Chemically-Enhanced Primary Treatment Facility Pilot Study Report City of Portsmouth, NH December 22, 2017

UE #2120





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1. Introduction

The City of Portsmouth, New Hampshire owns and operates a 22 MGD chemically-enhanced primary treatment facility located on Peirce Island. The Peirce Island WWTF is currently undergoing major construction to upgrade the plant to achieve secondary treatment. In the interim during construction, the facility is operating under a Consent Decree (Decree) modification issued by the EPA dated April 2016 (see *Appendix A*). The Decree requires the City to comply with several items but the focus of this report is to address Part IV, Paragraph 8.a. on Page 6 of the Decree which requires the City to conduct a full-scale pilot study to confirm that the combination of coagulant and polymer chemicals being added ahead of primary clarification is being optimized during this interim construction period.

Underwood Engineers was retained by the City in late 2016 to assist with performance of the study and interpretation of the data generated. The first task of the engineering scope was to develop a pilot testing protocol for review and approval by the EPA. During the period of November 2016 – January 2017, Underwood compiled and submitted draft pilot protocols to the City and the EPA on November 28, 2016, December 30, 2016, and January 30, 2017. The final version was submitted on February 28, 2017 and approved by the EPA on March 20, 2017. A copy of the approved pilot testing protocol can be found in *Appendix B*.

The pilot testing protocol required a series of jar tests to be performed upfront with various coagulants and polymers to identify several combinations of chemicals that perform best on the Peirce Island WWTF influent. Once those combinations were identified, Underwood assisted the City with purchase of the chemicals to be tested and short-term modifications to the chemical storage and feed equipment including permanent modifications to the chemical feed PLC and SCADA programming to allow any coagulant or polymer to be dosed at the plant on a volumetric basis. In total, three chemical combinations were tested full-scale and data was gathered five days per week (Monday-Friday) for both influent and effluent total suspended solids (TSS) during five individual pilot tests.

This report presents the data obtained during the pilot study as well as statistical analyses that have been performed on the various data sets to ascertain which, if any, of the three chemical combinations performed best in terms of final effluent TSS concentrations achieved. The ultimate goal of the test was to determine if it might be possible to achieve a 10% improvement in final effluent TSS concentrations discharged from the facility with a new chemical combination versus the historic chemical combination used at the facility.

2. Jar Testing

2.1 Coagulant Jar Testing

Jar testing of coagulants was performed on two separate occasions. The Round 1 jar testing was performed in August 2016. This involved testing eight different coagulants that represent the typical range of characteristics for coagulants utilized for chemically-enhanced primary treatment (CEPT). Based on visual observations of the settled jar contents (liquid clarity and floc characteristics), each coagulant was ranked in order of performance. Underwood and Aries Chemical identified four of the Round 1 coagulants as worthy of further testing.

In January/February 2017, Round 2 jar testing was performed. The intent was to further evaluate the top three performing coagulants from the Round 1 jar testing. The top performing coagulants from the Round 1 jar testing are as follows in order from best performance to worst performance:

- 1. Aries 2076
- 2. Aries 245
- 3. Aries 252
- 4. Aries 291

Inadvertently, the first Round 2 jar testing evaluated the Nos. 1, 2, and 4 performers from Round 1; the No. 3 coagulant from Round 1 was not tested. This was realized part way through the Round 2 testing so all four Round 1 chemicals were re-evaluated.

The Round 2 jar testing of all four coagulants was run utilizing the historic polymer that had proved to work well at Peirce Island at a historic dose that had worked well. The variable instead was the dose of coagulant utilized and, in all cases, it required a dose of <20 ppm volumetric in the jar to see good results. This is important to note since the doses which result in noticeable visible improvement within the jars has proven in all cases to be higher than is necessary to achieve good results at full-scale at Peirce Island. A summary of the coagulant jar testing performed can be found in *Appendix C*.

2.2 Polymer Jar Testing

Polymer testing was performed during the Round 2 jar testing in January/February 2017. Once an acceptable dose of coagulant was identified in the jar tests, multiple tests were done with the three best coagulants utilizing various polymers. A minimum polymer dose in the range of 2 ppm proved necessary to affect a noticeable improvement in the jars. Each of the three coagulants was run in a jar test paired with four different polymers which Aries Chemical felt covered the typical range of anionic polymers from low molecular weight to high molecular weight. In all cases, the polymer that appeared to work best based on visual observations of clarity and floc characteristic was Aries 3644, which happens to be the historic polymer that has been used at the Peirce Island WWTF for some time. This is of no surprise given that Peirce Island has conducted multiple rounds of jar testing in recent years in an attempt to optimize



performance of the system. For a complete description of the polymer jar testing, refer to Appendix C. Underwood Engineers, Inc. Portsmouth, NH

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3. Pilot Data

3.1 Pilot No. 1 Data

The first chemical combination pair piloted consisted of the Aries 291 coagulant paired with the Aries 3644 polymer. Aries 291 is a high basicity polyaluminum chloride (PAC) coagulant. Aries 3644 is a high molecular weight anionic polymer. This chemical combination was pilot tested from February 27, 2017 – April 23, 2017. Refer to the Pilot Meeting Notes contained in *Appendix D* for this timeframe which summarize discussions that occurred during Pilot No. 1 which led to the decisions made for when and how to vary chemical dosing.

During the first few days of pilot testing with this chemical combination, the effluent TSS results were typical of what had been seen in the past; however, within only a few days of use of this chemical combination, the operators noticed visual changes at the primary clarifiers and the gravity thickener. The most noticeable change was that the floc being generated in the clarifiers appeared to be lighter and fluffier and carried further across the clarifier surface towards the effluent weirs. The operators also noticed that the overflow from the gravity thickener became milky white and full of solids. Further, it was noticed that the underflow from the gravity thickener thinned out significantly such that dewatering became more difficult.

On March 7, 2017 a failure of equipment within the sludge handling system resulted in a decision by the City to temporarily suspend piloting of the first chemical combination and the facility reverted back to the historic chemical combination in order to allow solids to be better managed at the facility and to allow the facility to catch up on the solids inventory.

On March 21, 2017 the facility recommenced pilot testing of the first chemical combination. The first two weeks of the Pilot No. 1 restart was run at a higher coagulant dose of approximately 27 ppm volumetric. While this chemical dose provided good effluent TSS results, the operators again noticed a change in the appearance of the floc at the full-scale level with lighter floc being generated that was carrying out of the clarifiers and not settling well in the gravity thickener. During this time period, it was noted by operators that the thinner underflow from the gravity thickener to the Fournier rotary press resulted in a much wetter cake solids such that the wet tonnage of solids hauled away from the facility increased significantly. Further, operators noticed when they did their routine cleaning of the chlorine contact tank that solids that had made their way over the primary clarifier weir appeared to have settled out within the chlorine contact tank, resulting in a thicker sludge mat at the tank bottom which needed to be removed. During the initial week of testing and again during the initial restart of the testing at high coagulant doses, the operators noted that it appeared as if the system might fail with too many solids being recycled without being settled in the gravity thickener. A high flow event occurred on the weekend which flushed solids out of the system. However, as 24-hour composite sampling was not being performed on the weekend days, no definitive laboratory results captured the degree of solids washout that occurred.



During the next three weeks of testing from March 26 – April 15, 2017, the coagulant dose was lowered considerably to approximately 6-8 ppm. During this timeframe, operators noticed good TSS results and also felt that the appearance of the clarifier and the gravity thickener were more representative of normal historic operations. They did again note a thinner underflow from the gravity thickeners and decreased cake solids from the Fournier rotary press but solids within the gravity thickener did appear to settle acceptably.

In order to try and capture the potential washout of solids that is believed to have occurred during the higher coagulant dose period at the beginning of Pilot No. 1, the dose of coagulant was put back to 27 ppm for the final week of testing. Underwood requested that the City take grab samples for thickener overflow TSS and thickener underflow total solids (TS) in order to assess whether the floc was truly settling poorly and being recycled back to the primary clarifiers in the gravity thickener overflow. The City only began taking samples on May 3; therefore, there is no thickener overflow and underflow data for Pilot No. 1. The results of the Pilot No. 1 testing for influent and effluent TSS are presented in *Table 3-1* below.

Table 3-1 Pilot No. 1 Summary Results

Coagulant	Aries 291
Polymer	Aries 3644
No. of TSS Data Points	29
Average Influent TSS (mg/L)	233.0
Average Effluent TSS (mg/L)	39.9
Average Percent Removal	81.2%
No. of Overflow/Underflow Data Points	0/0
Average Thickener Overflow (mg/L)	-
Average Thickener Underflow (% Solids)	

Based on the data collected for Pilot No. 1, it can be seen that the average influent TSS was 233 mg/L and the average effluent TSS was 39.9 mg/L, representing an 81.2% removal rate on average.

3.2 Pilot No. 2 Data

The second chemical combination piloted consisted of the Aries 252 low basicity polyaluminum chloride (PAC) coagulant and the Aries 3644 polymer. The pilot was operated for six weeks from April 24 – June 4, 2017. During the six-week period, the coagulant was dosed for four weeks at a low dose of 8.6 ppm volumetric while the polymer was held at 0.19 ppm volumetric. For the last two weeks of the test, the coagulant dose was increased to 27 ppm volumetric and the polymer was held at 0.19 ppm volumetric. *Table 3-2* below contains summary data for Pilot No. 2.

Table 3-2 Pilot No. 2 Summary Results

Coagulant	Aries 252
Polymer	Aries 3644
No. of TSS Data Points	29
Average Influent TSS (mg/L)	318.1
Average Effluent TSS (mg/L)	55.7
Average Percent Removal	80%
No. of Overflow/Underflow Data Points	20/15
Average Thickener Overflow (mg/L)	229.9
Average Thickener Underflow (% Solids)	3.9%

As can be seen from the above table, the average influent TSS for Pilot No. 2 was 318 mg/L, the average effluent was 56 mg/L, and the average percent removal was 80%.

Operator observations during the Pilot No. 2 testing were that this chemical performed more similar to the historic chemical combination than did the first chemical combination. Operators felt that the appearance of the primary clarifier surfaces, the appearance of the gravity thickener and the characteristics of the gravity thickener underflow were more similar to historic observations, but not as good.

Midway through the Pilot No. 2 the clarifier surface began to get cloudy and gray. Operators noted that the underflow solids from the gravity thickener during Pilot No. 2 were thicker than typical at times but attributed the thickness of the sludge to the typical thickening of sludge that the plant sees when rains flush the system of fats, oils, and greases (FOG).

During the last two weeks of the Pilot No. 2 period at the higher coagulant dose, the operators felt that underflow solids had definitely thinned out with the Aries 252 coagulant. It should be noted that during the typical cleaning of the chlorine contact tank which occurs approximately every two weeks, the operators found that the accumulation of an inch or so of solids in the chlorine contact tank during Pilot No. 2 was similar to that which had been seen historically.

3.3 Pilot No. 3 Data

The third chemical combination piloted consisted of the historic chemical combination which is Aries 2032 ferric chloride coagulant and Aries 3644 polymer. The rationale for running six weeks of pilot testing with the historical chemicals was that the historic data was only collected on specific days of the week rather than five days a week and the historic data was collected while the solids dewatering method utilized was a belt filter press rather than the Fournier rotary press that was put into operation in February 2017. It was felt by all that to get an apples-to-apples comparison between data that a six-week pilot test with the historic chemicals should be performed similar to Pilot No. 1 and No. 2.



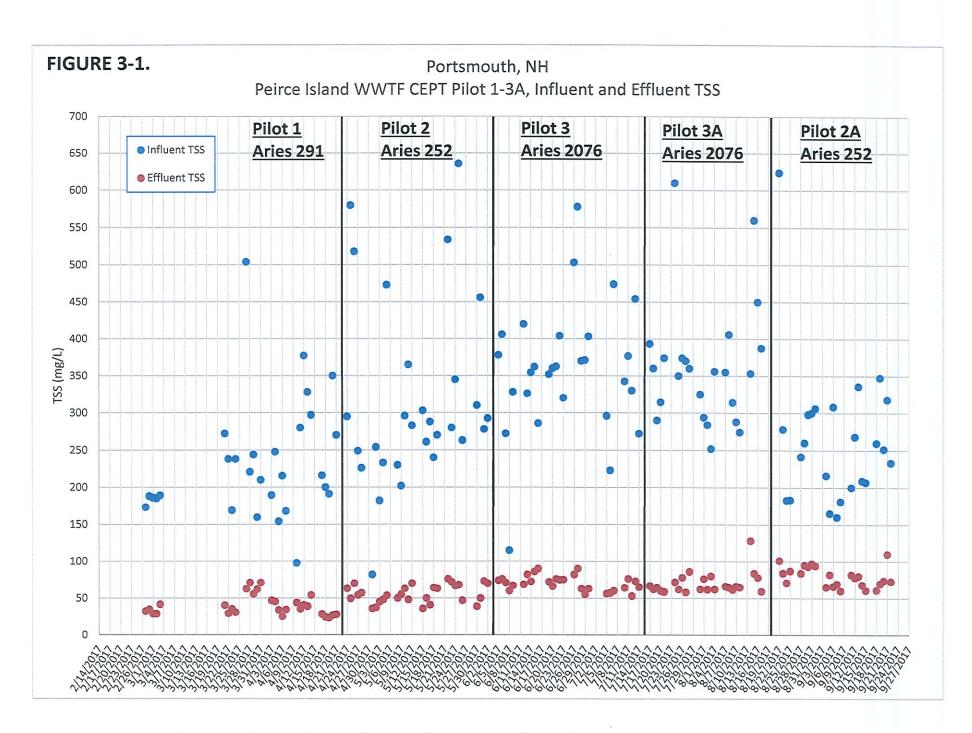
Similar to Pilot No. 2, the first four weeks of Pilot No. 3 were performed with the coagulant at a low dose of 8.6 ppm volumetric and the polymer at 0.19 ppm volumetric. The last two weeks of the testing was operated at a high coagulant dose of 27 ppm volumetric and a polymer dose of 0.19 ppm volumetric. The six-week period for Pilot No. 3 lasted from June 5 – July 16, 2017. *Table 3-3* below presents the results from Pilot No. 3.

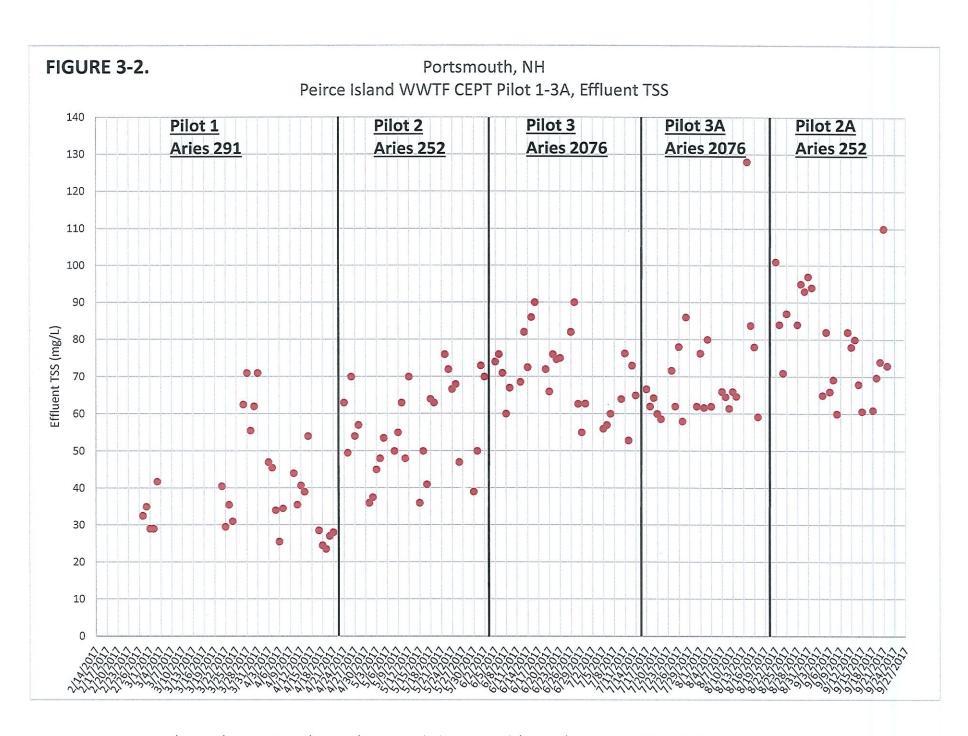
Table 3-3 Pilot No. 3 Summary Results

Coagulant	Aries 2076
Polymer	Aries 3644
No. of TSS Data Points	28
Average Influent TSS (mg/L)	358.6
Average Effluent TSS (mg/L)	70.3
Average Percent Removal	79%
No. of Overflow/Underflow Data Points	27/0
Average Thickener Overflow (mg/L)	213.6
Average Thickener Underflow (% Solids)	-

From *Table 3-3*, it can be seen that the average influent TSS for Pilot No. 3 was 359 mg/L, the average effluent was 70 mg/L, and the average percent removal was 79%.

During Pilot No. 3, operator observations were that plant characteristics mimicked what they had seen historically over the past three years as would be expected given that Pilot No. 3 utilized the historic chemical combination. Visual observations of the primary clarifier surface were acceptable, as was the performance of the gravity thickener. Gravity thickener underflow was of an acceptable solids content and dewatering of the sludge was also acceptable. In comparison to Pilot No. 1 and Pilot No. 2, the operators felt the Pilot No. 3 chemical combination yielded the highest thickener underflow solids and the highest cake solids. However, no thickener underflow samples were taken during Pilot No. 3. It should be noted that due to failure of some of the sludge pumping equipment, the City was unable to utilize the Fournier rotary press for dewatering from the time period from May 9 – June 6, 2017. During that time, the belt filter press was utilized. Operators also noted during the routine cleaning of the chlorine contact tank that the typical one inch of accumulated solids existed at the time of cleaning.





3.4 Discussion of Pilots 1-3 Results

In looking at trends over the course of the first three pilots, the effluent TSS was consistent for each pilot even though the influent TSS varied significantly (*Figure 3-1*). It was also very apparent that the effluent TSS got increasingly higher as the piloting went on (see *Figure 3-2*). In fact, the historic chemical combination, Pilot No. 3, produced the poorest results of the first three pilots and a much higher effluent TSS value than historic (70 mg/L vs. 51 mg/L). This prompted discussion on why Pilot No. 3 performed poorer than typical.

The City and the Underwood team collectively decided to extend Pilot No. 3 under normal conditions which involved the operator varying the coagulant and polymer doses on a daily basis in an attempt to optimize performance (Pilot No. 3A).

At the same time, Underwood began performing additional data analysis and noted that historically the Peirce Island WWTF produces higher effluent TSS values during the warmer months of the year than during the colder months of the year (see **Section 4** for more information).

At that time EPA requested that the second chemical combination be retested in the warmer weather to see if the trend would be the same for a PAC coagulant. This became Pilot No. 2A.

3.5 Pilot No. 3A Data

The fourth chemical combination, denoted as Pilot No. 3A, consisted again of the historic chemical combination, but with operator optimized chemical dosing varying day-to-day. This pilot was conducted because of the higher than average effluent TSS values achieved during Pilot No. 3. The dose adjustments by the operator were done in order to see if an effluent TSS closer to average historic values could be achieved. The pilot was operated from July 17 – August 22, 2017. The pilot began at a chemical dose of 32 PPMV of coagulant and 0.29 PPMV of polymer and was slowly increased to 45 PPMV of coagulant and 0.58 PPMV of polymer within the first two weeks. During the last three weeks of the pilot the polymer dose was kept at 0.58 PPMV and the coagulant dose varied between 43 PPMV and 52 PPMV. *Table 3-4* below contains summary data for Pilot No. 3A.



Table 3-4 Pilot No. 3A Summary Results

Coagulant	Aries 2076
Polymer	Aries 3644
No. of TSS Data Points	24
Average Influent TSS (mg/L)	362.3
Average Effluent TSS (mg/L)	70.0
Average Percent Removal	80%
No. of Overflow/Underflow Data Points	23/0
Average Thickener Overflow (mg/L)	186.2
Average Thickener Underflow (% Solids)	-

As can be seen from above, the average influent TSS for Pilot No. 3A was 362 mg/L, the average effluent TSS was 70 mg/L, and the average percent removal was 80%.

During Pilot No. 3A, operator observations of the chemical combination continued to mimic what had been seen historically and throughout Pilot No. 3. The performance of the primary clarifiers and gravity thickener continued to be acceptable. Operators noted that the sludge characteristics were good, producing thick sludge that pressed well. No thickener underflow samples were taken during Pilot No. 3A.

3.6 Pilot No. 2A Data

The fifth chemical combination consisted of re-piloting the second chemical combination which was the Aries 252 coagulant and the Aries 3644 polymer. This test was requested by the EPA in order to test the performance of Aries 252 in warmer conditions. Pilot No. 2A was operated for four weeks from August 23 – September 23, 2017. The coagulant was dosed at a low dose of 8.6 PPMV and polymer dosed at 0.19 PPMV for the first two weeks. For the last two weeks, the coagulant dose was increased to 27 PPMV and the polymer dose remained at 0.19 PPMV. *Table 3-5* below contains summary data for Pilot No. 2A.



Table 3-5 Pilot No. 2A Summary Results

Coagulant	Aries 252
Polymer	Aries 3644
No. of TSS Data Points	24
Average Influent TSS (mg/L)	263.9
Average Effluent TSS (mg/L)	79.4
Average Percent Removal	68%
No. of Overflow/Underflow Data Points	16/0
Average Thickener Overflow (mg/L)	195.4
Average Thickener Underflow (% Solids)	-

As can be seen from above, the average influent TSS for Pilot No. 2A was 264 mg/L, the average effluent TSS was 79 mg/L, and the average percent removal was 68%.

Operator observations for the first two weeks of Pilot No. 2A were that this pilot did not perform as well as the other four pilots. Higher effluent TSS values were produced despite the average influent TSS being lower when compared to the previous pilots. Operational issues were observed during the first two weeks of Pilot No. 2A, including a scum mat on the gravity thickener and a thinner, watery sludge at a lower inventory than usual. No thickener underflow samples were taken during Pilot No. 2A. The coagulant dose was increased to 27 PPMV on September 7, 2017. The chlorine contact tanks were cleaned on September 8, 2017 and the operators observed that there was a lot more settled material than normal with Aries 252. The bottom of the chlorine contact tank had about nine to ten inches of settled material, where there is typically only one to two inches of settled material at the bottom of the tank. The pilot continued to produce higher effluent TSS values after the coagulant dose was increased, and the sludge produced was still very thin and watery. NOTE: Due to construction, the plant was only running on one primary clarifier between the dates of September 11 to September 14, 2017.



4. Statistical Analysis of Pilot Data

4.1 Introduction

As stated in the EPA Decree, the goal of this pilot study was to determine if an alternate chemical combination to the historical chemical combination could yield better results in terms of final TSS values. Better performance is defined within the Decree as a "10 percent improvement in final effluent TSS values". Given the high degree of variability that exists in the day-to-day effluent quality produced by the WWTF, as a result of changes in flows, changes in water temperature, and changes in wastewater chemistry, it is necessary to utilize statistical analysis in order to determine if the results obtained from the pilot tests are truly different from each other or historic results. In the event that they are proven to be truly different from one another, then one can assess which results are best and if those results are 10 percent better than the historic chemical combination has produced.

4.2 Statistical Analysis

In order to consolidate the various data sets, Underwood created *Table 4-1* below which presents the historic data and the data gathered during each of the five pilots conducted as part of this study. The total number of data points, the influent TSS values, the effluent TSS values, and the standard deviations are presented in *Table 4-1*.



Table 4-1 Pilot Testing and Historical Data Summary

		Pilot 1 (Aries 291)									
	The state of the second	Pilot Data, 2017 2016 Historical Dat					rical Data	2014 Historical Data			
	Influent	Effluent		Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent		
D 4	TSS	TSS	%	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS		
Date	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	Removal	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)		
28-Feb	173	32.5	81%								
1-Mar	188	35	81%								
2-Mar	186	29	84%								
3-Mar	185	29	84%								
4-Mar	189	41.76	78%								
22-Mar	272	40.5	85%								
23-Mar	238	29.5	88%	181	40						
24-Mar	169	35.5	79%	190	39	182.5	41				
25-Mar	238	31	87%			197.5	52.5	221	26.5		
28-Mar	504	62.5	88%					196.5	42		
29-Mar	220.8	71	68%	157	47						
30-Mar	244	55.5	77%	181	30		5				
31-Mar	159.5	62	61%								
1-Apr	210	71	66%			163.5	45	117.5	30.5		
4-Apr	189.3	47	75%			151.5	50	121.5	20		
5-Apr	247.7	45.5	82%	235	37						
6-Apr	154	34	78%	132	62						
7-Apr	215.5	25.5	88%			162.5	38.5				
8-Apr	168	34.5	79%			147.5	53	159	29.5		
11-Apr	97.6	44	55%					153	25.5		
12-Apr	280	35.5	87%	198	43						
13-Apr	377	40.7	89%	263	58						
14-Apr	328	39	88%			151.5	53				
15-Apr	297	54	82%			174.5	44	281	33		
18-Apr	216	28.5	87%					231	29		
19-Apr	200	24.5	88%	198	37						
20-Apr	191	23.5	88%	185	41						
21-Apr	350	27	92%			122	77.5	285.5	52.5		
22-Apr	270	28	90%			139.5	57	180.5	35.5		
Average	233.0	39.9	81.2%	192	43.4	159.3	51.15	194.7	32.4		
Standard	200.0	57.7	J / U	1/4	-101	107.0	01,10	12 117			
Deviation	80.8	13.7	8.94%	36.6	9.8	21.9	11.0	59.8	9.2		
No. of Data Points		29		1	0	1	0	1	0		

	Pilot 2 (Aries 252)										
	Pilot Da	Pilot Data, 2017 2			2016 Historical Data 2015 Historica			ical Data 2014 Historical Da			
	Influent	Effluent		Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent		
	TSS	TSS	%	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS		
Date	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	Removal	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)		
25-Apr	295	63	79%								
26-Apr	580	49.5	91%								
27-Apr	518	70	86%								
28-Apr	249	54	78%			189.5	42				
29-Apr	226	57	75%			254.5	31	427	45		
2-May	82	36	56%					220	36.5		
3-May	254	37.5	85%	215	32						
4-May	182	45	75%	135	27						
5-May	233	48	79%			356.3	32				
6-May	473	53.5	89%			326.5	26	250	27		
9-May	230	50	78%					161	29		
10-May	202	55	73%	214	52						
11-May	296	63	79%	210	78						
12-May	365	48	87%								
13-May	283	70	75%			378.5	42	382.5	38		
16-May	303	36	88%					319.5	44		
17-May	261	50	81%	210	39	840	51.5				
18-May	288	41	86%	218	20						
19-May	240	64	73%								
20-May	270	63	77%			487.5	66	332.5	42.5		
23-May	534	76	86%			426	54.5	283.5	48.5		
24-May	280	72	74%	332	36						
25-May	345	66.67	81%	215	33						
26-May	636	68	89%								
27-May	263	47	82%			513	55.5	388	49		
31-May	310	39	87%	271	31	729	110	285.5	44		
1-Jun	456	50	89%	261	33						
2-Jun	278	73	74%								
3-Jun	292.7	70	76%								
Average	318.1	55.7	80.3%	228.1	38.1	450.1	51.1	305.0	40.4		
Standard Deviation	125.9	12.2	7.4%	51.3	16.3	203.1	24.2	82.0	7.6		
No. of Data Points		29			0		0		0		

	Pilot 3 (Aries 2076)										
	Pilot Da	t Data, 2017 2016 Historical Dat				2015 Histo	orical Data	2014 Historical Data			
Date	Influent TSS (mg/L)	Effluent TSS (mg/L)	% Removal	Influent TSS (mg/L)	Effluent TSS (mg/L)	Influent TSS (mg/L)	Effluent TSS (mg/L)	Influent TSS (mg/L)	Effluent TSS (mg/L)		
6-Jun	378	74	80%								
7-Jun	406	76	81%	227	37						
8-Jun	272	71	74%	237	34						
9-Jun	115	60	48%			531	33		10		
10-Jun	328	67	80%			367	55	429	59.5		
13-Jun	420	68.57	84%					308.5	54		
14-Jun	326	82	75%	270	46						
15-Jun	354.28	72.5	80%	266	53						
16-Jun	362	86	76%			517	45				
17-Jun	286	90	69%			423.5	56	302	54		
20-Jun	352	72	80%					396.5	50		
21-Jun	360	66	82%								
22-Jun	362.5	76	79%	294	45						
23-Jun	404	74.67	82%	413	34	358.5	59				
24-Jun	320	75	77%			392	46	470.5	58		
27-Jun	503.3	82	84%					537	63		
28-Jun	578	90	84%	346	36						
29-Jun	370	62.67	83%	620	91		79				
30-Jun	371.1	55	85%			439	54				
1-Jul	403.3	62.73	84%			956	55.5	576.5	65.5		
6-Jul	296	56	81%					528.5	38.5		
7-Jul	222.86	57	74%	291	43	320.5	71				
8-Jul	474	60	87%	379	38	227.5	76	236.5	39		
11-Jul	342.5	64	81%					353	42		
12-Jul	376.67	76.25	80%								
13-Jul	330	52.86	84%								
14-Jul	454.29	73	84%								
15-Jul	272	65	76%								
Average	358.6	70.3	79%	334.3	45.7	453.2	55.1	413.8	52.4		
Standard Deviation	88.0	10.2	7.4%	117.0	17.0	198.0	12.4	114.1	9.8		
No. of Data Points		28		1	0	1	0	1	0		

	Pilot 3A (Aries 2076)										
	Pilot Da	ata, 2017	1, 2017 2016 Historical Data			2015 Histo	orical Data	2014 Historical Data			
	Influent	Effluent		Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent		
	TSS	TSS	%	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS		
Date	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	Removal	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)		
18-Jul	393.33	66.67	83%								
19-Jul	360	62	83%	240	49						
20-Jul	290	64.29	78%	281	47						
21-Jul	314.3	60	81%			251	64.5	384	39.5		
22-Jul	374	58.6	84%			271	67.5	240	50.5		
25-Jul	610	71.67	88%								
26-Jul	350	62	82%	244	70						
27-Jul	374	78	79%	234	50						
28-Jul	370	58	84%			376.5	69.5	173	37.5		
29-Jul	360	86	76%			320.5	52	190	38.5		
1-Aug	325	62	81%								
2-Aug	294	76.25	74%	300	67						
3-Aug	284	61.67	78%	297	57	20					
4-Aug	252	80	68%			610	56.5	350.5	32		
5-Aug	356	62	83%			198	30.5	613	72		
8-Aug	355	66	81%								
9-Aug	406	64.6	84%	301	80						
10-Aug	314	61.45	80%	422	91						
11-Aug	288	66	77%			225.5	29.5	345	51.5		
12-Aug	274	64.71	76%			240.5	30.5	546	105		
15-Aug	353.33	128	64%								
16-Aug	560	83.75	85%	314	93						
17-Aug	450	78	83%	277	60		x:				
18-Aug	387.5	59.2	85%								
19-Aug						247	36	404.5	43.5		
20-Aug						231	47.5	296.5	44		
Average	362.3	70.0	80%	291.0	66.4	297.1	48.4	354.3	51.4		
Standard					*						
Deviation	83.4	14.9	5.5%	54.0	17.0	121.4	16.0	142.8	21.8		
No. of											
Data				5			0	_	0		
Points		24		1	0	1	U	1	0		

Pilot 2A (Aries 252)									
	Pilot Data, 2017			2016 Historical Data		2015 Historical Data		2014 Historical Data	
	Influent	Effluent		Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent	Influent	Effluent
	TSS	TSS	%	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS	TSS
Date	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	Removal	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
23-Aug	624	101	84%	252	117				
24-Aug	278	84	70%	356	87				
25-Aug	182.7	71	61%			247.5	65.5		
26-Aug	183.1	87	52%			233	70.5	402.5	52
29-Aug	241.3	84	65%					430.5	53
30-Aug	260	95	63%						
31-Aug	298	93	69%	252	79				
1-Sep	300	97	68%	299	84				
2-Sep	306	94	69%			332	80	743	85.5
5-Sep	216	65	70%			295	64	350	47
6-Sep	165	82	50%						
7-Sep	308.3	66	79%	310.0	51.0				
8-Sep	160	69.23	57%	292.0	59.0				
9-Sep	181	60	67%			300.5	48	511.5	49
12-Sep	200.0	82.0	59%			279	53.5	459.5	45
13-Sep	268.0	78.0	71%	216.0	105.0				
14-Sep	336.0	80.0	76%	341.0	66.0				
15-Sep	209.0	68.0	67%			204.5	35.5		
16-Sep	207.0	60.7	71%			2.17	40.5	369	37
19-Sep	259.7	61.0	77%					390.5	34
20-Sep	347.7	69.8	80%	235	140				
21-Sep	251.6	74.0	71%	257	162				
22-Sep	318.0	110.0	65%			244.5	34		
23-Sep	233.3	73.0	69%			280.5	44.5	448.5	73
24-Sep								435.5	58.5
Average	263.9	79.4	67.9%	281.0	95.0	241.9	53.6	454.1	53.4
Standard									
Deviation	94.7	13.8	8.13%	46.1	35.9	92.0	15.7	111.8	15.7
No. of									14
Data		2.0		100					
Points		24		1	0	1	U	1	0

The key statistical test utilized for analysis of the data is the one-way ANOVA Test. The one-way ANOVA test is defined as a test which compares multiple data sets and based on variability existing within the data sets determines if the average or median value of the data set is statistically different from one another. If it was determined that the data sets were statistically different from one another, a t-Test was performed to test each pair of means to determine which data sets are significantly different or not significantly different from one another. Multiple ANOVA tests were performed as follows:



- An ANOVA test on the influent TSS values for each of the pilots vs. each other.
- An ANOVA test on the effluent TSS values for each of the pilots vs. each other.
- For each pilot test, an ANOVA test on the effluent TSS achieved at the low coagulant dose vs. at the high coagulant dose.
- An ANOVA test on the historic effluent TSS vs. each of the pilot effluent TSS values for the same time of year.

Table 4-2 presents the results of these statistical tests when the five pilot tests are compared to each other.



Table 4-2 Statistical Comparisons: Pilot vs. Pilot

			Average TSS (mg/L)		
	Pilot 1 (Aries 291) & Pilot 2 (Aries 252)	Pilot 1	Pilot 2		
Influent:	Statistically different between Pilots	233	318.1		
Effluent:	Statistically different between Pilots	39.9	55.7		
	Pilot 1 (Aries 291) & Pilot 3 (Aries 2076)	Pilot 1	Pilot 3		
Influent:	Statistically different between Pilots	233	358.6		
Effluent:	Statistically different between Pilots	39.9	70.3		
	Pilot 1 (Aries 291) & Pilot 3A (Aries 2076)	Pilot 1	Pilot 3A		
Influent:	Statistically different between Pilots	233	362.3		
Effluent:	Statistically different between Pilots	39.9	70		
	Pilot 1 (Aries 291) & Pilot 2A (Aries 252)	Pilot 1	Pilot 2A		
Influent:	Proved to be not different between Pilots	233	263.9		
Effluent:	Statistically different between Pilots	39.9	79.4		
	Pilot 2 (Aries 252) & Pilot 3 (Aries 2076)	Pilot 2	Pilot 3		
Influent:	Proved to be not different between Pilots	318.1	358.6		
Effluent:	Statistically different between Pilots	55.7	70.3		
	Pilot 2 (Aries 252) & Pilot 3A (Aries 2076)	Pilot 2	Pilot 3A		
Influent:	Proved to be not different between Pilots	318.1	362.3		
Effluent:	Statistically different between Pilots	55.7	70		
	Pilot 2 (Aries 252) & Pilot 2A (Aries 252)	Pilot 2	Pilot 2A		
Influent:	Statistically different between Pilots	318.1	263.9		
Effluent:	Statistically different between Pilots	55.7	79.4		
	Pilot 3 (Aries 2076) & Pilot 2A (Aries 252)	Pilot 3	Pilot 2A		
Influent:	Statistically different between Pilots	358.6	263.9		
Effluent:	Statistically different between Pilots	70.3	79.4		
	Pilot 3 (Aries 2076) & Pilot 3A (Aries 2076)	Pilot 3	Pilot 3A		
Influent:	Proved to be not different between Pilots	358.6	362.3		
Effluent:	Proved to be not different between Pilots	70.3	70		
	Pilot 3A (Aries 2076) & Pilot 2A (Aries 252)	Pilot 3A	Pilot 2A		
Influent:	Statistically different between Pilots	362.3	263.9		
Effluent:	Statistically different between Pilots	70	79.4		

When statistically comparing the effluent TSS for each of the five pilots against each other the result was that all effluent values are statistically different from each other, with the exception of Pilot No. 3 and Pilot No. 3A. The effluent TSS values for Pilot No. 3 and 3A proved to be not statistically different from each other.

When comparing the influent TSS values for each of the five pilots against each other six of the ten comparisons were shown to have statistically different influent TSS values. The four comparisons with influent TSS values that were not statistically different from each other were Pilot No. 2 and Pilot No. 3, Pilot No. 2 and Pilot No. 3A, Pilot No. 3 and Pilot No. 3A, Pilot No. 1 and Pilot No. 2A. At the request of EPA, Underwood created plots for each pilot of influent TSS vs. effluent TSS (*Appendix E*). For all pilots, no correlation exists between these two parameters.

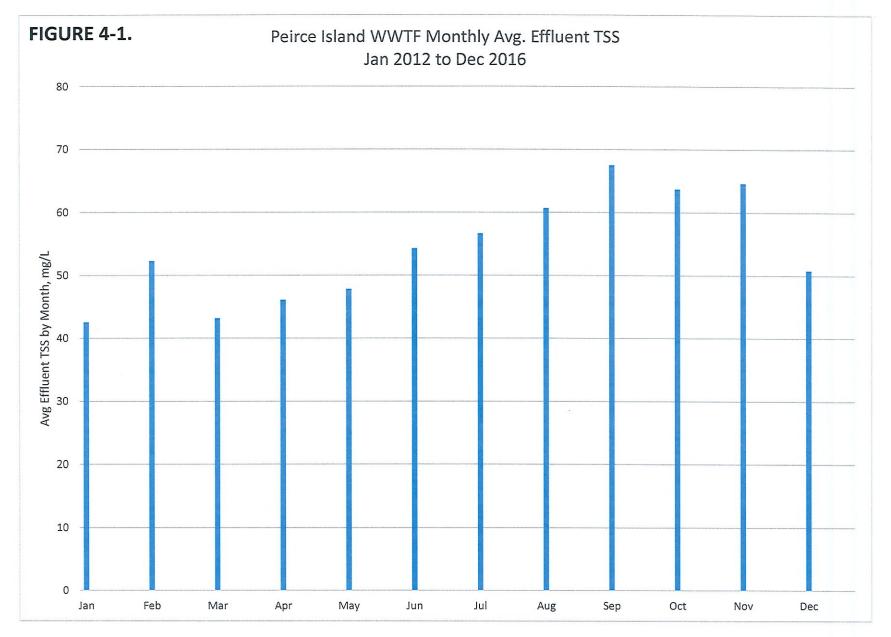
Table 4-3 below presents the results of statistical tests when comparing each pilot performance with historical effluent TSS values at the same time of year. From Table 4-3 it can be seen that the Pilot No. 1 performance was not significantly different from historic performance. The performance of the other four pilots were all significantly different from the historic performance, and in all cases the historic effluent TSS values were lower than the effluent TSS values achieved during the pilots.

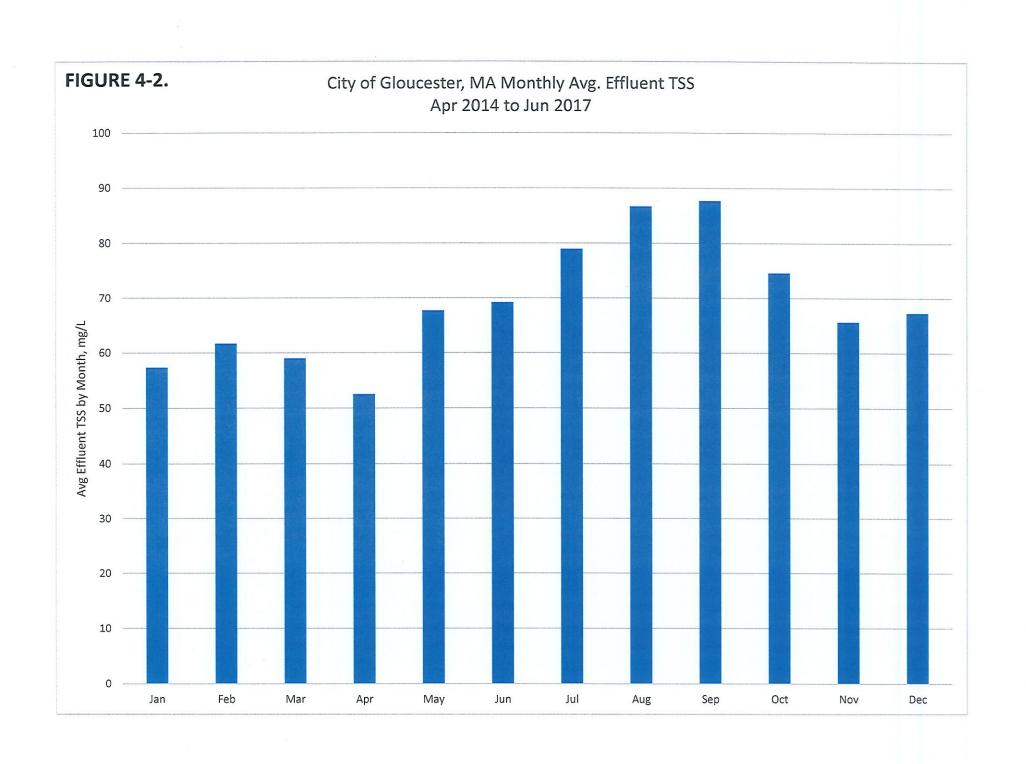
Table 4-3 Statistical Comparisons: Pilot vs. Historical

		Average TSS (mg/L)	
Pilot 1	Aries 291	Aries 291	Historical
Influent:	Statistically different than Historical data (higher)	233	181.9
Effluent:	Proved to be not different than Historical data	39.9	42.2
Pilot 2	Aries 252	Aries 252	Historical
Influent:	Proved to be not different than Historical data	318.1	327.6
Effluent:	Statistically different than Historical data (higher)	55.7	43.1
Pilot 3	Aries 2076	Aries 2076	Historical
Influent:	Proved to be not different than Historical data	358.6	400.4
Effluent:	Statistically different than Historical data (higher)	70.3	50.9
Pilot 3A	Aries 2076	Aries 2076	Historical
Influent:	Proved to be not different than Historical data	362.3	320.1
Effluent:	Statistically different than Historical data (higher)	70	55.3
Pilot 2A	Aries 252	Aries 252	Historical
Influent:	Statistically different than Historical data (lower)	263.9	332.7
Effluent:	Statistically different than Historical data (higher)	79.4	67.3

As stated earlier, it was noted that the Peirce Island CEPT WWTF historical effluent TSS data exhibits considerable seasonal variation in effluent quality. Historical monthly average effluent TSS data from 2012 to 2016 was 43 to 52 mg/L in colder months vs. 55 to 68 mg/L in warmer months. Additionally, data was obtained from the City of Gloucester, MA CEPT WWTF that shows the same seasonal trend in effluent TSS quality. Gloucester data from 2014 to 2017 clearly shows that effluent TSS quality is better in colder months than warmer months. Graphs of historical monthly effluent TSS data from both the Peirce Island WWTF and Gloucester WWTF can be found in *Figures 4-1 and 4-2*.







5. Conclusions and Recommendations

5.1 Conclusions

- Pilot No. 1 with Aries 291 coagulant and Aries 3644 polymer was the only chemical combination that performed equally as well as historic performance (for the same time of year). The average effluent TSS achieved throughout Pilot No. 1 was 39.9 mg/L while the average historic effluent TSS at the same time of year was 42.2 mg/L. However, during pilot testing, the first chemical combination proved to be problematic for plant operations and had detrimental effects on clarifier and gravity thickener performance, resulting in internal recycling of solids between the two units and also resulted in thinner gravity thickener underflow solids and wetter sludge cake being produced for disposal. Further, it was noted that solids seemed to be passing through the system and settling out in the chlorine contact tanks which, when cleaned, resulted in solids being removed that were not accounted for in the effluent TSS 24-hour composite samples utilized to establish pilot performance.
- The Aries 252 coagulant and Aries 3644 polymer was the chemical combination for both Pilot No. 2 and Pilot No. 2A. Pilot No. 2, performed in April to June, resulted in poorer performance when compared to historical data (for the same time of year). Pilot No. 2 average effluent TSS was 55.7 mg/L compared to an average 43.1 mg/L historically. However, it did perform better than both Pilot No. 3 and Pilot No. 3A with the historic chemical combination. Pilot No. 2A was conducted in order to see if it could outperform the historic chemical combination in warmer temperatures. The average Pilot No. 2A effluent TSS value of 79.4 mg/L was worse than historical data and worse than any of the pilots. Further, the Aries 252 resulted in poor operating conditions with a high amount of solids settling in the chlorine contact tank and the production of thin, watery sludge.
- The Aries 2076 coagulant and Aries 3644 polymer was the chemical combination for both Pilot No. 3 and Pilot No. 3A and reflected the historic chemical combination. Pilot No. 3 was run at a low dose and a high dose of coagulant while Pilot No. 3A was run with varying doses controlled by the operator. Both pilots performed statistically equal to each other, but did not perform as well as historical data at the same time of year. However, this chemical combination performed markedly better than all of the other chemical combinations in terms of plant operability, plant stability, and solids dewaterability.
- All of the pilots achieved fairly consistent effluent TSS values despite large swings in influent TSS values. No correlation was found between influent and effluent TSS.
- Analysis of the Peirce Island WWTF historic effluent TSS values showed that significant seasonal variation occurs with lower effluent TSS achieved in colder times of the year. This explained why the effluent quality decreased throughout the pilot study as temperatures went from cold to warm.
- Although it appeared initially that the PAC coagulants (Pilot No. 1 and Pilot No. 2) outperformed the historic ferric chloride coagulant (Pilot No. 3), once PAC was retested at warm temperatures (Pilot No. 2A) it was shown to perform poorer than ferric chloride.



5.2 Recommendations

- Although the first chemical combination utilizing Aries 291 performed well for effluent TSS, it did not yield a 10% better effluent TSS than historic data for the same time of year. Further, due to operational problems caused by the use of Aries 291 and additional costs that would be incurred for a more expensive chemical and higher sludge disposal costs, Underwood does not recommend switching to Aries 291.
- The Aries 252 PAC (the second chemical combination) did not perform as well as the historic Aries 2076 ferric chloride for the same time of year or during the piloting at the same time of year. Although the plant seemed to run better with Aries 252 PAC than Aries 291, it still caused operational issues that were not present in the historic chemical.
- Based on the data gathered during this pilot study, the statistical analysis of data performed, the evaluation of plant operations during use of the different chemicals, and the conclusions summarized in Section 5.1 above, Underwood recommends that the third chemical combination, or the historic chemical combination of Aries 2076 and Aries 3644, continue to be utilized long-term at the Peirce Island WWTF. The piloting proved that a 10% better effluent TSS could not be achieved with alternate chemicals.
- Additional tasks to implement a chemical dosage optimization plan is not recommended at this time.



APPENDIX A



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	
Plaintiff,)
STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE,)
Plaintiff-Intervenor,) CIVIL ACTION
riamum-micrychor,) NO. 09-cv-283-PB
CONSERVATION LAW FOUNDATION,)
Plaintiff-Intervenor)
v.)
CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE,)
Defendant.)))
	•

CONSENT DECREE SECOND MODIFICATION

WHEREAS, Plaintiff, the United States of America ("United States"), on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"), filed a Complaint in this action alleging that Defendant, the City of Portsmouth, New Hampshire ("City") violated Section 301(a) of the Clean Water Act ("CWA"), 33 U.S.C. § 1301(a);

WHEREAS, Plaintiff-Intervenor, the State of New Hampshire ("State"), filed a Complaint-in-Intervention alleging that the City violated the New Hampshire Water Pollution and Waste Disposal Act, NH RSA 485-A ("New Hampshire Act");

WHEREAS, the United States Complaint and State Complaint-in-Intervention allege that the City is violating its April 10, 2007 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("NPDES") permit effluent limitations for discharges from the City's Peirce Island Wastewater

Treatment Facility ("Peirce Island WWTF") and permit conditions applicable to discharges from overflow points in the City's combined wastewater collection system;

WHEREAS, the April 10, 2007 NPDES permit does not contain monitoring or effluent limits for total nitrogen;

WHEREAS, the Court entered the Consent Decree ("Consent Decree") in this matter on September 24, 2009, requiring combined sewer overflow ("CSO") mitigation and achieving secondary treatment limits in accordance with the schedule set forth in the WWTF Work Plan to be submitted to EPA by September 1, 2010;

WHEREAS, the Court granted the motion by Conservation Law Foundation, Inc. ("CLF") to intervene as a plaintiff on October 9, 2012;

WHEREAS, the original Consent Decree was modified by agreement of the United States, State, and City, and approved by Order of this Court on February 15, 2013 ("First Modification");

WHEREAS, the First Modification required the City to complete construction of the secondary treatment facilities by March 1, 2017 and achieve compliance with treatment limits in its NPDES permit by May 1, 2017;

WHEREAS, all parties agree that the City will not complete construction of secondary treatment facilities or achieve compliance with treatment limits by the dates set forth in the First Modification;

WHEREAS, the United States, State, City, and CLF (collectively, the "Parties")

participated in settlement negotiations related to City's anticipated failure to complete

construction of the Peirce Island WWTF and achieve secondary treatment by the dates set forth

in the First Modification, and have agreed to the terms of this Consent Decree Second

Modification ("Second Modification") that sets forth a revised construction and compliance schedule, mitigation measures related to the failure to comply with the First Modification, and related provisions;

WHEREAS, unless explicitly revised by the terms of this Second Modification, all provisions of the Consent Decree and First Modification, shall remain in effect; and

WHEREAS, the Parties agree, and the Court by entering this Second Modification finds, that this Second Modification is fair, reasonable, and in the public interest.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby Ordered, Adjudged, and Decreed that:

I. JURISDICTION

- 1. The Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action and over the Parties to this Second Modification pursuant to Paragraphs 1 and 65 of the Consent Decree.
- 2. Pursuant to Paragraph 66 of the Consent Decree material modifications of the Consent Decree may be made by written agreement of the Parties, and shall be effective only upon approval of the Court.

II. OBJECTIVES

- 3. It is the express purpose of the Parties entering this Second Modification to: effectuate the City's compliance with the CWA, 33 U.S.C. § 1251, et seq.; set forth an expeditious, reasonable, and binding schedule for achieving secondary treatment at the Peirce Island WWTF; and establish mitigation requirements related to City's failure to achieve secondary treatment in accordance with the schedule set forth in the First Modification.
- 4. To this end, it is the further objective of the Parties that: the City substantially complete construction of the Biologically Aerated Filters ("BAF") and all facilities necessary to allow startup by December 1, 2019; and the City achieve compliance with all NPDES permit limits

contained in the permit dated April 10, 2007, or any subsequently issued NPDES permit that is final and in effect after any appeals, by April 1, 2020.

III. MODIFICATION OF EXISTING PROVISIONS

- 5. <u>Milestones and Schedules</u>. Paragraph 1 of Appendix B.1 to the Consent Decree is hereby modified by revising paragraphs 5 k. through m. of the First Modification, which are hereby replaced with the following:
 - a. By July 1, 2016, the City shall execute a contract to construct a secondary treatment facilities with a capacity of 6.13 million gallons per day ("MGD") average, and 9.06 MGD maximum day flow (not including recycle flows), including BAF, and issue a Notice to Proceed on such construction.
 - b. By December 1, 2016, the City shall submit two additional construction milestones to EPA for approval based upon the detailed schedule to be provided to the City by the City's selected contractor. The City shall provide EPA with a copy of its contractor's detailed schedule along with its recommended milestones. Each such milestone shall be the completion of a substantial critical path activity, and neither can be substantial completion of BAF construction. By the dates set forth in each EPA approved milestone, the City shall complete all related construction work to achieve the applicable substantial critical path activity.
 - c. By December 1, 2019, the City shall substantially complete construction of the secondary treatment facilities, including the BAF, and all facilities necessary to allow startup.
 - d. By April 1, 2020, the City shall achieve compliance with NPDES permit limits contained in the permit dated April 10, 2007, or any subsequently issued NPDES permit that is final and in effect after any appeals.
- 6. Reporting. Paragraph 20.a. to the Consent Decree is hereby replaced with the following:
 - a. <u>Monthly Reports on Compliance</u>. Within 30 days after the end of each month, the City shall submit a written report to EPA, the State, and CLF for the preceding month that shall include a description or reporting of the following:
 - status of required construction, including major work items completed in the preceding month;
 - ii) projected work items to be undertaken in the next month;
 - iii) project percent complete based on payments to contractor for work completed;
 - iv) project percent complete based on time elapsed;

- v) status of all required permit applications;
- vi) status of Consent Decree milestones including identifying any problems encountered or anticipated, together with the proposed or implemented solutions; and
- vii) the monthly average discharge concentrations of total nitrogen for the preceding month, as required in Paragraph 8.b.ii of the Second Modification.

The Consent Decree, First Modification, and Second Modification along with such Monthly Reports on Compliance shall be posted on the City's internet site, and maintained accessible to the public online until termination of the Consent Decree. In addition to the submission of Reports on Compliance, the Parties will participate in quarterly meetings or conference calls, if scheduled by EPA, to review the City's compliance with the terms of the Consent Decree.

IV. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

- 7. Schedule Recovery Program. If the City fails to achieve any of the construction milestones by the dates set forth in or determined in accordance with Section III (Modification of Existing Provisions), the City shall use its contractual remedies, including without limitation, Part 2.01.F (Recovery Schedule) of Section 01311 (Construction Progress Schedules) of the City's contract for construction of the project, to maintain schedule compliance. At the discretion of the City, the schedule recovery program may include the application of extended shifts, second shifts, work on weekends, extra labor, or other atypical construction efforts and measures to return the project to schedule and meet required milestones. However, if implementing extended shifts, second shifts, work on weekends, or/and extra labor is the only means capable of achieving compliance, the schedule recovery program shall employ one or more of these methods.
- 8. <u>Mitigation.</u> The City agrees to implement the following initiatives as mitigation for the continued discharges of biochemical oxygen demand ("BOD₅") and total suspended solids ("TSS") resulting from the delayed implementation of secondary treatment.

a. Interim Enhanced Primary Treatment. The City shall engage a qualified engineer to perform an optimization study on the primary clarifiers for the chemically enhanced primary treatment system. The study work plan shall be submitted to the State and CLF for review, and to EPA for review and approval, within 60 days following Court approval of this Second Modification. The study shall be completed according to the work plan and the results shall be submitted to the State and CLF for review, and to EPA for review and approval. The review and approval process shall be in accordance with Paragraphs 14 through 19 of the Consent Decree. If clarifier performance for TSS can be improved by at least 10%, the City shall implement the recommendations of the approved study report within 90 days of EPA's approval and continue such implementation until the secondary treatment is operational. The percentage improvement shall be based upon the reduction in primary effluent average TSS concentration during testing of clarifier performance both with currently utilized chemical dosages and types, and with alternate/enhanced chemical addition, under as similar as possible operational conditions. If the approved study report finds that an increase of at least 10% cannot be achieved, the City will not be required to implement a chemical dosage optimization plan.

b. <u>Nitrogen Removal.</u>

- i. For the five year period commencing June 1, 2020, the City shall operate the upgraded Peirce Island WWTF to achieve: (a) a seasonal average total nitrogen effluent concentration level no greater than 8 mg/l from May 1st through October 31st of each year; and (b) a monthly average total nitrogen effluent concentration level no greater than 8 mg/l from June 1st through October 31st of each year. This seasonal and monthly standard shall be referred to as the "8 mg/l TN Effluent Level."
- ii. During this period, the City shall monitor and report to EPA, the State,and CLF in its Monthly Reports on Compliance the monthly average discharge

concentrations of total nitrogen for each month of each year. Such monitoring shall be conducted a minimum of twice per week using 24-hour composite samples.

- iii. In the event an NPDES permit containing a total nitrogen effluent limit becomes final and takes effect that sets forth a total nitrogen effluent limit that is equal to or more stringent than the 8mg/l TN Effluent Level, the 8 mg/l TN Effluent Level and nitrogen monitoring requirements set forth in this Second Modification shall terminate.
- iv. In the event an NPDES permit containing a total nitrogen effluent limit becomes final and takes effect that sets forth a total nitrogen effluent limit that is less stringent than the 8 mg/l TN Effluent Level, the City shall achieve the 8 mg/l TN Effluent Level and monitor as set forth in this Second Modification until June 1, 2025.
- v. Nothing herein shall prevent any Party from appealing any part of any future NPDES permit.
- vi. CLF reserves its rights to advocate lower total nitrogen limits in future NPDES permit processes.
- c. <u>Stormwater Project.</u> The City shall commit funding in the amount of \$500,000 to implement a green infrastructure project(s) using innovative low-impact development approaches to significantly reduce stormwater pollution from one or more existing sites in the City of Portsmouth. The City agrees to coordinate with the other Parties in identifying site(s) and project(s), with an emphasis on retrofitting sites with significant impervious cover and associated pollutant loads, and in developing an overall design. Planning and coordination efforts for the project(s) shall commence no later than 90 days after Court approval of this Second Modification. The project shall be completed no later than three years after Court approval of this Second Modification.

- d. <u>Sagamore Avenue Sewer Extension Project</u>. The City shall implement, at an estimated project cost of \$2.5 million, a sewer extension project to provide public sewer service to approximately 83 existing parcels adjacent to or near Sagamore Avenue, as depicted in the February 2011 Wright-Pierce Fig. 2 titled "Town [sic.] of Portsmouth, New Hampshire Sagamore Ave South Sewer Extension Study, Low Pressure Sewer," with the intent to improve water quality in Sagamore Creek. Planning, design and other pre-construction activities for the project shall be completed prior to substantial completion of the Peirce Island WWTF upgrade project. Construction of the sewer extension project shall begin no later than June 30, 2020 and shall be substantially completed on or before June 30, 2022.
- e. Water Quality and Ecosystem Health Project. The City shall provide funding in the amount of \$500,000 to support activities that advance the Great Bay 2020 vision as described in Great Bay 2020: A Five-Year Vision for Collective Investment, Action, and a Healthy Watershed dated July 27, 2015. Such activities will be identified and selected collectively by the entities currently comprising the Great Bay 2020 Steering Committee (Piscataqua Region Estuaries Partnership, Great Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve, New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services, The Nature Conservancy, and CLF) with input and concurrence of the City and may include, but not be limited to, restoration, public outreach and education, science and monitoring, strategic land protections, and other projects and activities that advance efforts to improve water quality and/or ecosystem health in the Great Bay estuary with direct or indirect benefits for Portsmouth. Funding shall be provided in five annual installments of \$100,000, paid to an agreed upon fiscal agent and/or, by agreement by the Great Bay 2020 Steering Committee and the City, directly to implementing entities. The first payment shall be made no later than 60 days following Court approval of this Consent Decree Second

Modification, with subsequent annual payments occurring no later than the anniversary date of the prior year's payment due date. The first payment shall be directed in part, or in whole if necessary, to (1) the development and implementation of a water quality sampling plan for Sagamore Creek following QA/QC protocols, and including the participation of the City, the Great Bay-Piscataqua Waterkeeper, and New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services, with public engagement where appropriate, and (2) a regional symposium to educate and engage the public in sustainable lawn care / landscaping practices that reduce water pollution. The City's staff's participation shall not be counted as an offset or match toward the above-stated funding commitment, nor shall the City be reimbursed or otherwise compensated from such funds.

IV. STIPULATED PENALTIES

9. The City shall be liable to the United States and the State for stipulated penalties for failing to complete any requirement of this Second Modification by the dates specified herein. Such stipulated penalties shall accrue per violation per day as follows:

Penalty Per Violation Per Day	Period of Noncompliance				
\$500	1st through 14th Day				
\$750	15 th through 30 th Day				
\$1,000	31st and beyond				

10. Stipulated penalties shall be paid in accordance with Section VI of the Consent Decree.

V. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

11. This Second Modification shall be lodged with the Court for a period of not less than 30 days for public notice and comment in accordance with 28 C.F.R. Section 50.7. The United States reserves the right to withdraw or withhold its consent if the comments regarding the Second Modification disclose facts or considerations indicating that the Second Modification is

inappropriate, improper, or inadequate. The City consents to entry of this Second Modification without further notice and agrees not to withdraw from or oppose entry of this Second Modification by the Court or to challenge any provision of the Second Modification, unless the United States has notified the City in writing that it no longer supports entry of this Second Modification.

VI. EFFECTIVE DATE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE District of New Hampshire

FOR PLAINTIFF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Respectfully submitted,

JOHNIE CRUDIN Assistant Attorney General

Environment and Natural Resources Division

rele

United States Department of Justice

Washington, D.C. 20530

Date: 4/1/16

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Senior Counsel

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FOR THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, REGION I

Date: 03/21/2016

SUSAN STUDLIEN

Director, Office of Environmental Stewardship United States Environmental Protection Agency Region I 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 Boston, Massachusetts 02109-3912 studlien.susan@epa.gov

FOR THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Date: 3. 28.16

MARK POLLINS

Director

Water Enforcement Division
Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance
United States Environmental Protection Agency
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20460

FOR PLAINTIFF-INTERVENOR THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

State of New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services

By its attorney,

JOSEPH A. FOSTER New Hampshire Attorney General

Date: 3/15/16

K. ALLEN BROOKS, NH Bar No. 16424

Senior Assistant Attorney General

Environmental Protection Bureau 33 Capitol Street

Concord, NH 03301 (603) 271-3679

FOR PLAINTIFF-INTERVENOR CONSERVATION LAW FOUNDATION

Date: 3/15/16

THOMAS F. IRWIN, NH Bar No. 11302

Conservation Law Foundation

27 North Main Street Concord, NH 03301 (603) 225-3060 tirwin@clf.org

FOR THE DEFENDANT, THE CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE

JOHN P. BOHENKO, City Manager
Pursuant to vote of the City Council

Of March 14, 2010

McLANE MIDDLETON, PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION

Date: Mach 16, 2014

BRUCE W. FELMLY, NH Bar No. 787

900 Elm Street, P.O. Box 326 Manchester, NH 03105-0326 (603) 625-6464

APPENDIX B





UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Region 1 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 Boston, MA 02109-3912

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED
MAR 2 0 2017

Suzanne Woodland, Esq. Deputy City Attorney City of Portsmouth 1 Junkins Avenue Portsmouth, NH 03801

Re:

City of Portsmouth, New Hampshire

Consent Decree 09-cv-283-PB

Dear Attorney Woodland:

The City of Portsmouth ("City" or "Portsmouth") submitted the *Peirce Island WWTF* Chemically Enhanced Primary Treatment Optimization Pilot Work Plan, prepared by Underwood Engineers, Inc., dated February 28, 2017 ("CEPT Work Plan"), to EPA for review and approval per Section IV, item paragraph 8.a. of the Second Modification of Consent Decree 09-cv-283-PB. The CEPT Work Plan and schedule outlines the project tasks for full-scale testing of combinations of at least three coagulants and up to five polymers to optimize the chemically enhanced primary treatment plant performance.

By this letter, EPA approves and incorporates into the Consent Decree the City's CEPT Work Plan and implementation schedule. Following discussions, EPA and Portsmouth agreed that the City will also submit intermittent reports during full-scale testing that describe any necessary changes to the Work Plan and provide project status.

If you have any questions, please contact Tonia Bandrowicz at (617) 918-1734 or have the City's technical staff contact Joy Hilton at (617) 918-1877.

Sincerely,

Susan Studlien, Director

Sison Studies

Office of Environmental Stewardship

CC: Mark Pollins, Director of Water Enforcement, USEPA
Joy Hilton, USEPA Region 1
Tracy L. Wood, NHDES, Wastewater Engineering Bureau Administrator
Allen Brooks, Esq., Department of Justice, Environmental Protection Bureau
Chief
Tonia Bandrowicz, Senior Enforcement Counsel, USEPA Region 1
David Gordon, Esq., US Department of Justice
Tom Irwin, Esq., Conservation Law Foundation
John P. Bohenko, City Manager
Brian Goetz, Deputy Director of Public Works
Nancy Colbert-Puff, Deputy City Manager
Terry Desmarais, City Engineer, Portsmouth
Donald Song, Wastewater Project Manager

PEIRCE ISLAND WWTF CHEMICALLY ENHANCED PRIMARY TREATMENT OPTIMIZATION PILOT WORK PLAN

CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, NH DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

February 28, 2017

Underwood Engineers, Inc.
25 Vaughan Mall
Portsmouth, NH 03801
and
99 North State Street
Concord, NH 03301

Job No. 2120





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City of Portsmouth, NH WWTF Peirce Island Chemically Enhanced Primary Treatment Work Plan –February 28, 2017



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City of Portsmouth, NH WWTF Peirce Island Chemically Enhanced Primary Treatment Work Plan –February 28, 2017



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SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 General

The City of Portsmouth received a Consent Decree Modification from the EPA dated April 1, 2016. Condition No. 8a of that Consent Decree reads as follows:

"...The City shall engage a qualified engineer to perform an optimization study on the primary clarifiers for the chemically enhanced primary treatment system. The study work plan shall be submitted to the State and CLF for review, and to EPA for review and approval, within 60 days following Court approval of this Second Modification. This study shall be completed according to the work plan and the results shall be submitted the State and CLF for review, and to EPA for review and approval. The review and approval process shall be in accordance with Paragraphs 14 through 19 of the Consent Decree. If clarifier performance for TSS can be improved by at least 10%, the City shall implement the recommendations of the approved study report within 90 days of EPA's approval and continue such implementation until the secondary treatment is operational. The percentage improvement shall be based upon the reduction in primary effluent average TSS concentration during testing of clarifier performance both with currently utilized chemical dosages and types, and with alternate/enhanced chemical addition, under as similar as possible operational conditions. If the approved study report finds that an increase of at least 10% cannot be achieved, the City will not be required to implement a chemical dosage optimization plan..."

1.2 Purpose and Objectives

The purpose of this Work Plan is to present a summary of the full-scale pilot Chemically Enhanced Primary Treatment (CEPT) project that will be performed at the City of Portsmouth Peirce Island Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF).

The objective is to determine if significant improvement can be achieved in the concentration of total suspended solids (TSS) in the treated effluent. This objective will be achieved by comparing the results of a short term intensive full scale study using three different coagulants. The project will be performed for a five-week period for each new coagulant, with comparison to the existing coagulant.

The following text constitutes the proposed Work Plan to be followed during the CEPT Pilot Study. The final deliverable of this study will be a Letter Report with attachments and appendices that address the questions raised in Condition No. 8a of the Consent Decree Modification cited above. This letter report will be provided in draft to the City of Portsmouth for review and comment in advance of being submitted to the EPA and CLF for their review and approval.



SECTION 2 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

2.1 Background

The City of Portsmouth (City) is in Rockingham County at the mouth of the Piscataqua River in the seacoast area of New Hampshire. The City of Portsmouth's sewerage system to Peirce Island consists of approximately 99 miles of sewers, 19 pumping stations, and a 4.8 million gallon per day (mgd) advanced primary wastewater treatment facility (WWTF) located on Peirce Island. The City has an inter-municipal agreement with the Town of New Castle, an island to the northeast of Portsmouth, to treat their wastewater at the City's Peirce Island WWTF. Additionally, the City has entered into a long-term Municipal Services Agreement (MSA) with the Pease Development Authority (PDA) to maintain and operate the wastewater collection and treatment facilities at the Pease International Tradeport (Pease). The Pease facilities are not included as part of this work plan because they are a separate collection and treatment system.

The collection system serving the Peirce Island WWTF is a combined sewer systems which conveys both sanitary sewage and storm water. During dry weather, sanitary sewage, consisting of domestic, industrial and commercial wastewater, and certain levels of infiltration are conveyed to the Peirce Island WWTF, where it receives advanced primary treatment and disinfection prior to being discharged to the Piscataqua River. During wet weather, the volume of combined storm water and sanitary flows can exceed the carrying capacity to the collection system causing surcharging of sewers, flooding into residences and combined sewer overflows (CSOs) to the South Mill Pond and the Piscataqua River.

Currently, there remain two permitted combined sewer overflows (CSOs) as follows:

- South Mill Pond − No. 10A and 10B, discharging to South Mill Pond
- Deer Street No. 013, discharging to the Piscataqua River

2.2 Peirce Island WWTF

The Peirce Island WWTF is a 4.8 MGD chemically enhanced primary treatment facility with disinfection and dechlorination that discharges to the Piscataqua River.

The Peirce Island WWTF was upgraded to a chemically enhanced primary treatment facility in 2003. The facility, constructed in 1990 as a primary treatment facility with filtration and disinfection, was designed for an average daily flow of 4.8 MGD and a peak flow of 22 MGD. The facilities upgrade project constructed in 2002-2003 included a grit removal system upgrade, chemically enhanced primary treatment system, disinfection system upgrades, additional sludge storage, a new SCADA system, and relocation of septage receiving to the Pease Wastewater Treatment Facility. The discharge effluent from the facility enters the Piscataqua River, at a location approximately 378 feet east of the facility. The facility is currently under construction for



a major upgrade to an advanced treatment facility, which is scheduled to be substantially completed by December 1, 2019.

Primary treatment is accomplished by sedimentation in two primary clarifiers in which solids are removed by gravity settling. The chemically enhanced primary treatment system consists of introducing coagulant chemicals to the wastewater to increase the rate of solids settling in the primary clarifiers. Two chemicals are added to the wastewater upstream of the clarifiers. A ferric chloride polymer blend is added to the influent wastewater at the entrance to each aerated grit chamber. The chemical is thoroughly mixed by the action of the submerged aeration system. An anionic polymer is added to the grit chamber effluent channel at the entrance of the 36-inch pipe where the polymer mixes with the wastewater as it travels to the clarifier distribution structure.

The design parameters for the primary clarifiers are shown in Table 2-1.

Parameter Value Number of Primary Clarifiers Two (2) Amwell, Center Column Supported Type Diameter 76 Feet Side water depth 11' - 9 1/4" Floor slope 1 inch in 12 inches 4,537 square feet Surface area, each Feed well, diameter 10 Feet

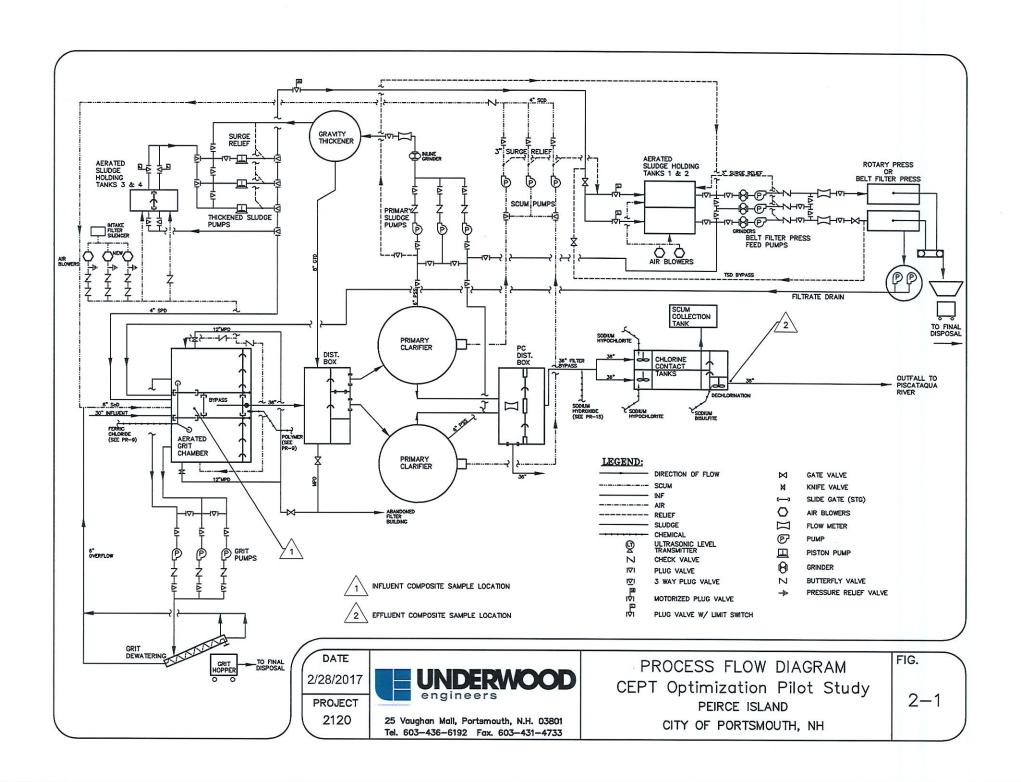
Table 2-1 Primary Clarifier Design Parameters

Since 2003 the City has optimized their coagulant and flocculant chemicals with a series of jar tests and full scale optimization to achieve a high rate of TSS removal. The current coagulant, Aries 2076 (ferric and polymer blend) and the current flocculant (Aries 3644 anionic polymer) resulted in an annual average TSS percent removal of 73 to 85% over that past three years.

30 inches

The process flow diagram is shown as Figure 2-1 on the next page.

Center column, diameter





SECTION 3 WWTF HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE

3.1 Background

In this section, historical data from the last three years are summarized in Table 3-1 and 3-2 in order to present the flow, TSS loads and TSS removal efficiencies. The data is taken from the City's data management software that was recently installed. Further review will be performed upon acceptance of the Work Plan as part of the study.

Table 3-1 Historical Flow Rates

Parameter	2013	2014	2015
Annual Average Daily Flow, MGD	4.43	3.7	3.75
Maximum Month Average Daily Flow, MGD	7.26	6.37	6.65
Maximum Week Average Daily Flow, MGD	8.88	9.38	8.11
Maximum Day Flow, MGD	14.02	15.05	14.74
Peak Hour Flow, MGD*	22	22	22
Total Annual Volume, MG	1,605	1,349	1,307

^{*}Estimated

Table 3-2 Historical Annual Average TSS Removal

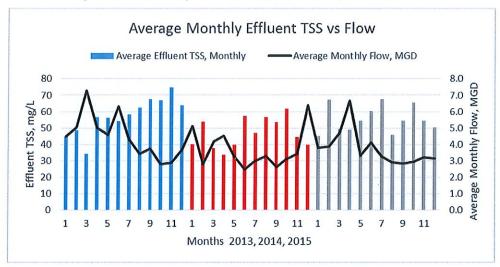
Parameter	2013	2014	2015
Influent TSS, mg/L	223	327	314
Effluent TSS, mg/L	57	47	56
Effluent TSS Std.Dev.*	16.6	15.0	18.1
% Removal	73	85	80
Min, % Removal	53	65	37
Max, % Removal	90	95	94
% Removal Std.Dev.*	6.9	4.5	8.9

^{*}Standard deviations are calculated from individual values for each year.

Figure 3-1 presents the monthly average flow and treated effluent TSS concentration. Note that the criteria for changing coagulant and flocculant will be a 10% improvement in effluent TSS concentration.



Figure 3-1 Monthly Effluent TSS Concentration and Flow





SECTION 4 WORK TASKS

The following work tasks shall be performed as part of the CEPT Pilot Study.

4.1 Review of Existing Data & Site Visit

Underwood shall review and compile graphical exhibits for the last three years' worth of primary clarifier performance and operational data to include effluent TSS concentration, TSS removal, hydraulic loading rate, organic loading rate, wastewater temperature, and chemical dosing. All raw data will be provided in electronic format by the City of Portsmouth. This shall serve as baseline data.

Underwood staff will conduct an initial site visit to view the existing conditions and operations at the facility and to discuss specifics of operation with plant staff to develop a solid understanding of how the facility is currently being operated.

4.2 Jar Testing

On August 11, 2016, Underwood coordinated and witnessed jar testing of nine different coagulant chemical combinations on the Peirce Island WWTF influent:

- 1. Aries 2076 (Currently used)
- 2. Aries 239
- 3. Aries 240
- 4. Aries 245
- 5. Aries 252
- 6. Aries 258
- 7. Aries 291
- 8. Aries 292
- 9. Aries 296

Of the 9 chemical combinations tested, the three with the top performance, ranked best to worst, were as follows:

- 1. Aries 2076 (currently in use at WWTF) Ferric based blended coagulant
- 2. Aries 245 Sulfonated Polyaluminum Chloride (PAC)
- 3. Aries 252 Low Basicity PAC

The City and Underwood Engineers concluded that the top 3 coagulant chemicals identified by jar testing would be evaluated at full-scale.

A second round of jar testing will be performed using the top three coagulants and up to 5 polymers as recommended by Aries. If jar testing indicates any meaningful improvements may be had by using a different polymer, it will be tested at full scale with the appropriate coagulant. If jar testing

Work Plan -February 28, 2017

indicates that changing the polymer will have minimal impact on clarifier performance, no additional polymers will be piloted at full scale.

4.3 Pilot Testing

4.3.1 Existing Chemical

The City is installing a new dewatering process, scheduled to be completed by mid-January 2017. The equipment is being changed from belt filter presses to a rotary press. Underwood will not start the pilot until the end of January 2017, so that each phase of the pilot will be done under the same conditions.

- Should the new dewatering equipment not go in as scheduled, filtrate testing will
 be performed on the belt filter press filtrate and then at the end of the pilot with the
 existing chemicals and rotary press filtrate to determine if there is a significant
 filtrate difference. Dewatering filtrate samples will be tested for pH, TSS and VSS.
- Once the new rotary press has been started and is fully operational, pilot testing shall be started for the original chemical (Aries 2076 Ferric/Polymer blend). Testing shall be performed 5 days a week for 5 weeks.
- Testing procedure shall be as outlined is section 4.3.4 below.

4.3.2 Additional Chemicals

In addition to the existing chemical, two other chemicals will be piloted at full scale (Aries 245 Sulfonated PAC and Aries 252 Low Basicity PAC). Underwood will review the existing chemical storage and feed conditions and will make recommendations to the City for the procurement and temporary feeding of both new chemical combinations that shall be dosed to the wastewater proportional to flow rate. The procurement, installation and dosing of the temporary chemicals shall be the responsibility of the City.

- It is assumed that the new chemicals will be held in tote containers and dosed using the existing peristaltic dosing pumps and piping and the existing liquid polymer makeup system and piping.
- The suction piping of the existing coagulant dosing pumps can be modified by removing an existing PVC bend and adding a tee fitting with a valve and nipple fitting to allow the existing pumps to draw from either the existing chemical day tank or a new tote system.
- Currently the City is using approximately 30 to 100 gallons a day of coagulant. Assuming the new chemicals use a similar dose, the City should anticipate a tote lasting about 3 to 7 days of operation. This timeframe is anticipated to decrease if the facility sees high flows for an extended period.
- It is anticipated that the existing polymer will continue to be used for the piloting but the dose will likely vary with a new coagulant being used. Additional jar testing will be performed on the top 3 coagulants and up to 5 polymers as recommended



by the chemical supplier to determine if any significant improvement can be realized by using a different polymer.

4.3.3 Dose Optimization

Work Plan -February 28, 2017

Underwood will provide manpower for 40 hours of testing to identify the apparent optimal chemical dose to run each new chemical combination at full scale. Jar testing will be performed on both new coagulants (with their respective polymer as identified in jar testing) to identify the optimal dose range. Using these ranges, full scale optimization will be performed for each coagulant. Underwood will then collect hourly grab samples of influent and effluent for turbidity testing and will utilize Eastern Analytical for confirmatory TSS laboratory analysis. Underwood will provide evidence of proper QAQC procedures having been followed by Eastern Analytical as outlined in Section 6.

- Underwood will perform jar testing of both new coagulants using a range of doses.
- Based on the jar testing, Underwood Engineers will identify the dosing range that is optimal for each new chemical combination.
- Upon switching to each new chemical for full scale piloting, the first two days will be spent optimizing the coagulant and flocculant dosages.
- Over the course of these two (2) days, the dose will be adjusted through the identified range and hourly grab samples will be collected of screened influent and final effluent.
- These samples will be analyzed by Underwood for turbidity for indication of the chemical performance. Additionally, a separate 1,000 ml aliquot of each sample will be collected, split and sent to the City and Eastern Analytical for TSS analysis.
- Based on the removal rates for TSS and turbidity observed, a target full-scale chemical dose will be selected for the full scale testing.
- Composite sampling will then be performed three days per week for the remainder of the five-week trial per new chemical.

4.3.4 Data Collection

Once the new chemical combination target doses have been established and the City has begun dosing the new chemicals full-scale and full-time, the City shall perform 24-hour composite sampling for TSS five days a week on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday for the duration of the pilot testing (15 weeks).

- The city shall collect 500 mls of each sample and store it in bottles in coolers provided by Underwood Engineers.
- Samples will be collected using the existing influent and effluent composite samplers using the same compositing methodology that is currently used by the City for its twice a week composite sampling.
- Underwood will coordinate for the samples to be picked up and analyzed for TSS at Eastern Analytical.



- In order to gather a minimum data set for proper comparison, samples will be collected 5 days a week and the full-scale piloting of the new chemical combinations will run for a period of 5 weeks each (including optimization) which shall yield a total of 25 data points for each new chemical combination. It is understood that the standard TSS sampling is performed at the Peirce Island WWTF twice a week on Tuesdays and Wednesdays. As pilot data for the new chemical combinations will be collected 5 days a week, it is not recommended that this data be compared to historical data which is primarily Tuesdays and Wednesdays only. Instead, it is recommended that pilot testing be performed on the existing chemical combination 5 days a week for 5 weeks to provide a comparable data set to compare to the performance data for the new chemical.
- If a significant loss in clarifier removal performance occurs during the pilot testing as determined by the City or Engineer, the piloting for that chemical combination shall be terminated and the next chemical combination shall be tested.
- If, during the piloting of any of the new chemical combinations, the seasonal wastewater characteristics are found to be substantially different than during the piloting of the existing chemical, Aries 2076, then Aries 2076 will be reinstated at the end of the pilot and tested for 2 weeks (3 days a week) to determine if the results have been skewed significantly from historical data.

4.4 Data Analysis and Report

Underwood shall analyze the data collected by both the City of Portsmouth and Eastern Analytical during the testing periods. Any significant difference found to exist between the three sets of data will be discussed. The data from Eastern Analytical will be utilized to compare the treated effluent TSS concentration produced by the new chemical combinations to the existing chemical combination. Factors such as hydraulic loading, solids loading, wastewater temperature, and chemical dosing shall be considered when comparing data points. Comparison results shall be tabulated and prepared in graphical format. A statistical analysis of variance will be performed to compare effluent TSS concentrations based on the three chemical combinations piloted and determine if there is a statistically significant difference between the three data sets generated.

The goal will be to determine if either of the new chemical combinations piloted for the five-week period can achieve a 10% reduction in effluent TSS concentration over the current chemical combination as demonstrated in a five-week pilot. If a 10% or greater improvement is achieved for any one of these chemical combinations, the City will authorize an additional task to implement a chemical dosage optimization plan.

Underwood will compile a letter report summarizing the results of the CEPT Pilot Study findings. Underwood will provide a conclusion as to whether a 10% or greater performance improvement was achieved with either new chemical combination over that which was achieved with the existing chemical combination. The draft report shall be delivered to the City for comment and the final report will be available for submittal to the EPA and CLF.

City of Portsmouth, NH WWTF Peirce Island Chemically Enhanced Primary Treatment Work Plan –February 28, 2017



During the 15 weeks of full-scale pilot testing by the City, Underwood will be available for consultation should issues arise during the pilot testing resulting in significant operational or performance issues. An allowance of 80 manhours has been assumed to cover this work item.

Four (4) hard copies of the draft report and four (4) hard copies of the final report shall be delivered to the City. Electronic copies of each report shall also be provided to the City.



SECTION 5 SCHEDULE

The proposed schedule is as follows. The schedule allows for a three-week review of the draft Work Plan and one week to resubmit the final Work Plan. Full scale piloting will be started the week of January 30, 2017, assuming the new dewatering equipment is installed and the new chemicals can be delivered and made operational within a one week period. The schedule shown in Table 5-1 will be revised depending on unplanned issues that may arise in the schedule.

Table 5 -1 Proposed Schedule

Item No.	Milestone	Submittal Date
1	Submit Draft Work Plan	November 28, 2016
2	Comments Received from Regulators	by December 19, 2016
3	Finalize Work Plan	December 30, 2016
4	Start Pilot Project	by January 30, 2017
5	Polymer jar testing and full-scale pilot testing of new chemical combinations at	
	recommended dose	January 30 – June 2, 2017
6	Deliver draft report to City	June 29, 2017
7	Deliver final report to EPA and CLF	30 Days after comments received



SECTION 6 QUALITY ASSURANCE AND CONTROL

6.1 Purpose

The purpose of a Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) is to identify the quality assurance/quality control measures that will be followed in implementing the project. A QAPP will be developed once the Work Plan has been approved. The following outlines key elements of the QAPP intended for this project.

6.2 Quality Assurance Objectives

Quantitative and qualitative data quality indicators commonly used in interpreting data are presented below. Definitions of the data quality indicators were provided by EPA quality assurance guidance documents. (DQO EPA QA/G-4 and EPA QA/G-5).

Method Detection Limit: A quantitative measure of the capability of an analytical method to distinguish between samples that do not contain a specific analyte from samples that contain low concentrations of the analyte. The method detection limit is particularly important when anticipated results, necessary for decision-making processes, are near the method detection limit.

For samples with duplicate measurements, precision will be calculated as relative percent difference. The relative percent difference is calculated instead of standard deviation because the replicate data sets will contain only two values.

Accuracy: A quantitative measure of the closeness of an individual measurement (or the average of a multiple measurements) to the true value. To determine accuracy, a reference material of known value must be available. Field-spiked samples are not planned for the project.

Representativeness: A qualitative measure of the degree to which data accurately and precisely represent a characteristic of a population parameter at a sampling point or environmental condition.

Comparability: A quantitative term that expresses the confidence that two data sets can contribute to a common analysis and interpolation. The following EPA-recommended conditions are provided to ensure comparability of data sets:

- The type and number of variables for each process remain the same for the testing events.
- Common units are used and standard units are used in expressing treatment efficiencies;
- Similar analytical and QA procedures are used for the processes;
- The detection level for the analytical measures is the same for each process;
- Rules for excluding observations will be applied equally among all testing processes;
- The sampling locations are similar for all the pilots/demonstrations;
- Chemicals used are of consistent strength and quality.



6.3 Sampling Procedures

The following summarizes the required QAPP elements for this section:

- List of analyses and sample volumes
- Sampling methods (grab samples)
- Preparation and cleaning of equipment
- Calibration of instruments
- Preservation, transportation, and storage
- Holding times of samples

Table 6-1 is an example table for analyses and sample volumes.

Table 6-1 Example Field Measurements and Analysis for the Pilot Process

						Hold Time	Laboratory QA/QC		
Analysis	Method	PQL	Units	Sample Container	Preservative		Blanks	Duplicate	Laboratory Control Sample (LCS)
TSS	EPA 160.2	2	mg/L	0.5 L HDPE	None	7 days	1 of 20	1 of 20	1 of 10
VSS	EPA 160.4	10	mg/L	0.5 L HDPE	None	7 days	1 of 20	1 of 20	1 of 10

Note: Laboratory blanks, duplicates and LCS will be performed a minimum of one per batch should samples batches be less than 20.

Analytical testing is to be performed by Eastern Analytical, Inc. By reference, the standard operating procedures for TSS and VSS testing from the EAI laboratory QAPP manual will be followed.

6.4 Analytical Procedures and Calibration

QAPP requirements for analytical and calibration procedures will be documented separately by the testing laboratory.

6.5 Data Reduction, Validation, and Reporting

The following summarizes the required QAPP elements for this section:

- Data Reduction
 - o Summary of data reduction procedures
 - o Summary of statistical approach
 - o Example data sheets
 - o Description of how blanks will be used



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- Data Validation
 - o Procedures for determining outliers and flagging data
- Data Reporting
 - o Flowchart of data handling process

Suspect data (i.e., outliers) may be identified and flagged at three different times.

- The first opportunity is during the testing process and sample generation. Testing personnel
 are familiar with wet weather water quality characteristics and the processes being studied
 in the project. Unusual field measurements of any kind will be documented and relayed to
 project management. All field activities and observations will be documented in field logs.
- The second opportunity is during the analytical analyses. The Eastern Analytical Laboratory has extensive quality assurance/quality control checks that are standard for the different analytical methods being run. Quality control checks that fail, or test results outside of a methods' range will be flagged and the information provided to project management.
- The third opportunity for identifying outliers is during the data analysis phase. During this time, the project team will be comparing and evaluating data. Results unique from the norm will be further investigated to identify a cause. A determination on whether the data shall be included in the analysis will be made after all available information on the data point is collected and reviewed.

6.6 Internal Quality Control Checks

Internal quality controls checks are performed by Eastern Analytical in accordance with their Quality Assurance manuals and/or standard operating procedures. The quality control checks include items such as sample blanks, matrix spikes and matrix spike duplicates, control charts calibration standards and proficiency testing of analysts

6.7 Calculation of Data Quality Indicators

Four data quality indicators will be calculated and reviewed in conjunction with the analytical analyses for this project. The data quality indicators are precision, accuracy, completeness and method detection limit.

- Precision intralaboratory precision measurements will be made and reported in accordance with Eastern Analytical standard operating procedures.
- Accuracy will be calculated by Eastern Analytical for measurements using matrix spikes and/or a standard reference material;
- Completeness will be calculated for any set of parameters used for correlations showing significance. Because only one influent and one effluent sample is being collected for each parameter (per test), invalid data in either sample will limit the analyses that can be performed for that test.
- Method Detection Limits are provided by Eastern Analytical for each analytical method.

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6.8 Corrective Action

This section addresses conditions that may require corrective action and identifies appropriate response actions to address the condition.

If corrective action is necessary, the required action, the party responsible, and the results of the action will be documented. Any suspect data gathered during or before the implementation of the corrective action will be discarded or where possible reanalyzed.

APPENDIX C



Peirce Island WWTF Portsmouth, NH Preliminary Chemical Screening August 11, 2016

Introduction

Luke Sundean (UE) met with Nate Butterfield (Aries Chemical) and City staff at the Peirce Island WWTF to perform some preliminary jar testing to narrow down a selection of chemicals for the jar testing study and pilot study UE will be recommending.

Purpose

The purpose of today's field work was to determine which coagulants should be used in future jar testing study.

Existing Conditions

Currently Aries 2076 (Ferric) coagulant is used at the WWTF along with Aries 3644, an anionic polymer. The ferric was set at a set point of 45 ppm and the polymer at 0.64 ppm on the day of the jar testing.

Preliminary Jar Testing

The following nine (9) different coagulants were tested:

- 1. Aries 2076 (Currently used)
- 2. Aries 239
- 3. Aries 240
- 4. Aries 245
- 5. Aries 252
- 6. Aries 258
- 7. Aries 291
- 8. Aries 292
- 9. Aries 296

The same polymer was used in jar testing that is currently used at the facility (Aries 3644). The polymer solution made for jar testing was a 0.5% solution and was dosed at 1 ppm in all trials.

A separate one (1) liter sample of raw influent wastewater was used for all jar tests. 0.45 mL of a 10% coagulant solution was added to the 1 liter of wastewater and then rapidly mixed. Next 0.2 mL of 0.5% polymer solution was added to the sample and was rapidly mixed followed by extended slow mixing. Visual observations were made to determine which coagulants in conjunct with the polymer formed the largest flocs. The top four coagulants that performed the best are as follows in order from best performance to worst performance:

- 1. Aries 2076 (currently in use at WWTF) Ferric based blended coagulant
- 2. Aries 245 Sulfated Polyaluminum Chloride (PAC)
- 3. Aries 252 Low Basicity PAC
- 4. Aries 291 High Basicity PAC

Peirce Island WWTF Portsmouth, NH Polymer & Coagulant Screening January 31, 2017; Rev 2-7-17

Introduction

Ransom Horner-Richardson & David Mercier (UE) met with Nate Butterfield (Aries Chemical) and Tim Babkirk and Kathy Sanborn (City of Portsmouth) at the Peirce Island WWTF to perform a second round of preliminary jar testing before CEPT pilot testing. The purpose of this second round of jar testing was to test each of the three top performing coagulants with several polymers to determine if better performance can be achieved than with the current polymer (Aries 3644). Additional jar testing was also performed to identify the coagulant dose which will be recommended to use at the start of piloting.

Existing Conditions

Currently Aries 2076 (Ferric) coagulant is used at the WWTF along with Aries 3644, an anionic polymer. Nate noted that Aries 2076 is a proprietary ferric blend formula that has been developed over the years specifically for the Peirce Island WWTF. To Nate's knowledge it is developed for and used exclusively by the Peirce Island facility. According to staff, the ferric was being dosed at approximately 20 ppm and the polymer at 0.08 ppm on the day of the jar testing (1/31/17).

Preliminary Jar Testing

The three coagulants used were the three that had the best performance during the August 11, 2016 jar testing. The following three (3) different coagulants were tested:

- 1. Aries 2076 (Currently used)
- 2. Aries 245
- 3. Aries 291

For this jar testing only anionic polymers were used based on past experience and testing by Aries at the Peirce Island plant. The following four (4) different polymers were tested:

- 1. Aries 3644 (Currently used)
- 2. Aries 3640 (previously used until 2015)
- 3. Aries 3638 (high molecular weight)
- 4. Aries 3620 (low molecular weight)

Each polymer was mixed to a 0.5% solution by volume for jar testing. This was dosed into the 1 liter samples at 0.2 ml to achieve 1 ppm of polymer & 0.4 ml to achieve 2 ppm of polymer.

Each coagulant was mixed to a 1% solution by volume so that 2 ml of solution dosed into a 1 liter sample would result in 20 ppm coagulant does by volume.

The first round of jar tests performed was to test Aries 2076 with the four different polymers. A separate one (1) liter sample of raw influent wastewater was used for all jar tests. 2 mL of a 1% coagulant solution was added to each 1 liter sample of wastewater and then rapidly mixed for 5 minutes. Next 0.2 mL of 0.5% polymer solution was added to each sample and was rapidly

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mixed for 15 seconds followed by 5 minutes of slow mixing. Mixing paddles were then removed from the samples and they were allowed to settle. Visual observations were made to determine which polymer in conjunction with the coagulant formed the highest quality floc and produced the best clarity.

The results for the first test were difficult to discern, so it was decided that the test would be run again using 40 ppm of coagulant and 2 ppm of polymer. The same procedure was used. This time the results were, from best performance to worst performance:

- 1. Aries 3644 (Currently in use at the WWTF)
- 2. Aries 3640
- 3. Aries 3638
- 4. Aries 3620

The second round of testing used Aries 245 as the coagulant in all four (4) jars, dosed at 40 ppm, and each of the 4 polymers dosed at 2ppm. The same procedure was used as on test 1. Results from this test were visibly cloudier than in test 1 and were much more similar between polymers. It was observed that Aries 3620 performed noticeably worse than the other 3 but no noticeable difference was observed between Aries 3644, 3640, and 3638. The following results were recorded:

- 1. Aries 3644, Aries 3640, Aries 3638 (no difference)
- 2. Aries 3620

The third round of testing used Aries 291 as the coagulant in all four (4) jars, dosed at 40 ppm, and each of the 4 polymers dosed at 2ppm. The same procedure was used as on test 1. Results from this test were best of the three coagulants. The smallest floc occurred with the Aries 3644. Performance, best to worst, was:

- 1. Aries 3644
- 2. Aries 3620
- 3. Aries 3638, 3640 (no difference)

Following the first 3 tests it was determined that Aries 3644 was either the top performing polymer for each coagulant or it was at least as good as the other polymers. Based on this it is recommended that Aries 3644 be used for each of the three coagulants selected for full-scale piloting.

The fourth round of testing used all three coagulants (Aries 2076, Aries 245, and Aries 291) side by side, each with the 3644 polymer. Each jar was given a 40 ppm dose of coagulant and a 2 ppm dose of polymer and the same mixing method was used as the previous tests. The results were, from best performance to worst performance:

- 1. Aries 291
- 2. Aries 2076
- 3. Aries 245

The observations showed Aries 291 and Aries 2076 both to have significantly better performance than Aries 245. These results differed with what was observed on August 11, 2016 which showed Aries 2076 to perform much better than the other chemicals, including Aries 291. It is assumed that low flows and low temperatures are leading to a low coagulant demand at the plant

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and this may be contributing to the results being different today than what was observed in August 2016.

The fifth round of testing used Aries 291 at various doses with Aries 3644 at a fixed dose. The coagulant (Aries 291) was dosed at 20 ppm, 30 ppm, and 40 ppm, and the polymer (Aries 3644) was dosed at 2 ppm. The results showed an improvement in performance between 20 ppm and 30 ppm, but no noticeable difference was observed between 30 ppm and 40 ppm. From this, it is recommended that full-scale pilot testing with Aries 291 start with a dose of 30 ppm by volume.

The final round of testing used Aries 245 at various doses with Aries 3644 at a fixed dose. The coagulant (Aries 245) was dosed at 30 ppm, 40 ppm, 50 ppm, and 60 ppm, and the polymer (Aries 3644) was dosed at 2 ppm. The results showed improvement in performance with higher coagulant dose across the entire range. The most significant difference was observed between 30 ppm and 40 ppm. From this, it is recommended that full-scale pilot testing with Aries 245 start with a dose of 40 ppm by volume.

Nate Butterfield noted that Aries 291 is a chemical that Aries stocks in their local warehouse and could be delivered to the WWTF relatively quickly. Aries 245 is not stocked locally and will have a longer lead time. It is therefore recommended that full-scale pilot testing be started with Aries 291.

Follow-up testing: on 2/7/17, a follow-up test was performed by Nate Butterfield of Aries comparing the top four coagulants identified in August, 2016 (Aries 2076, 245, 252, and 291). Each were dosed at 40 ppm of neat chemical with a polymer dose (Aries 3644) of 2 ppm of neat chemical. Based on visual observations of floc size and settleability, the coagulants were ranked in the following order from best to worst: 2076, 291, 252, and 245. Based on these results it was determined that 2076, 291, and 252 should be piloted at full scale. Jar tests in August, 2016 indicated that Aries 245 was in the top three, but it appears that the influent conditions have changed such that it no longer performs as well. It is recommended that piloting be performed with Aries 2076, Aries 291, and Aries 252.

APPENDIX D



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Bold indicates a ch	lange in	PER PROPERTY AND PROPERTY AND	et Doses	PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measu	red flow/dose	and the last of th	EAI Lab TSS Vali	ues	
	D-Box	PAC	Poly	-ACTUMP	PAC		Poly Pump	ica jiowy aosc		AT EUD 733 VUII	ues	
	Flow	Setpoint		PAC pump	pump	PAC Dose		Poly Dose	Influent	Effluent		
Date/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	flow rate	(mg/L)	(ml/min)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
												Pilot started with ARIES 291 PAC. Setpoints of 30ppm and 0.5ppm chosen for pilot startup.
2/27/2017 7:50		30		26.1	5.33	13.33						Poly SCADA changes had not been implemented. Coag SCADA not done correctly.
2/27/2017 9:00	9.7	30	0.49	52.2	10.66	26.39						SCADA changes implemented for Poly and Coag. Setpoints set for both chemicals.
2/27/2017 9:30	10.1	19.94	0.25									Poor settling in clarifiers, poor quality effluent (visual) Doses were both reduced per operator judgement.
2/27/2017 9:55		19.94	0.25	34.2	6.99	15.82						Check of coagulant pump dose showed somewhat lower than SCADA dose.
2/27/2017 11:00		19.94	0.25	39.9	8.15	16.58						Clarifiers look better, floc is sinking well. Check of coagulant pump again showed dose to be low.
2/27/2017 11:20		19.94	0.19									Floc still looks good, but some of it is floating. Operator reduced poly dose.
2/27/2017 13:00		16.17	0.19	22	4.49	11.73						Operator dropped PAC dose to 16ppm. Check of pump shows it is still low.
2/27/2017 13:10	9.8	16.17	0.19				6.74	0.26				Flow test for poly pump is slightly high.
2/27/2017 13:20	10.2	16.17	0.19				5.88	0.22				Flow test for poly pump is slightly high.
2/27/2017 14:00	10.2	16.17	0.19	22.5	4.60	10.82						Check of coagulant pump shows flows still too low.
2/28/2017 8:00	7.5	16.17	0.19	9.3	1.90	6.08						Determined that SCADA programming was not quite right up till this point.
												RHR troubleshot SCADA with Mike, determined problem. Mike made changes 2/28/17 afternoon
2/28/2017 8:45	8.4	16.17	0.19	13.6	2.78	7.94						Need to verify that changes were correct
2/28/2017 9:00		16.17	0.19						173	32.5	81.21	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1/2017 8:00	8.5	20	0.29									Doses at SCADA had been adjusted since day before - Verify when changes were made
5/1/201/ 0.00	0.5											
3/1/2017 8:10	8.5	40.43	0.29									Poor clarifier performance (visual). It was decided to turn dose up to 40 ppm to see if
3/1/2017 8:30		40.43	0.29	77.2	15.77	45.61						performance improved.
				11.2	15.77	45.61			100	25.0	04.70	Flow test for PAC slightly high.
3/1/2017 9:00		40.43	0.29						188	35.0	81.38	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1/2017 17:00		30	2									Doses reset to jar test optimal levels of 30ppm and 2ppm and hold for 24 hrs.
3/2/2017 8:30		30	2	58.8	12.01	35.59	46.3	2.17			- again a state of the state of	Clarifiers had lots of solids on top
3/2/2017 9:00	7.9	30	2	55.1	11.26	34.20						Flow test for PAC slightly high.
3/2/2017 9:00	K Charles	30	2						186	29.0	84.41	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/3/2017 8:00		5.39	0.12	Appropriate the	Action Assessment							Frozen solids on top of tank caused skimmer arm to bind up. City backed dose off drastically.
3/3/2017 9:00		30	2						185	29.0	84.32	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Lower doses have resulted in significant improvement to clarifier performance (visual). City note
3/3/2017 11:00		5.39	0.12									they can only process 30 gpm of sludge vs 50 gpm with ferric.
3/4/2017 9:00		5.39	0.12						189	41.8	77.88	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
2/7/2017 7:20	BUOT	ESTING W	TU ADIEC 2	01 STORRED	DUE TO CO	METRICTIC	N ISSUES AT WWT	_				Plant staff need to catch up on sludge dewatering which has been adversely affected by
3/21/2017 7:00						MOTROCIA	N 1550L5 AT WWT			Control of the latest		change to PAC coagulant.
3/21/2017 7:00		26.95	0.10	ST KESTAKTE	υ.							
3/21/2017 9:00		20.55	0.10									City restarted pilot with coagulant dose similar to jar testing doses. Small Floc spreading over surface of Clarifiers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running
												PAC sludge through Fouriner Press. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour
3/22/2017 9:15		26.95	0.19						272	40.5	85.11	period.
												Small Floc spreading over surface of Clarifiers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running
												PAC sludge through Fouriner Press. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour
3/23/2017 9:00		26.95	0.29						238	29.5	87.61	period.
												Light gray floc observed in Gravity Thickener, not settling well. Only about 6" of sludge in
3/24/2017 8:45		26.95	0.29		area (Area (Area)				169	35.5	78.99	thickener. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
2/25/20177-20		24.25	0.20						222	24.0	00.00	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. PAC dose decreased per
3/25/2017 7:30		24.26	0.29						238	31.0	86.97	Operator's judgement.
3/25/2017 10:15		29	0.29									PAC dose was increased per Opertor's judgement
3/25/2017 16:45		16.17	0.16		No and the second							Both chemical doses were reduced per Opertor's judgement
3/26/2017 10:30		8.09	0.16									PAC dose was reduced per Opertor's judgement
2/27/2017 0:20		0.00	0.10									Over the weekend the Thickener was all light gray suspended Floc top to bottom no separation
3/27/2017 9:30		8.09	0.16									showing in Sludge Judge
3/28/2017 8:45		6.47	0.12						504	62.5	87.60	Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at
3/29/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12						221	71.0	67.84	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

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SCADA Set D				PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measu	red flow/dose	E	Al Lab TSS Valu	ies	
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC		Poly Pump					
	Flow	Setpoint		PAC pump	pump	PAC Dose		Poly Dose	Influent	Effluent		
ate/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	flow rate	(mg/L)	(ml/min)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
2/20/2017 0 20		6.47	0.10									Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at
3/30/2017 8:30		6.47	0.12						244	55.5	77.25	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifler. Sample collected at
3/31/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12						160	62.0	61.13	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/1/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12			100000000000000000000000000000000000000			210	71.0	66.19	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/3/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12									High flows from snow melt, small Pin Floc. Very thin gray Sludge
	La compa									The second		Heavy Rain, high flows, no settling, not much sludge. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced per
4/4/2017 9:00		2.7	0.08						189	47.0	75.17	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows over 10 MGD, Smaller Floc in the Clarifiers. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced again
4/5/2017 9:00		1.6	0.06			market in column			248	45.5	81.63	per Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Heavy Rain, high flows, no settling. City ran out of sludge around 11:00AM had to shut down process. Chemical doses both increased. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24
4/6/2017 9:00		4.3	0.1						154	34.0	77.92	hour period.
								Valencia de la companio				Flows still over 10 MGD, seeing some brown clumps floating on surface of both Clarifiers, onl
												pressed 28 tons of Sludge all week. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced per Operator's
4/7/2017 9:00		5.4	0.19						215.5	25.5	88.17	judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/8/2017 9:00		5.4	0.19						168	34.5	79.46	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/10/2017 0:00		6.5	0.23									Flows around 8 MGD. Medium sized Floc in the Clarifier. Doses for PAC and polymer increase
4/10/2017 9:00		6.5	0.23									per Operator's judgement. Large floc on surface on Clarifiers are not settling. Doses for PAC and polymer increased per
4/11/2017 9:00		8.1	0.29						98	44.0	54.92	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4, 11, 101, 5.00		0.2	O.L.S						50	74.0	34.32	Much larger Floc, Flows are down around 6.5MGD. Staff left PAC dose the same but reduced
4/12/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19						280	35.5	87.32	Polymer dose. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Still a very large Floc flows are down around 5 MGD, Floc is still staying on surface of Clarifiers
												and being pushed into the Scum. Tanks, PAC and poly reacting much different as the flows com
4/13/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19						377	40.7	89.20	down. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/14/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19						328	39.0	88.11	Flows Around 5 MGD, Floc is now smaller. City ran out of Sludge on 4/13/17 and still not much Sludge today. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/14/2017 5.00		0.1	0.13						320	33.0	30.11	Weekend Flows around 4 MGD, Clarifiers look ok but large clumps of Sludge forming in the
4/15/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19						297	54.0	81.82	Thickener. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												PAC and Polymer doses increased for final week of Pilot 1 per UEI recommendation. Sample
4/18/2017 9:00		27	0.23						216	28.5	86.81	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
. / /									200	24.5		4 FT of Black watery Sludge in Thickener, Not as many large clumps floating on surface. Sample
4/19/2017 9:00		27	0.23						200	24.5	87.75	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Light Grey Floc in Thickener, not really settling. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous
4/20/2017 9:00		27	0.31						191	23.5	87.70	24 hour period. Polymer dose increase per Operator's judgement.
720,202, 5100			0.02							25.5	G/I/G	Polymer dose decrease per Operator's judgement. Light Grey Floc in Thickener, not really
4/21/2017 9:00		27	0.19						350	27.0	92.29	settling. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/22/2017 9:00		27	0.19						270	28.0	89.63	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/23/2017 9:00		27	0.19						270	28.0	89.63	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/24/2017 7:00	PILOT 2	BEGUN WI	TH ARIES 25	2								
												Pilot 2 begun with Aries 252. Pilot started with doses similar to "low doses" used in Pilot 1.
.//												Sludge is still like black water it Pressing but very wet, Clarifiers look about the same Small pin
4/24/2017 7:00		8.6	0.19									Floc. Rain all day Flows between 8-16 MGD, Sludge became extremely thick which it usually does wit
4/25/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						295	63.0	78.64	high flows. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/25/2027 5100		0.0	0.25						233	03.0	70.04	Flows Around 7 MGD, Sludge is still very thick, Hard to tell how the 252 is working because of the
4/26/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						580	49.5	91.47	rain and High Flows. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											and the same of the same of	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows Around 7 MGD, Sludge
4/27/2017 0.00		0.5	0.10									still very thick, Hard to tell how the 252 is working because of the rain and High Flows. Sample
4/27/2017 9:00 4/28/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						518	70.0	86.49	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
		8.6							249	54.0	78.31	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/29/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						226	57.0	74.78	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge is still very thick. Sample collected
5/2/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						82	36.0	56.10	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge is still very thick. Sample collected
5/3/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						254	37.5	85.24	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge is still very thick. Sample collected a
5/4/2017 9:00	Service of the service of	8.6	0.19						182	45.0	75.27	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

Bold indicates a change in dose

		SCADA S	Set Doses	PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measu	ump Measured flow/dose		EAI Lab TSS Valu	ies .	
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC		Poly Pump					
	Flow	Setpoint	Setpoint	PAC pump	pump	PAC Dose	Flowrate	Poly Dose	Influent	Effluent		
Date/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	flow rate	(mg/L)	(ml/min)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
5/5/2017 9:	:00	8.6	0.19						233	48.0	79.40	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/6/2017 9:	:00	8.6	0.19						473	53.5	88.69	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
	a Charles					100 100 100						Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge has thined out but still able to be
5/9/2017 9:	:00	8.6	0.19						230	50.0	78.26	pressed. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge has thined out but still able to be
5/10/2017 9:	:00	8.6	0.19						202	55.0	72.77	pressed. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Cleaned Chlorine Contacts, Sludge on bottom was normal around 4", Sludge still very thin.
5/11/2017 9:		8.6	0.19						296	63.0	78.72	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/12/2017 9:		8.6	0.19						365	48.0	86.85	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/13/2017 9:	:00	8.6	0.19						283	70.0	75.27	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
F /4 C /2017 0	-00	0.6	0.10						303	25.0	00.12	Flows around 5.5 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have a lot floating on surface. Sample collected at
5/16/2017 9:	:00	8.6	0.19						303	36.0	88.12	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/17/2017 9:	-00	8.6	0.19						261	50.0	80.84	Flows around 5.5 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have a lot floating on surface. Sample collected a 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1//201/ 3.	.00	0.0	0.13						201	30.0	80.84	Flows around 5 MGD, Sludge Thinned out, Some pin floc in Contacts. Sample collected at 9:00 Air
5/18/2017 9:	:00	8.6	0.19						288	41.0	85.76	represents previous 24 hour period.
5/19/2017 9:		8.6	0.19						240	64.0	73.33	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/20/2017 9:		8.6	0.19						270	63.0	76.67	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/20/2017 5	.00	0.0	0.13						2,0	03.0	70.07	Went up on Pac Dose to 27mg/L, Floe around 4.5 MGD, Sludge thinned out. Sample collected at
5/23/2017 9:	:00	27	0.19						534	76.0	85.77	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
Victorial New York (St.												Went up on Pac Dose to 27mg/L, Floe around 4.5 MGD, Sludge thinned out. Sample collected at
5/24/2017 9:	:00	27	0.19						280	72.0	74.29	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Floc in Clarifiers staying on top not settling well, Thin Sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
5/25/2017 9:	:00:	27	0.19						345	66.7	80.68	represents previous 24 hour period.
5/26/2017 9:	:00:	27	0.19						636	68.0	89.31	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Weekend High flows due to Rain Pac and Poly in Manual Pace lots of sludge floating in Clarifiers.
5/27/2017 9:	:00	27	0.19						263	47.0	82.13	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Thickener is now starting to show the grey Floc across the top and not settling well. Sample
5/31/2017 9	:00	27	0.19						310	39.0	87.42	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/1/2017 9:	.00	27	0.19						456	50.0	00.04	Thickener showing more suspended solids, Sludge is getting thin, Flows around 4.5 MGD. Sample
6/2/2017 9		27 27	0.19						278	73.0	89.04 73.74	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/3/2017 9		27	0.19						292.7	70.0	76.08	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/5/2017 9	:00 PILOT 3	BEGUN WI	TH ARIES 20	76								Started using Ferric at 8.6 mg\L Poly at 0.19 mg\L.
6/6/2017 9		8.6	0.19						378	74.0	80.42	Flows around 4.9 MGD, Large Floc in Clarifiers but still settling ok. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
0/0/2017 9.	.00	0.0	0.13						378	74.0	00.42	represents previous 24 hour period. Flows around 4.9 MGD, Large Floc in Clarifiers but still settling ok. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
6/7/2017 9	-00	8.6	0.19						406	76.0	81.28	represents previous 24 hour period.
0,7,2027 5		0.0	0.20				Market and the second		100	70.0	CLIEG	represents previous 24 hour period.
												Not Sure what happened on this day numbers are way off. EA determined two bottle values wer
6/8/2017 9:	:00:	8.6	0.19						272	71.0	73.90	swapped due to mis-labeling. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/9/2017 9	:00	8.6	0.19		Exertises.				115	60.0	47.83	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/10/2017 9:	:00:	8.6	0.19		vermi) (Single	No feel Walling			328	67.0	79.57	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows are down around 3 MGD, Seeing the Influent solids Concentration going up. Sample
6/13/2017 9	:00:	8.6	0.19						420	68.6	83.67	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows are down around 3 MGD, Seeing the Influent solids Concentration going up, Lots of solids
6/14/2017 9	:00	8.6	0.19						326	82.0	74.85	floating on Clarifiers. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Clauses demonstrated 2 MCD Code at 1-20
6/15/2017 9	.00	0.6	0.19						254	72.5	70.54	Flows are down around 3 MGD, Seeing the Influent solids Concentration going up, Lots of solids
		8.6	0.19						354 362	72.5	79.54	floating on Clarifiers. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/16/2017 9		8.6								86.0	76.24	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/17/2017 9	1:00	8.6	0.19						286	90.0	68.53	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 3.5 MGD, Not settling well in Clarifiers, Under normal operation I would make Poly
6/20/2017 9	-00	8.6	0.19						352	72.0	79.55	
0/20/201/ 9		0.0	0,13					the transfer of the last two transfers to the	332	14.0	15.55	adjustments to dial it in. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

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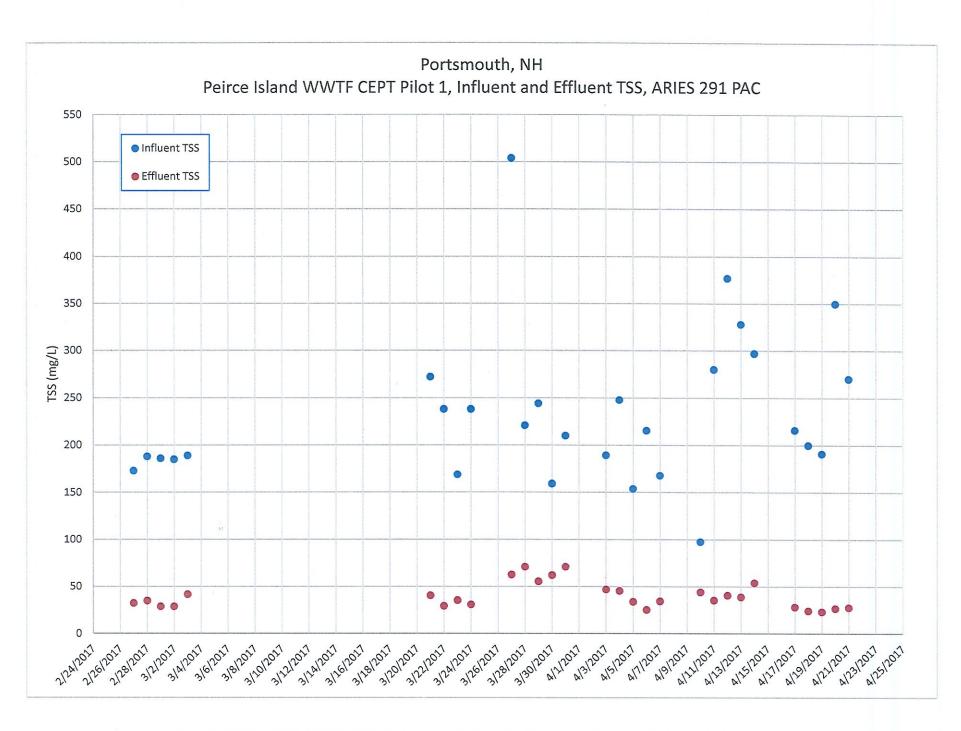
			et Doses	PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measu	red flow/dose	E	Al Lab TSS Valu	ues	
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC		Poly Pump					
	Flow	Setpoint	Setpoint	PAC pump	pump	PAC Dose	Flowrate	Poly Dose	Influent	Effluent		
Date/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	flow rate	(mg/L)	(ml/min)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
												Flows around 3.5 MGD, Not settling well in Clarifiers, Under normal operation I would make Poly
6/21/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						360	66.0	81.67	adjustments to dial it in. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period,
			REPORT			The second						More consistent sludge back on Ferric, Pressing much better on Ferric. Sample collected at 9:00
6/22/2017 9:00		8,6	0.19						362.5	76.0	79.03	AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/23/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						404	74.7	81.52	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/24/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						320	75.0	76.56	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 2.8 MGD, Mechanic ST has been switching between Main and By-Pass Pumps leaving lots of rags and floating solids in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents
6/27/2017 9:00		8,6	0.19						503	82.0	83.71	previous 24 hour period.
0,21,202, 5100		0.0	0,125							OLIC	03.71	Flows around 2.8 MGD, Mechanic ST has been switching between Main and By-Pass Pumps
												leaving lots of rags and floating solids in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents
6/28/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						578	90.0	84.43	previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 2.8 MGD, Mechanic ST has been switching between Main and By-Pass Pumps
6/29/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						370	62.7	83.06	leaving lots of rags and floating solids in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/30/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						371	55.0	85.18	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/1/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						403	62.7	84.45	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY-
7/6/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						296	56.0	81.08	Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY-
7/7/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						223	57.0	74.42	Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/8/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						474	60.0	87.34	Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY- Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
77072027 5.00		27.0	0.13							00.0	07.54	Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY-
7/11/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						343	64.0	81.31	Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY-
7/12/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						377	76.3	79.76	Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/13/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						330	52.9	83.98	Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY- Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/14/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						454	73.0	83.93	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/15/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						272	65.0	76.10	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Started making adjustments to Ferric and Poly trying to fine tune it, Flows around 2.8 MGD, Still
7/17/2017 9:00	Aries 20	76 Operato	r Optimized	started								lots of thick sludge
												Constant analysis and transport as Fourier at Bullion in a first transport to the constant and
7/18/2017 9:00		32.0	0.29						393	66.7	83.05	Started making adjustments to Ferric and Poly trying to fine tune it, Flows around 2.8 MGD, Still lots of thick sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											03.03	Clarifiers are black till afternoon hard to see what Floc looks like, still have thick sludge pressing
7/19/2017 9:00		37.0	0.39						360	62.0	82.78	very well. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Clarifiers are black till afternoon hard to see what Floc looks like, still have thick sludge pressing
7/20/2017 9:00		40.0	0.49						290	64.3	77.83	very well. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows still low around 2.8 MGD, Mech st by pass pump on, lot's of rags and floating solids in
7/21/2017 9:00		42.0	0.58						314	60.0	80.91	Clariflers, Thick sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/22/2017 9:00		42.0	0.58						374	58.6	84.33	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Rain Flows around 5 MGD, High Influent and Effluent #s due to rain but % removal was still good.
7/25/2017 9:00		32.0	0.48						610	71.7	88.25	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/25/2017 0-00		22.0	0.20						250	63.0	00.00	Construction Problems with Ferric Tanks and pumps clogging all day never got the correct dose.
7/26/2017 9:00		32.0	0.29						350	62.0	82.29	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows around 2.8 MGD, Black Clarifiers till afternoon, Thick Sludge Pressing very well. Sample
7/27/2017 9:00		45.0	0.58						374	78.0	79.14	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 2.8 MGD, Black Clarifiers till afternoon, Thick Sludge Pressing very well. Sample
7/28/2017 9:00		45.0	0.58						370	58.0	84.32	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/20/2047 6 22		45.0	0.00							000		Flows around 2.8 MGD, Black Clarifiers till afternoon, Thick Sludge Pressing very well. Sample
7/29/2017 9:00		45.0	0.58						360	86.0	76.11	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Problems with Ferric system getting plugged again, Not sure how many hours it was plugged
8/1/2017 9:00		43.0	0.68						325	62.0	80.92	Happened overnight. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

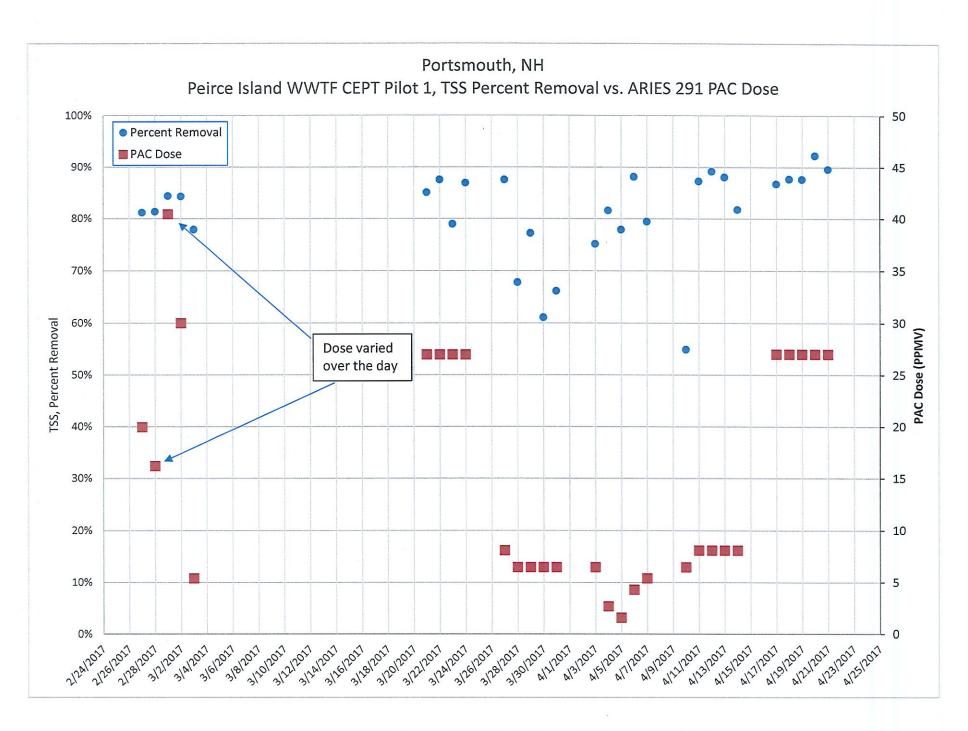
Bold indicates a change in dose

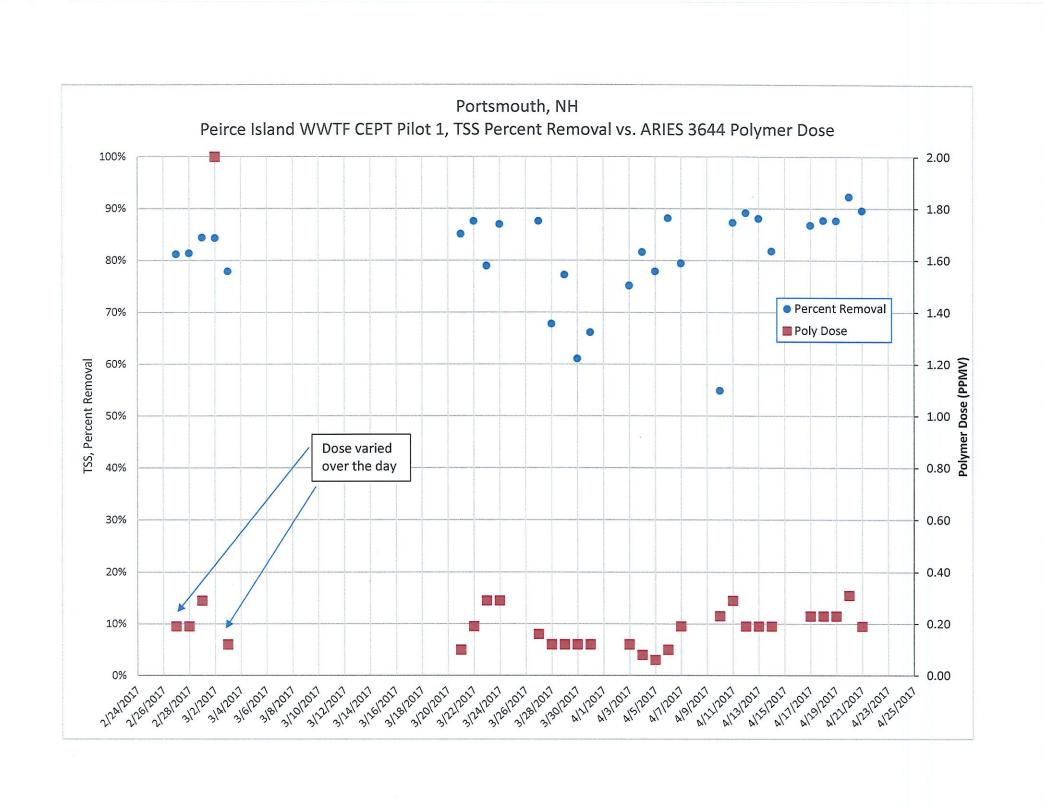
			Set Doses	PAC Pun		d flow/dose	Poly Pump Mea:	sured flow/dose	į.	Al Lab TSS Valu	ues	
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC		Poly Pump					
Date/Time	Flow (MGD)	Setpoint (mg/L)	Setpoint (mg/L)	PAC pum RPM	p pump flow rate	PAC Dose	Flowrate (ml/min)	Poly Dose (mg/L)	Influent (mg/L)	Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
8/2/2017 9:00		43.0	0.58						294	76.3	74,06	Still having problems with Ferric strainer plugging, Ordered larger mesh strainer to help with the problem, Thick Sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/3/2017 9:00		43.0	0.58						284	61.7	78.29	Still having problems with Ferric strainer plugging, Ordered larger mesh strainer to help with the problem, Thick Sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/4/2017 9:00		43.0	0.58						252	80.0	68.25	Problems with Ferric are getting better the Y strainer isn't getting plugged up as fast. Sample
8/5/2017 9:00		43.0	0.58						356	62.0	82.58	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
0/3/201/ 9.00		45.0	0.36						330	62.0	82.38	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Had to clean remainder of Ferric from Bulk Tank into grit chambers so tank could be removed,
8/8/2017 9:00		43.0	0.58						355	66.0	91.41	May have messed with the numbers. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/8/2017 9:00		45.0	0.58						333	55.0	81.41	Had to clean remainder of Ferric from Bulk Tank into grit chambers so tank could be removed,
												May have messed with the numbers. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour
8/9/2017 9:00		43.0	0.58						406	64.6	84.09	period.
												Increased Ferric and Poly trying to back on track after all the problems with the Ferric Tanks.
8/10/2017 9:00)	52.0	0.58						314	61.5	80.43	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/11/2017 9:00)	52.0	0.58						288	66.0	77.08	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/12/2017 9:00)	52.0	0.58						274	64.7	76.38	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Construction Problems with Ferric Tanks and pumps clogging all day never got the correct dose.
8/15/2017 9:00)	43.0	0.58						353	128.0	63.77	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Construction Problems with Ferric Tanks and pumps clogging all day never got the correct dose.
8/16/2017 9:00		43.0	0.68	The second					560	83.8	85.04	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
0/47/2047 0 00			0.00									Rain Flows around 5 MGD, High Influent and Effluent #s due to rain but % removal was still good.
8/17/2017 9:00		0.0	0.00	2					450	78.0	82.67	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/18/2017 9:00	The second second second	0.0	0.00						388	59.2	84.72	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/19/2017 9:00)	0.0	0.00						0	0.0	#DIV/0!	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/23/2017 9:00	Pilot 2A	BEGAN WI	TH ARIES 25	52								Heavy Rain overnight made for high Influent and Effluent TSS, Thick Sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 4 MGD due to rain the night before, First full 24 hours of PAC 252, Clarifiers still
8/23/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						624	101.0	83.81	black till afternoon. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 2.9 MGD Influent has cleared up after the rain not coming in black right now,
8/24/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						278	84.0	69.78	Sludge is ok just a little thin. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/25/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						183	71.0	61.14	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Thick Foam and Sludge floating on surface of thickener not sure why, Sludge starting to get thin.
8/26/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						183.1	87.0	52.48	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/29/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						241.3	84.0	65.19	Flows around 2.8 MGD, Very thin Sludge and not much of it Thickener only at 1.5 FT.
0 /00 /00 = 0												Sludge is very watery Thickener showing less than a foot, Yesterdays sludge can was only 5 ton.
8/30/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						260.0	95.0	63.46	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/31/2017 9:00	,	8.6	0.19						298.0	93.0	68.79	Ran out of sludge, Coming into the holding tanks like Gray Water. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/1/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						300.0	97.0	67.67	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/2/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						306.0	94.0	69.28	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/2/2017 3.00		8.0	0.13						300.0	34.0	03.20	Sludge thickened up over the weekend, TSS still high with low % removal. Flows around 2.6 MGD,
												Not settling well only 43% removal. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour
9/5/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						216.0	65.0	69.91	period.
												Heavy Rain on and off, Sludge looks ok about 2' in Thickener. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
9/6/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						165.0	82.0	50.30	represents previous 24 hour period.
												Day after some rain, Sludge thickened up a little bit, The Fournier Press hasn't been running
0/7/2007												great the pressure keeps jumping around. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24
9/7/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						308.3	66.0	78.59	hour period.
9/8/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						160.0	69.2	56.73	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/9/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19		A10 (196)				181.0	60.0	66.85	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Running on one Clarifier (starting on 9/11), Sludge is thin and watery. Flows around 2.7 MGD,
9/12/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						200.0	92.0	50.00	Sludge is very thin having a hard time getting enough Sludge to press before it turns into water.
3/12/2017 9:00	A THE PARTY OF	27.0	0.19						200.0	82.0	59.00	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

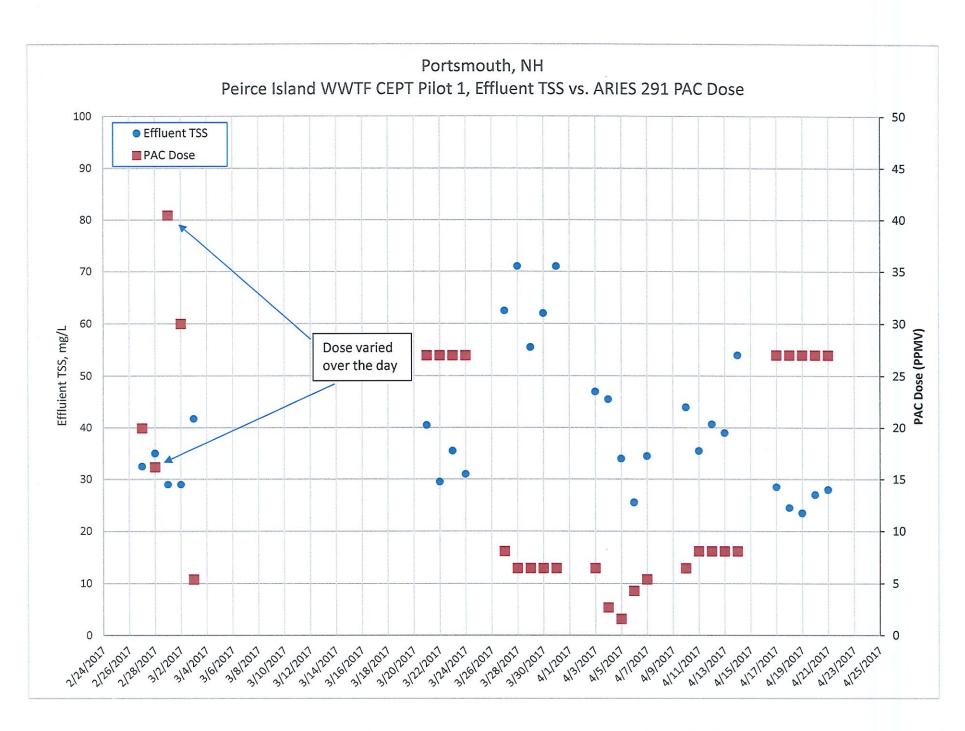
Bold indicates a change in dose

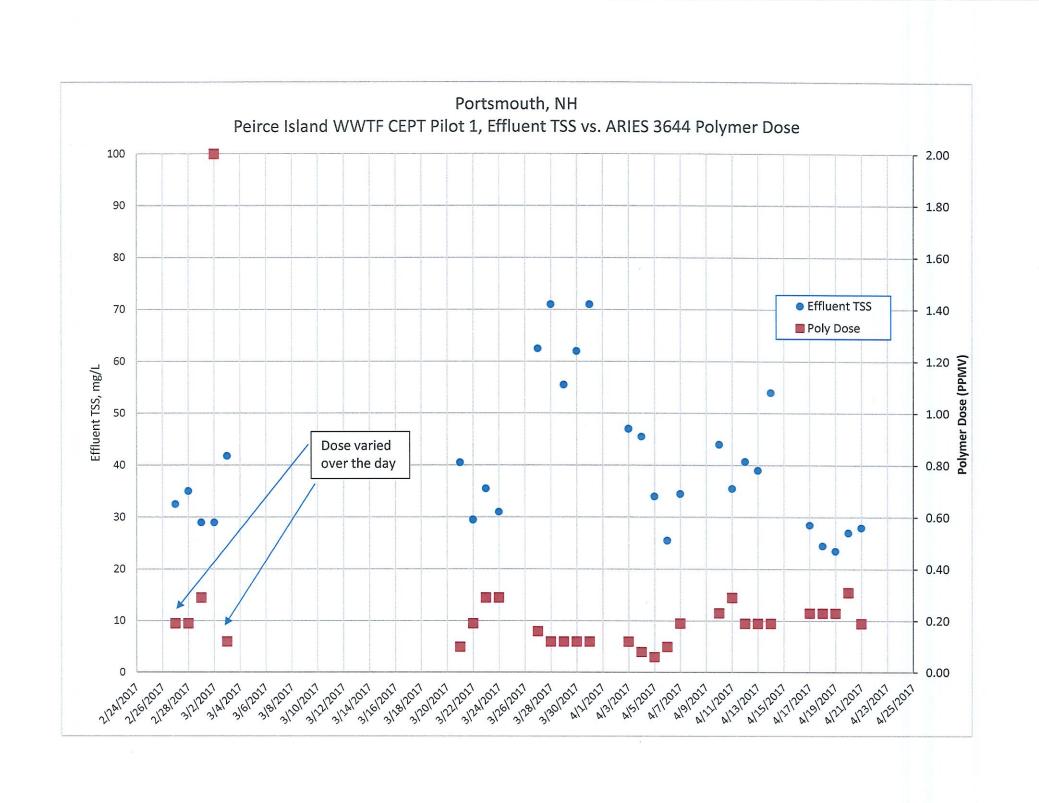
		SCADA S	et Doses	PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measu	red flow/dose	E	Al Lab TSS Valu	ies	
	D-Box Flow	PAC Setpoint	Poly Setpoint	PAC pump	PAC pump	PAC Dose	Poly Pump Flowrate	Poly Dose	Influent	Effluent		
Date/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	flow rate	(mg/L)	(ml/min)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
												Flows around 2.7 MGD, Sludge is very thin having a hard time getting enough Sludge to press
9/13/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						268.0	78.0	70.90	before it turns into water. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Sludge is very thin, Ran out of Sludge Thursday around noon had to shut down the press and wait
												till Friday AM to fill sludge can. Clarifier #1 back online. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents
9/14/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						336.0	80.0	76.19	previous 24 hour period.
9/15/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						209.0	68.0	67.46	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/16/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						207.0	60.7	70.69	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Thick Sludge Monday morning only lasted to about 12:30 then right to water had to shut pumps
												off. Running Clarifier #2 only, Ran out of Sludge around 10:00 had to shut the press down.
9/19/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						259.7	61.0	76.51	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Running Clarifier #2 only, Ran out of Sludge around 10:00 had to shut the press down. Sample
9/20/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						347.7	69.8	79.93	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/21/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						251.6	74.0	70.59	Last day of Pilot Testing. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/22/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						318.0	110.0	65.41	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/23/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19						233.3	73.0	68.71	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period,

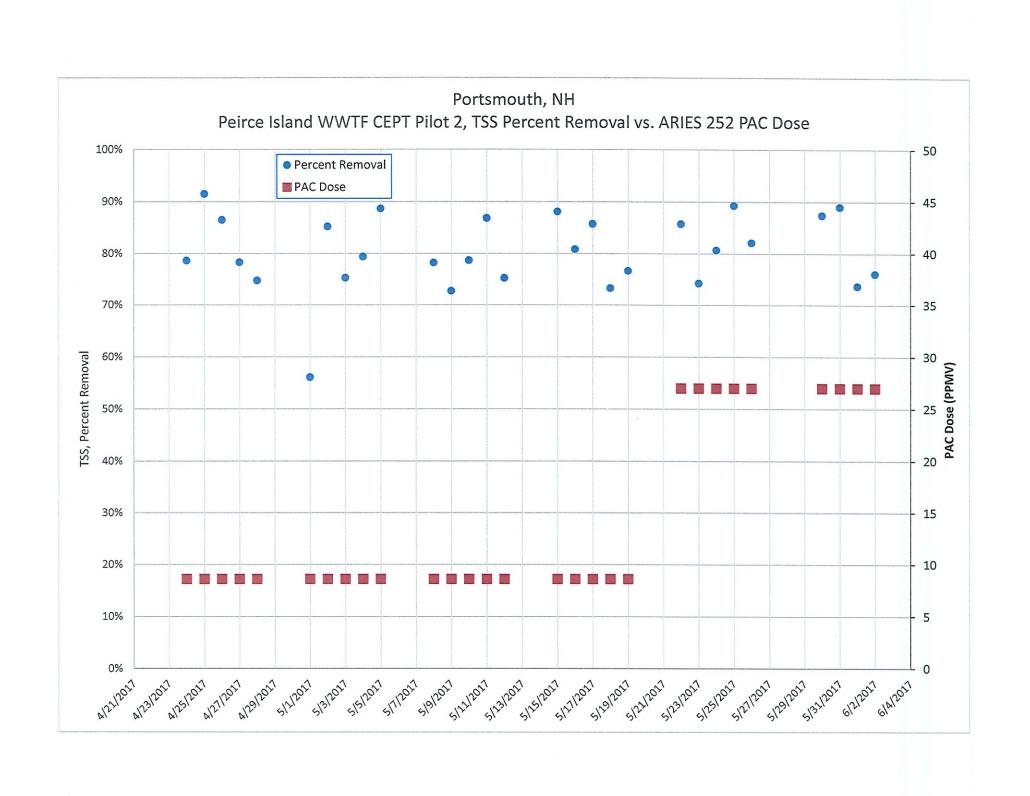


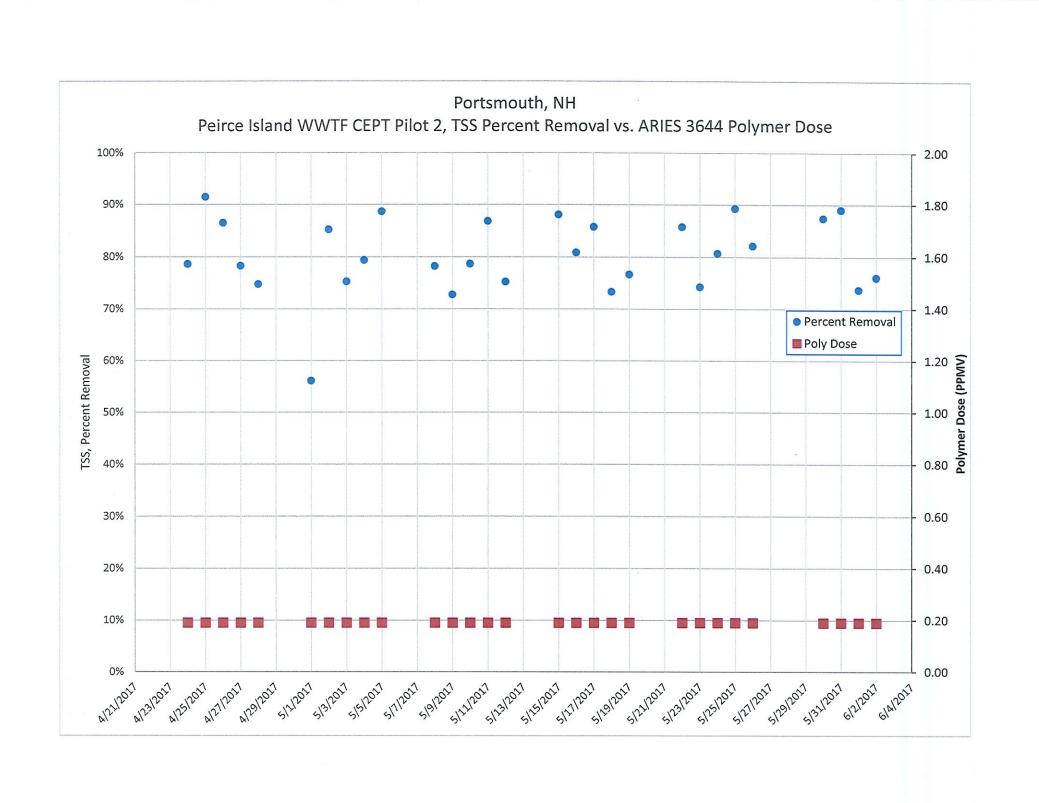


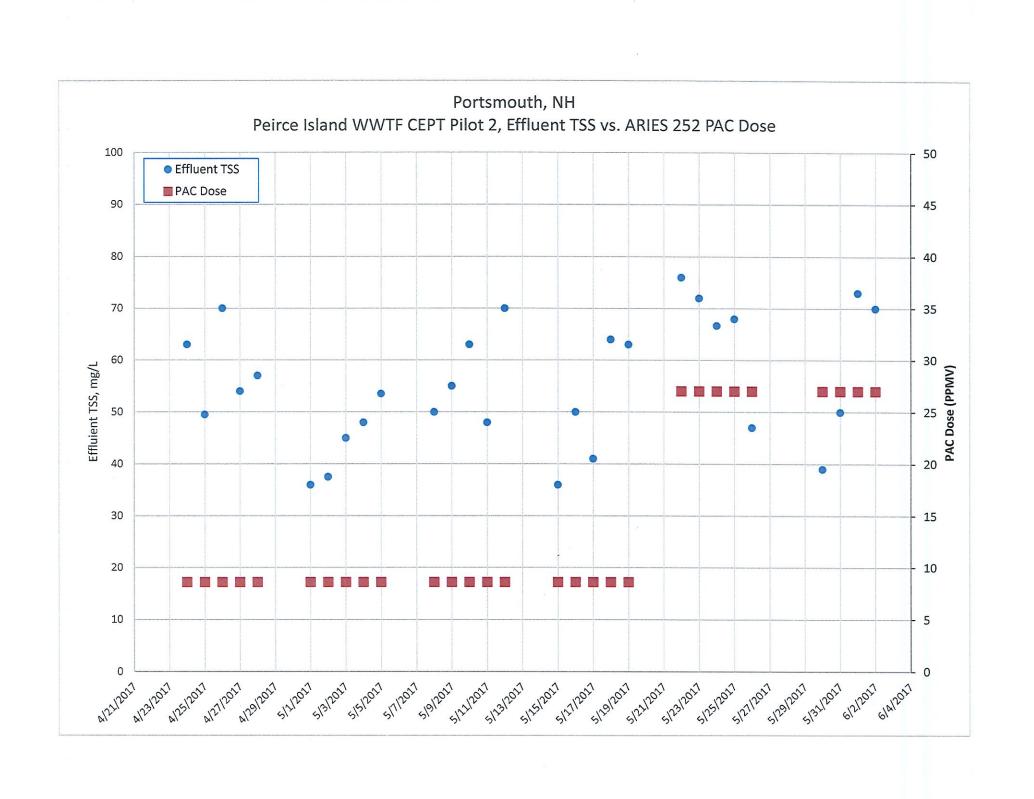


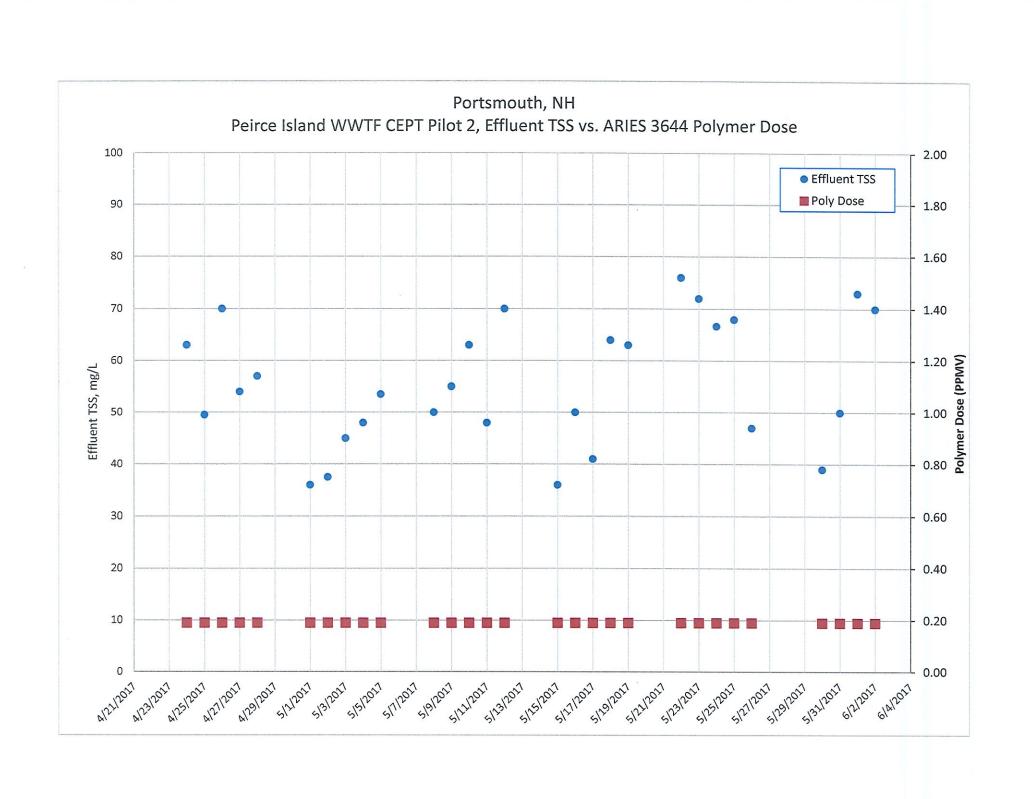


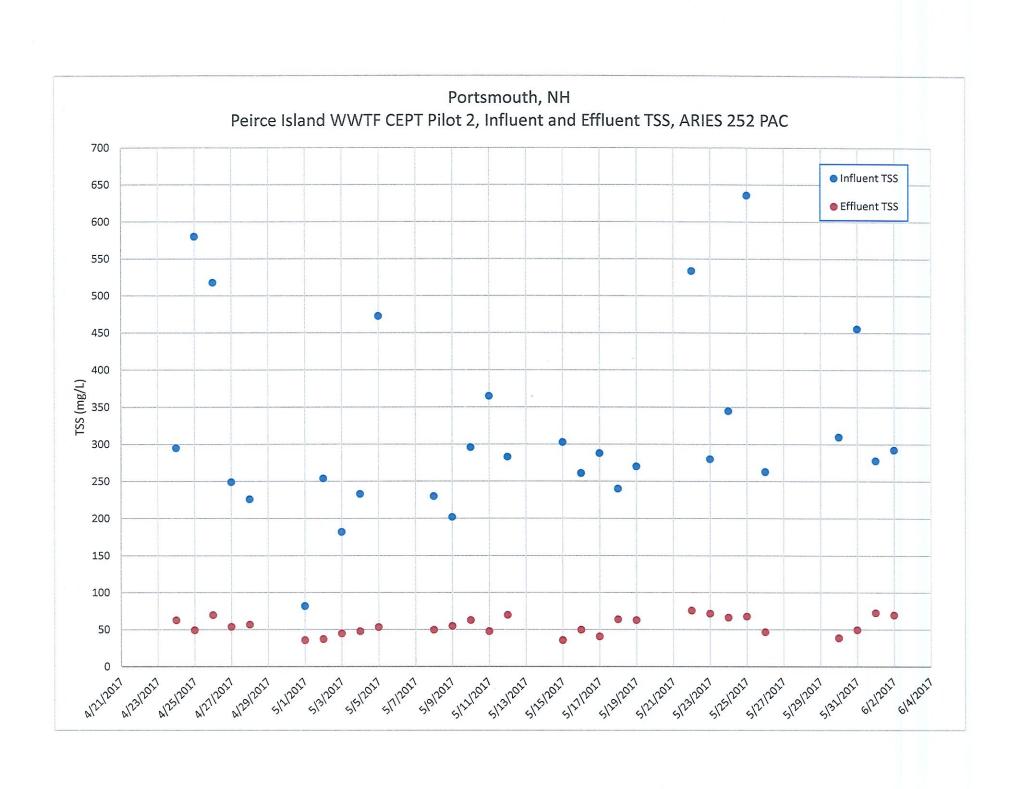


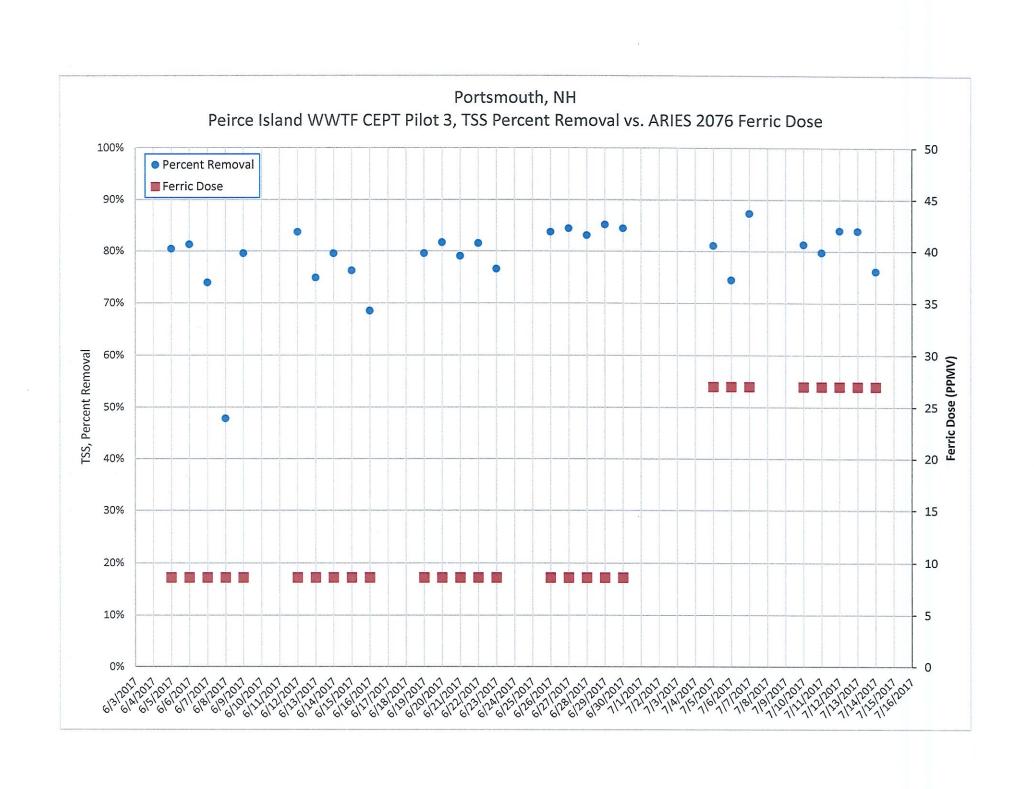


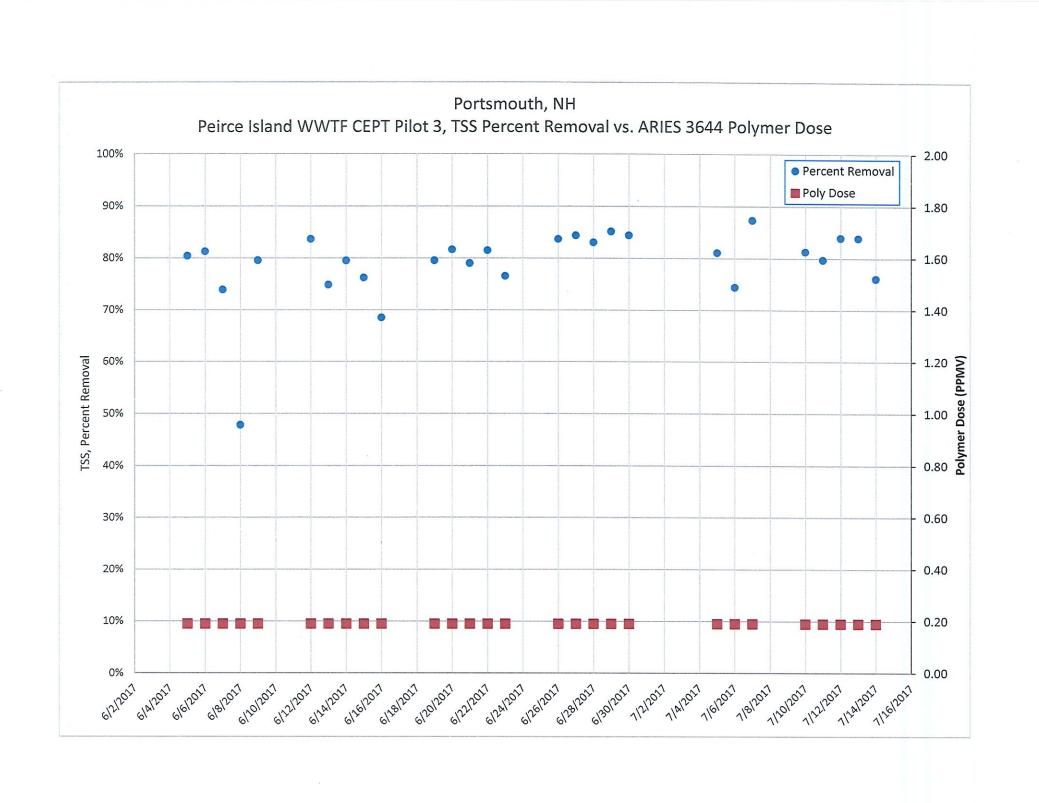


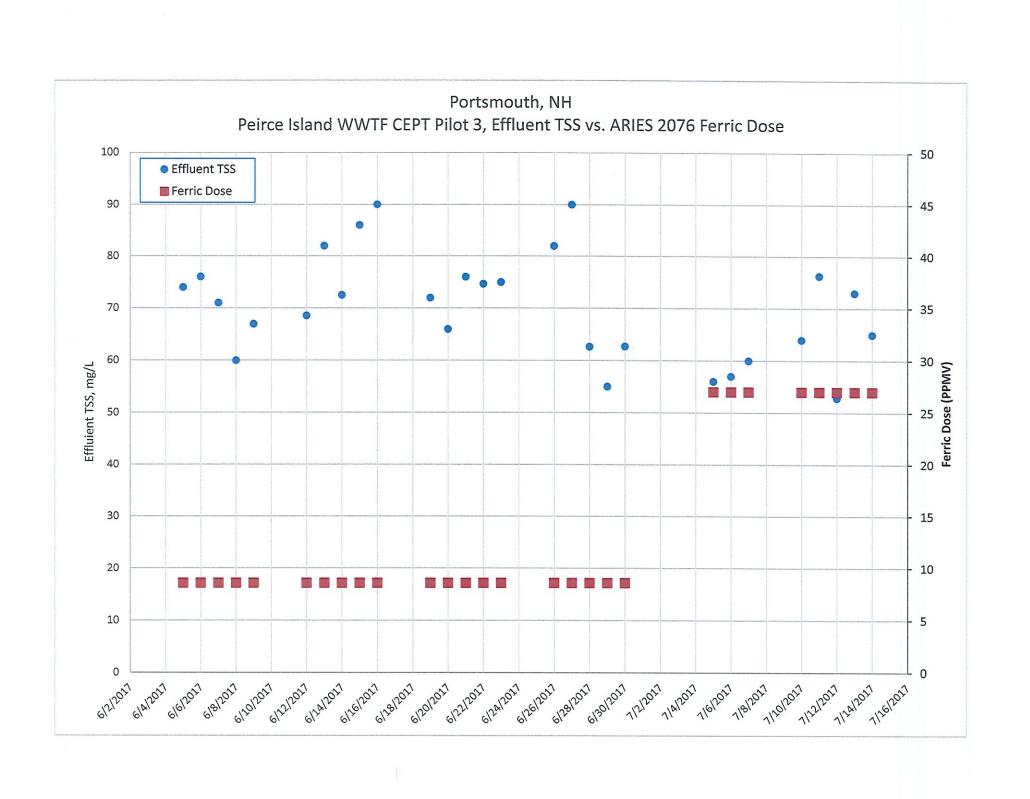


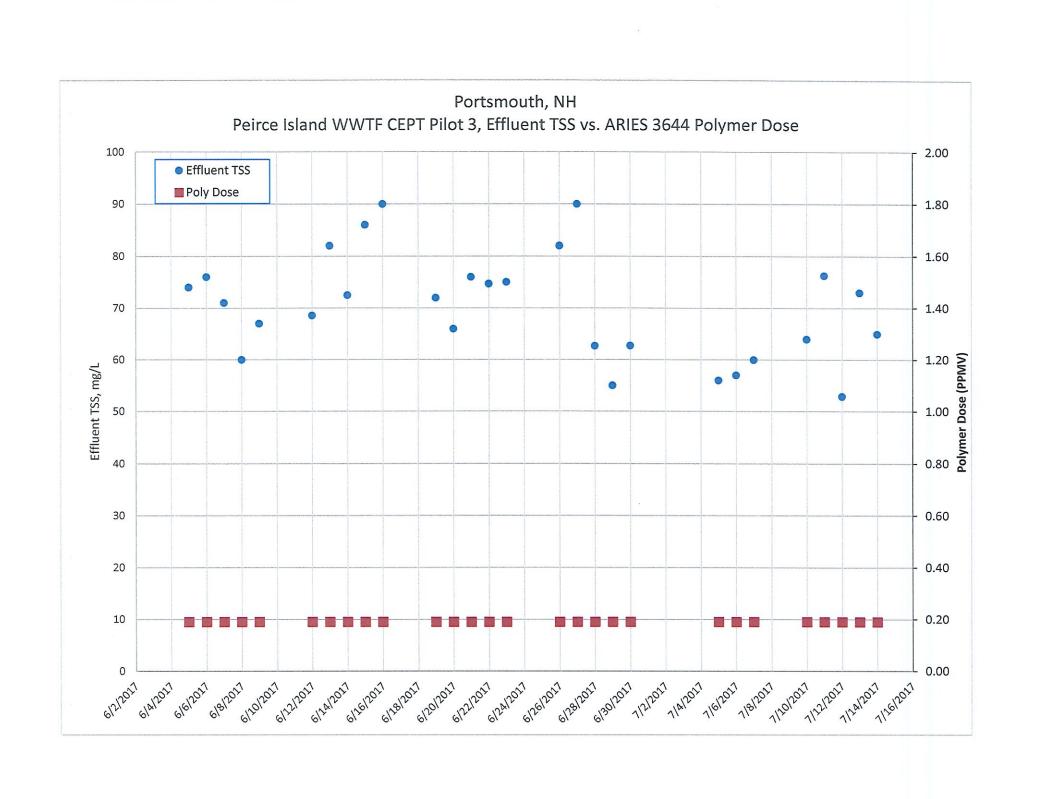


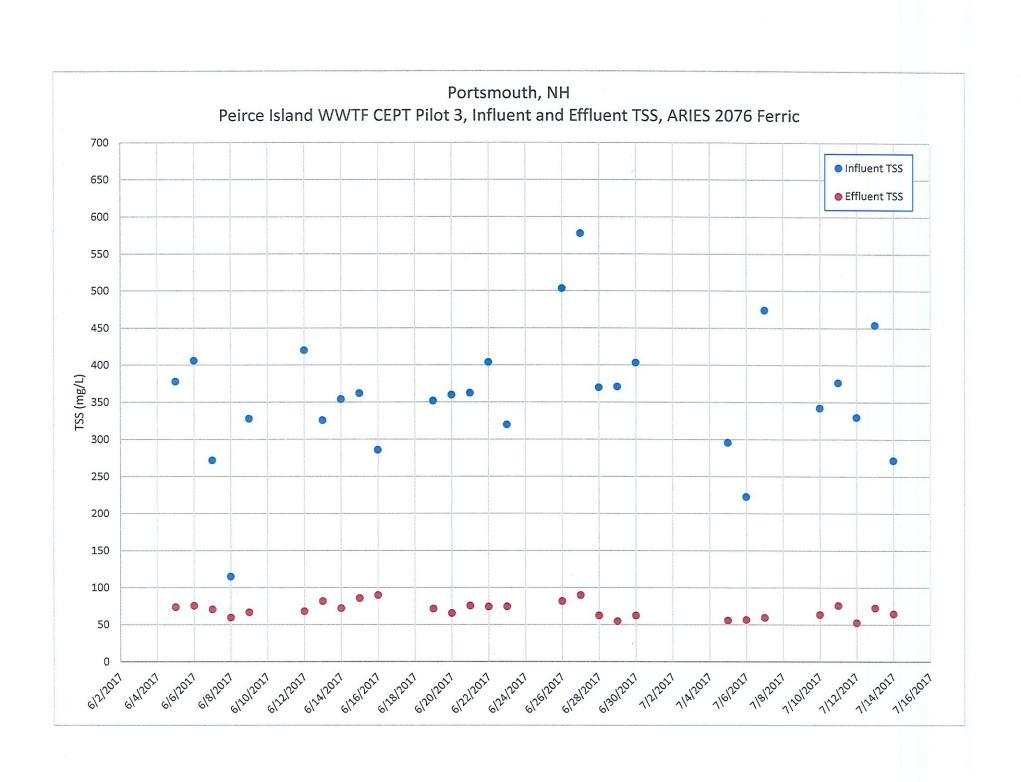


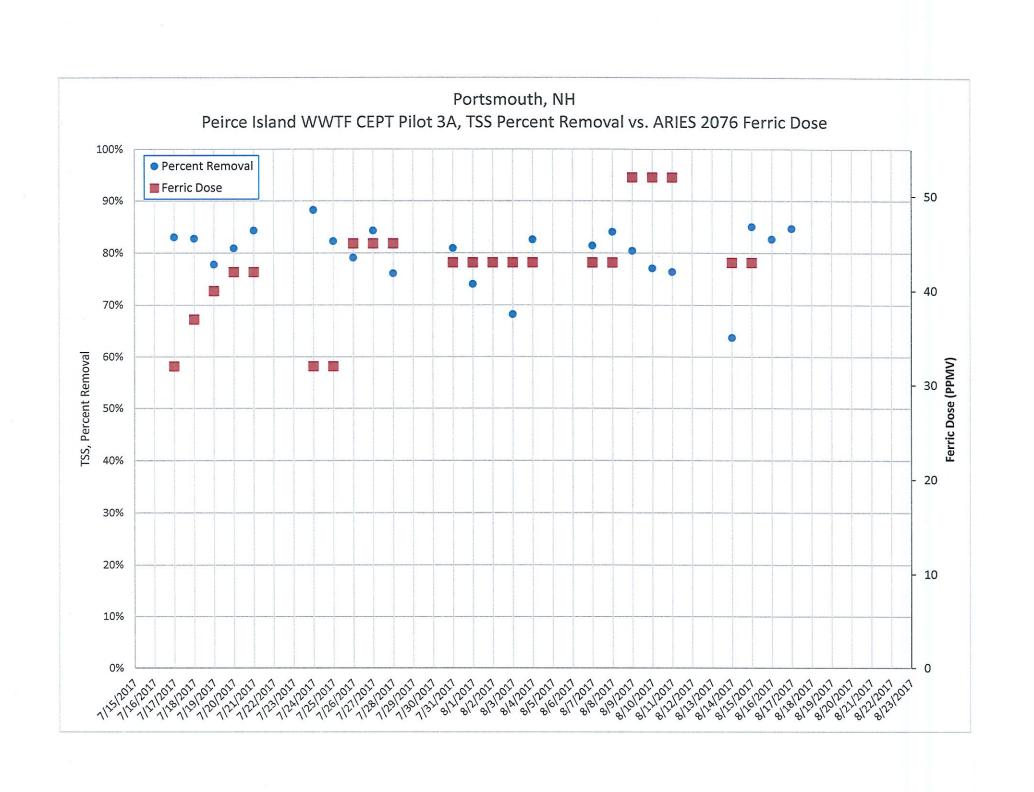


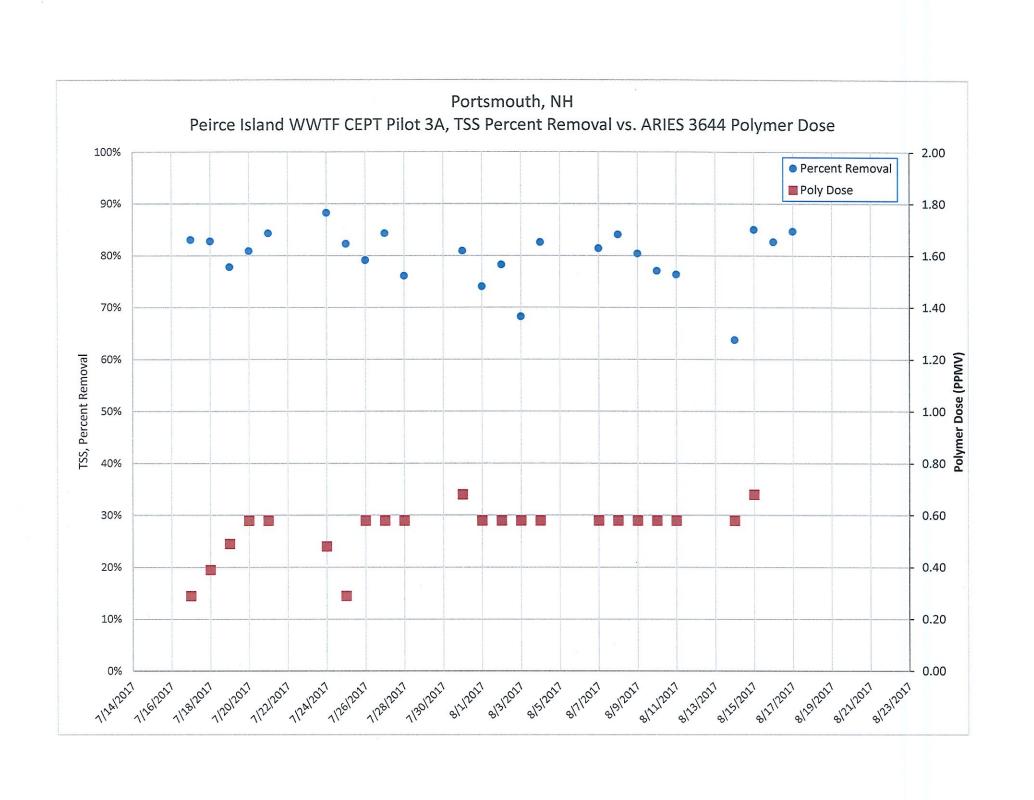


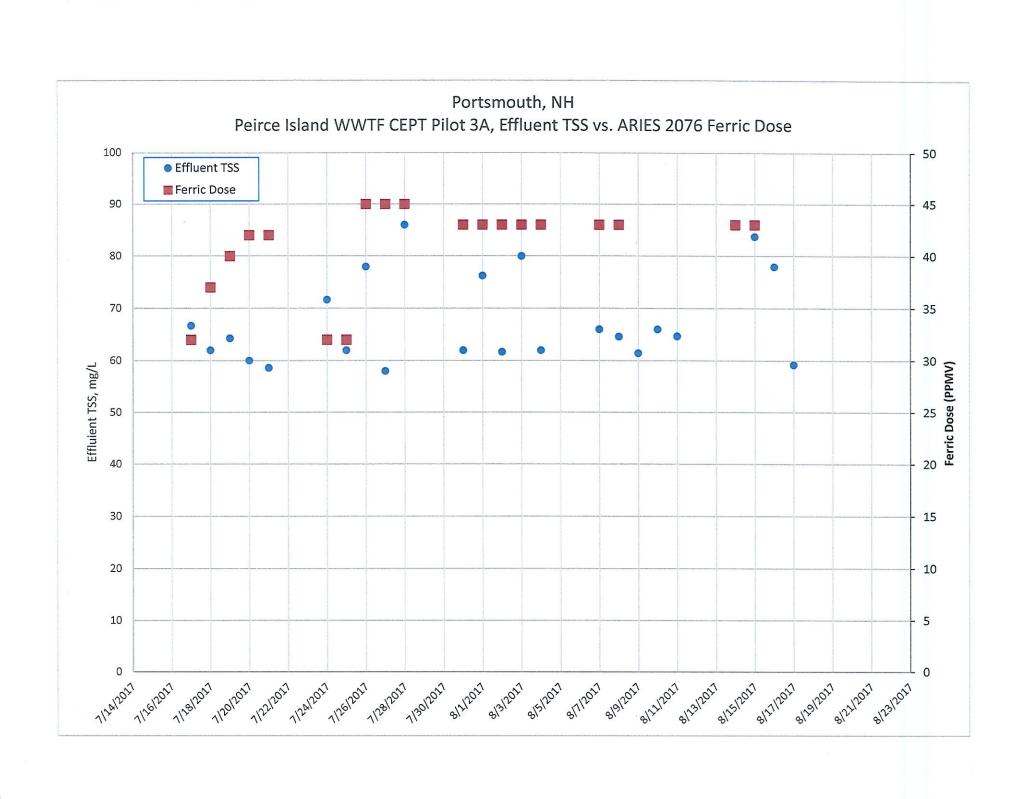


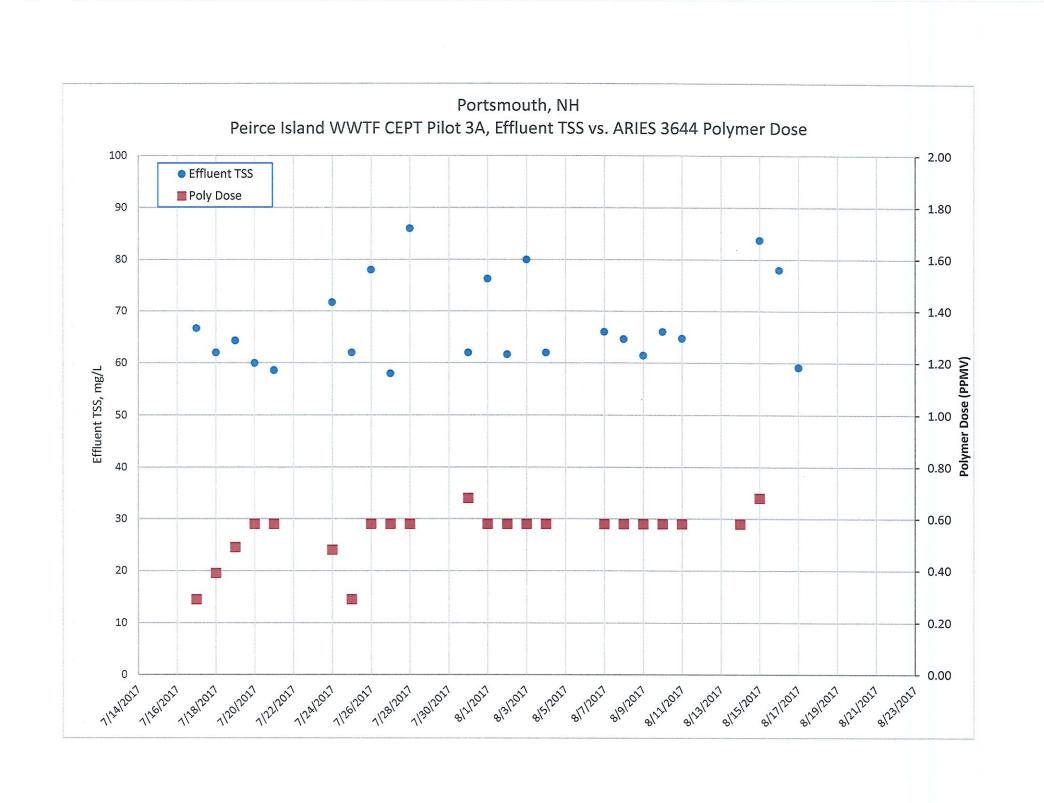


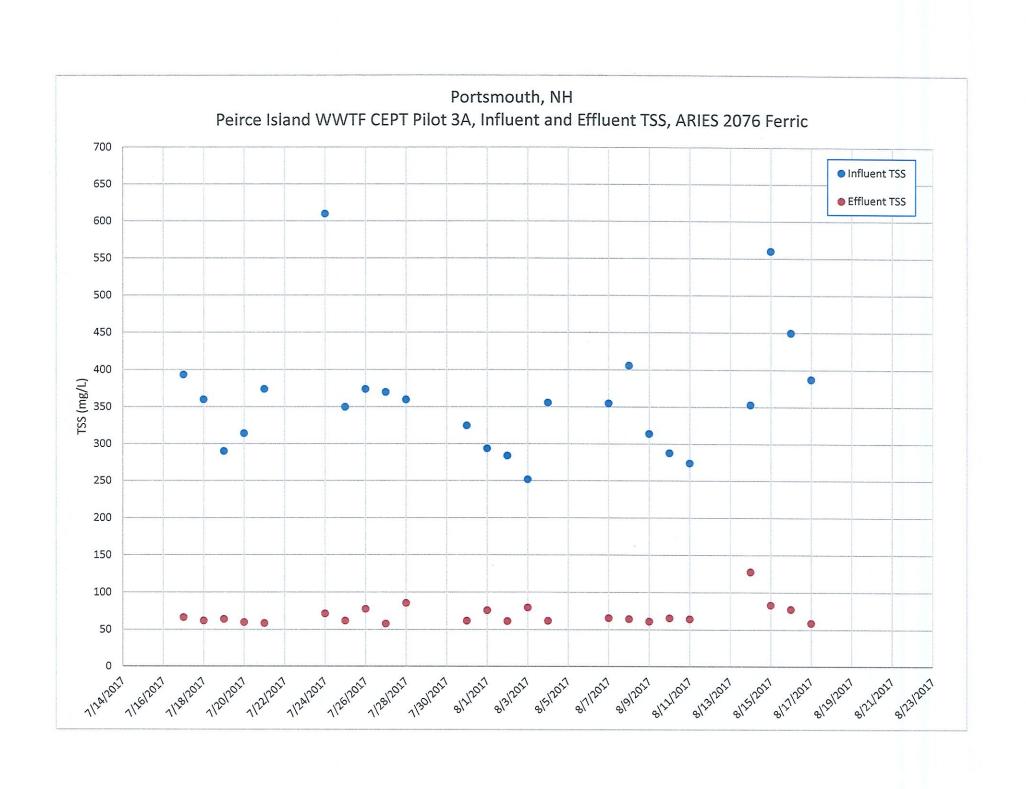


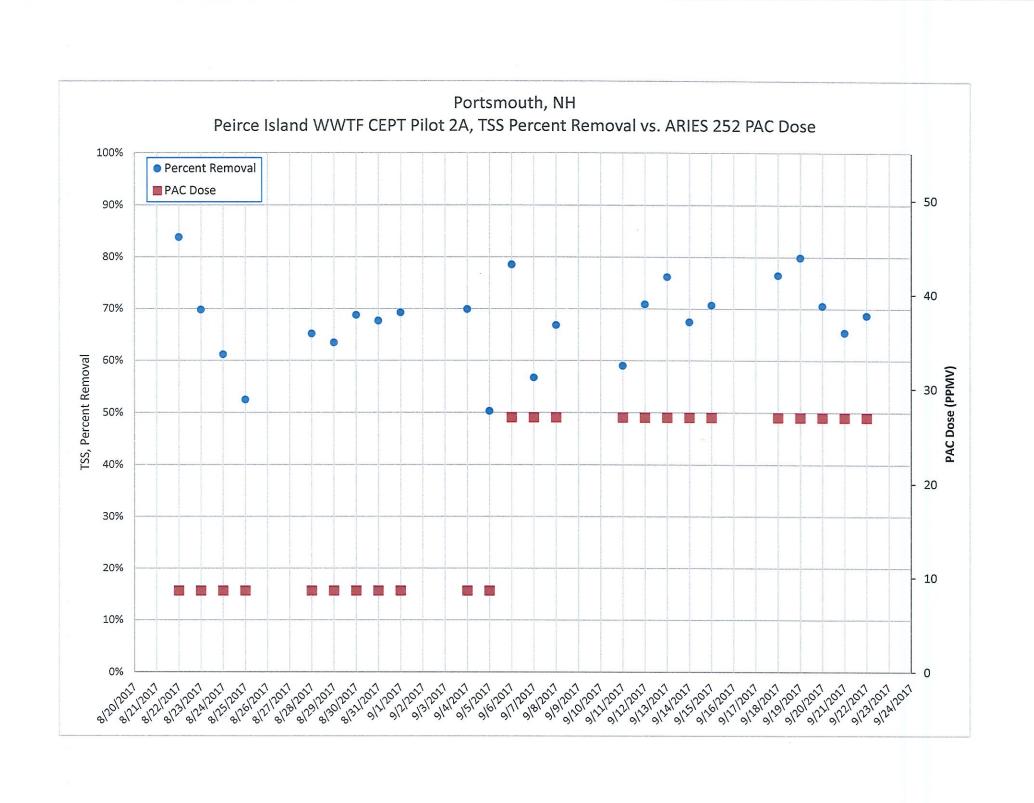


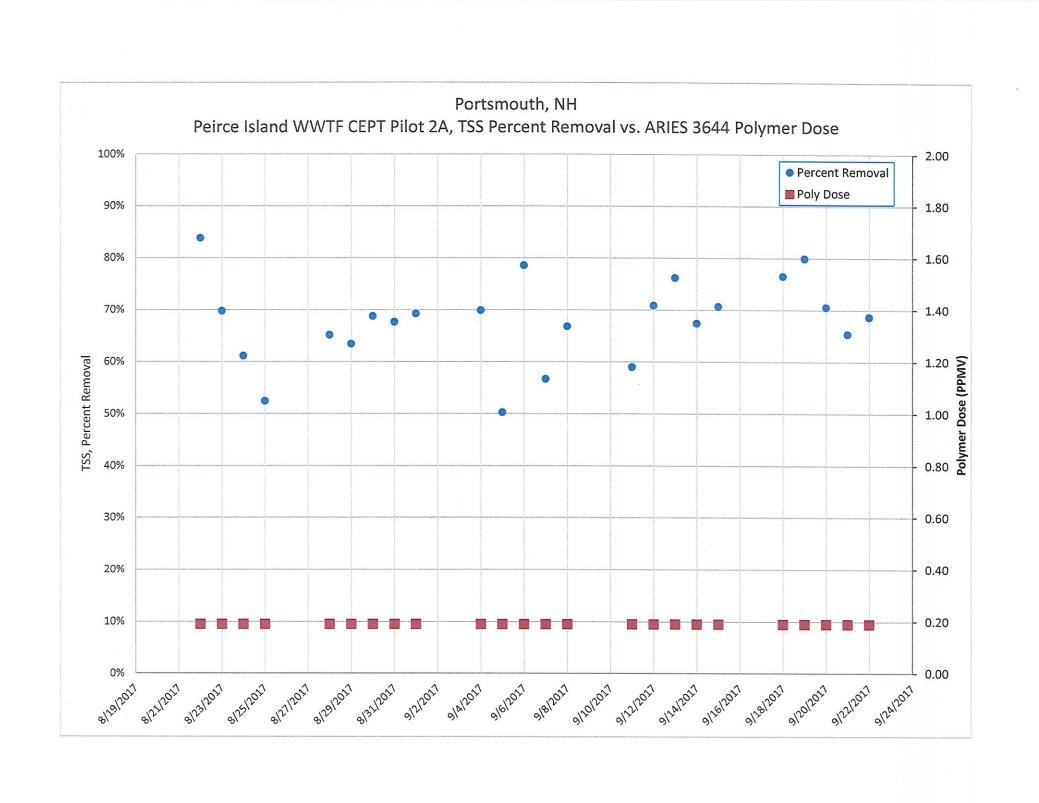


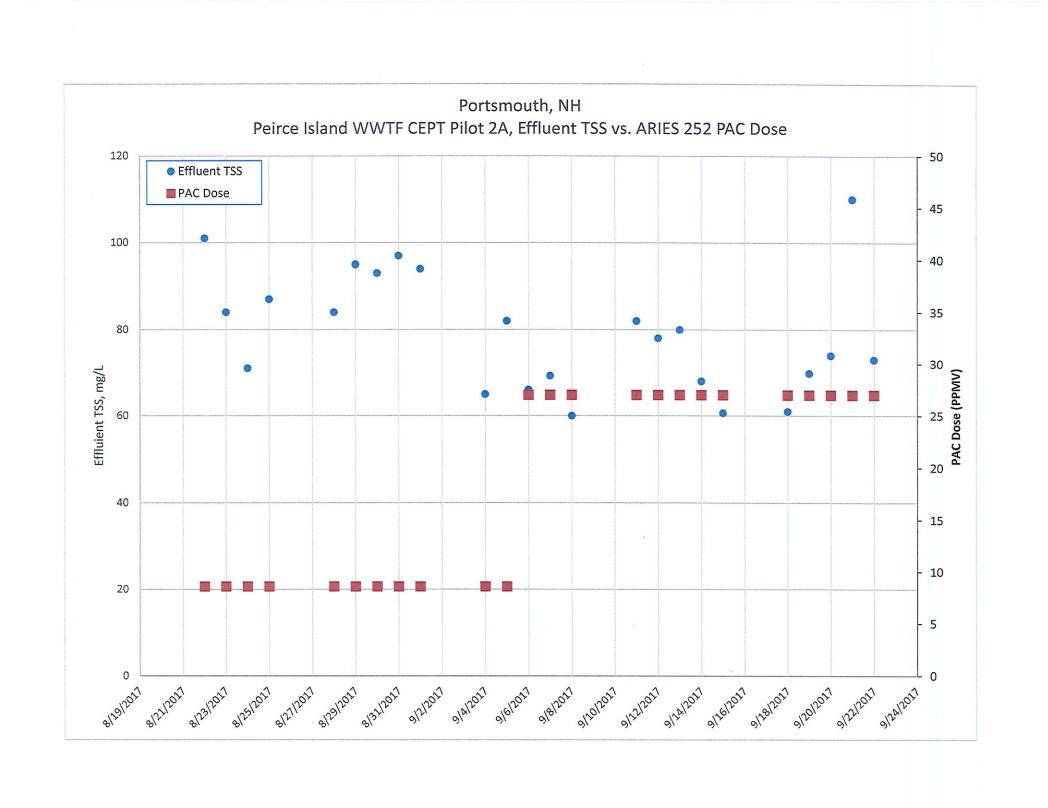


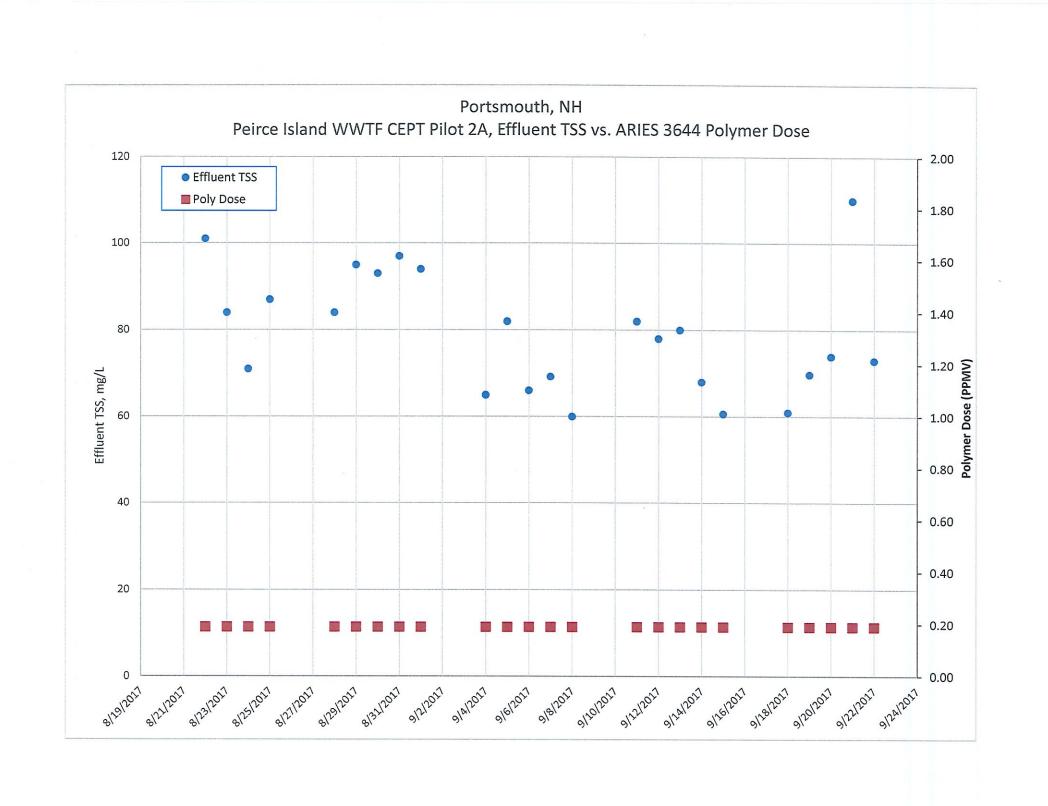


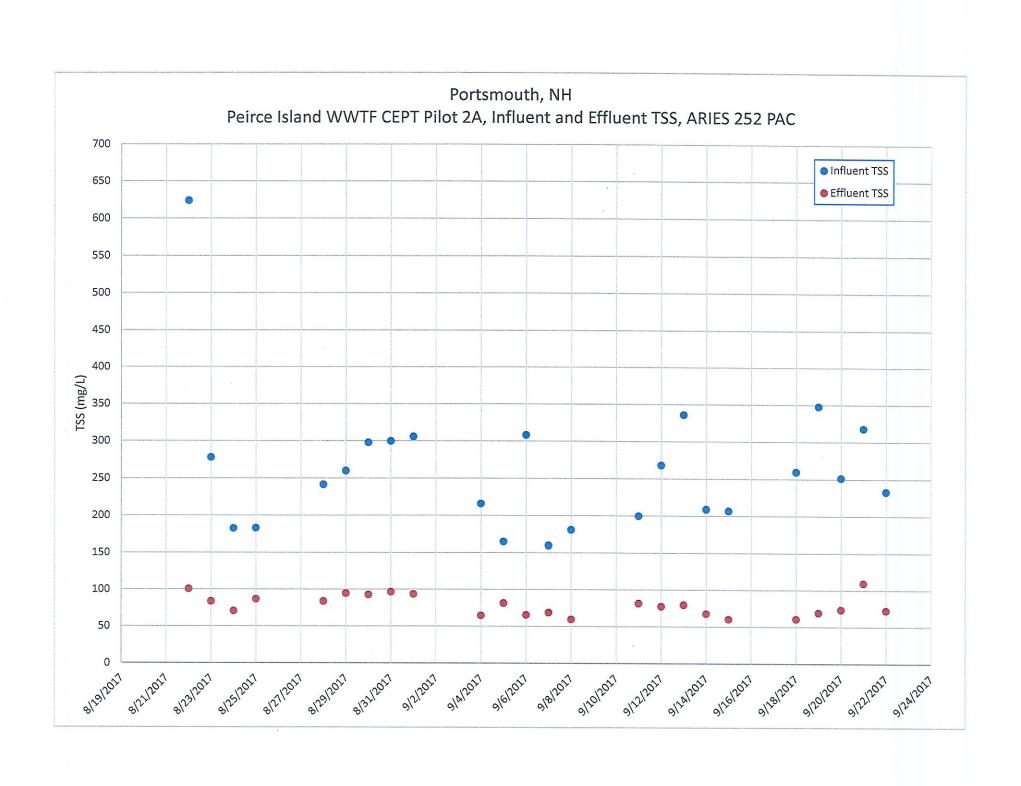












Pilot Testing Kickoff Meeting NOTES February 8, 2017 at 2:00 PM

ATTENDEES

•	Don Song	City of Portsmouth
•	Timothy Babkirk	City of Portsmouth
•	Kathy Sanborn	City of Portsmouth
•	Steve Clifton	Underwood Engineers
•	David Mercier	Underwood Engineers
•	Ransom Horner-Richardson	Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

- Completed Work Plan to submit to NHDES & EPA
- Performed additional jar testing on top 4 coagulants with 4 different polymers (see attached). The positions changed from last testing with the previous #4 (Aries 291) becoming showing similar or better performance to the existing coagulant and the previous #3 (Aries 245) showing significantly poorer performance. UE proposes to test Aries 2076, Aries 291, and Aries 252 based on most recent testing results. All coagulants should be paired with the existing polymer.
- Begun working with Mike Merrill to revise SCADA control for coagulant and polymer dosing pumps to allow better control during pilot.

Work Planned for the Next Month:

- Implement SCADA changes for control of the coagulant and polymer dosing.
- **Begin full scale operation (2/27).** Underwood recommends starting with Aries 291 as it is readily available. Recommended starting dose is 30 ppm.
 - o Has the City ordered any chemical yet? Not yet.
 - o Chemical dosing pipework will need to be modified.
- Pilot will be run 5 days a week for 5 weeks.
- Over the course of the first day or two the chemical dose will be dialed in. Will dose be held steady or should staff vary the dose based on observations and judgement?
- Samples will be picked up by Eastern Analytical at Pease on Tuesdays and Fridays.

 Samples should be moved from Peirce Island to Pease on Mondays and Thursdays. UEI

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to confirm all bottles to go to Pease. City lab uses 100 mL TSS sample, what will EAI use?

- City uses 11.0cm NCL 934-AH filters for TSS. What does EAI use?
- City to take a couple grab samples at beginning of each 5 week test to get quickest initial results.

Other:

- We understand that the polymer used for dewatering may be changing? Should piloting be delayed until polymer changeover? Yes. Pilot start moved to 2/27.
- UEI will email EPA to make them aware of a revised schedule in order to switch over dewatering polymer. Postpone pilot testing 2 weeks.
- City to determine if they can get out of dewatering polymer contract.
- UEI to confirm availability and pricing of 252 chemical with Aries.
- Should FSS/DSS tests be performed? UEI to consider.
- During pilot, how do we want to handle dosing at 10 MGD? Lock pumps out at 10 MGD? No, staff will use normal procedure which is to switch to manual dosing. Staff to log when this happens during the pilot.
- UEI to email Mike programming changes for polymer feed.

Peirce Island WWTF Portsmouth, NH Polymer & Coagulant Screening January 31, 2017

Introduction

Ransom Horner-Richardson & David Mercier (UE) met with Nate Butterfield (Aries Chemical) and Tim Babkirk and Kathy Sanborn (City of Portsmouth) at the Peirce Island WWTF to perform a second round of preliminary jar testing before CEPT pilot testing. The purpose of this second round of jar testing was to test each of the three top performing coagulants with several polymers to determine if better performance can be achieved than with the current polymer (Aries 3644). Additional jar testing was also performed to identify the coagulant dose which will be recommended to use at the start of piloting.

Existing Conditions

Currently Aries 2076 (Ferric) coagulant is used at the WWTF along with Aries 3644, an anionic polymer. Nate noted that Aries 2076 is a proprietary ferric blend formula that has been developed over the years specifically for the Peirce Island WWTF. To Nate's knowledge it is developed for and used exclusively by the Peirce Island facility. According to staff, the ferric was being dosed at approximately 20 ppm and the polymer at 0.08 ppm on the day of the jar testing (1/31/17).

Preliminary Jar Testing

The three coagulants used were the three that had the best performance during the August 11, 2016 jar testing. The following three (3) different coagulants were tested:

- 1. Aries 2076 (Currently used)
- 2. Aries 245
- 3. Aries 291

For this jar testing only anionic polymers were used based on past experience and testing by Aries at the Peirce Island plant. The following four (4) different polymers were tested:

- 1. Aries 3644 (Currently used)
- 2. Aries 3640 (previously used until 2015)
- 3. Aries 3638 (high molecular weight)
- 4. Aries 3620 (low molecular weight)

Each polymer was mixed to a 0.5% solution by volume for jar testing. This was dosed into the 1 liter samples at 0.2 ml to achieve 1 ppm of polymer & 0.4 ml to achieve 2 ppm of polymer.

Each coagulant was mixed to a 1% solution by volume so that 2 ml of solution dosed into a 1 liter sample would result in 20 ppm coagulant does by volume.

The first round of jar tests performed was to test Aries 2076 with the four different polymers. A separate one (1) liter sample of raw influent wastewater was used for all jar tests. 2 mL of a 1% coagulant solution was added to each 1 liter sample of wastewater and then rapidly mixed for 5 minutes. Next 0.2 mL of 0.5% polymer solution was added to each sample and was rapidly mixed for 15 seconds followed by 5 minutes of slow mixing. Mixing paddles were then removed from

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Underwood Engineers, Inc.

the samples and they were allowed to settle. Visual observations were made to determine which polymer in conjunction with the coagulant formed the highest quality floc and produced the best clarity.

The results for the first test were difficult to discern, so it was decided that the test would be run again using 40 ppm of coagulant and 2 ppm of polymer. The same procedure was used. This time the results were, from best performance to worst performance:

- 1. Aries 3644 (Currently in use at the WWTF)
- 2. Aries 3640
- 3. Aries 3638
- 4. Aries 3620

The second round of testing used Aries 245 as the coagulant in all four (4) jars, dosed at 40 ppm, and each of the 4 polymers dosed at 2ppm. The same procedure was used as on test 1. Results from this test were visibly cloudier than in test 1 and were much more similar between polymers. It was observed that Aries 3620 performed noticeably worse than the other 3 but no noticeable difference was observed between Aries 3644, 3640, and 3638. The following results were recorded:

- 1. Aries 3644, Aries 3640, Aries 3638 (no difference)
- 2. Aries 3620

The third round of testing used Aries 291 as the coagulant in all four (4) jars, dosed at 40 ppm, and each of the 4 polymers dosed at 2ppm. The same procedure was used as on test 1. Results from this test were best of the three coagulants. The smallest floc occurred with the Aries 3644. Performance, best to worst, was:

- 1. Aries 3644
- 2. Aries 3620
- 3. Aries 3638, 3640 (no difference)

Following the first 3 tests it was determined that Aries 3644 was either the top performing polymer. for each coagulant or it was at least as good as the other polymers. Based on this it is recommended that Aries 3644 be used for each of the three coagulants selected for full-scale piloting.

The fourth round of testing used all three coagulants (Aries 2076, Aries 254, and Aries 291) side by side, each with the 3644 polymer. Each jar was given a 40 ppm dose of coagulant and a 2 ppm dose of polymer and the same mixing method was used as the previous tests. The results were, from best performance to worst performance:

- 1. Aries 291
- 2. Aries 2076
- 3. Aries 245

The observations showed Aries 291 and Aries 2076 both to have significantly better performance than Aries 245. These results differed with what was observed on August 11, 2016 which showed Aries 2076 to perform much better than the other chemicals, including Aries 291. It is assumed that low flows and low temperatures are leading to a low coagulant demand at the plant and this may be contributing to the results being different today than what was observed in August 2016.

The fifth round of testing used Aries 291 at various doses with Aries 3644 at a fixed dose. The coagulant (Aries 291) was dosed at 20 ppm, 30 ppm, and 40 ppm, and the polymer (Aries 3644) was dosed at 2 ppm. The results showed an improvement in performance between 20 ppm and 30 ppm, but no noticeable difference was observed between 30 ppm and 40 ppm. From this, it is recommended that full-scale pilot testing with Aries 291 start with a dose of 30 ppm by volume.

The final round of testing used Aries 245 at various doses with Aries 3644 at a fixed dose. The coagulant (Aries 245) was dosed at 30 ppm, 40 ppm, 50 ppm, and 60 ppm, and the polymer (Aries 3644) was dosed at 2 ppm. The results showed improvement in performance with higher coagulant dose across the entire range. The most significant difference was observed between 30 ppm and 40 ppm. From this, it is recommended that full-scale pilot testing with Aries 245 start with a dose of 40 ppm by volume.

Nate Butterfield noted that Aries 291 is a chemical that Aries stocks in their local warehouse and could be delivered to the WWTF relatively quickly. Aries 245 is not stocked locally and will have a longer lead time. It is therefore recommended that full-scale pilot testing be started with Aries 291.

Ransom Horner-Richardson

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: Attachments:	Nate Butterfield <nate@butterfieldenv.com> Wednesday, February 8, 2017 8:46 AM dmercier@underwoodengineers.com nate@butterfieldenv.com Butterfield; 'Ransom Horner-Richardson'; 'W. Steven Clifton' RE: Peirce Island WWTF 20170207_125652.jpg</nate@butterfieldenv.com>
Hi Dave,	
I ran the test as described be attached picture as well.	elow. 2976 was #1 performer, 291 was 2nd, 252 was 3rd and 245 was 4th. See
Thanks, Nate	
Sent from my Verizon, Samsung	Galaxy smartphone
Date: 2/7/17 11:33 AM (GM To: 'Nathaniel Butterfield'	rcier@underwoodengineers.com> (T-05:00) nate@butterfieldenv.com> dson' <ransom@underwoodengineers.com>, "'W. Steven Clifton'" eers.com></ransom@underwoodengineers.com>
Nate:	
wastewater using the following ppm for all four jars. Please	st now. While you are on site today (2/7), please run a jar test on the raw influent ing four coagulants at 40 ppm: 2076, 245, 252 & 291. Dose the 3644 polymer at 2 do a visual confirmation of the performance for each coagulant and reply to us anks and please call with any questions.
David J. Mercier, P.E.	
Senior Project Manager	· · ·
Underwood Engineers, Inc.	
99 North State Street	

David Mercier

From:

David Mercier [dmercier@underwoodengineers.com]

Sent:

Monday, February 06, 2017 3:19 PM

To:

'Michael W. Merrill'

Cc:

'Terry L. Desmarais'; 'ransom@underwoodengineers.com';

'sclifton@underwoodengineers.com'; 'Donald Song'

Subject:

Portsmouth Peirce Island CEPT - New Chemicals

Mike:

Thank you for speaking with me during the jar testing last week. We discussed that the current programming in the SCADA system and PLC for the chemical feed dosing is chemical specific and flow meter specific and we need to change the programming to be specific for the pump but adjustable for the flow meter it is paced off of and generic for the chemical being fed to complete the CEPT pilot study. To that end, I am suggesting the following SCADA programming changes be made in advance of piloting, TO BE CONFIRMED BY DON SONG BEFORE IMPLEMENTATION.

For the coagulant dosing, Tim requested that you remove the ability at the local PLC to change the chemical dose. Suggested PLC/SCADA programming changes are as follows with the user adjustable features only being available at SCADA:

Program PLC/SCADA to pace off flow. Run pump at 0% speed at flow of 0 MGD and 100% speed at flow of 20.0 MGD.

D-box 4-20 mA = 0-20.0 MGD. Pump pacing 4-20 mA = 0-100% speed. Dose delivered will be 63.6 ppm for W-M 520U pump.

1272 gpd / 20 MGD = 63.6 ppm

Need the following programming changes made at SCADA:

- 1: Need a user adjustable input for the default dose delivered at 0 to 20 MGD with chem feed pump.
- 2. Need hard programmed adjustment factor when D-box flow is selected for chemical pacing.
- 4-20mA adjustment should be 20 MGD / 20 MGD = 1.0. 63.6 * 1.0 = 63.6 ppm
- 3. Need hard programmed adjustment factor when Mechanic St flow is selected for chemical pacing.
- 4-20mA adjustment should be 20 MGD / 22 MGD = 0.909. 63.6 * 0.909 = 57.8 ppm
- 4. Need hard programmed adjustment factor when Mechanic St Bypass flow is selected for chemical pacing.
- 4-20mA adjustment should be 20 MGD / 11.52 MGD = 1.736. 63.6 * 1.736 = 110.4 ppm
- Need user adjustable adjustment factor to increase/decrease dose below default dose. Newly calculated dose

should display on screen. For example, when D-box flow is selected, and a 0.5 adjustment factor is entered, calculated dose should be Default dose (63.6) * 1.0 * 0.5 = 31.8 ppm.

Please review and provide your thoughts. Thank you.

David J. Mercier, P.E. Senior Project Manager Underwood Engineers, Inc. 99 North State Street Concord, NH 03301 ph (603) 230-9898 fax (603) 230-9899

Polymer Dosing Results for LMI Model No. AA751-86PBA

Pump Speed Variable and Pump Stroke constant at 50%

Speed		Dosing Rate 1	Dosing Rate 2	Composite	Dosing Rate	Dosing Rate	Dosing Rate
%		L/min	L/min	L/min	gpm	gph ;	gpd
	10	0.00395	0.0041	0.004025	0.0010634	0.06	Ĭ.5
	20	0.0085	0.0087	0.0086	0.0022721	0.14	3,3
	30	0.0125	0.01294	0.01272	0.0033606	0.20	4.8
	40	0.0169	0.0174	0.01715	0.004531	0.27	6.5
	50	0.021	0.0218	0.0214	0.0056539	0.34	8.1
	60	0.0255	0.0261	0.0258	0.0068164	0.41	9.8
	70	0.0298	0.0306	0.0302	0.0079789	0.48	11.5
	80	0.0337	0.0348	0.03425	0.0090489	0.54	13.0
	90	0.038	•	0.038	0.0100396	0.60	14.5
-	100	0.0424	0.04378	0.04309	0.0113844	0.68	16.4

SUMMARY:

Program PLC/SCADA to pace off flow. Run pump at 0% speed at flow of 0 MGD and 100% speed at flow of 20.0 MGD. D-box 4-20 mA = 0-20.0 MGD. Pump pacing 4-20 mA = 0-100% speed. Dose delivered will be 0.82 ppm with stroke at 50%. Dose delivered will be 0.82 ppm for LMI AA751-86PBA. 16.4 gpd / 20 MGD = 0.82 ppm

Need the following programming changes made at SCADA:

- 1. Need a user adjustable input for the default dose delivered at 0 to 20 MGD with chem feed pump.
- 2. Need hard programmed adjustment factor when D-box flow is selected for chemical pacing.
- 4-20mA adjustment should be 20 MGD / 20 MGD = 1.0. 0.82 * 1.0 = 0.82 ppm
- 3. Need hard programmed adjustment factor when Mechanic St flow is selected for chemical pacing.
- 4-20mA adjustment should be 20 MGD / 22 MGD = 0.909. 0.82 * 0.909 = 0.75 ppm
- 4. Need hard programmed adjustment factor when Mechanic St Bypass flow is selected for chemical pacing.
- 4-20mA adjustment should be 20 MGD / 11.52 MGD = 1.736. 0.82 * 1.736 = 1.42 ppm
- 5. Need user adjustable adjustment factor to increase/decrease dose below default dose. Newly calculated dose should display on screen. For example, when D-box flow is selected, and a 0.5 adjustment factor is entered, calculated dose should be Default dose (0.82) * 1.0 * 0.5 = 0.41 ppm.

Pilot Test 1 Meeting NOTES April 13, 2017 at 12:00 PM

ATTENDEES (Via Conference Call)

•	Terry Desmarias	City of Portsmouth
•	Don Song	City of Portsmouth
•	Timothy Babkirk	City of Portsmouth
•	Steve Clifton	Underwood Engineers
•	David Mercier	Underwood Engineers
•	Ransom Horner-Richardson	Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

- WWTF has been running with Aries 291 chemical dosing since 2/27/17. Pilot was stopped on 3/7/17 due to dewatering issues and then restarted 3/21/17.
- 23 data points have been collected to date (of 25 targeted); only 14 have been received back from the lab to date.

Discussion of Results:

- During the first week of dosing, the applied dose of PAC varied as optimal dose was
 dialed in, but performance was strong throughout the week (mostly <40 mg/L TSS
 effluent and >80% removal).
- Since restarting the pilot, dosing was held at ~27 PPMV of PAC and ~0.29 PPMV of polymer for a week and then reduced to ~6.5 PPMV of PAC and ~0.16 PPMV of polymer based on visual results. With the data received so far, it appears that the lower dose seems to correlate to lower plant performance.
- City noted that they have increased dose back up to ~8.0 PPMV of PAC.
- The City noted that during the week showing high percent removal, sludge was accumulating in the Gravity Thickeners throughout the water column and recycling back to the Primary Clarifiers. Staff observed low percent solids in the Gravity Thickener underflow and gray suspended solids in the thickener overflow. In the Primary Clarifiers the solids settled well and were sent back to Gravity Thickeners. That weekend, heavy storms sent high flow through the plant and flushed the solids out.
- UEI recommends the dose be increased to ~27 PPMV of PAC again for the last week to confirm if gravity thickener issues and better effluent TSS numbers return.
- For the duration of Pilot Test 1 the City has observed wetter solids from the Fournier Press and a reduction in the overall tonnage of solids produced. They have also observed

- increased solids deposits within the chlorine contact tanks. CCTs were cleaned this Monday (4/10/17) and found ~ 12 " of solids buildup since last cleaning 2 weeks ago. Typical would be 3" or 4".
- It was decided that for the remainder of Pilot Test 1 and for the next chemicals, TSS samples should be gathered from Gravity Thickener overflow and underflow to assess the impact on solids capture. City to start this collection today (4/13/17).

Work Planned for Remainder of Pilot Test 1:

- City to hold low chemical doses through tomorrow (4/14/17) and then increase doses over the weekend back to starting doses of ~27 PPMV of PAC and ~0.29 PPMV of polymer and hold these for the final week of Pilot Test 1.
- City will collect Gravity Thickener underflow and overflow TSS samples for the remaining 2 days of this week and all of next week. TSS testing for these will be done inhouse.
- City to provide UEI with in-house TSS data and dosing log since beginning of Pilot Test
- UEI to continue to analyze data as it is received from Eastern Analytical.

Work Planned for Pilot Test 2:

- Pilot Test 2 will begin on 4/24/17 with Aries 252. City has 5 totes on site and 5 more on the way.
- The new chemical will be started at a dose of ~8 PPMV of PAC and ~0.16 PPMV of
 polymer based on the results of Pilot Test 1 and can be increased depending on visual
 results.
- City will run grab samples and composites in-house for the first week in addition to sending composites to the lab and provide data to UEI to allow quicker feedback on results.
- Based on the experience of Pilot Test 1, it was not beneficial for UEI to be on site for the first several days of pilot testing as proposed in the Work Plan. It was decided that for Pilot Test 2 and 3, this protocol should be changed so that the City staff will handle the startup and collect grab samples and composites to analyze and optimize the dose inhouse. UEI will be on-call and an on-site meeting will be held Monday 5/1/17 with UEI to review optimization based on in-house data collected. If the City is experiencing significant issues, a meeting can be held on Friday 4/28/17.
- Based on the Pilot Test 1 experience, it appears to take several days to a week for the system as a whole to reflect change in coagulant. As such, UEI recommends sampling for 6 weeks after the new chemical is started.

Other:

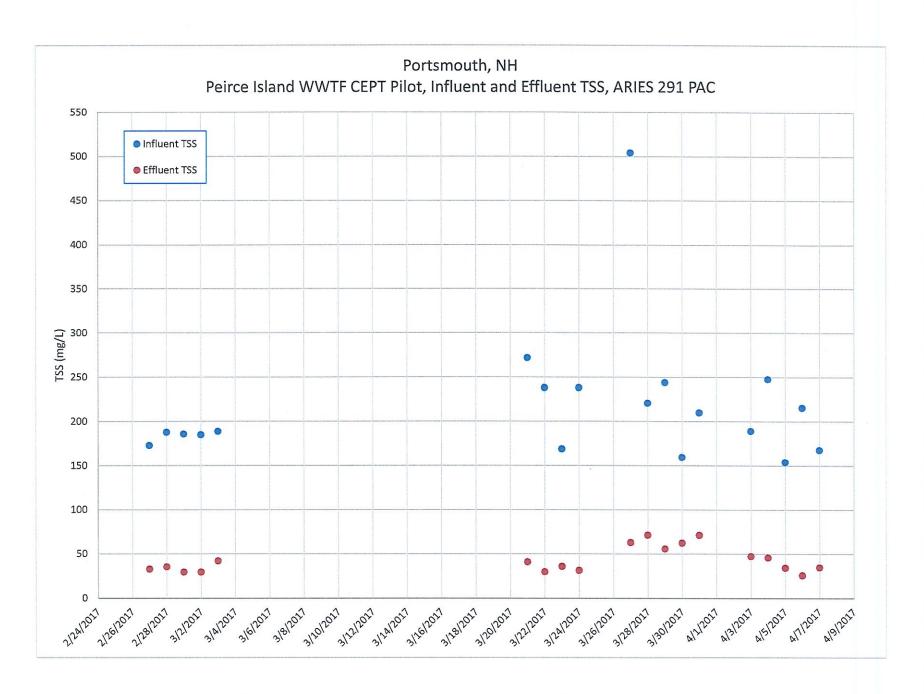
• UEI to provide meeting notes from this meeting to the City to be issued to EPA.

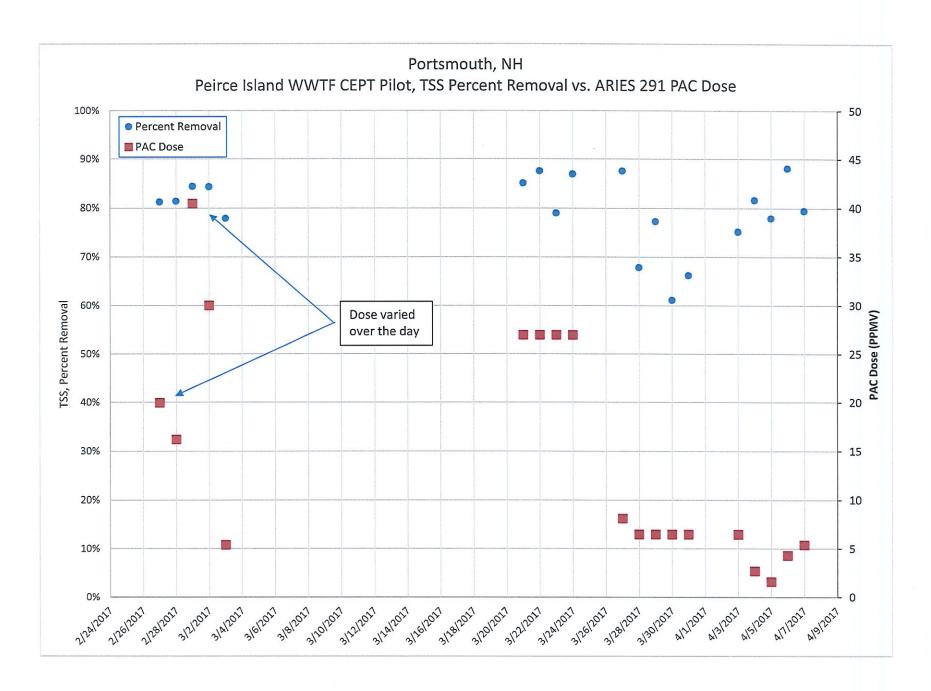
		SCADA S	et Doses	PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measure	d flow/dose	EAI	Lab TSS Value	<u>s</u>	
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC pump							
	Flow	Setpoint	Setpoint	PAC pump	flow rate	PAC Dose	Poly Pump	Poly Dose				
ate/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH)	(mg/L)	Flowrate (ml/min)	(mg/L)	Influent (mg/L) Ef	ffluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
2/27/2017 7:50	9.6	30		26.1	5.33	13.33						Pilot started with ARIES 291 PAC. Setpoints of 30ppm and 0.5ppm chosen for pilot startup. Poly SCADA changes had not been implemented. Coag SCADA not done correctly.
2/27/2017 9:00		30	0.49	52.2	10.66	26.39						SCADA changes implemented for Poly and Coag. Setpoints set for both chemicals.
	1											Poor settling in clarifiers, poor quality effluent (visual) Doses were both reduced per operator
2/27/2017 9:30	10.1	19.94	0.25									judgement.
2/27/2017 9:55	10.6	19.94	0.25	34.2	6.99	15.82						Check of coagulant pump dose showed somewhat lower than SCADA dose.
2/27/2017 11:00	11.8	19.94	0.25	39.9	8.15	16.58						Clarifiers look better, floc is sinking well. Check of coagulant pump again showed dose to be low.
2/27/2017 11:20	11.8	19.94	0.19									Floc still looks good, but some of it is floating. Operator reduced poly dose.
2/27/2017 13:00	9.2	16.17	0.19	22	4.49	11.73						Operator dropped PAC dose to 16ppm. Check of pump shows it is still low.
2/27/2017 13:10	9.8	16.17	0.19				6.74	0.26				Flow test for poly pump is slightly high.
2/27/2017 13:20	10.2	16.17	0.19				5.88	0.22				Flow test for poly pump is slightly high.
2/27/2017 14:00	10.2	16.17	0.19	22.5	4.60	10.82						Check of coagulant pump shows flows still too low.
2/28/2017 8:00	7.5	16.17	0.19	9.3	1.90	6.08						Determined that SCADA programming was not quite right up till this point.
					Aller I							RHR troubleshot SCADA with Mike, determined problem. Mike made changes 2/28/17 afternoon.
2/28/2017 8:45	8.4	16.17	0.19	13.6	2.78	7.94						Need to verify that changes were correct
2/28/2017 9:00		16.17	0.19						173	32.5	81.21	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1/2017 8:00	8.5	20	0.29							- Marie Marie Control		Doses at SCADA had been adjusted since day before - Verify when changes were made
	4 marshall			Santa Santa Santa						and the second		Poor clarifier performance (visual). It was decided to turn dose up to 40 ppm to see if
3/1/2017 8:10	8.5	40.43	0.29									performance improved.
3/1/2017 8:30	8.3	40.43	0.29	77.2	15.77	45.61						Flow test for PAC slightly high.
3/1/2017 9:00		40.43	0.29		-Newspales (no	Avega revis			188	35.0	81.38	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1/2017 17:00		30	2									Doses reset to jar test optimal levels of 30ppm and 2ppm and hold for 24 hrs.
3/2/2017 8:30		30	2	58.8	12.01	35.59	46.3	2.17				Clarifiers had lots of solids on top
3/2/2017 9:00		30	2	55.1	11.26	34.20						Flow test for PAC slightly high.
3/2/2017 9:00		30	2	4					186	29.0	84.41	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/3/2017 8:00		5.39	0.12									Frozen solids on top of tank caused skimmer arm to bind up. City backed dose off drastically.
3/3/2017 9:00		30	2			AND DESCRIPTIONS			185	29.0	84.32	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
	4											Lower doses have resulted in significant improvement to clarifier performance (visual). City notes
3/3/2017 11:00		5.39	0.12									they can only process 30 gpm of sludge vs 50 gpm with ferric.
3/4/2017 9:00		5.39	0.12						189	41.8	77.88	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3, 4, 202, 5100		5.55	0.11						200	72.0	77.00	
3/7/2017 7:30	PHOTI	ESTING WI	TH ARIES 21	9 STOPPED F	UE TO CON	STRUCTION	ISSUES AT WWTF.					Plant staff need to catch up on sludge dewatering which has been adversely affected by change to PAC coagulant.
3/21/2017 7:00						STRUCTION	I ISSOLS AT WITT					to i Ac Coagaint.
3/21/2017 9:00		26.95	0.10	J KLSTAKI LI	•							City restarted pilot with coagulant dose similar to jar testing doses.
5/21/2017 5.00		20.55	0.10	A COLOR								orly restarted prior with coagulant dose similar to jar testing doses.
												Small Floc spreading over surface of Clarifiers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running PAC
3/22/2017 9:15		26.95	0.19						272	40.5	85.11	sludge through Fouriner Press. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Small Floc spreading over surface of Clarifiers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running PAC
3/23/2017 9:00		26.95	0.29						238	29.5	87.61	sludge through Fouriner Press. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/24/2017 8:45		26.95	0.29						169	35.5	78.99	Light gray floc observed in Gravity Thickener, not settling well. Only about 5" of sludge in thickene Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/24/2017 8.43		20.93	0.23						109	33.3	76.33	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. PAC dose decreased per
3/25/2017 7:30)	24.26	0.29						238	31.0	86.97	Operator's judgement.
3/25/2017 10:15		29	0.29									PAC dose was increased per Opertor's judgement
3/25/2017 16:45		16.17	0.16									Both chemical doses were reduced per Opertor's judgement
3/26/2017 10:30		8.09	0.16									PAC dose was reduced per Opertor's judgement
	TO STATE											Over the weekend the Thickener was all light gray suspended Floc top to bottom no separation
3/27/2017 9:30)	8.09	0.16									showing in Sludge Judge
	No contract											Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:
3/28/2017 8:45		6.47	0.12		-				504	62.5	87.60	AM represents previous 24 hour period.

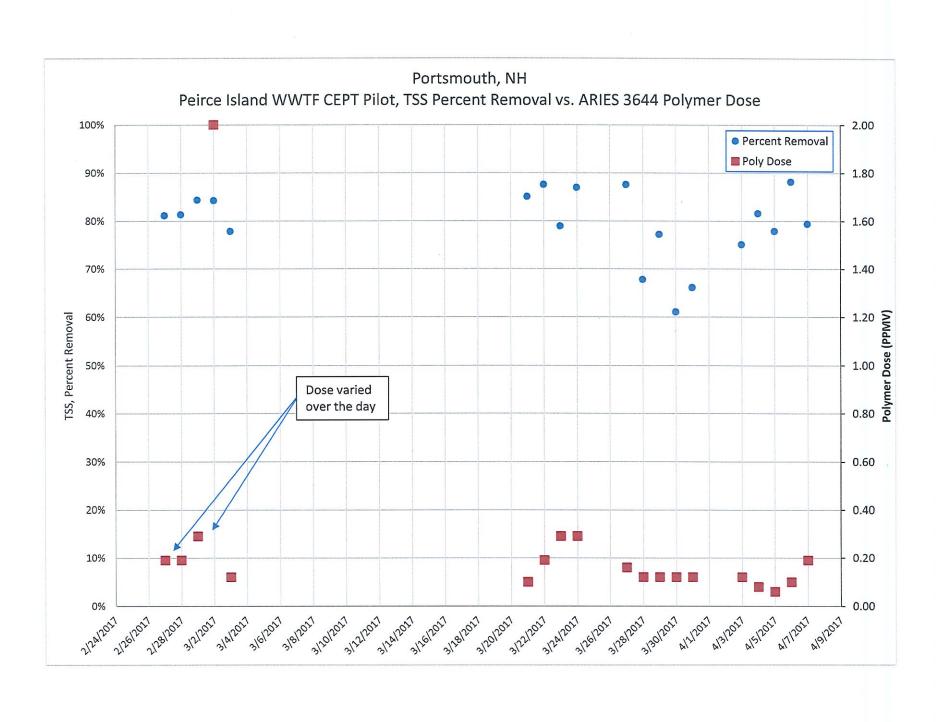
		SCADA S	et Doses	PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measure	d flow/dose	EA	Al Lab TSS Value	5	
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC pump							
	Flow	Setpoint	Setpoint	PAC pump	flow rate	PAC Dose	Poly Pump	Poly Dose				
Date/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH)	(mg/L)	Flowrate (ml/min)	(mg/L)	Influent (mg/L)	Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
												Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00
3/29/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12						221	71.0	67.84	AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00
3/30/2017 8:30		6.47	0.12						244	55.5	77.25	AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00
3/31/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12						160	62.0	61.13	AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/1/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12						210	71.0	66.19	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/3/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12									High flows from snow melt, small Pin Floc. Very thin gray Sludge
												Heavy Rain, high flows, no settling, not much sludge. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced per
4/4/2017 9:00		2.7	0.08						189	47.0	75.17	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
	A production of	area of the late of the										Flows over 10 MGD, Smaller Floc in the Clarifiers. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced again per
4/5/2017 9:00		1.6	0.06						248	45.5	81.63	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
	1											Heavy Rain, high flows, no settling. City ran out of sludge around 11:00AM had to shut down
												process. Chemical doses both increased. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24
4/6/2017 9:00		4.3	0.1						154	34.0	77.92	hour period.
												Flows still over 10 MGD, seeing some brown clumps floating on surface of both Clarifiers, only
												pressed 28 tons of Sludge all week. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced per Operator's
4/7/2017 9:00		5.4	0.19						215.5	25.5	88.17	judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/8/2017 9:00		5.4	0.19						168	34.5	79.46	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
												Flows around 8 MGD. Medium sized Floc in the Clarifier. Doses for PAC and polymer increased
4/10/2017 9:00		6.5	0.23									per Operator's judgement.
	a principal par			THE STREET						-		Large floc on surface on Clarifiers are not settling. Doses for PAC and polymer increased per
4/11/2017 9:00		8.1	0.29									Operator's judgement.
												Much larger Floc, Flows are down around 6.5MGD. Staff left PAC dose the same but reduced
4/12/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19									Polymer dose.

Pilot Lab Data:

Sample ID	Sample Date	Nominal Date	Start Date (8am)	End Date (8am)	Influent TSS (mg/L)	Effluent TSS (mg/L)	% Removal	PAC Dose (mg/L)	Poly Dose (mg/L) Notes
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	2/28/2017	2/27/2017	2/27/2017	2/28/2017	173	32.5	81%	19.94	0.19 Dose varied over the course of the day.
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	3/1/2017	2/28/2017	2/28/2017	3/1/2017	188	35	81%	16.17	0.19
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	3/2/2017	3/1/2017	3/1/2017	3/2/2017	186	29	84%	40.43	0.29 Dose varied over the course of the day.
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	3/3/2017	3/2/2017	3/2/2017	3/3/2017	185	29	84%	30,00	2.00
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	3/4/2017	3/3/2017	3/3/2017	3/4/2017	189	41.76	78%	5.39	0.12
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	3/22/2017	3/21/2017	3/21/2017	3/22/2017	272	40.5	85%	26.95	0.10
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	3/23/2017	3/22/2017	3/22/2017	3/23/2017	238	29.5	88%	25.95	0.19
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	3/24/2017	3/23/2017	3/23/2017	3/24/2017	159	35.5	79%	25.95	0.29
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	3/25/2017	3/24/2017	3/24/2017	3/25/2017	238	31	87%	25.95	0.29
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	3/28/2017	3/27/2017	3/27/2017	3/28/2017	504	62.5	88%	8.09	0.16
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	3/29/2017	3/28/2017	3/28/2017	3/29/2017	220.8	71	58%	5.47	0.12
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	3/30/2017	3/29/2017	3/29/2017	3/30/2017	244	55.5	77%	6.47	0.12
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	3/31/2017	3/30/2017	3/30/2017	3/31/2017	159.5	62	51%	5.47	0.12
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	4/1/2017	3/31/2017	3/31/2017	4/1/2017	210	71	66%	5.47	0.12
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	4/4/2017	4/3/2017	4/3/2017	4/4/2017	189.3	47	75%	5.47	0.12
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	4/5/2017	4/4/2017	4/4/2017	4/5/2017	247,7	45.5	82%	2.7	0.08
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	4/6/2017	4/5/2017	4/5/2017	4/6/2017	154	34	78%	1.6	0.06
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	4/7/2017	4/5/2017	4/6/2017	4/7/2017	215.5	25.5	88%	4.3	0.1
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	4/8/2017	4/7/2017	4/7/2017	4/8/2017	168	34,5	79%	5.4	0.19







Pilot Test 2 Meeting NOTES May 1, 2017 at 9:30 AM

ATTENDEES

•	Terry Desmarais	City of Portsmouth
•	Don Song	City of Portsmouth
•	Timothy Babkirk	City of Portsmouth
•	Kathy Sanborn	City of Portsmouth
•	Steve Clifton	Underwood Engineers
•	David Mercier	Underwood Engineers
•	Ransom Horner-Richardson	Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

- WWTF ran with Aries 291 chemical dosing from 2/27/17 through 4/23/17. Pilot was stopped on 3/7/17 due to dewatering issues and then restarted 3/21/17.
- 29 data points were collected (first 5 are currently not being used given startup issue the first week). For the other 24 data points, the average effluent TSS was 41 (15 standard deviation) and average percent removal was 81 (10 standard deviation). This compares to the following long term results using Aries 2076:

Table 3-2 Historical Annual Average TSS Removal

Parameter	2013	2014	2015	
Influent TSS, mg/L	223	327	314	
Effluent TSS, mg/L	57	47	56	
Effluent TSS Std.Dev.*	16.6	15.0	18.1	
% Removal	73	85	80	
Min, % Removal	53	65	37	
Max, % Removal	90	95	94	
% Removal Std.Dev.*	6.9	4.5	8.9	

^{*}Standard deviations are calculated from individual values for each year.

- Started Pilot Test 2 with Aries 252 on 4/24/17. The new chemical was started at a dose of 8.6 PPMV of PAC and 0.19 PPMV of polymer based on the results of Pilot Test 1 and is still there as of today, 5/1/17.
- No EAI results are available yet but the City results suggest the 252 is working acceptably, i.e. 85.3% removal first 3 days.

Discussion of Pilot Test 1 Results:

- During the first week of dosing, the applied dose of PAC varied as optimal dose was
 dialed in, but performance was strong throughout the week (mostly <40 mg/L TSS
 effluent and >80% removal).
- After restarting the pilot, dosing was held at ~27 PPMV of PAC and ~0.29 PPMV of polymer for a week and then reduced to ~6.5 PPMV of PAC and ~0.16 PPMV of polymer based on visual results. With the initial data received, it appeared that the lower dose seemed to correlate to lower plant performance and this was confirmed with the last two weeks of data (see attached graphs).
- The City noted that during the first week of the restart at higher doses, sludge was
 accumulating in the Gravity Thickeners throughout the water column and recycling back
 to the Primary Clarifiers. Staff observed low percent solids in the Gravity Thickener
 underflow and gray suspended solids in the thickener overflow. The last week of the pilot
 when doses were increased the same phenomenon was observed.
- It was decided that for the last week of Pilot Test 1 and for the next chemicals, TSS grab samples would be gathered from Gravity Thickener overflow and underflow to assess the impact on solids capture. Due to miscommunication no samples have been taken yet. It was agreed that moving forward Gravity Thickener grab samples will be taken M/W/F on overflow and underflow at 9:30 AM. TSS on overflow and TS on underflow.

Work Planned for Pilot Test 2:

- Based on the Pilot Test 1 experience, it appears to take several days to a week for the system as a whole to reflect change in coagulant. As such, UEI recommends sampling for 6 weeks after the new chemical is started.
- Thoughts after the first week with 252? Sludge is thick; may be due to high flow and grease flush.
- How do the gravity thickeners look? Good; not gray.
- How is dewatering going? OK but lines have plugged due to thick sludge.
- When should dose be changed? Hold dose for now. Conference call next Monday, 5/8. Dave to send invite email.
- Dave to ask EAI for more sample bottles.
- During Pilot 1, chlorine demand went way up. Solids in CCT was much higher during Pilot 1 during cleanout every 2 weeks.

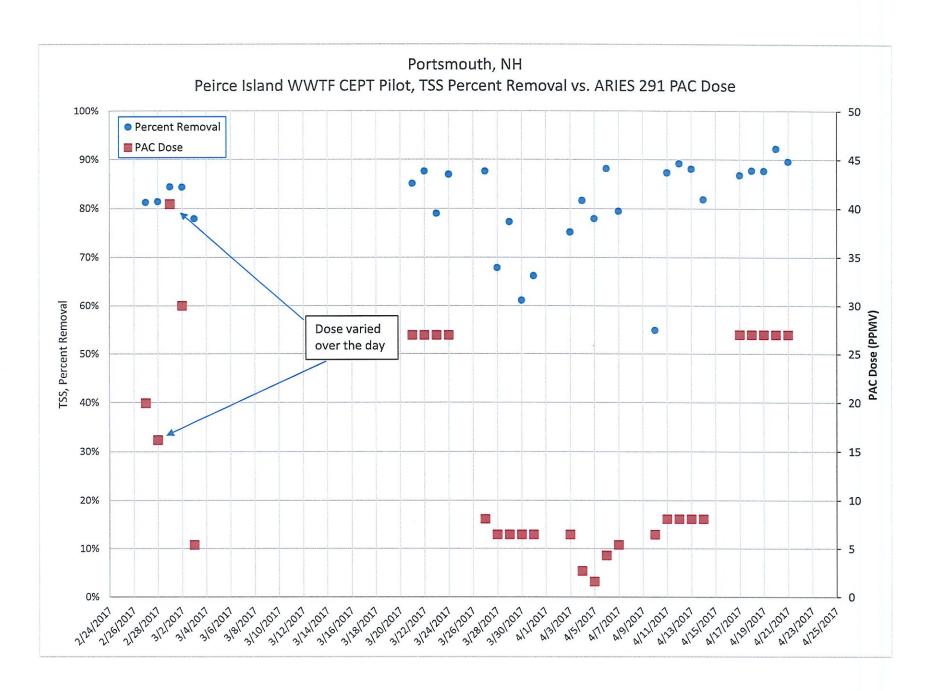
Other:

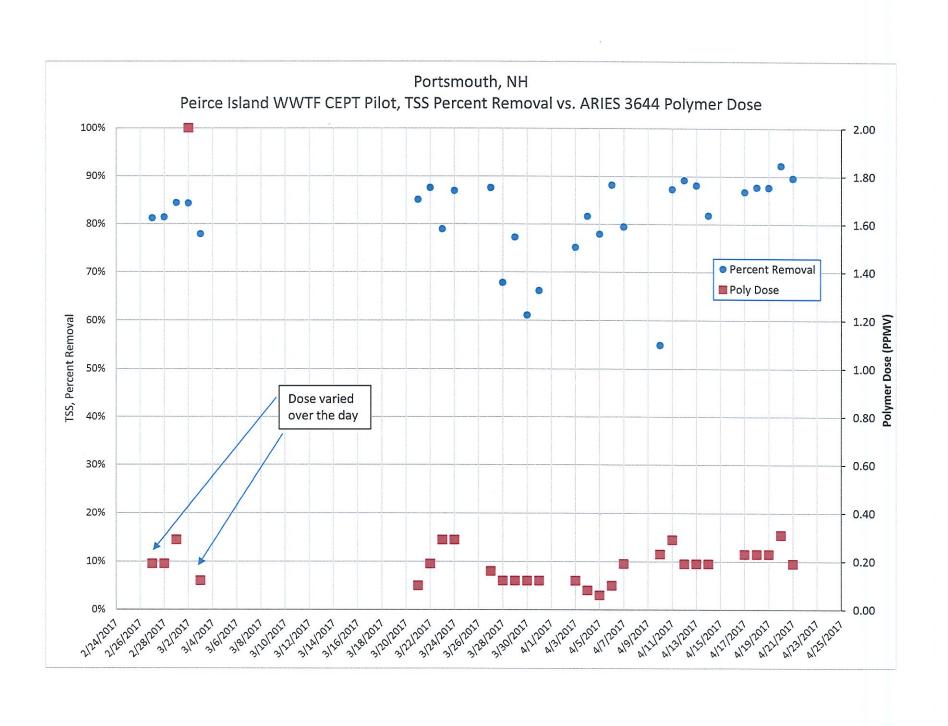
- UEI to provide meeting notes from this meeting to the City to be issued to EPA.
- What has effluent BOD been during Pilot 1?
- At higher dose last week of Pilot 1, the daily dewatered sludge was 16 wet tons vs. 10 wet tons normally (with Aries 2076).

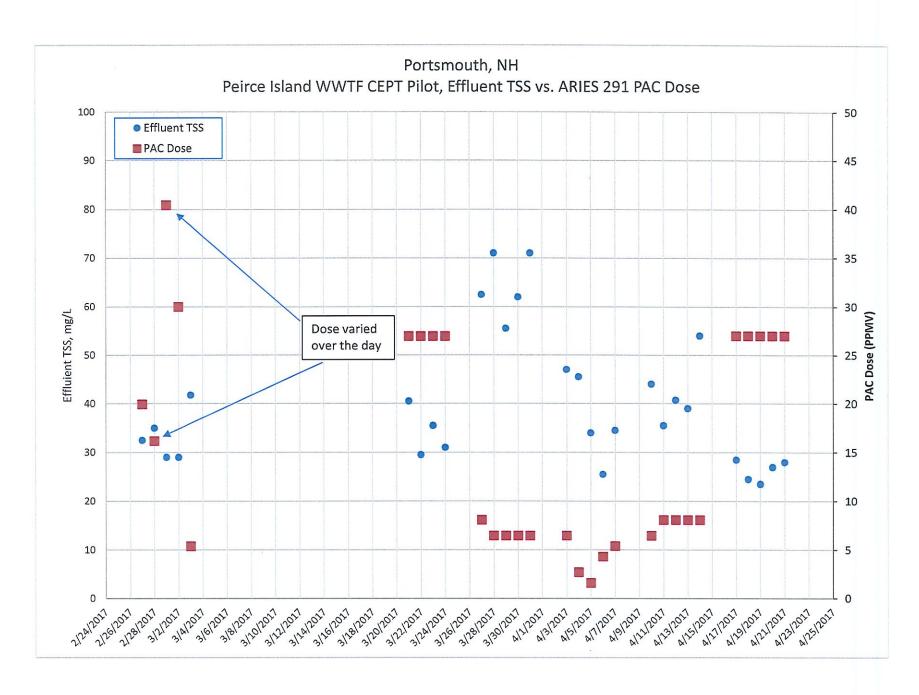
- Plant staff are running chemical in hand/manual while rain brings flow over 10MGD.
- At both high dose periods with 291, high flows on the weekend washed solids out of plant and gravity thickeners looked better. This was not captured in samples collected Mon-Friday. What would happen long term in dry weather? Would effluent deteriorate over time?

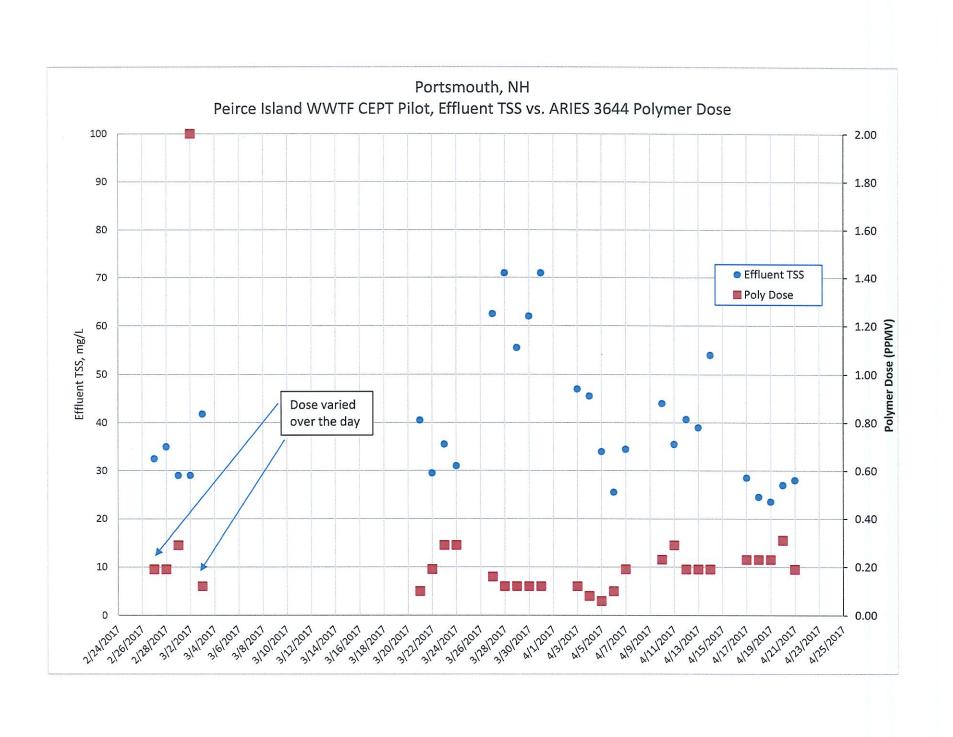
Bold indicates a ch	ange in d			0460		Dam/dasa	Poly Pump Measured flow/dose	-	Al Lab TSS Values		
	D-Box	PAC	Poly	PAC Pump	PAC pump	iow/aose	Poly Pump Weasarea flow/dose	2	41 Lub 133 Values		
	Flow	Setpoint		PAC pump		PAC Dose	Poly Pump				
Date/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH)	(mg/L)	Flowrate (ml/min) Poly Dose (mg/L	Influent (mg/L)	Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
			Visit of								Pilot started with ARIES 291 PAC. Setpoints of 30ppm and 0.5ppm chosen for pilot startup. Poly
2/27/2017 7:50	9.6	30		26.1	5.33	13.33					SCADA changes had not been implemented. Coag SCADA not done correctly.
2/27/2017 9:00	9.7	30	0.49	52.2	10.66	26.39					SCADA changes implemented for Poly and Coag. Setpoints set for both chemicals.
											Poor settling in clarifiers, poor quality effluent (visual) Doses were both reduced per operator
2/27/2017 9:30	10.1	19.94	0.25								judgement.
2/27/2017 9:55	10.6	19.94	0.25	34.2	6.99	15.82					Check of coagulant pump dose showed somewhat lower than SCADA dose.
2/27/2017 11:00	11.8	19.94	0.25	39.9	8.15	16.58					Clarifiers look better, floc is sinking well. Check of coagulant pump again showed dose to be low.
2/27/2017 11:20	11.8	19.94	0.19	X							Floc still looks good, but some of it is floating. Operator reduced poly dose.
2/27/2017 13:00	9.2	16.17	0.19	22	4.49	11.73					Operator dropped PAC dose to 16ppm. Check of pump shows it is still low.
2/27/2017 13:10	9.8	16.17	0.19				6.74 0.26				Flow test for poly pump is slightly high.
2/27/2017 13:20	10.2	16.17	0.19				5.88 0.22				Flow test for poly pump is slightly high.
2/27/2017 14:00	10.2	16.17	0.19	22.5	4.60	10.82					Check of coagulant pump shows flows still too low.
2/28/2017 8:00	7.5	16.17	0.19	9.3	1.90	6.08					Determined that SCADA programming was not quite right up till this point.
											RHR troubleshot SCADA with Mike, determined problem. Mike made changes 2/28/17 afternoon.
2/28/2017 8:45	8.4	16.17	0.19	13.6	2.78	7.94					Need to verify that changes were correct
2/28/2017 9:00		16.17	0.19					173	32.5	81.21	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1/2017 8:00	8.5	20	0.29								Doses at SCADA had been adjusted since day before - Verify when changes were made
											Poor clarifier performance (visual). It was decided to turn dose up to 40 ppm to see if
3/1/2017 8:10	8.5	40.43	0.29								performance improved.
3/1/2017 8:30	8.3	40.43	0.29	77.2	15.77	45.61					Flow test for PAC slightly high.
3/1/2017 9:00		40.43	0.29					188	35.0	81.38	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1/2017 17:00		30	2							A PARTICIPATION OF THE PARTICI	Doses reset to jar test optimal levels of 30ppm and 2ppm and hold for 24 hrs.
3/2/2017 8:30		30	2	58.8	12.01	35.59	46.3 2.17				Clarifiers had lots of solids on top
3/2/2017 9:00		30	2	55.1	11.26	34.20					Flow test for PAC slightly high.
3/2/2017 9:00		30	2					186	29.0	84.41	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/3/2017 8:00		5,39	0.12								Frozen solids on top of tank caused skimmer arm to bind up. City backed dose off drastically.
3/3/2017 9:00		30	2					185	29.0	84.32	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/3/2017 3.00		50								052	Lower doses have resulted in significant improvement to clarifler performance (visual). City notes
3/3/2017 11:00		5.39	0.12								they can only process 30 gpm of sludge vs 50 gpm with ferric.
3/4/2017 9:00		5.39	0.12	·				189	41.8	77.88	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Plant staff need to catch up on sludge dewatering which has been adversely affected by change
3/7/2017 7:30	PILOT	ESTING WI	TH ARIES 21	9 STOPPED	DUE TO CON	STRUCTION	ISSUES AT WWTF.				to PAC coagulant.
3/21/2017 7:00									A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		
3/21/2017 9:00		26.95	0.10								City restarted pilot with coagulant dose similar to jar testing doses.
											Small Floc spreading over surface of Clariflers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running PAC
3/22/2017 9:15		26.95	0.19					272	40.5	85.11	sludge through Fouriner Press. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/23/2017 9:00		26.95	0.29					238	29.5	87.61	Small Floc spreading over surface of Clarifiers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running PAC sludge through Fouriner Press. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/23/2017 9:00		20.55	0.25					236	25.5	87.01	Light gray floc observed in Gravity Thickener, not settling well. Only about 6" of sludge in thickener
3/24/2017 8:45		26.95	0.29					169	35.5	78.99	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
				A service and the service				Control of the Control	and a substitution of the	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. PAC dose decreased per
3/25/2017 7:30		24.26	0.29					238	31.0	86.97	Operator's judgement.
3/25/2017 10:15		29	0.29								PAC dose was increased per Opertor's judgement
3/25/2017 16:45		16.17	0.16								Both chemical doses were reduced per Opertor's judgement
3/26/2017 10:30		8.09	0.16						THE TAX STREET, SALES		PAC dose was reduced per Opertor's judgement
											Over the weekend the Thickener was all light gray suspended Floc top to bottom no separation
3/27/2017 9:30		8.09	0.16	100							showing in Sludge Judge
											Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:0
3/28/2017 8:45		6.47	0.12					504	62.5	87.60	AM represents previous 24 hour period.

Bold indicates a ch			Set Doses	DAC Dem	Measured :	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measured flow/dose		EAI Lab TSS Value		
	D-Box	PAC	Poly	PAC PUM	PAC pump	iow/ ause	roly rullip livicusured flow/dose		CAT LUD 133 Value		
				D. C	CONTRACTOR AND AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY.	DAC Dans	Poly Pump				
	Flow	Setpoint			flow rate						
Date/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH)	(mg/L)	Flowrate (ml/min) Poly Dose (mg/L)	Influent (mg/L)	Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
2/20/2017 0 00		6.47	0.40					222	71.0	67.04	Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00
3/29/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12					221	71.0	67.84	AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00
3/30/2017 8:30		6.47	0.12	A company of the comp				244	55.5	77.25	AM represents previous 24 hour period.
2/24/2047 0 00			0.10					160	62.0	C4 43	Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00
3/31/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12							61.13	AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/1/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12					210	71.0	66.19	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/3/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12					A			High flows from snow melt, small Pin Floc. Very thin gray Sludge
											Heavy Rain, high flows, no settling, not much sludge. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced per
4/4/2017 9:00		2.7	0.08					189	47.0	75.17	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Flows over 10 MGD, Smaller Floc in the Clarifiers. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced again per
4/5/2017 9:00):	1.6	0.06					248	45.5	81.63	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Heavy Rain, high flows, no settling. City ran out of sludge around 11:00AM had to shut down
											process. Chemical doses both increased. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24
4/6/2017 9:00		4.3	0.1					154	34.0	77.92	hour period.
											Flows still over 10 MGD, seeing some brown clumps floating on surface of both Clarifiers, only
											pressed 28 tons of Sludge all week. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced per Operator's
4/7/2017 9:00)	5.4	0.19					215.5	25.5	88.17	judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/8/2017 9:00)	5.4	0.19					168	34.5	79.46	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
			12.00 C								Flows around 8 MGD. Medium sized Floc in the Clarifier. Doses for PAC and polymer increased
4/10/2017 9:00)	6.5	0.23								per Operator's judgement.
											Large floc on surface on Clarifiers are not settling. Doses for PAC and polymer increased per
4/11/2017 9:00)	8.1	0.29					98	44.0	54.92	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Much larger Floc, Flows are down around 6.5MGD. Staff left PAC dose the same but reduced
4/12/2017 9:00)	8.1	0.29					280	35.5	87.32	Polymer dose. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Still a very large Floc flows are down around 5 MGD, Floc is still staying on surface of Clarifiers and
											being pushed into the Scum. Tanks, PAC and poly reacting much different as the flows come down.
											Polymer dose reduced per Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previou
4/13/2017 9:00)	8.1	0.19					377	40.7	89.20	24 hour period.
											Flows Around 5 MGD, Floc is now smaller. City ran out of Sludge on 4/13/17 and still not much
4/14/2017 9:00)	8.1	0.19					328	39.0	88.11	Sludge today, Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Weekend Flows around 4 MGD, Clarifiers look ok but large clumps of Sludge forming in the
4/15/2017 9:00)	8.1	0.19					297	54.0	81.82	Thickener. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											PAC and Polymer doses increased for final week of Pilot 1 per UEI recommendation. Sample
4/18/2017 9:00		27	0.23					216	28.5	86.81	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											4 FT of Black watery Sludge in Thickener, Not as many large clumps floating on surface. Sample
4/19/2017 9:00		27	0.23					200	24.5	87.75	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
								404		07.70	Light Grey Floc in Thickener, not really settling. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24
4/20/2017 9:00)	27	0.23					191	23.5	87.70	hour period.
4/24/2047 2 22			0.24					350	27.0	92.29	Polymer dose increase per Operator's judgement. Light Grey Floc in Thickener, not really settling.
4/21/2017 9:00		27	0.31					350	27.0	92.29	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/22/2017 0 00		27	0.10					270	20.0	90.63	Polymer dose increase per Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents
4/22/2017 9:00		27	0.19					270	28.0	89.63	previous 24 hour period.
							average	243	41	81	
							count	24	24	24	
							1 standard dev.	86	15	10	









CEPT Pilot TSS Results PAC 291

			. 100 Medalio			
DATE	influent mg/L	Effluent mg/L	Percent Removal	PAC mg/L	Foly mg/L	
February						
2/27/2017	211.0	40.0	81.0	30.1	0,49	Large Floc in Clariflers, Not settling, 1 - 3" Sludge Mat forming on surface
March						
3/3/2017	195.0	39.0	50.D	30.7	0.20	Large Floc in Clariflers, Not settling, 2 - 3" Sludge Mat on surface was frozen at 6:44AM Rake Arm hung up went into over Torque
3/4/2017	201,0	56.0	72.1	2.7	0.08	Want down on PAC and Poly dose to achieve better settling and remove surface sludge to avoid freezing again
3/5/2017	231.0	67.5	70.S	2.7	0.05	Surface sludge now gone, settling better, we were able to start pumping sludge again.
3/21/2017	304.5	36.0	88.2	27.0	0.10	Started Pilot study back up at lower Dose after we put study on hold due to multiple process upsets
			88.7	27.0	0.19	Small Floc spreading over surface of Clariflers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running PAC studge through Fourther Press
3/22/2017	257.5	29.0				
3/23/2017	222.5	24,5	29.0	27.0	0.29	Small Floc spreading over surface of Cleriflers, Not settling wall, Still having Problems running PAC sladge through Fouriner Press
3/24/2017	287.5	17.0	94.0	27.0	0.29	Starting to see a light gray Floc in Gravity Thickener, Not settling well, only about 6 inches of sludge in Thickener
3/27/2017	496.5	77.0	84.5	8.1	0,16	Over the weakend the Thickener was all light gray suspended Floc top to bottom no separation showing in Sludge
3/30/2017 C	198.0	57,0	71,2	6.5	0.12	Pour settling, real thin Sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifler
3/30/2017 G	87.5	48,0	45.1	6.5	0.12	
3/31/2017 G	97,0	39,0	59.B	6.5	0.12	· ·
3/31/2017 G	111.0	54.0	51.4	6,5	0.12	4 ·
April						
4/3/2017 G	63.0	45.0	28.6	6.5	0.12	Hight flows from snow moit, small Pin Floc, we have real thin gray Sludge
4/3/2017 C	228.5	49.0	78,6	6.5	0,12	
						and the latest the second the sec
4/4/2017 G	70.0	43.0	38.6	2.7	0.08	Heavy Rain, High Flows, no settling, not much sludge
4/4/2017 G	59.0	53.0	10.2	2.7	0.08	•
4/4/2017 C	237,0	52.5	77.6	2,7	0.08	Flows still over 10 MGD, still not settling well, we are running out of sludge
4/5/2017 G	72.0	23	68.1	1.5	0.06	Flows ever 10 MGD, Smaller Floc in the Clariflets
4/5/2017 G	55.0	39	29.1	1.6	0.06	- "
4/5/2017 C	166.0	39.5	76.2	1.6	0.06	•
4/6/2017 G	72.0	48.0	33.3	4.3	0.10	Heavy Rain, Figh Flows, no settling, ran out of Sludge around 11:00AM had to shut down process
4/6/2017 G	79.0	45.0	43.0	4.3	0.10	and the state of t
4/5/2017 C	245.5	40.0	84.0	4.3	0.10	• B
4/7/2017 G	49.0	14.0	72.0	5.4	0.19	Flows still over 10 MGD, speing some brown clumps floating on surface of both Clarifiers, only pressed 28 tons of Skidge all week
						Figure 5 this ower 10 mig D, seeing some brown closings making on surface or obtained by only pressed to consider an week
4/7/2017 G	56.0	43.0	23.0	5,4	0,19	
4/10/2017 G	50.0	25.0	50.0	6,5	0,23	Flows around 8 MGD, MED Steet Floc in the Clarifler,
4/10/2017 G	99.0	35,0	53,5	6.5	0.23	•
4/10/2017 C	99.5	39.0	60.8	6.5	0.23	•
4/11/2017 G	97.0	31.0	0.93	6.1	0,29	4/11/17 B:25AM Large Floc surface of Clariflers not settling
4/11/2017 G	110.0	29,0	73.6	B.1	0.29	· ·
4/11/2017 C	299.0	34.5	88.5	8.1	0,29	•
4/12/2017 G	103.0	36.0	65.0	8.1	0.19	Much larger Flot, Flows are down around 6,5MGD, Left PAC Dose the same went down on Poly mg/L
4/12/2017 G	116.0	35,0	69.8	8.1	0.19	Floc is starting to collect on Surface of Christiers
4/12/2017 C	435.9	39.5	90.9	1.1	0.19	
4/13/2017 G	48.0	46.0	4.2	8.1	0.19	Still a very large Floc flows are down around S MGD, Floc is still staying on surface of Clarifiers and being pushed into the Scum
	103.0			8.1 8.1		Tanks, PAC and Poly reacting much different as the Flows come down
4/13/2017 G		39,0	63.1		0.19	tanks, PAC and Poly reacting much disterent as the Flows dome down
4/13/2017 C	426,D	33.5	92.1	8.1	0.19	
4/14/2017 G	181.D	51.0	66.3	8.1	0.19	Flows Around 5 MGD, Flac is now smaller, we ran out of Sludge on 4/13/17 and still not much Sludge today
4/15 - 4/16						Weekend Flows around 4 MGD, Clariflers look ok but large clumps of Studge forming in the Thickener
4/17/2017 C	385.5	28.0	92.7	27.0	0.23	Flows Around 5 MIGD, small pin Floc in Clariflers, large floating clumps in the Thickener, Sludge is real thin
4/17/2017 G	74.0	36.0	48.6	27.0	0.23	• "
4/17/2017 G	160.0	27.0	63.1	27.0	0.23.	• II
4/18/2017 G	87.0	24.0	72.4	27,0	0.23	
4/18/2017 G	290.0	10.0	96.5	27,0	0.23	
4/18/2017 C	398.0	11.0	97.2	27.0	0,23	
4/19/2017 G	303.0	18.0	94,1	27,5	0,23	4 FT of Black watery Sludge in Thickener, Not as many Large clumps floating on surface
						a PT bi billion watery sidings in Thickenist, Not as meny page clamps nothing of surface
4/19/2017 G	354.0	15.0	95,5	27,0	0,23	
4/19/2017 C	415.0	24.5	94.1	27,0	0,23	•
4/20/2017 G	101.0	13,5	82,2	27.0	0.31	Light Gray Floc in Thickener, not really Settling
4/20/2017 G	154.0	22.0	85.7	27.0	0.31	•
4/20/2017 C	421.0	19.5	95.3	27.0	0.31	•
4/21/2017 G	237.0	26,0	29.0	27.0	0.19	
4/21/2017 G	138.0	32.0	76.B	27.0	0.19	*
ARIES 252						
4/24/2017 C	380.5	68.5	82.0	8.6	0.19	Started using PAC 252, Sludge is still like black water it Prossing but very wet, Clariflers look about the same Small pin Floc
4/25/2017 C	38U,5 558.0	71.0	82.0 87.3	8.6	0.19	Stated using PAC 252, Sludge is still like plack water it Pressing but very wed, clarities look adole the same small pin ribo Rain bil day Flows between 8-16 MGD, Shidge became extremely thick which it usually does with high flows
4/25/2017 C	538.5	71.5	86.7	8,6	0.19	Flows Around 7 MSD, Studge is still very thick, Hard to tell how the 252 is working because of the rain and High Flows

Pilot Test 2 Meeting NOTES May 8, 2017 at 9:30 AM

ATTENDEES (By Conference Call):

•	Terry Desmarais	City of Portsmouth
•	Don Song	City of Portsmouth
•	Timothy Babkirk	City of Portsmouth
•	Kathy Sanborn	City of Portsmouth
•	Steve Clifton	Underwood Engineers
•	David Mercier	Underwood Engineers
•	Ransom Horner-Richardson	Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

• Started Pilot Test 2 with Aries 252 on 4/24/17. The new chemical was started at a dose of 8.6 PPMV of PAC and 0.19 PPMV of polymer based on the results of Pilot Test 1 and is still there as of today, 5/8/17.

Discussion of Pilot Test 2 Results:

- Summary on how new coagulant is doing (Aries 252). City observations:
 - o Thick sludge. This is not out of the ordinary with high flows because of FOG.
 - o No process issues.
 - o Clarifiers look good/normal.
 - o Sludge weight between 7 and 10 wet tons/day.
 - o TSS removal = 79-92%.
- TSS Removals: High 70s/Mid 80s Percent Removal. Thick sludge is causing plugging but otherwise it's behaving more like their normal chemical (Aries 2076). Sludge hauling weight is more similar to normal. On 4th cake was 37% cake; on 5th cake was 38%.
- Effluent TSS numbers:
 - o Last week: 40, 41.5, 41, 47 mg/L
 - o From an operator perspective, this is a much better chemical (than 291). Not sure if sludge pipe clogging is due to chemical or rain events.
- Thickener Overflow and Underflow:
 - o Overflow TSS: 130, 67 mg/L
 - o Underflow: 3.9% solids; 3.1% solids.

Continued Plan for Pilot Test 2:

- UE recommends one more week at low dose, then decide if bump up or run one more week at low dose since Fournier PLC is down. Fournier PLC is not communicating with plunger pumps. Running it today but will switch to BFP tomorrow.
- City is adding caustic and averaging 6.5 pH out. City stopped caustic at Pilot 1 start, then started again but cut dose by ~50%; still dosing @ 50% during Pilot 2. Lower dose required than with ferric.
- CCT flush is scheduled for this Friday (5/12).
- Ransom to send costs for all three pilot coagulants:

Tote c	osts from Aries	3	
2076	275 gal@	3445 lb	\$0.401 lb
291	275 gal@	3100 lb	\$0.47 lb
252	275 gal@	2750 lb	\$0.449 lb
2076	12.53 lb/gal	\$5.024/gal	
291	11.27 lb/gal	\$5.297/gal	
252	10.00 lb/gal	\$4.49/gal	
Costs	are less if purcl	nased in bulk.	

Pilot Test 2 Meeting NOTES June 1, 2017 at 2:30 PM

ATTENDEES (By Conference Call):

Don Song
 Timothy Babkirk
 Steve Clifton
 David Mercier
 City of Portsmouth
 Underwood Engineers
 Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

• Pilot Test 2 with Aries 252 concluded on 6/3/17. Pilot Test 2 was ended with a higher dose of 27.0 PPMV of PAC and 0.19 PPMV of polymer. Still awaiting the final results from the last week of sampling.

Discussion of Pilot Test 2 Results:

- Summary on how new coagulant is doing (Aries 252). City observations:
 - o Aries 252 acting much like the historic chemical.
 - o Continued thicker sludge with lower dose of 8.6 PPMV of PAC and 0.19 PPMV of polymer.
 - o Higher dose resulted in more consistent thick to average sludge. Sludge was not watery like the previous chemical.
 - o Higher dose resulting in similar values as low dose.
 - Aries 252 not causing detrimental effects like Aries 291. No noticeable graying in gravity thickeners.
 - O Bi-weekly cleaning is being performed on chlorine contact tank. Build up is about average compared to ferric, which maybe 1" light sludge at the bottom. Aries 291 had about 8" sludge on the bottom.
 - As of 5/9/2017, the Fournier press was switched to the belt press due to pump motor issues. Replacement motors will be in as of next week (6/5 to 6/9).
 - o WET Testing is not being performed.
 - o PAC seems to eliminate toxic and reduces the need.
- TSS Removals:
 - o High 70s/Mid 80s Percent Removal.
- Effluent TSS numbers:
 - o Last recorded week: 76, 72, and 67 mg/L (5/23, 5/24, 5/25 respectively)

- Thickener Overflow and Underflow:
 - o Overflow TSS: 306.5, 293.5 mg/L (5/23 5/24)
 - o Underflow: 3.78% solids, 3.91% solids

Plan for Pilot Test 3:

o Pilot Test 3 with Aries 2076 (normal chemical) to begin with the same low dose.

Pilot Test 5 Meeting NOTES July 5, 2017 at 2:00 PM

ATTENDEES (By Conference Call):

 Terry 	Desmarais	City of Portsmouth
• Don	Song	City of Portsmouth
• Timo	thy Babkirk	City of Portsmouth
• Steve	Clifton	Underwood Engineers
• David	l Mercier	Underwood Engineers
• Danie	el Jacobson	Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

 Started Pilot Test 3 with Aries 2076 on 6/5/2017. The chemical was started at a dose of 8.6 PPMV of Ferric and 0.19 PPMV of polymer. The ferric dose was increased to 27 PPMV on 7/3/2017.

Discussion of Pilot Test 3 Performance:

- Summary on how new coagulant is doing (Aries 2076).
 - o So far, the results are showing that the ferric chemical is not doing as well as it has historically as an annual average.
 - The average TSS effluent (mg/L) for Pilots 1, 2, and 3 are 40, 56, and 74, respectively. The average TSS influent (mg/L) for Pilots 1, 2, and 3 are 233, 318, and 336, respectively.
 - o The City reports that they have had no problems with sludge with the ferric chemical. They have had thick sludge since starting Aries 2076, and no issues at the gravity thickener.
 - o The high dose of 27 PPMV was started on 7/3. So far, the results have been close to the low dose results, but maybe doing better, too early to tell. The floc is changing a little bit.
 - Dave mentioned running the second PAC (Aries 252) again if the Ferric high dose does not improve results. The Aries 252 results were quite similar when compared to historical numbers.
 - The City was concerned that the Aries 252 did not produce great sludge. The quality of the sludge would vary, with thick sludge for a few days and then water for a few days. Also, the end of the Aries 252 pilot with high doses resulted in a graying of the gravity thickener.
 - The first PAC (Aries 291) had the best effluent results short-term, but the most operational issues.

- o The City mentioned doing 'operator optimized' runs for Ferric where the doses would be varied day-to-day. This may improve performance.
- o It was decided that Ferric would be run with operator optimized doses starting on 7/17 and continuing for 2 weeks. This could be done instead of or in addition to re-running the second PAC chemical.
 - A conference call will be scheduled to decide if re-running the second PAC is necessary once statistical analysis is done on data.
- o Steve asked about the current flows, temperature, and pH:
 - Average flows of 3.2 MGD. Morning flows around 2.1 MGD and increasing to 3.1 or 3.2 MGD at noon time. The average flows for May, June, and July are 5.6 MGD, 3.9 MGD, and 3.3 MGD, respectively.
 - The temperature has been changing with incoming flows. The temperature was 11.4°C when pilot started and is now 18.8°C. The pH has not really changed, around 7.5 to 7.8.
- TSS Removals:
 - o Low 70s/Low 80s Percent Removal. Average percent removal of 76.3, so far.
- Effluent TSS numbers:
 - o Last recorded week: 72, 66, 76, 74.7, 75 mg/L (6/20, 6/21, 6/22, 6/23, 6/24 respectively)
- Thickener Overflow and Underflow:
 - o Overflow TSS: 287, 194, 165, 175 mg/L (6/27 6/30)
 - o Underflow: -

Planned:

- Compare Pilot 3 data to historical seasonal data
- 44 week wastewater characterization with data and Phase 2 Pilot Report on website to download.
 - Can contact John Pearson of AECOM to request.
- Send email containing averages of influent and effluent for Terry to give EPA.
- Dave to receive email containing wastewater process sheets from Tim.
- Re-run ferric chemical with operator optimized dose from 7/17 7/31.

Portsmouth, NH
Peirce Island WWTF

Pilot Testing Chemical dosing Results

		SCADA S	Set Doses	PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measured flow/dose		EAI Lab TSS Values			
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC pump							
	Flow	Setpoint	Setpoint	PAC pump	flow rate	PAC Dose	Poly Pump					
ate/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH)	(mg/L)	Flowrate (ml/min) Poly Dose (m	ng/L) Influ	ent (mg/L) Effluent	t (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
												Pilot started with ARIES 291 PAC. Setpoints of 30ppm and 0.5ppm chosen for pilot startup. Pol
2/27/2017 7:50	9.6	30		26.1	5.33	13.33		100				SCADA changes had not been implemented. Coag SCADA not done correctly.
2/27/2017 9:00	9.7	30	0.49	52.2	10.66	26.39						SCADA changes implemented for Poly and Coag. Setpoints set for both chemicals.
												Poor settling in clarifiers, poor quality effluent (visual) Doses were both reduced per operator
2/27/2017 9:30	10.1	19.94	0.25									judgement.
2/27/2017 9:55	10.6	19.94	0.25	34.2	6.99	15.82				De De Carried		Check of coagulant pump dose showed somewhat lower than SCADA dose.
2/27/2017 11:00		19.94	0.25	39.9	8.15	16.58						Clarifiers look better, floc is sinking well. Check of coagulant pump again showed dose to be low.
2/27/2017 11:20	11.8	19.94	0.19					2,22	error promotes and a	2000	The state of the s	Floc still looks good, but some of it is floating. Operator reduced poly dose.
2/27/2017 13:00	9.2	16.17	0.19	22	4.49	11.73						Operator dropped PAC dose to 16ppm. Check of pump shows it is still low.
2/27/2017 13:10		16.17	0.19				6.74 0.26					Flow test for poly pump is slightly high,
2/27/2017 13:20	10.2	16.17	0.19				5.88 0.22					Flow test for poly pump is slightly high.
2/27/2017 14:00	10.2	16.17	0.19	22.5	4.60	10.82						Check of coagulant pump shows flows still too low.
2/28/2017 8:00	7.5	16.17	0.19	9.3	1.90	6.08						Determined that SCADA programming was not quite right up till this point.
												RHR troubleshot SCADA with Mike, determined problem. Mike made changes 2/28/17 afternoon
2/28/2017 8:45	8.4	16.17	0.19	13.6	2.78	7.94						Need to verify that changes were correct
2/28/2017 9:00		16.17	0.19					A West	173 32	2.5	81.21	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1/2017 8:00	8.5	20	0.29									Doses at SCADA had been adjusted since day before - Verify when changes were made
												Poor darifier performance (visual). It was decided to turn dose up to 40 ppm to see if
3/1/2017 8:10	8.5	40.43	0.29									performance improved.
3/1/2017 8:30	8.3	40.43	0.29	77.2	15.77	45.61		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR				Flow test for PAC slightly high.
3/1/2017 9:00		40.43	0.29	and the second	6 2 2				188 35	5.0	81.38	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1/2017 17:00		30	2									Doses reset to jar test optimal levels of 30ppm and 2ppm and hold for 24 hrs.
3/2/2017 8:30	8.1	30	2	58.8	12.01	35.59	46.3 2.17	A CONTRACTOR				Clariflers had lots of solids on top
3/2/2017 9:00	7.9	30	2	55.1	11.26	34.20					Sales Services Control	Flow test for PAC slightly high.
3/2/2017 9:00		30	2					THE RESERVE	186 29	9.0	84.41	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/3/2017 8:00		5.39	0.12			de la company						Frozen solids on top of tank caused skimmer arm to bind up. City backed dose off drastically.
3/3/2017 9:00		30	2			Stephen Bus		A.O.S.	185 29	9.0	84.32	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
		4	THE PARTY OF	Acceptance of the second				No.				
3/3/2017 11:00		5.39	0.12									Lower doses have resulted in significant improvement to clarifier performance (visual). City note they can only process 30 gpm of sludge vs 50 gpm with ferric.
3/4/2017 9:00		5.39	0.12						189 41	1.8	77.88	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3,4,2017 3.00		3.33	V-12								17.00	
3/7/2017 7-20	PHOTE	ESTING WI	TH ARIES 20	1 STOPPED I	DUE TO CON	ISTRUCTION	NISSUES AT WWTF.					Plant staff need to catch up on sludge dewatering which has been adversely affected by chan- to PAC congulant.
3/21/2017 7:00		_	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	_			Market and the second second second second					W THE GOOD STREET
3/21/2017 9:00	11011	26.95	0.10	Z ILO IZITICI				1,000		Addition		City restarted pilot with coagulant dose similar to jar testing doses.
5,22,202, 5,00		20.55										and resources prior with coagulant cose similar to jar testing coses.
												Small Floc spreading over surface of Clariflers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running PA
3/22/2017 9:15		26.95	0.19						272 40	0.5	85.11	sludge through Fouriner Press. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
AND THE PROPERTY OF SEC.												
												Small Floc spreading over surface of Clarifiers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running runni
3/23/2017 9:00		26.95	0.29						238 29	9.5	87.61	sludge through Fouriner Press. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period
0/04/04/704/7		00.00										Light gray floc observed in Gravity Thickener, not settling well. Only about 6" of sludge in thicke
3/24/2017 8:45		26.95	0.29						169 35	5.5	78.99	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/25/2017 7:30		24.26	0.29						238 31	1.0	05.07	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. PAC dose decreased per
3/25/2017 10:15		29	0.29						250 5.	1.0	86.97	Operator's judgement.
				A second				division of the last				PAC dose was increased per Opertor's judgement
3/25/2017 16:45		16.17	0.16					HARAGA				Both chemical doses were reduced per Opertor's judgement
3/26/2017 10:30		8.09	0.16									PAC dose was reduced per Opertor's judgement
3/27/2017 9:30		8.09	0.16									Over the weekend the Thickener was all light gray suspended Floc top to bottom no separation
	Control of the Contro	0.05	0.10									showing in Sludge Judge Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at:
5/2//202/ 5.50												

Portsmouth, NH Peirce Island WWTF

Pilot Testing Chemical dosing Results

			et Doses	PAC Pum		low/dose	Poly Pump Measured flow/dose		EAI Lab TSS Values		
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC pump						
	Flow	Setpoint	THE RESERVE AND PARTY AND	PAC pump			Poly Pump				
ate/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH)	(mg/L)	Flowrate (ml/min) Poly Dose (mg/L)	Influent (mg/L	Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
3/29/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12								Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00
3/29/2017 9:00		6,4/	0.12					221	71.0	67.84	AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/30/2017 8:30		6.47	0.12					244	55.5	77.25	Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00
3,30,201, 0.30		0.47	0.12					Edverage Co.	333	11.25	AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/31/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12					160	62.0	61.13	Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/1/2017 9:00	Marie N	6,47	0.12					210	71.0	66.19	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/3/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12								High flows from snow melt, small Pin Floc. Very thin gray Sludge
											Heavy Rain, high flows, no settling, not much sludge. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced per
4/4/2017 9:00		2.7	0.08					189	47.0	75.17	Operator's Judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
					San						Flows over 10 MGD, Smaller Floc in the Clarifiers. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced again per
4/5/2017 9:00		1.6	0.06					248	45.5	81.63	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Heavy Kain, high flows, no settling. City ran out of sludge around 11:00AM had to shut down
											process. Chemical doses both increased. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24
4/6/2017 9:00		4.3	0.1					154	34.0	77.92	hour period.
											Flows still over 10 MGD, seeing some brown clumps floating on surface of both Clarifiers, only
4/7/2017 9:00		5.4	0.19					215.5	25.5	88.17	pressed 28 tons of Sludge all week. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced per Operator's
4/8/2017 9:00	LIES CONT	5.4	0.19	1				168	34.5	79.46	judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/8/2017 3.00		3.4	0.15	bear and a second				199	343	79.46	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/10/2017 9:00		6.5	0.23								Flows around 8 MGD. Medium sized Floc in the Clarifier. Doses for PAC and polymer increased per Operator's judgement.
		0.000	SESSION			900 and 1000					Large floc on surface on Clarifiers are not settling. Doses for PAC and polymer increased per
4/11/2017 9:00		8.1	0.29					98	44.0	54.92	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
	adequire.		Design of the last	400000000000000000000000000000000000000				Wall Trible			Much larger Floc, Flows are down around 6.5MGD. Staff left PAC dose the same but reduced
4/12/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19	All Control				280	35.5	87.32	Polymer dose. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Still a very large Floc flows are down around 5 MGD, Floc is still staying on surface of Clarifiers and
4 /4 0 /004 7 0 40											being pushed into the Scum. Tanks, PAC and poly reacting much different as the flows come down.
4/13/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19					377	40.7	89.20	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/14/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19					328	39.0	88.11	Flows Around 5 MGD, Floc is now smaller. City ran out of Sludge on 4/13/17 and still not much
National Control of the Control of t	Substitute 2 P.S.		200000000000000000000000000000000000000	75-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-01-						00.22	Sludge today. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Weekend Flows around 4 MGD, Clarifiers look ok but large clumps of Sludge forming in the
4/15/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19					297	54.0	81.82	Thickener. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											PAC and Polymer doses increased for final week of Pilot 1 per UEI recommendation. Sample
4/18/2017 9:00		27	0.23					216	28.5	86.81	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
								STATISTICS.			4 FT of Black watery Sludge in Thickener, Not as many large clumps floating on surface. Sample
4/19/2017 9:00		27	0.23	and the second				200	24.5	87.75	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/20/2017 9:00		27	0.31					191	23.5	07.70	Light Grey Floc in Thickener, not really settling. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24
4/20/2017 5.00		21	0.51	A CONTRACTOR OF A				191	ل ال	87.70	hour period. Polymer dose increase per Operator's judgement.
4/21/2017 9:00		27	0.19					350	27.0	92.29	Polymer dose decrease per Operator's judgement. Light Grey Floc in Thickener, not really settling. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/22/2017 9:00		27	0.19	PRESIDENCE AND			Plant of the second second second	270	28.0	89.63	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/23/2017 9:00		27	0.19	// Promotion				270	28.0	89.63	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/24/2017 7:00	PILOT 2			2						05.05	Sample confected at 5,00 AM represents previous 24 nour period.
72 17 2027 7100		JECON IVI	1174400 20					5			
											Pilot 2 begun with Aries 252. Pilot started with doses similar to "low doses" used in Pilot 1.
4/24/2017 7:00		8.6	0.19								Sludge is still like black water it Pressing but very wet, Clarifiers look about the same Small pin Floc.
	PO BANGES	MARKET AND AND ADDRESS OF THE PARK AND ADDRESS OF THE	020000000								Rain all day Flows between 8-16 MGD, Sludge became extremely thick which it usually does with
4/25/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					295	63.0	78.64	high flows. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/25/2017 0-00			0.10					500			Flows Around 7 MGD, Sludge is still very thick, Hard to tell how the 252 is working because of the
4/26/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					580	49.5	91.47	rain and High Flows. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows Around 7 MGD, Sludge is
4/27/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					518	70.0	86.49	still very thick, Hard to tell how the 252 is working because of the rain and High Flows. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/28/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					249	54.0	78.31	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/29/2017 9:00		8,6	0.19					226	57.0	74.78	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3000				Paranta and a		7.0		Mark and a second	37.5	74,10	Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge is still very thick. Sample collected at
5/2/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					82	36.0	56.10	and the state of t

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Pilot Testing Chemical dosing Results

		SCADA S	Set Doses	PAC Pump Measured flow/dose			Poly Pump Measured flow/dose	EAI Lab TSS Values			
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC pump	(A) (A) (A)	The second contract post above				
	Flow	Setpoint	The second second	PAC pump	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	PAC Dose	Poly Pump				
ate/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH)	(mg/L)	Flowrate (ml/min) Poly Dose (mg/L)	Influent (mg/L) Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
	Conversion of			1		San Van					Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge is still very thick. Sample collected at
5/3/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					254	37.5	85.24	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge is still very thick. Sample collected at
5/4/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					182	45.0	75.27	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/5/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					233	48.0	79.40	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/6/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19	The second	Service of			473	53.5	88.69	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Flows around 5 MGD, Clariflers are cloudy light grey, Sludge has thined out but still able to be
5/9/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					230	50.0	78.26	pressed. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/10/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					202	55.0	72.77	Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge has thined out but still able to be
3/10/2017 3:00		3.0	0.13	View of the last o				202	33.0	12.71	pressed. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Cleaned Chlorine Contacts, Sludge on bottom was normal around 4", Sludge still very thin. Sample
5/11/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					296	63.0	78.72	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/12/2017 9:00	CV CO TO	8.6	0.19					365	48.0	86.85	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/13/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19	Page District				283	70.0	75.27	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
				AND STORES				No. of the last of			Flows around 5.5 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have a lot floating on surface. Sample collected at
5/16/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					303	36.0	88.12	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
			A PANALA								Flows around 5.5 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have a lot floating on surface. Sample collected at
5/17/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					261	50.0	80.84	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Flows around 5 MGD, Sludge Thinned out, Some pin floc in Contacts. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
5/18/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19	1				288	41.0	85.76	represents previous 24 hour períod.
5/19/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19				A Charles and the Control of the Market Control	240	64.0	73.33	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/20/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19	Series				270	63.0	76.67	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Went up on Pac Dose to 27mg/L, Floe around 4.5 MGD, Sludge thinned out. Sample collected at
5/23/2017 9:00		27	0.19					534	76.0	85.77	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/24/2017 9:00		27	0.19					280	72.0	74.29	Went up on Pac Dose to 27mg/L, Floe around 4.5 MGD, Sludge thinned out. Sample collected at
3/24/2017 3.00		21	0.13					200	720	14.25	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Floc in Clarifiers staying on top not settling well, Thin Sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
5/25/2017 9:00		27	0.19					345	66.7	80.68	represents previous 24 hour period.
5/26/2017 9:00		27	0.19	4				636	68.0	89.31	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
0,20,202,010	Section 1										Weekend High flows due to Rain Pac and Poly in Manual Pace lots of sludge floating in Clarifiers.
5/27/2017 9:00		27	0.19					263	47.0	82.13	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
		Marie Lands		Andrew Applications							Thickener is now starting to show the grey Floc across the top and not settling well. Sample
5/31/2017 9:00		27	0.19					310	39.0	87.42	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Thickener showing more suspended solids, Sludge is getting thin, Flows around 4.5 MGD. Sample
6/1/2017 9:00		27	0.19					456	50.0	89.04	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/2/2017 9:00		27	0.19					278	73.0	73.74	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/3/2017 9:00		27	0.19					292.7	70.0	76.08	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/5/2017 9:00	DUOTE	PECHALIMI	THE A DIEC 20	ac.							Started using Ferric at 8.6 mg\L Poly at 0.19 mg\L Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/5/201/ 9:00	PIWI 3	DEGUN WII	I H ARIES 20	78							Flows around 4.9 MGD, Large Floc in Clarifiers but still settling ok. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
6/6/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					378	74.0	80.42	represents previous 24 hour period.
	energy a			Victoria de la companya de la compan				100 - 210 00 TO 100 TO	A Delicional Association		Flows around 4.9 MGD, Large Floc in Clariflers but still settling ok. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
6/7/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					406	76.0	81.28	represents previous 24 hour period.
	ASTRONOM NO.	TOUR DAY									
											Not Sure what happened on this day numbers are way off. EA determined two bottle values were
6/8/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					272	71.0	73.90	swapped due to mis-labeling. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/9/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					115	60.0	47.83	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/10/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19		Section State			328	67.0	79.57	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
										The same of the same	Flows are down around 3 MGD, Seeing the Influent solids Concentration going up. Sample collected
6/13/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					420	68.6	83.67	at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Clause and development 2 MCD Control to L. C
6/14/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					326	82.0	74.85	Flows are down around 3 MGD, Seeing the Influent solids Concentration going up, Lots of solids floating on Clarifiers. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5, 14, 201, 3.00		0.0	0.23							74.03	The Control of the Co
											Flows are down around 3 MGD, Seeing the Influent solids Concentration going up, Lots of solids
6/15/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					354	72.5	79.54	floating on Clarifiers. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/16/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19	A STANDARD				362	86.0	76.24	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

Portsmouth, NH Peirce Island WWTF

Pilot Testing Chemical dosing Results

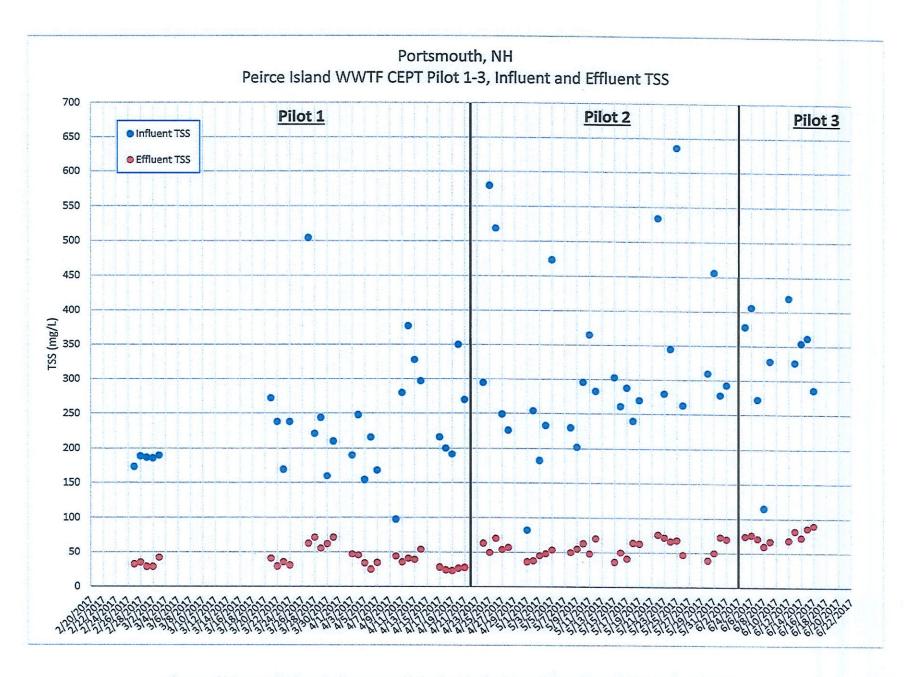
Rold indicates a change in dose

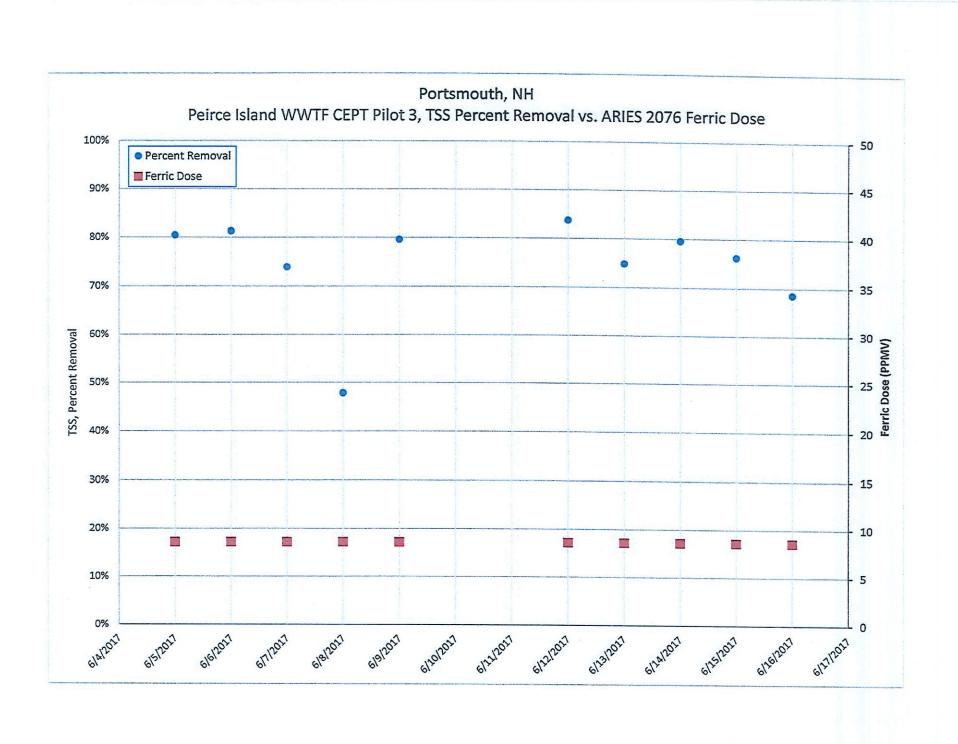
		SCADA S	et Doses	PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measured flow/dose	1	EAI Lab TSS Value	2	
Date/Time	D-Box Flow (MGD)	PAC Setpoint (mg/L)	Poly Setpoint (mg/L)	PAC pump RPM	PAC pump flow rate (GPH)		Poly Pump Flowrate (ml/min) Poly Dose (mg/L)	Influent (mg/L)	Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
6/17/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					286	90.0	68.53	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/20/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					352	72.0	79.55	Flows around 3.5 MGD, Not settling well in Clarifiers, Under normal operation I would make Poly adjustments to dial it in. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/21/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					360	66.0	81.67	Flows around 3.5 MGD, Not settling well in Clarifiers, Under normal operation I would make Poly adjustments to dial It In. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/22/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					362.5	76.0	79.03	More consistent sludge back on Ferric, Pressing much better on Ferric. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/23/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					404	74.7	81.52	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/24/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19			1.1.92		320	75.0	76.56	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

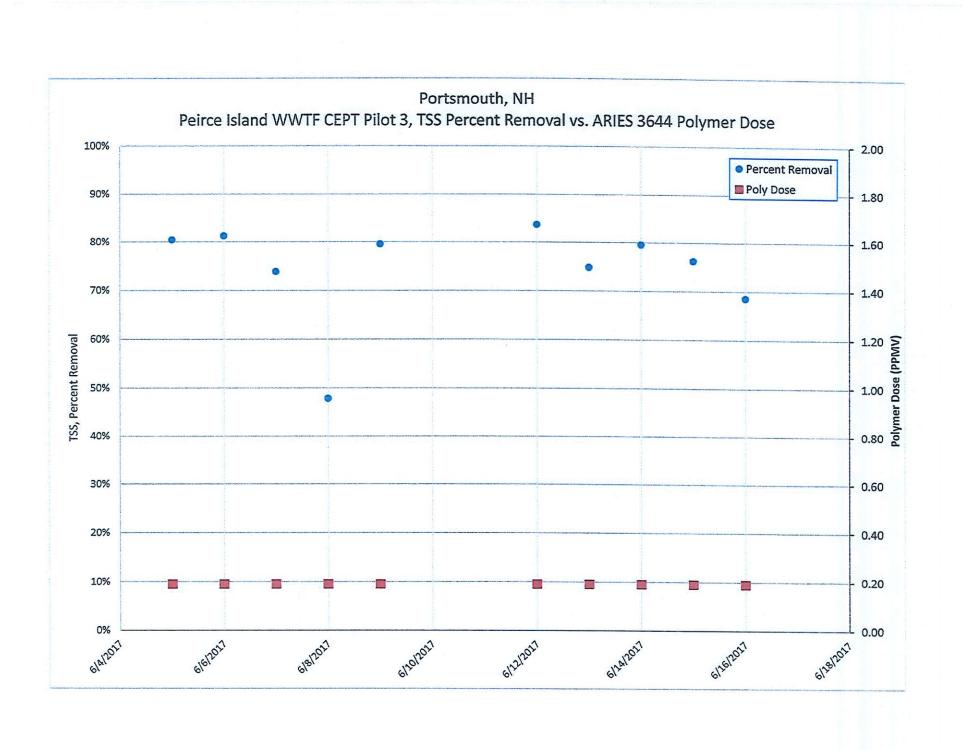
Portsmouth, NH
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Pilot Testing Chemical dosing Results

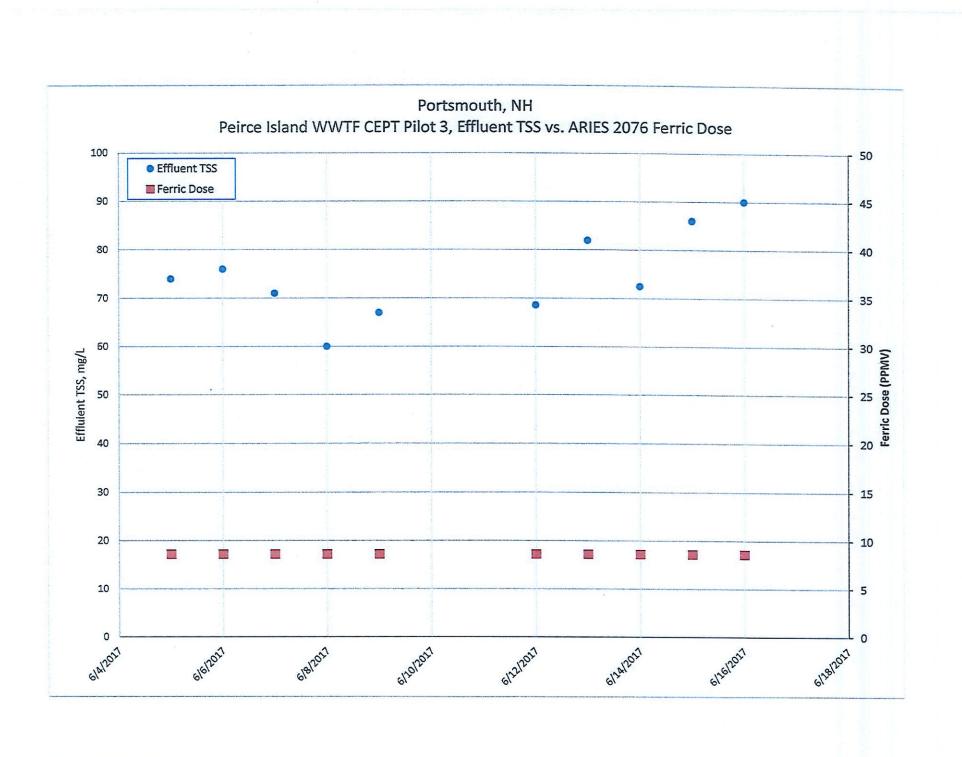
Pilot Lab Data:

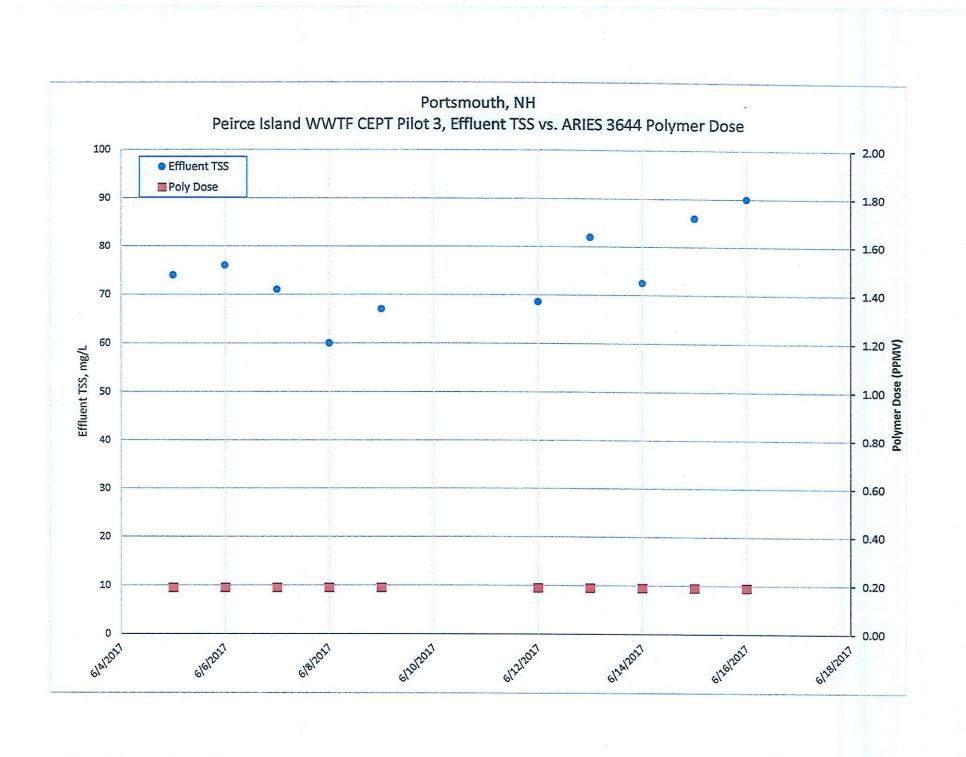
Sample ID Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	Sample Date 2/28/2017	Nominal Date 2/27/2017		End Date (Sam) 2/28/2017	Influent TSS (mg/L) 173	Effluent TSS (mg/L)	% Removal F			Coagulant Type	Coagulant Dose (Hi/Med/Low)	Notes
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	3/1/2017	2/28/2017		3/1/2017	188	35	The second secon	29.94	0.19	Aries 291	MED	Dose varied over the course of the day.
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	3/2/2017	3/1/2017		3/2/2017	186	29	81%	16.17	0.19	Aries 291	MED	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	3/3/2017	3/2/2017		3/3/2017	185	29	24%	40,43	0,29	Aries 291	HIGH	Dose varied over the course of the day.
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	3/4/2017	3/3/2017		3/4/2017	189	41.76	78%	5.39	2.00		HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	3/22/2017	3/21/2017		3/22/2017	272	40.5	25%	26.95	0.10	Arles 291	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	3/23/2017	3/22/2017	3/22/2017	3/23/2017	238	29.5	88%	26.95	0.19	The second secon	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Frf)	3/24/2017	3/23/2017		3/24/2017	169	35.5	79%	26.95	0.29		HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	3/25/2017	3/24/2017		3/25/2017	238	31	87%	26.95	0.29	Aries 291	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	3/28/2017	3/27/2017	3/27/2017	3/28/2017	504	62.5	88%	8.09	0.16		HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	3/29/2017	3/28/2017	3/28/2017	3/29/2017	220.8	71	68%	6.47	0.12		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	3/30/2017	3/29/2017	3/29/2017	3/30/2017	244	55.5	77%	6,47	0.12		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	3/31/2017	3/30/2017	3/30/2017	3/31/2017	159.5	62	61%	6,47	0.12		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	4/1/2017	3/31/2017	3/31/2017	4/1/2017	210	71	66%	6.47	0.12		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	4/4/2017	4/3/2017	4/3/2017	4/4/2017	189.3	47	75%	6,47	0.12		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	4/5/2017	4/4/2017	4/4/2017	4/5/2017	247.7	45.5	82%	2.7	30.0		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	4/6/2017	4/5/2017	4/5/2017	4/6/2017	154	34	78%	1.6	0.06		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	4/7/2017	4/6/2017	4/6/2017	4/7/2017	215.5	25.5	88%	4.3	0.1		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	4/8/2017	4/7/2017	4/7/2017	4/8/2017	168	34.5	79%	5.4	0,19		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	4/11/2017	4/10/2017		4/11/2017	97.6	44	55%	6.5	0.23		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	4/12/2017	4/11/2017	4/11/2017	4/12/2017	280	35.5	87%	8.1	0.29		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	4/13/2017	4/12/2017	4/12/2017	4/13/2017	377	40.7	89%	8.1	0.19		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	4/14/2017	4/13/2017	4/13/2017	4/14/2017	328	39	88%	8.1	0.19		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	4/15/2017	4/14/2017	4/14/2017	4/15/2017	297	54	8294	8.1	0.19		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	4/18/2017	4/17/2017	4/17/2017	4/18/2017	216	28.5	87%	27.0	0.23	Aries 291	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	4/19/2017	4/18/2017	4/18/2017	4/19/2017	200	24.5	88%	27.0	0.23	Arles 291	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	4/20/2017	4/19/2017		4/20/2017	191	23.5	28%	27.0	0.23	Aries 291	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	4/21/2017	4/20/2017	4/20/2017	4/21/2017	350	27	92%	27.0	0.31	Aries 291	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	4/22/2017	4/21/2017	4/21/2017	4/22/2017	270	28	90%	27.0	0.19	Aries 291	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	4/25/2017	4/24/2017	4/24/2017	4/25/2017	295	63	79%	8.6	0.19	Aries 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	4/26/2017	4/25/2017		4/26/2017	580	49.5	91%	8.6	0.19	Arles 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	4/27/2017	4/26/2017		4/27/2017	518	70	86%	8.6	0.19	Aries 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	4/28/2017		4/27/2017	4/28/2017	249	54	7896	2.6	0.19		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	4/29/2017	4/28/2017	4/28/2017	4/29/2017	226	57	75%	8.6	0.19		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue) Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	5/2/2017	5/1/2017	5/1/2017	5/2/2017	82	36	56%	8.6	0.19	Aries 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	5/3/2017	5/2/2017		5/3/2017	254	37.5	85%	8.6	0.19	Aries 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	5/4/2017 5/5/2017	5/3/2017 5/4/2017	5/3/2017 5/4/2017	S/4/2017 S/5/2017	182 233	45 48	75%	8.6	0.19	Aries 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	5/5/2017	5/5/2017		5/5/2017	473	53.5	79%	8.6	0.19	Aries 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	5/9/2017	5/8/2017	5/8/2017	5/9/2017	230	50	29%	8.6	0.19		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	5/10/2017	5/9/2017	5/9/2017	5/10/2017	202	55	78% 73%	8.6	0.19	Arles 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	5/11/2017	5/10/2017	5/10/2017	5/11/2017	296	63		8.6	0.19		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	5/12/2017	5/11/2017		5/12/2017	365	48	79% 27%	3.6 3.6	0.19	Aries 252	row	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	5/13/2017	5/12/2017		5/13/2017	283	70	75%	8.6	0.19		LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	5/16/2017	5/15/2017	5/15/2017	5/16/2017	303	36	88%	8.6	0.19	Aries 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	5/17/2017	5/16/2017	5/16/2017	5/17/2017	261	50	21%	8.6	0.19	Arles 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	5/18/2017	5/17/2017	5/17/2017	5/18/2017	238	41	86%	8.6	0.19	Aries 252	LCW	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	5/19/2017	5/18/2017	5/18/2017	5/19/2017	240	64	73%	8.6	0.19	Aries 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	5/20/2017	5/19/2017	5/19/2017	5/20/2017	270	63	7796	2.6	0.19	Aries 252 Aries 252	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	5/23/2017	5/22/2017	5/22/2017	5/23/2017	534	76	86%	27.0	0.19	Aries 252	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	5/24/2017	5/23/2017	5/23/2017	5/24/2017	250	72	74%	27.0	0.19	Aries 252	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	5/25/2017	5/24/2017		5/25/2017	345	66,67	81%	27.0	0.19	Aries 252	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	5/26/2017	5/25/2017		5/26/2017	636	68	89%	27.0	0.19	Aries 252	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	5/27/2017	5/26/2017	5/26/2017	5/27/2017	263	47	82%	27.0	0.19	Aries 252	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	5/31/2017	5/30/2017	5/30/2017	5/31/2017	310	39	87%	27.0	0.19	Aries 252	HIGH	No results for Memorial Day, 5/29 (Mon-Tue
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	6/1/2017	5/31/2017	5/31/2017	6/1/2017	456	50	89%	27.0	0.19	Aries 252	HIGH	140 results for Memorial Day, 5/29 (Mon-Tue
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	6/2/2017	6/1/2017	6/1/2017	6/2/2017	278	73	74%	27.0	0.19	Aries 252	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	6/3/2017	6/2/2017	6/2/2017	6/3/2017	292,7	70	76%	27.0	0,19	Aries 252	HIGH	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	6/6/2017	6/5/2017	6/5/2017	6/6/2017	378	74	80%	8.6	0.19	Aries 2076	LCW	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	6/7/2017	6/6/2017	6/6/2017	6/7/2017	406	76	81%	8.6	0.19	Aries 2076	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	6/8/2017	6/7/2017	6/7/2017	6/8/2017	272	71	74%	8.6	0.19	Aries 2076	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri)	6/9/2017	6/8/2017		6/9/2017	115	60	48%	8.6	0.19	Arles 2076	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	6/10/2017	6/9/2017	6/9/2017	6/10/2017	328	67	80%	8.6	0.19	Aries 2076	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Mon-Tue)	6/13/2017	6/12/2017	6/12/2017	6/13/2017	420	68.57	84%	8,6	0.19	Arles 2076	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Tue-Wed)	6/14/2017	6/13/2017		6/14/2017	326	82	75%	8.6	0.19	Aries 2076	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Wed-Thu)	6/15/2017	6/14/2017	6/14/2017	6/15/2017	354.28	72.5	80%	8.6	0.19	Aries 2076	LOW	
Influent/Effluent (Thu-Fri) Influent/Effluent (Fri-Sat)	6/16/2017	6/15/2017	6/15/2017	6/16/2017	362	86	76%	8.6	0.19	Aries 2076	LOW	
	6/17/2017	6/16/2017	6/16/2017	6/17/2017	286	90	69%	2.6	0.19	Aries 2076	LOW	

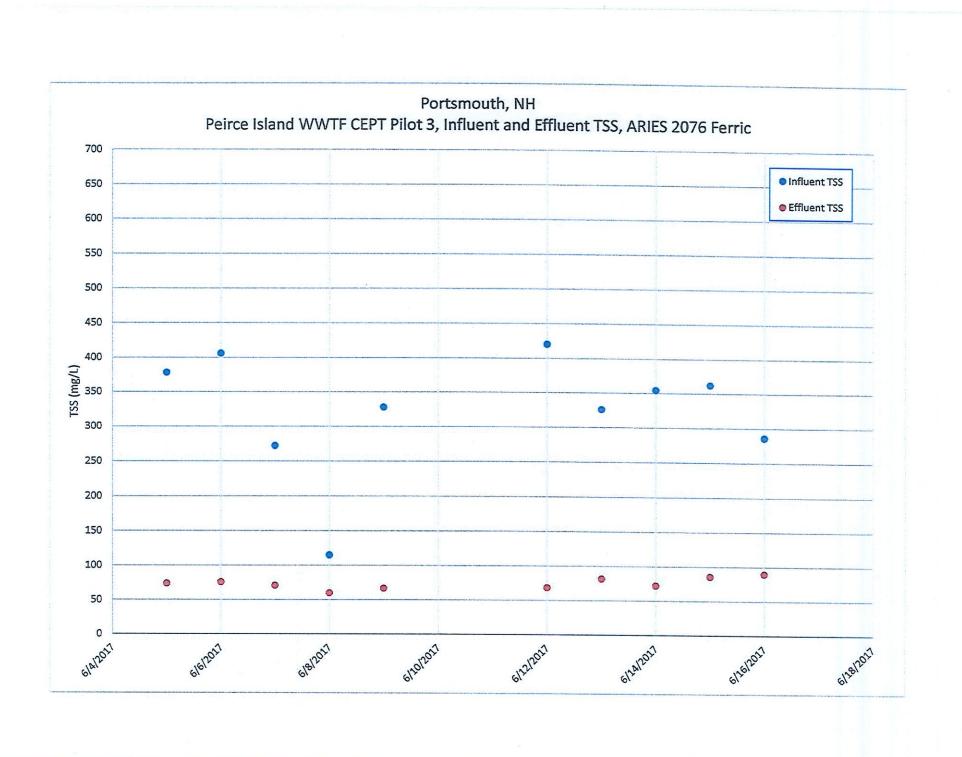












Pilot Test 6 Meeting NOTES August 1, 2017 at 9:00 AM

ATTENDEES (By Conference Call):

•	Terry Desmarais	City of Portsmouth
•	Don Song	City of Portsmouth
•	Timothy Babkirk	City of Portsmouth
•	Steve Clifton	Underwood Engineers
•	David Mercier	Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

- Completed Pilot Test 3 with Aries 2076 on 7/15/2017.
- Due to higher TSS vales than normal being achieved during Pilot Test 3, it was decided to continue sampling five days a week for a couple more weeks to see of dose adjustments by the operator as per the normal procedure would bring the effluent TSS values back to historic values. This is being called Pilot Test 3A.
- Pilot Test 3A began on 7/17/17 at a chemical dose of 32 PPMV of Ferric and 0.29 PPMV of polymer and was slowly increased to 45 PPMV of Ferric and 0.58 PPMV of polymer by 7/27/17.

Discussion of Pilot Test 3 Performance:

- Summary on how coagulant Aries 2076 performed
 - o Test was run from 6/5/17 to 7/15/17
 - Mean Inf TSS during test was 359 mg/L and mean Eff TSS during test was 70 mg/L.
 - O Historically the Aries 2076 achieved 53 mg/L on an annual average basis but for the month of June and July the historical averages were 55 and 58 mg/L, respectively, and continued to increase in August-November before coming back down in December.
 - The City has had no problems with sludge during Pilot 3 with the ferric chemical. They have had adequate quantities of thick sludge to process and no issues at the gravity thickener.

Discussion of Pilot Test 3 Performance:

• Underwood only has 5 data points back from lab so far but mean Inf TSS has been 344 mg/L and mean Eff TSS has been 62 mg/L.

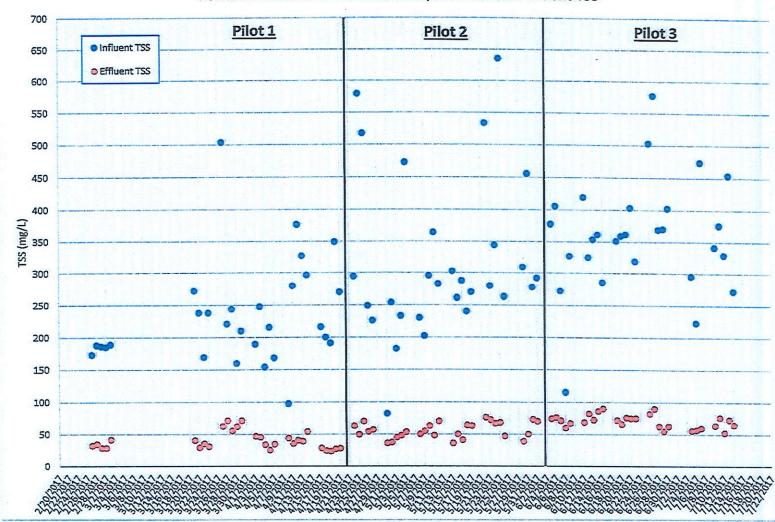
• Test should be continued for at least 2 more weeks to 8/12/17 to allow adequate samples to be collected once the chemical dose is up to historic levels (vs. where is was for Pilot 3 which was lower than historic doses for this time of year)

Additional Discussion:

- Statistical analysis so far yields the following:
 - o The mean for the pilot Inf TSS was Pilot 1 = 233 mg/L, Pilot 2 = 318 mg/L and Pilot 3 = 359 mg/L.
 - o The mean for the pilot Eff TSS was Pilot 1 = 40 mg/L, Pilot 2 = 56 mg/L and Pilot 3 = 70 mg/L.
 - o The Pilot 1 Inf TSS was significantly different and lower than for Pilots 2 and 3 which were not significantly different from each other.
 - The Pilot 1 Eff TSS was significantly different and lower than the Pilot 2 Eff TSS which was significantly different and lower than the Pilot 3 Eff TSS
- Since meeting on 7/5/17, Underwood has done additional analysis on historic TSS
 effluent data which supports the concept that the plant performance varies over the course
 of the year with lower TSS being produced in the colder months of the year (DecemberMay) and higher TSS being produced in the warmer months (June-November). In fact,
 the lowest TSS has historically been produced in January, March and April.
- The new chemicals Aries 291 PAC and Aries 252 PAC were tested between March and May so that may have enhanced their performance

- Underwood will perform additional statistical analysis on the historical monthly average data to see how the historical chemical compares to each pilot rather than comparing each pilot to one another given the potentially confounding parameter of time of year.
- Conduct another conference call/meeting on August 8 at 9AM to discuss new statistics and second week of data from Pilot 3A
- Discuss the need to run additional pilots
- Portsmouth will need to start processing sludge straight out of the gravity thickener come September due to construction activities during the plant upgrades that are underway.
 Staff are concerned that the issues the PAC products caused with the graying of the gravity thicker could negatively impact solids handling operations if those chemicals are used after September.
- Tim will get Underwood specific dates during the piloting when the belt filter press was being used vs. the Fournier press.

Portsmouth, NH
Peirce Island WWTF CEPT Pilot 1-3, Influent and Effluent TSS



Analysis of Variance: INFLUENT TSS Portsmouth CEPT Pilot

Number of Treatments:

Sum Mean St. Dev. Variance 3

	Ari	es 291	Ar	les 252	Ari	es 2076	Total
Inf.	TSS	SS	Inf. TSS	SS	Inf. TSS	SS	
17	73	16791.04	295	57.46	378	5688.14	A Charles And Arrels
18	88	13128.63	580	76961.73	406	10695.65	
18	36	13590.95	518	46405.68	272	935.15	
18	35	13825.11	249	2870.84	115	35186.34	
18	39	12900.47	226	5864.53	328	646.16	
27	12	935.15	82	48655.64	420	13787.40	
23	38	4170.61	254	2360.04	326	548.49	
16	69	17843.68	182	14539.59	354.28	2672.87	
23	8	4170.61	233	4841.41	362	3530.71	
50	14	40569.92	473	29042.90	286	274.90	
220	8,0	6688.01	230	5267.89	352	2442.31	
24	4	3431.64	202	10116.38	360	3297.03	
159	9,5	20471.95	296	43.30	362.5	3590.38	
21	0	8571.10	365	3896.23	404	10285.97	
189	.3	12832,41	283	383.39	320	303.45	
247	.7	3011.84	303	0.18	503.3	40288.43	
15	4	22076.09	261	1728.92	578	75856.05	
215	.5	7582.97	288	212.58	370	4545.43	
16	8	18111.84	240	3916.29	371.1	4694.96	
97,	.6	42016.90	270	1061.47	403.3	10144.47	
28	0	509.87	534	53555.11	296	43.30	
37	7	5538.30	280	509.87	222.86	6355.32	
32	8	646.16	345	1799.44	474	29384.74	
29	7	31.14	636	111168.74	342.5	1593.59	
21	6	7496.14	263	1566.59	376.67	5489.29	
20	0	10522.70	310	55.05	330	751.84	
19	1	12450.15	456	23537.63	454.29	23015.85	
35	0	2248.63	278	604.19	272	935.15	
27	0	1061.47	292.7	97.62	•		
675	7.4	323225.47	9224.7	451120.664	10039.8	296983,363	April 19 September 17
233.0	014		318.093		358.564		302.580
80.8	17		125.945		88.029		112.267
6531.	438		15862,209		7749.088		12603.88

SUMMARY

Groups	Count		Sum	Average	Variance	
Aries 291		29	6757.4	233.01	6531.44	
Aries 252		29	9224.7	318.09	15862.209	
Aries 2076		28	10039.8	358.564	7749.088	
Total		86	26021.9	42,66	212.163963	

ANOVA

Source of Variation	SS	df		MS	F	Fo	crit
Coagulant	235	082	2	117541	.01	11.67	2.34
Error	83624	7.5	83	10075	.27		
Total	10713	329	85				

If F > F crit, we reject the null hypothesis and the populations are not all equal.

At least one of the means is different. Perform a t-test to test each pair of means.

F crit can be looked up from an F distribution table (any statistics book or the internet) using the chosen alpha (significance interval), the degrees of freedom from the numberator (df_coagulant), and degrees of freedom for the denomenator (df_error). Shown here is F crit = $f_{0.10,2,55}$

TSS Influent t-Test

a = 0.1

Arles 291 vs. Arles 252

t-Test: Two-Sample Assuming Unequal Variances

	252	291	
Mean	318.0931	233.0138	3
Variance	15862.21	6531,438	
Observations	29	29),:
Hypothesized Mean Difference	0		
df	48	•	
t Stat	3.061685	,	
P(T<=t) one-tail	0.0018		
t Critical one-tall	1.299439		
P(T<=t) two-tall	0.0036		
t Critical two-tall	1.677224		Reject Ho

IF	THEN
tstat > tcrit	Reject Ho
tstat < tcrit	Do NOT Reject Ho
p value < a	Reject Ho
p value > a	Do NOT Reject Ho

Ho: Means are not significant H1: Means are significantly di

Aries 291 vs. Aries 2076

t-Test: Two-Sample Assuming Unequal Variances

	2076	291
Mean	358.5643	233,0138
Variance	7749.088	6531.438
Observations	28	29
Hypothesized Mean Difference	0	
df	54	
t Stat	5.603731	1
P(T<=t) one-tall	3.65E-07	
t Critical one-tall	1.297426	
P(T<=t) two-tall	7.3E-07	
t Critical two-tall	1.673565	

Reject Ho

Arles 252 vs. Arles 2076

t-Test: Two-Sample Assuming Unequal Variances

	2076	252	
Mean	358,5643	318.0931	
Variance	7749.088	15862.21	
Observations	28	29	
Hypothesized Mean Difference	0		
df	50		
t Stat	1.410115		
P(T<=t) one-tall	0.082348		
t Critical one-tall	1.298714		
P(T<=t) two-tall	0,164696		
t Critical two-tail	1.675905	8	Do NOT Reject Ho

When comparing Aries 291 with both Aries 252 and Aries 2076, the t-Test results in the rejection of the Null Hypothesis. The difference in the means is not equal to zero. The means are significantly different. When comparing Aries 252 vs. Aries 2076, the t-Test results in the acception of the Null Hypothesis. These two means are not significantly different. Therefore, the TSS influent values for Aries 291 are significantly different than the other two chemicals.

Analysis of Variance: TSS EFFLUENT Portsmouth CEPT Pilot

Number of Treatments:

3

	Ar	ies 291	Ari	es 252	Aries	2076	Total
	Eff. TSS	SS	Eff. TSS	SS	Eff. TSS	SS	
	32.5	511.22	63	62.25	74	356.83	and the same of the same of
	35	404.42	49.5	31.47	76	436.39	
	29	681.74	70	221.71	71	252.49	
	29	681.74	54	1.23	60	23.91	
	41.76	178.22	57	3.57	67	141.37	organización de construir de cons
	40.5	213.45	36	365.20	68.57	181.17	
	29.5	655.88	37.5	310.11	82	723.07	
	35.5	384.56	45	102.21	72.5	302.41	
	31	581.30	48	50.55	86	954.19	
	62.5	54.61	53.5	2.59	90	1217.31	
	71	252.49	50	26.11	72	285.27	
	55.5	0.15	55	0.01	66	118.59	
	62	47.47	63	62.25	76	436.39	
	71	252,49	48	50.55	74.7	383.76	
	47	65.77	70	221.71	75	395.61	
	45.5	92.35	36	365.20	82	723.07	
	34	445.64	50	26.11	90	1217.31	
	25.5	876.76	41	199.09	62.7	57.61	
	34.5	424.78	64	79.03	55	0.01	
	44	123.43	63	62.25	62.73	58.06	
	35.5	384.56	76	436.39	56	0.79	
	40.7	207.65	72	285.27	57	3.57	
	39	259.53	66.7	134.33	60	23.91	
	54	1.23	68	166.15	64	79.03	
	28.5	708.10	47	65.77	76.25	446.90	
	24.5	936.98	39	259.53	52.857	5.08	
	23.5	999.20	50	26.11	73	320.05	
	27	790.18	73	320.05	65	97.81	
	28	734.96	70	221.71	•		
Sum	1156.96	11950.8291	1615.2	4158.5441	1967.307	9241.945	
Mean	39.895		55.697		70.261		55.110
St. Dev.	13.677		12.172		10.210		17.270
Variance	187.054		148.163		104.243		298.2508

SUMMARY

Groups	Count		Sum	Average	Variance
Arles 291	44-4-7098	29	1157.0	39.90	187.05
Aries 252		29	1615.2	55.70	148.163
Aries 2076		28	1967.307	70.261	104.243
Total		86	4739.5	42.66	212.164

ANOVA

Source of Variation	SS	df		US	F	Fc	rit
Coagulant	13150,66		2	6575.33	3	44.73	2.34
Error	12200.65		83	147.00)		
Total	25351.32		85				

If F > F crit, we reject the null hypothesis and the populations are not all equal.

At least one of the means is different. Perform a t-test to test each pair of means.

F crit can be looked up from an F distribution table (any statistics book or the internet) using the chosen alpha (significance interval), the degrees of freedom from the numberator (df_coagulant), and degrees of freedom for the denomenator (df_error). Shown here is F crit = $f_{0.10,2,55}$

TSS Effluent

2 = 01

Arles 291 vs. Arles 252

t-Test: Two-Sample Assuming Unequal Variances

Manager Committee Co	252	291	
Mean	55.69655172	39,89517241	
Variance	148.163202	187.0542473	
Observations	29	29	
Hypothesized Mean Difference	0		
df	55		
t Stat	4.647620822		
P(T<=t) one-tall	1.07055E-05		
t Critical one-tall	1.2971343		
P(T<=t) two-tail	2.1411E-05		
t Critical two-tall	1.673033965	ALM STATE	Reject Ho

IF	THEN
tstat > tcrit	Reject Ho
tstat < tcrit	Do NOT Reject Ho
p value < a	Reject Ho
p value > a	Do NOT Reject Ho

Null Ho: Difference in means is equal to zero (Means are not significantly different). Alternative H1: Difference in means is not equal to zero (Means are significantly different)

Arles 291 vs. Arles 2076

t-Test: Two-Sample Assuming Unequal Variances

	2076	291
Mean	70.26096429	39.89517241
Variance	104.2431809	187.0542473
Observations	28	29
Hypothesized Mean Difference	0	
df	52	
t Stat	9.520452423	
P(T<=t) one-tall	2.75848E-13	
t Critical one-tall	1.298045016	
P(T<=t) two-tall	5.51697E-13	
t Critical two-tail	1,674689154	No. Oak BOA

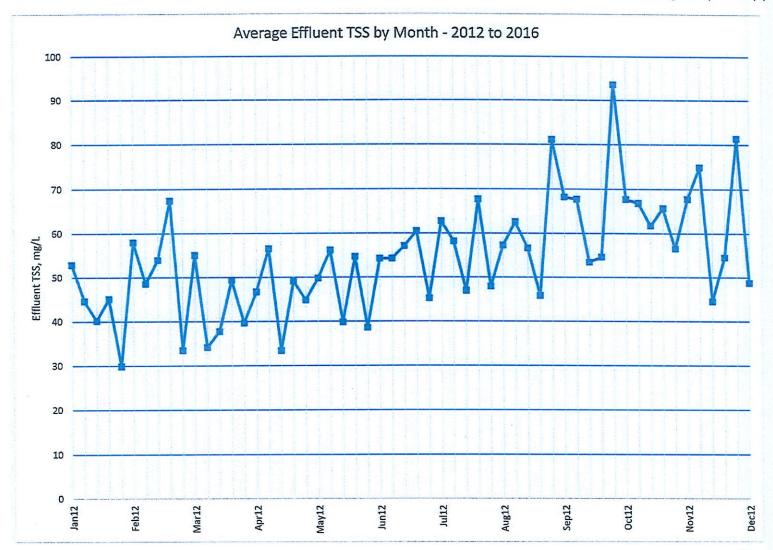
Reject Ho

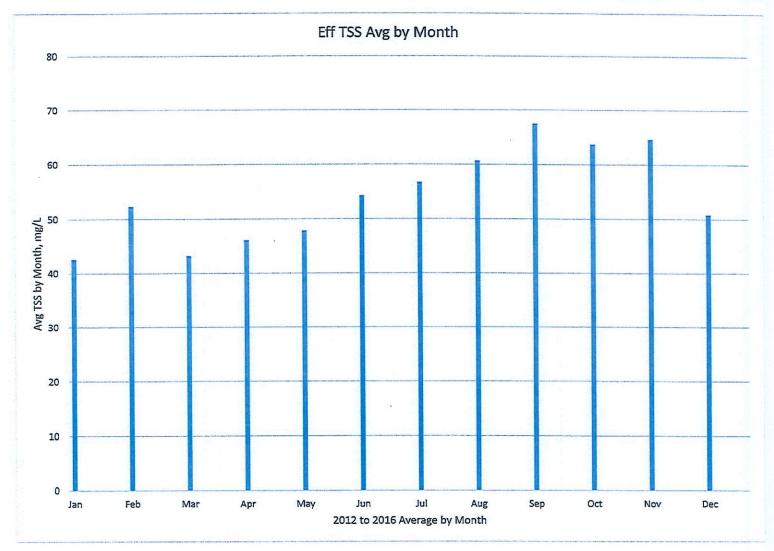
Arles 252 vs. Arles 2076

t-Test: Two-Sample Assuming Unequal Variances

	2076	252	
Mean	70.26096429	55.69655172	
Variance	104.2431809	148.163202	
Observations	28	29	
Hypothesized Mean Difference	0		
df	54		
t Stat	4.900747136		7
P(T<=t) one-tall	4.54991E-06		
t Critical one-tall	1.297426488		
P(T<=t) two-tall	9.09983E-06		
t Critical two-tall	1.673564906	8 9 <u>9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9</u>	Reject Ho

Each t-Test resulted in the rejection of the Null Hypothesis. The means for all three chemicals are significantly different from one another.





N:\PROJECTS\PORTSMOUTH, NH\REALNUM\2120 Peirce Island WWTF CEPT Pilot\08_Comp\2120 Peirce Island Data - UE Pivot Tables.xlsx

Row Labels	Average of inf_Flow_M.G.D.	Average of Inf_tss_mg/t_comp-24	Average of eff_tss_mg/L_comp-24	Average of tas %_rem_mg_t_CAL	Average of inf tas lbs CAL	Average of eff_tss_lbs_CAL	Average of inf_BDD_mg/L_comp-24
2012							
Jan12	5.35	183	53	70.5	7,321	2,147	205
Feb22	4,50	217	58	72.4	7,789	2,000	251
Mar12	5.40	159	55	65.5	5,747	2,324	194
April2	4,39	189	47	74.9	6,649	1,544	217
May12	5.19	206	50	75.7	9,005	2,27E	195
Jun 12	6.11	237	54	75.1	12,335	2,934	
	3.50	349	63	80.3	11,530	2,934	204
Jul 12		349		82.7		2,092	303
Aug22	3.85	344	57		10,928	1,829	317
Sep12	3.39 3.21	315	æ	77.3	9,323	2,022	323
Oct22	3.21	275	63	73.2	8,505	2,194	292
Nov12	3.49	294	63	73.7	8,265	1,940	288
Dec12	5.37	174	49	70.2	6,655	2,171	268
2012 Total	4,57	245	57	76,6	8,801		210
2013		245			8,801	2,136	250
Jan13	4.48	161	45	72.3	5,995		
		160	49	69.1		1,681	211
Feb13	5.02	150		63.1	6,978	2,141	213
Mar13	7.26	124	34	72.7	7,759	2,045	138
Apr13	5.01	186	57	67.3	7,911	2,402	211
May13	4.59	208	56	71.7	7,391	2,051	244
Jun13	6.30	200	54	6E.1	9,154	2,051	
	6.30	203		72.7		2,943	175
Jul 13	430	219	36		8,410	2,240	241
Aug13	3,41	206 169 219 252 244	5E 63 68	75.2	6,979	1,732	358
Sep13	3.73	244	53	72.2	S,478	1,519	235
Oct13	2.82	279	67	75.6	6,655	1,611	
	2.86	361	75	77.3			327
Nov13		361		77.3	7,409	1,569	Q4
Dec13	3.67	322	EK .	79.9	10,942	2,172	344
2013 Total	4,43	223	57	72.8	7,584	2,008	268
2014	to the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section sectio						
Jan14	5.12	226	40	E2.4	10,149	1,697	233
Feb14	2.79	297	54	E1.9	6,024	1,053	
Mar14	4.19	261	30	25.4	6,671		329
	4.13	201	33	833		955	252
Apr24	4.52	227			8,327	1,363	382
May14	3.25	291	40	25.9	8,170	1,125	258
Jun14	3.25 2.50	399	57	25.3	7,742	1,113	337
Jul14	3.01	291 399 372	47	86.1	2,746	1,133	
Aug14	3.30	424	57	3.38	23,874	2,014	326
	3.30	475		62.7	11,080		329
Sep14	2.52	4/5	53 62		11,080	1,245	389
Oct14	3,11	438	62	84.9	10,379	1,443	387
Nov14	3.44	296	45	05.1	8,625	1,293	301
Dec14	6.37	218	40	80.3	11,097	2,222	178
2014 Total -	3.70	327	47	84.7	9,252	1,389	290
2015							
Jan15	3.79	241	45	81.1	6,520	1,216	224
Feb15	3.86	291	67	75.4	9,223	2,141	
		277	49	80,7	8,244	2,141	284
Mar1S	4.70			00.7		1,421	229
Apr15	6.65	166	49	GB.1	9,214	3,245	140
May15	2.23	507	55	89.2	13,827	1,477	431
Jun25	4.12	400	61	84.0	13,253	2,063	287
Jul 15	3.25	370	GZ.	78.1	11,407	1,863	247
	2.89	279	46	82.2	7,581		317
Aug15	2.69	273		80.7		1,177	300
Sep15	2.82	277	55		5,962	1,184	317
Oct.15	2.93	310	55	76.7	7,098	1,508	283
Nov15	3.20	340	55	83,5	8,968	1,445	334
Dec15	3.15	And the second s	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR				to the same of the
2015 Total	3.75	313	56	79.8	9,159	1,723	284
201G							
Jan16	4,50	228	30	36,3	8,430	1,126	224
				86,7	10.617	4,120	221
Feb16	4.90	255	33			1,422	236
Maris	5.49	205	40	79,7	10,322	1,834	282
Apr26	4.26	201	45	76,5	7,012	1,577	201
May16	3.31	224	39	82,1	6,065	1,072	
Junis	2,94	326	45	85.7	7,973	1,072	249
		320	48	83.7		1,116	378
Jul26	2.74	266			5,798	1,045	285
Aug16	2,55	308	81	73.0	6,481	1,701	271
Sep16	2.38	284	94	65,2	5,605	1,866	275
Octie	3.13	341	57	83.4	7,228	1,195	
	3.34	347	81	75.2	11,061		331
					11,061	2,537	310
Nov16							320
	4.09 3.54	354 278	51 54	85.5 79.9	10,724	1.543	341

Average of eff_BOD_mg/L_Comp-24	Average of Inf_BOD_LBS_CAL	Average of eff_BOD_lbs_CAL	Average of BOD_%_Removal_CAL	Average of Temp_inf_grab	Average of pH_inf_grab	Average of off_pH_grab	Average of primary_sludge_flow_gal
132	8,240	5,262	35	11.6	6.9	6.6	492,218
148	9,342	5,372	AD:	11.3	6.7	6.5 6.5	530,336
136	3,157	5,229	29	12.4	6.8	65	495,681
161	7,487	5,458	27	14.5	6,9	6.5	687,603
132	8,416	5,644	32	16.1	6.7	6.3	
114	20,350	5.889	42	18,1	6.8	6.4	539,314
158	20,069	5,889 5,228	48	20,5	6.5	0.4	578,215
158	0.000	5,310	es .	21.6	6.5 6,4	6.4	644,273
173	9,722	5,310		21.6	6,4	6.3	698,281
203	9,559	5,900	38	20.8	6.4	6.3	661,596
172	9,290	5,645	39	29.0	6.6	6.4	694,363
144	8,503	4,227	50	26.0	6.7	6.5	742,339
110	7,085	3,824	46	14.5	6.7	6.4	901,385
149	8,833	\$,319	39	15.4	6,7	6.4	639,231
112	7,859	4,199	46	12.3	7.0		
103	8,707	4,392	49	12.5	6.7	6.6	669,720
		4,360	42	11.9	6.7	6.5	625,305
74	8,42B	4,360	46	11.9		6,5	686,034
103	8,971	4,329	51	12.8	6.7	6.5	686,051
134	8,787	4,812	45	15.6	6.7	6.4	690,206
93	7,229	3,657	49	16.0	6.5	6.3	715,173
129	2,629	4,717	45	20.1	6.5	6.4	1
185	9,823	5,094	48	20.7	6.3	6.3	7
187	7,191	3,800	45	20.3	5.4	6.3 6.3	;
180	8,544	4,GE7	45	18.7	6.5	6.5	•
100	8,720	5,022	42	16.2	63	6.5	1
242		5,026	9	14.2		6,5	1
164	11,275		47		6.5	6.5	1
140	8,717	4,551	4	16.1	6.6	6,4	391,938
115	9,929	4,699	52	12.2	6.7	6,6	1
145	5,383	2,446	54	11.7	6.B	6.6	1
101	4,554	1.801	61	11.0	6.7	6.6	î
76	7,103	2,982	52	12.8	6.9	6.5	
95	7,166	2,699	58 62 67	15.0	7,0	6.6	1
35	6,549	2,163		17.8	7.0	6.6	1
112	6,549	2,163	₩	17.6	7.1	6.7	1
LID	6,078	2,074	66	19.9	6.9	6.7	1
120	10,447	3,783	©	20.9	6.7	6.7	1
142	8,912	3,227	63	21.0	6.8	6.6	1
145	9,103	3,445	61	19.2	6.7	6.6	1
116	8,783	3,361	es es	16.2	6.8	6.6	1
73	8,839	3,643	SB	13.2	6.9	6.7	
112	7,686	3,005	61	15.9	6.8	ere	1
107	5,365	2,901	S 1	21,8	6.9	6.7	
107	8,960	4,895	48	21.1	6.8	6.7	1
149	8,960	4,033				6.7	1
95 70 128	6,656	2,667	59	20.9	6.9	6.7 6.6 6.5 6.5	0
70	7,593	4,058	47	21.5	6.9	6.5	0
128	9,446	2,792	69	15.5	6.8	6.5	0
127	8,011	3,602	52	17.7	6.9	6.5	0
101	8,009	2,455	67	20.1	6.7	6.6	1
128	7,679	3,176	56	21.4	6.7	66	
145	6,796	3,100	54	21.7	6.7	6.6 6.6	
113	6,213	2,495	50	39.0	6.3	6.6	
113	8,763	2,968	56 54 59 64	17.0	6.7	6,6	1
115	8,763	4,700	The second secon	15.8	6.9	6,6 6.6	1
215	7,568	3,340	57	16.2	6.1	6.6 6.6	. 0
78	8,030	2,817 3,273	64 66		75 P. C.		
30	9,625	3,273	50				
70	8,858	3,427	58				
79	6,915	2,739	60				
13	6,717	2,335	65	99			
86		2,666	GG				
86	9,304						
86 111	9,304 6,186	2.435	59				
86 111 112	6,186	2,435	59 51				
86 111 112	6,186 5,687	2,435 2,765	51				
86 111 112 132 137	6,186 5,687 5,430	2,435 2,765 2,714	51 51				
86 111 112 122 137 115	6,186 5,687 5,430 7,007	2,435 2,765 2,714 2,424	51 51 65				
56 111 112 132 137	6,186 5,687 5,430	2,435 2,765 2,714	51 51				

Pilot Test 7 Meeting NOTES August 8, 2017 at 9:00 AM

ATTENDEES (By Conference Call):

•	Terry Desmarais	City of Portsmouth
•	Don Song	City of Portsmouth
•	Timothy Babkirk	City of Portsmouth
•	Steve Clifton	Underwood Engineers
•	David Mercier	Underwood Engineers
•	Daniel Jacobson	Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

- Based on purely comparing one pilot to another, the performance of each pilot appears to have gotten progressively worse from 1 to 2 to 3/3A (see attached graph). Tim noted last meeting that this is something he sees year to year based on seasonal variation.
- To address this issue, additional statistical analysis was performed on the historical monthly performance data to see how each pilot performed compared to the historical chemical during the same time of year.

Discussion of Statistical Analysis Results:

- Seasonal variation of effluent quality is clearly present when comparing historical monthly average data.
 - o Effluent quality is better in colder months than warmer months, with an approximate TSS effluent of 55-65 mg/L in warmer months (see attached graph).
- According to the statistical analysis performed on the pilots versus historical data from the same time of year (a summary table is provided at the end of the document):
 - o Pilot 1 influent proved to be statistically different (lower) than historical data and Pilot 1 effluent proved to be *not* statistically different than historical data.
 - o Pilot 2 influent proved to be *not* statistically different than historical data and Pilot 2 effluent proved to be statistically different than historical data (higher). The average Pilot 2 effluent TSS was 55.7 mg/L, and the average historical effluent TSS was 43.1 mg/L.
 - O Pilot 3 influent proved to be *not* statistically different than historical data and Pilot 3 effluent proved to be statistically different than historical data (higher). The average Pilot 3 effluent TSS was 70.3 mg/L, and the average historical effluent TSS was 50.9 mg/L.
 - So far, Underwood has obtained 10 TSS effluent data points for Pilot 3A. Pilot 3A influent and effluent has so far proved to be both statistically different than

historical data. The average Pilot 3A influent has been higher. The average Pilot 3A effluent TSS was 66.7 mg/L, and the average historical effluent TSS was 52.9 mg/L.

- The analysis concludes that there is no justification to switch chemicals.
- Underwood will construct three summary graphs to show the comparison of Pilots and Historical Data performance during the same time of year. Follow-up: Graphs have been created; see attached.

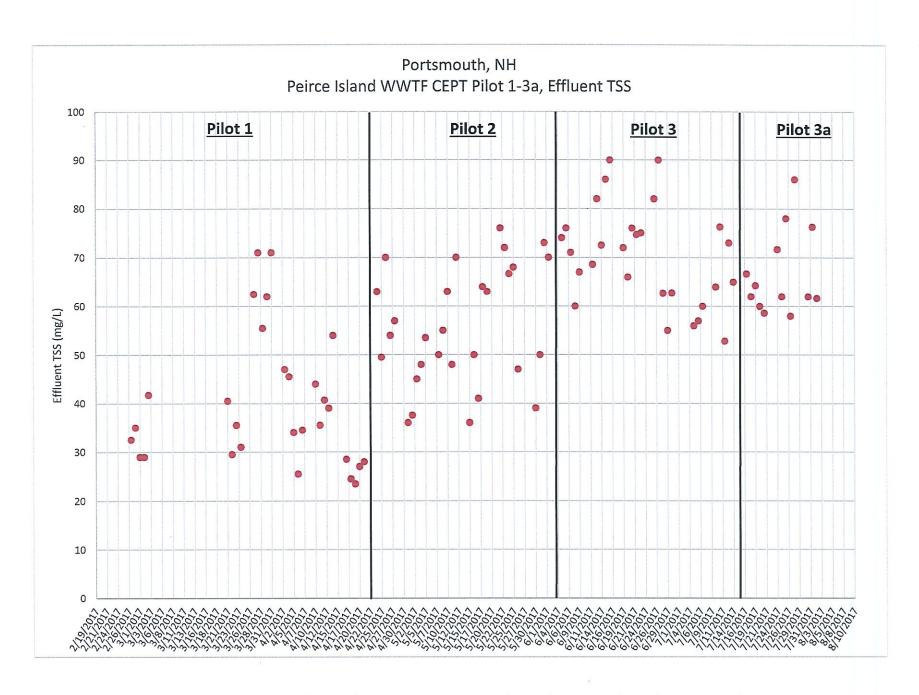
Additional Discussion:

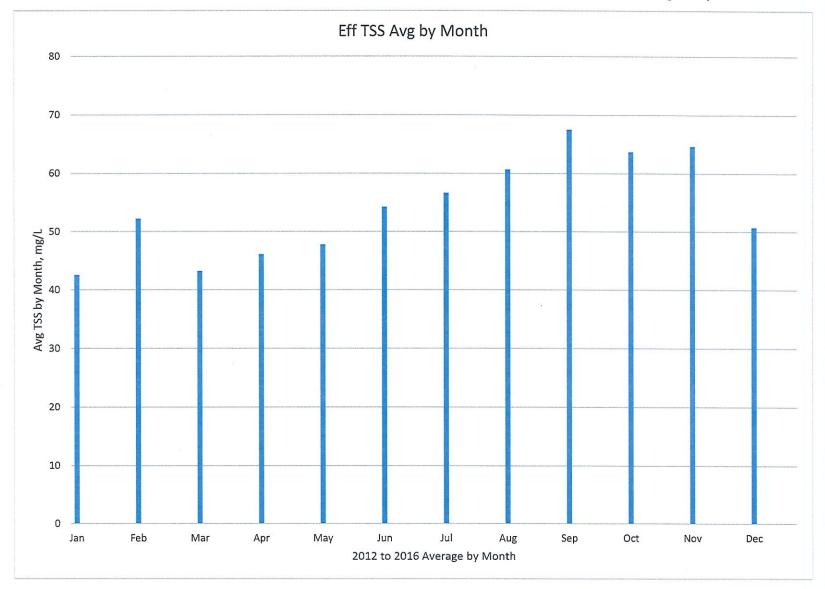
- The average effluent TSS using the 10 data points obtained for Pilot 3A was 66.7 mg/L. The average effluent so far is not much different than the average effluent for Pilot 3, which was 70.3 mg/L TSS.
- Tim will continue tweaking doses, which has recently gotten the effluent TSS to around 50 mg/L.
 - o 24-hour sampling will continue 5 days a week to see if the 50 mg/L TSS effluent can be achieved consistently.
- In response to the EPA potentially asking for a reasoning behind comparing Pilots to Historical Data rather than comparing Pilot to Pilot:
 - Each of the three Pilots proved to be statistically different to each other. The average effluent TSS was lowest with Pilot 1 (ran March-April) and highest with Pilot 3 (ran June-July).
 - This is similar to what the plant has seen year to year when looking at monthly averages instead of annual averages. Therefore, seasonal variations should be taken into account.
 - o The PAC product Pilot's (1&2) effluent TSS was equal to or greater than historical effluent.
- The City asked if a reduction in effluent quality based on temperature is normal or unique to the Portsmouth CEPT plant.
 - Underwood stated that warmer months produce more colloidal TSS in sewer systems which is harder to settle.
 - Underwood will give the Gloucester WWTF a call to obtain past readings to see if this is normal for CEPT plants. Follow-up: Underwood pulled Gloucester data off EPA ECHO website and it looks very similar to Portsmouth's, see attached graph.
- Aries 252 could be piloted again in late August/early September.
 - o The City is not interested, but will do if EPA finds there is merit.
 - o In early September construction changes will need piloting to stop.

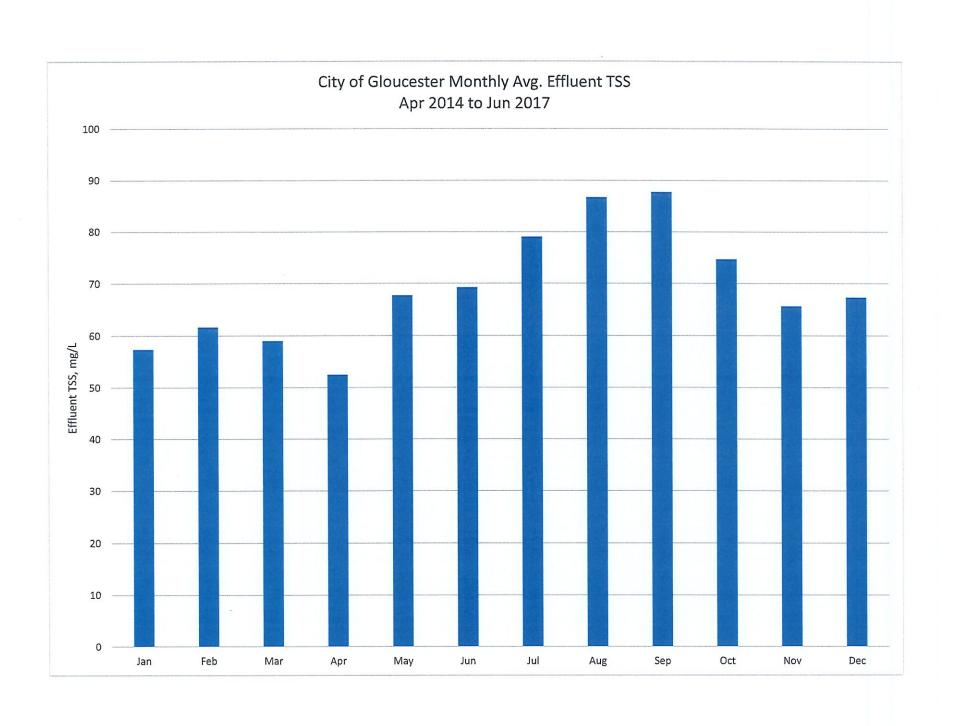
- Underwood will provide the City with three summary graphs for the comparison between Pilots and Historical Data.
 - o To be sent to the EPA early next week for their input.
- Underwood to call Gloucester WWTF to obtain past effluent data.

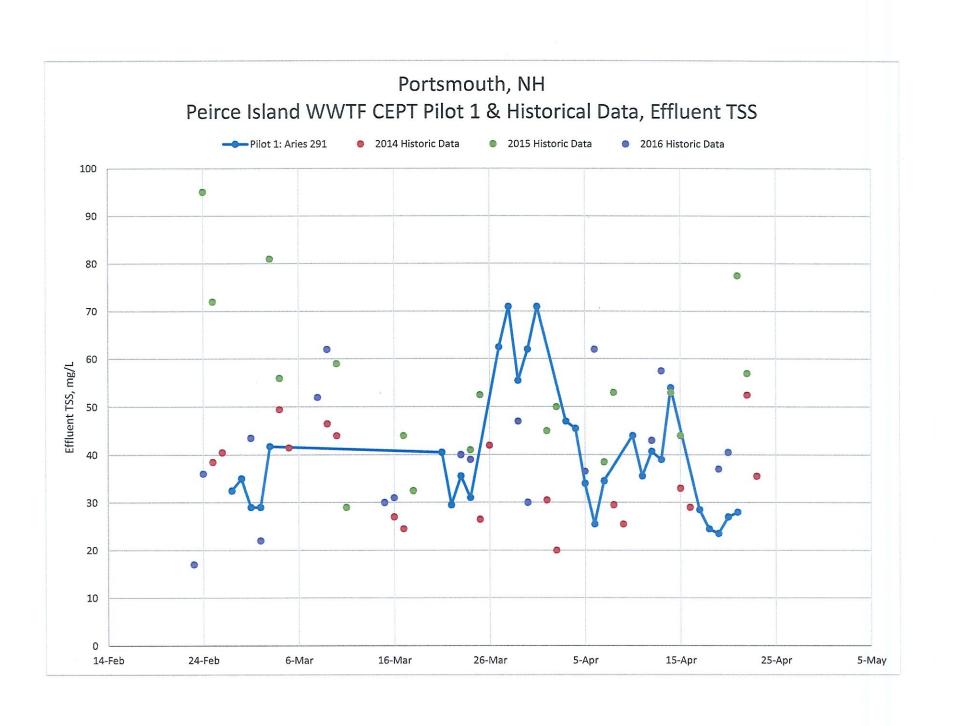
Portsmouth, NH CEPT Project #2120 Historical Comparison Summary Table

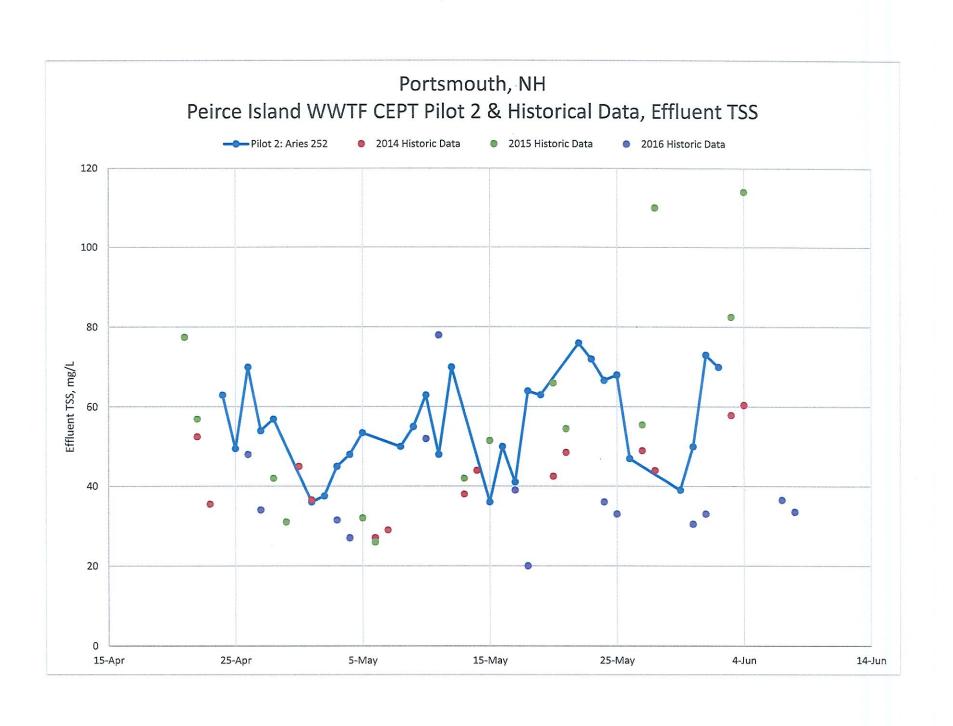
		Average TS	S (mg/L)
Pilot 1	Aries 291	Aries 291	Historical
Influent:	Statistically different than Historical data	233	181.9
Effluent:	Proved to be not different than Historical data	39.9	42.2
Pilot 2	Aries 252	Aries 252	Historical
Influent:	Proved to be not different than Historical data	318.1	327.6
Effluent:	Statistically different than Historical data	55.7	43.1
Pilot 3	Aries 2076	Aries 2076	Historical
Influent:	Proved to be not different than Historical data	358.6	400.4
Effluent:	Statistically different than Historical data	70.3	50.9
Pilot 3A	Aries 2076 A	Aries 2076A	Historical
Influent:	Statistically different than Historical data	361.4	281.9
Effluent:	Statistically different than Historical data	66.7	52.9

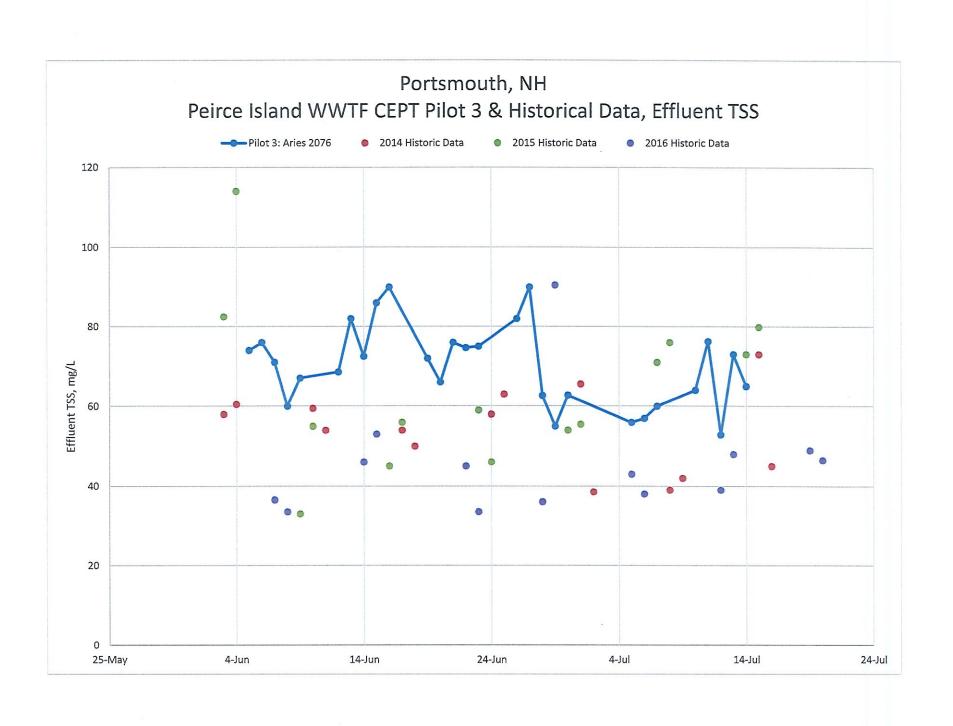












Pilot Test 8 Meeting NOTES August 21, 2017 at 11:00 AM

ATTENDEES (By Conference Call):

•	Terry Desmarais	City of Portsmouth
•	Timothy Babkirk	City of Portsmouth
•	Steve Clifton	Underwood Engineers
•	David Mercier	Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

- The City spoke with the EPA on Friday, 8/18, regarding the CEPT study.
 - o The EPA requested an analysis on whether flows have impacted the performance of the pilot studies. They suggested graphs containing effluent flow vs effluent TSS, and looking at periods of wet vs dry weather for each pilot.
- The EPA would like the City to re-run Aries 252.

Discussion of Aries 252:

- While the primary sludge pumps are being moved, the sludge storage tanks and one clarifier will be lost for a period of time.
- The City expressed concerns about using Aries 252 during tough operational periods.
- The EPA still wants to see the performance of Aries 252 in warmer conditions.
- The City currently has two totes of Aries 252, which will last approximately 5-6 days. Therefore they will need more.
 - o EPA would like this Aries 252 pilot to run for 4 weeks.
 - o Lead time is 9 business days on the 252 chemical.
- The second Aries 252 pilot will begin on Wednesday, 8/23, starting at a low dose of 8.6ppm of Aries 252 and a poly dose of 0.19ppm.
- Dave M. to let Eastern Analytical know the new/extended dates for testing.

Additional Discussion:

- Underwood is to generate graphs/statistics relative to effluent flow vs. effluent TSS.
- Tim is to continue doing gravity thickener overflow and underflow.
- The average effluent TSS since 8/4 is approximately 65 mg/L.

- Underwood is to provide the City with the requested graphs and statistics.
- Next conference call on 9/6/17 at 10:00 AM.
 - o Dave is to send out invite.

Pilot Test 9 Meeting NOTES September 6, 2017 at 11:30 AM

ATTENDEES (By Conference Call):

•	Terry Desmarais	City of Portsmouth
•	Timothy Babkirk	City of Portsmouth
•	Steve Clifton	Underwood Engineers
•	David Mercier	Underwood Engineers
•	Daniel Jacobson	Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

- Pilot 3A using Aries 2076 and operator optimized doses concluded on 8/22/17.
 - o As requested by the EPA, the City began Pilot 2A using Aries 252 on 8/23/17 to test the chemical's performance in warmer temperatures.
 - Pilot 2A began with a low dose of 8.6ppm of Aries 252 and a poly dose of 0.19ppm.
- Underwood generated graphs showing effluent TSS quality vs. influent flow as requested by the City.

Discussion of Aries 252:

- So far, Pilot 2A using Aries 252 has considerably higher effluent TSS values when compared with Pilots 1-3A.
 - o The first two weeks of Pilot 2A has resulted in an average effluent TSS of 88 mg/L. Pilot 1, Pilot 2, Pilot 3, and Pilot 3A have resulted in average effluent TSS values of 40, 56, 70, and 70 mg/L, respectively.
- Tim mentioned that Pilot 2A has caused some operational issues including a scum mat on the thickener and thinner sludge and less inventory than usual.
- The average influent TSS has decreased for Pilot 2A when compared to the previous pilots (see attached table).
- The City will increase the Aries 252 dose to 27.0ppm on Thursday, 9/7, to see whether the chemical's performance does better at higher doses.
 - o Pilot 2A is to continue with a high dose until it concludes on Friday, 9/22.

Discussion of Effluent Quality vs. Influent Flow Graphs:

- Underwood generated graphs using influent flow data for the first three pilots (see attached graphs).
 - o Tim sent the most recent flow data during call for Underwood to create graphs for the final two pilots.

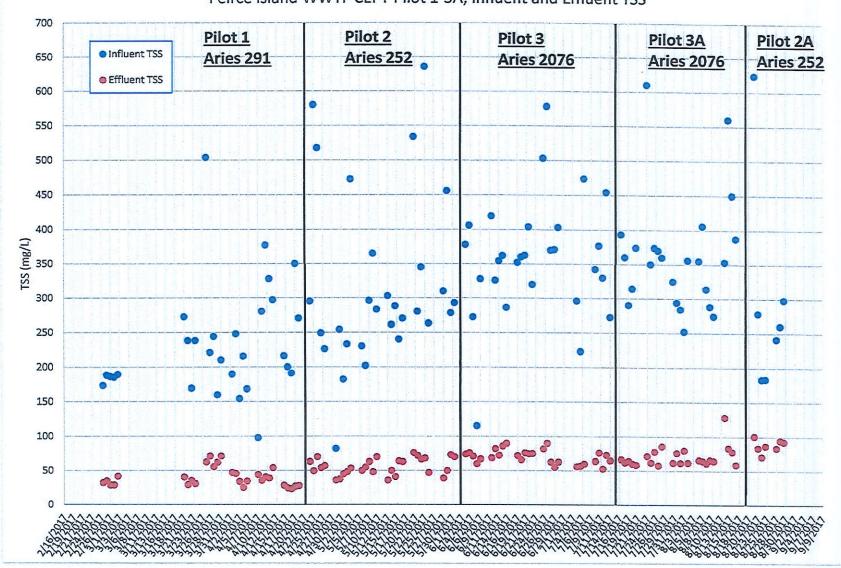
- o Underwood is to send those graphs, along with text edits discussed during the call, to the City so they can relay them to the EPA.
- The graphs show that there is no correlation between effluent TSS performance and flow.
 - o The R-squared value produced for each graph is insignificant.
- Dave told the City that he can provide similar graphs showing historic effluent TSS quality vs. flow data.
- The City told Underwood that the average influent daily flow is measured at Mechanic Street and this is used for effluent flow at the Peirce Island plant.

Additional Discussion:

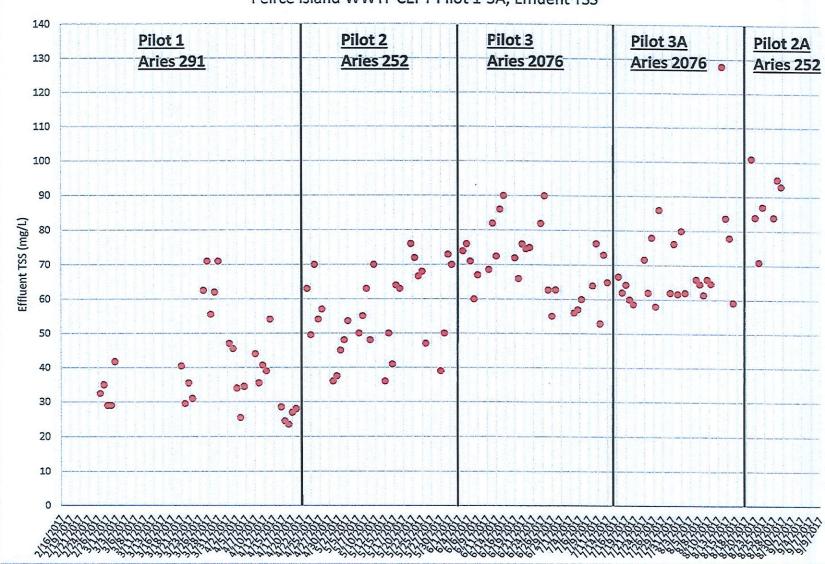
- The last time the chlorine contact tanks were cleaned was just before Pilot 2A began.
 - o Tim is to clean them again this Friday, 9/8 and will make observations.

- Underwood is to provide the City with the additional graphs.
- Tim is to send Underwood the most recent flow data and thickener overflow TSS values.
- Next conference call on 9/19/17 at 11:30 AM.
 - o Dave is to send out invite.

Portsmouth, NH
Peirce Island WWTF CEPT Pilot 1-3A, Influent and Effluent TSS



Portsmouth, NH Peirce Island WWTF CEPT Pilot 1-3A, Effluent TSS

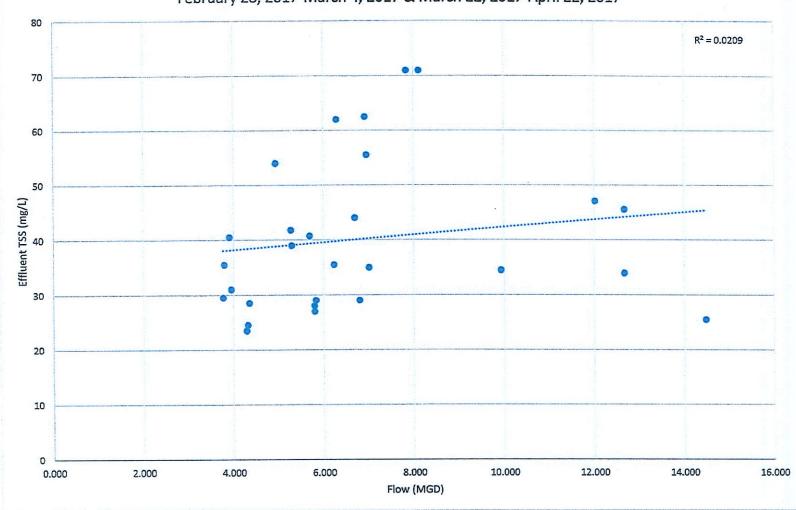


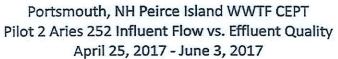
Pilot	Row Labels Average of	Influent TSS (mg/L) Average of Eff	luent:TSS (mg/L) Average	of % Removal
Pilot 3	Aries 2076	358.56	70.26	79.03%
Pilot 3A	Aries 2076 A	362.27	70.04	79.95%
Pilot 2	Aries 252	318.09	55.70	80.32%
Pilot 2A	Aries 252 A	295.30	87.86	66.38%
Pilot 1	Aries 291	233.01	39.90	81.24%
المراقعة ا والمراقعة المراقعة ا	Grand Total	314/389	60.130	0.793

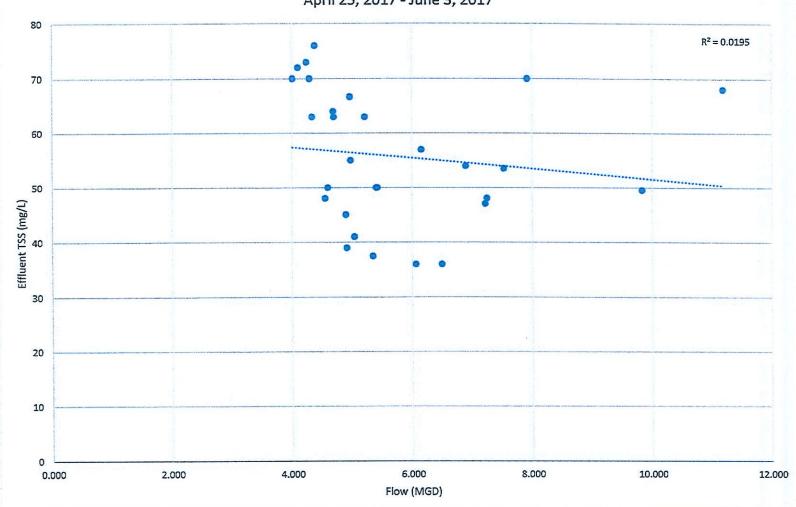
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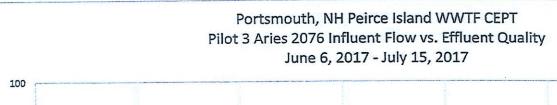
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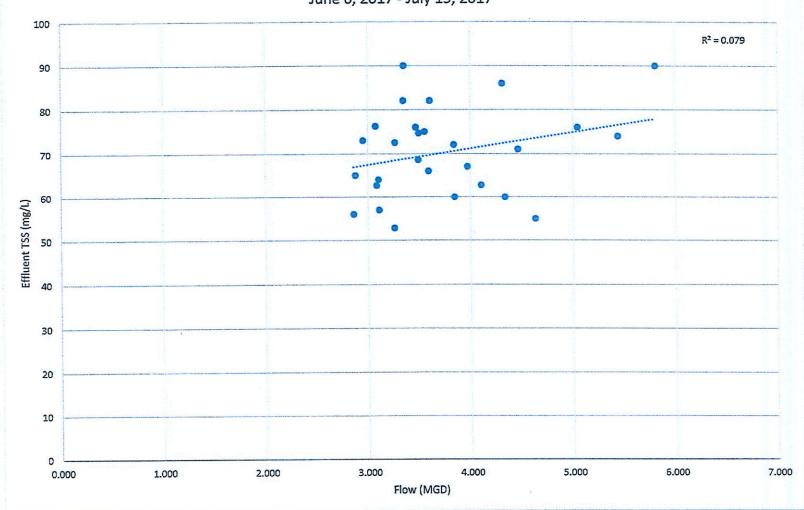


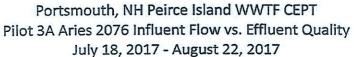


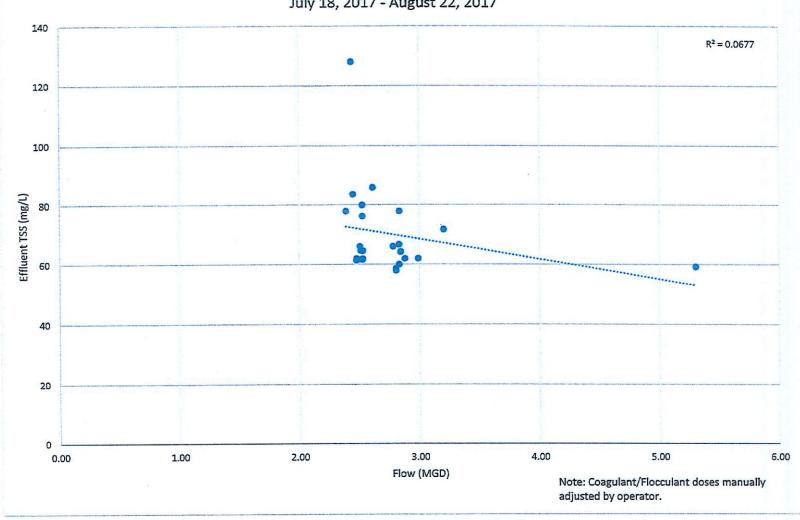




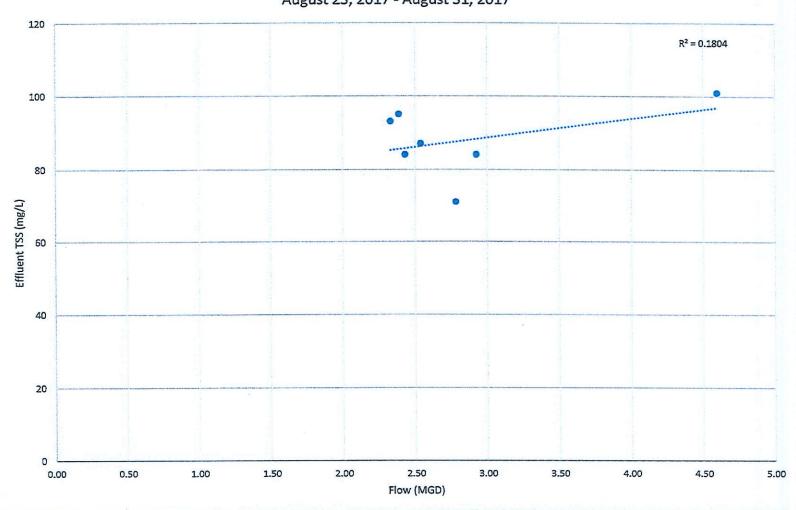












PEIRCE ISLAND WWTF CEPT PILOT PORTSMOUTH, NH

Pilot Test 10 Meeting NOTES September 19, 2017 at 11:30 AM

ATTENDEES (By Conference Call):

 Terry Desmarais 	City of Portsmouth
 Timothy Babkirk 	City of Portsmouth
 Steve Clifton 	Underwood Engineers
 David Mercier 	Underwood Engineers
 Daniel Jacobson 	Underwood Engineers

Work Completed Since Last Meeting:

- Pilot 2A using Aries 252 increased to a high dose of 27.0ppm of Aries 252 and continued at a poly dose of 0.19ppm on 9/7.
 - o Pilot 2A was run at a low dose from 8/23 to 9/6.
 - o The high dose will continue until Pilot 2A's conclusion on 9/22.
- The City spoke with the EPA regarding the charts produced showing Flow vs Effluent TSS.
- Tim cleaned the chlorine contact tank on 9/8.

Discussion of Aries 252:

- Pilot 2A switched to a high dose of Aries 252 on 9/7.
 - As of 9/19, only a few days of results at the high dose has been obtained from Eastern Analytical.
 - Some readings were taken from Tim's data, which is labeled on the attached graphs.
- So far, Pilot 2A continues to have considerably higher effluent TSS values when compared with Pilots 1, 2, 3, and 3A.
 - o The first three weeks of Pilot 2A has resulted in an average effluent TSS of 87.1 mg/L, and an average influent TSS of 263.74 mg/L.
- Tim mentioned that the sludge being produced is very thin and watery.
- Tim mentioned that the plant was running on just clarifier #2 starting on 9/11.
 - o The other clarifier was back online Thursday, 9/14.

Discussion of Effluent Quality vs. Influent Flow Graphs:

- The EPA did not see much of a correlation between Flow vs Effluent TSS, and does not see a need for further analysis on it for now.
 - o The EPA is still working to gather their thoughts.

- Terry spoke with the EPA about a conference call meeting to be schedule the week of 10/9.
 - o The City does not need a report for the conference call meeting, but mentioned to UE that a final report shall be planned for the end of October.
 - o The City asked UE for the updated tables and figures showing all results of the Pilots for the conference call meeting.
 - o UE will provide the City with the updated results by 10/6.

Additional Discussion:

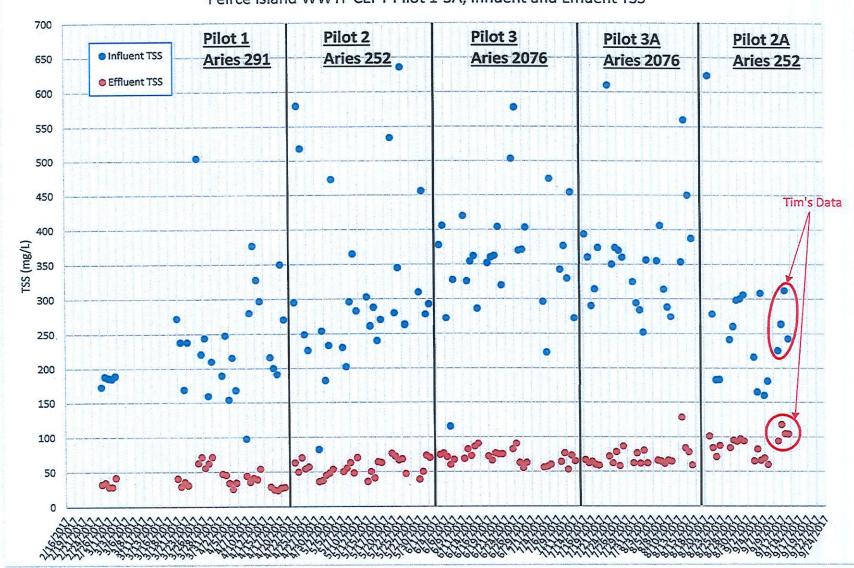
- Tim cleaned the chlorine contact tank on 9/8.
 - o He mentioned that there was a lot more settled material with Aries 252.
 - o There was about 9 to 10 inches of settled material at the bottom of the tank.
 - o Tim says that there is typically only 1 to 2 inches of settled material with bad conditions getting to be around 4 inches, depending on how often the tank is cleaned.
- Steve asked how long it takes for the plant to get back to normal looking conditions after switching chemicals.
 - o Tim says it takes about 24 hours.

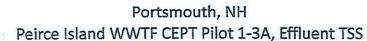
Planned:

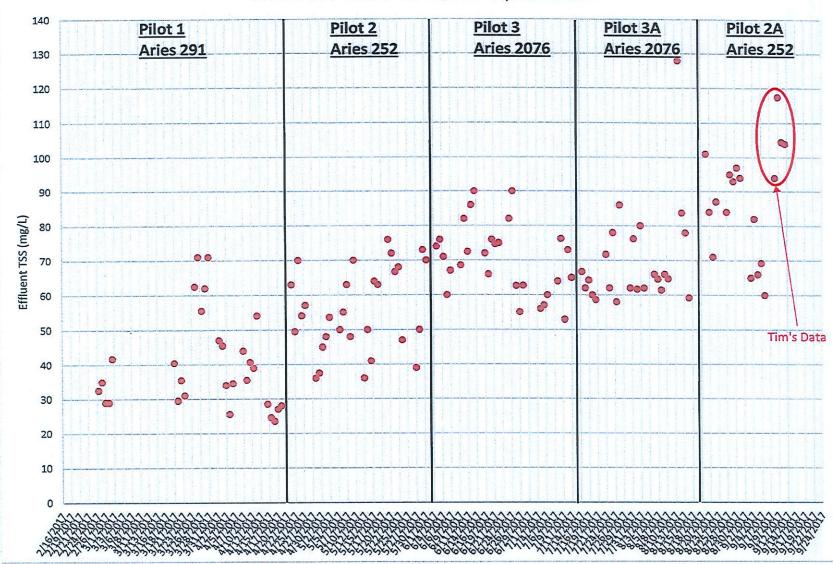
- The City is to schedule a conference call meeting with the EPA on the week of 10/9.
- UE is to provide the City with the updated data for all Pilots by 10/6.
- UE is to provide the City with a final report by the end of October.

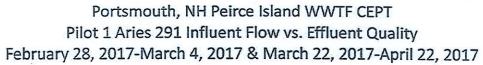
Pilot	Row Labels	Average of Influent TSS (mg/L)	Average of Effluent TSS (mg/L)	Average of % Removal
Pilot 3	Aries 2076	358.56	70.26	79.03%
Pilot 3A	Aries 2076 A	362.27	70.04	79.95%
Pilot 2	Aries 252	318.09	55.70	80.32%
Pilot 2A	Aries 252 A	263.74	87.12	64.52%
Pilot 1	Aries 291	233.01	. 39.90	81.24%
	Grand Total	308.31	. 62.41	77.96%

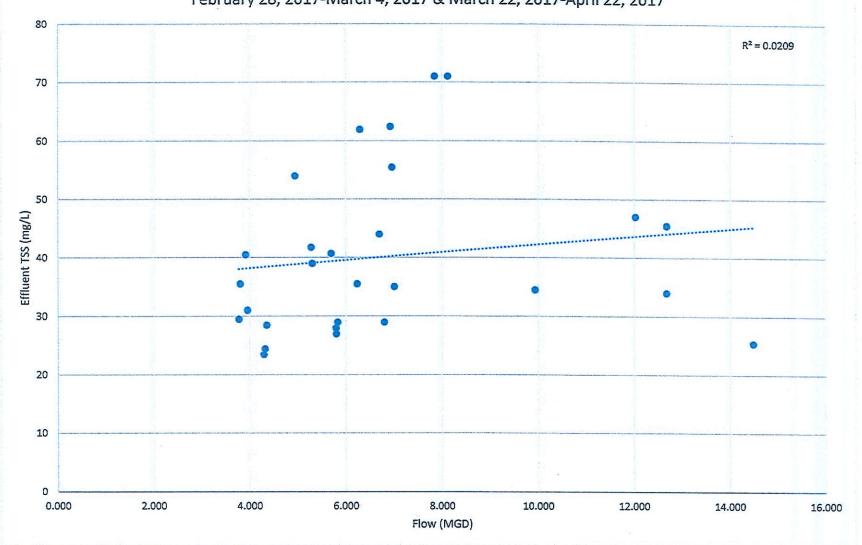
Portsmouth, NH
Peirce Island WWTF CEPT Pilot 1-3A, Influent and Effluent TSS

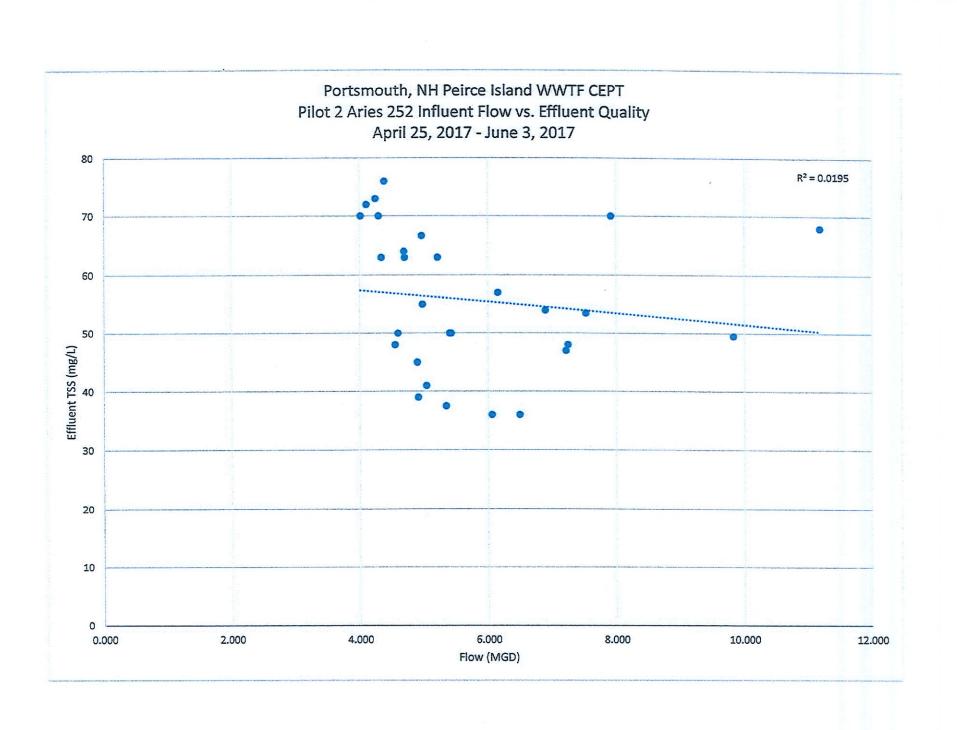




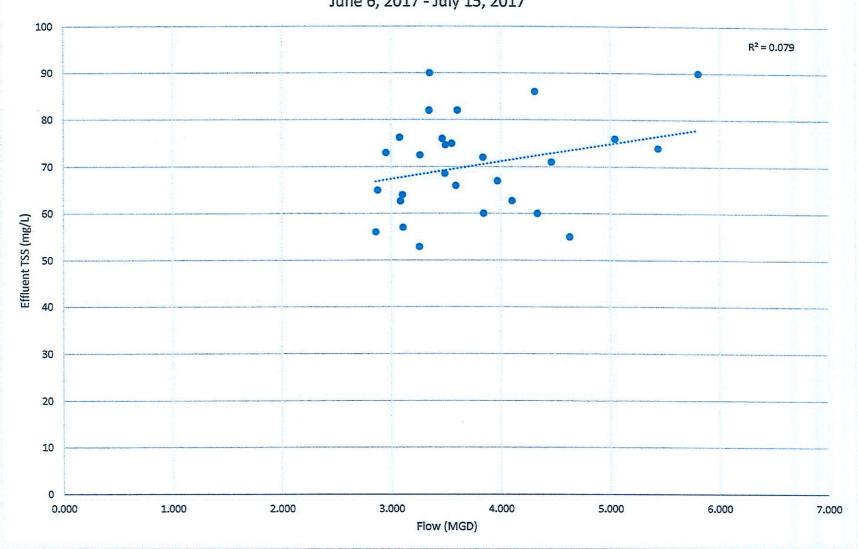


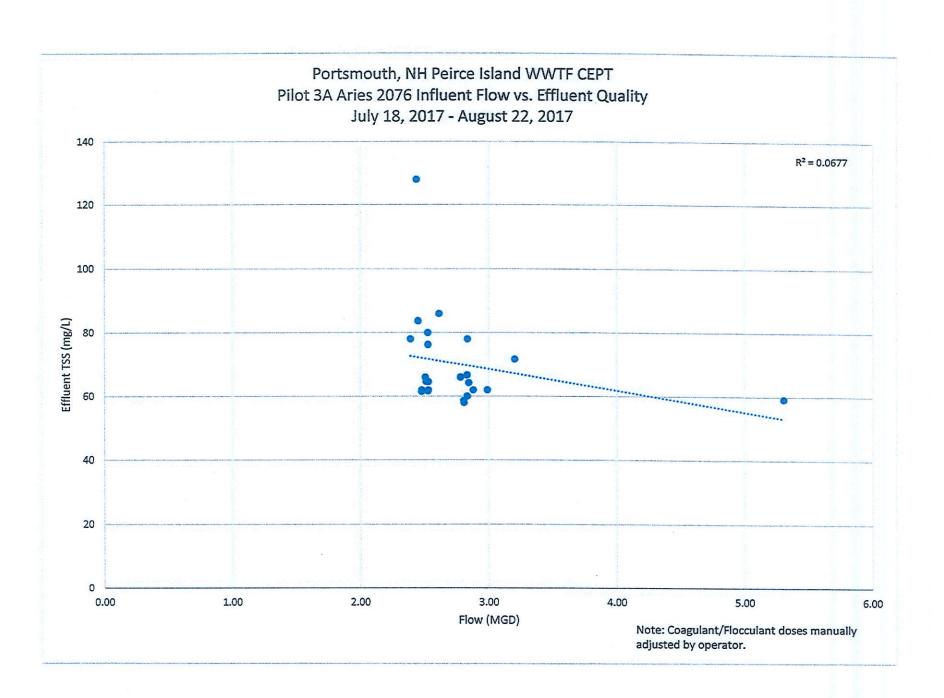


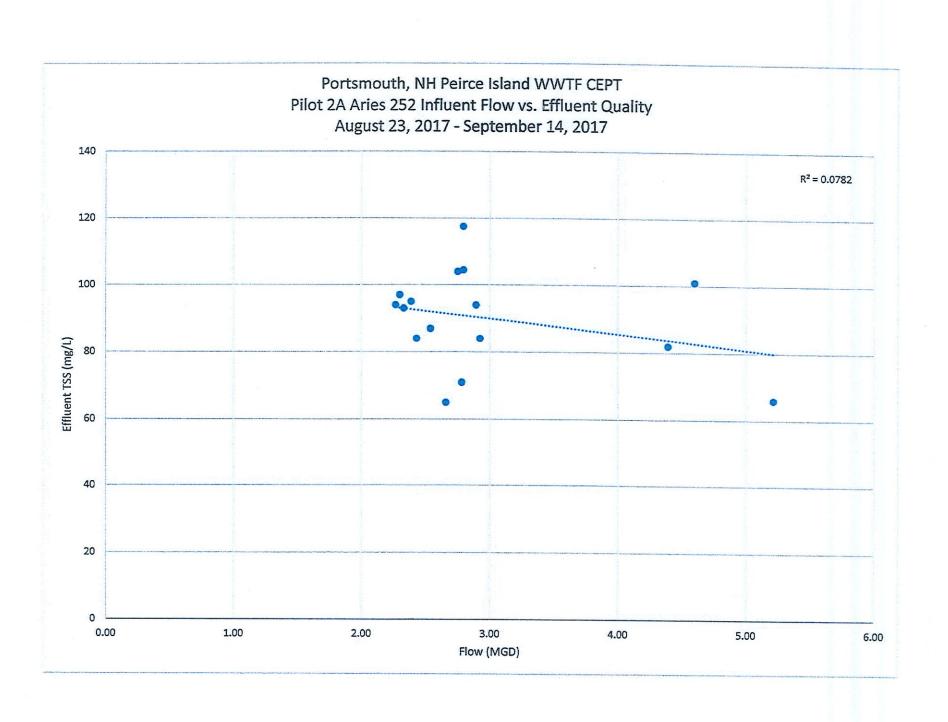












Portsmouth, NH Peirce Island WWTF

Pilot Testing Chemical dosing Results

	ange in d		et Doses	PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measured	flow/dose		EAI Lab TSS Value	5	
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC pump							
	Flow	Setpoint	Setpoint									
Date/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH)	(mg/L)	Flowrate (ml/min) Po	ly Dose (mg/L) Influent (mg/L)	Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
2/27/2017 7:50	9.6	30		26.1	5.33	13.33						Pilot started with ARIES 291 PAC. Setpoints of 30ppm and 0.5ppm chosen for pilot startup. Poly SCADA changes had not been implemented. Coag SCADA not done correctly.
2/27/2017 9:00	9.7	30	0.49	52.2	10.66	26.39						SCADA changes implemented for Poly and Coag. Setpoints set for both chemicals.
2/27/2017 9:30	10.1	19.94	0.25									Poor settling in clarifiers, poor quality effluent (visual) Doses were both reduced per operator judgement.
2/27/2017 9:55	10.6	19.94	0.25	34.2	6.99	15.82						Check of coagulant pump dose showed somewhat lower than SCADA dose.
2/27/2017 11:00	11.8	19.94	0.25	39.9	8.15	16.58						Clarifiers look better, floc is sinking well. Check of coagulant pump again showed dose to be low.
2/27/2017 11:20	11.8	19.94	0.19		Carpon III							Floc still looks good, but some of it is floating. Operator reduced poly dose.
2/27/2017 13:00	9.2	16.17	0.19	22	4.49	11.73						Operator dropped PAC dose to 16ppm. Check of pump shows it is still low.
2/27/2017 13:10	9.8	16.17	0.19				6.74	0.26				Flow test for poly pump is slightly high.
2/27/2017 13:20	10.2	16.17	0.19				5.88	0.22				Flow test for poly pump is slightly high.
2/27/2017 14:00	10.2	16.17	0.19	22.5	4.60	10.82						Check of coagulant pump shows flows still too low.
2/28/2017 8:00	7.5	16.17	0.19	9.3	1.90	6.08						Determined that SCADA programming was not quite right up till this point.
2/28/2017 8:45	8.4	16.17	0.19	13,6	2.78	7.94						RHR troubleshot SCADA with Mike, determined problem. Mike made changes 2/28/17 afternoon. Need to verify that changes were correct
2/28/2017 9:00		16,17	0.19	Santonian.					173	32.5	81.21	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1/2017 8:00	8.5	20	0.29									Doses at SCADA had been adjusted since day before - Verify when changes were made
3/1/2017 8:10		40.43	0.29									Poor clarifier performance (visual). It was decided to turn dose up to 40 ppm to see if performance improved.
3/1/2017 8:30		40.43	0.29	77.2	15.77	45.61		Service Service				Flow test for PAC slightly high.
3/1/2017 9:00		40,43	0.29						188	35.0	81.38	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/1/2017 17:00		30	2									Doses reset to jar test optimal levels of 30ppm and 2ppm and hold for 24 hrs.
3/2/2017 8:30	8.1	30	2	58.8	12.01	35.59	46.3	2.17				Clarifiers had lots of solids on top
3/2/2017 9:00	-	30	2	55.1	11.26	34.20			NO MEDICAL DE LA COMPANIONE DE LA COMPAN			Flow test for PAC slightly high.
3/2/2017 9:00		30	2						186	29.0	84.41	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/3/2017 8:00		5.39	0.12									Frozen solids on top of tank caused skimmer arm to bind up. City backed dose off drastically.
3/3/2017 9:00		30	2						185	29.0	84.32	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/3/2017 11:00		5.39	0.12									Lower doses have resulted in significant improvement to clarifier performance (visual). City notes they can only process 30 gpm of sludge vs 50 gpm with ferric.
3/4/2017 9:00		5.39	0.12						189	41.8	77.88	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
				of CTOPPED	DUE TO COL	NETRICTION	N ISSUES AT WWTF.					Plant staff need to catch up on sludge dewatering which has been adversely affected by change to PAC coagulant.
3/21/2017 7:00		The second secon										
3/21/2017 9:00		26.95	0.10	the state of the same of		s Salvan a salva			A SAME OF THE SAME			City restarted pilot with coagulant dose similar to jar testing doses.
									1			Small Floc spreading over surface of Clarifiers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running PAC
3/22/2017 9:15		26.95	0.19						272	40.5	85.11	sludge through Fouriner Press. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/23/2017 9:00		26,95	0.29						238	29.5	87.61	Small Floc spreading over surface of Clarifiers, Not settling well, Still having Problems running PAC sludge through Fouriner Press. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/24/2017 8:45	144	26.95	0.29						169	35.5	78.99	Light gray floc observed in Gravity Thickener, not settling well. Only about 6" of sludge in thickene Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/24/2017 8.43		20.33	0.23	Mission (Sp)	programme and the second				The Carry			Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. PAC dose decreased per
3/25/2017 7:30		24.26	0.29						238	31.0	86.97	Operator's judgement.
3/25/2017 10:15		29	0.29									PAC dose was increased per Opertor's judgement
3/25/2017 16:45		16.17	0.16				Contract the second					Both chemical doses were reduced per Opertor's judgement
3/26/2017 10:30		8.09	0.16		HERBER			NAME OF STREET				PAC dose was reduced per Opertor's judgement
3/27/2017 9:30		8.09	0.16									Over the weekend the Thickener was all light gray suspended Floc top to bottom no separation showing in Sludge Judge
		6.47	0.12									Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:

Portsmouth, NH Peirce Island WWTF Pilot Testing Chemical dosing Results

		SCADA S	et Doses	PAC Pump	Measured .	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measured flow/dose	É	Al Lab TSS Values		
	D-Box	PAC	Poly		PAC pump						
	Flow	Setpoint	Setpoint	PAC pump	flow rate		Poly Pump				
ate/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH)	(mg/L)	Flowrate (ml/min) Poly Dose (mg/L	Influent (mg/L)	Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
3/29/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12					221	71.0	67.84	Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9: AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/25/2027 5.00											Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:
3/30/2017 8:30		6.47	0.12	to an in the same				244	55.5	77,25	AM represents previous 24 hour period. Poor settling, very thin sludge, not pressing well, lots of Pin Floc in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:
								160	62.0	61.13	AM represents previous 24 hour period.
3/31/2017 9:00		6.47	0.12					210	71.0	66.19	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/1/2017 9:00		6,47	0.12	N N				Manager 1			High flows from snow melt, small Pin Floc. Very thin gray Sludge
4/3/2017 9:00		5,47	0.12					Marie Control Service			Heavy Rain, high flows, no settling, not much sludge. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced per
4/4/2017 9:00		2.7	0.08					189	47.0	75.17	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/4/2027 5:00											Flows over 10 MGD, Smaller Floc in the Clarifiers. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced again pe
4/5/2017 9:00		1.6	0.06					248	45.5	81.63	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Heavy Rain, high flows, no settling. City ran out of sludge around 11:00AM had to shut down
											process. Chemical doses both increased. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24
			0.1					154	34,0	77.92	hour period.
4/6/2017 9:00		4.3	U.1		est market on			Fig.			Flows still over 10 MGD, seeing some brown clumps floating on surface of both Clarifiers, only
											pressed 28 tons of Sludge all week. Doses for PAC and polymer reduced per Operator's
4/7/2017 9:00		5.4	0.19			7 (2)		215.5	25.5	88.17	judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/8/2017 9:00		5.4	0.19					168	34.5	79.46	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
											Flows around 8 MGD. Medium sized Floc in the Clarifier. Doses for PAC and polymer increased per Operator's judgement.
4/10/2017 9:00		6.5	0.23								Large floc on surface on Clarifiers are not settling. Doses for PAC and polymer increased per
								98	44.0	54.92	Operator's judgement. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/11/2017 9:00		8.1	0.29	CONTRACT OF STREET							Much larger Floc, Flows are down around 6.5MGD. Staff left PAC dose the same but reduced
4/12/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19					280	35.5	87.32	Polymer dose. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/12/2017 5.00			Allen								Still a very large Floc flows are down around 5 MGD, Floc is still staying on surface of Clarifiers and
											being pushed into the Scum. Tanks, PAC and poly reacting much different as the flows come down
4/13/2017 9:00	ř.	8.1	0.19					377	40.7	89.20	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows Around 5 MGD, Floc is now smaller. City ran out of Sludge on 4/13/17 and still not much
								328	39.0	88.11	Sludge today. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/14/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19								Weekend Flows around 4 MGD, Clariflers look ok but large clumps of Sludge forming in the
4/15/2017 9:00		8.1	0.19					297	54.0	81.82	Thickener. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/15/101/ 5:00	ACRES (Sec.)										PAC and Polymer doses increased for final week of Pilot 1 per UEI recommendation. Sample
4/18/2017 9:00	r.	27	0.23					216	28.5	85.81	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. 4 FT of Black watery Sludge in Thickener, Not as many large clumps floating on surface. Sample
								200	24.5	87.75	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/19/2017 9:00		27	0.23					200	2-4-5	0,03	Light Grey Floc in Thickener, not really settling. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous
4/20/2017 9:00		27	0.31					191	23.5	87.70	hour period. Polymer dose increase per Operator's judgement.
4/20/2017 5.00	No.			The second		10.500					Polymer dose decrease per Operator's judgement. Light Grey Floc in Thickener, not really settlin
4/21/2017 9:00)	27	0.19		Asset Salari			350	27.0	92.29	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/22/2017 9:00		27	0.19					270	28.0	89.63	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/23/2017 9:00		27	0.19					270	28.0	89.63	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/24/2017 7:00	PILOT 2	BEGUN WI	TH ARIES 2	52	Light Sold Value						
		Meet the									Pilot 2 begun with Aries 252. Pilot started with doses similar to "low doses" used in Pilot 1.
4/34/30477		8.6	0.19								Sludge is still like black water it Pressing but very wet, Clarifiers look about the same Small pin Fl
4/24/2017 7:00		8.6	0.19								Rain all day Flows between 8-16 MGD, Sludge became extremely thick which it usually does with
4/25/2017 9:00)	8.6	0.19					295	63.0	78.64	high flows. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
	- A Special C	1/25/2010		War The Co						a	Flows Around 7 MGD, Sludge is still very thick, Hard to tell how the 252 is working because of the
4/26/2017 9:00	0	8.6	0.19	A Company				580	49.5	91.47	rain and High Flows. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows Around 7 MGD, Sludge is
											still very thick, Hard to tell how the 252 is working because of the rain and High Flows. Sample
4/27/2017 9:00		8.5	0.19					518	70.0	86.49	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/28/2017 9:00		8.5	0.19					249	54.0	78.31	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
		8.6	0.19					226	57.0	74.78	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
4/29/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19	40/2001000000000000000000000000000000000							Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge is still very thick. Sample collected a
5/2/2017 9:00	0	8.6	0.19					82	36.0	56.10	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

Bold indicates a ch	ange mi		Cat Dager	DAC De-	n Mancured	flow/doce	Poly Pump Measured flow/dose	Ε	Al Lab TSS Value	5	
	D-Box Flow	PAC Setpoint		PAC pump	PAC pump flow rate	PAC Dose	Poly Pump				
Date/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH)	(mg/L)	Flowrate (ml/min) Poly Dose (mg/L) influent (mg/L)	Emuent (mg/L)	Kemovai (%)	Notes
								254	37.5	85.24	Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge is still very thick. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/3/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19						37.3	83.24	Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge is still very thick. Sample collected at
								182	45.0	75.27	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/4/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19	Reference of the proof		History of the second		233	48.0	79.40	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/5/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19								
5/6/2017 9:00		8.5	0.19					473	53.5	88.69	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
A STATE OF S											Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge has thined out but still able to be
5/9/2017 9:00)	8.6	0.19					230	50.0	78.26	pressed. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows around 5 MGD, Clarifiers are cloudy light grey, Sludge has thined out but still able to be
								202	55.0	72.77	pressed. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/10/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					202	33.0	1211	Cleaned Chlorine Contacts, Sludge on bottom was normal around 4*, Sludge still very thin. Samp
								296	63.0	78.72	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/11/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19		A Telephone and the Control of the C			365	48.0	86.85	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/12/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					283	70.0	75.27	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/13/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19	The Sections	AN CONTRACTOR			203	70.0	13.21	Flows around 5.5 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have a lot floating on surface. Sample collected a
								303	36.0	88.12	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/16/2017 9:00)	8.6	0.19					303	30.0	00.11	Flows around 5.5 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have a lot floating on surface. Sample collected a
								261	50.0	80.84	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/17/2017 9:00	9	8.6	0.19					201	30.0	00.07	Flows around 5 MGD, Sludge Thinned out, Some pin floc in Contacts. Sample collected at 9:00 AN
								288	41.0	85.76	represents previous 24 hour period.
5/18/2017 9:00		8.6	0.19					240	64.0	73.33	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/19/2017 9:00	0	8.6	0.19						63.0	76.67	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/20/2017 9:00	0	8.6	0.19				The Control of the Control of the State of the Control of the Cont	270	03.0	/0.0/	Went up on Pac Dose to 27mg/L, Floe around 4.5 MGD, Sludge thinned out, Sample collected at
								534	76.0	85.77	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/23/2017 9:00	0	27	0.19					334	76.0	65.77	Went up on Pac Dose to 27mg/L, Floe around 4.5 MGD, Sludge thinned out. Sample collected at
								280	72.0	74.29	9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/24/2017 9:0	0	27	0.19					200	120	14.23	Floc in Clarifiers staying on top not settling well, Thin Sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
		ACCOUNTS.						345	66.7	80.68	represents previous 24 hour period.
5/25/2017 9:0	0	27	0.19			Secretary and		636	68.0	89.31	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/26/2017 9:0	0	27	0.19	1/2				630	08.0	93-21	Weekend High flows due to Rain Pac and Poly in Manual Pace lots of sludge floating in Clarifiers.
								263	47.0	82.13	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/27/2017 9:0	0	27	0.19					200	77.0	00.10	Thickener is now starting to show the grey Floc across the top and not settling well. Sample
								310	39.0	87.42	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
5/31/2017 9:0	0	27	0.19			A STATE OF THE STA		020			Thickener showing more suspended solids, Sludge is getting thin, Flows around 4.5 MGD. Sample
			0.19					456	50.0	89.04	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/1/2017 9:0	17.0	27						278	73.0	73.74	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/2/2017 9:0		27	0.19					292.7	70.0	76.08	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/3/2017 9:0		27	0.19		Name and Address of the Owner, where			252.1	70.0	70.00	
6/5/2017 9:0	O PILOT	BEGUN W	ITH ARIES 2	076							Started using Ferric at 8.6 mg/L Poly at 0.19 mg/L. Flows around 4.9 MGD, Large Floc in Clarifiers but still settling ok. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
								378	74.0	80.42	represents previous 24 hour period.
6/6/2017 9:0	0	8.6	0.19					3/8	74.0	80.42	Flows around 4.9 MGD, Large Floc in Clarifiers but still settling ok. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
								406	76.0	81.28	represents previous 24 hour period.
6/7/2017 9:0	00	8.6	0.19					400	76.0	OTTO	Tepresens previous 24 nous period.
											Not Sure what happened on this day numbers are way off. EA determined two bottle values we
								272	71.0	73.90	swapped due to mis-labeling. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/8/2017 9:0		8.6	0.19					115	60.0	47.83	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/9/2017 9:0		8.6	0.19		Market State of the State of th	A STATE OF THE STA	No.				
6/10/2017 9:0	00	8.6	0.19					328	67.0	79.57	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows are down around 3 MGD, Seeing the Influent solids Concentration going up. Sample colle-
		NAME OF						400	59.6	92.57	
6/13/2017 9:0	00	8.6	0.19		, aleganica	SEMPLE RES		420	68.6	83.67	at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
A STATE OF THE STATE OF	y & Artist	A FRANCISCO									Flows are down around 3 MGD, Seeing the Influent solids Concentration going up, Lots of solids
		N TO SERVICE						326	82.0	74.85	floating on Clarifiers. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/14/2017 9:0	00	8.6	0.19					346	820	/4.05	noung on claimers, sample concered at 5.00 Mari epresents previous 24 flour period.
											Flows are down around 3 MGD, Seeing the Influent solids Concentration going up, Lots of solids
								354	72.5	79.54	floating on Clarifiers. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/15/2017 9:0		8.6	0.19					362	86.0	76.24	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/16/2017 9:0		8.6	0.19								
6/17/2017 9:0	00	8.6	0.19		Contract Miles	E-Assessed		286	90.0	68.53	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

Portsmouth, NH Peirce Island WWTF Pilot Testing Chemical dosing Results

TERESTON OF	change in d		Set Doses	PAC Pump Measured flow/	ose Poly Pump Measured flow/dose		EAI Lab TSS Value	5	
	D-Box	PAC	Poly	PAC pump					
	Flow	Setpoint		PAC pump flow rate PAC		t) Influent (mg/l) Effluent (mg/l)	Permeral (%)	Notes
Date/Time	(MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM (GPH) (m)	/L) Flowrate (ml/min) Poly Dose (mg/	L) minuent (mg/ L	a) Cinacine (ing) L)	recinioval (20)	NOTES
									Flows around 3.5 MGD, Not settling well in Clariflers, Under normal operation I would make Poly
6/20/2017 9:	00	8.6	0.19			352	72.0	79.55	adjustments to dial it in. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
									Flows around 3.5 MGD, Not settling well in Clarifiers, Under normal operation I would make Poly
6/21/2017 9:	00	8.6	0.19			360	66.0	81.67	adjustments to dial it in. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
0/24/2027 5.		C.C						- 1 Company (1)	More consistent sludge back on Ferric, Pressing much better on Ferric, Sample collected at 9:00 AM
6/22/2017 9:	00	8.6	0.19			362.5	76.0	79.03	represents previous 24 hour period.
6/23/2017 9:		8.6	0.19			404	74.7	81.52	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6/24/2017 9:	00	8.5	0.19			320	75.0	76.56	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows around 2.8 MGD, Mechanic ST has been switching between Main and By-Pass Pumps leaving
									lots of rags and floating solids in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour
6/27/2017 9:	00	8.6	0.19			503	82.0	83.71	period.
0/2//201/ 5.	.00	0.0	U.S.						Flows around 2.8 MGD, Mechanic ST has been switching between Main and By-Pass Pumps leaving
									lots of rags and floating solids in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour
6/28/2017 9:	:00	8.6	0.19			578	90.0	84.43	period. Flows around 2.8 MGD, Mechanic ST has been switching between Main and By-Pass Pumps leaving
									lots of rags and floating solids in Clarifier. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour
6/29/2017 9:	-00	8.6	0.19			370	62.7	83.06	period.
6/30/2017 9:		8.6	0.19			371	55.0	85.18	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/1/2017 9:		8.6	0.19			403	62.7	84.45	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7,1,101, 3.									Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY-
7/6/2017 9:	:00	27.0	0.19			296	S6.0	81.08	Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
						223	57.0	74.42	Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY- Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/7/2017 9:	:00	27.0	0.19			- 45	37.0	/4.42	Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY-
7/8/2017 9:	-00	27.0	0.19			474	60.0	87.34	Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
77072017 5.						A Commence			Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY-
7/11/2017 9:	:00	27.0	0.19			343	64.0	81.31	Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
						_		70.75	Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY-
7/12/2017 9	:00	27.0	0.19			377	76.3	79.76	Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows around 2.8 MGD, Thick Sludge, Clarifiers have more on surface due to Mech. ST running BY-
7/13/2017 9	-00	27.0	0.19			330	52.9	83.98	Pass Pump. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/14/2017 9		27.0	0.19			454	73.0	83.93	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/15/2017 9		27.0	0.19			272	65.0	76.10	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/15/2017 9	:00	27.0	0.13						Started making adjustments to Ferric and Poly trying to fine tune it, Flows around 2.8 MGD, Still lot
7/17/2017 9	:00 Aries 20	76 Operato	or Optimize	d started					of thick sludge
									Started making adjustments to Ferric and Poly trying to fine tune it, Flows around 2.8 MGD, Still lo
7/10/2017 0	.00	32.0	0.29			393	66.7	83.05	of thick sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/18/2017 9	:00	32.0	0.23						Clarifiers are black till afternoon hard to see what Floc looks like, still have thick sludge pressing ve
7/19/2017 9	:00	37.0	0.39			360	62.0	82.78	well. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
THE PLANT OF LAND		Total Constitution							Clarifiers are black till afternoon hard to see what Floc looks like, still have thick sludge pressing ve
7/20/2017 9	:00	40.0	0.49			290	64.3	77.83	well. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
									Flows still low around 2.8 MGD, Mech st by pass pump on, lot's of rags and floating solids in
7/21/2017 9	.00	42.0	0.58			314	60.0	80.91	Clarifiers, Thick sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
7/22/2017 9		42.0	0.58			374	58.6	84.33	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period,
1)22/2017 5		72.0	550						Rain Flows around 5 MGD, High Influent and Effluent #s due to rain but % removal was still good.
7/25/2017 9	00:00	32.0	0.48			610	71.7	88.25	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
						750		07.70	Construction Problems with Ferric Tanks and pumps clogging all day never got the correct dose.
7/26/2017 9	9:00	32.0	0.29			350	62.0	82.29	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period. Flows around 2.8 MGD, Black Clarifiers till afternoon, Thick Sludge Pressing very well. Sample
7/27/2017 9	2-00	45.0	0.58			374	78.0	79.14	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
1)21/2017 5	3.00	43.0	0.36		NEWS CONTRACTOR STATE	Mark the second of the			Flows around 2.8 MGD, Black Clarifiers till afternoon, Thick Sludge Pressing very well. Sample
7/28/2017 9	9:00	45.0	0.58			370	58.0	84.32	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
									Flows around 2.8 MGD, Black Clarifiers till afternoon, Thick Sludge Pressing very well. Sample
7/29/2017 9	9:00	45.0	0.58			360	86.0	75.11	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

Portsmouth, NH Peirce Island WWTF Pilot Testing Chemical dosing Results

	ose SCADA S	et Doses	PAC Pump I	Measured flow/a	se Poly Pump Measured	d flow/dose		EAI Lab TSS Values		
D-Box	PAC	Poly		AC pump						
Flow	Setpoint		PAC pump	flow rate PAC	ose Poly Pump					
ate/Time (MGD)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	RPM	(GPH) (m)		oly Dose (mg/L) 1	nfluent (mg/L)	Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes
										Problems with Ferric system getting plugged again, Not sure how many hours it was plugged
8/1/2017 9:00	43.0	0.68					325	62.0	80.92	Happened overnight. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
0/2/2027 5:00										Cell basing problems with Facinetic solution and the
							294	76.3	74.06	Still having problems with Ferric strainer plugging, Ordered larger mesh strainer to help with the problem, Thick Sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/2/2017 9:00	43.0	0.58					254	76.3	74.06	
										Still having problems with Ferric strainer plugging, Ordered larger mesh strainer to help with the
8/3/2017 9:00	43.0	0.58					284	61.7	78.29	problem, Thick Sludge. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/4/2017 9:00	43.0	0.58					252	80.0	68.25	collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/5/2017 9:00	43.0	0.58					356	62.0	82.58	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
										Mad to close completes of Facilities D. H. W. J. Lee, M. J.
8/8/2017 9:00	43.0	0.58					355	66.0	81.41	Had to clean remainder of Ferric from Bulk Tank into grit chambers so tank could be removed, Ma have messed with the numbers. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
0/6/2017 5.00	43.0	0.50						No Astronomica Science		view and the name as sample concected at 5,500 MM represents previous 24 floar period.
										Had to clean remainder of Ferric from Bulk Tank into grit chambers so tank could be removed, Ma
8/9/2017 9:00	43.0	0.58					406	64.6	84.09	have messed with the numbers. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/10/2017 9:00	52.0	0.58					314	61.5	80.43	Increased Ferric and Poly trying to back on track after all the problems with the Ferric Tanks. Sam collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/11/2017 9:00	52.0	0.58					288	66.0	77.08	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/12/2017 9:00	52.0	0.58					274	64.7	76.38	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
										Construction Problems with Ferric Tanks and pumps clogging all day never got the correct dose.
8/15/2017 9:00	43.0	0.58					353	128.0	63.77	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/16/2017 9:00	43.0	0.68					560	83.8	85.04	Construction Problems with Ferric Tanks and pumps clogging all day never got the correct dose. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/16/2017 9:00	45.0	0.00					200		33.07	Rain Flows around 5 MGD, High Influent and Effluent #s due to rain but % removal was still good.
8/17/2017 9:00	0.0	0.00					450	78.0	82.67	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/18/2017 9:00	0.0	0.00				The State of the S	388	59.2	84.72	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/19/2017 9:00	0.0	0.00					0	0.0	#DIV/0!	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/23/2017 9:00 Pilot 2A	REGANIUM	TH ARIFS 25	,							Heavy Rain overnight made for high Influent and Effluent TSS, Thick Sludge. Sample collected at S AM represents previous 24 hour period.
6) 23/2017 3.00 Filet 24	DECORIE CO.									Flows around 4 MGD due to rain the night before, First full 24 hours of PAC 252, Clarifiers still bla
8/23/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19					624	101.0	83.81	till afternoon. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
										Flows around 2.9 MGD Influent has cleared up after the rain not coming in black right now, Sludg
8/24/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19					278	84.0	69.78	ok just a little thin. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/25/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19					183	71.0	61.14	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
										Thick Foam and Sludge floating on surface of thickener not sure why, Sludge starting to get thin.
8/26/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19					183.1	87.0	52.48	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
8/29/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19	*				241.3	84.0	65.19	Flows around 2.8 MGD, Very thin Sludge and not much of it Thickener only at 1.5 FT. Sludge is very watery Thickener showing less than a foot, Yesterdays sludge can was only 5 ton.
8/30/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19					260.0	95.0	63.46	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period,
0/50/2027 5.00	Oic									Ran out of sludge, Coming into the holding tanks like Gray Water. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
8/31/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19					298.0	93.0	68.79	represents previous 24 hour period.
9/1/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19					300.0	97.0	67.67	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/2/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19					306.0	94.0	69.28	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
										Sludge thickened up over the weekend, TSS still high with low % removal, Flows around 2.6 MGD, Not settling well only 43% removal. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour
9/5/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19					215.0	65.0	69.91	period.
										Heavy Rain on and off, Sludge looks ok about 2' in Thickener. Sample collected at 9:00 AM
9/6/2017 9:00	8.6	0.19					165.0	82.0	50.30	represents previous 24 hour period. Day after some rain, Sludge thickened up a little bit, The Fournier Press hasn't been running grea
			T							the pressure keeps jumping around. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour
9/7/2017 9:00	27.0	0.19					308.3	66.0	78.59	period.
9/8/2017 9:00	27.0	0.19			The State of the S		160.0	69.2	56.73	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/9/2017 9:00	27.0	0.19	Constant of the Constant of th				181.0	60.0	56.85	Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

Portsmouth, NH
Peirce Island WWTF
Pilot Testing Chemical dosing Results

Bold indicates a change in dose

		SCADA S	et Doses	PAC Pump	Measured	flow/dose	Poly Pump Measured flow/dose		EAI Lab TSS Value	Σ	
Date/Time	D-Box Flow (MGD)	PAC Setpoint (mg/L)	oint Setpoint PAC pump flow rate PAC Dose	Poly Pump Flowrate (ml/min) Poly Dose (mg/L)	influent (mg/	L) Effluent (mg/L)	Removal (%)	Notes			
9/11/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19					225.5	94.0	58.31	Running on one Clarifier, Sludge is thin and watery. Flows around 2.7 MGD, Sludge is very thin having a hard time getting enough Sludge to press before it turns into water. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/12/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19					263.5	117.5	55.41	Flows around 2.7 MGD, Sludge Is very thin having a hard time getting enough Sludge to press before it turns into water. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/13/2017 9:00)	27.0	0.19					312.5	104.5	66.56	Flows around 2.7 MGD, Sludge is very thin having a hard time getting enough Sludge to press before It turns into water. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.
9/14/2017 9:00		27.0	0.19					242.5	104.0	57.11	Sludge is very thin, Ran out of Sludge Thursday around noon had to shut down the press and wait till Friday AM to fill sludge can. Sample collected at 9:00 AM represents previous 24 hour period.

PEIRCE ISLAND WWTF CEPT PILOT PORTSMOUTH, NH

Pilot Test 11 Meeting NOTES November 17, 2017 at 2:30 PM

s. 8655.

ATTENDEES (By Conference Call):

•	Terry Desmarais	City of Portsmouth
•	Timothy Babkirk	City of Portsmouth
•	David Mercier	Underwood Engineers
•	Daniel Jacobson	Underwood Engineers
•	Joy Hilton	Environmental Protection Agency
•	Mark Klingenstein	Environmental Protection Agency

Discussion of Pilot 2A using Aries 252:

- Pilot 2A with Aries 252 coagulant was the last pilot conducted, running from August 23 September 23. As requested by EPA, the chemical combination was run a second time to see its performance in warmer temperatures.
- The effluent TSS values achieved in Pilot 2A are considerably higher than values achieved in Pilots 1, 2, 3, and 3A.
 - o Pilot 2A resulted in an average effluent TSS of 79.4 mg/L and an average influent TSS of 263.9 mg/L.
- Pilot 2A also resulted in poor operating conditions, producing very thin and watery sludge.

Discussion of Pilot Testing:

- The pilot's effluent TSS quality each got progressively worse from Pilot 1.
- A strong correlation was found between effluent TSS quality and the time of year.
 - o Historical data shows that effluent TSS quality is better is colder weather than in warmer weather.
- Statistical analyses show that when comparing effluent TSS between each pilot, all were found to be significantly different from each other except for Pilot 3 and Pilot 3A, both using Aries 2076. Influent TSS was found to be significantly different between several of the pilots, but not significantly different for others.
- There was not a strong correlation between influent and effluent TSS.
 - o Results show that the effluent TSS quality achieved was approximately equal whether influent TSS values were high and low.
- Pilot 1 with Aries 291 and Pilot 2A with Aries 252 presented the poorest operating conditions at the plant.

Operator observations included significant coloration changes in the clarifier and thickener, cloudy effluent, fluffy floc not settling, low sludge inventory with thin and watery sludge.

Discussion of Conclusions:

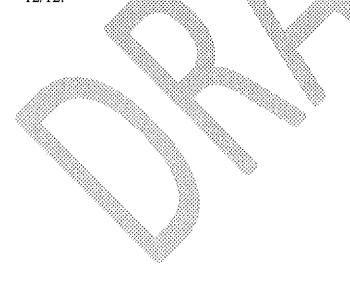
- Each Pilot was compared to historical TSS data from the same time of year using the ANOVA and t-Test statistical analyses.
 - o Pilot 1 with Aries 291 was the only pilot that resulted in an average effluent TSS that was not significantly different than historic values at the same time of year. However, the effluent TSS produced was not 10% better than the average historic value, and this chemical combination resulted in poor operating conditions.
 - The other four pilots proved to be significantly different and produced a poorer effluent quality than historic values.
- Underwood feels that because the historic chemical combination worked as well or better than the piloted chemical combinations there is no justification to switch chemicals.

Additional Discussion:

- The City is to review the final report before submitting to the EPA.
- The EPA will review and respond with comments.

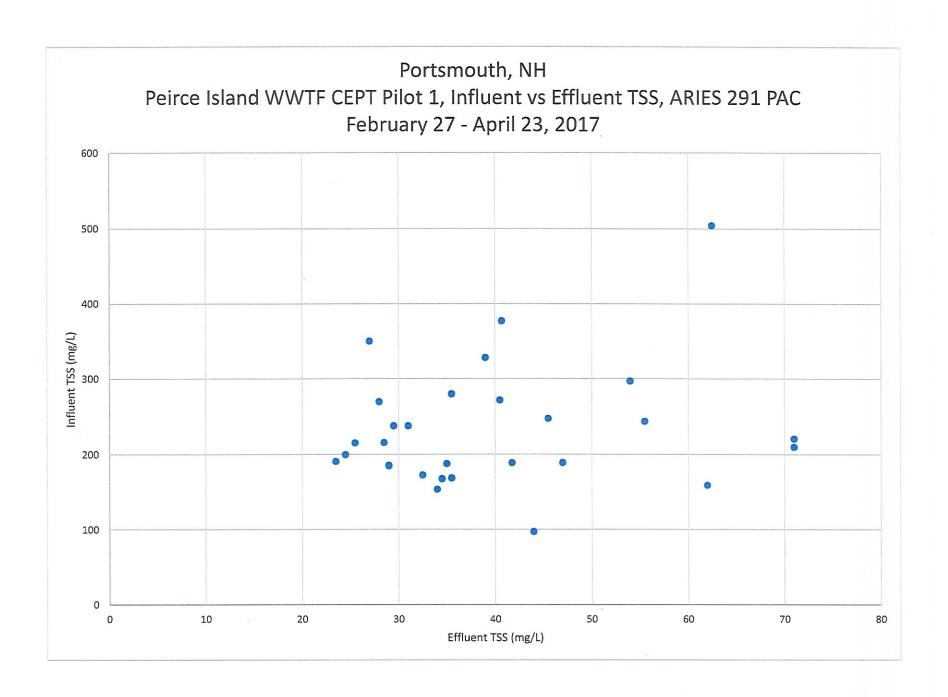
Planned:

- Underwood is to prepare the final report for the City by 11/29.
- The City is to respond with comments before submitting to the EPA by the week of 12/12.

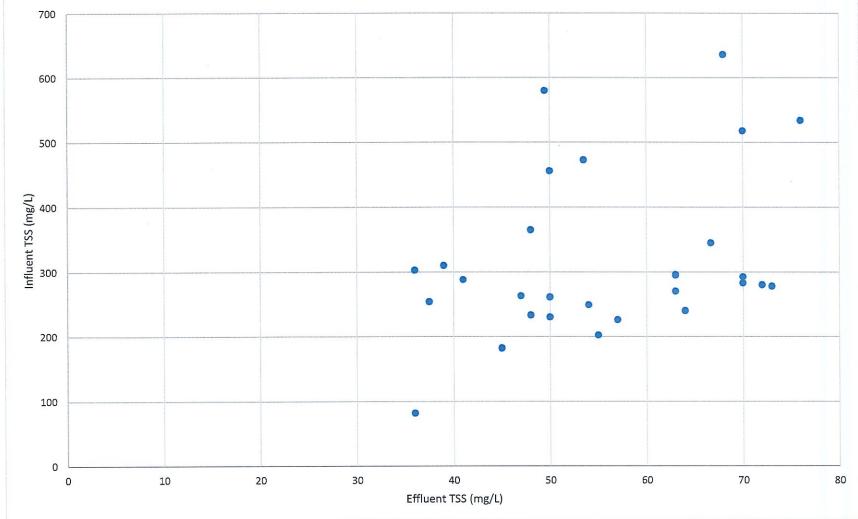


APPENDIX E

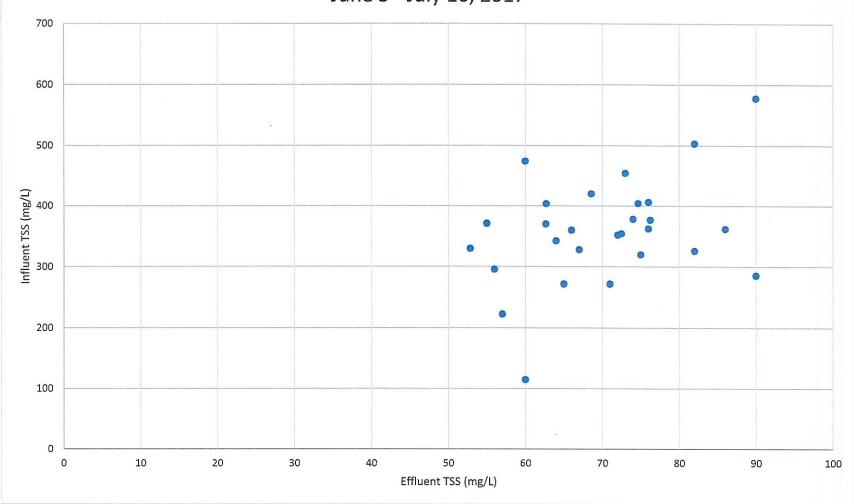




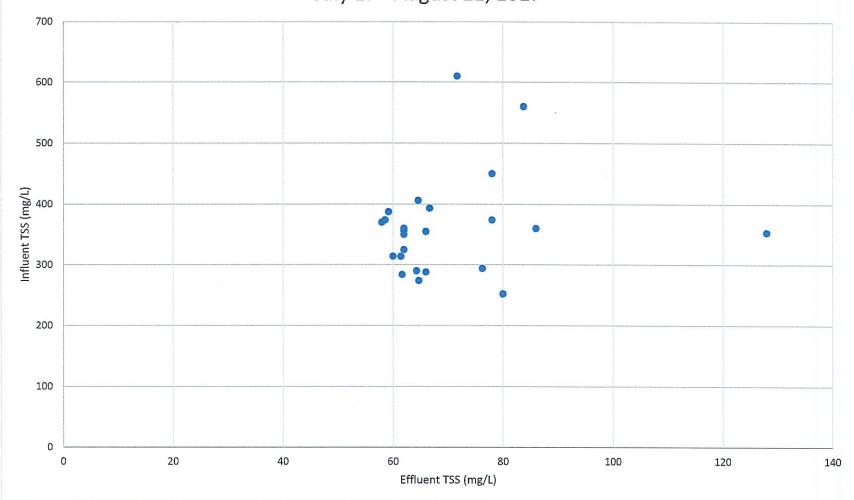
Portsmouth, NH
Peirce Island WWTF CEPT Pilot 2, Influent vs Effluent TSS, ARIES 252 PAC
April 24 - June 4, 2017

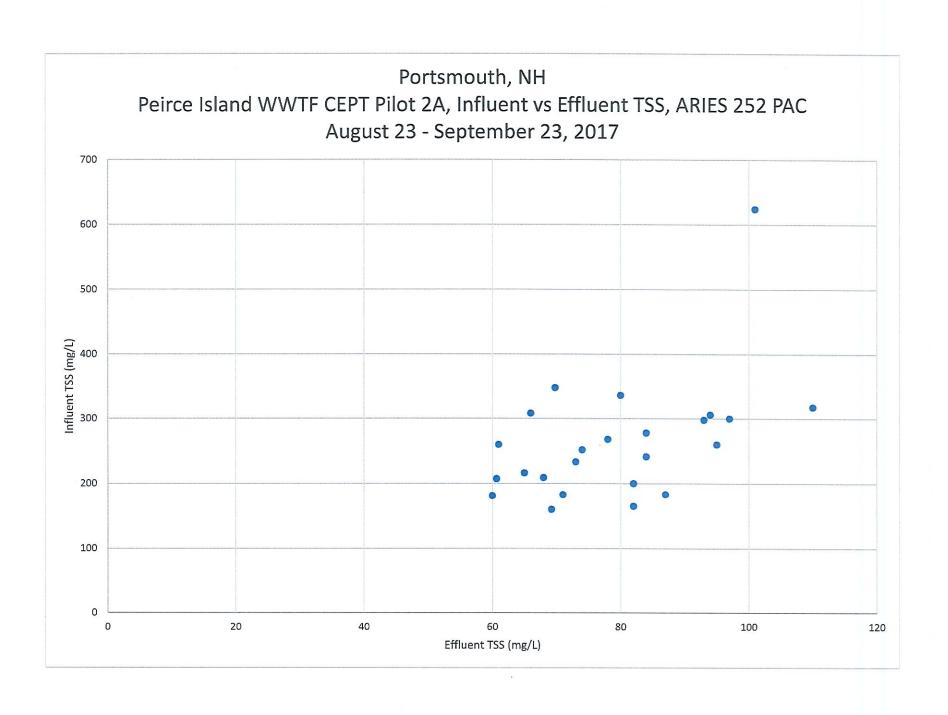


Portsmouth, NH
Peirce Island WWTF CEPT Pilot 3, Influent vs Effluent TSS, ARIES 2076
Ferric
June 5 - July 16, 2017











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