

New Hampshire Retirement System 54 Regional Drive, Concord, NH 03301 Phone: (603) 410-3500 - Fax: (603) 410-3501 Website: www.nhrs.org - Email: info@nhrs.org

Dear Member:

| check | The forms listed below must be completed and submitted to NHRS to apply for retirement. Please use this checklist and be sure all required forms/copies are submitted at least 30, but not more than 90 days prior to the effective date of retirement to avoid any delays in processing your application. | | | | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Application for Retirement Signature required in two places (Section II and Section V on Group I application; Section II and VI on Group II application) Notarized signatures | | | | | | |
| | Mandatory Acknowledgement/Certification Must be dated the same date or later than the application Spouse signs "Part A", if you are married If not married, member must sign "Part B" Notarized signature | | | | | | |
| | Form W-4P Complete bottom section • Name, address, Social Security Number Complete #1 OR complete #2 (check status and enter number of allowances to far right) Complete #3, if additional withholding desired Sign and date | | | | | | |
| | Copy of Social Security card or Form W-9 | | | | | | |
| | ☐ Electronic Direct Deposit (EDD) | | | | | | |
| | ☐ State Retirees ONLY: • Health Insurance Pre-Application | | | | | | |
| | Payment Options for Additional Contributions Form (if a participant in the Additional Contributions program) | | | | | | |
| | ADDITIONAL REQUIRED DOCUMENTS – <u>COPIES</u> must be provided to NHRS Copy of marriage certificate (ONLY Group II) Copy of beneficiary's (ies') birth certificate if Survivorship Option 2-4 selected Copy of your birth certificate | | | | | | |

Please contact NHRS if additional assistance is required. Thank you!



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APPLICATION FOR SERVICE/VESTED DEFERRED RETIREMENT GROUP I (EMPLOYEE AND TEACHER)

APPLICATION INFORMATION - READ CAREFULLY

I. GENERAL

- For more information regarding Service retirement, visit the NHRS website at: http://www.nhrs.org/members/benefits/service-retirement
- For more information regarding Vested Deferred retirement, visit the NHRS website at: http://www.nhrs.org/members/benefits/vested-deferred-retirement
- All information provided on this application must be typed or printed clearly in ink. Signatures must be in ink. If any errors are made, a new application must be completed
- After completing this application, retain a copy for your records
- Complete all pages in application

II. SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

To apply for Service/Vested Deferred retirement, the following documents must be submitted to NHRS:

- 1) Application for Service/Vested Deferred Retirement
- 5) Mandatory Acknowledgement/Certification
- 2) Withholding Certificate (IRS Form W-4P)
- 6) Electronic Direct Deposit (EDD)
- 3) Copy of your Social Security card or IRS Form W-9
- 7) Copy of your birth certificate
- 4) Copy of your beneficiary's(ies') birth certificate(s) if option 2, 3, or 4 is selected

III. EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Allowance: A retirement pension paid monthly to an NHRS retiree or beneficiary.

Single Primary Beneficiary: One person, an estate, or a trust designated by a retiree to receive any NHRS death benefit and/or refund of the retiree's accumulated contributions, which may be payable upon the retiree's death after retirement. An estate or a trust is not eligible to receive a survivorship option. See back page for detailed information on survivorship options and other post-retirement death benefits.

Multiple Primary Beneficiaries: More than one person, which may include an estate and/or trust, designated by a retiree to each receive a percentage of any NHRS death benefit and/or refund of the retiree's accumulated contributions, which may be payable upon the retiree's death after retirement. Multiple beneficiaries who are designated under option 2, 3, or 4 (A-C) are restricted to the retiree's spouse and/or children. Children, as multiple beneficiaries, are limited to natural children, adopted children, and stepchildren. An estate or a trust is not eligible to receive a survivorship option.

Contingent Beneficiary(ies): The person(s), estate, or trust who would become eligible for any NHRS refund of the retiree's accumulated contributions if the primary beneficiary(ies) is deceased at the time of the retiree's death after retirement. A contingent beneficiary is not eligible to receive a survivorship option.

Distribution Percentage: Retirees must specify a distribution percentage for each beneficiary on the retirement application. A distribution percentage represents the portion of the retiree's pension which would be payable to each beneficiary. The total combined percentages must equal 100%.

Acknowledgement: Refers to the acknowledgement of a retiree's signature in Section V of this application or on any attachments to this application by a Notary Public, Justice of the Peace, Register of Deeds, Clerk of a Court having a seal, or Judge (the "Notarial Officer"). The Notarial Officer must sign and seal (if applicable) Section V of this application and any attachments.

IV. OPTIONAL ALLOWANCES

You may choose one of the following. Any allowance payable to a beneficiary is subject to the limitations set forth in RSA 100-A:13-b and Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(9).

A. Maximum Retirement Allowance

The maximum pension payable to a retiree until death. Upon the retiree's death, the designated beneficiary(ies) will receive a lump sum payment of the amount, if any, equal to the retiree's accumulated contributions at the time of retirement minus all annuity payments received by the retiree.

B. Optional Retirement Allowances

Option 1 – A reduced pension payable to a retiree until death. Upon the retiree's death, the designated beneficiary(ies) will receive a lump sum payment of the amount, if any, equal to the retiree's accumulated contributions at the time of retirement minus all member annuity payments received by the retiree. With this option, the retiree is taking a reduced benefit for the sole purpose of stretching out the dispersal of their accumulated contributions.

Option 2, 3, 4(A), 4(B), 4(C) – Survivorship Options

Retirees receive a reduced allowance during their lifetime so that their designated beneficiary(ies) can receive a monthly lifetime benefit after their death. When choosing option 2, 3, or 4 (A-C), multiple beneficiaries are limited to the retiree's spouse and/or children. Children, as multiple beneficiaries, are limited to natural children, adopted children, and stepchildren. A trust or estate cannot be the beneficiary under option 2, 3, or 4 (A-C).

Option 2 – up to 100% - A reduced pension payable until the death of a retiree with up to 100% of the retiree's reduced pension payable thereafter to the retiree's primary beneficiary(ies) for life.

Option 3 – 50% - A reduced pension payable until the death of a retiree with 50% of the retiree's reduced pension payable thereafter to the retiree's primary beneficiary(ies) for life.

Option 4(A) – up to 100% "pop-up" - Similar to Option 2; however, if the beneficiary predeceases the retiree, the retiree's pension will increase ("pop up") to the Maximum Retirement Allowance that the retiree would have received without the election of a Survivorship Option. If multiple primary beneficiaries were designated, and one or more of those beneficiaries predecease the retiree, the retiree's pension will increase by a proportional share of the cost, based on the number of beneficiaries. If all of the primary beneficiaries predecease the retiree, then the pension will increase to the Maximum Retirement Allowance.

Option 4(B) – 50% "pop-up" - Similar to Option 3; however, if the beneficiary predeceases the retiree, the retiree's pension will increase ("pop up") to the Maximum Retirement Allowance that the retiree would have received without the election of a Survivorship Option. Refer to Option 4(A) for details regarding multiple primary beneficiaries.

Option 4(C) [Special] - A reduced pension payable until the death of the retiree, then a customized percentage (other than 50% or 100%) or a flat amount of the pension paid to the retiree's designated beneficiary(ies). This option is subject to approval by the NHRS Board of Trustees.

Benefit Limitations: Any pension payable to the member or beneficiary(ies) is subject to the limitations set forth in RSA 100-A:13-b and Sections 415 and 401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), as amended, and related Treasury regulations. The beneficiary(ies) cannot receive a pension of more than 100% of the member's reduced retirement pension. The Code may limit the pension payable to the non-spouse beneficiary(ies) who is more than ten years younger than the member. The exact percentage varies according to the age of the member and the age(s) of the beneficiary(ies).

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APPLICATION FOR SERVICE/VESTED DEFERRED RETIREMENT GROUP I (EMPLOYEE AND TEACHER)

| Service Retirement | | | | U Ve | ested Defe | rred Retireme | ent | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|------------|--|------------|---|---------------------------|
| SECTION I – MEMBER INFORMA | TION (Plea | se print) | ı | | | | | | |
| Last Name: | | | First Name | e: | | | | MI: | |
| Mailing Address: | | | | | | | | | |
| City: | State: | | Zip Code: | | | Maiden Naı (If applicab | | | |
| Last 4 of SS#: | | Home To | elephone Nu | mber: | | | Date of I | Birth: | |
| Last NHRS-covered Employer: | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| Title of position held: | | | | | | of NHRS-co | | | |
| I request that my retirement allowance b | become effec | ctive on: | / 1 | / | | (| (Exampl | le: Month/Do | ay/Year) |
| SECTION II – SELECTION OF RE | TIREMEN | T BENEF | IT (Select ar | nd sign onl | y one ben | efit payment | choice. | Leave all othe | rs blank.) |
| A. Maximum Retirement Allowance | | | | Signature | : | | | | |
| B. Optional Retirement Allowances | | | | | | | | | |
| Option 1 – Refund without Survivorship |) | | | Signature: | | | | | |
| Option 2 – Up to 100% Survivorship | | | | Signature: | | | | | |
| Option 3 – 50% Survivorship | | | | Signature: | | | | | |
| Option 4(A) – Up to 100% Survivorship | "Pop-up" | | | Signature: | | | | | |
| Option 4(B) – 50% Survivorship "Pop-u | ıp" | | | Signature: | | | | | |
| Option 4(C) - Special | | | | Signature: | | | | | |
| SECTION III – DESIGNATION OF PRIMARY BENEFICIARY(IES) (Please print) To designate one primary beneficiary, complete Part A below. Do not complete Part B. To designate multiple primary beneficiaries, complete Part B below. Do not complete Part A. (See page 2) | | | | | | | | | |
| | PART A – SINGLE PRIMARY BENEFICIARY | | | | | | | | |
| I designate the following person(s), esta benefit selected in Section II, may be du | | | ary beneficia | ary(ies) to r | eceive any | payments wl | hich, in a | accordance with | n the retirement |
| Primary Beneficiary's Name | Primary Beneficiary's Add | | | ress | | Primary eneficiary's S# (Last 4) | | Primary Beneficiary's Date of Birth | Relationship to Member |
| 1. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| PART B – MULTIPLE PRIMARY BENEFICIARIES - <u>Restriction</u> : If you have selected Option 2, 3 or 4, all beneficiaries designated must be your children and may include your spouse. You must specify distribution percentages. (See Application Information.) I designate the following people as my primary beneficiaries to receive any payments which, in accordance with the retirement benefit selected in Section II, may be due upon my death. (To designate more beneficiaries than the following spaces allow, initial here and attach signed and acknowledged information to this form.) | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------|----------------|--------------|---|--------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Primary Beneficiary's Name | Distribution Percentage | Primary I | Beneficiary's | Address | Primary Beneficiary's SS# (Last 4) | Benefi | mary iciary's of Birth | Relationship to Member |
| 1. | % | | | | | | | |
| 2. | % | | | | | | | |
| 3. | % | | | | | | | |
| SECTION IV – DESIGNATIO | N OF CONTI | NGENT BE | NEFICIARY | Y(IES) (Plea | ase print) | | | |
| I designate the following person(s designate more contingent benefit this form.) | s) to receive an | y payments v | which may be | due upon n | ry death and the death o | | | |
| Contingent Beneficiary's Name | Distribution Percentage | Contingent | t Beneficiary' | 's Address | Contingent Beneficiary's SS# (Last 4) | Benefi | ingent iciary's of Birth | Relationship to Member |
| 1. | % | | | | | | | |
| 2. | % | | | | | | | |
| 3. | % | | | | | | | |
| SECTION V – MEMBER'S SIG | GNATURE AN | ND ACKNO | WLEDGMI | ENT | | | | |
| My designation of the above named beneficiary(ies) revokes any prior NHRS death beneficiary(ies) designation which I may have filed. However, if I die before Service retirement, my designation of the above-named beneficiary(ies) shall not take effect under RSA 100-A:9 unless the beneficiary(ies) designated is (are) the same as my death beneficiary(ies) designated on the applicable NHRS pre-retirement death beneficiary designation form. Note: This does not apply to members retiring under Vested Deferred retirement. Further, I understand that because of the limitations imposed by Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(9) and NH RSA 100-A:13-b, the amount of benefits payable to my beneficiary or beneficiaries upon my death may be reduced and/or may be subject to an additional Federal income tax liability. | | | | | | | | |
| Member's Name: | | | Member's | Signature: | | | Date: | |
| State of: County of: | | | | | | | | |
| The foregoing instrument was ac | The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this by | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Date | | Mem | iber's Name | е |
| Signature of Notarial Officer: | | | | | | | | |
| Title (Notary Public or Justice of the Peace): | | | | | | | | |
| My Commission Expires: | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |



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MANDATORY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT/CERTIFICATION

| GENERAL INFORMATION | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| If married, member's spouse must complete Section II, Part A | | | | | |
| If not married, member must complete Section II, Part B | | | | | |
| SECTION I – MEMBER INFORMATION | | | | | |
| Member Name: | Last 4 of SS | | | | |
| SECTION II – MUST BE COMPLETED IN THE PRESENCE | OF A NOTARY PUBI | LIC OR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE | | | |
| MUST BE DATED ON OR AFTER THE D | ATE ON RETIREME | NT APPLICATION** | | | |
| PART A. SPOUSAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT | | | | | |
| I hereby affirm under penalties of perjury that I am the spouse of understand the pension payment plan selected by my spouse on his | | | | | |
| Signature of Spouse: | **Date: | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| PART B. MEMBER CERTIFICATION | | | | | |
| I hereby affirm under penalties of perjury that at this time I am Spousal Acknowledgement with my application for New Hampshir | | | | | |
| Signature of Member: | **Date: | | | | |
| SECTION III -ACKNOWLEDGEMENT | | | | | |
| State of: | County of: | | | | |
| Signed and affirmed before me on this day of _ | | ,, | | | |
| by | | | | | |
| Name of Person Making Statement in Section II Above | | | | | |
| Signature of Notary Officer: | | | | | |
| Title: | | | | | |
| Expiration Date: | | Seal | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

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ELECTRONIC DIRECT DEPOSIT (EDD)

| SECTION I – Check only on | e. | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| New Retiree – Date of | New Retiree − Date of Retirement: /1/ | | | | | 2 | |
| SECTION II – PENSION R NHRS will call you to confirm | | | | | | for the form to be accepted. | |
| Name: | | | | | Email: | | |
| Home Phone Number: | | Cell Phone N | lumber: | | | SSN # (Last Four): | |
| Mailing Address: | | | | | | | |
| SECTION III – BENEFIT To If you receive multiple beneficient form for each beneficient formation in section IV. | it payments from NF | HRS and wou | ld like tl | hem dep | osited into separate a | | |
| Pension Benefit | Survivorship I | Benefit | □ A | utomatic | Spousal Benefit | Additional Contributions | |
| | | | | | mary account | | |
| | s. If you chose more | than one acco | ount, ple | ase selec | t <u>either</u> the dollar an | f their payment deposited in up to mount <u>or</u> percentage of the benefit ded in the primary account. | |
| PR | IMARY ACCOUN | T: Ch | ecking A | Account | OR Savings A | Account | |
| Bank Name: | | | | R | Routing Number: | | |
| DEPOSIT N | ET AMOUNT OF PA | AYMENT | | A | Account Number: | | |
| ADDIT | TIONAL ACCOUN | T (1): | Checkii | ng Acco | unt OR 🗌 Savin | ngs Account | |
| Bank Name: | | | | R | Routing Number: | | |
| Choose one: | ::\$ | Percent: | % | A | Account Number: | | |
| ADDIT | TIONAL ACCOUN | T (2): | Checkii | ng Acco | unt OR Savin | ngs Account | |
| Bank Name: | | | | R | Routing Number: | | |
| Choose one: | ::\$ | Percent: | % | A | Account Number: | | |
| SECTION V – CONDITIO | NS AND ACKNOV | WLEDGMEN | NT (Sign | nature re | equired) | | |
| New retiree EDD requests - If a complete and accurate EDD form is received by the 12th of the month, direct deposit will be effective for benefit payments issued at the end of that month. EDD post-retirement change requests - If a complete and accurate EDD form requesting a change to current EDD instructions is received and confirmed by the 12th of the month, direct deposit will be effective for benefit payments issued at the end of that month. NHRS reserves the right to reverse a direct deposit if an account has been overpaid in error. I have read and agree to the Terms and Conditions identified above. Signature: | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Efi | fective Date: | |
| | | | | | | | |

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BENEFIT DESCRIPTIONS

Pension Benefit – A regular monthly allowance paid to a retiree.

Survivorship Benefit – Monthly allowance paid to eligible beneficiaries of a deceased member or retiree.

Automatic Spousal Benefit – A benefit automatically paid to a deceased Group II retiree's eligible spouse equal to 50% of the member or retiree's pension.

Additional Contributions – An additional monthly allowance which is paid through after-tax contributions submitted by the contributing member and/or by the contributing member's NHRS-covered employer.

ELECTRONIC DIRECT DEPOSIT FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

What is electronic direct deposit?

Electronic direct deposit is the electronic transfer of your retirement benefit(s) described above directly from NHRS into your bank, credit union, or other financial institution account each month. These funds are transferred without the use of a paper check. The retirement system highly recommends that retirees and beneficiaries utilize electronic direct deposit services.

What are the advantages of direct deposit?

Direct deposit is convenient. NHRS sends your retirement benefit directly into your account(s), there is no need for you to make a trip to your financial institution to deposit your NHRS check.

Direct deposit is safe. Because your retirement benefit is sent directly into your account, there is no chance of a lost or stolen check.

Direct deposit is dependable. Because NHRS transfers your retirement benefit electronically, there is no mailing delay. Your funds are immediately available to you on the day of the direct deposit.

When does NHRS make direct deposits?

NHRS makes direct deposits on the last business day of the month.

How long before direct deposit starts?

New retiree EDD requests - If a complete and accurate EDD form is received by the 12th of the month, direct deposit will be effective for benefit payments issued at the end of that month.

EDD post-retirement change requests - If a complete and accurate EDD form requesting a change to current EDD instructions is received <u>and confirmed</u> by the 12th of the month, direct deposit will be effective for benefit payments issued at the end of that month.

What happens if I change my bank or bank account number?

A new *Electronic Direct Deposit (EDD)* form will need to be filed with NHRS. EDD forms can be downloaded from the NHRS website at https://www.nhrs.org/retirees/forms. Changes can also be submitted using the online form on *My Account*.

What do I do if my bank merges with another bank or financial institution?

If your financial institution is merging, complete a new direct deposit form and return it to NHRS as soon as possible.

I live outside the U.S., can NHRS deposit funds into my non U.S. bank?

NHRS only has the ability to deposit funds to U.S. banks.

Do I receive a statement from NHRS notifying me of what my direct deposit is?

NHRS retirees can view their monthly check stubs ("advices") through the retirement system's online portal My Account.

To create an account or access an existing account, pension recipients may visit the NHRS homepage at https://www.nhrs.org/ and click on My Account, or go directly to: https://www.nhrs.org/my-account



Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Withholding Certificate for Pension or Annuity Payments

OMB No. 1545-0074

2019

Future developments. For the latest information about any future developments related to Form W-4P, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4P.

Purpose. Form W-4P is for U.S. citizens, resident aliens, or their estates who are recipients of pensions, annuities (including commercial annuities), and certain other deferred compensation. Use Form W-4P to tell payers the correct amount of federal income tax to withhold from your payment(s). You also may use Form W-4P to choose (a) not to have any federal income tax withheld from the payment (except for eligible rollover distributions or for payments to U.S. citizens to be delivered outside the United States or its possessions) or (b) to have an additional amount of tax withheld.

Your options depend on whether the payment is periodic, nonperiodic, or an eligible rollover distribution, as explained on pages 2 and 3. Your previously filed Form W-4P will remain in effect if you don't file a Form W-4P for 2019.

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Follow these instructions to determine the number of withholding allowances you should claim for pension or annuity payment withholding for 2019 and any additional amount of tax to have withheld. Complete the worksheet(s) using the taxable amount of the payments.

If you don't want any federal income tax withheld (see *Purpose*, earlier), you can skip the worksheets and go directly to the Form W-4P below.

Sign this form. Form W-4P is not valid unless you sign it.

You can also use the calculator at **www.irs.gov/W4App** to determine your tax withholding more accurately. Consider using this calculator if you have a more complicated tax situation, such as if you have more than one pension or annuity, a working spouse, or a large amount of income outside of your pensions. After your Form W-4P takes effect, you can also use this calculator to see how the amount of tax you're having withheld compares to your projected total tax for 2019. If you use the calculator, you don't need to complete any of the worksheets for Form W-4P.

Note that if you have too much tax withheld, you will receive a refund when you file your tax return. If you have too little tax

withheld, you will owe tax when you file your tax return, and you might owe a penalty.

Filers with multiple pensions or more than one income. If you have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension or a pension and a job, or you're married filing jointly and your spouse is working), read all of the instructions, including the instructions for the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, before beginning.

Other income. If you have a large amount of income from other sources not subject to withholding (such as interest, dividends, or capital gains), consider making estimated tax payments using Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals. Otherwise, you might owe additional tax. See Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax, for more information. Get Form 1040-ES and Pub. 505 at www.irs.gov/FormsPubs. Or, you can use the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet on page 5 or the calculator at www.irs.gov/W4App to make sure you have enough tax withheld from your payments. If you have income from wages, see Pub. 505 or use the calculator at www.irs.gov/W4App to find out if you should adjust your withholding on Form W-4 or Form W-4P.

Note: Social security and railroad retirement payments may be includible in income. See Form W-4V, Voluntary Withholding Request, for information on voluntary withholding from these payments.

Withholding From Pensions and Annuities

Generally, federal income tax withholding applies to the taxable part of payments made from pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, annuity, and certain deferred compensation plans; from individual retirement arrangements (IRAs); and from commercial annuities. The method and rate of withholding depend on (a) the kind of payment you receive; (b) whether the payments are to be delivered outside the United States or its possessions; and (c) whether the recipient is a nonresident alien individual, a nonresident alien beneficiary, or a foreign estate. Qualified distributions from a Roth IRA are nontaxable and, therefore, not subject to withholding. See page 3 for special withholding rules that apply to payments to be delivered outside the United States and payments to foreign persons.

W-4P
Department of the Treasury

We have a separate of the Treasury

We have a separate of the Treasury

We have a separate of the Treasury

Withholding Certificate for Pension or Annuity Payments

2019

------ Separate here and give Form W-4P to the payer of your pension or annuity. Keep the worksheet(s) for your records.

| Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service | | acy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 6. | | <u> </u> |
|--|----------------------------|---|--|----------------|
| Your first name and mid | Idle initial | Last name | Your social s | ecurity number |
| Home address (number | and street or rural route) | | Claim or ident (if any) of your annuity contra | • |
| City or town, state, and | ZIP code | | armuny comm | acı |
| Complete the follow | ring applicable lines. | | | |
| 1 Check here if you c | do not want any federal | income tax withheld from your pension or annuity. (Don't comp | olete line 2 or | 3.) ▶ □ |
| | | al status you're claiming for withholding from each per te an additional dollar amount on line 3.) | - | |
| Marital status: | ☐ Single ☐ Married | Married, but withhold at higher Single rate. | | (Enter number |

Your signature ▶ Date ▶

of allowances.)

you can't enter an amount here without entering the number (including zero) of allowances on line 2.)

3 Additional amount, if any, you want withheld from each pension or annuity payment. (Note: For periodic payments,

Form W-4P (2019) Page **2**

Because your tax situation may change from year to year, you may want to refigure your withholding each year. You can change the amount to be withheld by using lines 2 and 3 of Form W-4P.

Choosing not to have income tax withheld. You (or in the event of death, your beneficiary or estate) can choose not to have federal income tax withheld from your payments by using line 1 of Form W-4P. For an estate, the election to have no income tax withheld may be made by the executor or personal representative of the decedent. Enter the estate's employer identification number (EIN) in the area reserved for "Your social security number" on Form W-4P.

You may not make this choice for eligible rollover distributions. See *Eligible rollover distribution*—20% withholding below.

Caution: There are penalties for not paying enough federal income tax during the year, either through withholding or estimated tax payments. New retirees, especially, should see Pub. 505. It explains your estimated tax requirements and describes penalties in detail. You may be able to avoid quarterly estimated tax payments by having enough tax withheld from your pension or annuity using Form W-4P.

Periodic payments. Withholding from periodic payments of a pension or annuity is figured in the same manner as withholding from wages. Periodic payments are made in installments at regular intervals over a period of more than 1 year. They may be paid annually, quarterly, monthly, etc.

If you want federal income tax to be withheld, you must designate the number of withholding allowances on line 2 of Form W-4P and indicate your marital status by checking the appropriate box. You can't designate a specific dollar amount to be withheld. However, you can designate an additional amount to be withheld on line 3.

If you don't want any federal income tax withheld from your periodic payments, check the box on line 1 of Form W-4P and submit the form to your payer. However, see *Payments to Foreign Persons and Payments To Be Delivered Outside the United States* on page 3.

Caution: If you don't submit Form W-4P to your payer, the payer must withhold on periodic payments as if you're married claiming three withholding allowances. Generally, this means that tax will be withheld if the taxable amount of your pension or annuity is at least \$2,033 a month.

If you submit a Form W-4P that doesn't contain your correct social security number (SSN), the payer must withhold as if

you're single claiming zero withholding allowances even if you checked the box on line 1 to have no federal income tax withheld

There are some kinds of periodic payments for which you can't use Form W-4P because they're already defined as wages subject to federal income tax withholding. These payments include retirement pay for service in the U.S. Armed Forces and payments from certain nonqualified deferred compensation plans and tax-exempt organizations' deferred compensation plans described in section 457. Your payer should be able to tell you whether Form W-4P applies.

For periodic payments, your Form W-4P stays in effect until you change or revoke it. Your payer must notify you each year of your right to choose not to have federal income tax withheld (if permitted) or to change your choice.

Nonperiodic payments – 10% withholding. Your payer must withhold at a flat 10% rate from the taxable amount of nonperiodic payments (but see *Eligible rollover distribution* — 20% withholding below) unless you choose not to have federal income tax withheld. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. You can choose not to have federal income tax withheld from a nonperiodic payment (if permitted) by submitting Form W-4P (containing your correct SSN) to your payer and checking the box on line 1. However, see *Payments to Foreign Persons and Payments To Be Delivered Outside the United States* on page 3. Generally, your choice not to have federal income tax withheld will apply to any later payments from the same plan. You can't use line 2 for nonperiodic payments. But you may use line 3 to specify an additional amount that you want withheld.

Caution: If you submit a Form W-4P that doesn't contain your correct SSN, the payer can't honor your request not to have income tax withheld and must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax.

Eligible rollover distribution—20% withholding. Distributions you receive from qualified pension or annuity plans (for example, 401(k) plans and section 457(b) plans maintained by a governmental employer) or tax-sheltered annuities that are eligible to be rolled over to an IRA or qualified plan are subject to a flat 20% federal withholding rate on the taxable amount of the distribution. The 20% withholding rate is required, and you can't choose not to have income tax withheld from eligible rollover distributions. Don't give Form W-4P to your payer unless you want an additional amount withheld. In that case, complete line 3 of Form W-4P and submit the form to your payer.

Form W-4P (2019) Page **3**

Note: The payer won't withhold federal income tax if the entire distribution is transferred by the plan administrator in a direct rollover to a traditional IRA or another eligible retirement plan (if allowed by the plan), such as a 401(k) plan, qualified pension plan, governmental section 457(b) plan, section 403(b) contract, or tax-sheltered annuity.

Distributions that are (a) required by federal law, (b) one of a specified series of equal payments, or (c) qualifying "hardship" distributions are **not** "eligible rollover distributions" and aren't subject to the mandatory 20% federal income tax withholding. See Pub. 505 for details. See also *Nonperiodic payments*—10% withholding on page 2.

Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks. For tax years ending after September 10, 2001, disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack directed against the United States (or its allies), whether outside or within the United States, aren't included in income. You may check the box on line 1 of Form W-4P and submit the form to your payer to have no federal income tax withheld from these disability payments. However, you must include in your income any amounts that you received or you would've received in retirement had you not become disabled as a result of a terrorist attack. See Pub. 3920, Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks, for more details.

Changing Your "No Withholding" Choice

Periodic payments. If you previously chose not to have federal income tax withheld and you now want withholding, complete another Form W-4P and submit it to your payer. If you want federal income tax withheld at the 2019 default rate (married with three allowances), write "Revoked" next to the checkbox on line 1 of the form. If you want tax withheld at any different rate, complete line 2 on the form.

Nonperiodic payments. If you previously chose not to have federal income tax withheld and you now want withholding, write "Revoked" next to the checkbox on line 1 and submit Form W-4P to your payer.

Payments to Foreign Persons and Payments To Be Delivered Outside the United States

Unless you're a nonresident alien, withholding (in the manner described above) is required on any periodic or nonperiodic payments that are to be delivered to you outside the United States or its possessions. Don't check the box on line 1 of Form W-4P. See Pub. 505 for details.

In the absence of a tax treaty exemption, nonresident aliens, nonresident alien beneficiaries, and foreign estates generally are subject to a 30% federal withholding tax under section 1441 on the taxable portion of a periodic or nonperiodic pension or annuity payment that is from U.S. sources. However, most tax treaties provide that private pensions and annuities are exempt from withholding and tax. Also, payments from certain pension plans are exempt from withholding even if no tax treaty applies. See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, for details. A foreign person should submit Form W-8BEN, Certificate of Foreign Status of Beneficial Owner for United States Tax Withholding and Reporting, to the payer before receiving any payments. The Form W-8BEN must contain the foreign person's taxpayer identification number (TIN).

Statement of Federal Income Tax Withheld From Your Pension or Annuity

By January 31 of next year, your payer will furnish a statement to you on Form 1099-R, Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc., showing the total amount of your pension or annuity payments and the total federal income tax withheld during the year. If you're a foreign person who has provided your payer with Form W-8BEN, your payer instead will furnish a statement to you on Form 1042-S, Foreign Person's U.S. Source Income Subject to Withholding, by March 16 of next year.

Specific Instructions

Personal Allowances Worksheet

Complete this worksheet on page 4 first to determine the number of withholding allowances to claim.

Line C. Head of household please note: Generally, you can claim head of household filing status on your tax return only if you're unmarried and pay more than 50% of the costs of keeping up a home for yourself and a qualifying individual. See Pub. 501 for more information about filing status.

Line E. Child tax credit. When you file your tax return, you may be eligible to claim a child tax credit for each of your eligible children. To qualify, the child must be under age 17 as of December 31, must be your dependent who lives with you for more than half the year, and must have a valid social security number. To learn more about this credit, see Pub. 972, Child Tax Credit. To reduce the tax withheld from your payments by taking this credit into account, follow the instructions on line E of the worksheet. On the worksheet you will be asked about your total income. For this purpose, total income includes all of your pensions, wages, and other income, including income earned by a spouse, if you are filing a joint return.

Line F. Credit for other dependents. When you file your tax return, you may be eligible to claim a credit for other dependents for whom a child tax credit cannot be claimed, such as a qualifying child who does not meet the age or social security number requirement for the child tax credit, or a qualifying relative. To learn more about this credit, see Pub. 972. To reduce the tax withheld from your payments by taking this credit into account, follow the instructions on line F of the worksheet. On the worksheet, you will be asked about your total income. For this purpose, total income includes all of your pensions, wages, and other income, including income earned by a spouse, if you are filing a joint return.

Line G. Other credits. You may be able to reduce the tax withheld from your payments if you expect to claim other tax credits, such as tax credits for education (see Pub. 970). If you do so, your payments will be larger, but the amount of any refund that you receive when you file your tax return will be smaller. Follow the instructions for Worksheet 1-6 in Pub. 505 if you want to reduce your withholding to take these credits into account. Enter "-0-" on lines E and F if you use Worksheet 1-6.

Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet

Complete this worksheet to determine if you're able to reduce the tax withheld from your pension or annuity payments to account for your itemized deductions and other adjustments to income, such as IRA contributions. If you do so, your refund at the end of the year will be smaller, but your payments will be larger. You're not required to complete this worksheet or reduce your withholding if you don't wish to do so.

You can also use this worksheet to figure out how much to increase the tax withheld from your payments if you have a large amount of other income not subject to withholding, such as interest, dividends, or capital gains.

Another option is to take these items into account and make your withholding more accurate by using the calculator at www.irs.gov/W4App. If you use the calculator, you don't need to complete any of the worksheets for Form W-4P.

Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet

Complete this worksheet if you receive more than one pension, if you have a pension and a job, or if you're married filing jointly and have a working spouse or a spouse who receives a pension. If you don't complete this worksheet, you might have too little tax withheld. If so, you will owe tax when you file your tax return and may be subject to a penalty.

Form W-4P (2019)

Figure the total number of allowances you're entitled to claim and any additional amount of tax to withhold on all pensions using worksheets from only one Form W-4P. Claim all allowances on the Form W-4P that you or your spouse file for the highest paying pension in your family and claim zero allowances on Forms W-4P filed for all other pensions. For example, if you receive \$60,000 from your pension per year and your spouse

receives \$20,000 from a pension, you should complete the worksheets to determine what to enter on lines 2 and 3 of your Form W-4P, and your spouse should enter zero ("-0-") on lines 2 and 3 of his or her Form W-4P. See Pub. 505 for details.

Page 4

Another option is to use the calculator at www.irs.gov/W4App to figure your withholding more precisely.

| | Personal Allowances Worksheet (Keep for your records.) | |
|---|---|---|
| | Enter "1" for yourself | Α |
| | Enter "1" if you will file as married filing jointly | В |
| С | Enter "1" if you will file as head of household | С |
| D | *You're single, or married filing separately, and have only one pension; or *You're married filing jointly, have only one pension, and your spouse has no income subject to withholding; or *Your income from a second pension or a job or your spouse's pension or wages (or the total of all) are \$1,500 or less. | D |
| Ε | Child tax credit. See Pub. 972, Child Tax Credit, for more information. | |
| | • If your total income will be less than \$71,201 (\$103,351 if married filing jointly), enter "4" for each eligible child. | |
| | • If your total income will be from \$71,201 to \$179,050 (\$103,351 to \$345,850 if married filing jointly), enter "2" for each eligible child. | |
| | • If your total income will be from \$179,051 to \$200,000 (\$345,851 to \$400,000 if married filing jointly), enter "1" for each eligible child. | |
| | • If your total income will be higher than \$200,000 (\$400,000 if married filing jointly), enter "-0-" | E |
| F | Credit for other dependents. See Pub. 972, Child Tax Credit, for more information. | |
| | • If your total income will be less than \$71,201 (\$103,351 if married filing jointly), enter "1" for each eligible dependent. | |
| | • If your total income will be from \$71,201 to \$179,050 (\$103,351 to \$345,850 if married filing jointly), enter "1" for every two dependents (for example, "-0-" for one dependent, "1" if you have two or three dependents, and "2" if you have four dependents). | |
| | • If your total income will be higher than \$179,050 (\$345,850 if married filing jointly), enter "-0-" | F |
| G | Other credits. If you have other credits, see Worksheet 1-6 of Pub. 505 and enter the amount from that | |
| | worksheet here. If you use Worksheet 1-6, enter "-0-" on lines E and F | G |
| Н | Add lines A through G and enter the total here | н |
| | If you plan to itemize or claim adjustments to income and want to reduce your withholding, or if you have a large amount of other income not subject to withholding and want to increase your withholding, see the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet, later. If you have more than one source of income subject to withholding or are married filing jointly and you and your spouse both have income subject to withholding and your combined income from all sources exceeds \$53,000 (\$24,450 if married filing jointly), see the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet on page 5 to avoid having too little tax withheld. If neither of the above situations applies, stop here and enter the number from line H on line | |
| | 2 of Form W-4P above. | |

Form W-4P (2019) Page **5**

| Note: Use this worksheet only if you plan to itemize deductions, claim certain adjustments to income, or have a large amount of other income not subject to withholding. 1 Enter an estimate of your 2019 itemized deductions. These include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (up to \$10,000), and medical expenses in excess of 10% of your income. See Pub. 505 for details | | Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet | | | | | |
|---|-----|--|--------------------|--------------|-----------|--|--|
| charitable contributions, state and local taxes (up to \$10,000), and medical expenses in excess of 10% of your income. See Pub. 505 for details 2 Enter: \$24,400 if you're married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$15,350 if you're head of household \$15,200 if you're single or married filing separately 3 Subtract line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, enter "-0-" \$3\$ 4 Enter an estimate of your 2019 adjustments to income, qualified business income deduction, and any additional standard deduction for age or blindness (see Pub. 505 for information about these items) \$4\$ 5 Add lines 3 and 4 and enter the total \$5\$ 6 Enter an estimate of your 2019 other income not subject to withholding (such as dividends, interest, or capital gains) \$5\$ 7 Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero, enter "-0-". If less than zero, enter the amount in parentheses \$7\$ 8 Divide the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction \$8\$ 9 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page \$4\$ 9 10 Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If zero or less, enter "-0-" if you plan to use the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1 Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). 1 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet). 2 Find the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here. However, if you're married filing jointly and the amount from the highest paying pension or | | | have a la | rge amour | nt of | | |
| 2 Enter: \$2.4,400 if you're married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) \$19,350 if you're head of household \$19,200 if you're single or married filing separately 3 Subtract line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, enter "-0-" 4 Enter an estimate of your 2019 adjustments to income, qualified business income deduction, and any additional standard deduction for age or blindness (see Pub. 505 for information about these items) 4 Enter an estimate of your 2019 adjustments to income, qualified business income deduction, and any additional standard deduction for age or blindness (see Pub. 505 for information about these items) 5 Add lines 3 and 4 and enter the total 6 Enter an estimate of your 2019 other income not subject to withholding (such as dividends, interest, or capital gains) 7 Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero, enter "-0-". If less than zero, enter the amount in parentheses 7 S 8 Divide the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction 9 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 9 10 Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If zero or less, enter "-0-" If you plan to use the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1 Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). 1 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) 1 Enter the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job is \$75,000 or less and the combined amounts for you and your spouse are \$ | 1 | | | | | | |
| \$12,200 if you're single or married filing separately 3 Subtract line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, enter "-0-" | | · | . 1 | \$ | | | |
| 3 Subtract line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, enter "-0-" 4 Enter an estimate of your 2019 adjustments to income, qualified business income deduction, and any additional standard deduction for age or blindness (see Pub. 505 for information about these items) 5 Add lines 3 and 4 and enter the total 6 Enter an estimate of your 2019 other income not subject to withholding (such as dividends, interest, or capital gains) 7 Subtract line 6 from line 6. If zero, enter "-0-". If less than zero, enter the amount in parentheses. 7 7 \$ 8 Divide the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction 8 Penter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 9 10 Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If zero or less, enter "-0-". If you plan to use the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1 Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing) jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). 1 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) 2 Find the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here. However, if you're married filing jointly and the amount from the highest paying pension or job is \$75,000 or less and the combined amounts for you and your spouse are \$70,000 or less, do not enter morthan "3" 2 Find the number from line 2 of this worksheet 4 Enter the number from line 2 pension "0-" on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet 5 E | 2 | | . 2 | \$ | | | |
| additional standard deduction for age or blindness (see Pub. 505 for information about these items) Add lines 3 and 4 and enter the total Enter an estimate of your 2019 other income not subject to withholding (such as dividends, interest, or capital gains) Builde the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction Builde the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction Builde the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction Builde the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction Builde Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1 Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). I Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) I prince the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here. However, if you're married filling jointly and the amount from the highest paying pension or job and enter in here. Building amount necessary to avoid a year-end tax bill. Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet Building line 1 is less than line 2, enter "-0-" on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Complete lines 4 through 9 below to figure the additional withholding amount in Table 2 below that applies to the HIGHEST paying pension or jo | 3 | | . 3 | \$ | | | |
| 5 Add lines 3 and 4 and enter the total 6 Enter an estimate of your 2019 other income not subject to withholding (such as dividends, interest, or capital gains) 7 Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero, enter "-0-". If less than zero, enter the amount in parentheses. 7 Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero, enter "-0-". If less than zero, enter the amount in parentheses. 8 Divide the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction 8 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 9 10 Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If zero or less, enter "-0-". If you plan to use the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1 Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). 1 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) 1 Enter the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here. However, if you're married filing jointly and the amount from the highest paying pension or job is \$75,000 or less and the combined amounts for you and your spouse are \$107,000 or less, do not enter more than "3" 2 If line 1 is more than or equal to line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter "0-") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet 3 Note: If line 1 is less than line 2, enter "0-" on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Complete lines 4 through 9 below to figure the additional | 4 | Enter an estimate of your 2019 adjustments to income, qualified business income deduction, and | any | | | | |
| 6 Enter an estimate of your 2019 other income not subject to withholding (such as dividends, interest, or capital gains) 7 Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero, enter "-0-". If less than zero, enter the amount in parentheses 7 \$ 8 Divide the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction 9 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 9 10 Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If zero or less, enter "-0-". If you plan to use the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1 Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filling jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). 1 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) 2 Find the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here. However, if you're married filing jointly and the amount from the highest paying pension or job is \$75,000 or less and the combined amounts for you and your spouse are \$107,000 or less, do not enter more than "3" 2 If line 1 is more than or equal to line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter "-0-") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Complete lines 4 through 9 below to figure the additional withholding amount necessary to avoid a year-end tax bill. 4 Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet 5 Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet 5 Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet 5 Enter the number of payments remaining in | | additional standard deduction for age or blindness (see Pub. 505 for information about these items) | . 4 | \$ | | | |
| 7 Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero, enter "-0-". If less than zero, enter the amount in parentheses. 7 \$ 8 Divide the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction | 5 | Add lines 3 and 4 and enter the total | . 5 | \$ | | | |
| 8 Divide the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter in parentheses. Drop any fraction | 6 | Enter an estimate of your 2019 other income not subject to withholding (such as dividends, interest, or capital ga | ains) 6 | \$ | | | |
| parentheses. Drop any fraction Penter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If zero or less, enter "-0-". If you plan to use the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1 Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). 1 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) 2 Find the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here. However, if you're married filing jointly and the amount from the highest paying pension or job is \$75,000 or less and the combined amounts for you and your spouse are \$107,000 or less, do not enter more than "3" 2 If line 1 is more than or equal to line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter "-0-") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet 3 Note: If line 1 is less than line 2, enter "-0-" on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Complete lines 4 through 9 below to figure the additional withholding amount necessary to avoid a year-end tax bill. 4 Enter the number from line 1 of this worksheet 5 Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet 6 Subtract line 5 from line 4 7 Find the amount in Table 2 below that applies to the HIGHEST paying pension or job and enter it here 8 Multiply line 7 by line 6 and enter the result here. This is the additional annual withholding needed 9 Divide line 8 by the number of payments remaining in 2019. For ex | 7 | Subtract line 6 from line 5. If zero, enter "-0-". If less than zero, enter the amount in parentheses . | . 7 | \$ | | | |
| 9 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 | 8 | Divide the amount on line 7 by \$4,200 and enter the result here. If a negative amount, enter | r in | | | | |
| Add lines 8 and 9 and enter the total here. If zero or less, enter "-0-". If you plan to use the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1 | | | | | | | |
| Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, also enter this total on line 1 below. Otherwise, stop here and enter this total on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1 | 9 | Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet , line H, page 4 | . 9 | | | | |
| Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). 1 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) 2 Find the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here. However, if you're married filing jointly and the amount from the highest paying pension or job is \$75,000 or less and the combined amounts for you and your spouse are \$107,000 or less, do not enter more than "3" 2 If line 1 is more than or equal to line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter "-0-") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet 3 Note: If line 1 is less than line 2, enter "-0-" on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Complete lines 4 through 9 below to figure the additional withholding amount necessary to avoid a year-end tax bill. 4 Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet 5 Enter the number from line 1 of this worksheet 6 Subtract line 5 from line 4 7 Find the amount in Table 2 below that applies to the HIGHEST paying pension or job and enter it here 8 Multiply line 7 by line 6 and enter the result here. This is the additional annual withholding needed 9 Divide line 8 by the number of payments remaining in 2019. For example, divide by 8 if you're paid every month and you complete this form in April 2019. Enter the result here and on Form W-4P, line 3, page 1. Table 1 | 10 | | | | | | |
| Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). 1 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) 2 Find the number in Table 1 below that applies to the LOWEST paying pension or job and enter it here. However, if you're married filing jointly and the amount from the highest paying pension or job is \$75,000 or less and the combined amounts for you and your spouse are \$107,000 or less, do not enter more than "3" 2 If line 1 is more than or equal to line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter "-0-") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet 3 Note: If line 1 is less than line 2, enter "-0-" on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Complete lines 4 through 9 below to figure the additional withholding amount necessary to avoid a year-end tax bill. 4 Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet 5 Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet 6 Subtract line 5 from line 4 7 Find the amount in Table 2 below that applies to the HIGHEST paying pension or job and enter it here 7 SENDER SUBJECT | | | - | | | | |
| Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). 1 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) | | · - | . 10 | | | | |
| applies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works). 1 Enter the number from the Personal Allowances Worksheet, line H, page 4 (or from line 10 above if you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) | | Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet | | | | | |
| you used the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet) | app | olies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to w | | | | | |
| However, if you're married filing jointly and the amount from the highest paying pension or job is \$75,000 or less and the combined amounts for you and your spouse are \$107,000 or less, do not enter more than "3" 3 If line 1 is more than or equal to line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter "-0-") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet | 1 | | e if . 1 | | | | |
| less and the combined amounts for you and your spouse are \$107,000 or less, do not enter more than "3" 3 If line 1 is more than or equal to line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter "-0-") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet | 2 | | | | | | |
| 3 If line 1 is more than or equal to line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the result here (if zero, enter "-0-") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet | | | | | | | |
| "-0-") and on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Do not use the rest of this worksheet | | less and the combined amounts for you and your spouse are \$107,000 or less, do not enter more than "3 | 3" 2 | | | | |
| Note: If line 1 is less than line 2, enter "-0-" on Form W-4P, line 2, page 1. Complete lines 4 through 9 below to figure the additional withholding amount necessary to avoid a year-end tax bill. 4 Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet | 3 | | nter | | | | |
| withholding amount necessary to avoid a year-end tax bill. 4 Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet | | | | | | | |
| 4 Enter the number from line 2 of this worksheet | | | elow to fig | gure the a | dditional | | |
| 5 Enter the number from line 1 of this worksheet | | · | | | | | |
| 6 Subtract line 5 from line 4 | _ | | | | | | |
| 7 Find the amount in Table 2 below that applies to the HIGHEST paying pension or job and enter it here 8 Multiply line 7 by line 6 and enter the result here. This is the additional annual withholding needed | - | | | | | | |
| 8 Multiply line 7 by line 6 and enter the result here. This is the additional annual withholding needed 8 9 Divide line 8 by the number of payments remaining in 2019. For example, divide by 8 if you're paid every month and you complete this form in April 2019. Enter the result here and on Form W-4P, line 3, page 1. This is the additional amount to be withheld from each payment | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
| 9 Divide line 8 by the number of payments remaining in 2019. For example, divide by 8 if you're paid every month and you complete this form in April 2019. Enter the result here and on Form W-4P, line 3, page 1. This is the additional amount to be withheld from each payment | _ | | | | | | |
| every month and you complete this form in April 2019. Enter the result here and on Form W-4P, line 3, page 1. This is the additional amount to be withheld from each payment | | • | | <u>\$</u> | | | |
| page 1. This is the additional amount to be withheld from each payment | 9 | | | | | | |
| Table 1 Table 2 | | This is the conditional and a second to be a substitute of the conditional and the con | 0 | \$ | | | |
| | | | · | * | | | |
| | | | ΔИ | Others | | | |

| Married Filing Jointly | | All Other | s | Married Filing J | Jointly | All Others | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| If wages from LOWEST paying job or pension are— | Enter on line 2 above | If wages from LOWEST paying job or pension are— | Enter on line 2 above | If wages from HIGHEST paying job or pension are— | Enter on line 7 above | If wages from HIGHEST paying job or pension are— | Enter on line 7 above | |
| \$0 - \$5,000 5,001 - 9,500 9,501 - 19,500 19,501 - 35,000 35,001 - 40,000 40,001 - 46,000 46,001 - 55,000 55,001 - 60,000 70,001 - 75,000 75,001 - 85,000 85,001 - 95,000 95,001 - 155,000 125,001 - 155,000 155,001 - 155,000 155,001 - 155,000 155,001 - 175,000 175,001 - 180,000 180,001 - 195,000 195,001 - 205,000 205,001 and over | 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | \$0 - \$7,000 7,001 - 13,000 13,001 - 27,500 27,501 - 32,000 32,001 - 40,000 40,001 - 60,000 60,001 - 75,000 75,001 - 85,000 85,001 - 95,000 95,001 - 100,000 100,001 - 115,000 115,001 - 125,000 125,001 - 135,000 135,001 - 145,000 145,001 - 160,000 160,001 - 180,000 180,001 and over | 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | \$0 - \$24,900 24,901 - 84,450 84,451 - 173,900 173,901 - 326,950 326,951 - 413,700 413,701 - 617,850 617,851 and over | \$420 500 910 1,000 1,330 1,450 1,540 | \$0 - \$7,200 7,201 - 36,975 36,976 - 81,700 81,701 - 158,225 158,226 - 201,600 201,601 - 507,800 507,801 and over | \$420 500 910 1,000 1,330 1,450 1,540 | |

Form W-4P (2019) Page **6**

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You're required to provide this information only if you want to (a) request federal income tax withholding from periodic pension or annuity payments based on your withholding allowances and marital status; (b) request additional federal income tax withholding from your pension or annuity; (c) choose not to have federal income tax withheld, when permitted; or (d) change or revoke a previous Form W-4P. To do any of the aforementioned, you're required by sections 3405(e) and 6109 and their regulations to provide the information requested on this form. Failure to provide this information may result in inaccurate withholding on your payment(s). Providing false or fraudulent information may subject you to penalties.

Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths

and possessions for use in administering their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You're not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.



Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

▶ Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

| | i Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line, do not leave this line blank. | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------|---|---------------|----------|--------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | 2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above | | | | | | | | | |
| on page 3. | 3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check following seven boxes. Individual/sole proprietor or C Corporation S Corporation Partnership | certa | 4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): | | | | | | | |
| ns e | single-member LLC | | Exen | npt payee | code | (if any) | | | | |
| ty p | Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=Partne | rship) ▶ | _ | | | _ | | | | |
| Solid control to the person whose name is effected on line it. Check only the or the original propriets downward following seven boxes. Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC | | | | | | orting | | | | |
| eci | ☐ Other (see instructions) ▶ | | (Applie | es to account | s mainta | iined outsid | e the U.S.) | | | |
| Sp | 5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.) See instructions. | Requester's nam | ne and ac | ldress (op | tional |) | | | | |
| See | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0, | 6 City, state, and ZIP code | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 7 List account number(s) here (optional) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Par | | 0:-1 | | | | | | | | |
| | your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to av up withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, t | 0.0 | security | number | 7 [| _ | | | | |
| | ent alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other | or a | _ | | _ | | | | | |
| | es, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i> | | | | J | | $\perp \perp$ | | | |
| TIN, la | | or | · | | | | | | | |
| | If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. Also see What Name per To Give the Requester for guidelines on whose number to enter. | and Employ | yer ident | ification | lumb | er | = | | | |
| IVUITIL | er to dive the nequester for guidelines on whose number to enter. | | _ | | | . | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Par | | | | | | | | | | |
| | r penalties of perjury, I certify that: | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. I ar Ser | e number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (bruce (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest longer subject to backup withholding; and |) I have not beer | n notifie | d by the | Inter | | | | | |
| 3. I ar | n a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. The | e FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting | na is correct. | | | | | | | | |

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tay return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid

| acquisition | cquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments ther than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later. | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sign Here | Signature of U.S. person ► | Date ► | | | | | |

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

• Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)

- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)

- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- · An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details),
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships, earlier.

What is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note: ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

- b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C corporation, or S corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box on line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3.

| IF the entity/person on line 1 is a(n) | THEN check the box for |
|--|--|
| Corporation | Corporation |
| Individual Sole proprietorship, or Single-member limited liability company (LLC) owned by an individual and disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes. | Individual/sole proprietor or single- member LLC |
| LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, or LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner but the owner is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes. | Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification. (P= Partnership; C= C corporation; or S= S corporation) |
| Partnership | Partnership |
| Trust/estate | Trust/estate |

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5-A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8-A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11-A financial institution
- 12-A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

| IF the payment is for | THEN the payment is exempt for |
|--|---|
| Interest and dividend payments | All exempt payees except for 7 |
| Broker transactions | Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012. |
| Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends | Exempt payees 1 through 4 |
| Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹ | Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ² |
| Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions | Exempt payees 1 through 4 |

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)
 - B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state
 - G-A real estate investment trust
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
 - I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)
 - J-A bank as defined in section 581
 - K-A broker
- L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, write NEW at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester,* later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/Businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or SS-4 mailed to you within 10 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- **4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

| For this type of account: | Give name and SSN of: |
|--|--|
| 1. Individual | The individual |
| Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI | The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account 1 |
| 3. Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI) | Each holder of the account |
| Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act) | The minor ² |
| 5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) | The grantor-trustee ¹ |
| b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law | The actual owner ¹ |
| Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual | The owner ³ |
| 7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i) (A)) | The grantor* |
| For this type of account: | Give name and EIN of: |
| Disregarded entity not owned by an individual | The owner |
| 9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust | Legal entity ⁴ |
| 10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553 | The corporation |
| Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax- exempt organization | The organization |
| 12. Partnership or multi-member LLC | The partnership |
| 13. A broker or registered nominee | The broker or nominee |

| For this type of account: | Give name and EIN of: |
|---|-----------------------|
| 14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments | The public entity |
| 15. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B)) | The trust |

- ¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.
- ² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.
- ³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.
- ⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships*, earlier.

*Note: The grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN.
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to <code>phishing@irs.gov</code>. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at <code>spam@uce.gov</code> or report them at <code>www.ftc.gov/complaint</code>. You can contact the FTC at <code>www.ftc.gov/idtheft</code> or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see <code>www.ldentityTheft.gov</code> and Pub. 5027.

Visit www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

Page 6

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE RETIREE HEALTH BENEFITS PRE-APPLICATION

The purpose of this form is to determine your eligibility for State of New Hampshire (SoNH) retiree health benefits upon your retirement from State service. RSA 21-I:30 is the statute which governs eligibility for State of New Hampshire retiree health benefits. Decisions regarding your eligibility will be based upon the provisions of that statute and the information provided below.

PART I: INFORMATION TO BE COMPLETED BY EMPLOYEE (Please print clearly) Full Social Name ______ Security Number _____ Complete _____ Date of Birth ____ Mailing Address _____ Age at Retirement _____ E-Mail Telephone Number **DATES/PLACE OF STATE EMPLOYMENT** (If additional space is needed, please include a separate page): FROM: _____ TO: ____ AGENCY: ____ FROM: ______ TO: _____ AGENCY: ____ FROM: _____ TO: ____ AGENCY: ____ Please check any of the following types of NH Retirement System service credit that apply to you: Prior service re-purchased Military service П Prior service Not re-purchased Non-state employment service Out of state service purchase П Non-Qualified Time I authorize the NHRS to provide to the SoNH Department of Administrative Services (DAS), Risk Management Unit information regarding my years of NHRS creditable service with the state pursuant to RSA 21-I:30. SIGNATURE: _____ DATE: ____ When Part I is completed, signed and dated, forward to: NH Retirement System **54 Regional Drive** Concord, NH 03301-8507 PART II: INFORMATION TO BE COMPLETED BY RETIREMENT SYSTEM EFFECTIVE DATE OF RETIREMENT: GROUP MEMBERSHIP AT TIME OF RETIREMENT: Group I _____ Group II - Fire ____ Group II - Police____ TYPE OF RETIREMENT: TOTAL YEARS OF NHRS CREDITABLE SERVICE: _____

:______ DATE: ______ (Authorized Retirement System Representative)

SIGNATURE:

YEARS OF CREDITABLE SERVICE WITH THE STATE:

PART III: INFORMATION TO BE COMPLETED BY DAS RISK MANAGEMENT UNIT

| | you are eligible to receive SoNH retiree health benefits upon your retirement. You will receive a packet in the mail from the DAS Risk Management Unit with the necessary forms to complete and a copy of the current retiree health benefits. All necessary forms must be completed and returned to the DAS Risk Management Unit prior to being enrolled in retiree health benefits. |
|-----------|---|
| | You are currently ineligible to receive SoNH retiree health benefits upon your retirement. However, you will become eligible when you attain the age of 60. At least <u>three months before your 60th birthday</u> you will be responsible for contacting the Retiree Health Benefit Office at (603) 271-1432 at the DAS Risk Management Unit to complete the necessary paperwork in order to enroll in retiree health benefits. |
| | You are ineligible to receive SoNH retiree health benefits upon your retirement due to insufficient creditable service. You may however, be eligible to continue your medical coverage through COBRA. If eligible, the required paperwork to enroll in COBRA will be sent directly to your home. |
| | ation of your eligibility for SoNH retiree health benefits is based upon RSA 21-1:30 and funding exist presently. Statutory or funding level changes could alter or eliminate this benefit for you and eneficiary. |
| SIGNATURE | DATE: |
| | (Authorized DAS Risk Management Unit Representative) |

Summary of Retiree Health Benefits

To view or print a copy of current Retiree Health benefits, please go to the following website:

https://das.nh.gov/hr/retirement_benefits.html

All inquiries or additional requests for information should be directed to:

Retiree Health Benefit Office
Department of Administrative Services
Risk Management Unit,
25 Capitol Street, Room 412
Concord, NH 03301
Phone #: (603) 271-1432
Email: Retiree Health@nh.gov

Revised: 08/2017 PB



New Hampshire Retirement System 54 Regional Drive, Concord, NH 03301 Phone: (603) 410-3500 - Fax: (603) 410-3501 Website: www.nhrs.org - Email: info@nhrs.org

NHRS PAYMENT OPTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS

SECTION I – GENERAL INFORMATION

At retirement members who have deposited additional contributions into the plan may choose to receive the additional contributions as an additional member annuity or withdraw the additional contributions in cash plus credited interest. Members must complete and file this form prior to retirement.

SECTION II – EXPLANATION OF TERMS

- 1. Additional Contributions: Voluntary contributions paid to the NHRS by the member and/or employer
- 2. Additional Member Annuity: An additional monthly allowance funded by additional voluntary contributions
- 3. **Withdrawal of Additional Contributions:** Voluntary contributions plus interest returned to the member as a one time (cash) payment.
- 4. **Rollover:** A tax-free transfer of funds from a retirement plan like NHRS to another Eligible Retirement Plan

| SECTION III – | METHOD | OFPAYN | JENT EL | FCTION |
|---------------|--------|--------|----------|----------------|
| SECTION III - | METHOD | OFFAIR | MEINI EL | are individual |

| | ave read the attached Additional Contributions brochure and elect to have my additional velect and sign only one method, leave the other choice blank) | olun | tary contributions paid as follows: |
|--|--|--|---|
| Na | me: | Las | t 4 of SSN #: |
| 1. | Paid to me as a one-time lump sum payment in cash, subject to mandatory Federal (Members electing this method of payment must also complete Section IV) | with | nholding |
| Sig | nature: | | Date: |
| 2. | Paid in the form of an additional lifetime monthly annuity. (Members electing this method of payment must also complete Section V) | | |
| Sig | nature: | | Date: |
| SEC | TION IV – DISTRIBUTION ELECTION – Complete this section if you elected method one (Do not complete the | nis sec | ction if you elected method two) |
| inc tax ret fin the Tro | u may elect a direct rollover of all or any portion (in 1% multiples) of your distribution to ividual retirement arrangement (IRA) or another employer's qualified plan. Your distributions that were made and all interest on your contributions. To effect this direct that to the system a Member's Request for Trustee-to-Trustee Transfer form. You must ancial institution or the qualified plan that it is qualified to accept, and it will accept, a directly plan or the financial institution maintaining the IRA) will be mailed pursuant to instee-to-Trustee Transfer form. Exable lump sum payments paid directly to you of more than \$200 are subject to Federal collaboration. | ition it rol ust a rect i info | may consist of both pre- and post- lover, you must also complete and also provide a statement from the rollover. A check (made payable to ormation on Member's Request for ome tax withholding of 20% of the |
| dis | able portion. In addition, if you are under age 59½ when you receive a lump sum paymentribution will generally be subject to a 10% additional early payment tax. This additional count of disability or termination of employment after age 55. | | |
| | ave read the attached Special Tax Notice Regarding Payments and hereby elect to have my follows: | y acc | cumulated contributions distributed |
| | Paid directly to me as a lump sum payment in cash, subject to mandatory Federal Withhe | oldiı | ng on the taxable distribution |
| | Rolled over directly% (in 1% multiples - \$200.00 minimum) of the taxable portion Retirement Plan: an IRA an employer sponsored plan pursuant to attached <i>Trustee Transfer</i> form. | | |
| | Rolled over directly – Both Post-tax Contributions and Pre-tax Interest to an Eligible Re employer sponsored qualified retirement plan pursuant to attached <i>Member's Request for</i> | | |

SECTION V - LIFETIME ANNUITY ELECTION - Complete this section if you elected method two (Do not complete this section if you elected method one)

| Select and sign only one benefit payment choice. Leave all others blank. | | |
|--|------------|--|
| A. Maximum Retirement Allowance | Signature: | |
| B. Optional Retirement Allowances: | | |
| Option 1 – Refund without Survivorship | Signature: | |
| Option 2 – Up to 100% Survivorship | Signature: | |
| Option 3 – 50% Survivorship | Signature: | |
| Option 4(A) – Up to 100% Survivorship "Pop-up" | Signature: | |
| Option 4(B) – 50% Survivorship "Pop-up" | Signature: | |
| Option 4(C) - Special | Signature: | |

SECTION VI – TAX ACKNOWLEDGEMENT SIGNATURE

| I have read the Special Tax Notice Regarding Benefit Payments: |
|--|
| Signature: |
| Current Mailing Address: |

ACCT-06 Revised 4/2018