>COUNDATION OF FOOTING DRAINS WITCH ARE UNCONTAMINATED FOOTING WITCH ARE UNCONTAMINATED FOOTING DRAINS WITCH ARE UNCONTAMINAT</li></ol>
<ul> <li>B. ALL DITCHES OR SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85 PERCENT VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15, SHALL BE STABILIZED TEMPORARILY WITH STONE OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS APPROPRIATE FOR</li> </ul>	10. FOUNDATION OR FOOTING DRAINS WHICH ARE UNC 11. UNCONTAMINATED EXCAVATION DEWATERING; 12. LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION.
THE DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS; C. AFTER NOVEMBER 15, INCOMPLETE ROAD OR PARKING SURFACES, WHERE WORK HAS STOPPED FOR THE WINTER SEASON, SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES OF	WASTE DISPOSAL: 1. WASTE MATERIAL:
CRUSHED GRAVEL PER NHDOT ITEM 304.3, OR IF CONSTRUCTION IS TO CONTINUE THROUGH THE WINTER SEASON BE CLEARED OF ANY ACCUMULATED SNOW AFTER EACH STORM EVENT;	<ul> <li>A. ALL WASTE MATERIALS SHALL BE COLLECTED AN RECEPTACLES. ALL TRASH AND CONSTRUCTION E IN A DUMPSTER;</li> </ul>
3. STABILIZATION SHALL BE INITIATED ON ALL LOAM STOCKPILES, AND DISTURBED AREAS, WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SHALL NOT OCCUR FOR MORE THAN TWENTY-ONE (21) CALENDAR DAYS BY THE FOURTEENTH (14TH) DAY AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS PERMANENTLY OR TEMPORARILY CEASED IN THAT AREA. STABILIZATION MEASURES TO BE USED INCLUDE:	<ul> <li>B. NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MATERIALS SHALL BE</li> <li>C. ALL PERSONNEL SHALL BE INSTRUCTED REGARD</li> <li>DISPOSAL BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.</li> <li>2. HAZARDOUS WASTE:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. TEMPORARY SEEDING;</li> <li>B. MULCHING.</li> <li>4. WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY PERMANENTLY OR TEMPORARILY CEASES WITHIN 100 FEET OF</li> </ul>	A. ALL HAZARDOUS WASTE. A. ALL HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS SHALL BE D LOCAL OR STATE REGULATION OR BY THE MANUF B. SITE PERSONNEL SHALL BE INSTRUCTED IN THES
NEARBY SURFACE WATERS OR DELINEATED WETLANDS, THE AREA SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS OR PRIOR TO A RAIN EVENT. ONCE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY CEASES PERMANENTLY IN AN THESE AREAS, SILT FENCES, MULCH BERMS, HAY BALE BARRIERS AND ANY	<ul> <li>B. SITE PERSONNEL SHALL BE INSTRUCTED IN THES</li> <li>3. SANITARY WASTE:</li> <li>A. ALL SANITARY WASTE SHALL BE COLLECTED FRO</li> <li>PER WEEK BY A LICENSED SANITARY WASTE MAN</li> </ul>
EARTH/DIKES SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE PERMANENT MEASURES ARE ESTABLISHED. 5. DURING CONSTRUCTION, RUNOFF WILL BE DIVERTED AROUND THE SITE WITH EARTH DIKES, PIPING OR STABILIZED CHANNELS WHERE POSSIBLE. SHEET RUNOFF FROM THE SITE WILL BE	SPILL PREVENTION: 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH SPILL PREV
FILTERED THROUGH SILT FENCES, MULCH BERMS, HAY BALE BARRIERS, OR SILT SOCKS. ALL STORM DRAIN BASIN INLETS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH FLARED END SECTIONS AND TRASH RACKS. THE SITE SHALL BE STABILIZED FOR THE WINTER BY NOVEMBER 15.	STATE AND FEDERAL AGENCIES. AT A MINIMUM, CO MANAGEMENT SPILL PREVENTION PRACTICES OUTLI 2. THE FOLLOWING ARE THE MATERIAL MANAGEMENT
DUST CONTROL: 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO CONTROL DUST THROUGHOUT THE	THE RISK OF SPILLS OR OTHER ACCIDENTAL EXPOS DURING CONSTRUCTION TO STORMWATER RUNOFF: A. GOOD HOUSEKEEPING - THE FOLLOWING GOOD F
CONSTRUCTION PERIOD. 2. DUST CONTROL METHODS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT BE NOT LIMITED TO SPRINKLING WATER ON EXPOSED AREAS, COVERING LOADED DUMP TRUCKS LEAVING THE SITE, AND TEMPORARY	FOLLOWED ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION: a. ONLY SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS OF PRODUCTS TO
MULCHING.	

AS TO PREVENT THE MIGRATION OF DUST FROM CATCH BASINS, SWALES, AND FOLLOWED; EMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES OF MATERIALS; ALL TIMES, AND ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO MANUFACTURER; ATERIALS FROM THE STOCKPILE. THE AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY. CONTAINER. I-OFF USING TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL APPROVED PRACTICE TO PREVENT CONFINES OF THE STOCKPILES. RESEALABLE; CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE(S) PRIOR TO ANY **PRODUCT INFORMATION;** FOLLOWED ON SITE: a. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS: DS PER ACRE OF 10-10-10. APPLY LIMESTONE AGNESIUM OXIDE) AT A RATE OF THREE (3) LBS/ACRE; ONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS, LOOSEN SOIL TO b. FERTILIZERS: IG FERTILIZER, LIME AND SEED; SEEDER, OR HYDROSEEDER (SLURRY EDINGS, WHICH INCLUDE MULCH, MAY BE BE INCREASED 10% WHEN HYDROSEEDING; STORMWATER; (INSPECTED. AT A MINIMUM, 95% OF THE TATION. IF ANY EVIDENCE OF EROSION OR L BE MADE AND OTHER TEMPORARY c. PAINTS: TER BARRIERS, CHECK DAMS, ETC.). USE RATED INTO THE LOAM LAYER AT A RATE OF /IDE A PH VALUE OF 5.5 TO 6.5; YER OF LOAM AND WORKED INTO THE ALL BE 800 POUNDS PER ACRE OF 10-20-20 BE APPLIED AT THE RECOMMENDED RATES HE LOAM. LOAM SHALL BE RAKED UNTIL THE

D EVEN, AND THEN COMPACTED TO AN EVEN IES AND GRADES WITH APPROVED ROLLERS 2 POUNDS PER INCH OF WIDTH; ELOW. SOWING SHALL BE DONE ON A CALM, Y HAND, ONLY BY EXPERIENCED WORKMEN. ALL BE LIGHTLY RAKED. ONE HALF THE SEED OTHER HALF AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE

AKED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH NOT OVER WEIGHING NOT OVER 100 POUNDS PER AFTER SEEDING AS INDICATED ABOVE; MOIST WITH A FINE SPRAY AS REQUIRED, HE GRASS IS WELL ESTABLISHED. ANY AREAS

VITH GRASS SHALL BE RESEEDED, AND ALL

TAIN THE SEEDED AREAS UNTIL ACCEPTED; LLOWING SEED REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE

## ON RATE

ED ONE (1) PERCENT BY WEIGHT. ALL SEED ED LAWS. SEEDING SHALL BE DONE NO LATER DING TAKE PLACE OVER SNOW.

VFALL): RTILIZER AND GRADING REQUIREMENTS RATE, APPLY MULCH AS INDICATED FOR

DISCHARGES ALLOWED. ALL OTHER ON SITE:

- EVER POSSIBLE, USE WASHOUT FACILITIES
- ESIGNATE SPECIFIC WASHOUT AREAS AND ASHOUT WATER; T LEAST 150 FEET AWAY FROM STORM
- INEATED WETLANDS; LEAKS OR TEARS AND TO IDENTIFY WHEN

ENTS ARE NOT USED;

- TER LINE FLUSHING;
- DETERGENTS ARE NOT USED;
- NOT USED; OR CONDENSATION;
- TER:
- CONTAMINATED;

#### D STORED IN SECURELY LIDDED DEBRIS FROM THE SITE SHALL BE DEPOSITED

BURIED ON SITE; ING THE CORRECT PROCEDURE FOR WASTE

ISPOSED OF IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY ACTURER: SE PRACTICES BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.

M THE PORTABLE UNITS A MINIMUM OF ONCE IAGEMENT CONTRACTOR.

ENTION MEASURES REQUIRED BY LOCAL, NTRACTOR SHALL FOLLOW THE BEST INED BELOW.

- PRACTICES THAT SHALL BE USED TO REDUCE URE OF MATERIALS AND SUBSTANCES
- HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICE SHALL BE
- DO THE JOB SHALL BE STORED ON SITE;

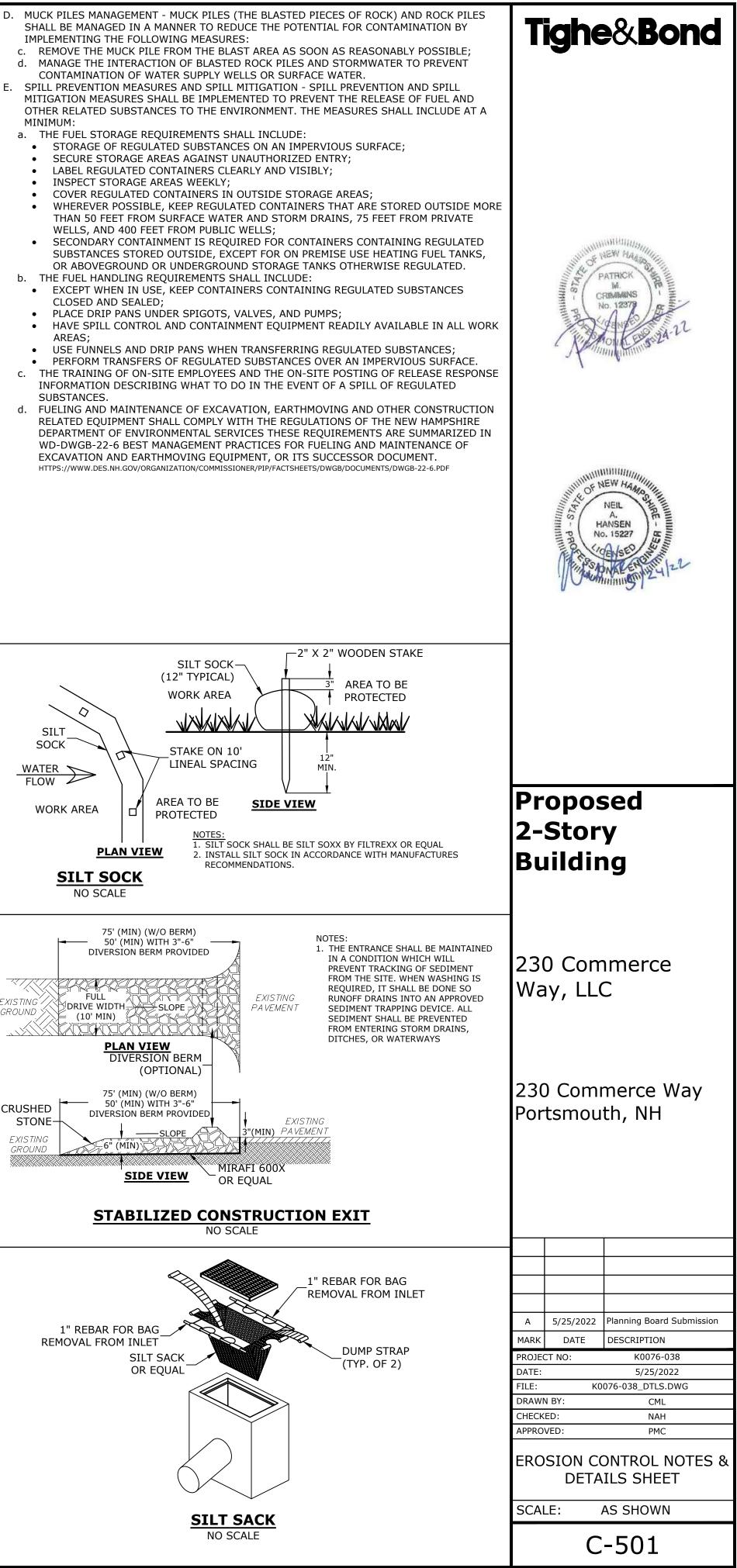
- b. ALL MATERIALS STORED ON SITE SHALL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER IN THEIR PROPER (ORIGINAL IF POSSIBLE) CONTAINERS AND, IF POSSIBLE, UNDER A ROOF OR OTHER ENCLOSURE: c. MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL SHALL BE d. THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT SHALL INSPECT DAILY TO ENSURE PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL e. SUBSTANCES SHALL NOT BE MIXED WITH ONE ANOTHER UNLESS RECOMMENDED BY THE f. WHENEVER POSSIBLE ALL OF A PRODUCT SHALL BE USED UP BEFORE DISPOSING OF THE
- B. HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS THE FOLLOWING PRACTICES SHALL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS: g. PRODUCTS SHALL BE KEPT IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS UNLESS THEY ARE NOT
- h. ORIGINAL LABELS AND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHALL BE RETAINED FOR IMPORTANT
- SURPLUS PRODUCT THAT MUST BE DISPOSED OF SHALL BE DISCARDED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS OF DISPOSAL C. PRODUCT SPECIFIC PRACTICES - THE FOLLOWING PRODUCT SPECIFIC PRACTICES SHALL BE
- ALL ON SITE VEHICLES SHALL BE MONITORED FOR LEAKS AND RECEIVE REGULAR
- PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE TO REDUCE LEAKAGE;
- PETROLEUM PRODUCTS SHALL BE STORED IN TIGHTLY SEALED CONTAINERS WHICH ARE CLEARLY LABELED. ANY ASPHALT BASED SUBSTANCES USED ON SITE SHALL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- FERTILIZERS USED SHALL BE APPLIED ONLY IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS DIRECTED BY THE SPECIFICATIONS;
- ONCE APPLIED FERTILIZER SHALL BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO LIMIT EXPOSURE TO STORAGE SHALL BE IN A COVERED SHED OR ENCLOSED TRAILERS. THE CONTENTS OF
- ANY PARTIALLY USED BAGS OF FERTILIZER SHALL BE TRANSFERRED TO A SEALABLE PLASTIC BIN TO AVOID SPILLS.
- ALL CONTAINERS SHALL BE TIGHTLY SEALED AND STORED WHEN NOT REQUIRED FOR
- EXCESS PAINT SHALL NOT BE DISCHARGED TO THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM; EXCESS PAINT SHALL BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS OR STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.
- D. SPILL CONTROL PRACTICES IN ADDITION TO GOOD HOUSEKEEPING AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DISCUSSED IN THE PREVIOUS SECTION, THE FOLLOWING PRACTICES SHALL BE FOLLOWED FOR SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP:
- a. MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS FOR SPILL CLEANUP SHALL BE CLEARLY POSTED AND SITE PERSONNEL SHALL BE MADE AWARE OF THE PROCEDURES AND THE LOCATION OF THE INFORMATION AND CLEANUP SUPPLIES;
- b. MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY FOR SPILL CLEANUP SHALL BE KEPT IN THE MATERIAL STORAGE AREA ON SITE. EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS SHALL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO BROOMS, DUSTPANS, MOPS, RAGS, GLOVES, GOGGLES, KITTY LITTER, SAND, SAWDUST AND PLASTIC OR METAL TRASH CONTAINERS SPECIFICALLY FOR THIS PURPOSE;
- ALL SPILLS SHALL BE CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY AFTER DISCOVERY;
- d. THE SPILL AREA SHALL BE KEPT WELL VENTILATED AND PERSONNEL SHALL WEAR APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING TO PREVENT INJURY FROM CONTACT WITH A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE;
- e. SPILLS OF TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE APPROPRIATE
- LOCAL, STATE OR FEDERAL AGENCIES AS REQUIRED; f. THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT RESPONSIBLE FOR DAY-TO-DAY SITE OPERATIONS SHALL BE THE SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP COORDINATOR.
- E. VEHICLE FUELING AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICE: a. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE AN EFFORT TO PERFORM EQUIPTMENT/VEHICAL FUELING AND
- MAINTENANCE AT AN OFF-SITE FACILITY; b. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN ON-SITE FUELING AND MAINTENANCE AREA THAT IS
- CLEAN AND DRY; c. IF POSSIBLE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP AREA COVERED;
- d. CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP A SPILL KIT AT THE FUELING AND MAINTENANCE AREA;
- e. CONTRACTOR SHALL REGULARLY INSPECT VEHICLES FOR LEAKS AND DAMAGE; f. CONTRACTOR SHALL USE DRIP PANS, DRIP CLOTHS, OR ABSORBENT PADS WHEN REPLACING SPENT FLUID.

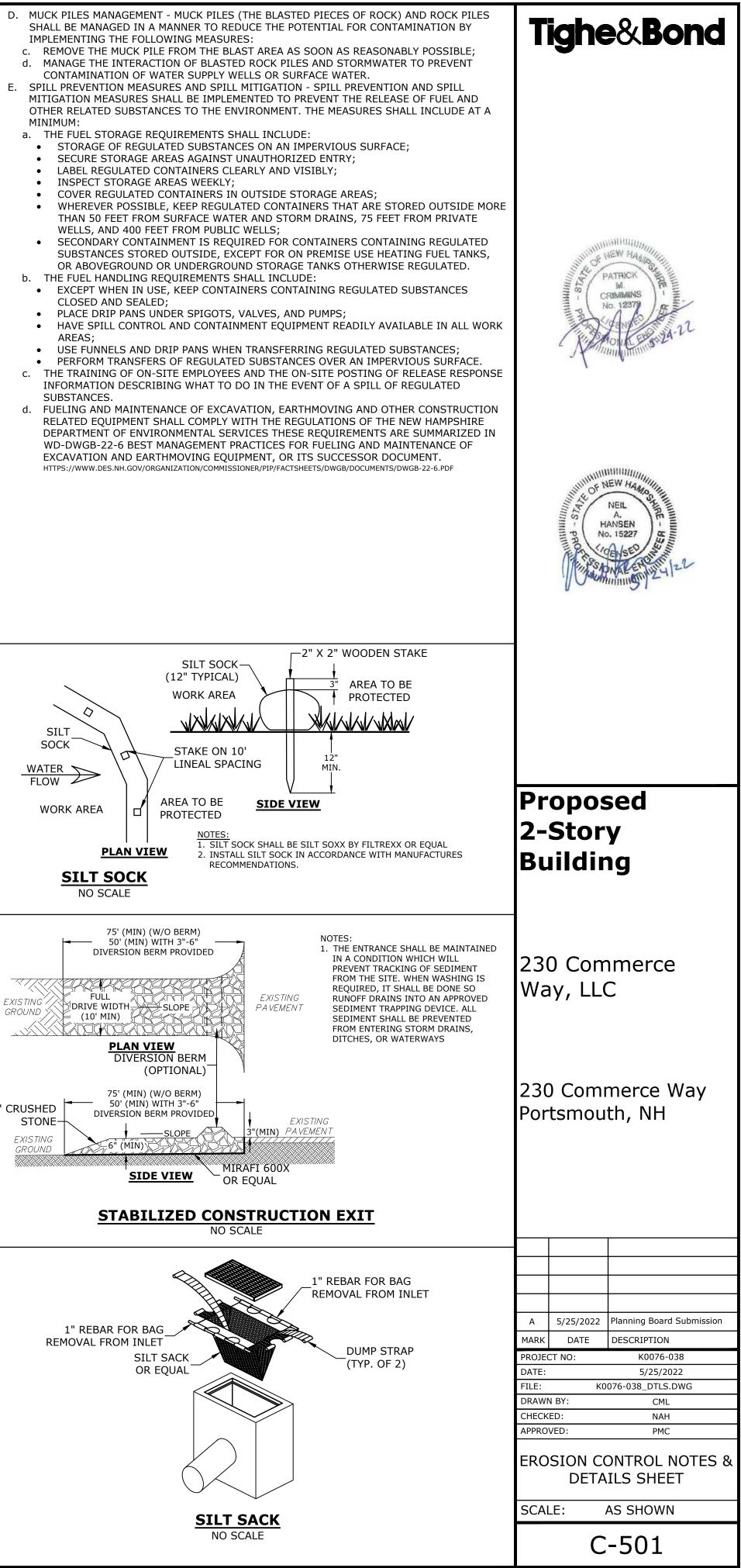
## **EROSION CONTROL OBSERVATIONS AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES**

THIS PROJECT EXCEEDS ONE (1) ACRE OF DISTURBANCE AND THUS REQUIRES A SWPPP. THE SWPPP SHALL BE PREPARED BY THE ENGINEER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH THE SWPPP AND KEEP AN UPDATED COPY OF THE SWPPP ONSITE AT ALL TIMES.

- THE FOLLOWING REPRESENTS THE GENERAL OBSERVATION AND REPORTING PRACTICES THAT SHALL BE FOLLOWED AS PART OF THIS PROJECT: 1. OBSERVATIONS OF THE PROJECT FOR COM THF
- CONTRACTOR AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK OF GREATER; TO THE AN OBSERVATION REPORT SHALL BE MAD
- ENGINEER, THE OWNER, AND THE CONTR CE AND 3. A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SITE CONTRA
- REPAIR ACTIVITIES; 4. IF A REPAIR IS NECESSARY, IT SHALL BE
- **BLASTING NOTES:** 1. IF MORE THAN 5000 CUBIC YARDS ARE TO DED. THE BLASTING PLAN SHALL INCLUDE:
- EET OF THE PROPOSED BLASTING ACTIVITIES B. A GROUNDWATER QUALITY SAMPLING PROGRAM, APPROVED BY NHDES PRIOR TO INITIATING
- WELLS OR IN OTHER WELLS THAT ARE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DRINKING WATER SUPPLY WELLS IN THE AREA.
- a. THE GROUNDWATER SAMPLING PROGRAM MUST BE IMPLEMENTED ONCE APPROVED BY NHDFS
- 2. THE FOLLOWING BEST MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES FOR BLASTING SHALL BE COMPLIED WITH: A. LOADING PRACTICES - THE FOLLOWING BLASTHOLE LOADING PRACTICES TO MINIMIZE
  - ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS SHALL BE FOLLOWED: a. DRILLING LOGS SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE DRILLER AND COMMUNICATED DIRECTLY TO THE BLASTER. THE LOGS SHALL INDICATE DEPTHS AND LENGTHS OF VOIDS, CAVITIES, AND FAULT ZONES OR OTHER WEAK ZONES ENCOUNTERED AS WELL AS GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS;
  - b. EXPLOSIVE PRODUCTS SHALL BE MANAGED ON-SITE SO THAT THEY ARE EITHER USED IN THE BOREHOLE, RETURNED TO THE DELIVERY VEHICLE, OR PLACED IN SECURE CONTAINERS FOR OFF-SITE DISPOSAL;
  - c. SPILLAGE AROUND THE BOREHOLE SHALL EITHER BE PLACED IN THE BOREHOLE OR CLEANED UP AND RETURNED TO AN APPROPRIATE VEHICLE FOR HANDLING OR PLACEMENT IN SECURED CONTAINERS FOR OFF-SITE DISPOSAL;
  - d. LOADED EXPLOSIVES SHALL BE DETONATED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND SHALL NOT BE LEFT IN THE BLASTHOLES OVERNIGHT, UNLESS WEATHER OR OTHER SAFETY CONCERNS REASONABLY DICTATE THAT DETONATION SHOULD BE POSTPONED;
  - e. LOADING EQUIPMENT SHALL BE CLEANED IN AN AREA WHERE WASTEWATER CAN BE PROPERLY CONTAINED AND HANDLED IN A MANNER THAT PREVENTS RELEASE OF CONTAMINANTS TO THE ENVIRONMENT;
  - f. EXPLOSIVES SHALL BE LOADED TO MAINTAIN GOOD CONTINUITY IN THE COLUMN LOAD TO PROMOTE COMPLETE DETONATION. INDUSTRY ACCEPTED LOADING PRACTICES FOR PRIMING, STEMMING, DECKING AND COLUMN RISE NEED TO BE ATTENDED TO.
- B. EXPLOSIVE SELECTION THE FOLLOWING BMPS SHALL BE FOLLOWED TO REDUCE THE
- POTENTIAL FOR GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION WHEN EXPLOSIVES ARE USED: a. EXPLOSIVE PRODUCTS SHALL BE SELECTED THAT ARE APPROPRIATE FOR SITE CONDITIONS AND SAFE BLAST EXECUTION;
- b. EXPLOSIVE PRODUCTS SHALL BE SELECTED THAT HAVE THE APPROPRIATE WATER
- RESISTANCE FOR THE SITE CONDITIONS PRESENT TO MINIMIZE THE POTENTIAL FOR HAZARDOUS EFFECT OF THE PRODUCT UPON GROUNDWATER
- C. PREVENTION OF MISFIRES. APPROPRIATE PRACTICES SHALL BE DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED TO PREVENT MISFIRES.

AREAS;





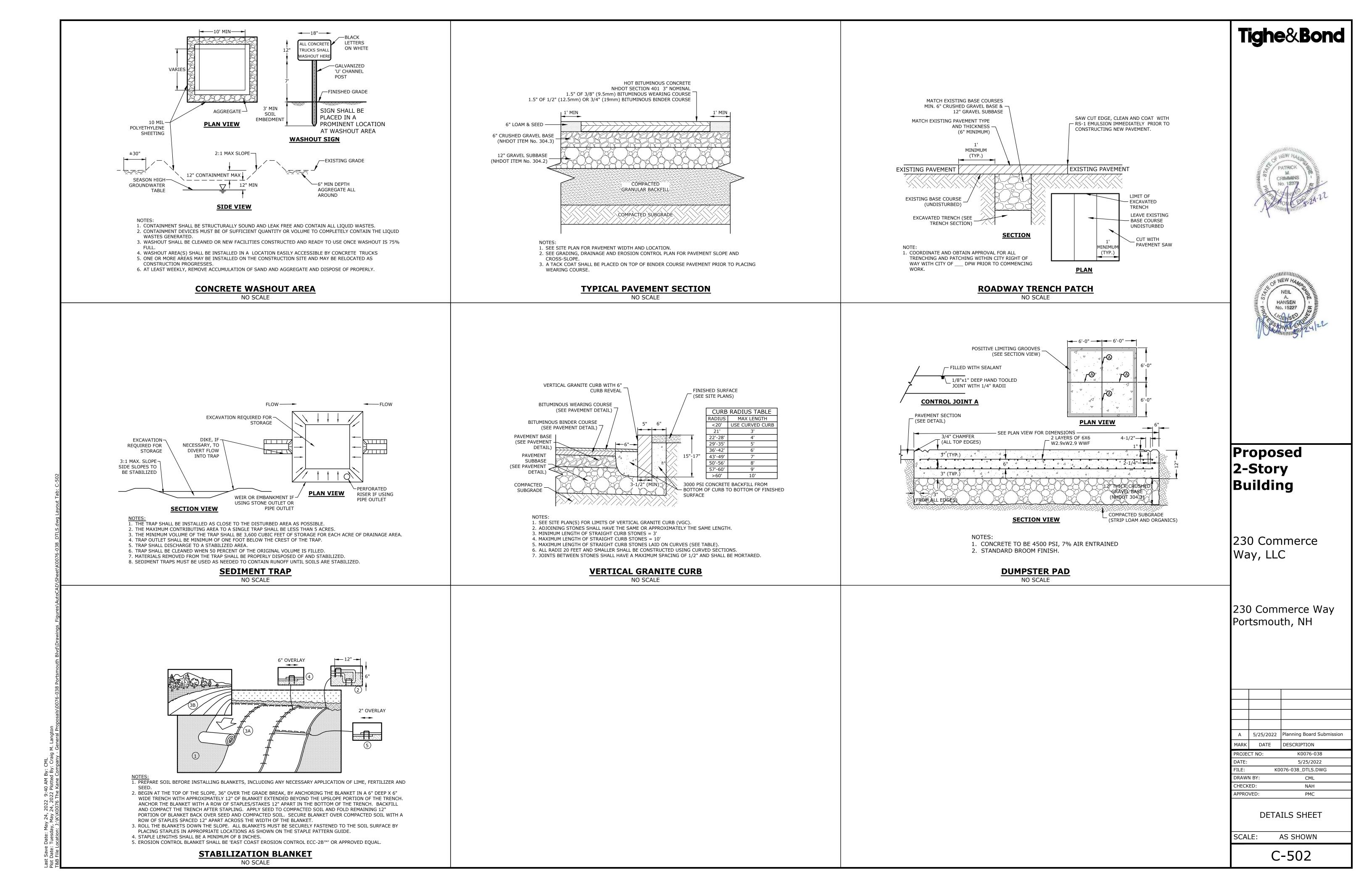
CRUSHED STONE-	
EXISTING GROUND	

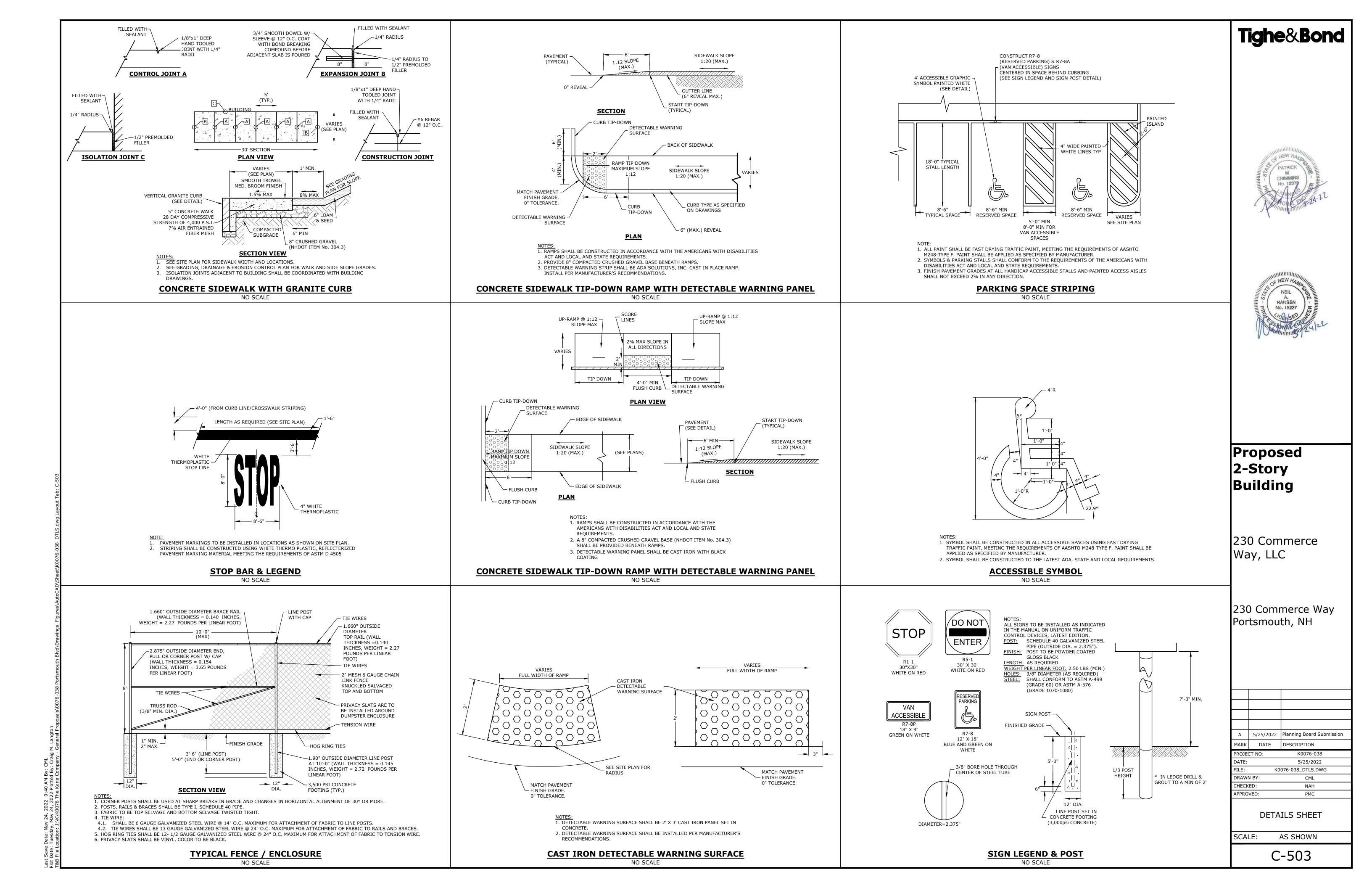
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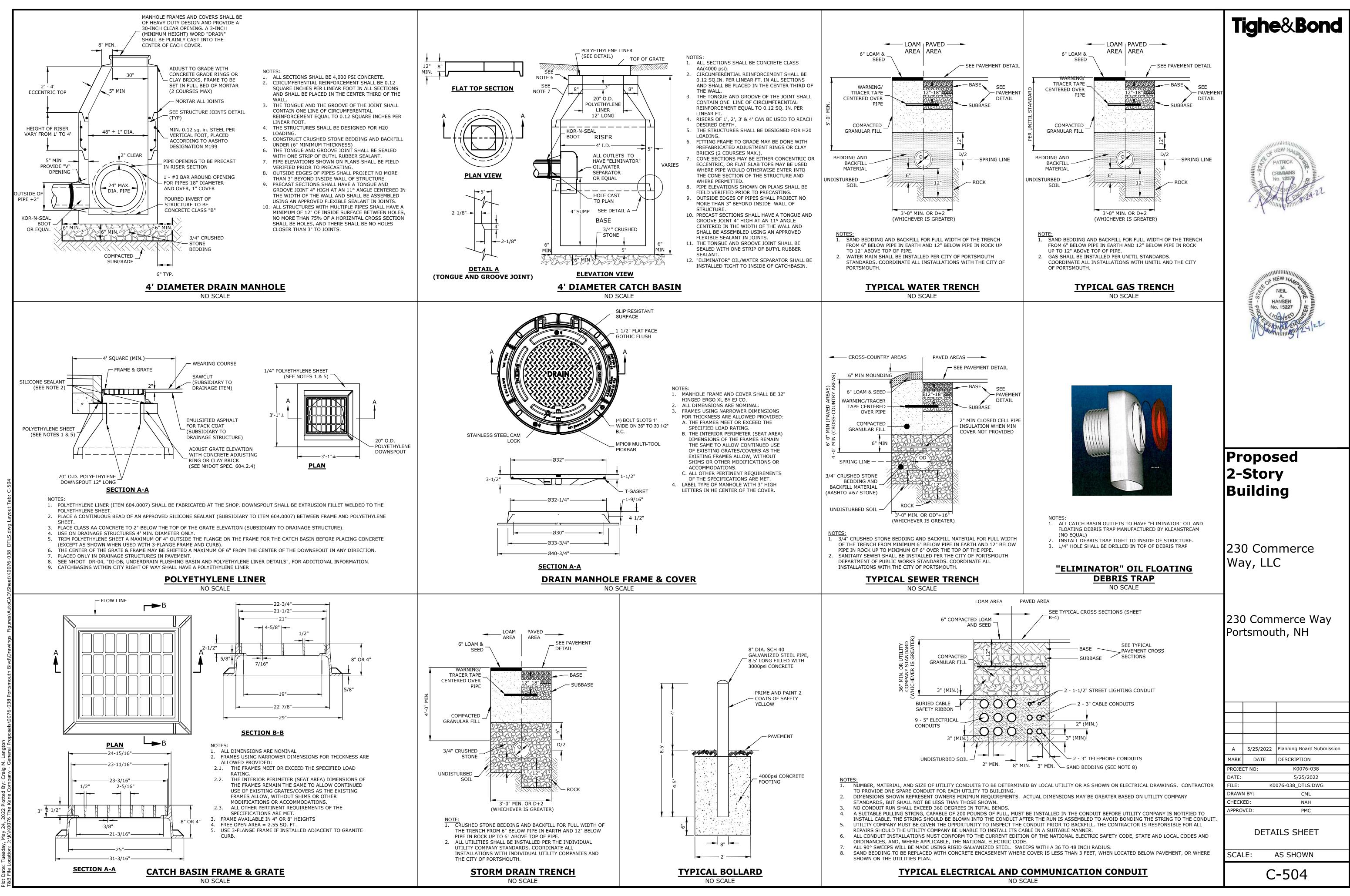
	DIV
EXISTING GROUND	FULI DRIVE W (10' M

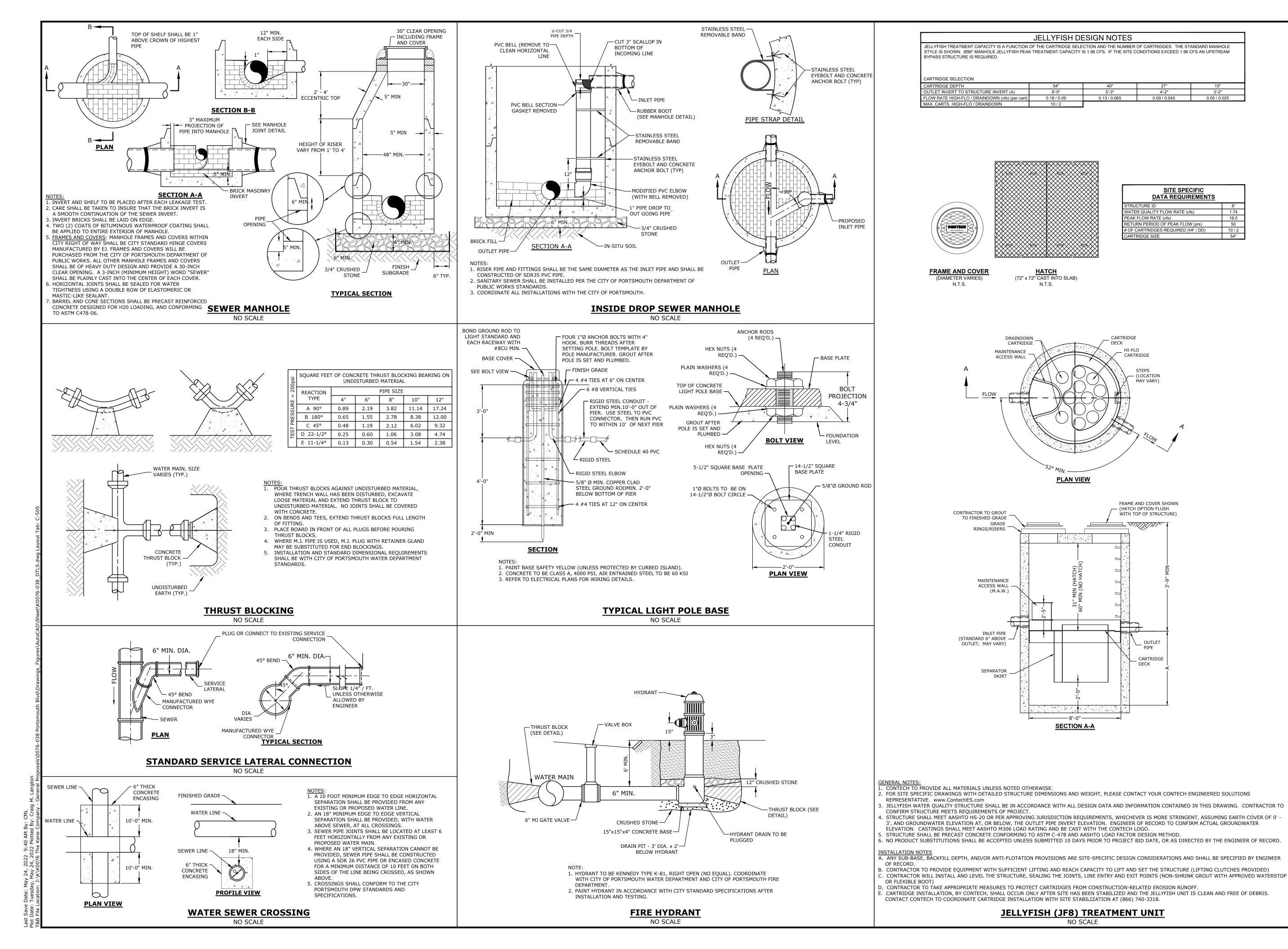
MPLIANCE WITH THE SWPPP SHALL BE MADE BY WITHIN 24 HOURS OF A STORM 0.25 INCHES OF
E AFTER EACH OBSERVATION AND DISTRIBUTED ACTOR;
CTOR, SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANC
INITIATED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF REPORT.
) BE BLASTED A BLASTING PLAN SHALL BE PROV
NINKING WATER WELLS LOCATED WITHIN 2000 F

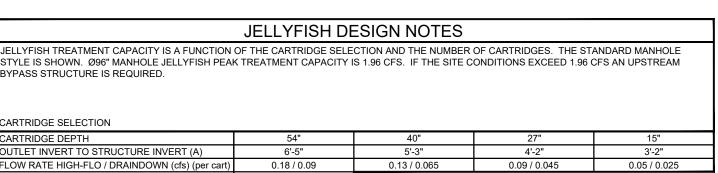
- A. LOCATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF D
- BLASTING, TO MONITOR FOR NITRATE AND NITRITE EITHER IN THE DRINKING WATER SUPPLY



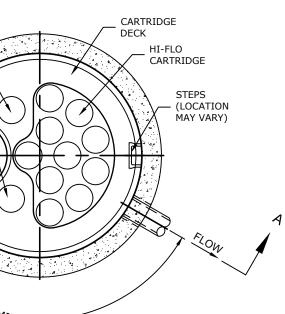




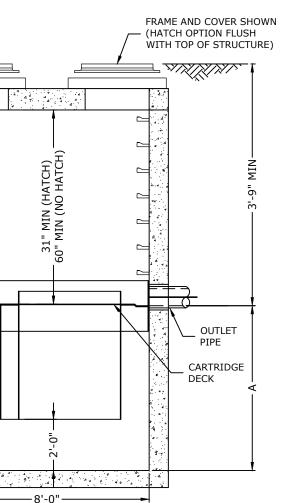




SITE SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS	
STRUCTURE ID	8'
WATER QUALITY FLOW RATE (cfs)	1.74
PEAK FLOW RATE (cfs)	18.0
RETURN PERIOD OF PEAK FLOW (yrs)	50
# OF CARTRIDGES REQUIRED (HF / DD)	10 / 2
CARTRIDGE SIZE	54"



PLAN VIEW



HANSEN No. 15227 Proposed 2-Story Building 230 Commerce Way, LLC 230 Commerce Way Portsmouth, NH A 5/25/2022 Planning Board Submission MARK DATE DESCRIPTION K0076-038 ROJECT NO: ATE: 5/25/2022 K0076-038_DTLS.DWG FILE: DRAWN BY: CML CHECKED: NAH PPROVED: PMC DETAILS SHEET SCALE: AS SHOWN

C-505

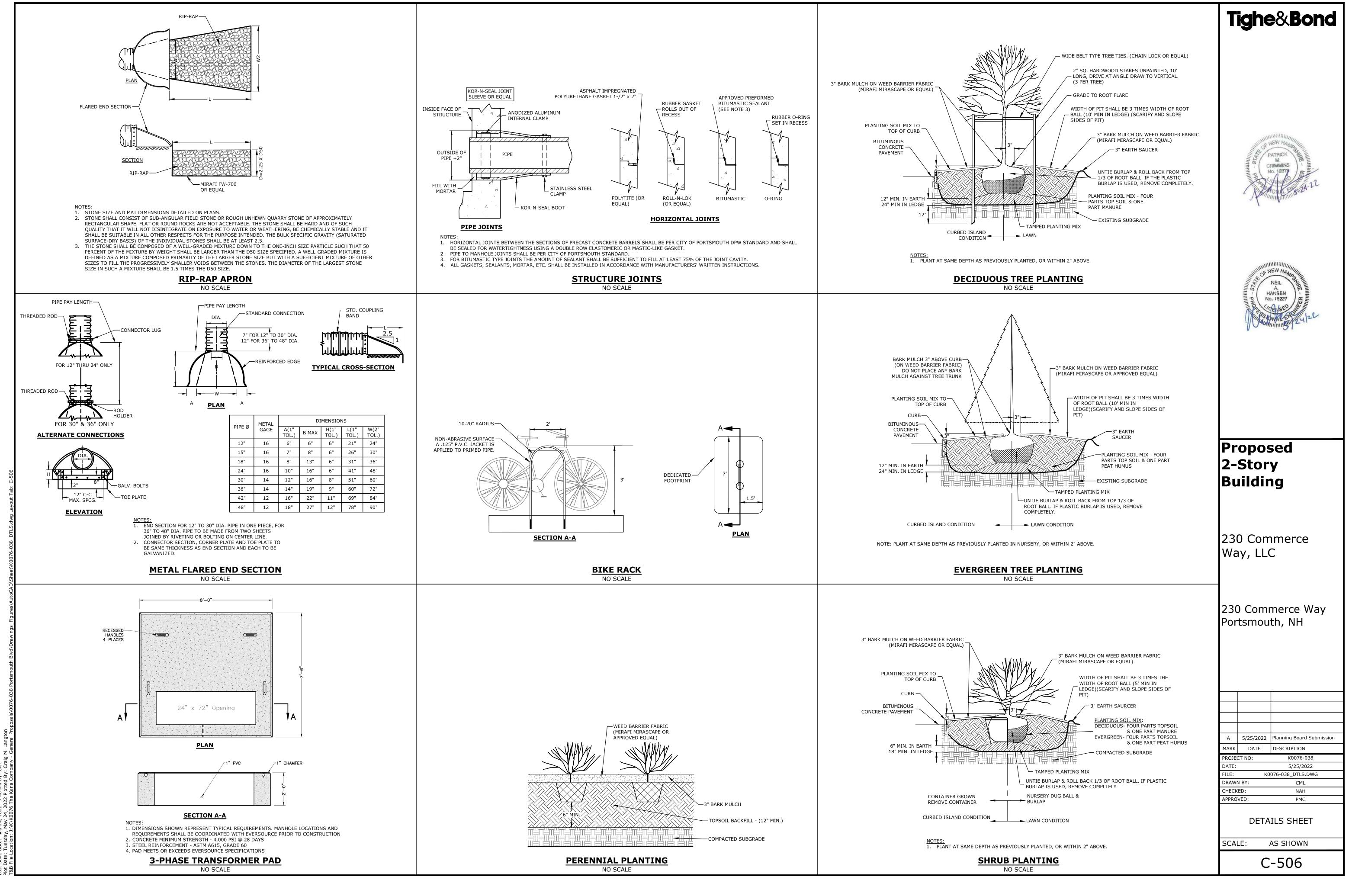
Tighe&Bond

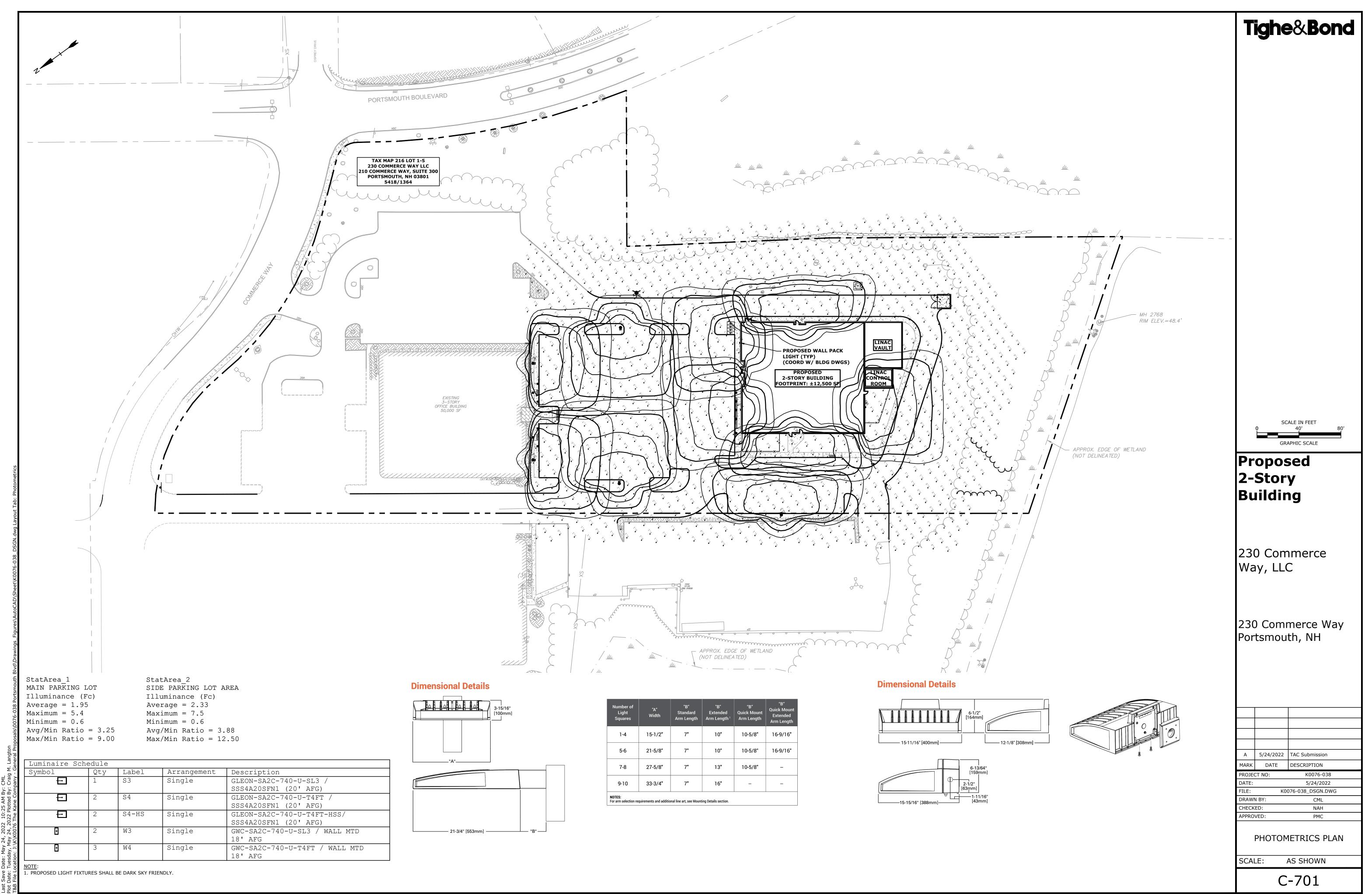
# JELLYFISH (JF8) TREATMENT UNIT

CARTRIDGE INSTALLATION, BY CONTECH, SHALL OCCUR ONLY AFTER SITE HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND THE JELLYFISH UNIT IS CLEAN AND FREE OF DEBRIS.

NO SCALE

SECTION A-A





la y 1

Number of Light Squares	"A" Width	"B" Standard Arm Length	"B" Extended Arm Length ¹	"B" Quick Mount Arm Length	"B" Quick Mount Extended Arm Length
1-4	15-1/2"	7"	10"	10-5/8"	16-9/16"
5-6	21-5/8"	7"	10"	10-5/8"	16-9/16"
7-8	27-5/8"	7"	13″	10-5/8"	
9-10	33-3/4"	7"	16"		-
NOTES: For arm selection requirements and additional line art, see Mounting Details section.					

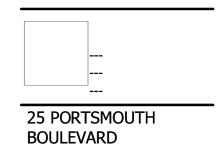


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Nelson Architecture & Interiors, Inc.

#### 198 Tremont Street, Suite 439 Boston, MA. 02116 Phone: (617) 778-7229

Phone: (61/) //8-/229	
WWW.NELSONWORLDWIDE.COM	



No: Date:

PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801

ELEVATIONS

Proj #: 20.0003391 Reviewed By: Checker







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25 POR	TSMOUTH

No: Date:

BOULEVARD PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801

ELEVATIONS

Proj #: 20.0003391 Reviewed By: Checker

A-201

ANNIN MARINE MARINE

1361 A.

## **Drainage Analysis**

То:	City of Portsmouth Technical Advisory Committee (TAC)	PATRICK PATRICK
FROM:	Neil A. Hansen, PE Patrick M. Crimmins, PE Craig Langton, PE	M. CRIMMMINS No. 12379
COPY:	230 Commerce Way, LLC	1.1.1
DATE:	May 24, 222	- Annumum

## **1.0 Project Description**

The proposed project is located at 230 Commerce Way. The existing parcels includes a three (3) story office building with a footprint of approximately 16,650 SF with associated surface parking. The site is bound to the southeast by Portsmouth Boulevard, and two (2) commercial properties to the southwest and northwest. The topography of the site has high points along Commerce Way and slopes to the rear, southwest, portion of the site.

Runoff generated by the existing site flows to one (1) discharge point identified as Point of Analysis 1 (PA-1) on the enclosed Pre-Development Watershed Plan. PA-1 is an existing wetland complex in the rear of the site that collects the drainage from the existing commercial uses adjacent to the site.

The proposed project consists of the constructing of an additional 2-story building that has an overall footprint of approximately 12,500 SF with associated site improvements within the area of the rear parking lot of the existing site. The proposed site improvements include a stormwater management system providing treatment not only to the newly redeveloped areas but also to portions of the existing impervious areas on site.

Portions of the proposed project are location within the local wetland buffer setback, and as part of the redevelopment there will be a decrease of impervious area of approximately 5,070 SF within the buffer as well as an overall decrease of impervious area to the overall site.

## 2.0 Drainage Analysis

#### 2.1 **Calculation Methods**

The parcels on-site watersheds were analyzed under this section. The design storms analyzed in this study are the 2-year, 10-year, 25-year and 50-year 24-hour duration storm as per NHDES AoT Regulations (Env-Wg 1500). The stormwater modeling system, HydroCAD 10.0 was utilized to predict the peak runoff rates from these storm events. A Type III storm pattern was used in the model. The rainfall data for these storm events were obtained from the data published by the Northeast Regional Climate Center at Cornell University for the extreme precipitation estimates.

The time of concentration was computed using the TR-55 Method, which provides a means of determining the time for an entire watershed to contribute runoff to a specific location via sheet flows, shallow concentrated flow and channel flow. Runoff curve numbers were calculated by estimating the coverage areas and then summing the curve number for the coverage area as a percent of the entire watershed.

#### References:

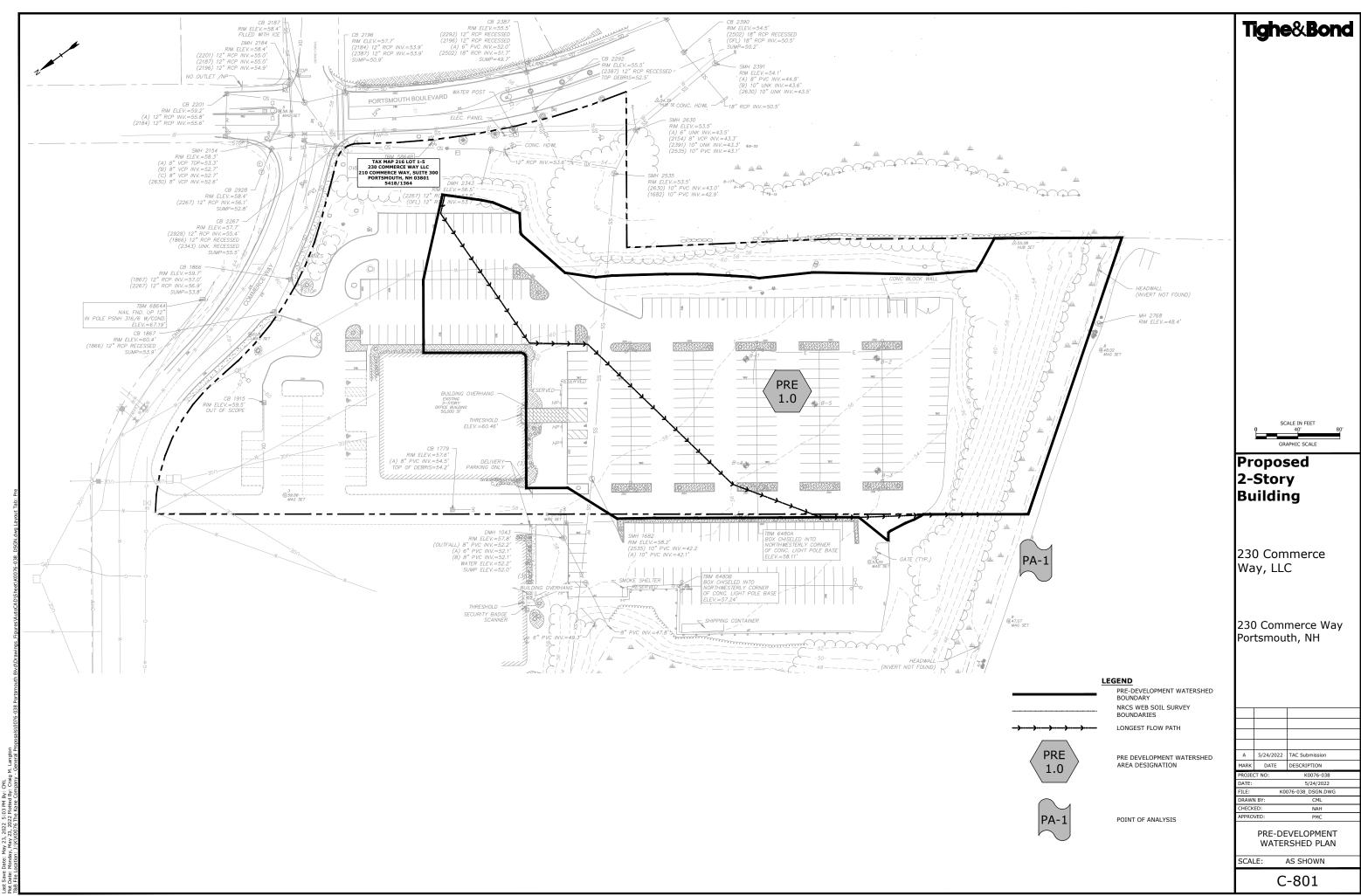
- 1. HydroCAD Stormwater Modeling System, by HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC, Chocorua, New Hampshire.
- 2. New Hampshire Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Post-Construction Best Management Practices Selection and Design, December 2008.
- 3. "Extreme Precipitation in New York & New England." Extreme Precipitation in New York & New England by Northeast Regional Climate Center (NRCC), 26 June 2012.

#### 2.2 **Pre-Development Calculations**

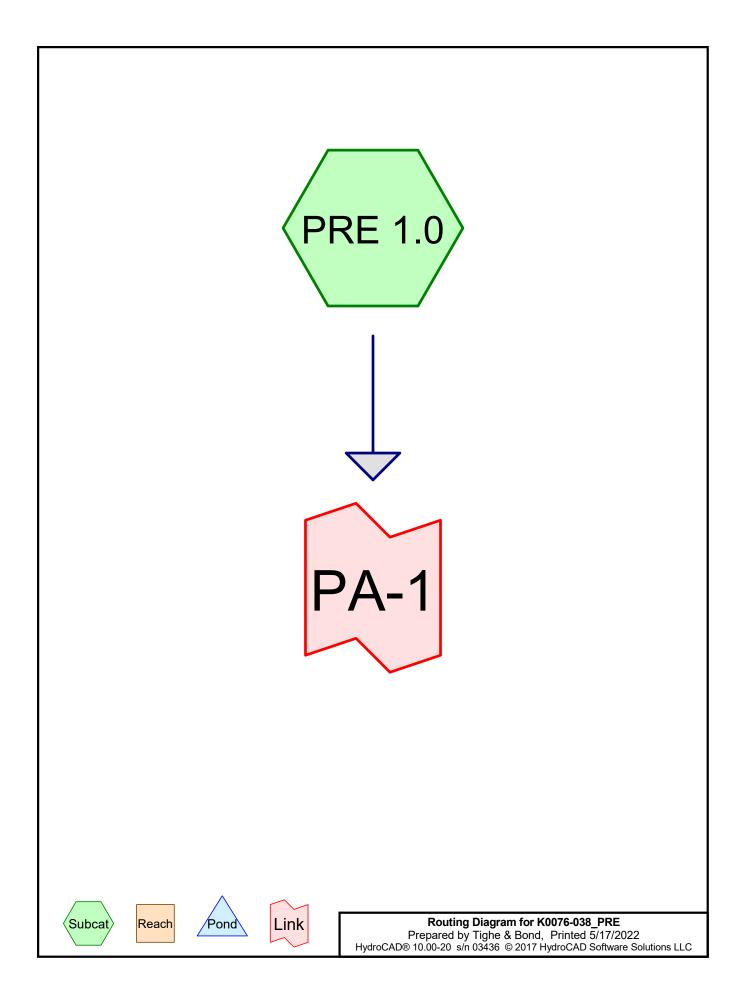
As stated above the stromwater runoff characteristics of the site were analyzed at one distinct point of analysis. This point of analysis being the existing wetland complex in the rear of the site identified as PA-1. The limits of the contributing watershed area (Pre-1.0) of the pre-development condition studied in this analysis are depicted the enclosed plan entitled "Pre-Development Watershed Plan", Sheet C-801.

#### **2.2.1 Pre-Development Calculations**

#### 2.2.2 Pre-Development Watershed Plan



Craic Craic 1ay 23, /, Mav 2 Date: Mondi Save Date:



#### Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
25,735	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (PRE 1.0)
6,305	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D (PRE 1.0)
86,704	98	Paved parking, HSG B (PRE 1.0)
17,987	55	Woods, Good, HSG B (PRE 1.0)
136,731	85	TOTAL AREA

Runoff = 6.67 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 20,027 cf, Depth= 1.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2yr Rainfall=3.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
	86,704	98	Paved park	ing, HSG E	3
	6,305	80 :	>75% Ġras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG D
	17,987	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	25,735	61 3	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
1	36,731	85	Weighted A	verage	
	50,027		36.59% Pei	rvious Area	l
	86,704	(	63.41% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
-		~		<b>A</b>	
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)		(cfs)	
0.7	100	0.0140	2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
3.5	500	0.0140	2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	56	0.1439	5.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
ΛΛ	656	Total			

4.4 656 Total

#### Summary for Link PA-1:

Inflow Area	a =	136,731 sf, 6	63.41% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.76"	for 2yr event
Inflow	=	6.67 cfs @ 12	2.07 hrs, Volume=	20,027 cf	
Primary	=	6.67 cfs @ 12	2.07 hrs, Volume=	20,027 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Runoff = 12.16 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 36,800 cf, Depth= 3.23"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10yr Rainfall=4.85"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
		86,704	98 I	Paved park	ing, HSG E	3
		6,305	80 >	>75% Ġras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG D
		17,987		Noods, Go	,	
_		25,735	61 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
		36,731		Neighted A	•	
		50,027		36.59% Pei		
		86,704	e	63.41% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)		(cfs)	•
	0.7	100	0.0140	2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	3.5	500	0.0140	2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	0.2	56	0.1439	5.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	11	656	Total			

4.4 656 Total

#### Summary for Link PA-1:

Inflow Are	a =	136,731 sf, 63.41% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.23" for 10yr event
Inflow	=	12.16 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 36,800 cf
Primary	=	12.16 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 36,800 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Runoff = 16.54 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 50,638 cf, Depth= 4.44"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25yr Rainfall=6.15"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description		
		86,704	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG E	3
		6,305	80 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG D
		17,987	55 N	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
_		25,735	61 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
	1	36,731	85 V	Veighted A	verage	
		50,027			vious Area	
		86,704	6	63.41% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
	т.	1	01	Mala site :	0	Description
	Tc (min)	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
-	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	0.7	100	0.0140	2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
				<b>A</b> 1A		Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	3.5	500	0.0140	2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
	0.2	56	0.1439	5.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps
	44	656	Total			

4.4 656 Total

#### Summary for Link PA-1:

Inflow Are	a =	136,731 sf	, 63.41% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 4.44"	for 25yr event
Inflow	=	16.54 cfs @	12.06 hrs, Volume=	50,638 cf	
Primary	=	16.54 cfs @	12.06 hrs, Volume=	50,638 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Runoff = 20.61 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 63,778 cf, Depth= 5.60"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 50yr Rainfall=7.36"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN [	Description				
		86,704	98 Paved parking, HSG B					
		6,305	80 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG D		
		17,987	55 N	Voods, Go	od, HSG B			
_		25,735	61 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B		
	1	36,731	85 V	Veighted A	verage			
		50,027			vious Area			
		86,704	6	63.41% Imp	pervious Ar	ea		
	т.	1	01	Mala site :	0	Description		
	Tc (min)	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description		
-	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)			
	0.7	100	0.0140	2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
				<b>A</b> 1A		Paved Kv= 20.3 fps		
	3.5	500	0.0140	2.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
						Paved Kv= 20.3 fps		
	0.2	56	0.1439	5.69		Shallow Concentrated Flow,		
_						Grassed Waterway Kv= 15.0 fps		
	44	656	Total					

4.4 656 Total

#### Summary for Link PA-1:

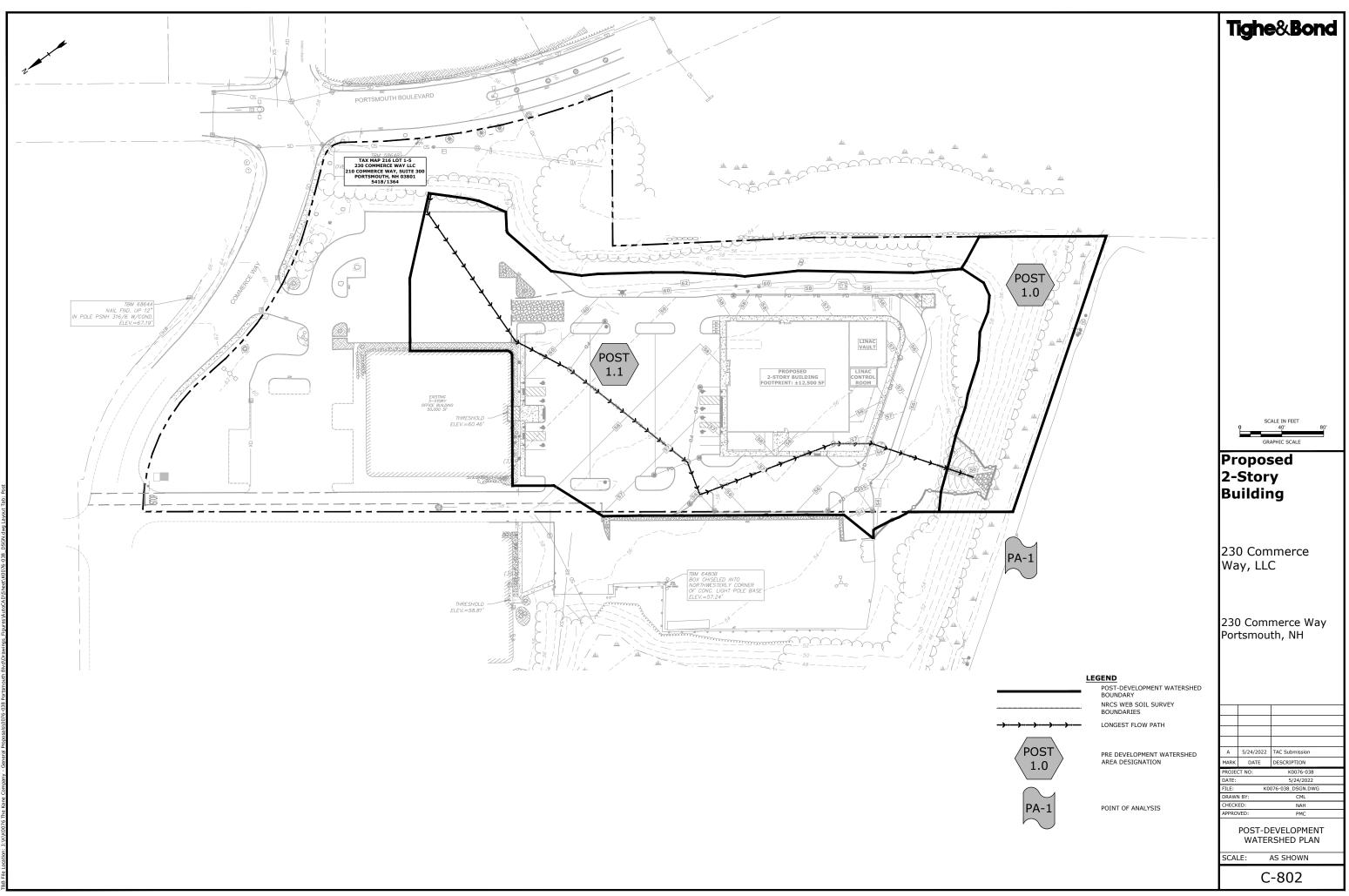
Inflow Are	a =	136,731 sf, 63.41% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.60" for 50yr event
Inflow	=	20.61 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 63,778 cf
Primary	=	20.61 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 63,778 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

#### 2.3 Post-Development Calculations

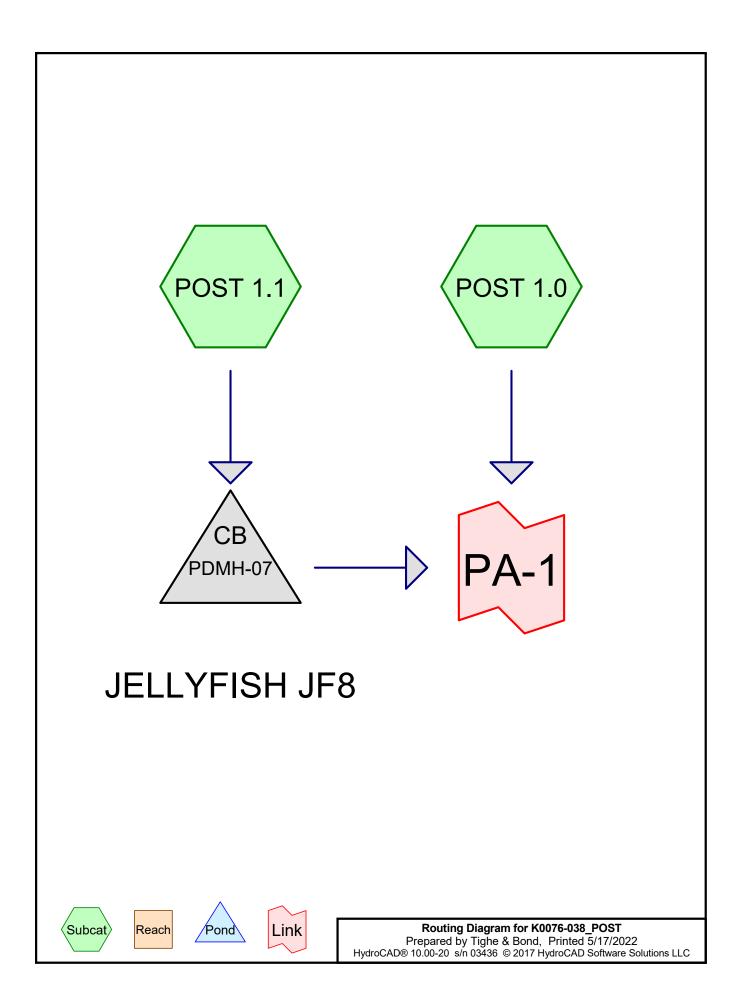
The stromwater runoff characteristics of the pre-development conditions were analyzed at same distinct point of analysis (PA-1). However, in the post-development condition the overall contributing watershed was split into two (2) sub watershed areas (Post-1.0 & Post-1.1). Though the two (2) post-development watershed areas ultimately drain to the same point of analysis (PA-1), the proposed drainage system was designed to capture runoff from the contributing impervious areas (Post-1.1) and direct the flow through a proprietary stormwater treatment unit prior to discharging the runoff to PA-1. Post-development watershed areas (Post-1.1) of the post-development condition are depicted the enclosed plan entitled "Post-Development Watershed Plan", Sheet C-802.

#### **2.3.1 Post-Development Calculations**

#### 2.3.2 Post-Development Watershed Plan



Last Save Date: May 23, 2022. 5:03 PM By: CML Pilot Date Londondy, May 23, 2022. Pilot Deny: Carja Lington Bilot Londondy, May 25, 2022 Politica Comvex: Cancera January 2000.



#### Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
33,121	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (POST 1.0, POST 1.1)
6,305	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D (POST 1.0)
66,420	98	Paved parking, HSG B (POST 1.1)
14,617	98	Roofs, HSG B (POST 1.1)
16,268	55	Woods, Good, HSG B (POST 1.0, POST 1.1)
136,731	83	TOTAL AREA

Runoff = 0.22 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 924 cf, Depth= 0.52"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2yr Rainfall=3.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B			
	0	98	Roofs, HSG	βB			
	6,305	80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D		
	13,316	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B			
	1,719	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B		
	21,340	63	Weighted A	verage			
21,340 100.00% Pervious Area				ervious Are	а		
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description		
4.0	50	0.3333	0.21		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n	n= 0.400	P2= 3.20"

#### Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.1:

Runoff = 6.16 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 18,413 cf, Depth= 1.91	Runoff =	6.16 cfs @	12.07 hrs, Volume=	18,413 cf, Depth= 1.91"
---------------------------------------------------------------	----------	------------	--------------------	-------------------------

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2yr Rainfall=3.20"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
66,420	98	Paved parking, HSG B
14,617	98	Roofs, HSG B
0	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
2,952	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
 31,402	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
115,391	87	Weighted Average
34,354		29.77% Pervious Area
81,037		70.23% Impervious Area
 14,617 0 2,952 <u>31,402</u> 115,391 34,354	98 80 55 61	Roofs, HSG B >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D Woods, Good, HSG B >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B Weighted Average 29.77% Pervious Area

#### K0076-038_POST

Prepared by Tighe & Bond HydroCAD® 10.00-20 s/n 03436 © 2017 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

To (min)		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.5	19	0.0815	0.21		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.20"
1.1	151	0.0120	2.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.5	194	0.0200	6.42	5.04	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.2	34	0.0060	3.51	2.76	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.7	166	0.0050	3.72	4.57	Pipe Channel,
					15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.0	13	0.0080	5.32	9.40	Pipe Channel,
					18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
			4.00	- 10	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.3	75	0.0050	4.20	7.43	Pipe Channel,
					18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
4.3	652	Total			

#### Summary for Pond PDMH-07: JELLYFISH JF8

Inflow Area	ı =	115,391 sf, 70.23% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.91" for 2yr event
Inflow	=	6.16 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 18,413 cf
Outflow	=	6.16 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 18,413 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	6.16 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 18,413 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 50.61' @ 12.07 hrs Flood Elev= 55.15'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	49.10'	18.0" Round Culvert
			L= 74.0' CMP, end-section conforming to fill, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 49.10' / 48.75' S= 0.0047 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=5.93 cfs @ 12.07 hrs HW=50.57' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) ☐ 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 5.93 cfs @ 4.25 fps)

#### Summary for Link PA-1:

Inflow Are	a =	136,731 sf, 59.27% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.70" for 2yr event	
Inflow	=	6.37 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 19,337 cf	
Primary	=	6.37 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 19,337 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 mir	n

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Type III 24-hr 2yr Rainfall=3.20" Printed 5/17/2022 Page 4

Runoff = 0.79 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 2,516 cf, Depth= 1.41"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10yr Rainfall=4.85"

Area (sf) CN Description					
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B	3
	0 98 Roofs, HSG B				
	6,305	80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG D
	13,316	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	1,719	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
	21,340	63	Weighted A	verage	
21,340 100.00% Pervious Area				ervious Are	a
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)	Description
4.0	50	0.3333	0.21		<b>Sheet Flow,</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"

#### Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.1:

Runoff = 10.85 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 32,946 cf, Depth= 3.43"	Runoff	=	10.85 cfs @	12.06 hrs,	Volume=	32,946 cf, Depth= 3.43"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10yr Rainfall=4.85"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
66,420	98	Paved parking, HSG B
14,617	98	Roofs, HSG B
0	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
2,952	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
 31,402	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
115,391	87	Weighted Average
34,354		29.77% Pervious Area
81,037		70.23% Impervious Area
 14,617 0 2,952 <u>31,402</u> 115,391 34,354	98 80 55 61	Roofs, HSG B >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D Woods, Good, HSG B >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B Weighted Average 29.77% Pervious Area

#### K0076-038_POST

4.3

652 Total

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.5	19	0.0815	0.21		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.20"
1.1	151	0.0120	2.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.5	194	0.0200	6.42	5.04	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.2	34	0.0060	3.51	2.76	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.7	166	0.0050	3.72	4.57	Pipe Channel,
					15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31'
	10			o 40	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.0	13	0.0080	5.32	9.40	Pipe Channel,
					18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
	75	0 0050	4.00	7.40	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.3	75	0.0050	4.20	7.43	Pipe Channel,
					18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior

#### Summary for Pond PDMH-07: JELLYFISH JF8

Inflow Area =	115,391 sf, 70.23% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 3.43" for 10yr event
Inflow =	10.85 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	32,946 cf
Outflow =	10.85 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	32,946 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	10.85 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	32,946 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 51.92' @ 12.06 hrs Flood Elev= 55.15'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	49.10'	18.0" Round Culvert
			L= 74.0' CMP, end-section conforming to fill, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 49.10' / 48.75' S= 0.0047 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=10.48 cfs @ 12.06 hrs HW=51.81' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) ☐ 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 10.48 cfs @ 5.93 fps)

#### Summary for Link PA-1:

Inflow Are	a =	136,731 sf, 59.27% Impervious	, Inflow Depth = 3.11"	for 10yr event
Inflow	=	11.63 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	35,462 cf	
Primary	=	11.63 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	35,462 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Type III 24-hr 10yr Rainfall=4.85" Printed 5/17/2022 Page 6

Runoff = 1.33 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 4,058 cf, Depth= 2.28"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25yr Rainfall=6.15"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B	3
	0	98	Roofs, HSC	βB	
	6,305	80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG D
	13,316	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
	1,719	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
	21,340	63	Weighted A	verage	
	21,340		100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft		Capacity (cfs)	Description
4.0	50	0.3333	0.21		<b>Sheet Flow,</b> Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"

#### Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.1:

Runoff = 14.56 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 44,819 cf, Depth= 4.66	Runoff =	14.56 cfs @	12.06 hrs,	Volume=	44,819 cf, Depth= 4.66"	
----------------------------------------------------------------	----------	-------------	------------	---------	-------------------------	--

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25yr Rainfall=6.15"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
66,420	98	Paved parking, HSG B
14,617	98	Roofs, HSG B
0	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
2,952	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
 31,402	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
115,391	87	Weighted Average
34,354		29.77% Pervious Area
81,037		70.23% Impervious Area
 14,617 0 2,952 <u>31,402</u> 115,391 34,354	98 80 55 61	Roofs, HSG B >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D Woods, Good, HSG B >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B Weighted Average 29.77% Pervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.5	19	0.0815	0.21		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.20"
1.1	151	0.0120	2.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.5	194	0.0200	6.42	5.04	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.2	34	0.0060	3.51	2.76	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.7	166	0.0050	3.72	4.57	Pipe Channel,
					15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.0	13	0.0080	5.32	9.40	Pipe Channel,
					18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.3	75	0.0050	4.20	7.43	Pipe Channel,
					18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
4.3	652	Total			

#### Summary for Pond PDMH-07: JELLYFISH JF8

Inflow Area	=	115,391 sf, 70.23% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.66" for 25yr event
Inflow =	=	14.56 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 44,819 cf
Outflow =	=	14.56 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 44,819 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	=	14.56 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume= 44,819 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 53.24' @ 12.06 hrs Flood Elev= 55.15'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
<u></u> #1	Primary		<b>18.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 74.0' CMP, end-section conforming to fill, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 49.10' / 48.75' S= 0.0047 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
			n= 0.010 Contigated 1 E, shootin menor, 1 tow Area = 1.17 si

Primary OutFlow Max=14.08 cfs @ 12.06 hrs HW=53.06' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) ☐ 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 14.08 cfs @ 7.97 fps)

#### Summary for Link PA-1:

Inflow Are	a =	136,731 sf, 59.27% Impervious	, Inflow Depth = $4.29$ "	for 25yr event
Inflow	=	15.89 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume	48,876 cf	
Primary	=	15.89 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume	48,876 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Type III 24-hr 25yr Rainfall=6.15" Printed 5/17/2022 Page 8

Runoff = 1.89 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 5,642 cf, Depth= 3.17"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 50yr Rainfall=7.36"

Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description				
	0	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B			
	0	98	Roofs, HSC	βB			
	6,305	80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D		
	13,316	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B			
	1,719	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B		
	21,340	63	Weighted A	verage			
	21,340		100.00% Pe	ervious Are	а		
Та	Longth	Slope	Volocity	Conocity	Description		
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description		
	· /			(013)	Ohaat Elaw		
4.0	50	0.3333	0.21		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= (	).400	P2= 3.20"

#### Summary for Subcatchment POST 1.1:

Runoff =	= 18.00 cfs @	12.06 hrs, Volume=	56,040 cf, Depth= 5.83"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 50yr Rainfall=7.36"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
66,420	98	Paved parking, HSG B
14,617	98	Roofs, HSG B
0	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D
2,952	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
31,402	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
115,391	87	Weighted Average
34,354		29.77% Pervious Area
81,037		70.23% Impervious Area
0 2,952 <u>31,402</u> 115,391 34,354	80 55 61	<ul> <li>&gt;75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D</li> <li>Woods, Good, HSG B</li> <li>&gt;75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B</li> <li>Weighted Average</li> <li>29.77% Pervious Area</li> </ul>

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
1.5	19	0.0815	0.21		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.20"
1.1	151	0.0120	2.22		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.5	194	0.0200	6.42	5.04	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.2	34	0.0060	3.51	2.76	Pipe Channel,
					12.0" Round Area= 0.8 sf Perim= 3.1' r= 0.25'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.7	166	0.0050	3.72	4.57	Pipe Channel,
					15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.0	13	0.0080	5.32	9.40	Pipe Channel,
					18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
0.3	75	0.0050	4.20	7.43	Pipe Channel,
					18.0" Round Area= 1.8 sf Perim= 4.7' r= 0.38'
					n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior
4.3	652	Total			

#### Summary for Pond PDMH-07: JELLYFISH JF8

Inflow Area =	115,391 sf, 70.23% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 5.83" for 50yr event
Inflow =	18.00 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	56,040 cf
Outflow =	18.00 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	56,040 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary =	18.00 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume=	56,040 cf

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 54.82' @ 12.06 hrs Flood Elev= 55.15'

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	49.10'	<b>18.0" Round Culvert</b> L= 74.0' CMP, end-section conforming to fill, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 49.10' / 48.75' S= 0.0047 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 1.77 sf
			n oloro conagaloar 2, onooar interior, rior rada introl

Primary OutFlow Max=17.42 cfs @ 12.06 hrs HW=54.55' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) ☐ 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 17.42 cfs @ 9.86 fps)

#### Summary for Link PA-1:

Inflow Area	a =	136,731 sf, 59.27% Impervious	s, Inflow Depth = 5.41"	for 50yr event
Inflow	=	19.89 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume	= 61,683 cf	
Primary	=	19.89 cfs @ 12.06 hrs, Volume	61,683 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-72.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Type III 24-hr 50yr Rainfall=7.36" Printed 5/17/2022 Page 10

#### 2.4 Peak Rate Comparisons

The following table summarizes and compares the pre- and post-development peak runoff rates for the 2-year, 10-year, 25-year and 50-year storm events at each point of analysis.

Table 2.4.1 - Comparison of Pre- and Post-Development flows (cfs)													
	2-Year Storm	10-Year Storm	25-Year Storm	50-Year Storm									
Pre-Development Watershed													
PA-1	6.67	12.16	16.54	20.61									
Post-Development Watershed													
PA-1	6.37	11.63	15.89	19.89									

#### 2.5 Stormwater Treatment

The stormwater management system has been designed to provide stormwater treatment as required by the City of Portsmouth Site Review Regulations and the NHDES AoT Regulations (Env-Wq 1500).

Runoff generated from impervious areas will be treated by a Contech Jellyfish (JF8) stormwater treatment system. The surface parking area will receive pre-treatment via deep sump catch basins prior to discharging to the Jellyfish unit. Roof runoff is to be discharged directly in the proposed closed drainage system prior to being directed to the Contech stromwater treatment unit.

The Contech stormwater treatment unit was sized to treat the one (1) inch storm per the NHDES AoT Regulations for water quality flow (WQF), as shown on the enclosed NHDES WQF worksheet.

#### 3.0 Conclusion

The proposed project will result in a reduction in post-development peak runoff rates from the pre-development condition. The impervious area resulting from the proposed project will be treated by the proposed stormwater treatment system.



## GENERAL CALCULATIONS - WQV and WQF (optional worksheet)

This worksheet may be useful when designing a BMP **that does not fit into one of the specific worksheets already provided** (i.e. for a technology which is not a stormwater wetland, infiltration practice, etc.)

#### Water Quality Volume (WQV)

2.65 ac	A = Area draining to the practice
1.86 ac	A _I = Impervious area draining to the practice
0.70 decimal	I = Percent impervious area draining to the practice, in decimal form
0.68 unitless	Rv = Runoff coefficient = 0.05 + (0.9 x l)
1.81 ac-in	WQV= 1" x Rv x A
6,559 cf	WQV conversion (ac-in x 43,560 sf/ac x 1ft/12")

#### Water Quality Flow (WQF)

1	inches	P = Amount of rainfall. For WQF in NH, $P = 1$ ".
0.68	inches	Q = Water quality depth. Q = WQV/A
97	unitless	CN = Unit peak discharge curve number. CN =1000/(10+5P+10Q-10*[Q ² + 1.25*Q*P] ^{0.5} )
0.3	inches	S = Potential maximum retention. S = (1000/CN) - 10
0.068	inches	Ia = Initial abstraction. Ia = 0.2S
4.3	minutes	T _c = Time of Concentration
615.0	cfs/mi²/in	${\sf q}_{\sf u}$ is the unit peak discharge. Obtain this value from TR-55 exhibits 4-II and 4-III.
1.736	cfs	WQF = $q_u x WQV$ . Conversion: to convert "cfs/mi ² /in * ac-in" to "cfs" multiply by $1 mi^2/640 ac$ .

#### Designer's Notes:

## **Extreme Precipitation Tables**

#### Northeast Regional Climate Center

Data represents point estimates calculated from partial duration series. All precipitation amounts are displayed in inches.

Smoothing	Yes					
State	New Hampshire					
Location						
Longitude	70.786 degrees West					
Latitude	43.089 degrees North					
Elevation	0 feet					
Date/Time	Wed, 11 May 2022 10:39:24 -0400					

## **Extreme Precipitation Estimates**

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.26	0.40	0.50	0.65	0.81	1.04	1yr	0.70	0.98	1.21	1.56	2.02	2.65	2.91	1yr	2.35	2.80	3.20	3.93	4.53	1yr
2yr	0.32	0.50	0.62	0.81	1.02	1.30	2yr	0.88	1.18	1.51	1.93	2.48	<mark>3.20</mark>	3.56	2yr	2.83	3.42	3.92	4.66	5.31	2yr
5yr	0.37	0.58	0.73	0.97	1.24	1.60	5yr	1.07	1.46	1.88	2.42	3.13	4.05	4.56	5yr	3.59	4.38	5.02	5.91	6.68	5yr
10yr	0.41	0.64	0.81	1.11	1.44	1.88	10yr	1.24	1.72	2.22	2.88	3.73	<mark>4.85</mark>	5.51	10yr	4.29	5.30	6.05	7.08	7.95	10yr
25yr	0.47	0.75	0.96	1.32	1.76	2.32	25yr	1.52	2.13	2.76	3.61	4.71	<mark>6.15</mark>	7.07	25yr	5.44	6.80	7.75	8.98	10.01	25yr
50yr	0.53	0.85	1.09	1.52	2.05	2.73	50yr	1.77	2.51	3.26	4.29	5.63	<mark>7.36</mark>	8.55	50yr	6.51	8.22	9.36	10.76	11.93	50yr
100yr	0.59	0.95	1.23	1.75	2.39	3.22	100yr	2.06	2.95	3.87	5.12	6.73	8.82	10.33	100yr	7.80	9.94	11.30	12.89	14.22	100yr
200yr	0.67	1.09	1.41	2.02	2.79	3.79	200yr	2.41	3.49	4.57	6.08	8.03	10.57	12.50	200yr	9.35	12.02	13.64	15.45	16.96	200yr
500yr	0.79	1.29	1.69	2.45	3.43	4.70	500yr	2.96	4.34	5.70	7.63	10.15	13.43	16.08	500yr	11.88	15.46	17.52	19.65	21.42	500yr

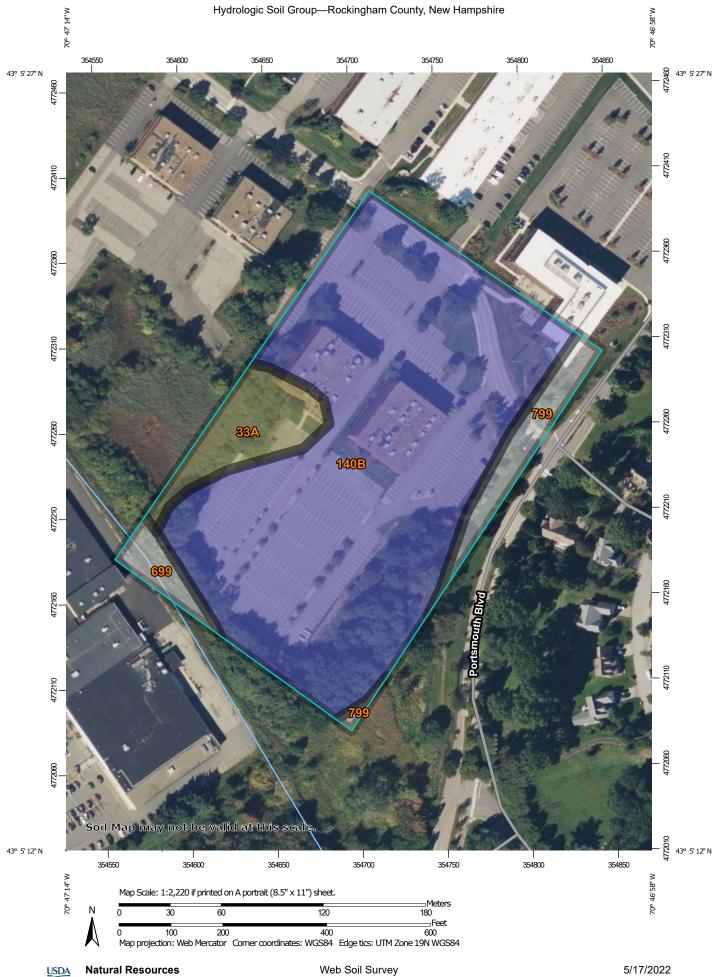
## **Lower Confidence Limits**

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.23	0.36	0.44	0.59	0.73	0.89	1yr	0.63	0.87	0.92	1.32	1.67	2.22	2.49	1yr	1.96	2.39	2.84	3.16	3.87	1yr
2yr	0.31	0.49	0.60	0.81	1.00	1.19	2yr	0.86	1.16	1.36	1.82	2.34	3.05	3.44	2yr	2.70	3.31	3.81	4.53	5.05	2yr
5yr	0.35	0.54	0.67	0.92	1.17	1.40	5yr	1.01	1.37	1.61	2.12	2.74	3.78	4.18	5yr	3.34	4.02	4.69	5.51	6.22	5yr
10yr	0.38	0.59	0.73	1.02	1.32	1.60	10yr	1.14	1.56	1.81	2.40	3.07	4.36	4.85	10yr	3.86	4.66	5.42	6.38	7.17	10yr
25yr	0.44	0.67	0.83	1.18	1.56	1.90	25yr	1.34	1.86	2.10	2.77	3.56	4.67	5.88	25yr	4.14	5.65	6.61	7.76	8.65	25yr
50yr	0.48	0.73	0.91	1.31	1.76	2.17	50yr	1.52	2.12	2.35	3.10	3.96	5.28	6.79	50yr	4.67	6.53	7.69	9.00	9.98	50yr
100yr	0.53	0.81	1.01	1.46	2.00	2.47	100yr	1.73	2.41	2.62	3.45	4.39	5.92	7.84	100yr	5.24	7.54	8.93	10.45	11.51	100yr
200yr	0.59	0.89	1.12	1.63	2.27	2.82	200yr	1.96	2.75	2.93	3.83	4.85	6.63	9.05	200yr	5.86	8.70	10.37	12.15	13.30	200yr
500yr	0.68	1.02	1.31	1.90	2.70	3.37	500yr	2.33	3.29	3.40	4.38	5.54	7.69	10.93	500yr	6.81	10.51	12.63	14.85	16.08	500yr

## **Upper Confidence Limits**

	5min	10min	15min	30min	60min	120min		1hr	2hr	3hr	6hr	12hr	24hr	48hr		1day	2day	4day	7day	10day	
1yr	0.28	0.44	0.54	0.72	0.89	1.08	1yr	0.76	1.06	1.25	1.75	2.21	2.99	3.14	1yr	2.64	3.02	3.57	4.37	5.03	1yr
2yr	0.33	0.52	0.64	0.86	1.06	1.26	2yr	0.92	1.24	1.48	1.96	2.51	3.42	3.68	2yr	3.02	3.54	4.07	4.82	5.62	2yr
5yr	0.40	0.61	0.76	1.04	1.33	1.61	5yr	1.15	1.58	1.88	2.53	3.24	4.32	4.94	5yr	3.83	4.75	5.35	6.34	7.12	5yr
10yr	0.46	0.71	0.89	1.24	1.60	1.96	10yr	1.38	1.92	2.27	3.10	3.94	5.32	6.17	10yr	4.71	5.93	6.77	7.80	8.71	10yr
25yr	0.57	0.87	1.08	1.54	2.03	2.55	25yr	1.75	2.49	2.94	4.05	5.12	7.77	8.29	25yr	6.87	7.97	9.07	10.28	11.35	25yr
50yr	0.66	1.01	1.26	1.81	2.44	3.10	50yr	2.10	3.03	3.58	4.97	6.26	9.73	10.39	50yr	8.61	9.99	11.33	12.65	13.89	50yr
100yr	0.78	1.18	1.48	2.13	2.92	3.77	100yr	2.52	3.68	4.35	6.12	7.68	12.17	13.01	100yr	10.77	12.51	14.16	15.60	17.01	100yr
200yr	0.91	1.37	1.74	2.51	3.50	4.59	200yr	3.02	4.49	5.30	7.53	9.41	15.28	16.32	200yr	13.52	15.70	17.71	19.22	20.82	200yr
500yr	1.13	1.68	2.16	3.13	4.45	5.95	500yr	3.84	5.82	6.87	9.93	12.35	20.64	22.03	500yr	18.27	21.19	23.82	25.34	27.23	500yr

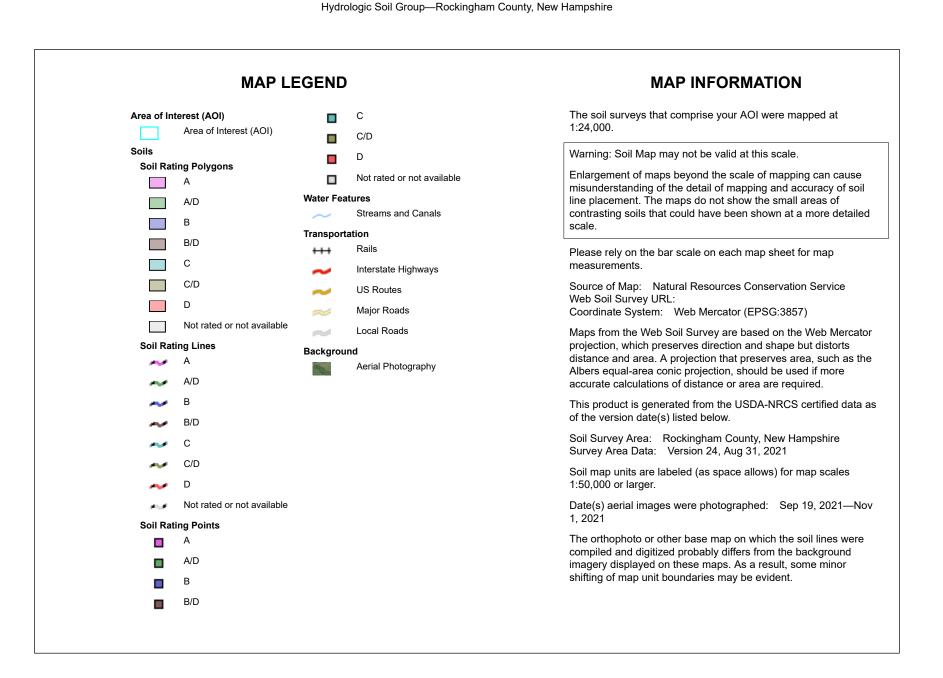




National Cooperative Soil Survey

**Conservation Service** 

Page 1 of 4



## Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
33A	Scitico silt loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	C/D	0.9	8.3%
140B	Chatfield-Hollis-Canton complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes, rocky	В	9.2	82.8%
699	Urban land		0.3	2.8%
799	Urban land-Canton complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes		0.7	6.0%
Totals for Area of Inter	rest	11.1	100.0%	

## Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

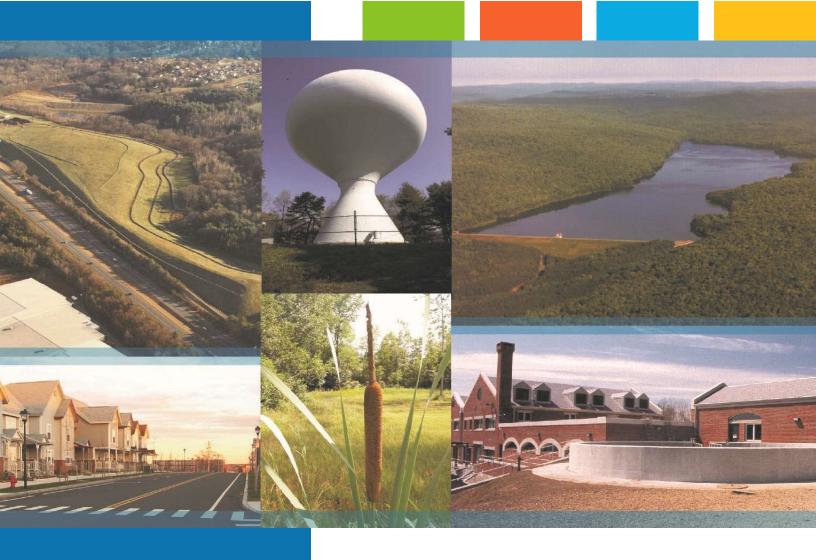
Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

## **Rating Options**

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher



Proposed 2-Story Building

Portsmouth, NH

# Long Term Operation & Maintenance Plan

Prepared For:

230 Commerce Way LLC 210 Commerce Way, Suite 300 Portsmouth, NH 03801

May 24, 2022

## Section 1 Long-Term Operation & Maintenance Plan

1.1	Contact/Responsible Party1-1
1.2	Maintenance Items1-1
1.3	Overall Site Operation & Maintenance Schedule1-2
	1.3.1 Disposal Requirements1-2
1.4	Jellyfish Treatment Unit Maintenance Requirements1-3
1.5	Snow & Ice Management for Standard Asphalt and Walkways1-4

## Section 2 Annual Updates and Log Requirements

## Section 1 Long-Term Operation & Maintenance Plan

It is the intent of this Operation and Maintenance Plan to identify the areas of this site that need special attention and consideration, as well as implementing a plan to assure routine maintenance. By identifying the areas of concern as well as implementing a frequent and routine maintenance schedule the site will maintain a high-quality stormwater runoff.

## 1.1 Contact/Responsible Party

Kelsey Kraus, Director of Property Management The Kane Company, Inc. 210 Commerce Way, Suite 300 Portsmouth, NH 03801 603-559-9666

(Note: The contact information for the Contact/Responsible Party shall be kept current. If ownership changes, the Operation and Maintenance Plan must be transferred to the new party.)

## **1.2 Maintenance Items**

Maintenance of the following items shall be recorded:

- Litter/Debris Removal
- Landscaping
- Catch Basin
- Pavement Sweeping
- ADS Water Quality Unit

The following maintenance items and schedule represent the minimum action required. Periodic site inspections shall be conducted, and all measures must be maintained in effective operating condition. The following items shall be observed during site inspection and maintenance:

- Inspect vegetated areas, particularly slopes and embankments for areas of erosion. Replant and restore as necessary
- Inspect catch basins for sediment buildup
- Inspect site for trash and debris

## **1.3 Overall Site Operation & Maintenance Schedule**

Maintenance Item	Frequency of Maintenance				
Litter/Debris Removal	Weekly				
Pavement Sweeping					
- Sweep impervious areas to remove sand and litter.	Annually				
Landscaping	Maintained as required and mulched				
<ul> <li>Landscaped islands to be maintained and mulched.</li> </ul>	each Spring				
Catch Basin (CB) Cleaning					
- CBs to be cleaned of solids and oils.	Bi-Annually				
Jellyfish Treatment Unit					
- Visual observation of sediment levels within system	- Quarterly and after major storm events.				
- Cleaned (pumped and pressure washed)	- Annually				
- Per manufacture recommendations	<ul> <li>See manufactures Jellyfish</li> <li>Treatment Unit Inspection and</li> <li>Maintenance Guide, enclosed</li> </ul>				

#### **1.3.1** Disposal Requirements

Disposal of debris, trash, sediment, and other waste material should be done at suitable disposal/recycling sites and in compliance with all applicable local, state and federal waste regulations.

## 1.4 Jellyfish Treatment Unit Maintenance Requirements

## 1.5 Snow & Ice Management for Standard Asphalt and Walkways

Snow storage areas shall be located such that no direct untreated discharges are possible to receiving waters from the storage site (snow storage areas have been shown on the Site Plan).

# Section 2 Annual Updates and Log Requirements

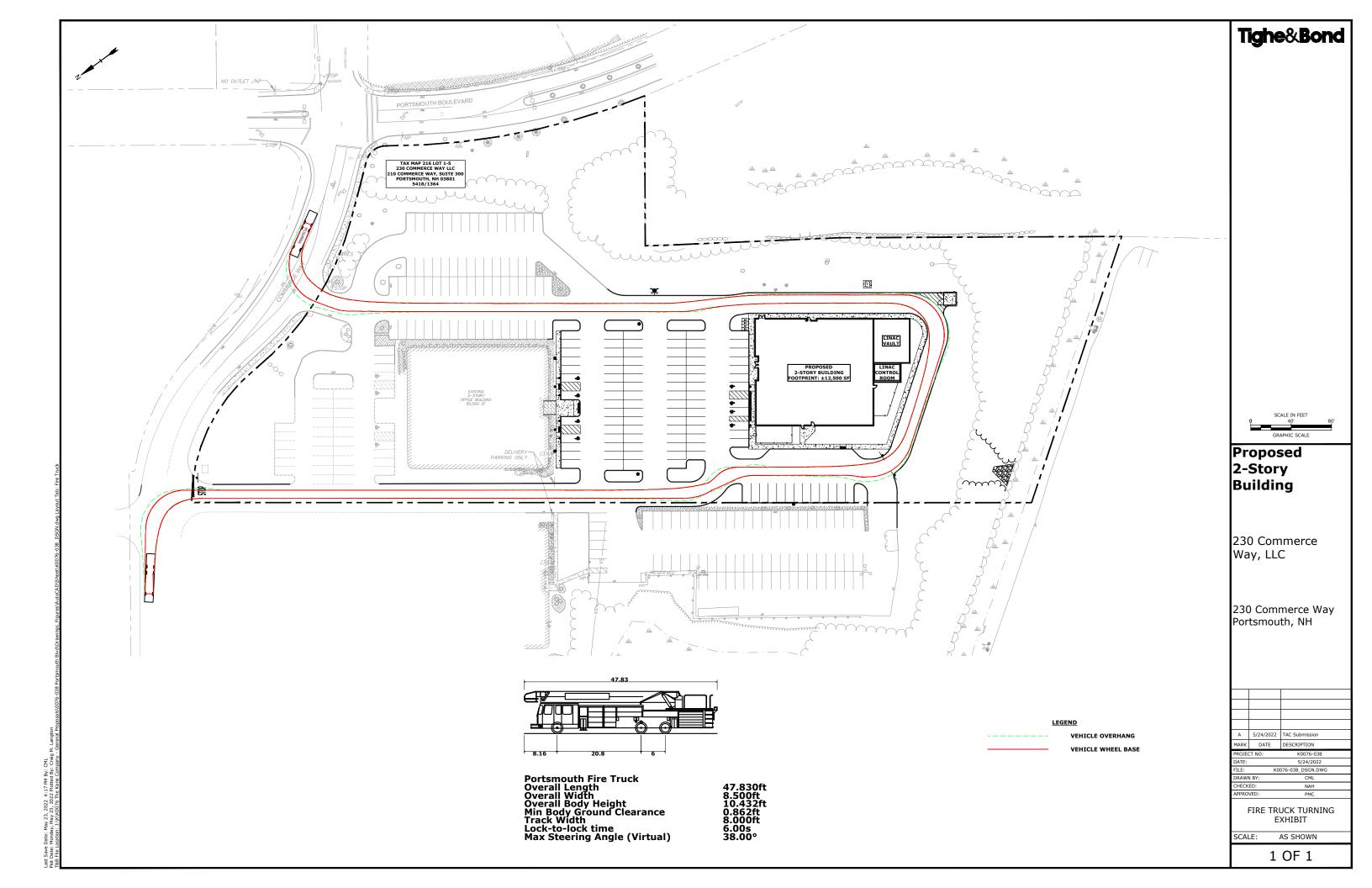
The Owner and/or Contact/Responsible Party shall review this Operation and Maintenance Plan once per year for its effectiveness and adjust the plan and deed as necessary.

A log of all preventative and corrective measures for the stormwater system shall be kept on-site and be made available upon request by any public entity with administrative, health environmental or safety authority over the site.

Copies of the Stormwater Maintenance report shall be submitted to the City of Portsmouth DPW on an annual basis.

Stormwater Management Report								
Proposed Hampton Street Hangars		Proposed 2-Story Building – Portsmouth NH 03801						
BMP Description	Date of Inspection	Inspector	BMP Installed and Operating Properly?	Cleaning / Corrective Action Needed	Date of Cleaning / Repair	Performed By		
Deep Sump CB's			□Yes □No					
Jellyfish Treatment Unit			□Yes □No					

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# Tighe&Bond

K0076-038 May 24, 2022

Mr. Eric Eby, City Traffic Engineer City of Portsmouth Department of Public Works 680 Peverly Hill Road Portsmouth New Hampshire

#### Re: Trip Generation Analysis Proposed 2-Story Building, 230 Commerce Way, Portsmouth, NH

Dear Eric:

Tighe & Bond has performed a trip generation analysis related to the construction of a proposed two-story 25,000 SF (GFA) building that will consist of a Veterinary Care use located at 230 Commerce Way in Portsmouth, NH. Port City Veterinary Referral Hospital ("Port City") will be relocating from its current 15,000 SF facility located at 215 Commerce Way.

This analysis was performed utilizing Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual, 11th Edition. For the purposes of analysis, we have calculated the trip generation for the the veterinary use utilizing the average peak AM and PM hour rates for ITE Land Use Code 640 – Animal Hospital/Veterinary Clinic, which are 3.64 and 3.53 per 1,000 SF, respectively.

		Veterinary Care (ITE LUC 640)			
Weekday AM Peak Hour					
	Trips Entering (67%)	61			
	Trips Exiting (33%)	30			
	Total Vehicle Trips	91			
Weekday PM Peak Hour					
	Trips Entering (40%)	35			
	Trips Exiting (60%)	53			
	Total Vehicle Trips	88			

As depicted above, the proposed Veterinary Care use will result in approximately 1.5 additional vehicle trips every minute during the Weekday AM and PM peak hours which is anticipated to have minimal impact to the surrounding roadway network during these peak times.

In addition to the above trip generation calculations, the subject site has previously been reviewed through the City of Portsmouth Site Review process with respect to traffic-related impacts.

• In the September 1999, CLD Consulting Engineers, Inc. (CLD) prepared a *Traffic Impact Evaluation* for full build out of the Portsmouth Office Park with 244,000 square feet of Office use.

- In October 2005, AMES MSC prepared a *Traffic Impact Evaluation* as part of the Homewood Suites project located on Portsmouth Boulevard. This evaluation replaced 19,000 square feet of the Office use that was evaluated in the 1999 CLD *Traffic Impact Evaluation* with a 108-room hotel. With this evaluation, there was 225,000 SF of Office use remaining from the prior CLD study that was not yet constructed.
- In June 2015, Tighe & Bond prepared a *Traffic Evaluation* as part of an Office Building project located 75 Portsmouth Boulevard. This evaluation reviewed impacts associated with the construction of 112,000 SF of Office use at 75 Portsmouth Boulevard. This memorandum evaluated the proposed 112,000 SF of office to be built plus the 113,000 SF of remaining office use from the CLD study for the full build out of Portsmouth Office Park. It should be noted that only 67,000 SF of the proposed 112,000 SF was ultimately built.
- The proposed 25,000 SF Veterinary Care use has a peak hour generator that is approximately the equivalent of a 60,000 SF Office use. Thus, the peak hour trip generation associated with the Veterinary Care use is already accounted in the 2015 Tighe & Bond *Traffic Evaluation* described above.
  - With only 67,000 SF of the approved 112,000 SF of Office use being constructed at 75 Portsmouth Boulevard, a 45,000 SF balance of Office use previously anticipated to be constructed remains from the 2015 Tighe & Bond evaluation.
  - Applying this 45,000 SF balance to the Veterinary use equivalent of 60,000 SF leaves a surplus of 15,000 SF of Office use. This 15,000 SF surplus would then be subtracted from the 113,000 SF of Office use remaining for the full build out of Portsmouth Office Park as described above. In summary, a balance of 98,000 SF of Office use accounted for in the June 2015 Traffic Evaluation still remains not yet constructed for the full buildout of Portsmouth Office Park.

Please feel free to contact us if you have any questions or need any additional information.

Sincerely,

TIGHE & BOND, INC.

Neil A. Hansen, PE Project Manager

Patrick M. Crimmins, PE Vice President

# 

May 24, 2022

1700 Lafayette Road Portsmouth, NH 03801

Michael J Busby 603-436-7708 x555-5678 michael.busby@eversource.com

Craig Langton, PE Tighe & Bond 177 Corporate Drive Portsmouth NH, 03801

Dear Craig:

I am responding to your request to confirm the availability of electric service for the proposed 230 Commerce Way project being constructed for/by 230 Commerce Way, LLC.

The proposed project consists of a 2-story building with 0 residential units approximately 25,000 s/f of Veterinary Care space. The proposed development will be constructed along Commerce Way and Portsmouth Boulevard.

The developer will be responsible for the installation of all underground facilities and infrastructure required to service the new building. The service will be as shown on attached marked up Utility Plan C-104. The proposed building service will be fed from Commerce Way, to be determined by Eversource Engineering as depicted on utility plan C-104. The developer will work with Eversource to obtain all necessary easements and licenses for the proposed overhead facilities listed above.

This letter serves as confirmation that Eversource has sufficient capacity in the area to provide service to this proposed development. The cost of extending service to the aforementioned location and any associated infrastructure improvements necessary to provide service will be borne by the developer unless otherwise agreed upon.

The attached drawing titled "Utility Plan" dated May 24, 2022, shows transformer locations to service your proposed project.

Eversource approves the locations shown; assuming the final installed locations meet all clearances, physical protection, and access requirements as outlined in Eversource's "Information & Requirements For Electric Supply" (https://www.eversource.com/content/docs/default-source/pdfs/requirements-for-electric-service-connections.pdf?sfvrsn=2).

If you require additional information or I can be of further assistance please do not hesitate to contact me at our Portsmouth Office, 603-436-7708 Ext. 555-5678

Respectfully.

Michael J. Busby, PE NH Eastern Regional Engineering and Design Manager, Eversource

cc: (via e-mail) Thomas Boulter, Eastern Region Operations Manager, Eversource Nickolai Kosko, Field Supervisor, Electric Design, Eversource



May 12th, 2022

Craig Langton, PE Project Engineer *Tighe & Bond* 177 Corporate Drive, Portsmouth, NH, 03801

Natural Gas to 230 Commerce Way Portsmouth, NH

Hi Craig,

Unitil/Northern Utilities Natural Gas Division has reviewed the requested site for natural gas service:

Unitil hereby confirms that natural gas is available for the proposed two-story commercial building at 230 Commerce Way, Portsmouth, NH.

If you have any questions, please contact me at 603-534-2379.

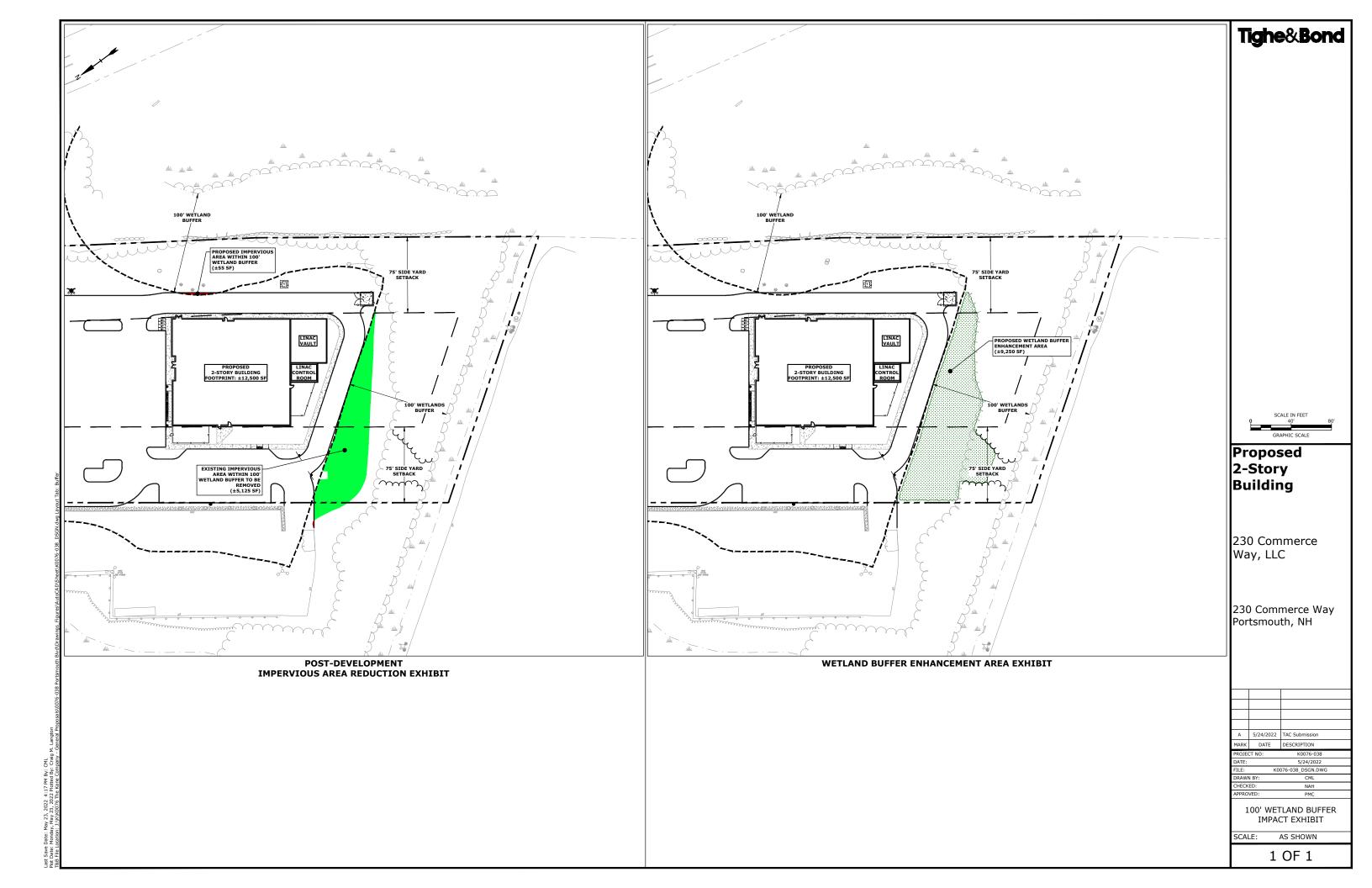
Sincerely,

M

Dave MacLean Senior Business Development Rep



T 603.294.5261 M 603.534.2379 F 603.294.5264 Email macleand@unitil.com



May 24, 2022 Sustainability Narrative for Planning Board Proposed Office/Animal Clinic Building 25 Portsmouth Boulevard, Portsmouth NH

#### Introduction

25 Portsmouth Boulevard is a core and shell construction project located in Portsmouth that will accommodate office and animal clinic program components. It will follow the U.S. Green Building Council under the LEED v4 Building Design + Construction for Core & Shell. The project team expects the project shows sufficient potential to reach a minimum of Certified level LEED certification. This shall be accomplished through various qualities attributed to both the project context, as well as its design merits, and client (and tenant) initiatives described in the following sections.

#### **Integrative Design**

#### Integrative Process

During the preliminary design phases, the team studied site conditions, basic envelope attributes, energy-related systems, and water-related systems to identify potential synergies across disciplines and building systems.

#### **Location and Transportation**

#### Sensitive Land Protection

The project site is not located on prime farmland, not parkland, not on previously undeveloped land, not designated as habitat for endangered species, and not in proximity to wetlands or water bodies. The project site is in a previously developed parking lot area surrounded by other similar scale office properties

# Access to Quality Transit

The planned project is 100 feet from Portsmouth Avenue and Shearwater COAST #2 bus stop. The site is also a 6 minute drive to Portsmouth International Airport.

# **Bicycle Facilities**

The project will provide numerous bicycle racks for short-term storage outside of the project building for occupants' and visitors' use. Additionally, if the tenant choses to provide, the building will contain shower and locker/changing facilities for its regular occupants.

# Green Vehicles

Hybrid vehicle preferred parking spaces and charging stations designated for use by plug-in electric vehicles are being explored.

# **Sustainable Sites**

#### Construction Activity Pollution Prevention

A project-specific erosion and sedimentation control plan will be created with the objective of preventing loss of soil during construction, sedimentation of storm sewers, and pollution of the air with dust and particulate matter. The contractor shall be required to document compliance with the ESC throughout the construction process.

#### Site Assessment

A site assessment including topography, hydrology, climate, vegetation, soils, human uses, and human health effects will be performed and will inform the design of the project as appropriate.

#### Site Development – Protect or Restore Habitat

The project is built on a site with no greenfield area. Greenspace with a variety of native or adaptive vegetation, trees, and soil restoration will be provided.

**Open Space** 

The project will provide some open space within the site area. The outdoor space will be physically accessible and includes pet and pedestrian-oriented paving with physical site elements that accommodate outdoor social activities.

#### Rainwater Management

The proposed stormwater management system will be designed to comply with the City of Portsmouth standards.

#### Heat Island Reduction

The solar reflectance index on the light-colored and reflective low sloped roofing, which will cover more than 75% of the overall building roof surface

#### Light Pollution Reduction

All exterior lighting shall automatically turn off when sufficient daylight is available. All building façade/landscape lighting shall be automatically shut off between midnight/business closing, and 6am/business opening.

#### Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines

Tenant design and construction guidelines will be issued to the building tenant to educate about implementing sustainable design and construction features in their tenant improvement fit-out. These guidelines will encourage building tenants to earn LEED ID+C v4 Certification for their interior fit-out.

#### Water Efficiency

#### **Outdoor Water Use Reduction**

Plant selection and an efficient irrigation system will reduce the potable water used for irrigation by at least 75% from a calculated midsummer baseline case as delineated under Option 2 for Reduced Irrigation.

# Indoor Water Use Reduction

Water-efficient plumbing fixtures will reduce domestic water below the LEED water use baseline, shown through the usage-based calculations

- · All toilets will utilize 1.1 gpf low flush valves
- · All urinals will utilize 0.125 gpf ultra low flow flush valves
- · All lavatories will utilize 0.35 gpm with metering tempering faucets
- · All showers will utilize 1.5 gpm low flow shower heads
- · All kitchen sinks will utilize 1.5 gpm faucets

# Building – Level Water Metering & Water Metering

Permanent water meters will be installed which will measure the total potable water use for the building and its associated grounds.

# **Energy and Atmosphere**

# Fundamental Commissioning And Verification & Enhanced Commissioning

A third-party Commissioning Agent may be engaged before the end of the design development phase, and will review and comment on the project Owner's Project Requirements (OPR), Basis of Design, draft Design Development & Construction Documents. Additionally, he/she will develop and implement a Commissioning Plan for the building HVAC, plumbing, lighting systems and envelope, review construction submittals, and then issue a summary Commissioning Report. Finally, the CxA will participate in training for the building operational staff.

In addition to the Fundamental scope listed above, the CxA verifies the following for mechanical, electrical, plumbing, energy systems, and building envelope; these tasks shall be included in the OPR and BOD:

- Review contractor submittals.
- Verify Inclusion of systems manuals and operator training requirements in the construction documents
- Verify systems manual updates and delivery
- Verify operator and occupant training delivery and effectiveness
- Verify seasonal testing
- Review building operations 10 months after substantial completion.
- Develop an on-going commissioning plan

# Minimum Energy Performance & Optimize Energy Performance

An energy model will be developed to describe how an energy-efficient building envelope and base building mechanical systems will reduce the building design performance rating to below the baseline building performance rating. This will continue to evolve through the design phase and align with the project design and any additional energy savings we are able to confirm as the design further develops.

# Building-Level Energy Metering

Permanently installed meters will measure total building energy consumption

# Fundamental Refrigerant Management & Enhanced Refrigerant Management

Building refrigerants will be selected to minimize the emission of compounds that contribute to ozone depletion and global climate change. Building refrigerants will not exceed maximum threshold allowances for contributions to ozone depletion and global warming potential. Our core and shell project will likely not include all HVAC associated with anticipated work by the tenant.

# Green Power and Carbon Offsets

The Kane Company *is investigating options* to engage in a contract to purchase building's energy from green power, carbon offsets, or renewable energy certificates for a minimum of five years.

# **Materials and Resources**

# Storage and Collection of Recyclables

A Recycling Staging Room at the building loading area will support a building-wide recycling program for paper, corrugated cardboard, glass, plastic, and metal.

Construction and Demolition Waste Management Planning

A construction and demolition waste management plan will be developed prior to the start of construction which will identify at least five materials targeted for diversion, whether these materials will be separated or comingled, and will approximate a percentage of the overall project waste that these will represent, at least 50% of the construction and demolition debris and a minimum of four material streams will be diverted from landfill and incineration facilities and redirected instead for recycling to the manufacturing process and reusable materials to appropriate sites.

# Building Product Disclosure and Optimization Environmental Product Declarations, Sourcing of Raw Materials, and Material Ingredients

The design team shall proactively seek and track materials and products that comprehensively address these material and resource concerns during the design phase. Priority will be given to those items that comprise a high percentage of the project's overall material cost, and Low-Emitting Materials.

# Minimum Indoor Air Quality Performance

Building HVAC systems will meet the minimum requirements of Sections 4 through 7 of ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2010 - Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality, based on anticipated future tenant requirements.

# Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control

Smoking will be prohibited inside the building and within 25 feet of the entire building perimeter.

# Enhanced Indoor Air Quality Strategies

To promote a healthy indoor air quality, permanent entryway systems or appropriate roll-up mats will be installed at all regularly used building entrances; any room with hazardous gases or chemicals will be negatively pressured to contain such elements. MERV 13 or higher filters will be provided in all ventilation systems providing outdoor air to occupied spaces.

# Low-Emitting Materials

The design team shall proactively seek and track products that comply with the low-emitting requirements during the design phase

### Construction IAQ Management Plan

An indoor air quality plan during construction will require the builder to follow industry bestpractices such as SMACNA IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction, protecting absorptive materials stored on site from moisture

# Daylight

The project will provide window shading devices, and prioritize daylighting strategies for regularly occupied spaces.

# Quality Views

The design of the building envelope and floor plan is exploring prioritizing quality view strategies that would allow tenants to design their fit-out with a direct line of sight to the outdoors in at least 75% of all regularly occupied areas.

### Innovation

#### Innovation

The project will target this category by pursuing and combination of Innovation and Pilot Credits recognized by USGBC. The strategies listed below are currently being considered:

• Innovation: Purchasing – Lamps – The based building lighting shall be selected to focus on lowor no mercury-containing lamps. A purchasing plan will be implemented for both indoor and outdoor fixtures.

• Innovation: Green Education. The project will consider utilizing the building's sustainable feature as an opportunity to educate tenants and visitors on the value of green building.

#### LEED Accredited Professional

The project team includes several LEED Accredited Professionals

# **Regional Priority Credits**

# Regional Priority Credits

The project currently anticipates potentially earning points for the Regional Priority category

Sincerely,

HARIO PANINY

Sr. VP/Managing Director, Boston NELSON

# Site Plan Review & Wetlands Conditional Use Application Fees

Project:	230 Commerce Way	Map/Lot: 216/1-5						
Applicant:	230 Commerce Way, LLC c/o The Kane Co	mpany						
Site Plan Review Fee								
All development								
Base fee \$50	0	\$500.00						
Plus \$5.00 per \$1,000 of site costs								
	Site costs \$750,000	+ \$3,750.00						
Plus \$10.00 per 1,000 S.F. of site development area								
	Site development area 99,000 S	6.F. <b>+</b> \$990.00						
		Subtotal Fee \$5,240.00						
Maximum fee: \$15,000.00								
Wetlands Conditional Use Application Fee								
Area of disturbance in wetland or wetland buffer:								
	Up to 250 sq. ft. (\$100.00)	\$0.00						
	Up to 1,000 sq. ft. (\$500.00)	\$0.00						
	Greater than 1,000 sq. ft. (\$1,000.00)	\$1,000.00						
		Subtotal Fee \$1,000.00						
		Total Fee \$6,240.00						

# Memo



TO:Conservation Commission MembersFROM:Peter Britz, Environmental PlannerDATE:June 3, 2022SUBJ:June 8, 2022 Conservation Commission Meeting

# 2255 Lafayette Road

This application proposes to convert an existing fast food restaurant site into a retail fueling station and a convenience store/sandwich shop with drive-through window and five fuel dispenser island and associated paving parking and stormwater system upgrades for the entire site. The overall disturbance in the wetland buffer is 33,555 square feet which consists primarily of previously disturbed paved site areas.

#### 1. The land is reasonably suited to the use activity or alteration.

Given that the site is currently paved and has a structure on it this project seeks to upgrade the site. The site is not seeking to expand the impact in the buffer so the land is reasonably suited to the use.

# 2. There is no alternative location outside the wetland buffer that is feasible and reasonable for the proposed use, activity or alteration.

The site as it exists is paved within and close to the edge of wetland. There is no location on this property where the project could be completed outside of the buffer.

3. There will be no adverse impact on the wetland functional values of the site or surrounding properties. The applicant is proposing to reduce the amount of impervious surface 9,124 square feet on this previously developed site. This reduction in impervious surface combined with the addition of enhanced stormwater treatment reduces the overall site impacts for this site and surrounding properties.

# 4. Alteration of the natural vegetative state or managed woodland will occur only to the extent necessary to achieve construction goals.

This project is proposing an extensive landscape plan for the interior of the site. The area at the rear of the site which is being converted from pavement to proposed loam and seed could be enhanced further with the addition of wetland buffer plantings and/or a wetland seed mix. Additionally, the applicant should be clear in their application to adhere to the City's regulations for fertilizer use according to section 10.1018.24.

# 5. The proposal is the alternative with the least adverse impact to areas and environments under the jurisdiction of this section.

This site proposes reductions in impervious surfaces and enhanced stormwater treatment as a less impacting alternative than what is existing.

6. Any area within the vegetated buffer strip will be returned to a natural state to the extent feasible. As stated above the buffer planting stating loam and seed should be revisited to include more appropriate wetland buffer plantings. The plantings could be mowable but staff recommends they look towards a reduced mowing cycle, i.e. annual or twice annual to enhance buffer function. Additionally, the buffer could be enhanced with specific plantings of shrubs which work for this site.

**Recommendation:** Staff recommends approval of the project with three stipulations:

- 1. That the plans match the City's fertilizer standards per section 10.1018.24.
- 2. That the applicant provide a wetland buffer seed mix and reduced mowing frequency for the areas labelled for loam and seed on the plan.
- 3. That the applicant consider some type of wetland edge signage as appropriate for this site.

### **70 Pleasant Point Drive**

This is an application to replace an existing home with a new home on the same lot. The proposed structure is still in the buffer but the plan calls for it to be pulled back from the shoreline along with a new driveway configured to be made of pervious pavers also further from the edge of the shoreline.

#### 1. The land is reasonably suited to the use activity or alteration.

The site has an existing single family home on it currently. The applicant proposes to move the home further back from the edge of wetland but the size of the patio has expanded. While there is a table showing a 96 square foot reduction of impervious surface on the property it is not clear what the overall change in buffer impact is. Clearly moving the house back further from the buffer is a reduction of structure impact but the application does not appear to show the size of the buffer impact for all surfaces in the buffer. The removal of invasive species and planting plan are definitely an enhancement to the project and appropriate or this site.

# 2. There is no alternative location outside the wetland buffer that is feasible and reasonable for the proposed use, activity or alteration.

The site as it exists is a single family lot and the applicant has worked to move the house further back from the wetland buffer. The new location of the house does appear appropriate. It is hard to determine the size of the other impacts in the buffer. Additionally, there is a dock proposed on the site with no details about how the stairs connect to the dock through the saltmarsh. Similarly the plan shows a bioretention basin in the buffer. It is not clear whether this could be located outside of the buffer and what the impact of the outfall will be flowing on tidal waters.

3. There will be no adverse impact on the wetland functional values of the site or surrounding properties. The applicant is proposing to reduce the amount of impervious surface 96 square feet and enhance the vegetation on the site with a thoughtful invasive species removal plan and planting plan. While it does not appear that this project will create an adverse impact on the site it is not clear how large the patio areas are and whether they are, as designed an enhancement to the site overall. A more detailed buffer impact plan describing all of the impacts in the buffer would be helpful to better understand the project.

# 4. Alteration of the natural vegetative state or managed woodland will occur only to the extent necessary to achieve construction goals.

This project is proposing an extensive landscape plan and invasive species removal plan. The overall landscaping for the site shows some beneficial plantings. More information about the existing lawn area versus the proposed would be helpful to evaluate the overall site. For instance is there a 25' vegetated buffer provided throughout the site?

# 5. The proposal is the alternative with the least adverse impact to areas and environments under the jurisdiction of this section.

The applicant proposes to provide an invasive species management plan, new pervious areas and move the house further from the edge of wetland which are all positive steps. More detail is needed to better understand the impacts overall.

6. Any area within the vegetated buffer strip will be returned to a natural state to the extent feasible. The invasive species removal plan and native planting plan seeks to accomplish this. It would be helpful to see whether the 25' vegetated buffer is provided throughout the site and get more details on the impacts in the buffer as shown on the plans.

**Recommendation:** Staff believes there are more questions for the applicant, addressed above, which will help the Commission get a better understanding of the project. In addition, a site walk would be helpful to see the

site and understand the proposed changes. Further, the Commission will be asked to comment on the State Wetland Permit and the Commission would benefit from reviewing the NHDES application along with the Wetland Conditional Use Permit. For these reasons staff recommends the applicant proceed with a work session or postpone the application in anticipation of more information and a site walk.

# 81 Taft Road

This is an application to add an addition to an existing home on Taft Road. This is very minor addition in the front yard of this home.

1. The land is reasonably suited to the use activity or alteration.

Given the small size of the addition and the fact that it is in an existing lawn area on the opposite side of the street from the wetland in question this is a reasonable request.

2. There is no alternative location outside the wetland buffer that is feasible and reasonable for the proposed use, activity or alteration.

There is not an alternative location for the addition given the home exists, this is a reasonable request.

3. There will be no adverse impact on the wetland functional values of the site or surrounding properties. There will be no adverse effect from the proposed addition.

4. Alteration of the natural vegetative state or managed woodland will occur only to the extent necessary to achieve construction goals.

This project is proposing an addition 17 of square feet of which are in the buffer. It is not clear whether the maple tree shown will be able to be saved when this addition is complete.

5. The proposal is the alternative with the least adverse impact to areas and environments under the jurisdiction of this section.

This is a very small impact in the buffer in an area of lawn.

6. Any area within the vegetated buffer strip will be returned to a natural state to the extent feasible. The lawn area will be lost to the addition but it will have little effect on the wetland across the street.

Recommendation: Staff recommends approval as presented.

# **11 Fletcher Street**

This is an application to construct a new single family home on a residential lot.

*1. The land is reasonably suited to the use activity or alteration.* 

The applicant has worked to keep the house including the site grading outside of the wetland buffer making the site reasonable for this project.

2. There is no alternative location outside the wetland buffer that is feasible and reasonable for the proposed use, activity or alteration.

In consideration of the nearby adjacent home and site topography the applicant has proposed the drainage to move to the rear corner of the site to avoid impacts to the neighboring property. The stormwater design does not anticipate regular flow but needs this swale for large rain events.

3. There will be no adverse impact on the wetland functional values of the site or surrounding properties. The way the project is designed the majority of the stormwater will be infiltrated onsite. This swale outlet will accommodate large rain events and will not have an adverse effect on the adjacent wetland.

4. Alteration of the natural vegetative state or managed woodland will occur only to the extent necessary to achieve construction goals.

This project is proposing to outlet the stormwater pipe to the wetland buffer. In addition, the applicant is proposing to install some wetland buffer plantings adjacent to the proposed swale.

5. The proposal is the alternative with the least adverse impact to areas and environments under the jurisdiction of this section.

There will be a temporary disturbance from the installation of the drain line and a small disturbance from the swale but no impervious surface is proposed with this project.

6. Any area within the vegetated buffer strip will be returned to a natural state to the extent feasible. The applicant is proposing to install some wetland buffer plantings and to restore the site after the temporary disturbance.

Recommendation: Staff recommends approval as presented.

# 230 Commerce Way

This is an application to construct a new two story building for veterinary care within an existing parking lot. There are modification to the parking lot proposed which require a small impact in the buffer but overall there is a large area of parking lot being removed from the buffer making the site more conforming to the wetland buffer regulations.

*1. The land is reasonably suited to the use activity or alteration.* 

This project proposes to largely enhance the buffer through the removal of parking areas and plantings in the wetland buffer.

2. There is no alternative location outside the wetland buffer that is feasible and reasonable for the proposed use, activity or alteration.

This project proposes a net reduction in paving in the wetland buffer and as such is a feasible and reasonable location for the project.

3. There will be no adverse impact on the wetland functional values of the site or surrounding properties. The way the project is designed the result will be a net improvement to wetland functional value for this and surrounding properties.

4. Alteration of the natural vegetative state or managed woodland will occur only to the extent necessary to achieve construction goals.

This project is proposing to reduce pavement areas and add new wetland buffer plantings which is a net benefit for the site.

5. The proposal is the alternative with the least adverse impact to areas and environments under the jurisdiction of this section.

There will be some temporary disturbances from this project but overall the project should result in a net improvement to the wetland buffer.

6. Any area within the vegetated buffer strip will be returned to a natural state to the extent feasible. The applicant is proposing to expand planted areas in the wetland buffer by 9,250 square feet

Recommendation: Staff recommends approval as presented.