MEMORANDUM

TO:

Portsmouth Zoning Board of Adjustment ("ZBA")

FROM:

R. Timothy Phoenix, Esquire

Monica F. Kieser, Esquire

DATE:

May 25, 2021

RE:

Marcella Hoekstra

Project Location: 35 Whipple Court

Tax Map 260/Lot 98

SRB Zone

Dear Chairman Rheaume and Zoning Board Members:

On behalf of Marcella Hoekstra ("Hoekstra"), we are pleased to submit this memorandum and attached exhibits in support of Zoning Relief to be considered by the Zoning Board of Adjustment ("ZBA") at its June 15, 2021 meeting.

I. Exhibits

- A. <u>Lot Coverage Plan</u> issued by Steven C. Luger, LLA.
- B. <u>Plot Plan</u>.
- C. <u>Site Photographs</u>.
- D. Elevations.
- E. <u>Tax Map 260</u>.

II. Property/Project

35 Whipple Court is an 8,324 s.f. lot in Pannaway Manner which contains a modest 1,475 s.f. one story single family home occupying and 615 s.f. garage (the "Property") (**Exhibits A-C**). The existing home and garage on the small lot results in total existing building coverage of 2,090 s.f. or 25.11 % where 20% is required. Hoekstra intends a tiny 68 s.f. addition to the rear of the home to renovate and increase the size of the bedroom and bath. The 4 ft. by 17 ft. addition results in a *de minimis* increase in building coverage to 25.93% requiring relief from the Portsmouth Zoning Ordinance ("PZO").

III. Relief Required

After conferring with the City Planning Department staff, it has been determined that the following is required:

- 1. PZO §10.321 Non-conforming Structures To permit the expansion of a nonconforming structure resulting in 26% of building coverage where 20% is required.
- 2. <u>PZO §10.521 Table of Dimensional Standards To permit 68 s.f. addition resulting in 26% of building coverage where 20% is required.</u>

¹ Rounded to 26%.

IV. Variance Requirements

1. The variances will not be contrary to the public interest.

2. The spirit of the ordinance is observed.

The first step in the ZBA's analysis is to determine whether granting a variance is not contrary to the public interest and is consistent with the spirit and intent of the ordinance, considered together pursuant to Malachy Glen Associates, Inc. v. Town of Chichester, 155 N.H. 102 (2007) and its progeny. Upon examination, it must be determined whether granting a variance "would unduly and to a marked degree conflict with the ordinance such that it violates the ordinance's basic zoning objectives". Id. "Mere conflict with the zoning ordinance is not enough". Id.

In considering whether variances "in a marked degree conflict with the ordinance such that they violate the ordinance's basic zoning objectives". <u>Malachy Glen</u>, *supra*, also held:

One way to ascertain whether granting the variance would violate basic zoning objectives is to examine whether it would <u>alter the essential character of the locality</u>..... Another approach to [determine] whether granting the variance violates basic zoning objectives is to examine whether granting the variance would threaten the public health, safety or welfare. (emphasis added)

Here a modest one-story home and garage exists on lot that is slightly more than half the required lot size of the SRB Zone. Proposed is a very small, one-story, unseen addition that complies with yard setbacks in an area of similarly developed lots; the 68 s.f. increase is an .82%. increase. The slight increase in coverage will neither "alter the essential character of the locality nor threaten the public health, safety or welfare."

3. Granting the variance will not diminish surrounding property values.

The proposed minor, one-story, rear addition will comply with yard setbacks and be unseen from the street. Under these circumstances, it is clear that granting a variance for a very slight increase in building coverage will not diminish surrounding property values.

4. Denial of the variances results in an unnecessary hardship.

a. Special conditions distinguish the property/project from others in the area.

At 8,324 s.f., the Property is just over half the size of the required lot size for the SRB Zone, yet already developed with a modest home and garage. These circumstances combine to

create special conditions. Were the existing home and garage constructed today, relief would be required, so even a tiny addition of 68 s.f. (.82%) requires identical relief.

b. <u>No fair and substantial relationship exists between the general public purposes of the ordinance and its specific application in this instance.</u>

The purpose of restrictions on expansion of nonconforming structures is to govern nonconformities and provide for expansions only upon review by the ZBA, while Building coverage restrictions exist to prevent overcrowding of land and to maintain air, light, space for abutters and separation for stormwater treatment. Because the proposed one-story addition is just 68 s.f. and complies with all yard setbacks, the purposes of these regulations are met, so there is no reason to apply the strict frontage requirements of the zoning ordinance.

c. <u>The proposed use is reasonable.</u>

If the use is permitted, it is deemed reasonable. <u>Vigeant v. Hudson</u>, 151 N.H. 747 (2005). Proposed is a very minor addition to improve live-ability of a modest one-story single-family home in the single-residence district. Accordingly, the use is reasonable.

5. Substantial justice will be done by granting the variance.

If "there is no benefit to the public that would outweigh the hardship to the applicant" this factor is satisfied. Harborside Associates, L.P. v. Parade Residence Hotel, L.L.C, 162 N.H. 508 (2011). That is, "any loss to the [applicant] that is not outweighed by a gain to the general public is an injustice". Malachy Glen, supra at 109. Because the proposed addition is so small and complies with the yard setback requirements, there is no benefit to the public from denying the variances. In comparison, Hoekstra will suffer great harm she will be unable to complete a minor expansion that improves the live-ability of the home. Clearly, there is no benefit to public outweighing the hardship to the applicant if the variances are denied.

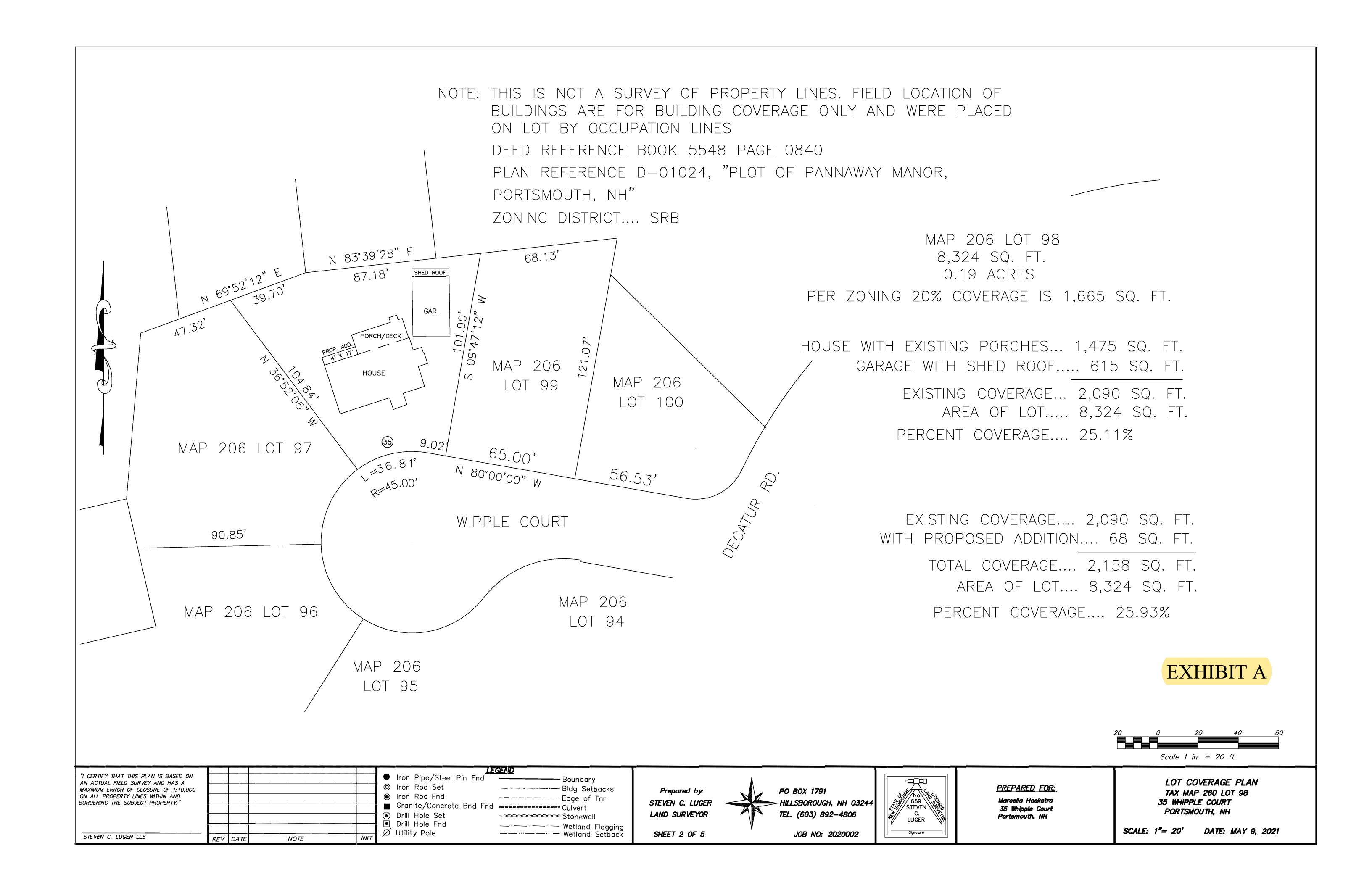
V. Conclusion

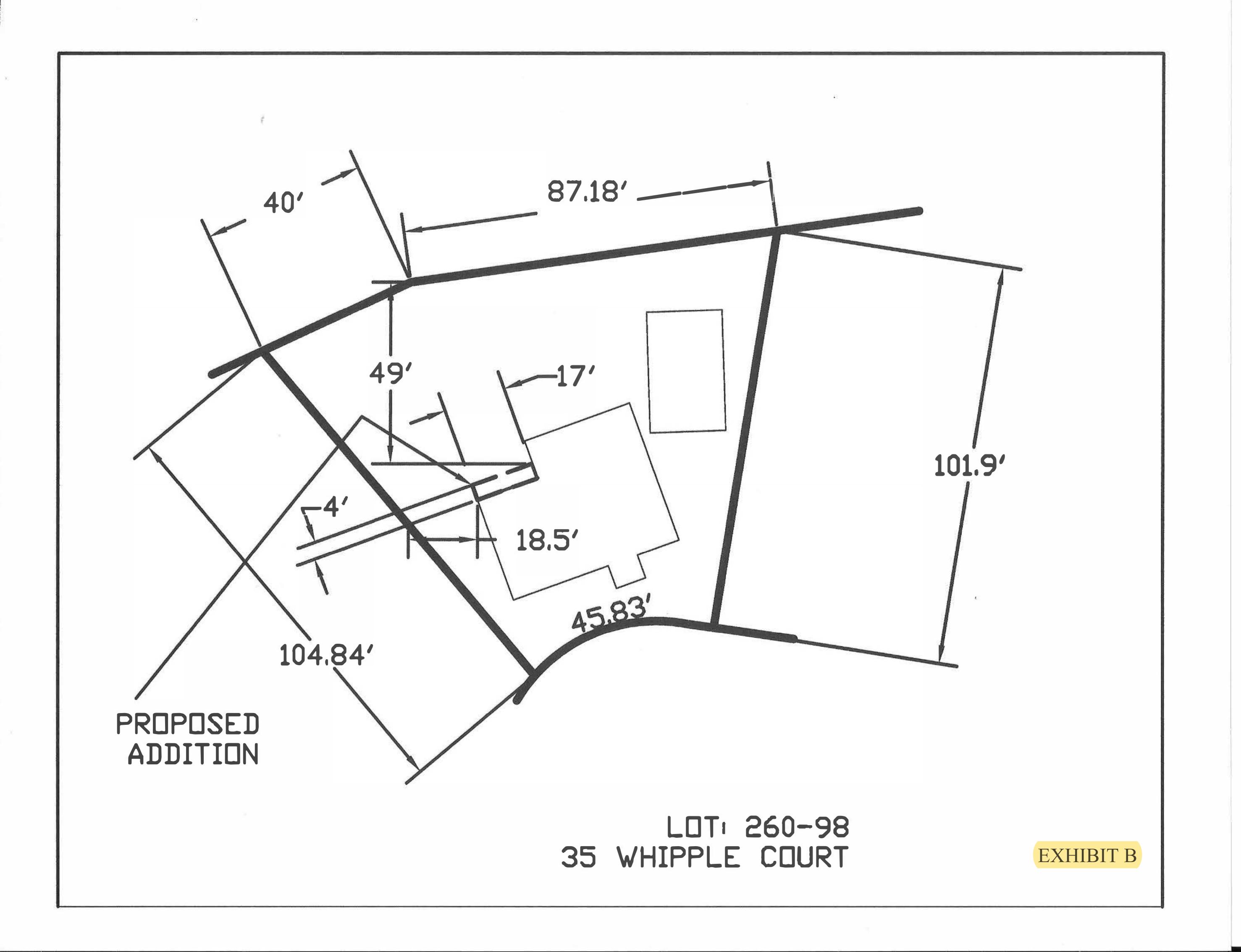
For all of the reasons stated, Hoekstra respectfully requests that the Portsmouth Zoning Board of Adjustment grant the submitted variance requests.

Respectfully submitted, Marcella Hoekstra

By: R. Timothy Phoenix

Monica F. Kieser





Google Maps 35 Whipple Ct



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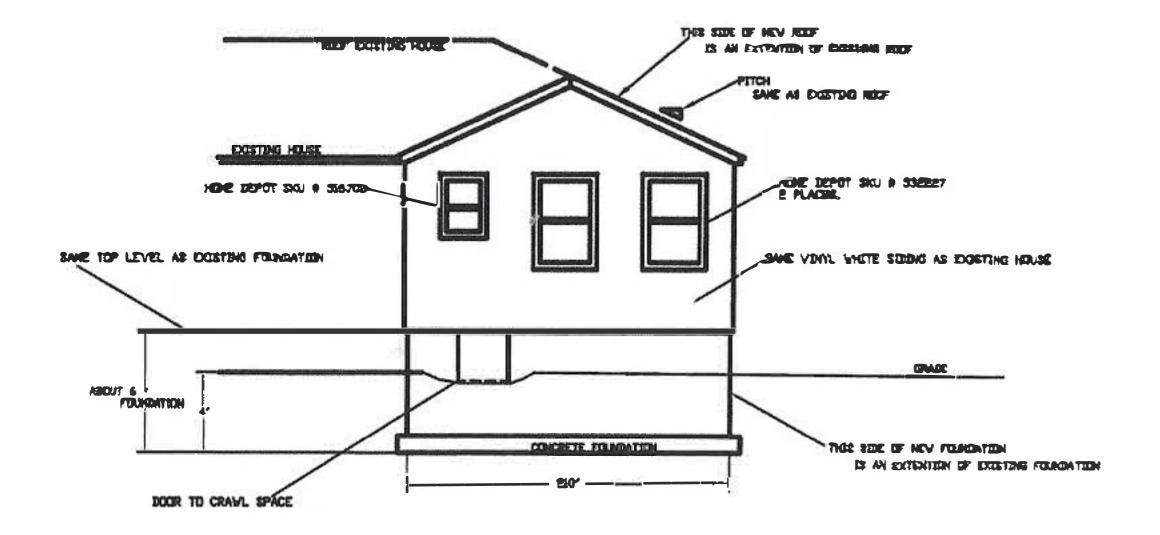


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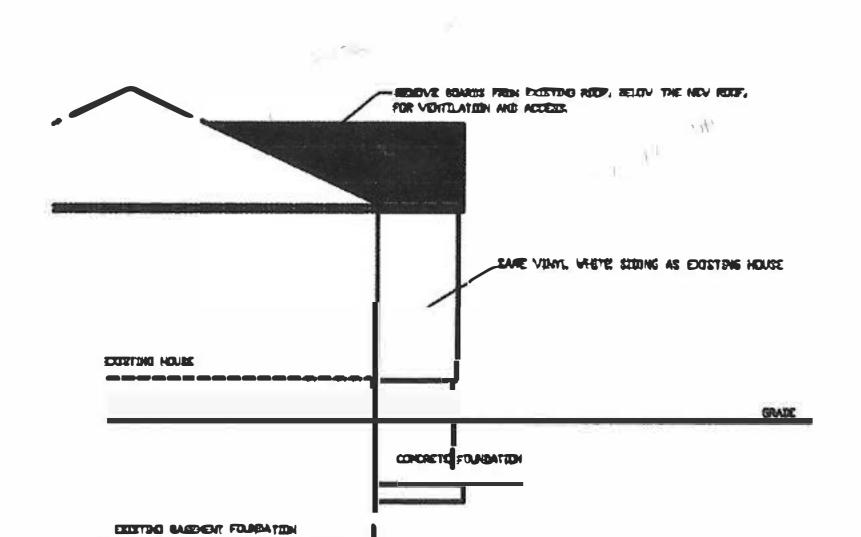
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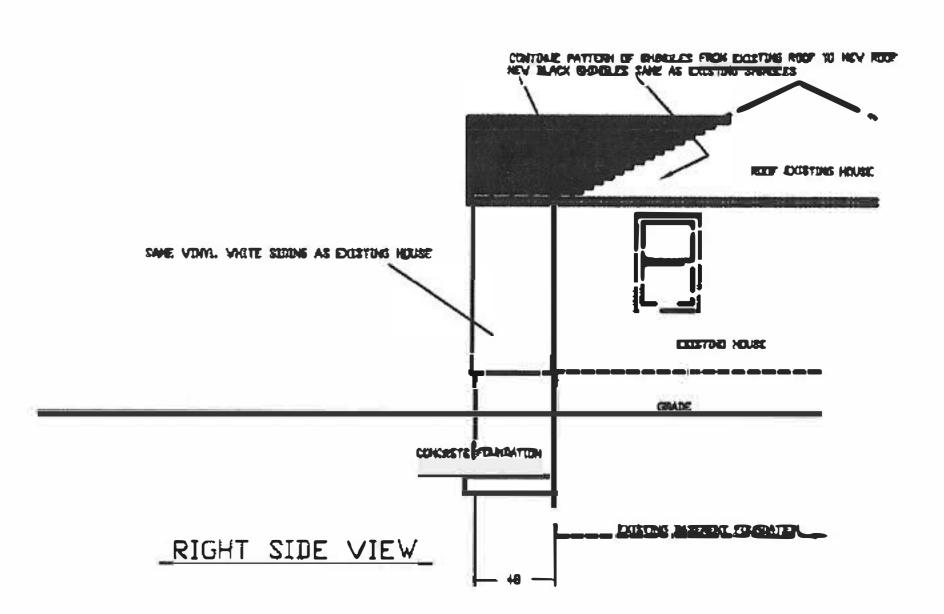
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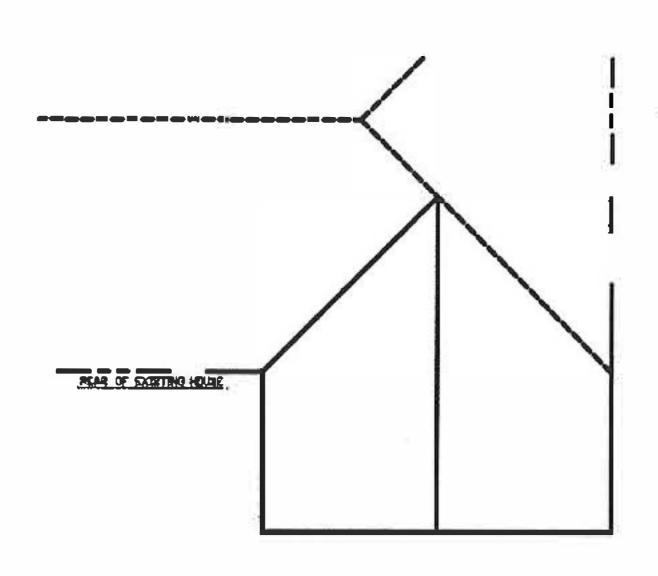


REAR VIEW



LEFT SIDE VIEW





PLAN VIEW OF ROOF

EXHIBIT D

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