







Initial Public Meeting
Lafayette Road/Middle Street
Portsmouth, NH

Presented By
Jason DeGray, PE, PTOE
Joseph Johnson, PE, PTOE
Conor Semler, AICP





## Agenda:

- Objectives
- Project Limits
- What Exists
- Potential Treatments
- Schedule
- Public Input



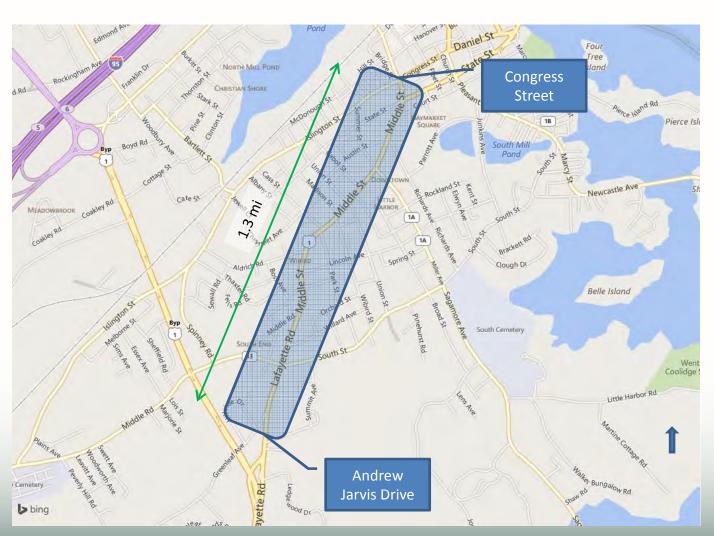


### Objectives:

- Improve Safety for Cyclists & Pedestrians
- Expand Connectivity
- Provide Bicycle Route Utilized by All Ages
- Enhance Pedestrian Crossings



## **Project Limits**





### What Exists:

- Cars...11,000 ADT
- Pedestrians
- Bicycles
- Residential & Commercial
- Schools & Civic
- Entry to Downtown
- On-Street Parking







Sharrows





#### Description

- Street markings used to indicate a shared lane for bicyclists and motorists
- Indicates where bicyclists should position themselves in the travel lane to avoid open car doors where on-street parking is present
- · Provides visual cue of where to expect bicyclists
- Typical Dimensions: Min. 11 ft. from curb with on-street parking, min. 4 ft. from curb without on-street parking; spaced in max.intervals of 250 ft

### Application

- Low-speed (less than 35 mph) roadways lacking space for dedicated bike lanes
- · Travel lanes typically range from 10-14' wide

### Advantages/Disadvantages

- Wider lanes allow motorists to pass safely within the lane, narrower lanes require motorists to change lanes to pass
- · Low level of comfort for novice bicyclists
- Wider lanes may encourage higher vehicular speeds

- · Signs and markings
- Estimated cost: \$11K per mile for one lane;
   \$22K per mile for two lanes



• Bike Lane







#### Description

- An exclusive lane for bicyclists designated with pavement markings and signage
- Located adjacent to motor vehicle travel lanes and flows in the same direction as motor vehicle traffic
- Typical Dimensions: Min. 5 feet. 6 foot min. preferred adjacent to parked vehicles; 4 ft. acceptable adjacent to curb in low speed environments

#### Application

 Used on medium to low volume streets with traffic speeds of 40 mph or less

### Advantages/Disadvantages

- Provides separate travel lane for bicyclists
- Mixing zones may be required at intersections or bus stops
- Enforcement often required to keep motorists from parking or stopping in bike lanes

- · Signs and markings, construction
- Estimated cost: \$20 \$46K per mile retrofit (type varies); \$590K per mile to reconstruct and widen roadway to accommodate bike lanes

• Buffered Bike Lane







#### Description

- A bicycle lane with additional lateral separation from other roadway users
- Buffer may be located between the bike lane and motor vehicle travel lane, parking, or both
- Typical Dimensions: Min. 6 ft. Includes 2 ft. buffer and 4 ft. lane

#### Application

- Installed adjacent to high speed or high volume traffic
- · Installed adjacent to high turnover parking

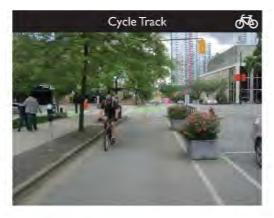
### Advantages/Disadvantages

- Increases operating space and comfort for bicyclists
- · Provides passing space for bicyclists
- · Requires more space than standard bike lanes
- Requires installation and maintenance of more pavement markings than a standard bike lane
- Enforcement often required to keep motorists from parking or stopping in bike lanes

- Signs and markings
- Estimated cost: \$55K 61K per mile (type varies)

• Cycle Track





#### Description

- One- or two-way bicycle facility with vertical separation from motor vehicle traffic
- Vertical separation may be provided by parked motor vehicles, flexible bollards, plantings, or curbs
- May be located on a roadway or raised to, or just below, sidewalk level
- Typical Dimensions: 4-5 ft, wide travel lane plus minimum 3 ft, buffer from roadway

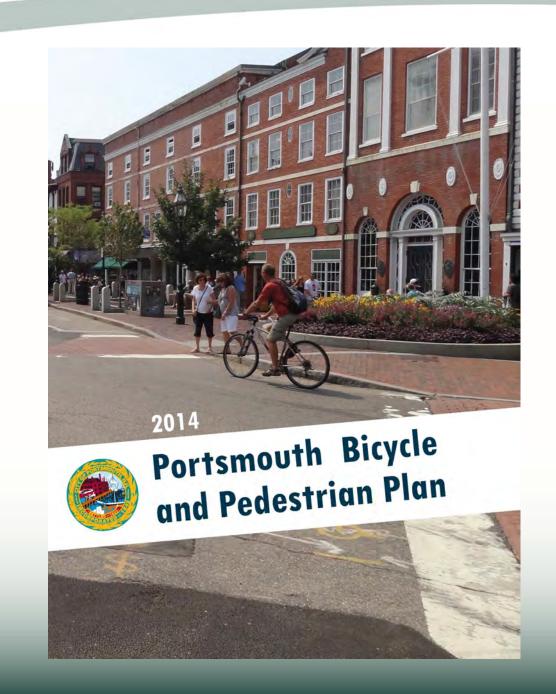
#### Application

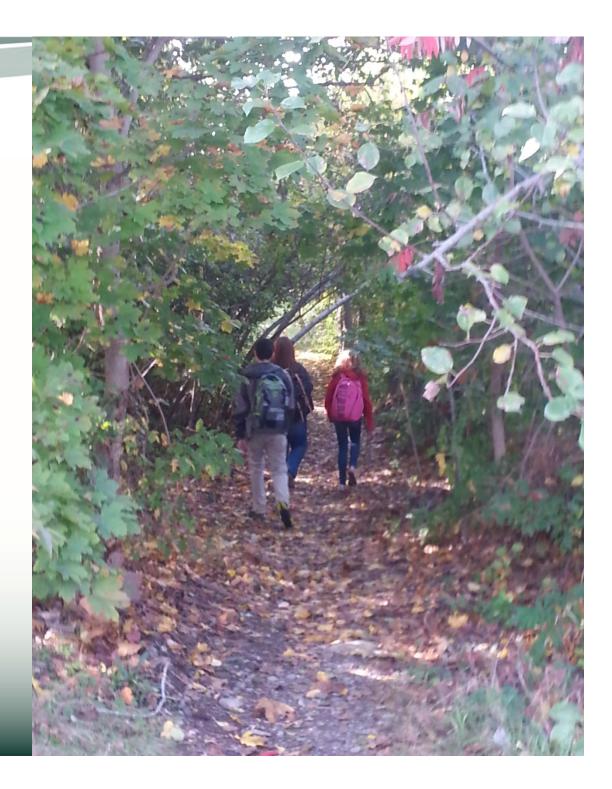
- Along roadways with high vehicular volumes, speeds, or complex traffic patterns
- Along primary roadway corridors providing access to high-demand destinations where high bicycle volumes are present or desired

### Advantages/Disadvantages

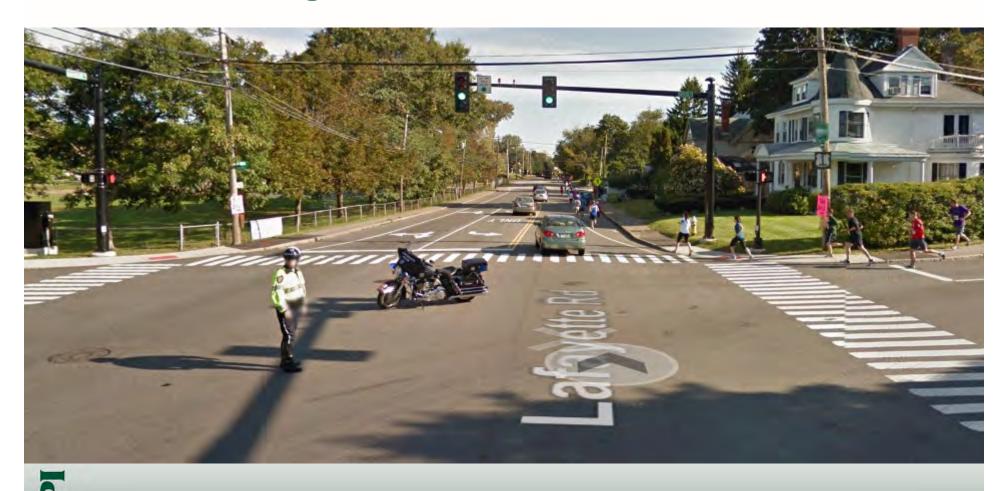
- · Provides comfort for bicyclists and motorists
- Specialized intersection treatments may be required to accommodate bicyclists
- Separation of bicyclists and pedestrians may require specialized design treatments
- · Potential parking restrictions due to sight lines

- Construction or signs, markings, and signals depending on level of implementation
- Estimated cost: \$127K-153K per mile for retrofit; \$710K per mile for construction



































### Tentative Project Schedule:

- ✓ Complete Engineering Study January 2015
- ✓ Complete Preliminary Design March 2015
- ✓ Complete Final Design May 2015
- ✓ Construction Fall 2015







## Questions?

